

Mr. Chris Locarno
Director of Finance and Facilities
Central Vermont Supervisory Union #68
111B Brush Hill Road
Williamstown, Vermont 05679

Re: Indoor Air Quality Assessment – Williamstown Elementary School, Williamstown, Vermont K-D Project No. 20173-001

Dear Mr. Locarno:

At your request, K-D Associates, Inc. conducted an indoor air quality assessment of the Williamstown Elementary School in Williamstown, Vermont. This assessment was conducted as part of a periodic monitoring plan for all schools within the Central Vermont Supervisory Union. The assessment included measurements of carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2), relative humidity (%RH), temperature (°F), and volatile organic compounds (VOC's). Measurements were made both indoors and outdoors for comparison purposes. The assessment was conducted on the morning of July 15, 2021. This report includes a description of the testing methodologies and measurements made while on site, laboratory analysis results for VOC's and airborne mold spores, a floor plan sketch showing the location of mold and VOC sampling, and a discussion of the sampling results.

Field Screening Results

Field screening results for carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO₂), relative humidity (%RH), and temperature (F) are presented below. All measurements were made using an Extech EA80 Indoor Air Quality Meter, MSA Altair4 Carbon Monoxide meter.

	CO	CO ₂	Temp	RH
Location	(ppm)	(ppm)	<u>(°F)</u>	<u>(%)</u>
Outdoors	0	450	69.0	81.0
Hallway	0	529	76.1	72.2
Room 13	0	516	74.2	73.0
Room 5	0	504	73.9	74.1
Lobby	0	485	75.1	75.1
Room 10	0	490	72.6	74.9
Room 9	0	492	73.1	75.2
Room 11	0	563	73.4	75.2
Room 8	0	527	74.0	75.7
Room 21	0	505	72.1	76.1
Room 31	0	517	73.0	76.7
Room 22	0	500	72.1	76.4
Room 28	0	496	71.6	76.2
Room 26	0	490	72.7	76.0

Temperature and Relative Humidity

Indoor temperatures ranged from 72.1 to 76.1 degrees F throughout the school. Most people are comfortable in this temperature range when sedentary or slightly active with a relative humidity above 20%. Relative humidity ranged from 72.2% to 76.7%, which is above what is generally a comfortable range of 20% to 60%.

Carbon Dioxide

The adequacy of ventilation can sometimes be evaluated using CO₂ measurements. CO₂ is a normal constituent of exhaled breath and, if monitored, can be used as a screening technique to evaluate whether adequate quantities of fresh air are being introduced and CO₂ exhausted. The outdoor ambient concentration of CO₂ is typically between 375 and 450 parts per million (ppm). Usually the CO₂ level is higher inside than outside, even in buildings with few complaints about indoor air quality. CO₂ levels ranged from a low of 491 ppm to a high of 610 ppm. As a rule of thumb, indoor CO₂ concentrations greater than 1000 ppm are an indication of inadequate ventilation. These measurements are within expected limits. The school was unoccupied at the time of these measurement.

Carbon Monoxide

Carbon monoxide (CO) is a colorless, odorless and toxic gas. Improperly vented gas, oil or kerosene heaters, or poorly adjusted and maintained combustion devices are typical sources of carbon monoxide. Auto and bus exhaust also contains carbon monoxide, which can be introduced into indoor air through poorly located fresh air intakes to a heating/ventilation system. Monitored with a calibrated, direct-reading air monitor, the levels of carbon monoxide in the office were recorded for comparison to the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL) of 50 parts per million (ppm). Carbon Monoxide measurements were found to be 0 ppm in all areas.

Volatile Organic Compounds

The VOC sampling utilized Mini Can collection devices and high flow regulators to collect grab samples of the indoor air. The indoor sampler was placed in the hallway as shown on the attached floor plan. At the end of the sampling period, the sample canisters were shipped under chain-of-custody to EMSL Analytical, Inc, for laboratory analysis. Analysis was performed by EPA Method TO-15, using GC/MS to identify 62 regulated target compounds. The EMSL laboratory report for this sample is attached. All target compounds sampled for were found to be either none detected (ND) or well within the National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH) Recommended Exposure Level (REL) and the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) Permissible Exposure Level (PEL).

Airborne Mold Spores

Laboratory analysis results for four Air-O-Cell cassettes, which were used to collect air samples from three areas within the school and outdoors (for comparison) are attached. Analysis of these samples provides a rough measure of airborne spores and a general description of the species present.

Air-O-Cell cassettes are a self-contained sampling device with a pre-applied collection/sampling media. Potential, inadvertent contamination is prevented because the media does not require handling. This method generally provides good consistency between samples. The cassettes are attached to a high volume, sampling pump with an adaptor and air is drawn through the cassettes. Particles (spores, pollen and other particles) in the air being sampled impact the slide, coated with a sticky transparent "acrylic" substrate and adhere. The pump is calibrated at the beginning and the end of the sampling period, using a rotometer to measure the flow rate at the face of the cassette. The cassette inlet orifice is oriented at a 45° angle downward and a minimum of 15 liters per minute is maintained for approximately 5 to 10 minutes. At the completion of sampling, the cassette is sealed and transported to the laboratory for analysis. Analysis data is separated into three categories: fungal spores, pollen, and other particles. Each category is looked at individually for interpretation. We are primarily concerned with the number of spores per cubic meter of air and the variety of spores found.

The total airborne spore count in Location A (Hallway) was 53 spores per cubic meter of air, 533 spores per cubic meter of air in Location B (Room 26), and 53 spores per cubic meter of air in Location C (Room 8). The total airborne spore counts in the interior locations sampled at the school were very low and at a level that would not be considered unusual in an indoor environment. The spores identified are also common in both indoor and outdoor environments.

Mold Types Identified

Basidiospores - Are usually unicellular spores produced by thousands of different fungi generally considered to be outdoor molds (fungi including mushrooms, bracket fungi, puffballs, etc.).

Discussion

None of the testing results described above indicate unusual conditions that would suggest poor indoor or outdoor air quality at the time of testing.

The field measurements made were well within expected limits. Temperature and relative humidity appear to be adequately controlled, to the extent that the system allows, within comfortable levels. No detectable level of carbon monoxide could be detected at the time of the survey and carbon dioxide measurements did not appear to be elevated. The results of the screening for volatile organic compounds does not appear to represent an indoor air quality concern and airborne mold spores are within an expected range.

Please do not hesitate to call if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

John P. Madigan



Date Sampled: 7/15/21 Date Analyzed: 7/22/21

Fungal Spore Air Sample Report

Air Cassette Analysis by Optical Microscopy (KDAI SOP-MICRO)

Client: Central Vermont Supervisory Union

Address: 111B Brush Hill Rd., Williamstown, VT 05679

KDAI Proj. No.: 20173-001

Sample Location: Williamstown Elementary School, 100 Brush Hill Rd., Williamstown, VT 05679

Lab ID No.	3152-0639	3152-0616	3152-0614	31529
Sample ID/Location	Hallway	Rom 26	Room 8	Outside
Sample Vol. (Liters)	75	75	75	75
Background Debris*	2	1	1	1

	raw count	spores/M3	%	raw count	spores/M3	%	raw count	spores/M3	%			
Alternaria	ì											
Ascospores-other										19	1013	4.0
As pergillus/Penicillium										4	213	0.8
Basidiospores-other	1	53	100.0	10	533	100.0	1	53	100.0	410	21867	87.0
Bipolaris/Drechslera												
Botrytis												
Chaetomium												
Clados porium										9	480	1.9
Curvularia												
Epicoccum	_											
Ganoderma										1	53	0.2
deuteromycetes-other										28	1493	5.9
Pithomyces												
Rusts												
Smuts, Myxomycetes												
Stachybotrys												
Ulocladium												
Unidentifiable spores												
Other:												
TOTAL		53	/M ³		533	/M³		53	/M³		25120	$/M^3$

^{*} Background debris is an indicator of the amount of non-fungal biological and non-biological particulate matter present on the sample and is characterized as 1-very light, 2-moderate, 3-heavy, or 4-very heavy. Very heavy background debris (+4) may obscure spores, reducing spore visibility during analysis, prohibiting accurate identification and quantification.

Note: When the raw count of fungal spores is greater than 500, estimation techniques are used in the calculation of the reported counts.

Bryan Schultz, Laboratory Manager



200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

Telephone: (856)858-4800 FAX: (856)858-4571 to15lab@EMSL.com | http://www.EMSL.com

EMSL ORDER ID: 492100422 EMSL CUSTOMER ID: KDAI50

EMSL SAMPLE ID: 492100422-0005 **CUSTOMER SAMPLE ID: Williamstown Elem**

Attention: John Madigan

KD Associates, Inc. 41 IDX Drive

Suite 209

802-862-7490

Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: **CVSU IAQ**

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

john@kdassociatesinc.com

Collected:

07/15/2021 10:20

Received: Analyzed: 07/19/2021 09:20 See Results

Reported:

8/2/2021

Analysis Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Phone:

Email:

Analyst Init.

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

NIOSH and OSHA Exposure Limit Comparisons

	Tox.			Result		Result	NIOSH REL	100	OSHA PEL	
Target Compounds	Basis	CAS#	MW	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	ug/m3	>	ug/m3	
Propylene	NC	115-07-1	42.08	ND		ND	N.E.	101	N.E.	
Freon 12(Dichlorodifluoromethane)	NC	75-71-8	120.9	ND		ND	4900000		4900000	
Freon 114(1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethan	(Pex.):	76-14-2	170.9	ND		ND	7000000	3 201 3	7000000	\neg
Chloromethane	NC	74-87-3	50.49	ND		ND	LFC		210000	\neg
n-Butane	1 1	106-97-8	58.12	0.81		1.9	1900000		N.E.	
Vinyl chloride	С	75-01-4	62.50	ND		ND	LFC		2600	\neg
1,3-Butadiene	С	106-99-0	54.09	ND		ND	LFC		2200	
Bromomethane	NC	74-83-9	94.94	ND		ND	LFC	11	78000	
Chloroethane	NC	75-00-3	64.51	ND		ND	LFC	0 0	2600000	
Ethanol	7==0	64-17-5	46.07	210		400	1900000		1900000	
Bromoethene(Vinyl bromide)	С	593-60-2	106.9	ND		ND	LFC	200	N.E.	\neg
Freon 11(Trichlorofluoromethane)	-	75-69-4	137.4	1.4		7.9	5600000		5600000	
Isopropyl alcohol(2-Propanol)	NC	67-63-0	60.09	7.5		19	980000		980000	
Freon 113(1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethan	NC	76-13-1	187.4	ND		ND	7700000		7700000	П
Acetone	NC	67-64-1	58.08	11		25	590000		2400000	\neg
1,1-Dichloroethene	NC	75-35-4	96.94	ND		ND	790000		N.E.	=
Acetonitrile	NC	75-05-8	41.05	ND		ND	34000		67000	П
Tertiary butyl alcohol(TBA)	(A)	75-65-0	74.12	ND		ND	300000		300000	7
Bromoethane(Ethyl bromide)	(1000)	74-96-4	109.0	ND		ND	880000	11	880000	Т
3-Chloropropene(Allyl chloride)	С	107-05-1	76.52	ND		ND	3100		3100	
Carbon disulfide	NC	75-15-0	76.14	ND		ND	3100	11	62000	=
Methylene chloride	C	75-09-2	84.93	0.57		2.0	LFC	++	87000	۳
Acrylonitrile	Č	107-13-1	53.08	ND		ND	2200		4300	_
Methyl-tert-butyl ether(MTBE)	C	1634-04-4	88.15	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	-
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	1 - 1	156-60-5	96.94	ND		ND	790000	-	790000	_
n-Hexane	NC	110-54-3	86.18	ND		ND ND	180000	-	1800000	_
1,1-Dichloroethane	C	75-34-3	98.96	ND	_	ND ND	400000		400000	_
Vinyl acetate	NC	108-05-4	86.09	ND		ND	14000		N.E.	_
2-Butanone(MEK)	NC	78-93-3	72.11	ND		ND ND	590000	-	590000	-
cis-1.2-Dichloroethene	140	156-59-2	96.94	ND	_	ND ND	790000	-	790000	-
Ethyl acetate	NC	141-78-6	88.11	0.50		1.8	1400000		1400000	-
Chloroform	C	67-66-3	119.4	ND		ND ND	9800	+	240000	-
Tetrahydrofuran	NC	109-99-9	72.11	ND	_	ND	590000		590000	_
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NČ	71-55-6	133.4	ND	_	ND	1900000		1900000	_
Cyclohexane	NC NC	110-82-7	84.16	ND	├	ND ND	1000000	+	1000000	_
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane(Isooctane)	NC -	540-84-1	114.2	ND ND	-	ND ND	N.E.	++	N.E.	_
Carbon tetrachloride	C	56-23-5	153.8	ND	_	ND ND	13000	-	63000	_
	NC NC		100.2	ND	_	ND ND	350000	++	2000000	_
n-Heptane 1,2-Dichloroethane		142-82-5 107-06-2	98.96	ND	_	ND ND	4000		200000	_
	C						320	╫		_
Benzene Tripkleresthene	C	71-43-2	78.11	ND	_	ND ND	130000	++	3200	_
Trichloroethene	C	79-01-6	131.4	ND	_	ND		++	540000	_
1,2-Dichloropropane	C	78-87-5	113.0	ND	_	ND	LFC	++	350000	_
Methyl Methacrylate	NC NC	80-62-6	100.1	ND	_	ND	410000		410000	_
Bromodichloromethane	C	75-27-4	163.8	ND	-	ND	N.E.	₩	N.E.	_
1,4-Dioxane	C	123-91-1	88.11	ND		ND	3600	+	360000	_
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	NC	108-10-1	100.2	ND		ND	200000	+	410000	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene**	C	10061-01-5	111.0	ND	1	ND	4500		N.E.	



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EMSL ORDER ID: 492100422 EMSL CUSTOMER ID: KDAI50

EMSL SAMPLE ID: 492100422-0005 **CUSTOMER SAMPLE ID: Williamstown Elem**

Attention: John Madigan

KD Associates, Inc. 41 IDX Drive Suite 209

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: **CVSU IAQ**

Phone: 802-862-7490

Email: john@kdassociatesinc.com Collected: 07/15/2021 10:20

07/19/2021 09:20 Received: See Results Analyzed:

Reported: 8/2/2021

Sample Vol. <u>Analysis</u> **Analysis Date** Analyst Init. Lab File ID Canister ID Dil. Factor Initial 07/29/2021 Z5213.D HD2132 250 cc

NIOSH and OSHA Exposure Limit Comparisons

Towns Community on 5 mg last	Tox.	CAS#	MW	Result ppby	Q	Result ug/m3	NIOSH REL		OSHA PEL	1
Target Compounds	Basis	CAS#			u	Section 2015	ug/m3	>	ug/m3	1
Toluene	NC	108-88-3	92.14	ND		ND	380000	-	750000	+
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene**	C	10061-02-6	111.0	ND		ND	4500	4	N.E.	4
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	С	79-00-5	133.4	ND		ND	55000	\perp	55000	1
2-Hexanone(MBK)	NC	591-78-6	100.2	ND		ND	4100		410000	
Tetrachloroethene	C	127-18-4	165.8	ND		ND	LFC		680000	
Dibromochloromethane	19 4	124-48-1	208.3	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	
1,2-Dibromoethane	С	106-93-4	187.9	ND		ND	350		150000	
Chlorobenzene	NC	108-90-7	112.6	ND		ND	N.E.		350000	
Ethylbenzene	С	100-41-4	106.2	ND		ND	430000		430000	Т
Xylene (p,m)	NC	1330-20-7	106.2	ND		ND	430000	П	430000	Т
Xylene (Ortho)	NC	95-47-6	106.2	ND		ND	430000	П	430000	Т
Styrene	NC	100-42-5	104.1	ND		ND	210000		430000	T
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	NC	98-82-8	120.2	ND		ND	250000	П	250000	
Bromoform	С	75-25-2	252.7	ND		ND	5200		5200	T
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	С	79-34-5	167.9	ND		ND	6900		34000	
4-Ethyltoluene		622-96-8	120.2	ND		ND	N.E.	П	N.E.	T
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NC	108-67-8	120.2	ND		ND	120000		N.E.	Т
2-Chlorotoluene	(***)	95-49-8	126.6	ND		ND	260000	П	N.E.	\top
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NC	95-63-6	120.2	ND		ND	120000		N.E.	Т
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	(4.4)	541-73-1	147.0	ND		ND	N.E.	П	N.E.	T
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	С	106-46-7	147.0	ND		ND	LFC	П	450000	7
Benzyl chloride	С	100-44-7	126.6	ND		ND	5200	П	5200	T
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	NC	95-50-1	147.0	ND		ND	300000		300000	T
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	NC	120-82-1	181.4	ND		ND	37000	П	N.E.	T
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	С	87-68-3	260.8	ND		ND	210		N.E.	T
Naphthalene	C	91-20-3	128.2	ND		ND	52000		52000	T

^{**}The concentrations of each isomer should be added if multiple isomers are

present and compared to the total screening level.

Exposure Limit Definitions

REL= Recommended Exposure Limit, PEL= Permissable Exposure Limit

Compound Exposure Definitions

NE= No Limit Established NS= No Screening Value

LFC= Lowest Feasible Concentration

Agency Definitions

NIOSH= The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health

OSHA= Occupational Safety and Health Administration

Reference

Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) (2017) Air Contaminants. 29 CFR 1910.1000 [82 FR 2735, January 9, 2017].

Carcinogenic (C) Exceedance

Value exceeds the theoretical risk that 1 additional case of cancer will occur in a population of 1 million than statistically expected.

Thus is a theoretical risk and not an actual epidemiological one.

Qualifier Definitions

B = Compound also found in method blank.

ND = Non Detect

E= Estimated concentration exceeding upper calibration range.

D= Result reported from diluted analysis.

J= Concentration estimated between Reporting Limit and MDL.

NonCarcinogenic (NC) Exceedance

Value exceeds the theoretical risk that 1 in a population of 100,000 will experience deleterious health effects.

Thus is a theoretical risk and not an actual epidemiological one.



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EMSL ORDER ID: 492100422 EMSL CUSTOMER ID: KDAI50

EMSL SAMPLE ID: 492100422-0005
CUSTOMER SAMPLE ID: Williamstown Elem

Attention: John Madigan

KD Associates, Inc. 41 IDX Drive Suite 209

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: CVSU IAQ

Phone: 802-862-7490

Email: john@kdassociatesinc.com

Collected: 0

07/15/2021 10:20 07/19/2021 09:20

Analyzed: See Results Reported: 8/2/2021

Analysis Initial Analysis Date 07/29/2021 Analyst Init. TP Lab File ID Z5213.D Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc Dil. Factor

USEPA Residential Regional Screening Levels (RSL) at THQ 0.1

	Tox.		TO LET	Result	1	Result	Carcinogenie	0	Non-Carcin.	11)
Target Compounds	Basis	CAS#	MW	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	ug/m3	>	ug/m3	
Propylene	NC	115-07-1	42.08	ND		ND	N.E.		310	
reon 12(Dichlorodifluoromethane)	NC	75-71-8	120.9	ND		ND	N.E.		10.0	
reon 114(1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethan	22	76-14-2	170.9	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	
Chloromethane	NC	74-87-3	50.49	ND		ND	N.E.		9.40	
n-Butane		106-97-8	58.12	0.81		1.9	N.E.		N.E.	
Vinvl chloride	С	75-01-4	62.50	ND		ND	0.170		10.0	_
1.3-Butadiene	С	106-99-0	54.09	ND		ND	0.0940		0.210	
Bromomethane	NC	74-83-9	94.94	ND		ND	N.E.		0.520	_
Chloroethane	NC	75-00-3	64.51	ND		ND	N.E.	$\neg \neg$	1000	_
Ethanol		64-17-5	46.07	210		400	N.E.		N.E.	_
Bromoethene(Vinyl bromide)	С	593-60-2	106.9	ND		ND	0.190	77	0.310	_
Freon 11(Trichlorofluoromethane)		75-69-4	137.4	1.4		7.9	N.E.		N.E.	_
Isopropyl alcohol(2-Propanol)	NC	67-63-0	60.09	7.5		19	N.E.		21.0	_
Freon 113(1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethan	NC	76-13-1	187.4	ND		ND	N.E.		520	_
Acetone	NC	67-64-1	58.08	11		25	N.E.		3200	_
1,1-Dichloroethene	NC	75-35-4	96.94	ND		ND	N.E.	$\dashv \vdash$	21.0	_
Acetonitrile	NC	75-05-8	41.05	ND		ND	N.E.	\rightarrow	6.30	_
Tertiary butyl alcohol(TBA)	110	75-65-0	74.12	ND		ND	N.E.	$\dashv \dagger$	N.E.	=
Bromoethane(Ethyl bromide)	-	74-96-4	109.0	ND		ND	N.E.	\dashv	N.E.	-
3-Chloropropene(Allyl chloride)	C	107-05-1	76.52	ND	_	ND	0.470		0.100	_
Carbon disulfide	NC	75-15-0	76.14	ND	-	ND	N.E.	\dashv	73.0	_
Methylene chloride	C	75-13-0	84.93	0.57		2.0	100	-	63.0	_
Acrylonitrile	C	107-13-1	53.08	ND		ND	0.0410	-	0.210	_
Methyl-tert-butyl ether(MTBE)	C	1634-04-4	88.15	ND	_	ND ND	11.0	-+	310	_
				ND	\vdash	ND ND	N.E.	-	4.20	_
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene		156-60-5 110-54-3	96.94		-		N.E.	\rightarrow	73.0	_
n-Hexane	NC		86.18	ND	-	ND	1.80	\dashv		_
1,1-Dichloroethane	C	75-34-3	98.96	ND	-	ND		\rightarrow	N.E.	_
Vinyl acetate	NC NC	108-05-4	86.09	ND_	├	ND	N.E.	\dashv	21.0	_
2-Butanone(MEK)	NC	78-93-3	72.11	ND	⊢	ND	N.E.	+	520	_
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	110	156-59-2	96.94	ND	_	ND	N.E.	+	N.E.	_
Ethyl acetate	NC	141-78-6	88.11	0.50	_	1.8	N.E.	\dashv	7.30	_
Chloroform	C	67-66-3	119.4	ND	├	ND	0.120		10.0	_
Tetrahydrofuran	NC	109-99-9	72.11	ND		ND	N.E.		210	_
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	NC	71-55-6	133.4	ND	_	ND	N.E.	\dashv	520	_
Cyclohexane	NC	110-82-7	84.16	ND		ND	N.E.		630	_
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane(Isooctane)	HE I	540-84-1	114.2	ND	-	ND	N.E.	\rightarrow	N.E.	_
Carbon tetrachloride	С	56-23-5	153.8	ND	_	ND	0.470		10.0	_
n-Heptane	NC	142-82-5	100.2	ND		ND	N.E.	\dashv	42.0	_
1,2-Dichloroethane	С	107-06-2	98.96	ND		ND	0.110	\rightarrow	0.730	_
Benzene	С	71-43-2	78.11	ND		ND	0.360	\rightarrow	3.10	_
Trichloroethene	С	79-01-6	131.4	ND		ND	0.480	$-\Box$	0.210	
1,2-Dichloropropane	С	78-87-5	113.0	ND		ND	0.760		0.420	_
Methyl Methacrylate	NC	80-62-6	100.1	ND		ND	N,E,	\perp	73.0	
Bromodichloromethane	С	75-27-4	163.8	ND		ND	0.0760	$\perp \downarrow \downarrow$	N.E.	_
1,4-Dioxane	С	123-91-1	88.11	ND		ND	0.560		3.10	
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	NC	108-10-1	100.2	ND		ND	N.E.		310	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene**	С	10061-01-5	111.0	ND		ND	0.700		2.10	



200 Route 130 North Cinnaminson, NJ 08077

Telephone: (856)858-4800 FAX: (856)858-4571 to15lab@EMSL.com | http://www.EMSL.com

EMSL ORDER ID: 492100422 EMSL CUSTOMER ID: KDAI50

EMSL SAMPLE ID: 492100422-0005 **CUSTOMER SAMPLE ID: Williamstown Elem**

Attention: John Madigan

KD Associates, Inc. 41 IDX Drive

Suite 209

802-862-7490

Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: **CVSU IAQ**

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

john@kdassociatesinc.com

Collected:

07/15/2021 10:20 07/19/2021 09:20

Received: Analyzed: Reported:

See Results 8/2/2021

Analysis Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Phone:

Email:

Analyst Init.

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

USEPA Residential Regional Screening Levels (RSL) at THO 0.1

	Tox.	100		Result	100	Result	Carcinogenic		Non-Carcin.	
Target Compounds	Basis	CAS#	MW	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	ug/m3 >		ug/m3	
Toluene	NC	108-88-3	92.14	ND		ND	N.E.		520	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene**	С	10061-02-6	111.0	ND		ND	0.700		2.10	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	С	79-00-5	133.4	ND		ND	0.180	1	0.0210	
2-Hexanone(MBK)	NC	591-78-6	100.2	ND		ND	N.E.		3.10	
Tetrachloroethene	С	127-18-4	165.8	ND		ND	11.0		4.20	
Dibromochloromethane	1 1/2/25	124-48-1	208.3	ND		ND	N,E.		N.E.	
1,2-Dibromoethane	С	106-93-4	187.9	ND		ND	0.00470		0.940	
Chlorobenzene	NC	108-90-7	112.6	ND		ND	N.E.	1	5.20	
Ethylbenzene	С	100-41-4	106.2	ND		ND	1.10	1_	100	
Xylene (p,m)	NC	1330-20-7	106.2	ND		ND	N.E.		10.0	
Xylene (Ortho)	NC	95-47-6	106.2	ND		ND	N.E.	Т	10.0	
Styrene	NC	100-42-5	104.1	ND		ND	N.E.	T	100	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	NC	98-82-8	120.2	ND		ND	N.E.	Т	42.0	
Bromoform	С	75-25-2	252.7	ND		ND	2.60	П	N.E.	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	С	79-34-5	167.9	ND		ND	0.0480		N.E.	
4-Ethyltoluene	1,557)	622-96-8	120.2	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	NC	108-67-8	120.2	ND		ND	N.E.		6.30	
2-Chlorotoluene	1 X+X	95-49-8	126.6	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	NC	95-63-6	120.2	ND		ND	N.E.		6.30	
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	X#2	541-73-1	147.0	ND		ND	N.E.		N.E.	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	С	106-46-7	147.0	ND		ND	0.260		83.0	
Benzyl chloride	С	100-44-7	126.6	ND		ND	0.0570		0.100	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	NC	95-50-1	147.0	ND		ND	N.E.		21.0	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	NC	120-82-1	181.4	ND		ND	N.E.		0.210	
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	С	87-68-3	260.8	ND		ND	0.130		N.E.	
Naphthalene	С	91-20-3	128.2	ND		ND	0.0830		0.310	

^{**}The concentrations of each isomer should be added if multiple isomers are

present and compared to the total screening level.

Exposure Limit Definitions

RSL= Regional Screening Level at Target Hazard Quotient (THQ) =0.1 if

available, otherwise THQ = 1

Agency Definitions

USEPA= United States Environmental Protection Agency

EPA Regionional Screening Levels (RSL) Table, November 2020

Carcinogenic (C) Exceedance

Value exceeds the theoretical risk that 1 additional case of cancer will occur in a population of 1 million than statistically expected.

Thus is a theoretical risk and not an actual epidemiological one.

Compound Exposure Definitions

NE= No Limit Established NS= No Screening Value

LFC= Lowest Feasible Concentration

Qualifier Definitions

B = Compound also found in method blank.

ND = Non Detect

E= Estimated concentration exceeding upper calibration range.

D= Result reported from diluted analysis.

J= Concentration estimated between Reporting Limit and MDL.

NonCarcinogenic (NC) Exceedance

Value exceeds the theoretical risk that 1 in a population of 100,000 will experience deleterious health effects.

Thus is a theoretical risk and not an actual epidemiological one.



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CUSTOMER SAMPLE ID: Williamstown Elem

Attention: John Madigan

KD Associates, Inc. 41 IDX Drive Suite 209

802-862-7490

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: CVSU IAQ

Phone: Email:

john@kdassociatesinc.com

Collected:

Received:

07/15/2021 10:20 07/19/2021 09:20 See Results

Analyzed: Reported:

8/2/2021

Analysis Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Analyst Init. TP

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

Pos	ssible B	ackgr	oui	nd Sc	urces	of Con	tamina	ants
		Result		Result	*Typica	al Indoor A	ir Data	
Target Compounds	CAS#	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	% of Samples Detected	Min. Conc. (ppbv)	Max. Conc. (ppbv)	Use and Possible Sources
n-Butane	106-97-8	0.81		1.9	87%	ND	33	Butane is contained in natural gas. Its main uses are in the production of chemicals, as a refrigerant, as an aerosol propellant, as a constituent in liquefied petroleum gas, and as the main component of gas lighter refills.(13)
								Ethanol is ubiquitous in air samples as it is found in many products: cleaners (home, auto,pets), disinfectants/sanitizers, laundry care products, pesticide sprays, mouthwash, deoderants, first aid sprays, paints, air fresheners, auto care products. Ethanol is also contained in gasoline. Please see citation for an extensive list. (6)
Ethanol	64-17-5	210		400	100%	3.4	658	
E (AA/T-i-bl(bl								This is a halogenated chlorofluorocarbon (CFC), which has a long atmospheric residence time, previously used as a refrigerant and aerosol spray propellant. Complying with the Montreal Protocol, its manufacture was banned in the United States along with many other countries in 1994. (12)
Freon 11(Trichlorofluoromethane)	75-69-4	1.4		7.9	None	Detected ir	Study	IPA is very common in air samples. Multiple
								types of cleaners (home, auto, pet) and disinfecting/sanitizing/polishing wipes, ink cartridges, paints, personal care products: nail polish, nail polish remover, colognes, perfumes, rubbing alcohol, hair spray. Please see citation for an extensive list. (6)
Isopropyl alcohol(2-Propanol)	67-63-0	7.5		19	97%	ND	268	



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<u>Analysis</u> Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Analyst Init.

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

Possible Background Sources of Contaminants

		Result		Result	*Typica	l Indoor A	ir Data	
Target Compounds	CAS#	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	% of Samples Detected	Min. Conc. (ppbv)	Max. Conc. (ppbv)	Use and Possible Sources
Acetone	67-64-1	11		25	100%	2.6	45	Another very common VOC in air samples, found in home products such as glues, rubber cement and adhesives, expanding foams/crack fillers, air fresheners, paint thinners and paint clean up products. Please see citation for an extensive list. (6)
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	0.57		2.0	3%	ND	0.56	Contact with consumer products such as paint strippers or aerosol cans that contain methylene chloride is a frequent source in air. (2) Other consumer products which contain methylene chloride: auto part cleaners and stain /glue removers. Please see citation for an extensive list. (6)
								Ethyl acetate is used as a solvent for varnishes, lacquers and dry cleaning. It is released during the manufacture of linoleum, and 'plastic' wood, dyes, artificial fruit flavorings and essences, and perfumes and fragrances. Ethyl acetate is used as a solvent in nail polish, nail polish remover, base coats and other manicuring products. Ethyl acetate is present in wines. (15)
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	0.50		1.8	100%	0.53	34	

*Based on EMSL in-house data collection 04/2019-06/2019

Qualifier Definitions

ND = Non Detect

B = Compound also found in method blank.

E= Estimated concentration exceeding upper calibration range.

D= Result reported from diluted analysis.

J= Concentration estimated between lower calibration standard and MDL.

Sources References

https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2016-09/documents

https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxfaqs Individual FAQs have different update dates.

³ EPA Document# EPA-740-R1-7012 May 2018

⁴ Delaware Health and Social Services, Division of Public Health FAQ Sheets. January 2010.

⁵ New York Department of Environmental Conservation, Uses, Sources and Potential Exposure to Toxic Air Pollutants.

⁶ US Department of Health and Human Services, Household Products Database.

NJDEP "Common Household Sources of Background Indoor Air Contamination". June 26, 2012.



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Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: **CVSU IAQ**

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

Collected:

07/15/2021 10:20

Received:

07/19/2021 09:20 See Results

Analyzed: Reported:

8/2/2021

<u>Analysis</u> Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Phone:

Email:

Analyst Init. TP

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

Possible Background Sources of Contaminants

		Result		Result	*Typica	i Indoor A	ir Data	
					% of Samples	Min. Conc.	Max. Conc.	
Target Compounds	CAS#	ppbv	Q	ug/m3	Detected	(ppbv)	(ppbv)	Use and Possible Sources

⁸ IARC Working Group on the Evaluation of Carcinogenic Risk to Humans. Some Chemicals Present in Industrial and Consumer Products, Food and Drinking-Water. Lyon (FR): International Agency for Research on Cancer; 2013.

http://apps.sepa.org.uk/spripa/Pages/SubstanceInformation.aspx?pid=53

https://nj.gov/health/eoh/rtkweb/documents/fs

¹¹⁻Propene CAS 115-07-1, Environment Canada_Health Canada, September 2014. http://www.ec.gc.ca/ese-ees/default.asp?lang=En&n=AD74EA35-1

¹² https://pubchem.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/compound

¹³ Committee on Acute Exposure Guideline Levels; Committee on Toxicology; Board on Environmental Studies and Toxicology; Division on Earth and Life Studies; National Research Council. Acute Exposure Guideline Levels for Selected Airborne Chemicals: Volume 12. Washington (DC): National Academies Press (US); 2012 Apr All about Acrylonitrile http://angroup.org/about/index.php

¹⁵ http://www.npi.gov.au/resource/ethyl-acetate



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Customer PO: Attention: John Madigan KD Associates, Inc.

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802-862-7490

South Burlington, VT 05403-7757

john@kdassociatesinc.com

EMSL Project ID:

Project Name: CVSU IAQ

07/15/2021 10:20 07/19/2021 09:20 Collected: Received: See Results

Analyzed: Reported 8/2/2021

Canister ID HD2132 Sample Vol. 250 cc Analysis Date 07/29/2021 Lab File ID Z5213.D Dil. Factor <u>Analysis</u> Initial Analyst Init.

Target Compound Results Summary

	Target Com		Result	RL		Result	RL	
Farget Compounds	CAS#	MW	ppby	ppby	Q	ug/m3	ug/m3	Comments
Propylene	115-07-1	42.08	ND	1.0		ND	1.7	
Freon 12(Dichlorodifluoromethane)	75-71-8	120.9	ND	0.50		ND	2.5	
reon 114(1,2-Dichlorotetrafluoroethan	76-14-2	170.9	ND	0.50		ND	3.5	
Chloromethane	74-87-3	50.49	ND	0.50		ND	1.0	
n-Butane	106-97-8	58.12	0.81	0.50		1.9	1.2	
Vinyl chloride	75-01-4	62.50	ND	0.50		ND	1.3	
1,3-Butadiene	106-99-0	54.09	ND	0.50		ND	1.1	
Bromomethane	74-83-9	94.94	ND	0.50		ND	1.9	
Chloroethane	75-00-3	64.51	ND	0.50		ND	1.3	
Ethanol	64-17-5	46.07	210	0.50		400	0.94	
Bromoethene(Vinyl bromide)	593-60-2	106.9	ND	0.50		ND	2.2	
Freon 11(Trichlorofluoromethane)	75-69-4	137.4	1.4	0.50	1	7.9	2.8	
sopropyl alcohol(2-Propanol)	67-63-0	60.09	7.5	0.50		19	1.2	
Freon 113(1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethan	76-13-1	187.4	ND	0.50		ND	3.8	
Acetone	67-64-1	58.08	11	0.50		25	1.2	
1,1-Dichloroethene	75-35-4	96.94	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
Acetonitrile	75-05-8	41.05	ND	0.50	1	ND	0.84	
Tertiary butyl alcohol(TBA)	75-65-0	74.12	ND	0.50		ND	1.5	
Bromoethane(Ethyl bromide)	74-96-4	109.0	ND	0.50		ND	2.2	
3-Chloropropene(Allyl chloride)	107-05-1	76.52	ND	0.50		ND	1.6	
Carbon disulfide	75-15-0	76.14	ND	0.50		ND	1.6	
Methylene chloride	75-09-2	84.93	0.57	0.50		2.0	1.7	
Acrylonitrile	107-13-1	53.08	ND	0.50		ND	1.1	
Methyl-tert-butyl ether(MTBE)	1634-04-4	88.15	ND	0.50		ND	1.8	
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-60-5	96.94	ND	0.50	1	ND	2.0	
n-Hexane	110-54-3	86.18	ND	0.50		ND	1.8	
1,1-Dichloroethane	75-34-3	98.96	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
Vinyl acetate	108-05-4	86.09	ND	0.50		ND	1.8	
2-Butanone(MEK)	78-93-3	72.11	ND	0.50		ND	1.5	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	156-59-2	96.94	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
Ethyl acetate	141-78-6	88.11	0.50	0.50		1.8	1.8	
Chloroform	67-66-3	119.4	ND	0.50		ND	2.4	
Tetrahydrofuran	109-99-9	72.11	ND	0.50		ND	1.5	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	71-55-6	133.4	ND	0.50		ND	2.7	
Cyclohexane	110-82-7	84.16	ND	0.50		ND	1.7	
2,2,4-Trimethylpentane(Isooctane)	540-84-1	114.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.3	
Carbon tetrachloride	56-23-5	153.8	ND	0.50		ND	3.1	
n-Heptane	142-82-5	100.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
1,2-Dichloroethane	107-06-2	98.96	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
Benzene	71-43-2	78.11	ND	0.50		ND	1.6	
Trichloroethene	79-01-6	131.4	ND	0.50		ND	2.7	
1,2-Dichloropropane	78-87-5	113.0	ND	0.50	1	ND	2.3	
Methyl Methacrylate	80-62-6	100.1	ND	0.50	1	ND	2.0	
Bromodichloromethane	75-27-4	163.8	ND	0.50	\top	ND	3.3	
1.4-Dioxane	123-91-1	88.11	ND	0.50	1	ND	1.8	



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Customer PO: EMSL Project ID:

Collected:

Project Name: **CVSU IAQ**

Phone: 802-862-7490

Email: john@kdassociatesinc.com 07/15/2021 10:20 07/19/2021 09:20

Received: See Results Analyzed: 8/2/2021 Reported:

<u>Analysis</u> Initial

Analysis Date 07/29/2021

Analyst Init.

Lab File ID Z5213.D

Canister ID HD2132

Sample Vol. 250 cc

Dil. Factor

Target Compound Results Summary

Target Compounds	cas#	MW	Result ppbv	RL ppbv	Q	Result ug/m3	RL ug/m3	Comments
4-Methyl-2-pentanone(MIBK)	108-10-1	100.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-01-5	111.0	ND	0.50		ND	2.3	
Toluene	108-88-3	92.14	ND	0.50		ND	1.9	
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	10061-02-6	111.0	ND	0.50		ND	2.3	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	79-00-5	133.4	ND	0.50		ND	2.7	
2-Hexanone(MBK)	591-78-6	100.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.0	
Tetrachloroethene	127-18-4	165.8	ND	0.50		ND	3.4	
Dibromochloromethane	124-48-1	208.3	ND	0.50		ND	4.3	
1,2-Dibromoethane	106-93-4	187.9	ND	0.50		ND	3.8	
Chlorobenzene	108-90-7	112.6	ND	0.50		ND	2.3	
Ethylbenzene	100-41-4	106.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.2	
Xylene (p,m)	1330-20-7	106.2	ND	1.0		ND	4.3	
Xylene (Ortho)	95-47-6	106.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.2	
Styrene	100-42-5	104.1	ND	0.50		ND	2.1	
Isopropylbenzene (cumene)	98-82-8	120.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.5	
Bromoform	75-25-2	252.7	ND	0.50		ND	5.2	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	79-34-5	167.9	ND	0.50		ND	3.4	
4-Ethyltoluene	622-96-8	120.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.5	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	120.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.5	
2-Chlorotoluene	95-49-8	126.6	ND	0.50		ND	2.6	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	120.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.5	
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	541-73-1	147.0	ND	0.50		ND	3.0	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	106-46-7	147.0	ND	0.50		ND	3.0	
Benzyl chloride	100-44-7	126.6	ND	0.50		ND	2.6	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	95-50-1	147.0	ND	0.50		ND	3.0	
1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	120-82-1	181.4	ND	0.50		ND	3.7	
Hexachloro-1,3-butadiene	87-68-3	260.8	ND	0.50		ND	5.3	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	128.2	ND	0.50		ND	2.6	
Total Target Compound Conc	entrations:		230	ppbv		460	ug/m3	

Surrogate

4-Bromofluorobenzene

Method Reference

<u>Result</u>

9.8

USEPA: Compendium Method TO-15, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air..." Collected in Specially-Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS), January 1999, (EPA/625/R-96/010b).

Recovery

98%

Spike

10

Qualifier Definitions

ND = Non Detect

B = Compound also found in method blank.

E= Estimated concentration exceeding upper calibration range.

D= Result reported from diluted analysis.

J= Concentration estimated between Reporting Limit and MDL.



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Project Name: CVSU IAQ

Collected: 07/15/2021 10:20 Received: 07/19/2021 09:20

Analyzed: See Results
Reported: 8/2/2021

<u>Analysis Date Analysis Date Init. Lab File ID Canister ID Sample Vol. Dil. Factor</u> Initial 07/29/2021 TP Z5213.D HD2132 250 cc 1

Tentatively Identified Compound Results Summary

Tentatively Identified Compounds	CAS#	MW(1)	Result ppbv	Q	Result ug/m3	Retention Time	Comments
sobutane	000075-28-5	58	4.2	JN	10	5.321	
SODULARIE	0.000						
						 	
						 	
				-		 	
				-			
				_			
						1	
	Total TIC Conc	ontrations	4.2	ppbv	10	ug/m3	

Qualifier Definitions

(1) = If unknown, MW is assigned as equivalent Toluene (92) for ug/m3 conversion purposes.

B = Compound also found in method blank.

J= Estimated value based on a 1:1 response to internal standard.

N= Presumptive evidence of compound based on library match.

Method Reference

USEPA: Compendium Method TO-15, "Determination of Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs) in Air..." Collected in Specially-Prepared Canisters and Analyzed by Gas Chromatography/Mass Spectrometry (GC/MS), January 1999, (EPA/625/R-96/010b).

