

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

MENGEL METZGER BARR & CO. LLP

RAYMOND E. WAGER, CPA, P.C. DIVISION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of funding progress postemployment benefit plan, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4–13 and 51–55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 17, 2020 on our consideration of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rochester, New York
September 17, 2020

Mengel, Metzger, Barw & Co. LLP

Wheatland-Chili Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

The following is a discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. This section is a summary of the School District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total net assets plus deferred outflows (what the district owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the district owes) by \$2,293,899 (net position) a decrease of \$1,731,441 from the prior year.

General revenues which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for \$19,443,267 or 92% of all revenues.

The District spent 99% of the amount authorized by its voters in May of 2019. The 2019-20 amended budget in the amount of \$20,276,991 was a budgetary increase from the prior year. The major contributing factor to this increase was a larger initial voter approved project.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the School District's basic financial statements. The School District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the School District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the School District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the School District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the School District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the School District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The School District maintains five individual governmental funds; General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the general fund, and capital projects fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the school lunch fund, the special aid fund, and the debt service fund are aggregated into a single column reported as non-major funds.

The School District adopts and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

The *Fiduciary Funds* are used to account for position held by the School District in an agency capacity which accounts for position held by the School District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the School District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

<u>Major Feature of the District-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u>			
	Government-Wide Statements	Fund Financial Statements	
		<u>Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Fiduciary Funds</u>
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the School District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the School District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as scholarship programs and student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of fiduciary net position statement of changes in fiduciary net position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All position and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, position expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital position or long-term liabilities included	All position and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital position, although they can
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all the School District's position and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As A Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position were higher on June 30, 2020, than they were the year before, decreasing by 43% to \$2,293,899 as shown in table below:

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Variance</u>
<u>ASSETS:</u>			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 9,368,000	\$ 10,551,269	\$ (1,183,269)
Capital Assets	27,018,736	20,688,056	6,330,680
Total Assets	<u>\$ 36,386,736</u>	<u>\$ 31,239,325</u>	<u>\$ 5,147,411</u>
<u>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$ 6,092,945</u>	<u>\$ 4,758,558</u>	<u>\$ 1,334,387</u>
<u>LIABILITIES:</u>			
Long-Term Debt Obligations	\$ 26,343,940	\$ 23,607,438	\$ 2,736,502
Other Liabilities	11,240,405	6,005,772	5,234,633
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 37,584,345</u>	<u>\$ 29,613,210</u>	<u>\$ 7,971,135</u>
<u>DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</u>			
Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>\$ 2,601,437</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 2,601,437</u>
<u>NET POSITION:</u>			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 15,113,586	\$ 14,526,799	\$ 586,787
<u>Restricted For:</u>			
Employment Retirement System	454,850	438,759	16,091
Capital Reserve	1,675,529	1,933,384	(257,855)
Other Purposes	304,789	373,211	(68,422)
Unrestricted	(15,254,855)	(13,246,813)	(2,008,042)
Total Net Position	<u>\$ 2,293,899</u>	<u>\$ 4,025,340</u>	<u>\$ (1,731,441)</u>

By far, the largest component of the School District's net position reflects its investment in capital position, less any related debt used to acquire those position that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital position to provide services to the students and consequently, these position are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital position is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital position themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. The following are some of the significant contributing factors to the District's financial position:

Key Changes are as follows:

- The Discount rate used by the actuarial dropped which increased our future liability for OPEB.
- The District has not yet obtained permanent financing for our capital project, but we have incurred a full year of expenses.

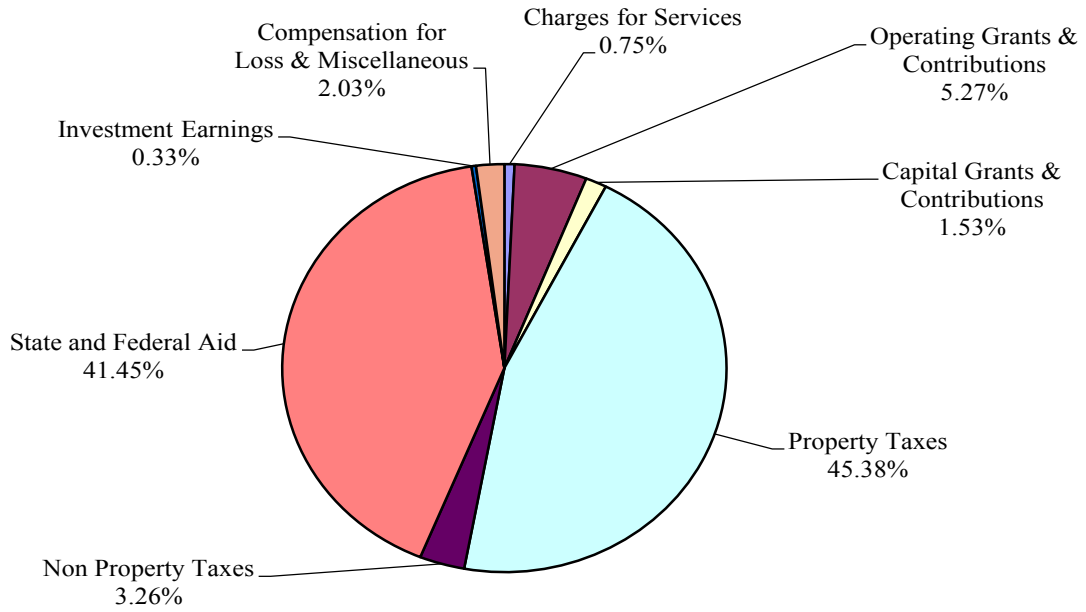
Changes in Net Position

The District’s total revenue increased 2% from prior year to \$21,028,769. Approximately 41% of the revenue was from State and Federal Aid sources while 45% came from property taxes. The remaining 14% of the revenue came from non property taxes, operating grants, capital grants, charges for services, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

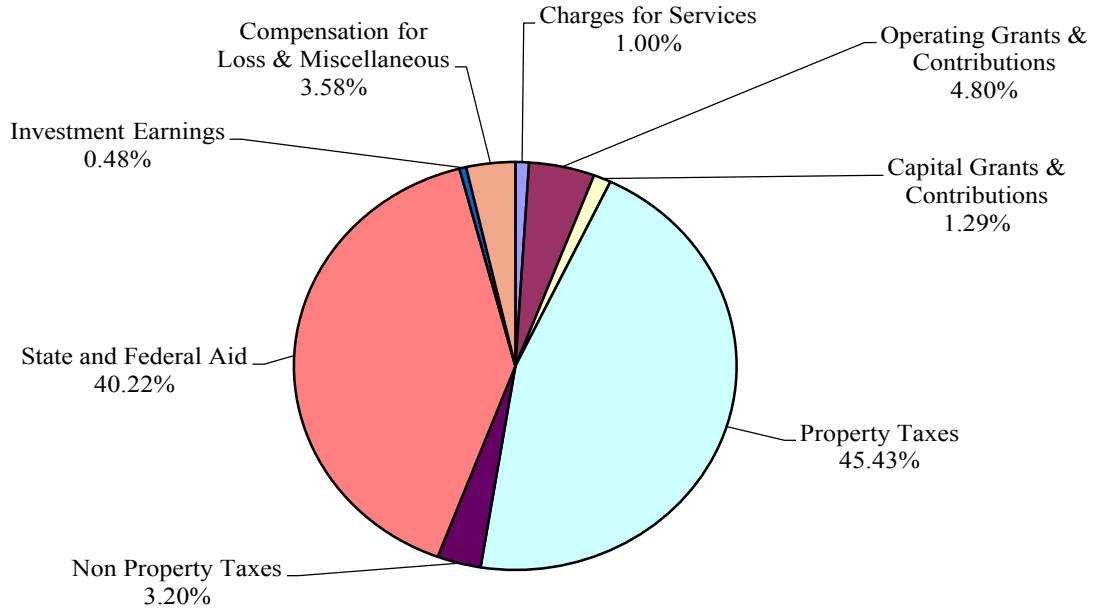
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 14% to \$22,760,210. The District’s expenses were predominately related to education and caring for the students. In total approximately 77% of all expenses were on educational services. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 13% of the total costs. See the table below for further details:

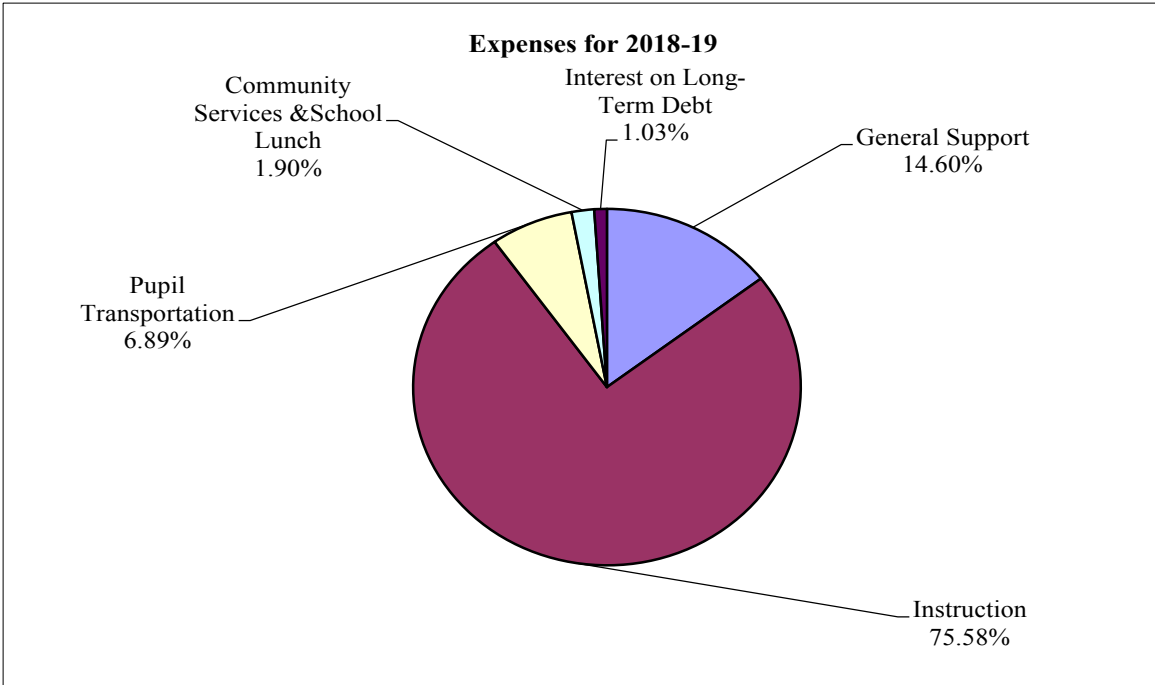
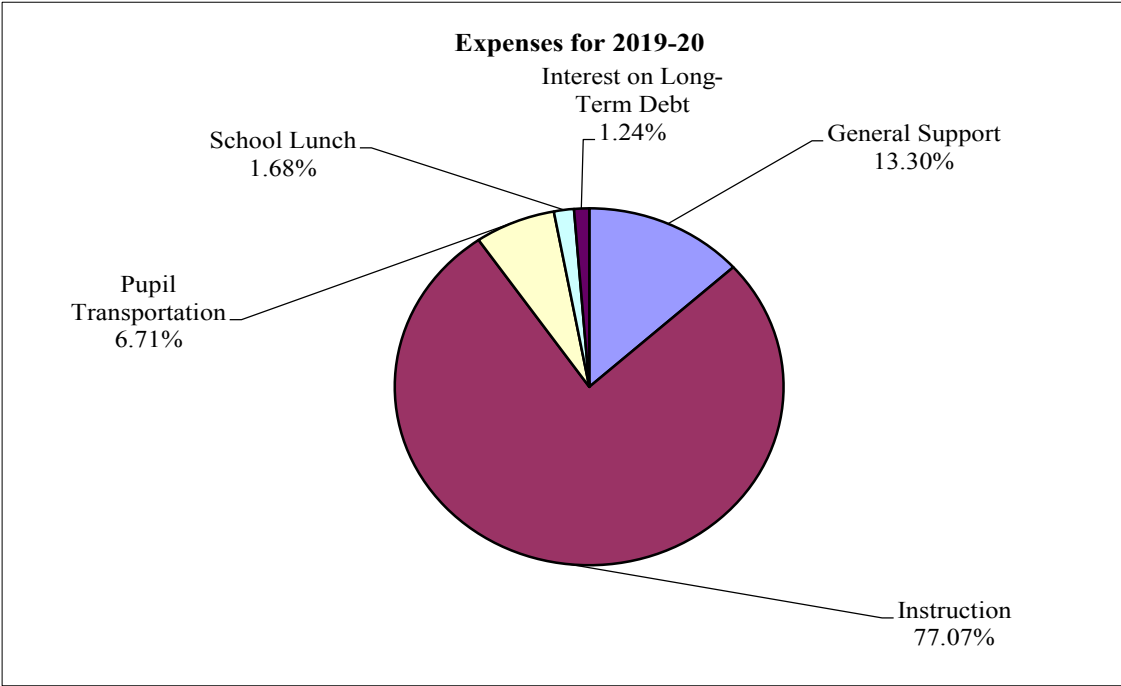
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Variance</u>
<u>REVENUES:</u>			
<u>Program -</u>			
Charges for Service	\$ 156,931	\$ 205,619	\$ (48,688)
Operating Grants & Contributions	1,107,668	987,981	119,687
Capital Grants & Contributions	320,903	264,594	56,309
Total Program	\$ 1,585,502	\$ 1,458,194	\$ 127,308
<u>General -</u>			
Property Taxes	\$ 9,542,014	\$ 9,351,766	\$ 190,248
Non Property Taxes	686,399	658,853	27,546
State and Federal Aid	8,716,556	8,279,545	437,011
Investment Earnings	68,385	98,671	(30,286)
Compensation for Loss	848	153,693	(152,845)
Miscellaneous	429,065	582,703	(153,638)
Total General	\$ 19,443,267	\$ 19,125,231	\$ 318,036
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 21,028,769	\$ 20,583,425	\$ 445,344
<u>EXPENSES:</u>			
General Support	\$ 3,027,062	\$ 2,907,873	\$ 119,189
Instruction	17,539,929	15,056,615	2,483,314
Pupil Transportation	1,527,394	1,371,963	155,431
Community Services	-	650	(650)
School Lunch	383,098	376,962	6,136
Interest	282,727	207,355	75,372
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 22,760,210	\$ 19,921,418	\$ 2,838,792
INCREASE IN NET POSITION	\$ (1,731,441)	\$ 662,007	
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,025,340	3,363,333	
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,293,899	\$ 4,025,340	

Revenues for 2019-20



Revenues for 2018-19





Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its general fund reported combined fund balances of (\$2,885,243) which is less than last year's ending fund balance of \$3,786,355. A summary of the General Fund balance classifications is shown below:

<u>General Fund Balances:</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>Total Variance</u>
Nonspendable	\$ 2,741	\$ -	\$ 2,741
Restricted	2,299,510	2,541,274	(241,764)
Assigned	398,953	416,717	(17,764)
Unassigned	1,175,786	780,896	394,890
Total General Fund Balances	<u>\$ 3,876,990</u>	<u>\$ 3,738,887</u>	<u>\$ 138,103</u>

The District appropriated the following reserves for the 2020-21 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 45,000
Unemployment Costs	15,000
Retirement Contribution	310,000
Total	<u>\$ 370,000</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was \$754,572. This change is attributable to carryover encumbrances from the 2018-19 school year totalling \$146,717, \$227,225 for bus purchases, \$54,630 for grounds equipment purchases, and \$326,000 for classroom furnishings.

The key factors for budget variances in the general fund are listed below along with explanations for each:

	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	
Expenditure Items:		Explanation for Budget Variance
Teaching-Regular School	\$375,978	Increase in costs due to voter approved use of the Instructional Equipment Capital Reserve to purchase new classroom furniture at TJ Connor Elementary.

	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	
Revenue Items:		Explanation for Budget Variance
State Sources	\$246,729	Conservative budgeting practices

Expenditure Items:	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Employee Benefit	\$174,826	Conservative budgeting practices

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Position

By the end of the 2019-20 fiscal year, the District had invested \$27,018,736 in a broad range of capital position, including land, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment. The change in capital position, net of accumulated depreciation, is reflected below:

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Land	\$ 88,972	\$ 88,972
Work in Progress	8,558,151	1,814,258
Buildings and Improvements	17,124,626	17,623,866
Machinery and Equipment	1,246,987	1,160,960
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 27,018,736</u>	<u>\$ 20,688,056</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At year end, the District had \$26,343,940 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Serial Bonds	\$ 5,010,000	\$ 6,010,000
OPEB	19,390,229	16,765,961
Net Pension Liability	1,509,238	389,694
Compensated Absences	434,473	441,783
Total Long-Term Obligations	<u>\$ 26,343,940</u>	<u>\$ 23,607,438</u>

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

1. District health care costs continue to rise on a steady basis. In the 2020 calendar year the RASHP consortium saw an increase of 8.5% in premium costs, an increase of over \$200K for the district. With the limited ability to increase taxes as well as the newly frozen foundation aid, the District will have a hard time collecting enough revenues to meet their contractual obligations moving forward. The District is concerned about continued yearly increases and the effect they will have on future budgets.

2. During the 2019-20 school year, the method used to produce the GASB 75 actuarial study changed, resulting in a substantially larger long-term debt figure over the 18-19 school year. The actuarial dropped the discount rate, resulting in an increased OPEB liability of \$2.6 million. This brought down the District's net financial position drastically, which may have an effect on future borrowings.
3. The impact of COVID-19 has and will continue to have a negative financial impact on public education. We have already been hit with a 20% reduction in the final State aid payments for the 2019-20 school year. We have yet to see if these reduction are temporary or permanent. The State is projecting a 63 billion dollar loss over a 5-year period, with an average shortfall in revenues over expenses of about 8 billion a year. With the State budget year ending on May 31, school districts will likely see the result of this, in the form of reduced aid, in the April through June payments in the 2020-21 school year. Long term we can expect a GAP in aid each year and will be forced not only to use existing reserves, but also to make drastic budget cuts.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Wheatland-Chili Central School District
13 Beckwith Avenue
Scottsville, NY 14546
Phone: (585) 889-6246

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,342,878
Accounts receivable	3,087,448
Inventories	16,674
Net pension asset	921,000
Capital Assets:	
Land	88,972
Work in progress	8,558,151
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	18,371,613
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 36,386,736</u>
 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>\$ 6,092,945</u>
 LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	\$ 1,322,385
Accrued liabilities	141,375
Unearned revenues	21,522
Due to other governments	86
Due to teachers' retirement system	596,309
Due to employees' retirement system	78,728
Bond anticipation notes payable	9,080,000
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	1,129,580
Due in more than one year	25,214,360
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 37,584,345</u>
 DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>\$ 2,601,437</u>
 NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 15,113,586
Restricted For:	
Reserve for employee retirement system	454,850
Capital reserves	1,675,529
Other purposes	304,789
Unrestricted	(15,254,855)
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 2,293,899</u>

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Activities

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Functions/Programs</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense)</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u>
<u>Primary Government -</u>					<u>Governmental Activities</u>
General support	\$ 3,027,062	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (3,027,062)
Instruction	17,539,929	78,966	893,503	320,903	(16,246,557)
Pupil transportation	1,527,394	-	-	-	(1,527,394)
School lunch	383,098	77,965	214,165	-	(90,968)
Interest	282,727	-	-	-	(282,727)
Total Primary Government	\$ 22,760,210	\$ 156,931	\$ 1,107,668	\$ 320,903	\$ (21,174,708)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes					\$ 9,542,014
Non property taxes					686,399
State and federal aid					8,716,556
Investment earnings					68,385
Compensation for loss					848
Miscellaneous					429,065
Total General Revenues					\$ 19,443,267
Changes in Net Position					\$ (1,731,441)
Net Position, Beginning of Year					4,025,340
Net Position, End of Year					\$ 2,293,899

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2020

ASSETS	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,069,020	\$ 24,483	\$ 249,375	\$ 5,342,878
Receivables	2,126,300	320,903	640,245	3,087,448
Inventories	-	-	16,674	16,674
Due from other funds	622,750	2,873,497	-	3,496,247
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 7,818,070</u>	<u>\$ 3,218,883</u>	<u>\$ 906,294</u>	<u>\$ 11,943,247</u>
 LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
<u>Liabilities -</u>				
Accounts payable	\$ 180,971	\$ 1,034,033	\$ 107,381	\$ 1,322,385
Accrued liabilities	121,639	-	11,994	133,633
Notes payable - bond anticipation notes	-	9,080,000	-	9,080,000
Due to other funds	2,873,497	-	622,750	3,496,247
Due to other governments	-	-	86	86
Due to TRS	596,309	-	-	596,309
Due to ERS	69,084	-	9,644	78,728
Compensated absences	99,580	-	-	99,580
Unearned revenue	-	-	21,522	21,522
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ 3,941,080</u>	<u>\$ 10,114,033</u>	<u>\$ 773,377</u>	<u>\$ 14,828,490</u>
 Nonspendable	 \$ 2,741	 \$ -	 \$ 16,674	 \$ 19,415
Restricted	2,299,510	-	135,658	2,435,168
Assigned	398,953	-	-	398,953
Unassigned	1,175,786	(6,895,150)	(19,415)	(5,738,779)
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ 3,876,990</u>	<u>\$ (6,895,150)</u>	<u>\$ 132,917</u>	<u>\$ (2,885,243)</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 7,818,070</u>	<u>\$ 3,218,883</u>	<u>\$ 906,294</u>	

**Amounts reported for governmental activities in the
Statement of Net Position are different because:**

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	27,018,736
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position but not in the funds.	(7,742)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Serial bonds payable	(5,010,000)
OPEB	(19,390,229)
Compensated absences	(334,893)
Net pension asset	921,000
Deferred outflow - pension	4,078,639
Deferred outflow - OPEB	2,014,306
Net pension liability	(1,509,238)
Deferred inflow - pension	(1,453,336)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(1,148,101)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 2,293,899</u>

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Governmental Funds
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Real property taxes and tax items	\$ 9,542,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,542,014
Non-property taxes	686,399	-	-	686,399
Charges for services	78,305	-	-	78,305
Use of money and property	66,875	-	1,510	68,385
Sale of property and compensation for loss	848	-	-	848
Miscellaneous	396,184	-	31,485	427,669
Interfund revenues	661	-	-	661
State sources	8,667,989	320,903	267,933	9,256,825
Federal sources	48,567	-	811,009	859,576
Sales	-	-	77,965	77,965
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	30,122	30,122
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 19,487,842	\$ 320,903	\$ 1,220,024	\$ 21,028,769
EXPENDITURES				
General support	\$ 2,258,077	\$ -	\$ 20,718	\$ 2,278,795
Instruction	10,362,009	-	844,093	11,206,102
Pupil transportation	965,439	-	71,204	1,036,643
Employee benefits	4,386,856	-	83,171	4,470,027
Debt service - principal	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Debt service - interest	110,841	-	172,887	283,728
Cost of sales	-	-	176,627	176,627
Other expenses	-	-	84,508	84,508
Capital outlay	-	7,163,937	-	7,163,937
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 18,083,222	\$ 7,163,937	\$ 2,453,208	\$ 27,700,367
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ 1,404,620	\$ (6,843,034)	\$ (1,233,184)	\$ (6,671,598)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	\$ -	\$ 99,141	\$ 1,167,376	\$ 1,266,517
Transfers - out	(1,266,517)	-	-	(1,266,517)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ (1,266,517)	\$ 99,141	\$ 1,167,376	\$ -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 138,103	\$ (6,743,893)	\$ (65,808)	\$ (6,671,598)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	3,738,887	(151,257)	198,725	3,786,355
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ 3,876,990	\$ (6,895,150)	\$ 132,917	\$ (2,885,243)

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES -
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS \$ (6,671,598)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:

Capital Outlay	\$ 6,843,034	
Additions to Assets, Net	324,506	
Depreciation	<u>(836,859)</u>	
		6,330,681

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:

Debt Repayments	1,000,000
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In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,001
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The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.	(1,467,413)
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(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds

Teachers' Retirement System		(619,029)
Employees' Retirement System		(295,363)

In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:

Compensated Absences		<u>(9,720)</u>
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CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES **\$ (1,731,441)**

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust	Agency Funds
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 225,761	\$ 746,786
Receivable from general fund	-	2,853
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 225,761</u>	<u>\$ 749,639</u>
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 572,695
Extraclassroom activity balances	-	60,295
Other liabilities - Health reimbursement account	-	55,750
Other liabilities	-	60,899
TOTAL LIABILITIES	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 749,639</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	\$ 225,761	
TOTAL NET POSITION	<u>\$ 225,761</u>	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Private Purpose Trust
ADDITIONS	
Contributions	\$ 44,251
Investment earnings	163
TOTAL ADDITIONS	<u>\$ 44,414</u>
DEDUCTIONS	
Other expenses	\$ 9,950
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	<u>\$ 9,950</u>
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$ 34,464
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>191,297</u>
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	<u>\$ 225,761</u>

WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Notes To The Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2020

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Wheatland-Chili Central School District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office. The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an agency fund.

(I.) (Continued)

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans (BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed \$3,145,812 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$1,371,957.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. Districtwide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

(I.) (Continued)

2. **Fund Statements**

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. **Major Governmental Funds**

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - Used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, or major repair of capital facilities.

b. **Nonmajor Governmental** - The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

School Lunch Fund - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. **Fiduciary** - Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used. There are two classes of fiduciary funds:

Private Purpose Trust Funds - These funds are used to account for trust arrangements in which principal and income benefit annual third party awards and scholarships for students. Established criteria govern the use of the funds and members of the District or representatives of the donors may serve on committees to determine who benefits.

Agency Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

(I.) (Continued)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-Wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on July 29, 2019. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2019.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Counties in which the District is located. The Counties pay an amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the Counties for enforcement to the District no later than the following April 1.

The County of Monroe currently imposes a *sales and use tax*. Based upon a complex formula, a portion of the total revenue collected is allocated annually to the District in four quarterly installments.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) Charges for tuition for non-resident students 2) Charges for school lunches 3) State, federal, and local revenues in support of the school lunch program and the programs reported in the Special Aid Fund.

General revenues are those items without specific restrictions that are available to support overall operations of the District, including all taxes and general operating state and federal aids.

(I.) (Continued)

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note V for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

(I.) (Continued)

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

J. Receivables

Receivables are shown gross, with uncollectible amounts recognized under the direct write-off method. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

K. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the statement of net position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

L. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. A capitalization threshold of \$5,000 is used to report capital assets. The range of estimated useful lives by type of assets is as follows:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Capitalization Threshold</u>	<u>Depreciation Method</u>	<u>Estimated Useful Life</u>
Buildings	\$ 50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	\$ 5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

(I.) (Continued)

M. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

N. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. The District may have three items that qualify for reporting in this category. First is the deferred charge on refunding reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset or liability and difference during the measurement period between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. Lastly is the District contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS Systems) subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District may have two items that qualify for reporting in this category. First arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported as unavailable revenue-property taxes. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position. This represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability (ERS System) and difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions and its proportion share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense.

O. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual sick leave, vacation, and sabbatical time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

(I.) (Continued)

Certain District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the vesting/termination method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

In the funds statements only the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the General Fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a pay-as-you-go basis.

P. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

Q. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that a BAN issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

R. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the district-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

(I.) (Continued)

S. **Equity Classifications**

1. **District-Wide Statements**

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** - Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.
- b. **Restricted Net Position** - Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 69,996
Unemployment Costs	62,582
Tax Certiorari	35,189
Repair	1,364
Debt	<u>135,658</u>
Total Net Position - Restricted for Other Purposes	<u>\$ 304,789</u>

- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications . The reported deficit of \$15,254,855 at year end is the result of full implantation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

2. **Fund Statements**

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

- a. **Nonspendable Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the Inventory in the School Lunch Fund. The District has also reported \$2,741 as nonspendable fund balance in the General fund for the net negative unassigned fund balance reported in School Lunch Fund.

(I.) (Continued)

b. **Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

<u>Name of Reserve</u>	<u>Maximum Funding</u>	<u>Total Funding Provided</u>	<u>Total Year to Date Balance</u>
2017 Capital Reserve	\$ 2,775,000	\$ 2,351,791	\$ 688,791
Transportation Grounds Equipment	\$ 1,800,000	\$ 1,281,563	\$ 777,738
Instructional Equipment Reserve	\$ 550,000	\$ 550,000	\$ 209,000

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Repair Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-d, must be used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years.

(I.) (Continued)

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

(I.) (Continued)

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
<u>General Fund -</u>	
Workers' Compensation	\$ 69,996
Unemployment Costs	62,582
Employees' Retirement Contribution	454,850
Tax Certiorari	35,189
Repair	1,364
Capital Reserves	1,675,529
<u>Debt Service Fund -</u>	
Debt Service	135,658
Total Restricted Fund Balance	<u><u>\$ 2,435,168</u></u>

The District appropriated and/or budgeted from the following reserves for the 2020-21 budget:

	<u>Total</u>
Workers' Compensation	\$ 45,000
Unemployment Costs	15,000
Retirement Contribution	310,000
Total	<u><u>\$ 370,000</u></u>

c. **Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2020.

d. **Assigned Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District’s intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District’s purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be \$30,000 and the Capital Projects Fund to be \$14,000. The District reported \$2,305,276 in significant encumbrances related to the capital project.

<u>General Fund -</u>	
Special Items	\$ 33,452
Instructional Media	53,744
Total General Fund Significant Encumbrances	<u><u>\$ 87,196</u></u>

(I.) (Continued)

Assigned fund balances include the following:

	<u>Total</u>
General Fund - Encumbrances	\$ 128,953
General Fund - Appropriated for Taxes	270,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$ 398,953</u>

e. **Unassigned Fund Balance** –Includes all other general fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District’s policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

T. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2020, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12.*

GASB has issued Statement No. 95, *Postponement of the Effective Dates for Certain Authoritative Guidance.*

U. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, which will effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement 87, *Leases*, which will be effective for the periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

(I.) (Continued)

GASB has issued Statement 89, *Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests, an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019.

GASB has issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020, Paragraphs 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 1-11a, and 12*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 13 and 14*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 93, *Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, Paragraphs 11b*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

GASB has issued Statement No. 94, *Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements*, which will be effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

The District will evaluate the impact each of these pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted.

(II.) (Continued)

During the 2019-20 fiscal year the budget was increased \$227,225 for the voter approved purchase of buses, \$54,630 for grounds equipment funded from the capital reserve, \$326,000 for classroom furnishings funded from the capital reserve, and \$146,717 in carryover encumbrances.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. New York State Real Property Tax Law

The District's unreserved undesignated fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year.

D. Deficit Fund Balances

1. School Lunch Fund

As indicated in the financial statements, the District's School Lunch program had a deficit unassigned fund balance of \$19,415 at June 30, 2020. This deficit is a result of expenditures increasing at a higher rate than revenues.

2. Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund had a deficit fund balance of \$6,895,150 at June 30, 2020, which is a result of bond anticipation notes which are used as a temporary means of financing capital projects. These proceeds are not recognized as revenue but merely serve to provide cash to meet expenditures. This results in the creation of a fund deficit which will remain until the notes are replaced by permanent financing (i.e., bonds, grants-in-aid, or redemption from current appropriations).

III. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Credit risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the United States of America where the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the State, and obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities within the State.

Concentration of Credit risk: To promote competition in rates and service cost, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest rate risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	\$ -
Collateralized within Trust Department or Agent	<u>6,450,972</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 6,450,972</u></u>

Restricted cash represents cash where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash as of year-end includes \$2,435,168 within the governmental funds and \$225,761 in the fiduciary funds.

IV. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2020 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Governmental Activities</u>				<u>Total</u>
	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Aid Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>	<u>School Lunch Fund</u>	
Accounts Receivable	\$ 574,390	\$ 7,912	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 582,302
Due From State and Federal	226,954	616,152	320,903	16,181	1,180,190
Due From Other Governments	1,324,956	-	-	-	1,324,956
Total Receivables	<u><u>\$ 2,126,300</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 624,064</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 320,903</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,181</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,087,448</u></u>

District management has deemed the amounts to be fully collectible.

V. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

	Interfund			
	<u>Receivables</u>	<u>Payables</u>	<u>Revenues</u>	<u>Expenditures</u>
General Fund	\$ 622,750	\$ 2,873,497	\$ -	\$ 1,266,517
Special Aid Fund	-	513,465	56,096	-
School Lunch Fund	-	10,632	38,392	-
Debt Service Fund	-	98,653	1,072,888	-
Capital Projects Fund	2,873,497	-	99,141	-
Total	<u>\$ 3,496,247</u>	<u>\$ 3,496,247</u>	<u>\$ 1,266,517</u>	<u>\$ 1,266,517</u>

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures and debt service expenditures.

VI. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

<u>Type</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>7/1/2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance</u> <u>6/30/2020</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
<u>Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -</u>				
Land	\$ 88,972	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 88,972
Work in progress	1,814,258	6,843,034	99,141	8,558,151
<i>Total Nondepreciable</i>	<u>\$ 1,903,230</u>	<u>\$ 6,843,034</u>	<u>\$ 99,141</u>	<u>\$ 8,647,123</u>
<u>Capital Assets that are Depreciated -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 28,531,726	\$ 99,141	\$ -	\$ 28,630,867
Machinery and equipment	2,429,975	324,505	141,851	2,612,629
<i>Total Depreciated Assets</i>	<u>\$ 30,961,701</u>	<u>\$ 423,646</u>	<u>\$ 141,851</u>	<u>\$ 31,243,496</u>
<u>Less Accumulated Depreciation -</u>				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 10,907,860	\$ 598,381	\$ -	\$ 11,506,241
Machinery and equipment	1,269,015	238,478	141,851	1,365,642
<i>Total Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 12,176,875</u>	<u>\$ 836,859</u>	<u>\$ 141,851</u>	<u>\$ 12,871,883</u>
<i>Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation</i>	<u>\$ 18,784,826</u>	<u>\$ (413,213)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 18,371,613</u>
Total Capital Assets	<u>\$ 20,688,056</u>	<u>\$ 6,429,821</u>	<u>\$ 99,141</u>	<u>\$ 27,018,736</u>

(VI.) (Continued)

Depreciation expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:

General Government Support	\$ 18,769
Instruction	608,222
Pupil Transportation	192,275
School Lunch	17,593
Total Depreciation Expense	\$ 836,859

VII. Short-Term Debt

Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Balance 7/1/2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2020</u>
BAN	\$ 4,940,000	6/24/2020	2.25%	\$ 4,940,000	\$ -	\$ 4,940,000	\$ -
BAN	\$ 9,080,000	6/23/2021	1.25%	-	9,080,000	-	9,080,000
Total Short-Term Debt				\$ 4,940,000	\$ 9,080,000	\$ 4,940,000	\$ 9,080,000

A summary of the short-term interest expense for the year is as follows:

Interest Paid	\$ 110,841
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(1,539)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	1,886
Total Short-Term Interest Expense	\$ 111,188

VIII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	<u>Balance 7/1/2019</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance 6/30/2020</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>					
<u>Bonds and Notes Payable -</u>					
Serial Bonds	\$ 6,010,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,010,000	\$ 1,030,000
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	\$ 6,010,000	\$ -	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 5,010,000	\$ 1,030,000
<u>Other Liabilities -</u>					
Net Pension Liability	\$ 389,694	\$ 1,119,544	\$ -	\$ 1,509,238	\$ -
OPEB	16,765,961	2,624,268	-	19,390,229	-
Compensated Absences	441,783	-	7,310	434,473	99,580
Total Other Liabilities	\$ 17,597,438	\$ 3,743,812	\$ 7,310	\$ 21,333,940	\$ 99,580
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$ 23,607,438	\$ 3,743,812	\$ 1,007,310	\$ 26,343,940	\$ 1,129,580

The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as compensated absences.

(VIII.) (Continued)

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Original Amount</u>	<u>Issue Date</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Amount Outstanding 6/30/2020</u>
Serial Bonds -					
Construction	\$ 8,323,620	2009	2026	3.00%-4.25%	\$ 1,675,000
Construction	\$ 4,485,000	2016	2030	2.00%-2.25%	3,335,000
Total Serial Bonds					\$ 5,010,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

<u>Year</u>	<u>Serial Bonds</u>	
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2021	\$ 1,030,000	\$ 140,550
2022	575,000	103,525
2023	590,000	86,062
2024	450,000	68,075
2025	465,000	56,150
2026-30	1,900,000	122,269
Total	\$ 5,010,000	\$ 576,631

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2020 was composed of:

Interest Paid	\$ 172,887
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(7,204)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	5,856
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	\$ 171,539

IX. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows</u>
Pension	\$ 4,078,639	\$ 1,453,336
OPEB	2,014,306	1,148,101
Total	\$ 6,092,945	\$ 2,601,437

X. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A ten member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3 percent of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0 to 3.5 percent of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

(X.) (Continued)

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2020:

<u>Contributions</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2020	\$ 279,144	\$ 596,309

D. Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2020 for ERS and June 30, 2019 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Net pension assets/(liability)	\$ 1,509,238	\$ 596,309
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.0057%	0.0355%

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expenses of \$569,850 for ERS and \$1,123,300 for TRS. At June 30, 2020 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Differences between expensed and actual experience	\$ 88,825	\$ 624,138	\$ -	\$ 68,487
Changes of assumptions	30,389	1,739,891	26,240	424,235
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	773,709	-	-	738,594
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	115,955	73,441	650	195,130
Subtotal	\$ 1,008,878	\$ 2,437,470	\$ 26,890	\$ 1,426,446
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	78,728	553,563	-	-
Grand Total	\$ 1,087,606	\$ 2,991,033	\$ 26,890	\$ 1,426,446

(X.) (Continued)

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
2020	\$ -	\$ 400,999
2021	189,142	10,765
2022	251,241	399,489
2023	304,187	252,956
2024	237,418	2,834
Thereafter	-	(56,019)
Total	\$ 981,988	\$ 1,011,024

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2019	June 30, 2018
Interest rate	6.80%	7.25%
Salary scale	4.20%	4.72%-1.90%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2010- March 31, 2015 System's Experience	July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.50%	2.25%
COLA's	1.30%	1.50%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2010 – March 31, 2015 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2018. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2018.

The long term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2020 are summarized as follows:

(X.) (Continued)

Long Term Expected Rate of Return		
	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
<u>Asset Type -</u>		
Domestic equity	4.05%	6.80%
International equity	6.15%	7.80%
Global equity	0.00%	7.20%
Private equity	6.75%	9.90%
Real estate	4.95%	4.60%
Absolute return strategies *	3.25%	0.00%
Opportunistic portfolios	4.65%	0.00%
Real assets	5.95%	0.00%
Bonds and mortgages	0.75%	0.00%
Cash	0.00%	0.00%
Inflation-indexed bonds	50.00%	0.00%
Private debt	0.00%	6.50%
Real estate debt	0.00%	2.90%
High-yield fixed income securities	0.00%	3.60%
Domestic fixed income securities	0.00%	1.30%
Global fixed income securities	0.00%	0.90%
Short-term	0.00%	0.30%

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.5% for ERS and 2.2% for TRS.

* Excludes equity-oriented long-only funds. For investment management purposes, these funds are included in domestic equity and internal equity.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.8% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

(X.) (Continued)

G. Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% for ERS and 7.10% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentagepoint lower (5.80% for ERS and 6.10% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80% for ERS and 8.10% for TRS) than the current assumption :

	1% Decrease (<u>5.80 %</u>)	Current Assumption (<u>6.80 %</u>)	1% Increase (<u>7.80 %</u>)
ERS			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (2,769,877)	\$ (1,509,238)	\$ (348,183)
	1% Decrease (<u>6.10%</u>)	Current Assumption (<u>7.10%</u>)	1% Increase (<u>8.10%</u>)
TRS			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	\$ (4,157,296)	\$ 921,000	\$ 5,181,117

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2020	June 30, 2019
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 194,596,261	\$ 119,879,474
Plan net position	168,115,682	122,477,481
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	<u>\$ (26,480,579)</u>	<u>\$ 2,598,007</u>
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	86.39%	102.20%

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2020 through June 30, 2020 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$78,728.

(X.) (Continued)

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2020 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2020 amounted to \$596,309.

XI. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At June 30, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	67
Active Employees	<u>133</u>
Total	<u><u>200</u></u>

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$19,390,229 was measured as of June 30, 2020, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.25 percent
Salary Increases	3.20 percent, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	3.13 percent
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	6.75% for pre-65 medical decreasing down to 3.784% in 2075 and 4.75% for Post-65 Medical decreasing down to 3.784% in 2075
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Retirees are responsible for 0 - 15% of healthcare premiums dependent on their contract

(XI.) (Continued)

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-year Municipal Bond index.

Mortality rates were based on the headcount-weighted Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for employees and healthy retirees, and then adjusted for mortality improvements with Scale MP-2018 mortality improvement scale on a generational basis.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2019	<u>\$ 16,765,961</u>
<u>Changes for the Year -</u>	
Service cost	\$ 784,805
Interest	621,130
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	2,003,292
Benefit payments	<u>(784,959)</u>
Net Changes	<u>\$ 2,624,268</u>
Balance at June 30, 2020	<u><u>\$ 19,390,229</u></u>

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.62 percent in 2019 to 3.13 percent in 2020.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.13 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.13 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	<u>(2.13%)</u>	<u>(3.13 %)</u>	<u>(4.13 %)</u>
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 22,216,829	\$ 19,390,229	\$ 17,095,320

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,648,892	\$ 19,390,229	\$ 22,909,582

(XI.) (Continued)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,467,412. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expensed and actual experience	\$ 281,364	\$ -
Changes of assumptions	1,732,942	1,148,101
Total	\$ 2,014,306	\$ 1,148,101

XII. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

B. Health Plan

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I and Plan II) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts.

1. Plan I

The Plans objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plans year as may be established by the Board of Directors. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than thirty days prior to the end of the Plan year. Plan members bear an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities. Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement the Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors. This Plan's members include seventeen districts and two BOCES with the District bearing an equal proportionate share of the Plan's assets and claim liabilities.

(XII.) (Continued)

This Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid within any one fiscal year.

This Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$211,097.

This Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2019, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

2. Plan II

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan II sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES). The Plan was established as a Municipal Cooperative Agreement under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. The plan received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2020.

Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. The Plan has full participation from all eligible participants including the two BOCES and seventeen component school districts.

A participant has the right to withdraw from the Plan, but such withdrawal shall be effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the participant provides notice. Any withdrawing participant shall be responsible for its pro rata share of any Plan deficit, and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan. The withdrawing participant shall not be entitled to share in any Plan surplus.

The Plan is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under the Plan is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each participant is required to contribute to the Plan an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the participants Enrollees are covered. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

(XII.) (Continued)

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Such claims estimates are based on the ultimate cost of claims that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit for the year ended December 31, 2019 revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$2,787,403.

C. Workers' Compensation

The District incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan) sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Monroe #1 and Monroe #2 BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan may be effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year as may be established by the Board of Director. Notice of Intention to Withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and the Treasurer not less than one year prior to the end of the Plan year.

Plan membership is currently comprised of two BOCES and seventeen districts. If a surplus of participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if it appears to the Board of Directors that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all participants pro-rata per enrollee.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance policies to limit its exposure for claims paid.

The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$64,039.

(XII.) (Continued)

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2019, revealed that the Plan was underfunded.

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2019-20 fiscal year totaled \$8,586. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2020 was \$62,582 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2020, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

XIII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

An action was filed against the District alleging sexual abuse by an individual employed by the District as a teacher and coach. The financial outcome, if any, is not known as of the date of this report.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XIV. Rental of District Property

The District rents property to BOCES and various organizations. The total rental income received for the 2019-20 fiscal year totaled \$52,129.

XV. Tax Abatement

The County of Monroe IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced \$44,831. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling \$37,291 to help offset the property tax reduction.

XVI. Related Party

The District Clerk is the mother of the Payroll Clerk.

XVII. Subsequent Event

On August 13, 2020, the Division of the Budget (DOB) issued the FY 2021 First Quarterly State Budget Financial Plan Update which notes that, in the absence of Federal action since enactment of the FY 2021 budget, DOB began withholding 20 percent of most local aid payments in June, which includes 3609-a General Aid, , 3609-b Excess Cost Aid, 3609-d BOCES Aid payments, and that all or a portion of these withholds may be converted to permanent reductions, depending on the size and timing of new Federal aid, if any.

DOB's Updated Financial Plan includes \$8.2 billion in recurring local aid reductions, and states that the earliest DOB expects to transmit a detailed aid-to-localities reduction plan to the Legislature is late in the second quarter of the State's FY 2021, and that, in the absence of unrestricted Federal Aid, the DOB will continue to withhold a range of payments through the second quarter of FY 2021.

XVIII. COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization ("WHO") announced a global health emergency because of a new strain of coronavirus originating in Wuhan, China (the "COVID-19 outbreak") and the risks to the international community as the virus spreads globally beyond its point of origin. In March 2020, the WHO classified the COVID-19 outbreak as a pandemic, based on the rapid increase in exposure globally.

The outbreak and continuing effects of the COVID-19 health crisis in the State has had and is expected to have a significantly adverse effect on the State's financial condition. On April 25, 2020 the New York State Division of the Budget announced that the FY 2021 Enacted State Budget Financial Plan (the "Financial Plan") projects a \$13.3 billion shortfall, or 14%, in revenue from the Executive Budget Forecast released in January and estimates a \$61 billion decline through FY 2024 as a direct consequence of the COVID-19 pandemic. As a result, in the absence of Federal assistance, initial budget control actions outlined in the Financial Plan will reduce spending by \$10.1 billion from the Executive Budget. This represents a \$7.3 billion reduction in state spending from FY 2020 levels. The \$10.1 billion in spending reductions from the levels proposed in the Executive Budget include a \$8.2 billion reduction in "aid-to-localities", a broad spending category that includes funding for health care, K-12 schools, and higher education as well as support for local governments, public transit systems, and the State's not-for-profit partners. The dramatic decline in the State General Fund receipts is not a one-year problem. The Division of the Budget expects the reduced receipts to carry through each subsequent year of the four year Financial Plan, creating a total loss of \$60.5 billion through FY 2024 compared to the Executive Budget. According to the four year financial plan released by the State on May 8, 2020, as a result of the COVID-19 pandemic, State spending will be significantly reduced. Such reductions will include reductions to "aid to localities" which includes State aid to school districts, including the School District. Any significant reductions or delays in the payment of State aid could adversely affect the financial condition of school districts in the State.

Required Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY			
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Service cost	\$ 784,805	\$ 747,466	\$ 840,333
Interest	621,130	590,996	510,105
Differences between expected and actual experiences	-	391,702	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	2,003,292	(465,236)	(1,409,465)
Benefit payments	(784,959)	(705,018)	(727,871)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 2,624,268</u>	<u>\$ 559,910</u>	<u>\$ (786,898)</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	<u>\$ 16,765,961</u>	<u>\$ 16,206,051</u>	<u>\$ 16,992,949</u>
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u><u>\$ 19,390,229</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,765,961</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 16,206,051</u></u>
 Covered Employee Payroll	 \$ 8,584,815	 \$ 8,243,237	 \$ 7,711,396
 Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	 225.87%	 203.39%	 210.16%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan						
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0057%	0.0055%	0.0055%	0.0055%	0.0055%	0.0057%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ 1,509,238	\$ 389,694	\$ 177,008	\$ 513,132	\$ 889,325	\$ 191,610
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,910,841	\$ 1,924,435	\$ 1,777,893	\$ 1,782,563	\$ 1,755,117	\$ 1,695,933
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	78.983%	20.250%	9.956%	28.786%	50.670%	11.298%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%

NYSTRS Pension Plan						
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0355%	0.3325%	0.0321%	0.0321%	0.0330%	0.0355%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	\$ (921,000)	\$ (601,275)	\$ (244,235)	\$ 343,618	\$ (3,429,785)	\$ (3,956,069)
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,262,821	\$ 5,922,276	\$ 5,659,013	\$ 5,117,341	\$ 5,003,198	\$ 4,985,524
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	-14.706%	-10.153%	-4.316%	6.715%	-68.552%	-79.351%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of District Contributions
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

NYSERS Pension Plan						
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 273,056	\$ 276,353	\$ 260,076	\$ 267,980	\$ 312,782	\$ 345,936
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(273,056)</u>	<u>(276,353)</u>	<u>(260,076)</u>	<u>(267,980)</u>	<u>(312,782)</u>	<u>(345,936)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 1,910,841	\$ 1,924,435	\$ 1,777,893	\$ 1,782,563	\$ 1,755,117	\$ 1,695,933
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	14.29%	14.36%	14.63%	15.03%	17.82%	20.40%

NYSTRS Pension Plan						
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 596,309	\$ 530,797	\$ 573,297	\$ 634,857	\$ 691,454	\$ 902,552
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(596,309)</u>	<u>(530,797)</u>	<u>(573,297)</u>	<u>(634,857)</u>	<u>(691,454)</u>	<u>(902,552)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 6,262,821	\$ 5,922,276	\$ 5,659,013	\$ 5,117,341	\$ 5,003,198	\$ 4,985,524
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.52%	8.96%	10.13%	12.41%	13.82%	18.10%

10 years of historical information is not available, and will be added each year subsequent to the year of implementation until 10 years of historical data is present.

Required Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	<u>Original</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Amended</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>Current</u> <u>Year's</u> <u>Revenues</u>	<u>Over (Under)</u> <u>Revised</u> <u>Budget</u>
REVENUES				
Local Sources -				
Real property taxes	\$ 8,157,468	\$ 8,157,468	\$ 8,270,032	\$ 112,564
Real property tax items	1,368,672	1,368,672	1,271,982	(96,690)
Non-property taxes	606,000	606,000	686,399	80,399
Charges for services	66,300	66,300	78,305	12,005
Use of money and property	61,897	61,897	66,875	4,978
Sale of property and compensation for loss	408	408	848	440
Miscellaneous	250,414	250,414	396,184	145,770
Interfund revenues	-	-	661	661
State Sources -				
Basic formula	6,274,075	6,274,075	6,119,613	(154,462)
Lottery aid	916,241	916,241	1,028,085	111,844
BOCES	1,170,000	1,170,000	1,371,957	201,957
Textbooks	37,630	37,630	39,319	1,689
All Other Aid -				
Computer software	19,276	19,276	31,364	12,088
Library loan	4,038	4,038	4,048	10
Handicapped students	-	-	67,333	67,333
Other aid	-	-	6,270	6,270
Federal Sources	<u>20,000</u>	<u>20,000</u>	<u>48,567</u>	<u>28,567</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$ 18,952,419</u>	<u>\$ 18,952,419</u>	<u>\$ 19,487,842</u>	<u>\$ 535,423</u>
Appropriated reserves	<u>\$ 300,000</u>	<u>\$ 907,855</u>		
Appropriated fund balance	<u>\$ 270,000</u>	<u>\$ 270,000</u>		
Prior year encumbrances	<u>\$ 146,717</u>	<u>\$ 146,717</u>		
TOTAL REVENUES AND				
APPROPRIATED RESERVES/				
FUND BALANCE	<u><u>\$ 19,669,136</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 20,276,991</u></u>		

Required Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -
Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund
(Unaudited)
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original	Amended	Current		Unencumbered
	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Budget</u>	<u>Year's</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>	<u>Balances</u>
			<u>Expenditures</u>		
EXPENDITURES					
General Support -					
Board of education	\$ 32,261	\$ 23,105	\$ 19,659	\$ 913	\$ 2,533
Central administration	268,327	276,140	276,056	84	-
Finance	320,773	350,787	324,284	13,634	12,869
Staff	259,569	325,011	318,481	900	5,630
Central services	1,216,500	1,269,312	1,096,499	18,023	154,790
Special items	275,478	256,550	223,098	33,452	-
Instructional -					
Instruction, administration and improvement	861,128	861,540	833,676	-	27,864
Teaching - regular school	4,866,421	5,242,399	5,158,836	718	82,845
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	2,160,822	2,282,162	2,277,216	4,946	-
Occupational education	202,307	202,307	202,307	-	-
Teaching - special schools	35,633	28,820	17,223	57	11,540
Instructional media	1,018,942	994,427	932,338	53,744	8,345
Pupil services	1,017,492	1,032,666	940,413	329	91,924
Pupil Transportation	955,034	1,075,302	965,439	1,437	108,426
Community Services	1,150	1,150	-	-	1,150
Employee Benefits	4,684,384	4,562,398	4,386,856	716	174,826
Debt service - interest	-	110,841	110,841	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	<u>\$ 18,176,221</u>	<u>\$ 18,894,917</u>	<u>\$ 18,083,222</u>	<u>\$ 128,953</u>	<u>\$ 682,742</u>
Other Uses -					
Transfers - out	\$ 1,492,915	\$ 1,382,074	\$ 1,266,517	\$ -	\$ 115,557
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	<u>\$ 19,669,136</u>	<u>\$ 20,276,991</u>	<u>\$ 19,349,739</u>	<u>\$ 128,953</u>	<u>\$ 798,299</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 138,103</u>		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	<u>3,738,887</u>	<u>3,738,887</u>	<u>3,738,887</u>		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u><u>\$ 3,738,887</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,738,887</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 3,876,990</u></u>		

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget
And The Real Property Tax Limit
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget		\$ 19,522,419
Prior year's encumbrances		146,717
Original Budget		\$ 19,669,136
Budget revisions -		
Voter approved bus purchases		227,225
Voter approved grounds equipment purchases		54,630
Voter approved classroom furnishings		326,000
FINAL BUDGET		\$ 20,276,991

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2020-21 voter approved expenditure budget		\$ 20,411,470
<u>Unrestricted fund balance:</u>		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 398,953	
Unassigned fund balance	1,175,786	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	\$ 1,574,739	
<u>Less adjustments:</u>		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 270,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	128,953	
Total adjustments	\$ 398,953	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of		
Real Property Tax Law		1,175,786
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		5.76%

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND
Schedule of Project Expenditures
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Expenditures			Unexpended Balance	Methods of Financing			Fund Balance
			Prior Years	Current Year	Total		Local Sources	State Sources	Total	
2017 11M Capital Project	\$ 11,113,000	\$ 11,113,000	\$ 1,814,257	\$ 6,743,893	\$ 8,558,150	\$ 2,554,850	\$ 1,663,000	\$ -	\$ 1,663,000	\$ (6,895,150)
2019-20 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	-	99,141	99,141	859	99,141	-	99,141	-
Smart Bonds - Phase I	585,594	585,594	264,594	320,903	585,497	97	-	585,497	585,497	-
TOTAL	\$ 11,798,594	\$ 11,798,594	\$ 2,078,851	\$ 7,163,937	\$ 9,242,788	\$ 2,555,806	\$ 1,762,141	\$ 585,497	\$ 2,347,638	\$ (6,895,150)

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			Debt Service Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund			
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,399	\$ 5,665	\$ 234,311	\$ 249,375	
Receivables	624,064	16,181	-	640,245	
Inventories	-	16,674	-	16,674	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 633,463	\$ 38,520	\$ 234,311	\$ 906,294	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES					
<u>Liabilities</u> -					
Accounts payable	\$ 102,958	\$ 4,423	\$ -	\$ 107,381	
Accrued liabilities	3,290	8,704	-	11,994	
Due to other funds	513,465	10,632	98,653	622,750	
Due to other governments	-	86	-	86	
Due to ERS	-	9,644	-	9,644	
Unearned revenue	13,750	7,772	-	21,522	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 633,463	\$ 41,261	\$ 98,653	\$ 773,377	
<u>Fund Balances</u> -					
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ 16,674	\$ -	\$ 16,674	
Restricted	-	-	135,658	135,658	
Unassigned	-	(19,415)	-	(19,415)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ (2,741)	\$ 135,658	\$ 132,917	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 633,463	\$ 38,520	\$ 234,311	\$ 906,294	

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue Funds			Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
	Special Aid Fund	School Lunch Fund	Debt Service Fund	
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	\$ -	\$ 55	\$ 1,455	\$ 1,510
Miscellaneous	28,726	2,759	-	31,485
State sources	259,945	7,988	-	267,933
Federal sources	604,832	206,177	-	811,009
Sales	-	77,965	-	77,965
Premium on obligations issued	-	-	30,122	30,122
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 893,503	\$ 294,944	\$ 31,577	\$ 1,220,024
EXPENDITURES				
General support	\$ 20,718	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 20,718
Instruction	844,093	-	-	844,093
Pupil transportation	71,204	-	-	71,204
Employee benefits	13,584	69,587	-	83,171
Debt service - principal	-	-	1,000,000	1,000,000
Debt service - interest	-	-	172,887	172,887
Cost of sales	-	176,627	-	176,627
Other expenses	-	84,508	-	84,508
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$ 949,599	\$ 330,722	\$ 1,172,887	\$ 2,453,208
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$ (56,096)	\$ (35,778)	\$ (1,141,310)	\$ (1,233,184)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	\$ 56,096	\$ 38,392	\$ 1,072,888	\$ 1,167,376
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$ 56,096	\$ 38,392	\$ 1,072,888	\$ 1,167,376
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ -	\$ 2,614	\$ (68,422)	\$ (65,808)
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	-	(5,355)	204,080	198,725
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$ -	\$ (2,741)	\$ 135,658	\$ 132,917

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Net Investment in Capital Assets
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

Capital assets, net		\$ 27,018,736
Deduct:		
Short-term portion of bonds payable	\$ 1,030,000	
Long-term portion of bonds payable	3,980,000	
Assets purchased with short-term financing	<u>6,895,150</u>	
		<u>11,905,150</u>
Net Investment in Capital Assets		<u><u>\$ 15,113,586</u></u>

Supplementary Information
WHEATLAND-CHILI CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
For Year Ended June 30, 2020

<u>Grantor / Pass - Through Agency</u> <u>Federal Award Cluster / Program</u>	<u>CFDA</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Grantor</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Pass-Through</u> <u>Agency</u> <u>Number</u>	<u>Total</u> <u>Expenditures</u>
<u>U.S. Department of Education:</u>				
<u>Indirect Programs:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Special Education Cluster IDEA -</u>				
Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-20-0390	\$ 229,225
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-20-0390	5,139
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				\$ 234,364
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-19-1415	609
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-20-1415	27,286
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-19-1415	543
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-20-1415	9,306
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	N/A	0011-18-2158	20,371
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	N/A	0011-19-2158	14,907
Title I - School Improvement	84.010	N/A	0011-20-2158	50,000
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-19-1415	7,167
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-20-1415	240,279
Total U.S. Department of Education				\$ 604,832
<u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u>				
<u>Indirect Programs:</u>				
<u>Passed Through NYS Education Department -</u>				
<u>Child Nutrition Cluster -</u>				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	003711	\$ 93,973
National School Lunch Program - COVID-19	10.555	N/A	003711	30,243
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	003711	29,528
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	003711	33,359
National School Breakfast Program - COVID-19	10.553	N/A	003711	19,074
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				\$ 206,177
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				\$ 206,177
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				\$ 811,009

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit
of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With
*Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education
Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 17, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Wheatland-Chili Central School District, New York's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rochester, New York
September 17, 2020

Mengel, Metzger, Barz & Co. LLP