REPORT ON BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SINGLE AUDIT REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Single Audit Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE (S)
Introductory Section	
Transmittal Letter	1
Letter to Governance/Management	2 - 10
Report Distribution List	11 - 12
Financial Section	
Independent Auditor's Report	13 - 14
Management's Discussion and Analysis	15 - 25
Basic Financial Statements	
District-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	26
Statement of Activities	27
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	28
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets	29
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	30
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the	24 20
Statement of Activities Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	34
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	35 - 36
Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	37
Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds	38

BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Single Audit Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGE (S)
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual - General Fund	39
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	40 – 83
Required Supplemental Information:	
Schedule of Funding Progress	84
Supplemental Information:	
Combining Balance Statement – All Capital Project Funds	85
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – All Capital Project Funds	86
Combining Balance Sheet - Non-Major Governmental Funds	87
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds	88
Combining Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets - Private Purpose Trust Funds	89
General Fund - Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	90 - 94
Capital Reserve Fund - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	95
Special Revenue (Authority General Fund) Fund – Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	96
Capital Project Fund – Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	97
Food Service Fund – Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	98
Day Care Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net A	ssets 99
Self Insurance Fund - Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets	100
Concession Fund - Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	101
Non-Expendable Trust Fund - Statement of Additions and Deductions	101
2010 GOB Bond Fund – Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	102
2011 GON Bond Fund – Statement of Revenues and Expenditures	102

BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT

Single Audit Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

O	Dalet	PAGE (S)
General Long-Te	em Debt	
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2001	103
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2007	103
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2007	104
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2009	104
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series AA of 2009	105
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series B of 2009	105
	Schedule on General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2010	106
	Schedule on Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010	106
	Schedule on Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011	107
Single Audit Se	ction	
Schedule of	Expenditures of Federal Awards	108-109
Notes to the	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	110-111
and on Co	Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting ompliance and Other Matters based on an Audit of Financial ts Performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards	112 - 113
have a dir	Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements that could ect and material effect on each Major Program and on Internal Control pliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133	114-115
Schedule of	Findings and Questioned Costs	116 -119
Schedule of	Prior Year Findings	120 -132
Independent	Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed - Upon Procedures	133
Schedule of	Revenues and Expenditures of Family Center Grant	134
Schedule of	Revenues and Expenditures of Family Reunification Grant	135
Managemen	t's Corrective Action Plan	



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Members of the Board Bethlehem Area School District 1516 Sycamore Street Bethlehem, PA 18017

We have performed the Single Audit of the Bethlehem Area School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, and have enclosed the Single Audit reporting package.

The Single Audit was done to fulfill the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, which entailed:

- An audit of the basic financial statements, and our opinion thereon;
- 2. A review of compliance and on internal control over financial reporting based on an audit of the financial statements performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards, and our report thereon;
- 3. An examination of the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, and our report thereon; and.
- 4. An opinion on compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major program and a review of internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, and out report thereon.

As part of our report, we have enclosed our governance/management letter.

Respectfully submitted,

Spenn & associates, P.C.

January 5, 2012

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GORMAN & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

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Board of School Directors
Dr. Joseph J. Roy, Superintendent
Bethlehem Area School District
1516 Sycamore Street
Bethlehem, PA 18017-6099

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities; business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bethlehem Area School District for the year ended June 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2012.

As stated in our engagement letter, our responsibility, as described by professional standards, is to express opinions about whether your financial statements are fairly presented, in all material respects, in conformity with the U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Our audit of the financial statements does not relieve you or management of your responsibilities, including having compensating controls in place to ensure our preparation of your financial statements and note disclosures are not materially misstated.

We performed the audit according to the planned scope and timing previously communicated to you in our meeting about planning matter on June 29, 2011.

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by the Bethlehem Area School District are described in the notes to the financial statements. No new accounting policies were adopted during this past year and the existing policies were properly applied. We did not discover any transactions entered into by the District that lacked authoritative guidance or consensus. In addition, there are no significant transactions affecting the financial statements that have been recognized incorrectly in the wrong year, except for the items discussed in this letter.

Accounting estimates, which are part of the significant accounting policies, are an integral part of the financial statements and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were depreciation taken on capital assets based upon the estimated useful life of each asset and calculated on the straight-line basis of depreciation, and the actuarial assumptions associated with Other Post Employment Benefits. We have evaluated the factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates and have determined the estimates to be reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

We wish to inform you that the disclosures in your financial statements are neutral, consistent, and clear. From time to time, certain disclosures are more sensitive than others due to their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosures involve capital assets, long-term debt, and other post employment benefits.

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter provided to us on January 5, 2012. We advise the governing body to request this letter from management for their review. In conjunction with their representations, we wish to inform you we did not encounter any significant difficulties in dealing with management and had no disagreements with your management. To our knowledge, management did not find a need to converse with any other independent accountant on any related accounting or auditing issue.

1825 Franklin Street Northampton, Pennsylvania 18067 - 1573 tele} 610/ 262/ 1280 fax} 610/ 262/ 1756 www.gormanandassociates.org In addition, the representation letter provided to us, by management, confirmed there were no uncorrected misstatements that materially affect the financial statements. Management has recorded all of our adjusting journal entries, and has agreed to the conversion entries necessary to convert governmental funds and proprietary funds to governmental activities and business-type activities, respectively.

In accordance with auditing standards, generally accepted in the United States of America, we have acquired a sufficient understanding of the District and its environment, including its internal control, to assess the risk of material misstatements of the financial statements whether due to error or fraud, and to design the nature, timing, and extent of further audit procedures that were necessary to express an opinion on the 2010-11 basic financial statements.

Our consideration of the District's internal control components was not designed for the purpose of making detailed recommendations and would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies within the components. Our audit procedures have been appropriately adjusted to compensate for any observed significant deficiencies. The following three paragraphs define the three different types of deficiencies that can occur:

A control deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

As the primary purpose of our audit is to form an opinion on the basic financial statements, you will appreciate that reliance must be placed on adequate methods of internal control as your principal safeguard against errors and fraud which audit procedures may not disclose. The objective of internal control over financial reporting is to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that assets are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use and that financial records are reliable for preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and for maintaining the accountability for assets. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that the cost of internal control should not exceed the related benefits; to operationalize this concept, management is required to formulate estimates and judgments of the cost/benefit ratios of alternative controls.

There are inherent limitations that should be recognized in considering the potential effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting. Errors can result from misunderstanding of instructions, mistakes of judgment, carelessness, fatigue, and other personnel factors. Control procedures whose effectiveness depends upon the segregation of duties can be circumvented by collusion or by management. What's more, any projection of internal control evaluations to future periods is subject to the risk that the procedures may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or due to the deterioration of the degree of compliance with control procedures.

As an adjunct to our audit, we remained alert throughout for opportunities to enhance internal controls and operating efficiency. The remainder of this letter will explain any internal control deficiencies discovered during the audit, other auditor recommendations, and other information pertinent to the District.

Board of School Directors . Dr. Joseph Roy, Superintendent

A control deficiency is determined to be considered a material weakness or significant deficiency based upon the magnitude of the problem as it pertains to a particular opinion unit. In other words, what is considered a significant deficiency in one fund may only be a control deficiency in another fund of greater size.

This letter would be incomplete if we did not mention management has finally made some substantial improvement from last year's management/governance letter. They have reduced the material weaknesses and significant deficiencies reported in last year's report from twenty (20) items to only five (5) items. It is our sincere hope that the new computer software and the willingness of staff and management to follow our remaining recommendations, will enable the District's financial reporting process to excel.

The following section in this governance/management letter is separated by categories based on importance, with any material weaknesses or significant deficiencies listed in the beginning:

MATERIAL WEAKNESSES

All Funds – Pooled Cash Account and Investment Accounts (Bank Reconciliation)

As was the case in prior years, the account analyst and bookkeeper are suppose to reconcile all the cash and investment accounts on a monthly basis to the cash and investment balances in the computer system. Unfortunately, like last year, this was not done in a correct manner. There were three debt service payments not posted into the computer system, federal revenue from Title 19 (medical reimbursement) was posted twice, and an error was made in posting the wrong amount of retirement revenue.

The failure to properly reconcile these cash accounts on a monthly basis has caused the District additional audit costs. Unlike prior years, the major problems in not properly reconciling cash occurred during the first eight months of this past fiscal year. Subsequent to this time frame, current management has taken steps to correct this problem going forward into the 2011-12 fiscal year. We wish to remind management to stay on top of this situation with their staff on a monthly basis to ensure the corrections made continue to be maintained.

Self-Insurance Fund - Transactions

During our review of the Self – Insurance Fund transactions, we discovered errors in transaction recording that understates the expenditures of this fund. For example, \$1.3 million of unpaid bills owed to Capital Blue Cross and Caremark were not recorded in the computer system at year end. Postings occurred by staff after we were given the balances to audit, which caused delays in performing our audit procedures, and erroneous cash on claim balances existed that should have been eliminated. Although this fund is maintained during the year on a cash basis, we wish to remind management that this fund must be reported on the accrual basis at year end. As such, incurred, but not reported, claims must be reported as accounts payable at year end to properly reflect the correct financial position.

Federal Awards - Allowable Costs

As was the case in the prior year, our review of the IDEA Program, State Fiscal Stabilization Fund, Title I grants, and the 21st Century grants we discovered problems pertaining to the control activities, risk assessment, and the monitoring components of internal controls. Upon the start of our review of these ARRA and Non-ARRA federal programs we requested supporting documentation to show us the personnel's salaries and/or benefits that were charged to this program. The district personnel in charge of these programs could not provide us a complete list of employees and their respective salaries that were charged to these programs.

The failure to have adequate and readily available documentation to support the costs charged to these programs shows material weaknesses in the control activities, risk assessment, and monitoring components of internal control. Although the District segregates federal costs from non-federal costs, the descriptions in the computerized general ledger do not provide sufficient employee information, and the numerous journal entries made by management moving costs in and out of the federal source codes shows no explanation as to the reasons for the entries. As such, separate manually prepared spreadsheets should have been maintained to reflect the proper components of these costs to verify the validity of the charges.

Through a concerted effort from multiple employees, the District was able to re-construct what employees were charged to these federal programs and all charges are allowable costs. In the future, management needs to monitor the activities of their staff to ensure documentation exists to show the detail of the federal costs charged to each federal grant. We advise the staff to maintain separate records keeping track of those employees charged to each of these federal programs, the time allocated to the programs, and the amounts charged to each program from each employee charged to each respective program.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

Fixed Assets

We have explained issues pertaining to general fixed assets in prior years, but the current failure to properly maintain additions and deletions to the appraisal company, including adjustments made by us in the prior year that were not corrected by staff is continually creating problems in proper maintenance of the District's capital assets. Since the changeover of personnel, fixed asset records for the Day Care Fund and Food Service Fund can no longer be found. In addition, the tag numbers reported in the VFACS program are arbitrary and have never been labeled onto each asset. As such, the inventory system is flawed because management cannot correlate its records to any particular location. In addition, auctions are held with items sold and no reductions from the fixed asset records are done to correlate the disposals.

We wish to recommend multiple solutions to this ongoing problem. First, we can maintain the logs of the District's capital assets that the appraisal company currently has by requesting an excel file of their records and forwarding them to us. If we perform this function, the District will only have to maintain current year additions and deletions to be added or removed from the list of assets our system maintains.

In addition, we would like to suggest the District consider contracting with an outside company to reappraise the remaining fixed assets to re-establish the true assets maintained by the District, including valuating all parcels of land owned by the District.

Board of School Directors . Dr. Joseph Roy, Superintendent

Once completed, we recommend the District establish policies and procedures to properly monitor all equipment within the facilities owned by the District with constant updates to filter out disposals and adding new acquisitions. Of course, this revised listing can be given to us to maintain as stated above.

The failure over the years to properly maintain and monitor the capital assets owned by the District could potentially materially misstate the government-wide financial position.

Information and Communication Component of Internal Controls

The internal controls of any entity entail five components. In our prior year report, we reported on a material weakness in the Monitoring component of internal controls that management has corrected in the current year.

The Information and Communication component of internal controls pertains specifically to the accounting system and the proper flow of transactions into the system, including the year-end closing process, as well as having proper channels of communication upstream and downstream between management personnel and staff. As a third party consultant explained in their report to the School Board last year, this component of controls will take time to correct.

Past problems associated with this component pertained to operating a computer system that the majority of personnel did not understand, staff personnel performing their functions without proper supervisory guidance (monitoring), and failure of staff to communicate to management on problems in performing their functions. We are pleased to see management and the School Board has taken steps to replace the current computer system that many failed to understand its' complexities.

We wish to recommend to management and the staff the importance of maintaining an open line of communication upstream and downstream to ensure all personnel perform their respective functions properly in accordance with accounting principles. We recognize not all staff is familiar with the proper methods on following accounting principles, but current management are and can provide valuable insight to their staff. It is imperative that staff understand that errors made at their level that go undetected is causing account balances to be incorrect that can materially misstate the financial position of the District.

CONTROL DEFICIENCIES

General Fund - Undistributed Taxes

During our review of tax revenue account 6115 (undistributed taxes), we discovered a year-end balance of \$34,546. This account should have a zero balance at year end. Upon further investigation, we discovered the majority of the errors made in this account and corrected your records. We were informed by staff that they didn't have time to find out what comprised the erroneous balance in this account.

We would like to recommend that management review this finding with their staff and instruct them to find the necessary time to reconcile this account to a zero balance at year end. We realize this account has to exist during the year until your tax collector submits all required documentation of the various taxes collected during the year.

Athletic Fund – Revenues and Expenditures

During our review of athletic game receipts, we discovered ticket revenue is coded to the wrong function code. The game receipts are currently coded under revenue code 6990 versus the correct revenue code 6710. In addition, we discovered expenditures posted against revenue accounts for the payment of game officials.

We would like to recommend management correct staff from coding revenue to the wrong account and prohibit payments to game officials being charged to any revenue account.

Governmental Activities – Inventory

During our testing of inventory to report on the government-wide financial statements, we discovered problems in recording the copier paper that is remaining in inventory. During this past year, staff attempted to record a perpetual inventory in the computer system by charging the purchase of paper to the inventory account and removing it from inventory upon requisition. Unfortunately, when inventory was physically counted at year-end, the paper on hand were 100 cases less than reported in the computer system.

This error could be a result from not properly submitting requisitions when removing the cases from the inventory account or the shortage could be a result of theft. We suggest management review the requisition procedures in place and make improvements to the perpetual recordkeeping or eliminate the perpetual inventory records and record the actual physical count at year-end.

Capital Project Fund – Expenditures

During our review of how expenditures are coded within this fund, we found errors in posting expenditures to the correct function and object codes. We made adjustments to correct these miscodings to over 50% of the total amount expended this past year. In the future, we recommend management and staff uses the correct function and object codes dictated by the PA School Accounting Manual.

Activity Fund

During our review of the student clubs and organizations, we had difficulty receiving the appropriate records to perform the audit. It took approximately nine (9) days to receive all the information needed to conduct our audit. We discovered the main reason for this delay is because some employees at the various schools have been taking records home removing them from District premises. In addition, we discovered a small certificate of deposit created as a memorial for a previous employee that was never recorded on the books in past years.

We would like to recommend to management to inform each school's employees responsible in maintaining these records to not remove them from the school in the future. In addition, any future memorials established should be done so with School Board approval.

Food Service Fund & Day Care Fund – Expenses

During our review of expenses incurred in the food service and day care funds this past year, we discovered a number of small issues pertaining to recording transactions on the accrual basis of accounting at year-end, using the wrong retirement rate to record accrued salaries, and using the wrong function code for expenses. We have made the appropriate adjustments for the 2010-11 fiscal year.

We would like to suggest management, in conjunction with their staff, properly convert from cash accounting to accrual accounting at year-end and make proper use of the 3100 function code in the food service fund and 3340 function code in the day care fund. No expense within each fund should be coded to any other function code.

Journal Entries

During our review of balances in accounts pertaining to various funds of the District, we discovered a number of issues involving the creation of journal entries and attempts made by personnel to correct errors previously made. Presently, for this past fiscal year, there are at least two personnel below management level with authority to make journal entries. Unfortunately, there were a number of entries made during the course of the year that were incorrect. In addition, there has been no review of these entries made by management or approved by management.

To prevent future errors from occurring without being detected, we wish to recommend that the new computer system not allow anyone below the assistant business manager to make journal entries into the system. We believe other personnel, who detect errors made, should manually write up journal entries to correct the error with detailed explanation for each proposed entry and submit the entry or entries to the assistant business manager for approval and submission into the computer system.

RECOMMENDATIONS

Earned Income Tax Revenue - City of Bethlehem

During our review of earned income tax collected and remitted to the School District by the City of Bethlehem during this past fiscal year, we noticed a considerable decrease (\$2.1 million) in remitted earned income taxes for the 2010-11 fiscal year. As a result of Act 32, tax collectors have changed going forward; however, during the months of January, February, and March of 2011 the City of Bethlehem did not remit any earned income taxes for the City or Freemansburg. The last collection remitted by the City was in June 2011 for the fourth quarter of 2010 taxes. During the transition to Keystone Collection Group during the first quarter of 2011, we have some concern that these tax collections are still owed to the District by the City.

We wish to recommend that management contact officials at the City to discuss this apparent shortfall of remitted taxes and find out whether the District is owed anymore earned income taxes for the 2010-11 fiscal year.

Non-Expendable Trust Fund

During our review of this fund, we had similar delays that we encountered with the student activity fund because of records under the control of individuals not employed in the business office. We discovered errors in recording awards given to students during the year. There are a fairly large number of individual awards given out to students on a yearly basis with contributions coming from individuals and organizations and handled at various buildings.

We would like to recommend the memorial and scholarship contributions and awards given to students each year should be centralized in the business office. Any donations received at each school should be sent to the business office for deposit and proper reporting of each donation to the respective award. When students are nominated for these awards, each school should submit a list of the student recipients and the award they are to receive, and then the business office can properly record the awards and prepare the checks to be given to each recipient.

Concession Fund

We would like to recommend the District close this fund into the Athletic program, since the concession fund is no longer maintained by the District. Any future contribution received from the Booster Club can be reported the same way any other contribution is recorded.

General Fund - Other Liabilities

During our review of a small debit balance in an account within the general fund, we discovered this account is used to record contributions received from outside parties donating money to purchase toys for needy children. In past years, this account had no balance at year end. After discussing the purpose of this account with management, we recommend this account should no longer be used, with any future donations received going into a student club or organization to disburse to needy children.

OTHER INFORMATION

New Accounting Principles

As you may remember, this year's financial statements are prepared using revised fund balance categories and governmental fund definitions required by GASB Statement No. 54. These new categories and definitions are explained in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Since Statement No. 54 was issued, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has issued nine new statements on governmental accounting principles that can potentially have a future effect on the District. GASB Statements 55 and 56 were effective immediately upon issuance and pertain to removing accounting literature from auditing standards and incorporating them under accounting literature. These new standards deal with the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles, related party transactions, subsequent events, and going concern issues.

GASB Statements 57, 59, and 61 pertain to corrections from previous issued standards dealing with Other Post Employment Benefits with agent employers, who belong to a agent multiple employer OPEB Plan, corrections associated with financial instruments, and clarifications dealing with component units and joint ventures. There are presently no transactions of the District that are affected by these corrections.

GASB Statement No. 58 was issued to help governments to properly report and account for filing Chapter 9 bankruptcy under the U.S. Bankruptcy Code. This Chapter of the Bankruptcy Code allows governments to file for bankruptcy protection from creditors by filing a petition.

GASB Statement 60 was issued to address the accounting and reporting issues involved in Service Concession Arrangements. Without getting into the specifics of the criteria needed for this Statement to affect governments, these arrangements occur when one government allows a third party operator to use a government's facilities to generate income. We cannot foresee this statement affecting the District in the future.

GASB Statement 62 was issued to incorporate previous accounting guidance found in the Financial Accounting Standards Board's statements in existence prior to September 1989, which governments are allowed to use as an election. You will notice in this year's financial statements this guidance being used as a result of a change in accounting principles that is described in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Board of School Directors . Dr. Joseph Roy, Superintendent

Last, but certainly not least, the newest GASB Statement No. 63, was issued in June 2011. This statement has far reaching changes in reporting the government-wide financial statements for all governments in the future. The effective date of this standard will be the 2012-13 fiscal year. This Statement will change the Statement of Net Assets on the government-wide financial statements to the Statement of Net Position. More importantly, it adds two new elements to what most people know as the Balance Sheet, deferred inflows of resources and deferred outflows of resources.

Deferred Outflows of Resources is a consumption of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. Deferred Inflows of Resources is an acquisition of net assets by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period.

As a result of these new elements to the statement of financial position, the net position of the entire government at year end will equal total assets, plus total deferred outflows of resources, minus total liabilities and total deferred inflows of resources.

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is presently having controversial discussions on changing the measurement focus for governmental funds, which determines when a government recognizes revenues and expenditures, along with discussions on changing the reporting of pension liabilities on governmental financial statements. As an ongoing service to our clients, we constantly stay abreast on these and other potential changes that can be positive or detrimental to you.

This letter is required by our standards and has been combined with, what we previously referred to as, the management letter. The intent of this letter is to communicate with those charged with governance on matters pertaining to the audit and includes information that we believe can help you correct or improve operating efficiency, under the limitations of staff availability, within the District.

Respectively submitted,

Aurorates, P.C.

January 5, 2012

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Board of School Directors Bethlehem Area School District 1516 Sycamore Street Bethlehem, PA 18017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Bethlehem Area School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the District's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards, generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made, by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the remaining fund information of Bethlehem Area School District, as of June 30, 2011, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof, and the budgetary comparison statement of the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

As discussed in Note 2-F to the financial statements, Bethlehem Area School District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 this fiscal year. The new accounting principle is associated with revised classifications of fund balance for governmental funds and revised definitions of governmental funds.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards we have also issued our report dated January 5, 2012, on our consideration of the Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's Discussion and Analysis, on pages 15 to 25, and the Schedule of Funding Progress, on page 84, are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bethlehem Area School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, listed in the table of contents, are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements of the Bethlehem Area School District. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Respectfully submitted,

men à Consecutor P.C.

January 5, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A) Required Supplementary Information (RSI) (UNAUDITED) For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

The discussion and analysis of the Bethlehem Area School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements--and Management's Discussion and Analysis--for State and Local Governments*, issued in June 1999.

SCHOOL DISTRICT HIGHLIGHTS

Bethlehem Area School District is a School District of the Second Class, organized and existing under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (the "Commonwealth"). The governing body of the School District is a board of nine school directors who are each elected for a four-year term. The daily operation and management of the School District is carried out by the administrative staff of the School District, headed by the Superintendent of Schools who is appointed by the Board of School Directors.

The Bethlehem Area School District is located in portions of Northampton and Lehigh Counties, Pennsylvania in an area known as the Lehigh Valley. It is comprised of five municipal subdivisions including the City of Bethlehem, Fountain Hill and Freemansburg Boroughs, and Bethlehem and Hanover Townships covering an area of approximately 43.1 square miles. The School District had an enrollment of 14,685 students in 2010-11.

The Bethlehem Area School District consists of 16 elementary schools for students in kindergarten through 5th grade, four middle schools for grades 6-8, and two 9th through 12th grade high schools.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The School District's budget is prepared according to Pennsylvania law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The School District uses site-based budgeting, and the budgeting system is designed to tightly control total site budgets but provide flexibility for site management.

Analysis of our revenues and expenditures reveals that actual revenues were higher than budgeted revenues due to unanticipated revenue from the collection of delinquent taxes. Additionally, the revenue sharing agreement with the Bethlehem Redevelopment Authority related to the newly constructed Sands Casino increased the amount of tax revenue retained by the school district for the parcels included in the Tax Increment Financing (TIF) area. These events combined with a planned increase in the fund balance from unexpended reserves yielded a General Fund surplus of \$6,784,330 for the year ended June 30, 2011. When netted against the beginning fund balance of (\$8,891,090), the BASD ended the fiscal year with a positive general fund, fund balance of \$15,675,450.

Overall expenditures for the 2010-2011 school year were \$197,683,607 and were under budget by \$9,563,222. Overall revenues for the 2010-11 school year were \$204,467,937 and were under budget by (\$2,778,892). These differences between budgeted and actual amounts were the result of overall

effective management of the budget, staffing vacancies throughout the year, planned fund balance growth and one time revenues that offset the shortfall.

General Fund balance reserves increased for three consecutive years bringing our total fund balance at June 30, 2011, to \$15,675,420 or approximately 7.9% of our General Fund budgeted expenditures.

USING THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Bethlehem Area School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.

The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how general District services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities that the District operates like a business. For this District this is our Food Service Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

Figure A-1
Required components of Bethlehem Area School District's Financial Report

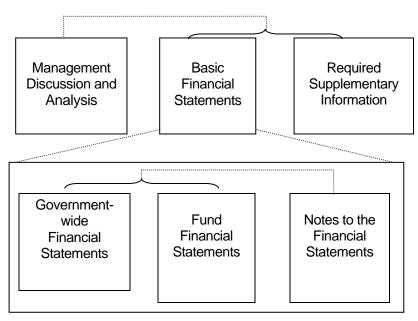


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2
Major Features of Bethlehem Area School District's
Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

			Fund Statemen	ts
	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business - Food Services	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources - Scholarship Funds
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
- Accounting basis and measurement focus	- Accrual - accounting and - economic - resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	- Accrual - accounting and - economic - resources focus	- Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Districts net assets and how they have changed. Net assets, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional factors, such as the increasing property tax base, outlook for future growth, strength of financial policies and planning, and student performance and achievement.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, administration and community services. Property taxes and state and federal subsidies and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities -The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to staff, students and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required by state law and by bond requirements.

Governmental funds - Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Assets and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds - These funds are used to account for the District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides - whether to outside customers or to other units in the District these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The District's proprietary funds are the Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund which are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

Fiduciary funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some scholarship funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Assets. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statement because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's total net assets were (\$20,298,889) at June 30, 2011. This is an increase in net assets of \$6,822,714 from the net assets for the previous fiscal year.

Table A-1
Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011
Net Assets (In Millions)

	2011					<u>2010</u>						
	G	overn-	Bus	siness-		Total	G	overn-	Bus	siness-		Total
	n	nental	7	Гуре	_	Primary	n	nental	1	уре		rimary
	Ac	tivities	Ac	tivities	G	overnment	Ac	tivities	Act	tivities	Gov	<u>rernment</u>
Current assets	\$	42.6	\$	1.7	\$	44.3	\$	36.0	\$	1.1	\$	37.1
Non-Current assets		267.2		0.2		267.4		273.5		0.1		273.6
Total Assets	\$	309.8	\$	1.9	\$	311.7	\$	309.5	\$	1.2	\$	310.7
Current and other liabilities		31.3		0.2		31.5		69.5		0.2		69.7
Long-term liabilities		300.2		0.2		300.4		268.0		0.1		268.1
Total Liabilities		331.5		0.4		331.9		337.5		0.3		337.8
Net Assets												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		(19.1)		0.2		(18.9)		(32.6)		0.1		(32.5)
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-		-		-		-		-		-
Captial Projects		-				-		3.1				3.1
Other Restrictions		-		-		-		1.5		-		1.5
Unrestricted		(2.6)		1.3		(1.3)		(0.0)		0.8		0.8
Total Net Assets	\$	(21.7)	\$	1.5	\$	(20.2)	\$	(28.0)	\$	0.9	\$	(27.1)
Total Liabilities												
and Net Assets	\$	309.8	<u>\$</u>	1.9	\$	311.7	\$	309.5	\$	1.2	\$	310.7

Most of the District's net assets are invested in capital assets (buildings, land, and equipment). The remaining unrestricted net assets are designated or set-aside to fund future capital projects as planned by the district. The overall negative net asset valuation is due to the level of outstanding debt and derivative liabilities as well as the Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) obligation reflected in the statements which are funded on an annual cash basis.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

Table A-2 takes the information from that Statement and rearranges it slightly, so that you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table A-2
Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011
Changes in Net Assets (In Thousands)

				2011						2010		
	(Govern-	Вι	ısiness-		Total	(Govern-	Вι	siness-		Total
		mental ctivities		Type ctivities		Primary overnment		mental ctivities		Type ctivities		Primary vernment
REVENUES												
Program revenues												
Charges for services	\$	754	\$	5,081	\$	5,835	\$	770	\$	4,335	\$	5,105
Operating grants and contributions		35,709		4,270		39,979		34,613		4,157		38,770
Capital grants and contributions		2,071		-		2,071		2,743		35		2,778
General revenues												
Property taxes		120,044		-		120,044		111,996		-		111,996
Other taxes		15,398		-		15,398		16,948		-		16,948
Grants, subsidies and contributions,						-						-
unrestricted		28,946		-		28.946		27,687		_		27,687
Other		4,922		44		4,966		5,336		10		5,346
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	207,844	\$	9,395	\$	217,239	\$	200,093	\$	8,537	\$	208,630
EXPENSES												
Instruction	\$	125.524	\$	_	\$	125,524	\$	117,013	\$	-	\$	117,013
Instructional student support	*	14,738	*	_	*	14,738	*	15,098	*	_	*	15,098
Administrative and financial support		15,676		_		15,676		14,120		_		14,120
Operation and maintenance of plant		14,319		-		14,319		15,586		-		15,586
Pupil transportation		5,564		_		5,564		5,885		_		5.885
Student activities		1,980		_		1,980		1,868		_		1,868
Community services		156		2,506		2,662		106		2,584		2,690
Scholarships and Awards		1		,		1		-		,		-
Interest on long-term debt		18,651		-		18,651		14,814		_		14,814
Unallocated depreciation expense		4,890		-		4,890		4,916		_		4,916
Food Services		-		6,411		6,411		-		5,954		5,954
TOTAL EXPENSES		201,499		8,917		210,416		189,406		8,538		197,944
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$	6,345	\$	478	\$	6,823	\$	10,687	\$	(1)	\$	10,686

The tables below present the expenses of both the Governmental Activities and the Business-type Activities of the District.

Table A-3 shows the District's eight largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, community services, food service as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsidies, and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

Table A-3 Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011 Governmental Activities (In Thousands)

		20	11			20	10	
Functions/Programs	-	otal Cost Services	_	Net Cost Services	_	otal Cost Services	_	let Cost Services
Instruction	\$	125,524	\$	96,351	\$	117,013	\$	89,740
Instructional student support		14,738		11,157		15,098		11,581
Administrative		15,676		14,821		14,120		13,097
Operation and maintenance		14,319		14,141		15,586		15,009
Pupil transportation		5,564		3,209		5,885		3,371
Student activities		1,980		1,676		1,868		1,446
Community services		156		138		106		49
		1		1				
Interest on long-term debt		18,651		16,580		14,814		12,071
Unallocated depreciation expense		4,890		4,890		4,916		4,916
Total governmental activities	\$	201,499	\$	162,964	\$	189,406	\$	151,280
Less: Unrestricted grants, subsidies				28,946				27,687
Total needs from local taxes and other revenues			\$	(134,018)			\$	(123,593)

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-type activity of the District.

Table A-4
Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2011
Business –Type Activities

Functions/Programs		20		2010				
		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services		et Cost Services
Food Services Child Care Less:	\$	6,410,907 2,506,168	\$	173,003 260,822	\$	5,953,712 2,583,860	\$	86,358 (97,344)
Investment earnings & other misc. Total business-type activities			\$	43,731 477,556			\$	9,923 (1,063)

DISTRICT FUNDS

At June 30, 2011, the District governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$16,919,799, an increase of \$4,357,179 from the previous year

General fund revenues exceeded expenditures by \$6,761,830, with the sale of fixed assets generating \$22,500 resulting in the General Fund showing a final \$6,784,330 increase in fund balance for a net ending fund balance of \$15,675,420.

The Capital Projects Fund had a negative change in its fund balance of (\$2,363,839) due to ongoing construction project expenditures in the same amount, resulting in a Capital Project fund balance of \$1,237,409 on June 30, 2011.

General Fund Budget

During the fiscal year, the Board of School Directors (The Board) authorizes revisions to the original budget to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. All adjustments are again confirmed at the time the annual audit is accepted, which is after the end of the fiscal year, which is permitted by state law. A statement showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the Annual Financial Report.

Local revenues were greater than budgetary figures due to delinquent real estate tax revenue collected, and mercantile taxes also grew due to the success of the new Sands Casino. State revenue was lower than budgetary figures by \$5,558,953. A large portion of this was due to over-projection of State Basic Education Subsidy and the State share of retirement expense. Additionally, federal revenues increased by, \$574,225 due to the receipt of Education Jobs funding under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

Salaries and benefits, which make up the largest portion of expenditures, were significantly lower than originally budgeted, driving the total expenditures (excluding fund transfers and budgetary reserve) to be \$7,009,963 lower than originally budgeted when combined with the Boards intent to include a budgetary reserve account appropriation of \$2,500,000 in the annual budget appropriation to incrementally rebuild the fund balance to a fiscally sound level which has continued into 2010-11 fiscal year as well. The Board is using this method of budgeting to build and protect the integrity of the fund balance.

Contracted educational services and utility costs were also lower than originally budgeted along with ongoing conservative spending contributed to the operational surplus. Further, there were no significant unexpected expenditures during the year so the budgeted reserve amount was able to be fully utilized to contribute toward improving the fund balance to a positive level.

The Board's intent was to include a budgetary reserve account appropriation of \$2,000,000 in the annual budget appropriation to incrementally rebuild the fund balance to a fiscally sound level which has continued into 2010-11 fiscal year as well. The Board is using this method of budgeting to build and protect the integrity of the fund balance.

Transfers between specific categories of expenditures/financing uses occur during the year. The most significant transfers occur due to use of grant funds, whose amounts are not known at the time that the budget must be approved.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2011, the District had \$249,689,155 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$3,575,812, or 1.41% from last year.

Table A-5
Governmental Activities
Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011
Capital assets - net of depreciation

	2011	2010
Land	\$ 75,410	\$ 75,410
Site Improvements	8,935,286	8,935,286
Buildings	319,247,953	175,774,351
Furniture & Equipment	61,480,849	61,346,899
Construction in Progress	2,696,666	143,667,359
Total Capital Assets	\$ 392,436,164	\$ 389,799,305
Less Accumulated Depreciation	(142,747,009)	(136,534,338)
Total Capital Assets Net of Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 249,689,155	\$ 253,264,967

The District did not have any significant additions in capital assets other than construction in progress.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of July 1, 2010, the District had total outstanding debt of \$297,555,000. During the year, the District issued \$40,470,000 in additional debt, but retired and repaid \$48,670,000 resulting in ending outstanding debt as of June 30, 2011, of \$289,355,000:

Table A-6
Outstanding Debt

	2011		2010
General Obligation Notes/Bonds:			
- Bonds, Revenue Series of 2011	\$ 40,470	0,000 \$	-
- Bonds, Revenue Series of 2010	29,99	5,000	30,000,000
- Bonds, Series of 2010	28,84	5,000	28,850,000
- Bonds, Series B of 2009	10,240	0,000	10,665,000
- Bonds, Series AA of 2009	14,410	0,000	14,410,000
- Bonds, Series A of 2009	66,76	5,000	68,180,000
- Bonds, Series of 2009		-	40,275,000
- Bonds, Series A of 2007	38,73	5,000	44,890,000
- Bonds, Series of 2007	54,980	0,000	54,985,000
- Bonds, Series of 2001	4,91	5,000	5,300,000
TOTAL	\$ 289,35	5,000 \$	297,555,000

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District as well as the OPEB obligation under GASB 45. More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in the notes to the financial statements.

FUTURE ECONOMIC FACTORS

Capital Improvement Plan

Since 1991, the school district has renovated or replaced the majority of its 23 schools and other properties. The Northeast project which required raising of the existing building was completed by the close of 2010. All site improvements are complete and athletic fields are now available for student and community use. Nitschmann Middle School has been identified for major renovation costing approximately \$65 million, however, funding has not been obtained and the timeline for commencement of that project has not been determined. In summer of 2011, the boiler systems were replaced at Nitschmann Middle School as well as paving and catch basin repairs were completed at Freedom High School. The school district continues to annually fund and complete capital improvement projects that are designed to maintain all existing structures. However, it is anticipated that the lack of additional capital funds may delay advancement of future capital improvement projects.

Variable Rate Debt and SWAP Concerns

The amount of variable rate debt within the school district's debt portfolio was reduced by approximately \$25.2 million in November 2011, prior to the Dexia liquidity facility expiration, lowering the percentage of variable rate to total debt to 34%. The school directors continue to restructure the debt portfolio by reducing the swap interests and improving the quality of outstanding debt. This was again evidenced by the termination of a Swaption, which had not yet been effectuated, with Morgan Stanley related to the 2007A bonds in October, 2011. The school district also remarketed the bonds relating to its Series of 2010 Note with RBC Capital Markets in December 2011 upon its tender date, reducing the associated interest rate almost in half. The most recent transaction was a traditional refinancing of the fixed rate GOB Series 2001A Bonds at a net present value savings of 8.63%. The financial position of the district on June 30, 2011 makes these refunding opportunities much more positive with this more promising and stable outlook for our financial future.

Future Budgets

The annual operating budget for the 2011-2012 year is \$3,437,565 less than the original budget of 2010-11. The budget of \$203,809,264 is supported by a 0.75-mil or 1.7% real estate tax rate increase. With the passing of Act 1, the District was required to pass a preliminary budget in January and get approval for increasing taxes above an allowed index or pass a resolution stating that we would not exceed the index. For the 2010-2011 budget, this index was 1.7%, and the District was approved for exceptions to exceed that amount for state mandated retirement contributions, grandfathered debt, special education expenditures and maintenance of the school improvement plan but no exceptions were utilized. With the elimination of the ARRA funding and reduced state support for education, 126.5 positions were reduced along with programmatic changes to balance a sustainable budget.

The comparison of original budgeted revenue and expenditure categories is as follow:

Table A-7
BUDGETED REVENUES

	2011-2012	2010-2011
Local	71.7%	67.1%
State	25.9%	27.6%
Federal/Other	2.4%	5.3%

BUDGETED EXPENDITURES

	2011-2012	2010-2011
Instruction	60.5%	61.0%
Support Services	26.1%	25.9%
Non-Instruction/Community	0.9%	0.1%
Fund Transfers/Debt	12.5%	13.0%

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Our financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors, and other interested parties with a general overview of the School Board's finances and to illustrate the School Board's accountability for the funds it receives. Questions concerning this report or a request for additional information should be addressed to the Assistant to the Superintendent for Finance and Administration, Bethlehem Area School District, 1516 Sycamore Street, Bethlehem, PA 18017, telephone number (610) 861-0500 ext. 60201.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2011

		PRI	NT				
		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	TOTAL		
<u>ASSETS</u>							
CURRENT ASSETS:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,954,272	\$	788,988	\$	17,743,260	
Investments		10,000,000		-		10,000,000	
Receivables, net		8,298,568		-		8,298,568	
Internal Balances		-		152,059		- (1)	
Due From Other Governments		6,859,325		546,105		7,405,430	
Other Receivables		301,173		180,646		481,819	
Inventories		239,629		111,682		351,311	
Prepaid Expenses		20,893		1,873		22,766	
Other Current Assets		9,413		195		9,608	
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		42,683,273		1,781,548		44,312,762	
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:							
Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents		1,539,000		_		1,539,000	
Land		75,410		_		75,410	
Site Improvements (net of depreciation)		2,811,803		_		2,811,803	
Building and Bldg. Improvements (net of depreciation)		238,733,538		_		238,733,538	
Furniture and Equipment (net of depreciation)		5,371,738		83,182		5,454,920	
Construction in Progress		2,696,666		-		2,696,666	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		13,115,534				13,115,534	
Bond Issue Costs (net of amortization)		2,869,607		_		2,869,607	
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		267,213,296		83,182		267,296,478	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	309,896,569	\$	1,864,730	\$	311,609,240	
	<u></u>		-		-		
<u>LIABILITIES</u>							
CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
Internal Balances	\$	152,059	\$	-	\$	- (1)	
Due to other governments		82,942		-		82,942	
Accounts Payable		6,122,669		115,594		6,238,263	
Current Portion of Long-Term Obligations		10,287,064		14611		10,287,064	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		9,523,155 1,638,776		14,611 23,711		9,537,766 1,662,487	
Deferred Revenue		106,096		110,028		216,124	
Other Current Liabilities		3,430,770		110,020		3,430,770	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		31,343,531		263,944	-	31,455,416	
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:							
Bonds and Notes Payable		262,868,496		-		262,868,496	
Derivative Financial Instrument Liability		23,400,356		_		23,400,356	
Deferred Gain on Refundings		1,993,093				1,993,093	
Lease Purchase Obligations		696,628		-		696,628	
Long-Term Portion of Compensated Absences		6,120,905		150,107		6,271,012	
Net OPEB and Pension Obligation		5,169,455		53,673		5,223,128	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		331,592,464		467,724		331,908,129	
NET ASSETS							
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		(19,058,280)		83,182		(18,975,098)	
RESTRICTED FOR:		(19,030,200)		03,102		(10,975,090)	
Retirement of Long-Term Debt		=		=		_	
Capital Projects		-		-		<u>-</u>	
Other Restrictions		_		-		_	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(2,637,615)	_	1,313,824	_	(1,323,791)	
TOTAL NET ASSETS		(21,695,895)		1,397,006		(20,298,889)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	309,896,569	\$	1,864,730	\$	311,609,240	

The Accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

⁽¹⁾ Internal balances represent the amount owed to or from the two types of activities within the Primary Government. Since internal balances do not represent assets or liabilities of the total Primary Government, their balances are eliminated in the "total" column (GASB Statement No. 34, para. 58).

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

			PROGRAM REVENUES			NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE									
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS		EXPENSES		CHARGES FOR SERVICES		OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS		AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS					
										GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL	
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:															
Instruction	\$	125,523,696	\$	500,079	\$	28,672,318	\$	-	\$	(96,351,299)		-	\$	(96,351,299)	
Instructional Student Support		14,737,976		-		3,581,066		-		(11,156,910)		-		(11,156,910)	
Admin. & Fin'l Support Services		15,675,919		-		855,373		-		(14,820,546)		-		(14,820,546)	
Oper. & Maint. of Plant Svcs.		14,318,977		-		178,075		-		(14,140,902)		-		(14,140,902)	
Pupil Transportation		5,564,194				2,354,960		-		(3,209,234)		-		(3,209,234)	
Student activities		1,980,233		249,647		54,366		-		(1,676,220)		-		(1,676,220)	
Community Services		156,133		4,662		13,191		-		(138,280)		-		(138,280)	
Scholarships and Awards		500								(500)				(500)	
Interest on Long-Term Debt		18,651,319		-		-		2,071,440		(16,579,879)		-		(16,579,879)	
Unallocated Depreciation Expense		4,890,463		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				(4,890,463)		<u>-</u>		(4,890,463)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		201,499,410		754,388		35,709,349		2,071,440		(162,964,233)		-		(162,964,233)	
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:															
Food Services		6,410,907		2,499,033		4,084,877		-		-		173,003		173,003	
Day Care		2,506,168		2,582,055		184,935				<u> </u>		260,822		260,822	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$	210,416,485	\$	5,835,476	\$	39,979,161	\$	2,071,440	\$	(162,964,233)	\$	433,825	\$	(162,530,408)	
	CEN	IERAL REVENUI	Ee.												
		operty taxes. Lev	-	r general purpo	oses	. net			\$	120,043,654	\$	-	\$	120,043,654	
		Taxes levied for specific purposes Grants, subsidies, & contributions not restricted Investment Earnings					*	15,397,925	*	_	*	15,397,925			
								28,945,587		_		28,945,587			
								3,880,263		14		3,880,277			
		Miscellaneous Income Special item - Gain (Loss) on sale of capital assets							1,039,969		43,717		1,083,686		
									1,993		10,717		1,993		
		ecial item - Term	,	,						1,555				1,555	
		traordinary Items		iii ee oii beiiv	auv	63				_					
		ansfers													
		AL GENERAL R	EVEN	IIIES SDECIA	\ I IT	EMS									
		TRAORDINARY		-		-				169,309,391		43,731		169,353,122	
	СНА	NGE IN NET AS	SETS	;						6,345,158		477,556		6,822,714	
	NET	ASSETS - BEGI	INNIN	IG						(28,041,053)		919,450		(27,121,603)	
	NET	ASSETS - ENDI	NG						\$	(21,695,895)	\$	1,397,006	\$	(20,298,889)	

The Accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Bethlehem Area School District Balance Sheet Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2011

	GENERAL		CAPITAL PROJECTS		GOV	N-MAJOR ERNMENTAL FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
<u>ASSETS</u>									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	14,962,806	\$	1,299,640	\$	22,193	\$	16,284,639	
Investments		10,000,000		-		-		10,000,000	
Taxes Receivable, net		7,569,993		-		-		7,569,993	
Due from other funds		433,007		394,930		882,355		1,710,292	
Due from Primary Government		-		-		-		-	
Due from Other Governments		6,644,888		-		-		6,644,888	
Due from Component Unit		-						-	
Other Receivables		258,109		-		-		258,109	
Inventories		239,629		_		_		239,629	
Prepaid Expenditures		15,006		-		_		15,006	
Other Current Assets				<u>-</u>					
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	40,123,438	\$	1,694,570	\$	904,548	\$	42,722,556	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES:									
Due to Other Funds	\$	4,300,805	\$	399,260	\$	-	\$	4,700,065	
Due to Other Governments		82,942						82,942	
Due to Primary Government		· -		-		_		-	
Due to Component Unit		-		-				-	
Accounts Payable		3,463,916		57,901		_		3,521,817	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		513,764				5,000		518,764	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		9,523,155		_		-		9,523,155	
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		1,637,295		_		_		1,637,295	
Deferred Revenues		4,567,953		_		_		4,567,953	
Other Current Liabilities		358,188		-		892,578		1,250,766	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		24,448,018		457,161		897,578		25,802,757	
FUND BALANCES:					-	·			
Nonspendable Fund Balance		254,635		-		-		254,635	
Restricted Fund Balance		2,058		1,237,409		-		1,239,467	
Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-	
Assigned Fund Balance		-				6,970		6,970	
Unassigned Fund Balance		15,418,727				<u>-</u>		15,418,727	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		15,675,420		1,237,409		6,970		16,919,799	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	40,123,438	\$	1,694,570	\$	904,548	\$	42,722,556	
TO THE EMPIRITIES AND I SHE BALANCES	Ψ	70,120,730	Ψ	1,007,070	Ψ	307,070	Ψ	72,722,000	

The Accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

Bethlehem Area School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Assets As of June 30, 2011

TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	16,919,799
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$392,436,164 and the accumulated depreciation is \$142,747,009.		249,689,155
Additional receivables established that do not meet the availability criteria reflected in the fund financial statements. This amount represents the difference between the prior year receivables and the current year receivables established under the accrual basis of		0.1.10=
accounting.		214,437
This amount represents the deferred outflows net of deferred inflows created from derivative hedging transactions, including long-term receivables.		13,115,534
Property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.		5,215,242
This amount reflects the elimination of the Internal Service Fund's assets, liabilities, and equity and incorporating them into the Governmental Activities column.		2,477,569
The governmental funds follow the purchase method of inventory; therefore no inventory is reflected on the balance sheet. However, the statement of net assets uses the consumption method of inventory.		-
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds payable \$ Accrued interest on the bonds Compensated absences Derivative Instrument Liability Deferred Gain on Refunding - Derivative Instruments Net OPEB Obligation Lease Purchase Obligations	(269,108,889) (2,180,005) (6,120,905) (23,400,356) (1,993,093) (5,169,455) (1,354,928)	(309,327,631)
		, ,

The Accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOTAL NET ASSETS - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ (21,695,895)

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

		GENERAL		CAPITAL PROJECTS		NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
REVENUES									
Local Sources	\$	141,451,746	\$	12,101	\$	3,624,544	\$	145,088,391	
State Sources		51,645,941		-		-		51,645,941	
Federal Sources		11,347,750				<u>-</u>		11,347,750	
TOTAL REVENUES		204,445,437		12,101		3,624,544		208,082,082	
EXPENDITURES							-		
Instruction		122,729,536		14,480		-		122,744,016	
Support Services		49,161,933		43,789		180,000		49,385,722	
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		2,051,935		-		-		2,051,935	
Capital Outlay		677,553		2,317,671		-		2,995,224	
Debt Service		23,062,650				3,707,856		26,770,506	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		197,683,607	_	2,375,940		3,887,856		203,947,403	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		6,761,830		(2,363,839)		(263,312)		4,134,679	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Proceeds from Bond Issues		-		=		-		-	
Proceeds from Refunded Bond Issues		-		-		80,940,000		80,940,000	
Proceeds from Extended Term Financing		-		-				-	
Bond Premiums		-		-		-		-	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures				-		-		-	
Interfund Transfers In		-		-		-			
Sale/Compensation for Fixed Assets		22,500		-		-		22,500	
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		-		-		(80,740,000)		(80,740,000)	
Swap Termination Fee		-		-		-		-	
Bond Discounts		-		-		-		-	
Operating Transfers Out	-	22,500		-		200,000		222,500	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		22,500		<u>-</u>		200,000		222,500	
SPECIAL/EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS									
Special Items		-		-		-		-	
Extraordinary Items		-		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		6,784,330		(2,363,839)		(63,312)		4,357,179	
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		8,891,090		3,601,248		70,282		12,562,620	
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	15,675,420	\$	1,237,409	\$	6,970	\$	16,919,799	

Bethlehem Area School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$	4,357,179
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period. Depreciation expense \$ 6,684,894	ļ	
less - capital outlays3,109,081	<u>_</u>	(3,575,813)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the sale of the capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, the proceeds from the sale increase financial resources. Thus, the change in net assets differs from the change in fund balance by the cost of fixed assets sold.		-
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds. Deferred revenues decreased by this amount this year.		(224,356)
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		9,022,081
In the statement of activities, certain operating expensescompensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds; however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.		(3,536,800)
In the statement of activities, certain operating revenues are recognized when earned versus the revenues using the modified accrual basis of accounting in the fund statements that are recognized when the funds are available. As such, the amount shown here represents the difference between earned revenues and revenues that are earned, but not available.		(35,655)

SUB-TOTAL IN CHANGES BETWEEN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Bethlehem Area School District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes In Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

SUB-TOTAL IN CHANGES BETWEEN BASIS OF ACCOUNTING (cont'd) 6,006,636 Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This would include accumulated interest accreted on capital appreciation bonds. The additional interest accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here. (902,894)Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of assets. Refunding bond issues becomes a use of current financial resources in governmental funds, but refundings represent payments of long-term debt in the statement of net assets. This figure represents the difference between bond proceeds and refunding payments made to paying agents. (20,000)An Internal Service Fund is used by the District to charge the health costs of self-insurance to the individual funds. The gain or (loss) of the Internal Service Fund's current operations are reported in the governmental activities. 1,261,416 The governmental funds use the purchase method of inventory, where all items purchased are charged to expenditures. However, the statement of activities is reflected on the consumption method of recording inventory type items; therefore, this adjustment reflects the inventory difference.

The Accompanying Notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

6,345,158

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Net Assets - Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2011

		FOOD	_	N-MAJOR				INTERNAL SERVICE
		SERVICE		FUNDS		TOTAL		FUND
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS:								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	393,238	\$	395,750	\$	788,988	\$	2,208,629
Investments		-		-		-		-
Due from other funds		164,765		115,329		280,094		2,841,267
Due From Other Governments		546,105		-		546,105		-
Other Receivables		120,197		60,449		180,646		43,064
Inventories		111,682		-		111,682		-
Prepaid expenses		-		1,873		1,873		5,887
Other Current Assets		195				195		9,413
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		1,336,182		573,401	_	1,909,583		5,108,260
NON-CURRENT ASSETS:								
Building & Bldg. Improvements (net)		_		_		_		_
Machinery & Equipment (net)		75,988		7,194		83,182		_
Other Long-Term Receivables		-		, -		-		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		75,988		7,194		83,182		-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,412,170	\$	580,595	\$	1,992,765	\$	5,108,260
								
LIABILITIES								
CURRENT LIABILITIES:	_		_		_		_	
Due to Other Funds	\$	33,747	\$	164,765	\$	198,512	\$	-
Due to Other Governments		-		-		-		-
Accounts Payable		108,611		6,983		115,594		2,532,353
Compensated Absences						-		-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		14,611		-		14,611		1,481
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		-		23,711		23,711		1,573
Deferred Revenue		53,161		56,867		110,028		24,808
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		210,130		252,326	_	462,456		2,560,215
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES:								
Long-Term Portion of Compensated Absences		132,063		18,044		150,107		-
Net OPEB Obligation		33,090		20,583		53,673		-
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		165,153		38,627		203,780		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		375,283		290,953		666,236		2,560,215
					-			
NET ASSETS								
Invested in capital assets, with no related debt		75,988		7,194		83,182		-
Restricted for Legal Purposes		-		-		-		-
Unrestricted		960,899		282,448		1,243,347		2,548,045
TOTAL NET ASSETS		1,036,887		289,642	_	1,326,529		2,548,045
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	1,412,170	\$	580,595	\$	1,992,765	\$	5,108,260

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets - Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	FOOD SERVICE	NON-MAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
OPERATING REVENUES:				
Food Service Revenue	\$ 2,499,033	\$ -	\$ 2,499,033	\$ -
Charges for Services	-	1,811,533	1,811,533	24,326,614
Other Operating Revenues	35,218	779,021	814,239	2,828,520
TOTAL OPERATING REVENUES	2,534,251	2,590,554	5,124,805	27,155,134
OPERATING EXPENSES:				
Salaries	1,940,164	1,384,502	3,324,666	1,929
Employee Benefits	504,680	885,590	1,390,270	25,693,602
Purchased Professional and Technical Services	721	2,736	3,457	157,151
Purchased Property Service	126,179	-	126,179	-
Other Purchased Services	3,505,022	6,466	3,511,488	-
Supplies	270,822	231,416	502,238	-
Depreciation	10,865	5,500	16,365	-
Dues and Fees	49,051	2,547	51,598	-
Claims and Judgments	-	-	-	-
Other Operating Expenses	12,753	25,100	37,853	
TOTAL OPERATING EXPENSES	6,420,257	2,543,857	8,964,114	25,852,682
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	(3,886,006)	46,697	(3,839,309)	1,302,452
NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
Earnings on investments	1	13	14	68
Contributions and Donations	-	-	-	-
Gain/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	-	-	-
State Sources	373,143	184,935	558,078	5,935
Federal Sources	3,711,734		3,711,734	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	4,084,878	184,948	4,269,826	6,003
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS	198,872	231,645	430,517	1,308,455
Capital Contributions	-	-	-	-
Transfers in (out)				
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	198,872	231,645	430,517	1,308,455
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING	838,015	57,997	896,012	1,239,590
NET ASSETS - ENDING	\$ 1,036,887	\$ 289,642	\$ 1,326,529	\$ 2,548,045

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2011

		FOOD SERVICE	 N-MAJOR FUNDS		TOTAL	SE	TERNAL ERVICE FUND
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			_				_
Cash Received from Users	\$	2,594,744	\$ 1,784,630	\$	4,379,374	\$	-
Cash Received from Assessments made to Other Funds		-	-		-		22,880,894
Cash Received from Earnings on Investments		-	-		-		-
Cash Received from Other Operating Revenue		35,023	777,148		812,171		2,853,328
Cash Payments to Employees for Services		(2,358,658)	(2,273,678)		(4,632,336)	(25,707,982)
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims		-	-		-		-
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services		(3,615,694)	(69,241)		(3,684,935)		-
Cash Payments to Other Operating Expenses		(61,772)	 (8,257)		(70,029)		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES		(3,406,357)	 210,602	_	(3,195,755)		26,240
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Local Sources		-	-		-		-
State Sources		369,659	184,935		554,594		5,935
Federal Sources		3,429,636	-		3,429,636		-
Notes and Loans Received		-	-		-		-
Contributions and Donations		-	-		-		-
Operating Transfers In (Out)			_		<u> </u>		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		3,799,295	 184,935	_	3,984,230		5,935
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Purchase of Equipment		_	_		_		_
Gain/Loss on Sale of Fixed Assets (Proceeds)		-	-		-		-
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES		_	 _				_
(,			 	-			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES							
Earnings on Investments		-	13		13		68
Purchase of Investment Securities/Deposits to Investment Pools		-	-		-		-
Withdrawals from Investment Pools		-	-		-		-
Proceeds from Sale and Maturity of Investment Securities		<u>-</u>	 -		<u> </u>		
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) INVESTING ACTIVITIES			 13		13		68
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		392,938	395,550		788,488		32,243
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	_	300	 200		500		2,176,386
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF YEAR	\$	393,238	\$ 395,750	\$	788,988	\$	2,208,629

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds As of June 30, 2011

RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES

	FOOD SERVICE	NON-MAJOR Funds	TOTAL	INTERNAL SERVICE FUND
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	\$ (3,886,006)	\$ 46,697	(3,839,309)	\$ 1,302,452
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Depreciation and Net Amortization	10,865	5,500	16,365	
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	-	-	-	-
Donated Commodities Used	254,763	-	254,763	-
CHANGE IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES:				-
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable	(10,028)	(26,903)	(36,931)	(43,064)
(Increase) Decrease in Advances from Other Funds	105,739	-	105,739	(2,841,267)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories	(29,301)	-	(29,301)	-
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses	-	(1,873)	(1,873)	1,445,857
(Increase) Decrease in Other Current Assets	(195)	-	(195)	(7,246)
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	60,495	1,381	61,876	1,231,661
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Salaries and Benefits	86,186	(3,586)	82,600	(1,899)
Increase (Decrease) in Advances to Other Funds	-	164,765	164,765	(1,085,062)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	1,125	24,621	25,746	24,808
TOTAL ADJUSTMENTS	479,649	163,905	643,554	(1,276,212)
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$ (3,406,357)	\$ 210,602	\$ (3,195,755)	\$ 26,240

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds As of June 30, 2011

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST		PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST	1	AGENCY FUNDS		
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	16,436	\$	- \$	382,341		
Investments		165,933		-	-		
Due from Other Funds		35,256		-	31,668		
Other Receivables		-		•	20,637		
Prepaid Expenses		87		-	-		
Other Current Assets							
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	217,712	\$	<u> \$ </u>	434,646		
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Student Clubs Other Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	- - - - -	\$	- \$ - - - -	6,082 - 428,564 - 434,646		
NET ASSETS							
Restricted		-			-		
Unrestricted		217,712		<u> </u>			
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	217,712	\$	- \$			

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Changes in Net Assets - Fiduciary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	E-PUR POSE	PENSION AND OTHER EMPLOYEE BENEFIT TRUST FUNDS
ADDITIONS	 _	
Contributions	\$ 45,915	\$ -
Transfers from other funds	-	-
INVESTMENT EARNINGS:		
Interest and Dividends	1,616	-
Net increase (decrease) in fair value of investments	-	-
Less investment expense	 	<u>-</u>
TOTAL ADDITIONS	 47,531	-
DEDUCTIONS To profess to other funds		
Transfers to other funds Administrative charges	-	-
Scholarships	26,249	-
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 26,249	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	 20,240	
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	21,282	-
NET ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 196,430	
NET ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 217,712	\$ <u>-</u>

Bethlehem Area School District Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	BUDGET AMOUNTS ACTUAL		ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH FINAL BUDGET POSITIVE	BUDGET TO GAAP	ACTUAL AMOUNTS
	ORIGINAL	FINAL	(BUDGETARY BASIS)	(NEGATIVE)	DIFFERENCE	GAAP BASIS
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$ 139,151,410	\$ 139,151,410	\$ 141,451,746	\$ 2,300,336	\$ -	\$ 141,451,746
State Sources	57,204,894	57.204.894	51,645,941	(5,558,953)	Ψ -	51,645,941
Federal Sources	10,773,525	10,773,525	11,347,750	574,225	_	11,347,750
TOTAL REVENUES	207,129,829	207,129,829	204,445,437	(2,684,392)		204,445,437
EXPENDITURES			201,110,101	(2,001,002)		201,110,101
Regular Instruction	89,193,141	87,626,406	85,229,601	2,396,805		85,229,601
	21,552,670	23,259,905	22,563,186	696,719	-	22,563,186
Special Programs	, ,	, ,		,	-	, ,
Vocational Programs	8,153,901	8,811,641	8,807,022	4,619	-	8,807,022
Other Instructional Programs	3,427,113	2,282,568	2,008,520	274,048	-	2,008,520
Nonpublic School Programs		4,000	3,808	192		3,808
Adult Education Programs	32,992	5,992	5,628	364	-	5,628
Community/Junior College Ed. Programs	2,124,735	2,144,735	2,142,961	1,774	-	2,142,961
Pre-Kindergarten	2,140,990	2,016,515	1,968,810	47,705		1,968,810
Pupil Personnel Services	8,266,984	8,037,294	7,824,715	212,579	-	7,824,715
Instructional Staff Services	5,234,904	5,569,546	5,290,203	279,343	-	5,290,203
Administrative Services	9,956,705	11,184,614	11,157,178	27,436	-	11,157,178
Pupil Health	1,701,504	1,652,337	1,613,594	38,743	-	1,613,594
Business Services	1,863,675	1,435,786	1,417,186	18,600	-	1,417,186
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services	16,903,669	14,712,559	14,300,790	411,769	-	14,300,790
Student Transportation Services	6,918,338	6,918,338	5,606,156	1,312,182	-	5,606,156
Central Support Services	2,466,964	2,586,260	1,847,860	738,400	-	1,847,860
Other Support Services	103,100	105,100	104,251	849	_	104,251
Student Activities	253,763	1,905,552	1,894,181	11,371	_	1,894,181
Community Services	31,226	164,226	157,254	6,972	_	157,254
Scholarships and Awards	-	1,000	500	500		500
Facilities, Acquisition and Construction	_	737,000	677,553	59,447	_	677,553
Debt Service	22,921,926	23,531,926	23,062,650	469,276	_	23,062,650
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	203,248,300	204,693,300	197,683,607	7,009,693		197,683,607
	3,881,529	2,436,529	6,761,830	4,325,301		6,761,830
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	3,001,329	2,430,329	0,701,030	4,323,301		0,701,030
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds From Extended Term Financing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Interfund Transfers In	25,000	25,000	-	(25,000)	-	-
Sale/Compensation for Fixed Assets	92,000	92,000	22,500	(69,500)	-	22,500
Fund Transfers Out	(1,410,529)	(529)	-	529	-	-
Budgetary Reserve	(2,588,000)	(2,553,000)	<u> </u>	2,553,000		<u>-</u> _
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(3,881,529)	(2,436,529)	22,500	2,459,029	-	22,500
Special Items	<u>-</u>	-	-	-	-	-
Extraordinary Items						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	-	-	6,784,330	6,784,330	-	6,784,330
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010	3,550,551	\$ 3,550,551	\$ 8,891,090	\$ 5,340,539	\$ -	\$ 8,891,090
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011	\$ 3,550,551	\$ 3,550,551	\$ 15,675,42 0	\$ 12,124,869	\$ -	\$ 15,675,420

Note 1 - Description of the School District and Reporting Entity

School District

The Bethlehem Area School District (BASD), located 50 miles north of Philadelphia in eastern Pennsylvania, serves five communities in Bethlehem with demographics ranging from small suburban schools to severely distressed urban schools. It is the sixth largest school district in the state, with an approximate enrollment of 14,800 students. BASD facilities include two high schools, four middle schools, 16 elementary schools, and a school building which houses the District's preschool program.

The Bethlehem Area School District is a unit established, organized and empowered by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the express purpose of carrying out, on the local level, the Commonwealth's obligation to public education, as established by the constitution of the Commonwealth and by the School Law Code of the same (Article II; Act 150, July 8, 1968).

As specified under the School Law Code of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, this and all other school districts of the state "shall be and hereby are vested as, bodies corporate, with all necessary powers to carry out the provisions of this act." (Article II, Section 211).

Board of School Directors

The public school system of the Commonwealth shall be administered by a board of school directors, to be elected or appointed, as hereinafter provided. At each election of school directors, each qualified voter shall be entitled to cast one vote for each school director to be elected.

The Bethlehem Area School District is governed by a board of nine School Directors who are residents of the School District and who are elected every two years, on a staggered basis, for a four-year term.

The Board of School Directors has the power and duty to establish, equip, furnish, and maintain a sufficient number of elementary, secondary, and other schools necessary to educate every person, residing in such district, between the ages of six and twenty-one years, who may attend.

In order to establish, enlarge, equip, furnish, operate, and maintain any schools herein provided, or to pay any school indebtedness which the school district is required to pay, or to pay any indebtedness that may at any time hereafter be created by the school district, the board of school directors are vested with all the necessary authority and power annually to levy and collect the necessary taxes required and granted by the legislature, in addition to the annual State appropriation, and are vested with all necessary power and authority to comply with and carry out any or all of the provisions of the Public School Code of 1949.

Administration

The Superintendent of Schools shall be the executive officer of the Board of School Directors and, in that capacity shall administer the School District in conformity with Board policies and the School Laws of Pennsylvania. The Superintendent shall be directly responsible to, and therefore appointed by, the Board of School Directors. The Superintendent shall be responsible for the overall administration, supervision, and operation of the School District.

The Assistant to the Superintendent for Fiscal Affairs, recommended by the Superintendent and appointed by the Board of School Directors, shall supervise and coordinate all business aspects of the School District. In this capacity, he or she shall be responsible to insure that all work accomplished by him/her, or by persons under his/her supervision, is in the best interests of the Bethlehem Area School District. The Assistant to the Superintendent for Fiscal Affairs is directly responsible to the Superintendent.

Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to insure that the financial statements of the School District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. For Bethlehem Area School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the School District.

Bethlehem Area School District is a municipal Corporation governed by an elected nine-member board. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements are to present Bethlehem Area School District (the primary government) and organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable. The School District is financially accountable for an organization if the School District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the School District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the School District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; the School District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to, the organization; or the School District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are financially dependent on the School District in that the School District approved the budget, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. The Bethlehem Area School District has one component unit that is blended into its financial statements.

Component Unit

The Bethlehem Area School District Authority is created under the Pennsylvania Municipality Authorities Act of 1945, as amended, by the School Districts, and is empowered under the Act to acquire, hold, construct, improve, maintain, operate, and lease school buildings and other school projects acquired, constructed or improved for public school purposes. The Authority, at the request of the Bethlehem Area School District, has undertaken reconstruction, modifying, and improving the financing of school buildings and facilities. As such, this component unit's transactions during the 2010-11 fiscal year are blended into the School District's basic financial statements.

Joint Ventures

Bethlehem Area Vocational Technical School

The School District is a participating member of the Bethlehem Area Vocational Technical School (BAVTS). The BAVTS is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of directors of each participating district must approve the BAVTS's annual operating budget. Each participating district pays a pro-rata share of the BAVTS's operating costs based on the number of students attending the BAVTS for each District. The District's share of the BAVTS's operating costs for 2010-11 was \$6,189,657.

On dissolution of the Bethlehem Area Vocational Technical School, the net assets of BAVTS will be shared on a pro-rata basis of each participating district's current market value of taxable real property as certified by the Pennsylvania State Tax Equalization Board. However, the District does not have an equity interest in BAVTS as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, except a residual interest in the net assets upon dissolution that should not be reflected on the basic financial statements. Complete financial statements for the BAVTS obtained from the BAVTS's administrative office at 3300 Chester Avenue, Bethlehem, PA 18020.

Northampton Community College

The District is a participating member of the Northampton Community College (NCC). The NCC is run by a Board of Trustees elected by the participating member districts' boards of directors. No participating district appoints a majority of the Board of Trustees. A vote of two-thirds of all member districts shall be required for approval of the NCC's annual operating budget. The amount of the annual operating costs of the NCC shall be apportioned among the member districts on the basis of the number of full-time equivalent students enrolled in NCC and residing in the respective geographical areas of each of the member districts. The District's share of NCC's operating costs for 2010-11 was \$2,142,961.

On dissolution of the Northampton Community College, the net assets of NCC will be shared on a prorata basis of each member district's current market value of taxable real property as certified by the Pennsylvania State Tax Equalization Board. However, the District does not have an equity interest in NCC as defined by GASB Statement No. 14, except a residual interest in the net assets upon dissolution that should not be reflected on the basic financial statements. Compete financial statements for NCC can be obtained from the NCC's Administrative office at 3835 Green Pond Road, Bethlehem, PA 18020.

Jointly Governed Organizations

Colonial Intermediate Unit

The School District is a participating member of the Colonial Intermediate Unit (CIU). The CIU is run by a joint committee consisting of members from each participating district. No participating district appoints a majority of the joint committee. The board of directors of each participating district must approve the CIU's annual operating budget. The CIU is a self-sustaining organization that provides services for fees to participating districts. As such, the District has no on-going financial interest or financial responsibility in the CIU. The CIU contracts with participating districts to supply special education services, computer services, and acts as a conduit for certain federal programs.

Note 2 - Summary of significant accounting policies

The financial statements of the District have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting. On June 15, 1987, the GASB issued a codification of the existing Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards which, along with subsequent GASB pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations), constitutes GAAP for governmental units. The School District also applies Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) statements and interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, to its business-type activities and to its proprietary funds, provided they do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. The more significant of these accounting policies are described below and, where appropriate, subsequent pronouncements will be referenced.

Basis of Presentation

The School District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net assets, a statement of activities, and fund financial statements which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

The statement of net assets presents the financial condition of the governmental and business-type activities of the School District at year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program, or function of the School District's governmental activities and for two business-type activities of the School District. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program, and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each business activity or governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

Fund Financial Statements During the year, the School District segregates transactions related to certain School District functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Fund financial statements are designed to present financial information of the School District at this more detailed level. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The fiduciary funds are reported by type.

B. Fund Accounting

The School District uses funds to maintain its financial records during the year. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self balancing set of accounts. There are three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's **major** governmental funds:

General Fund

The General Fund should be used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term proceeds of specific revenue sources establish that one or more specific restricted or committed revenues should be the foundation for a special revenue fund. The restricted or committed proceeds of specific revenue sources should be expected to continue to compromise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the fund. Other resources also may be reported in the fund if those resources are restricted, committed, or assigned to the specified purpose of the fund.

Under this new definition, effective for this year, the District does not have any special revenue funds.

Capital Project Funds

Capital Project Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. Capital project funds exclude those types of capital-related outflows financed by proprietary funds or for assets that will be held in trust for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. Management has decided to reflect the capital project funds as a major fund, even though they don't meet the major fund criteria established by GASB Statement No. 34.

The District has the following Capital Project Funds:

a) Capital Project Fund

During the 2008-09 fiscal year this fund received the proceeds from the \$11,100,000 General Obligation Bonds – Series B of 2009. The purpose of this issue is to finance the capital costs of designing, constructing, renovating, improving, and furnishing & equipping school facilities, including the Broughal Middle School and Northeast Middle School projects.

b) Capital Reserve Fund

This fund was created in accordance with Section 1432 of the Municipal Code. Because of a change in accounting principles, it is being restated as a Capital Projects Fund. The Municipal Code restricts how the resources are spent within this fund.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds focus on the determination of changes in net assets, financial position, and cash flows and are classified as enterprise funds.

Enterprise Funds Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The School District's major enterprise fund is:

Food Service Fund - This fund accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the School District.

Internal Service Funds Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one fund to other funds of the government on a cost-reimbursement basis. Services recorded in this Fund represent self-insurance provided to other funds of the School District.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds reporting focuses on net assets and changes in net assets. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds, and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. The School District has private purpose trust funds. Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

C. Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of the School District are included on the statement of net assets.

Fund Financial Statements All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Like the government-wide statements, all enterprise funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net assets. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net assets presents increases (i.e., revenues) and decreases (i.e., expenses) in total net assets. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its enterprise activities.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Government funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds also use the accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual basis of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred revenue, and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions. Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

E. Budgetary Process

An operating budget is adopted prior to the beginning of each year for the General Fund on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The General Fund is the only fund for which a budget is legally required.

In accordance with Act 1 of 2006, the Board shall annually, but not later than the first business meeting of January, decide the budget option to be used for the following fiscal year. The Board shall approve either the Accelerated Budget Process Option or the Board Resolution Option.

Accelerated Budget Process Option

Under this option, a preliminary budget must be prepared 150 days prior to the primary election. Under this Option, the preliminary budget must be available for public inspection at least 110 days prior to the primary election. The Board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt the preliminary budget at least 10 days prior to the adoption. The adoption must occur at least 90 days prior to the primary election.

If the preliminary budget exceeds the increase authorized by the Index, an application for an exception may be filed with either a Court of Common Pleas with jurisdiction or PDE and made available for public inspection. The Board may opt to forego applying for an exception by submitting a referendum question seeking voter approval for a tax increase, in accordance with Act 1.

The final budget shall include any necessary changes from the adopted preliminary budget. Any reduction required as the result of the failure of referendum shall be clearly stated. The final budget shall be made available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to final adoption. The Board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the Board prior to June 30.

Board Resolution Option

Under the Board Resolution Option, the Board shall adopt a resolution that it will not raise the rate of any tax for the following fiscal year by more than the Index. Such resolution shall be adopted no later than 110 days prior to the primary election. At least 30 days prior to adoption of the final budget the Board shall prepare a proposed budget. The proposed budget shall be available for public inspection at least 20 days prior to adoption of the budget. The Board shall give public notice of its intent to adopt at least 10 days prior to adoption of the proposed budget. The Board shall annually adopt the final budget by a majority vote of all members of the Board by June 30.

Legal budgetary control is maintained at the sub-function/major object level. The PA School Code allows the School Board to make budgetary transfers between major function and major object codes only within the last nine months of the fiscal year, unless there is a two-thirds majority of the Board approving the transfer. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal period. Budgetary information reflected in the financial statements is presented at or below the level of budgetary control and includes the effect of approved budget amendments.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts in the PDE 2028 when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all 2010-11 budget transfers.

F. Change in Accounting Principles

During this past fiscal year, the District was required to implement the provisions of GASB Statement No. 54 on Fund Balance Classifications and Definitions. The revised definition for Special Revenue Funds and Capital Project Funds has caused two previous governmental funds to be reclassified or eliminated. The new definitions for governmental funds used by the District can be found in Note 1-B to the financial statements.

In past years, the District reflected the Athletic Fund, which controlled athletic receipts and costs, as a Special Revenue Fund. As a result of a change in accounting principle this fund is being eliminated and is being reclassified as part of the General Fund. Thus, the prior year ending fund balance in the general fund of \$8,940,090, has decreased by \$49,000.

In addition, the Capital Reserve Fund, which was previously categorized as a Special Revenue Fund, is being reclassified as a Capital Project Fund because of this change in accounting principle. As a result, the prior year Combined Capital Project Fund's fund balance of \$3,162,529 is increased by \$438,719.

Since both of these funds are governmental funds, there is no change in the prior year's governmental activities net asset balances.

G. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

H. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the Proprietary Fund type considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less, when purchased, to be cash equivalents.

Investments

In accordance with GASB Statement 31, investments are stated at fair value, except:

- a) Non-participating interest earning investment contracts are recorded at amortized cost;
- b) Money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that mature within one year of acquisition are recorded at amortized cost; and,
- c) Investments held in 2a7-like pools (Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust, Money Market Funds, Pennsylvania Treasurer's Invest Program, and PA School District Liquid Asset Fund) are recorded at the pool's share price.

Receivables and Payables

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

Property Tax Levy

Property taxes, which were levied during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, are recognized as revenue in the fund financial statements when received by the District during the fiscal year and also estimated to be received by the District within sixty (60) days after the fiscal year ended.

Property taxes that were levied during the current fiscal year, which are not estimated to be received within sixty (60) days after the fiscal year-end, are recorded as receivable and deferred revenue in the fund financial statements.

In the government-wide financial statements, all property taxes levied during the fiscal year are recognized as revenue, net of estimated uncollectible amount.

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis, and are expensed when used. As of June 30, 2011, the inventory shown in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets is \$239,629 and

\$111,682 is shown as inventory in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets.

Inventory type items in governmental funds utilize the consumption method, that is, they are charged to expenditures when purchased. There was a physical inventory of \$239,629 taken as of June 30, 2011; therefore, there is a nonspendable fund balance in the General Fund.

Inventory type items in Proprietary Funds use the consumption method, in which items are purchased for inventory and charged to expenses when used. The only Proprietary Fund of the District is the Food Service Fund. Inventory within this fund consists of donated commodities, which are valued at U.S.D.A.'s approximate costs. Inventories on hand at June 30, 2011, consist of:

Purchased Food	\$	75,078
Donated Commodities		14,825
Purchased Supplies		21,779
Total	<u>\$</u>	111,682

Prepaid Expenses

In both the government-wide and fund financial statements, prepaid expenses are recorded as assets in the specific governmental fund in which future benefits will be derived.

Capital Assets

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds are reported both in the business-type activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets and in the respective funds.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair market values as of the date received. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of two thousand dollars (\$2,000) dollars. The School District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not. Interest incurred during the construction of capital assets utilized by the enterprise funds is also capitalized.

All reported capital assets except land, certain land improvements, and construction in progress are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Governmental Activities Estimated Lives	Business-Type Activities Estimated Lives
Buildings and Improvements	15 - 40 years	15 - 40 years
Furniture and Equipment	5 - 20 years	5 -12 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years

Compensated Absences

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences". Vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned if the employees' rights to receive compensation are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that the School District will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or some other means.

Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability using the termination method. An accrual for earned sick leave is made to the extent that it is probable that benefits will result in termination payments. The liability is an estimate based on the School District's past experience of making termination payments.

The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements.

For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. In enterprise funds, the entire amount of compensated absences is reported as a fund liability.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, bond issuance costs, and deferred amounts on refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using modification of the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and any deferred amount on refundings. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources while discounts and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses and other financing sources, respectively. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as support service expenditures.

Reclassification

Certain amounts have been reclassified to conform to the June 30, 2011, presentation of government-wide financial statements on the accrual basis of accounting versus the governmental fund financial statements reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Net Assets

Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.

The School District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

Fund Balance Categories

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Below are the potential categories of fund balance the government may use with their definitions, the actual categories used is explained in Note 7 to the financial statements:

Nonspendable Fund Balance

This category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance

Fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or other government laws or regulations, or the constraint is imposed by enabling legislation or constitutional provisions.

Committed Fund Balance

This category pertains to amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. The committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action.

This government's governing body is the School Board and the formal action taken to commit resources is done by resolution.

Assigned Fund Balance

This category includes all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds, except the general fund, that are not classified in one of the above-mentioned categories. In the general fund, this category represents the District's intent to use resources for a specific purpose, which does not require formal action by the governing body. The District's policy dictates the business manager is responsible to make these assignments.

Unassigned Fund Balance

This category of fund balance represents the residual classification for the general fund after segregating resources used in the other categories listed above. Unassigned fund balance will only be shown in other governmental funds if those governmental funds have a negative net fund balance.

The District's policy on fund balance does not dictate which category of unrestricted fund balance is spent first, when resources are available to be spent in various categories. As such, committed amounts will be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts. The District's policy also does not dictate whether restricted (nonspendable or restricted) or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) is spent first when resources are available in both categories. As such, in these circumstances, restricted will be assumed to have been spent first followed by the unrestricted categories.

Contributions of Capital

Contributions of capital in proprietary fund financial statements arise from outside contributions of fixed assets, or from grants or outside contributions of resources restricted to capital acquisition and construction. The proprietary funds received no capital contributions during this fiscal year.

Note 3 - Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

A. Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets.

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between "fund balance - total governmental funds" and "net assets - governmental activities" as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds". The details of this \$309,327,631 differences are:

Bonds payable	\$	289,350,000
Less: Deferred charge on refunding (to be amortized as		(40.450.404)
interest expense)		(19,453,434)
Less: Deferred charge for issuance costs (to be amortized		()
over life of debt)		(2,869,607)
Less: Issuance discount (to be amortized as interest expense)		(852,903)
Add: Issuance premium (to be amortized as a contra to		
interest expense)		2,934,833
Derivative Instrument Liability		23,400,356
Lease Purchase Obligations		1,354,928
Accrued interest payable		2,180,005
Net OPEB Obligation		5,169,455
Compensated absences		6,120,905
Deferred Gain on Refunding - Derivatives	_	1,993,093
Net adjustment to reduce "fund balance - total governmental funds"		
to arrive at "net assets - governmental activities"	\$	309,327,631

B. Explanation of Differences between Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used on the government fund statements and district-wide statements certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. Differences between the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the statement of activities fall into one of three broad categories. The amounts shown in the columns on the following page represent:

- a) Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the statement of activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the statement of activities. The long-term expenses reported below recognize the change in vested employee benefits.
- b) Capital related differences include (1) the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the statement of activities, and (2) the difference between recording

- an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the governmental fund statements, and capitalization and recording of depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the statement of activities.
- c) Long-term debt transaction differences occur because long-term debt proceeds are recorded as revenue and both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund statements. In the statement of activities, long-term debt proceeds are recorded as a liability; principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities.

	TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS	R	ONG-TERM EVENUES/ XPENSES	CAPITAL RELATED ITEMS	LONG-TERM DEBT TRANS- ACTIONS	TOTAL FOR STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES						
LOCAL SOURCES:						
Property Taxes	\$ 120,336,	549 \$	(292,895)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 120,043,654
Taxes levied for specific purposes	15,329,	389	68,536	-	-	15,397,925
Interest and investment earnings	3,771,	006	-	-	109,257	3,880,263
Miscellaneous	850,	375	_	-	· -	850,375
Contributions and Donations	189,		-	-	_	189,594
Charges for Services	754,		_	-	_	754,388
Grants, subsidies & contributions not restricted	28,945,		_	-	_	28,945,587
INTERMEDIATE SOURCES:	-,,		_	-	_	-,,
Charges for Services		-	-	-	_	-
Operating grants and contributions		-	_	-	_	-
STATE SOURCES:			_	-	_	
Operating & Capital grants and contributions	22,866,	903	(144,913)	_	_	22,721,990
FEDERAL SOURCES:	22,000,	000	(,0.0)	_	_	22,121,000
Operating & Capital grants and contributions	15,058,	799	_	-	_	15,058,799
SPECIAL AND EXTRAORDINARY SOURCES:	, ,		_	-	_	
Proceeds from Bond Issues	80,940,	000	_	-	(80,940,000)	-
Proceeds from Extended Term Financing	,,	-	-	-	-	-
Special Item - Insurance Recoveries		-				-
Gain or (Loss) on disposal of assets	1,	993	-	-	-	1,993
TOTAL REVENUES	289,044,	583	(369,272)		(80,830,743)	207,844,568
EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES						
Instruction	122,744,	017	1.576.121	1,203,558	_	125,523,696
Instructional Student Support	14,728,		(32,737)	42,201	_	14,737,976
Admin. & Fin'l Support Services	14,706,		774.756	374.688	(180,000)	15,675,919
Oper. & Maint. Of Plant Svcs.	14,453,		(10,256)	(124,714)	. , ,	14,318,977
Pupil Transportation	5,606,		(19,151)			5,564,194
Student activities	1,894,		(12,233)	98,285	_	1,980,233
Community Services	157.		(1,121)	-	_	156.133
Scholarships & Awards	- ,	500	-	-	_	500
Capital Outlay	2,885,	857	-	(2,885,857)	-	-
Debt Service	107,510,		-	-	(88,859,187)	18,651,319
Transfers Out	. ,	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation - unallocated		-	-	4,890,463	-	4,890,463
Special Item - Derivative Termination Fee		-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES/EXPENSES	284,687,	405	2,275,379	3,575,813	(89,039,187)	201,499,410
NET CHANGE FOR THE YEAR	<u>\$ 4,357,</u>	<u>178</u> \$	(2,644,651)	\$ (3,575,813)	\$ 8,208,444	\$ 6,345,158

Note 4 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Compliance with finance related legal and contractual provisions

The District has no material violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions.

B. Deficit fund balance or net assets of individual funds

No individual fund contains a deficit fund balance or net assets at June 30, 2011, except the governmental activities has a \$21,695,895 in deficit net assets.

C. Excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds

No individual fund which had a legally adopted budget had an excess of expenditures over appropriations.

D. Budgetary compliance

The District's only legally adopted budget is for the General Fund. All budgetary transfers were made within the last nine months of the fiscal year. The District cancels all purchase orders open at year-end; therefore, it does not have any outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2011. In addition, the District includes a portion of the prior year's fund balance represented by unappropriated liquid assets remaining in the fund as budgeted revenue in the succeeding year. The results of operations on a GAAP basis do not recognize the fund balance allocation as revenue as it represents prior period's excess of revenues over expenditures.

Note 5 - Detailed notes on all funds and account groups

Assets

Cash

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2011, \$17,903,862 of the District's bank balance of \$15,093,518 and restricted cash of \$1,539,000 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 1,539,000
Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution	-
Uninsured and collateral held by the pledging bank's trust department not in	
the District's name	 15,093,518
TOTAL	\$ 16,632,518

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Uncollateralized Amount above	\$ 16,632,518
Plus: Insured Amount	1,271,344
Less: Outstanding Checks	 (34,586)
Carrying Amount - Cash Balances	17,869,276
Plus: Petty Cash	
Deposit in Pooled Investments Considered Cash Equivalents	225
Deposit in Money Market Mutual Funds Considered Cash Equivalents	11,977,465
Less: Certificates of Deposit considered Investments by School Code	 (10,165,933)
TOTAL CASH PER FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	\$ 19,681,033

Investments

As of June 30, 2011, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturities	Fair Value		
PSDLAF/PSDMAX		\$	9,779,464	
PA Treasurer's Invest Program			2,119,968	
PLGIT Class			78,033	
Bank of America -CD			45,395	
Lafayette Ambassador Bank -CD			600	
KNBT -CD's			119,938	
PSDLAF -CD's			10,000,000	
TOTAL		\$	22,143,398	

Interest Rate Risk

The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy that would limit its investment choices to certain credit ratings. As of June 30, 2011, the District's investment in PLGIT and PSDLAF were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's. The District's investment in the PA Treasurer's Invest Program was rated AAA by Standard & Poor's and Moodys. The District's investment in the Sovereign, Commerce, Wachovia, Bank of America, and Baird Public Investment Advisors money market accounts were rated AAA by Standard & Poor's Investors Service.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. The General Fund has 50.66% of investments in Certificates of Deposits with PSDLAF. As for the Governmental Activities, the District has 47.53% of investments with PSDLAF in Certificates of Deposits. More than 5% of the Fiduciary's funds are in Certificate of Deposits with KNBT Bank and Bank of America. These investments are 23.91% and 63.17%, respectively. For the entire entity 45.23% of investments are in Certificates of Deposit with PSDLAF.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Total Investments Above	\$ 22,143,398
Less: Deposits in Investment Pool Considered Cash Equivalents	 (11,977,465)
Total Investments Per Financial Statements	\$ 10,165,933

Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied on July 1, on the assessed value listed, as of that date, for all taxable real property located in the District. Assessed values are established by the County Board of Assessments. All taxable real property was assessed at \$2,882,405,100. In accordance with Act of 2006, the District receive \$4,740,869 in property tax reduction funds for the 2010-11 fiscal year. The tax rate for the Northampton and Lehigh Counties was \$4.417 per \$100 of assessed valuation or 44.17 mills.

The property tax calendar is:

July 1 - Full year tax assessed for current year.

July 1 - August 31 - Discount period during which a 2% discount is allowed.

September 1 - October 31 - Face amount of tax is due

November 1 - January 15 - A 10% penalty is added to all payments.

January 15 - All unpaid taxes become delinquent and are turned over to the

County Tax Claim Bureau for Collection.

The School District, in accordance with GAAP, recognized the delinquent and unpaid taxes receivable reduced by an allowance for uncollectible taxes was determined by the administration. A portion of the net amount estimated to be collectible, which was measurable and available within 60 days, was recognized as revenue and the balance deferred in the financial statements.

Receivables

Receivables, as of year end for the government's individual major funds and non-major and fiduciary funds, in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are:

	GENERAL FUND				FOOD SERVICE FUND		NON- MAJOR FUNDS		FIDUCIARY FUNDS		TOTAL	
RECEIVABLES:												
Interest	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Taxes	7,	569,993		-		-		-		-		7,569,993
Accounts		258,109		-		120,197		60,449		20,637		459,392
Intergovernmental	6,	644,888				546,105		<u>-</u>				7,190,993
GROSS RECEIVABLES Less: Allowance for Uncollectibles	14,	472,990		-		666,302		60,449		20,637		15,220,378
NET RECEIVABLES	\$ 14,	472,990	\$	<u> </u>	\$	666,302	\$	60,449	\$	20,637	\$	15,220,378

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were:

	UNAVAILABLE			IEARNED
Delinquent Property Taxes - General Fund	\$	4,486,665	\$	-
Deferred Premiums		-		24,808
Grants drawdowns prior to meeting				
eligibility requirements		<u>-</u>		81,288
TOTAL	\$	4,486,665	\$	106,096

Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ending June 30, 2011, were:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
Capital Assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 75,410	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 75,410
Construction in Progress	 143,667,359	2,885,857	(143,856,550)	2,696,666
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	 143,742,769	2,885,857	(143,856,550)	2,772,076
Capital Assets being depreciated:				-
Site Improvements	8,935,286	-	-	8,935,286
Buildings and Improvements	175,774,351	143,473,602	-	319,247,953
Furniture and Equipment	 61,346,899	606,173	(472,223)	61,480,849
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED	 246,056,536	144,079,775	(472,223)	389,664,088
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Site Improvements	(5,718,692)	(404,791)	-	(6,123,483)
Buildings and Improvements	(76,030,944)	(4,483,471)	-	(80,514,415)
Furniture and Equipment	 (54,784,702)	(1,796,632)	472,223	(56,109,111)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	(136,534,338)	(6,684,894)	472,223	(142,747,009)
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS BEING DEPRECIATED NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	109,522,198	137,394,881		246,917,079
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS,				
NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$ 253,264,967	\$ 140,280,738	\$ (143,856,550)	\$ 249,689,155
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES:				
Capital Assets being depreciated:				
Furniture and Equipment	\$ 1,866,045	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,866,045
Less accumulated depreciation	 (1,766,499)	(16,364)		 (1,782,863)
BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES CAPITAL ASSETS,				
NET OF ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$ 99,546	<u>\$ (16,364)</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 83,182

* DEPRECIATION EXPENSE WAS CHARGED TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNCTIONS AS FOLLOWS:						
Regular Instruction	\$	1,009,001				
Special Instruction		181,872				
Vocational Instruction		17,280				
Other Instruction		-				
Adult Instruction		-				
Community College Instruction		-				
Pupil Services		5,072				
Instructional Staff Svcs.		29,642				
Administrative Services		14,145				
Health Services		7,487				
Business Services		-				
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Svcs.		50,228				
Pupil Transportation		381,419				
Central Services		-				
Other Support Services		-				
Student Activities		98,285				
Community Services		-				
Depreciation - unallocated		4,890,463				
TOTAL DEPRECIATION FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	<u>\$</u>	6,684,894				

The District disposed of \$472,223 in fully depreciated capital assets during the year and received sale proceeds of \$1,993 resulting in a gain on sale of assets of \$1,993.

Commitments

Encumbrances

Any encumbrances outstanding at year-end do not represent GAAP expenditures or liabilities but represent budgetary accounting controls. The General Fund Budget is maintained on the modified accrual basis of accounting, except that budgetary basis expenditures include any encumbrances issued for goods or services not received at year-end and not terminated.

The actual results of operations are presented in accordance with GAAP and the District's accounting policies do not recognize encumbrances as expenditures until the period in which the goods or services are actually received and a liability is incurred. If budgetary encumbrances exist at year-end, they are included in the fund financial statements to reflect actual revenues and expenditures on a budgetary basis consistent with the District's legally adopted budget.

Long-term construction commitments

The District has the following construction commitments in the Capital Project Funds:

	_	CONTRACT AMOUNT		EXPENDED TO 6/30/11	 TSTANDING MMITMENTS
Nitschmann MS Boiler Replacement					
Tri-County Mechanical Inc	\$	489,000	\$	35,738	\$ 453,262
D'Huy Engineering, Inc		21,938		21,938	-
UGI Utilities		60,000		60,000	
TOTAL		570,938		117,676	 453,262
NorthEast MS Demo & New Soccer Fields					
Vollers Excavating		2,025,000		1,792,042	 232,958
TOTAL		2,025,000	_	1,792,042	232,958
Liberty High School					
GC Boro		37,376,163		37,376,163	_
EC- Albarell		6,154,453		6,154,453	=
PC-Dual Temp		4,040,544		4,040,544	-
HVAC-Dual Temp		11,039,672		11,010,165	29,507
TOTAL		58,610,832		58,581,325	29,507
Broughal Middle School					
GC- Skepton		37,853,100		37,838,100	15,000
EC- Albarell		4,600,781		4,600,781	-
PC- Dual Temp		2,484,500		2,427,936	56,564
HVAC- Worth & Company		4,809,200		4,809,200	-
RPE- D'Huy Engineering		1,884,028		1,865,187	 18,840
TOTAL		51,631,609		51,541,204	 90,404
GRAND TOTAL	\$	112,838,379	<u>\$</u>	112,032,247	\$ 806,131

Short-term debt

Interfund receivables and payables

The following interfund receivables and payables were in existence on June 30, 2011:

	INTERFUND RECEIVABLES			TERFUND AYABLES
		EIVABLES	<u> </u>	ATABLES
General Fund	\$	433,007	\$	4,300,805
Special Revenue (Authority General) Fund		875,536	\$	-
Capital Projects (Capital Reserve Fund		394,930		399,260
Capital Projects (Construction) Fund		-		-
Enterprise (Food Service) Fund		164,765		33,747
Enterprise (Day Care) Fund		115,329		164,765
Concession Fund		6,819		-
Self - Insurance Fund		2,841,267		-
Private Purpose (Trust) Fund		35,256		-
Agency (Activity) Fund		31,668		<u>-</u>
TOTAL	<u>\$</u>	4,898,577	\$	4,898,577

The District also made the following interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2011:

	TRANSFI	ER IN	TRANSF	ER OUT
General Fund	\$	-	\$	-
Special Revenue (Athletic) Fund		-		-
Special Revenue (Capital Reserve) Fund		-		-
Enterprise (Day Care) Fund				-
Agency (Activity) Fund		-		-
TOTAL	\$		\$	-
	<u> </u>			

Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2011, were:

		BEGINNING BALANCE	 ADDITIONS	RI	EDUCTIONS		ENDING BALANCE	D	AMOUNTS UE WITHIN ONE YEAR
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES									
General Obligation Debt:									
Bonds and notes payable:									
Capital Projects	\$	279,454,085	\$ 50,079,101	\$	57,549,690	\$	271,983,496	\$	9,115,000
Capital Leases		1,977,009	 	_	622,081		1,354,928		658,300
Total general obligation debt		281,431,094	50,079,101		58,171,771		273,338,424		9,773,300
Other liabilities:									
Vested employee benefits:									
Vacation pay		1,649,616	261,116		-		1,910,732		258,838
Sick pay		1,821,134	2,902,803		-		4,723,937		254,926
Net Pension Obligation		168,605	52,049				220,654		
Net OPEB Obligation		4,303,753	645,048		-		4,948,801		-
Deferred Gain on Refundings - Derivatives			1,993,093				1,993,093		
Derivative Financial Instruments	_	28,080,917	 	_	4,680,561	_	23,400,356	_	
Total other liabilities		36,024,025	 5,854,109	_	4,680,561		37,197,573		513,764
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY									
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$	317,455,119	\$ 55,933,210	\$	62,852,332	\$	310,535,997	\$	10,287,064
BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES Other liabilities: Vested employee benefits:									
Vacation pay		22.644	_		4.600		18.044		_
Sick pay		53.677	78.386		-,000		132,063		_
Net OPEB Obligation		46,140	7,533		_		53,673		_
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITY		10,110	.,000	_			00,0.0		
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	\$	122,461	\$ 85,919	\$	4,600	\$	203,780	\$	-

Payments on bonds and notes are made by the general fund. Vested employee benefits will be liquidated by governmental and proprietary funds. The School District currently does not have any bonds or notes payable in business-type activities.

Total Interest paid and accrued during the year:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:	EXPENSE			PAID
General obligation debt	\$	18,468,759	\$	13,858,009
Lease debt		115,107		115,107
Short-term borrowings	_	67,453		67,453
TOTAL INTEREST PAID BY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$	18,651,319	\$	14,040,569

Primary Government Debt

General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2001

On November 15, 2001, the District issued \$43,000,000, of the General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2001. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund General Obligation Note - Series of 2000, (2) to design and construct a new middle school and other facilities, and (3) to pay the costs of the issue. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature form March 15, 2003 to March 15, 2022. Interest rates range from 2.50% to 5.25%, with total interest indebtedness of \$40,600,112. A portion of this issue was advance refunded with the issuance of the Series of 2003, General Obligation Notes. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL			NTEREST
2011-12	\$	405,000	\$	226,350
2012-13		420,000		209,542
2013-14		415,000		191,693
2014-15		430,000		173,640
2015-16		445,000		154,505
2016-19		2,800,000		275,665
SUB-TOTAL		4,915,000	\$	1,231,395
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings		(3,008)		
Unamortized Premium		22,103		
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$	4,934,095		

General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2007

On January 1, 2007, the District issued \$55,000,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2007. The proceeds will be used: (1) for capital projects, including renovations and expansion to Freedom High School and Liberty High School and (2) paying the costs of the issue. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from January 1, 2008 to January 1, 2032. The bonds shall bear interest on a variable weekly rate using the current market rate as determined by the remarketing agent. The School District entered into a forward starting swap agreement.

Interest Rate Swap

Objective of the interest rate swap. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at the time of issuance in January 1, 2007, the School District entered into an forward starting interest rate swap in connection with its \$55,000,000, Series of 2007 variable-rate general obligation bonds. In addition, the School District entered into a constant maturity swap. The intention of the swaps was to effectively change the School District's variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate.

Terms. The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on January 1, 2032, and the swap's notional amount is \$55,000,000. The swap was entered into on December 8, 2003. Starting on January 1, 2008, the notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt begin to decline. Under the swap, the School District receives the lesser of 60% of LIBOR (monthly rate) plus 0.346% from the Counterparty (Morgan Stanley Capital) in exchange for a fixed rate of 4.145%. The variable rate paid on the School District's General Obligation Bonds— Series of 2007 approximates the SIFMA index. Therefore, if SIFMA exceeds 60% of LIBOR plus 0.346%, the District pays a net effective interest rate in excess of 4.145%, and if SIFMA is less than 60% of LIBOR, plus 0.346%, the District pays a net effective interest rate approximately equal to the fixed rate. The constant maturity swap was terminated in a prior fiscal year.

Fair Value. The interest rate swap has a negative fair value of \$11,446,909 as of June 30, 2011 The swap negative fair value may be countered by a reduction in total interest payments required under the variable-rate bonds, creating a lower synthetic interest rate. Because the coupons on the government's variable-rate bonds adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value increase. The fair value was estimated by PFM, and independent financial advisor.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2011, the School District was exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the School District would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The swap counterparty was rated Aa2 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's and AA by Fitch.

Basis Risk. The swap exposes the government to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA converge, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate and the synthetic rate as of June 30, 2011. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2011, the SIFMA rate was 3.0%, whereas 60% of LIBOR plus .346 was 0.457%.

Termination Risk. The School District or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the School District, if the counterparty's short-term debt credit rating is withdrawn or reduced to a rating below P-1 for Moody's and the rating by S&P is withdrawn or reduced to a rating that is below A-1. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the School District would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2011, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary:

			Interest Rate	
FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	Swaps, Net	TOTAL
2011-12	\$ 5,000	\$ 1,649,325	\$ 2,027,389	\$ 3,681,714
2012-13	5,000	1,649,175	2,027,204	3,681,379
2013-14	5,000	1,649,025	2,027,020	3,681,045
2014-15	5,000	1,648,875	2,026,836	3,680,711
2015-16	5,000	1,648,725	2,026,651	3,680,376
2016-21	25,000	8,241,375	10,130,490	18,396,865
2021-26	13,065,000	7,477,725	9,191,794	29,734,519
2026-31	28,495,000	4,699,725	5,777,012	38,971,737
2031-32	13,370,000	200,550	246,521	13,817,071
SUB-TOTAL	54,980,000	\$ 28,864,500	\$ 35,480,917	\$ 119,325,417
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings	-			
Unamortized Premium				
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 54,980,000			

General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2007

On June 1, 2007, the District issued \$61,630,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2007. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund the outstanding General Obligation Bonds – Series of 1997, and (2) to pay the costs of the issue. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from September 1, 2007 to September 1, 2016. The bonds shall bear interest at 5.0% with total indebtedness of \$14,608,625.

The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL			INTEREST
2011-12	\$	6,470,000	\$	1,775,000
2012-13		6,805,000		1,443,125
2013-14		7,735,000		1,079,625
2014-15		8,135,000		682,875
2015-16		8,555,000		265,625
2015-18		1,035,000	_	25,875
SUB-TOTAL		38,735,000	\$	5,272,125
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings		-		_
Unamortized Discount		(33,287)		
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$	38,701,713		

Interest Rate Swap

Objective of the interest rate swap. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at the time of issuance the School District entered into a forward swaption in connection with its Series of 1997 variable-rate general obligation bonds. The intention of the forward swaption was to effectively change the School District's variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate.

Terms. The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on September 1, 2016, and the swap's notional amount was \$71,215,000. Since the swaption was entered into, the 1997 bonds have been refunded with the Series A of 2007 bonds.

Fair Value. The forward swaption has a negative fair value of \$89,965, as of June 30, 2011. The counterparty has not elected its option on this swaption as of June 30, 2011. The fair value was estimated by PFM, and independent financial advisor.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2011, the School District was exposed to credit risk because the forward swaption had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the School District would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The swap counterparty was rated Aa2 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's and AA by Fitch.

Basis Risk. The forward swaption does not expose the government, at this time, to basis risk.

Termination Risk. The School District or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the School District, if the counterparty's short-term debt credit rating is withdrawn or reduced to a rating below P-1 for Moody's and the rating by S&P is withdrawn or reduced to a rating that is below A-1. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the School District would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

General Obligation Notes - Series of 2009

On May 1, 2009, the District issued \$41,000,000 of General Obligation Notes – Series of 2009. The proceeds will be used: (1) to provide funds for refunding the variable rate General Obligation Notes – Series of 2007 by transferring the liability to the BASD Authority; and (2) paying the costs of this issue. These notes are issued to the BASD Authority to guarantee their issuance of the Series of 2009 revenue bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The notes mature from July 1, 2009 to July 1, 2031. Interest rates are variable using the BMA index. The maximum rate of interest payable shall be 15%, per annum, unless the bonds become bank bonds then the maximum interest rate is 25%, per annum. During the 2010-11 fiscal year, this Note was refunded with the issuance of the District's Series of 2011 General Obligation Notes of \$40,470,000.

General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2009

On May 1, 2009, the District issued \$69,710,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2009. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund, in conjunction with General Obligation Bonds – Series AA of 2009, the variable rate outstanding debt of the Series of 2003 bonds; (2) pay the termination fee on the related interest rate swaps, and; (3) paying the costs of issuance. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from October 15, 2009 to October 15, 2023. Interest rates range from 1.15% to 4.625%, with total interest indebtedness of \$29,207,397. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL INTE		INTEREST
2011-12	\$ 1,785,00	0 \$	2,934,431
2012-13	1,845,00	0	2,872,231
2013-14	1,360,00	0	2,825,519
2014-15	1,410,00	0	2,777,106
2015-16	1,465,00	0	2,724,932
2016-21	41,300,00	0	8,525,405
2021-25	17,600,00	0	643,190
SUB-TOTAL	66,765,00	o <u>\$</u>	23,302,814
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings	(5,086,52	2)	
Unamortized Discount	(463,29	6)	
Unamortized Premium	2,159,56	<u>5</u>	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 63,374,74	<u>7</u>	

General Obligation Bonds – Series AA of 2009

On May 1, 2009, the District issued \$14,410,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series AA of 2009. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund, in conjunction with General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2009, the variable rate outstanding debt of the Series of 2003 bonds; (2) pay the termination fee on the related interest rate swaps, and; (3) paying the costs of issuance. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from October 15, 2018 to October 15, 2020. Interest rates range from 3.80% to 4.20%, with total interest indebtedness of \$6,164,404. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL			INTEREST
2011-12	\$	-	\$	580,400
2012-13		-		580,400
2013-14		-		580,400
2014-15		-		580,400
2015-16				580,400
2016-21	14	,410,000		2,127,400
SUB-TOTAL	14	,410,000	\$	5,029,400
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings	(1	,065,372)		_
Unamortized Discount		(240,390)		
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 13	,104,238		

General Obligation Bonds – Series B of 2009

On May 1, 2009, the District issued \$11,100,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series B of 2009. The proceeds will be used: (1) finance a portion of the costs to construct improvements to school buildings and facilities, including the Broughal Middle School and the Northeast Middle School, and; (2) paying the costs of issuance. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from October 15, 2009 to October 15, 2028. Interest rates range from 2.00% to 5.125%, with total interest indebtedness of \$16,473,525. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL	I	NTEREST
2011-12	\$ 435,000	\$	405,568
2012-13	440,000		396,819
2013-14	450,000		387,075
2014-15	465,000		375,338
2015-16	475,000		361,819
2016-21	2,660,000		1,542,061
2021-26	3,180,000		922,219
2026-29	2,135,000		164,672
SUB-TOTAL	10,240,000	\$	4,555,571
Unamortized Premium	5,228		
Unamortized Discount	(115,931)		
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	<u>\$ 10,129,297</u>		

General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2010

On January 5, 2010, the District issued \$28,850,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2010. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund and partially redeem \$25,345,000 outstanding principal amount of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2005, (2) make a payment to partially terminate (\$25,350,000 notional amount) of an interest rate swap agreement (fixed interest rate payments by the District) associated with the 2005 Bonds, and (3) pay the costs and expenses allocable to the issuance of the Bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from January 15, 2011 to January 15, 2026. Interest rates range from 1.25% to 5.25%, with total interest indebtedness of \$20,568,3537. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST
2011-12	\$ 5,000	\$	1,389,238
2012-13	15,000		1,389,160
2013-14	10,000		1,388,860
2014-15	10,000		1,388,650
2015-16	15,000		1,388,400
2016-21	25,000		6,938,291
2021-26	28,765,000		5,258,045
SUB-TOTAL	28,845,000	\$	19,140,644
Unamortized Deferred Chgs. On Refunding	(2,120,486))	_
Unamortized Discount	-		
Unamortized Premium	747,937		
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 27,472,451		

General Obligation Notes – Series of 2010

On January 5, 2010, the District issued \$30,000,000 of General Obligation Notes – Series of 2010. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund a portion of General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2005 by transferring the liability to the BASD Authority and, (2) paying the costs of the issue. These Notes are issued to the BASD Authority to guarantee their issuance of the Series of 2010 revenue bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The notes mature from January 1, 2011 to January 1, 2030. Interest rates are variable using a weekly index. All principal and interest payments, which includes all amounts required to be paid by the Issuer to the Counterparty under the fixed payor swap. The maximum rate of interest payable shall be 15%, per annum, unless the bonds become bank bonds then the maximum interest rate is 25%, per annum.

Since this note is between the School District and its component unit (Bethlehem Area School District Authority), it is not shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as obligated debt because the Authority is blended into the financial statements; therefore its long-term receivable equal to the principal outstanding balance of this Note are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. We are reporting the following outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, for informational purposes only, using 1.59% interest rate in effect at June 30, 2011.

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL		INTEREST
2011-12	\$	5,000	\$ 476,887
2012-13		5,000	476,808
2013-14		5,000	476,728
2014-15		5,000	476,649
2015-16		5,000	476,569
2016-21		25,000	2,381,654
2021-26		25,000	2,379,666
2026-30	29	,920,000	 1,036,335
TOTAL	\$ 29	,995,000	\$ 8,181,296

General Obligation Notes – Series of 2011

On April 29, 2011, the District issued \$40,470,000 of General Obligation Notes – Series of 2011. The proceeds will be used: (1) to provide funds for refunding the variable rate General Obligation Notes – Series of 2009; and (2) paying the costs of this issue. These Notes are issued to the BASD Authority to guarantee their issuance of the Series of 2011 revenue bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The

notes mature from July 1, 2011 to July 1, 2031. Interest rates are variable using the SIFMA index. The maximum rate of interest payable shall be 25%, per annum.

Since this Note is between the School District and its component unit (Bethlehem Area School District Authority), it is not shown on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets as obligated debt because the Authority is blended into the financial statements; therefore, its long-term receivable equal to the principal outstanding balance of this Note are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. We are reporting the following outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, for informational purposes only, using 0.876% interest rate in effect at June 30, 2011:

FISCAL YEAR	PRII	NCIPAL	INTEREST
2011-12	\$	5,000	\$ 354,547
2012-13		5,000	354,504
2013-14		5,000	354,460
2014-15		5,000	354,416
2015-16		5,000	354,372
2016-21		25,000	1,771,204
2021-26	6	,615,000	1,642,223
2026-31	27	,170,000	820,881
2031-32	6	,635,000	4,845
TOTAL	<u>\$ 40</u>	,470,000	\$ 6,011,452

Component Unit Debt

Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2009

On May 1, 2009, the Bethlehem Area School District Authority issued \$40,280,000 of Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2009. The purposes of this issue are to: (1) refund the School District's Series of 2007 variable rate General Obligation Bonds purchased by Shippensburg Authority, (2) transfer the two interest rate swap agreements undertaken with the Series of 2007 bonds to the BASD Authority, and (3) pay the costs of issuance. These bonds are secured by a pledge and assignment of lease rentals by the Bethlehem Area School District, and a guarantee by the School District, under the terms of a General Obligation Note issued by the School District for \$41,000,000, on May 1, 2009. The Authority Bonds were purchased by Wachovia Bank and are for a term of two years at a variable rate. These bonds were refinanced with a Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011 during this 2010-11 fiscal year with the corresponding transfer of the related swaps.

Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds - Series of 2010

On January 5, 2010, the Bethlehem Area School District Authority issued \$30,000,000 of Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010. The purpose of this issue are (1) to currently refund a portion of the Bethlehem Area School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2005, and (2) to pay the costs and expenses allocable to the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds are being issued under the Municipal Authorities Act of 1945, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of a Trust Indenture, dated May 1, 2009.

Interest Rate Swap

On January 5, 2010, the Bethlehem Area School District refunded its General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2005 in two issues – General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2010, and the General Obligation Note – Series of 2010, which the notes were issued to the Bethlehem Area School District Authority. The Authority funded this refunding with the Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010. The related interest rate swap that was attached to the School District's General Obligation

Bonds – Series of 2005 was transferred to the Authority's Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010.

Objective of the interest rate swap. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate bonds at the time of issuance in July 1, 2005, the Bethlehem Area School District entered into a forward starting interest rate swap in connection with its \$55,000,000, Series of 2005 variable-rate General Obligation Bonds. The intention of the swap was to effectively change the School District's variable interest rate on the bonds to a synthetic fixed rate.

Terms. The bonds and the related swap agreement mature on January 1, 2030, and the swap's original notional amount was \$55,000,000. The swap was entered into on December 8, 2003. Subsequently, \$25,350,000 of the original notional amount was terminated leaving a remaining notional amount of \$29,650,000. Under the swap, the School District receives the lesser of 60% of LIBOR (monthly rate) plus 0.345% from the Counterparty (JP Morgan Chase Bank) in exchange for a fixed rate of 3.90%. The variable rate paid on the Authority's Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010 approximates the SIFMA index. Therefore, if SIFMA exceeds 60% of LIBOR plus 0.345%, the District pays a net effective interest rate approximately equal to the fixed rate.

Fair Value. The swap has a negative fair value of \$5,134,629 as of June 30, 2011. The swap negative fair value may be countered by a reduction in total interest payments required under the variable-rate bonds, creating a lower synthetic interest rate. Because the coupons on the government's variable-rate bonds adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value increase. The fair value was estimated by PFM an Independent financial advisor.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2011, the Authority was exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the School District would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The swap counterparty was ratedAa2 by Moody's, AA-by Standard & Poor's and AA by Fritch.

Basic Risk. The swap exposes the government to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA converge, changing the synthetic rate on the bonds. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate and the synthetic rate as of June 30, 2011. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2011, the SIFMA rate was 1.59%, whereas 60% of LIBOR was 0.456%.

Termination Risk. The Authority or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the Authority, if the counterparty's short-term debt credit rating is withdrawn or reduced to a rating below P-1 for Moody's and the rating by S&P is withdrawn or reduced to a rating that is below A-1. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a negative fair value, the School District would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2011, debt service requirements of the variable –rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

The outstanding debt requirements at June 30, 2011, using the variable interest rate in effect at year end are:

			Interest Rate	
FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST	Swaps, Net	TOTAL
2011-12	\$ 5,000	\$ 476,887	7 \$ 1,020,359	\$ 1,502,246
2012-13	5,000	476,808	3 1,020,359	1,502,167
2013-14	5,000	476,728	3 1,020,359	1,502,087
2014-15	5,000	476,649	9 1,020,359	1,502,008
2015-16	5,000	476,569	9 1,020,359	1,501,928
2016-21	25,000	2,381,654	5,101,795	7,508,449
2021-26	25,000	2,379,666	5,101,795	7,506,461
2026-30	29,920,000	1,036,33	2,196,000	33,152,335
SUB-TOTAL	29,995,000	\$ 8,181,290	\$ 17,501,385	\$ 55,677,681
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings	(2,657,678)	·		
Unamortized Premium				
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 27,337,322			

Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011

On April 29, 2011, the Bethlehem Area School District Authority issued \$40,470,000 of Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011. The purposes of this issue are to: (1) refund the Authority's Series of 2009 Guaranteed Revenue Bonds, and (2) pay the costs of issuance. These bonds are secured by a pledge and assignment of lease rentals by the Bethlehem Area School District, and a guarantee by the School District, under the terms of a General Obligation Note issued by the School District for \$40,700,000, on April 29, 2011. The Authority Bonds were purchased by Wells Fargo Bank and mature between July 1, 2011 and July 1, 2031, at a variable interest rate of interest. The related swaps for the Series of 2009 revenue bonds have been transferred to this issue.

Interest Rate Swap

Objective of the interest rate swap. As a means to lower its borrowing costs, when compared against fixed-rate notes at the time of issuance in September 1, 2007, the School District entered into an forward starting interest rate swap in connection with its \$40,000,000, Series of 2007 variable-rate general obligation notes. In addition, the School District entered into a constant maturity swap. The intention of the swaps was to effectively change the School District's variable interest rate on the notes to a synthetic fixed rate.

Terms. The notes were refunded by the Bethlehem Area School District's Authority Guaranteed Revenue Bonds Series of 2009 during 2009-10 fiscal year backed by the issuance of the District's \$41,000,000 General Obligation Note to the Authority. These Series of 2009 revenue bonds and related District's Notes have been refunded with the Series of 2011 revenue bonds and related Series of 2011 general obligation bonds of the District that guarantee the Authority's revenue bonds. The related swap agreement matures on July 1, 2031, and the swap's notional amount is \$40,000,000. The swap was entered into on November 22, 2005. Starting on July 1, 2008, the notional value of the swap and the principal amount of the associated debt begin to decline. Under the swap, the School District receives the lesser of 68% of LIBOR (monthly rate) from the Counterparty (JP Morgan Chase Bank) in exchange for a fixed rate of 3.774%. The variable rate paid on the Authority's Guaranteed Revenue Bonds – Series of 2009 approximates the SIFMA index. Therefore, if SIFMA exceeds 68% of LIBOR, the District pays a net effective interest rate in excess of 3.774%, and if SIFMA is less than 68% of LIBOR, the District pays a net effective interest rate approximately equal to the fixed rate.

Fair Value. The interest rate swap has a negative fair value of \$6,728,853 as of June 30, 2011. The swap negative fair value may be countered by a reduction in total interest payments required under the variable-rate notes, creating a lower synthetic interest rate. Because the coupons on the government's variable-rate notes adjust to changing interest rates, the bonds do not have a corresponding fair value increase. The fair value was estimated by PFM, and independent financial advisor.

Credit Risk. As of June 30, 2011, the School District was exposed to credit risk because the swap had a negative fair value. However, should interest rates change and the fair value of the swap becomes positive, the School District would not be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the derivative's fair value. The swap counterparty was rated Aa2 by Moody's, AA- by Standard & Poor's and AA by Fitch.

Basis Risk. The swap exposes the government to basis risk should the relationship between LIBOR and SIFMA converge, changing the synthetic rate on the notes. The effect of this difference in basis is indicated by the difference between the intended synthetic rate and the synthetic rate as of June 30, 2011. If a change occurs that results in the rates' moving to convergence, the expected cost savings may not be realized. As of June 30, 2011, the SIFMA rate was 0.876%, whereas 68% of LIBOR was 0.126%.

Termination Risk. The School District or the counterparty may terminate the swap if the other party fails to perform under the terms of the contract. The swap may be terminated by the School District, if the counterparty's short-term debt credit rating is withdrawn or reduced to a rating below P-1 for Moody's and the rating by S&P is withdrawn or reduced to a rating that is below A-1. If the swap is terminated, the variable-rate bond would no longer carry a synthetic interest rate. Also, if at the time of termination the swap has a net negative fair value, the School District would be liable to the counterparty for a payment equal to the swap's fair value.

Swap payments and associated debt. Using rates as of June 30, 2011, debt service requirements of the variable-rate debt and net swap payments, assuming current interest rates remain the same for their term, are as follows. As rates vary, variable-rate bond interest payments and net swap payments will vary.

The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, using the variable rate in effect at year end are:

					Int	erest Rate		
FISCAL YEAR	PRIN	CIPAL	INTEREST		Swaps, Net		TO	TAL
2011-12	\$	5,000	\$	354,547	\$	1,458,416	\$	1,817,963
2012-13		5,000		354,504		1,458,234		1,817,738
2013-14		5,000		354,460		1,458,051		1,817,511
2014-15		5,000		354,416		1,457,869		1,817,285
2015-16		5,000		354,372		1,457,686		1,817,058
2016-21		25,000		1,771,204		7,285,697		9,081,901
2021-26	6,	615,000		1,642,223		6,060,316		14,317,539
2026-31	27,	170,000		820,881		2,519,189		30,510,070
2031-32	6,	635,000		4,845		14,333		6,654,178
SUB-TOTAL	40,	470,000	\$	6,011,452	\$	23,169,791	\$	69,651,243
Unamortized Deferred chgs. on Refundings	(8,	520,367)						
Unamortized Premium	•	-						
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 31,	949,633						
-		· ·						

Lease Rental Debt

Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2009

On June 1, 2009 the Bethlehem Area Vocational-Technical School Authority issued \$9,160,000 of Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2009. The purposes of this issue are (1) to currently refund the outstanding Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2001 Refunding and Improvement Series, and (2) to pay the costs of the issuance. The bonds are being issued under the Municipalities Authorities Act of 1945, as amended, and pursuant to the provisions of a Trust indenture, dated June 1, 2009 (Second Supplemental Indenture).

The Second Supplemental Indenture provides that the bonds shall be secured by a pledge and assignment of the lease rentals payable by the Bethlehem Area School District, the Northampton Area School District, and the Saucon Valley School District, and guaranteed by said school districts, under the terms of a Second Supplementary Lease agreement dated June 1, 2009.

Bethlehem Area Vocational-Technical School was created and operates under the Articles of Agreement by and among the three participating school districts located in Northampton County and a portion of Lehigh County, Pennsylvania.

Under the Articles of Agreement dated June 20, 1995, the annual operating expenses of the Vocational-Technical School are allocated to and paid by the participating school districts. The bonds mature between September 1, 2009 and September 1, 2021. Interest rates range from 2.00% to 4.00% with total interest indebtedness of \$2,097,444. This debt is reflected on Bethlehem Area Vocational-Technical School's financial statements. Since market values fluctuate year to year, the District's future share of the lease rental debt, as shown below, is an estimate using current market values.

FISCAL YEAR	P	RINCIPAL	ı	NTEREST	TOTAL RENTAL PAYMENT
2011-12	\$	464,667	\$	161,415	\$ 626,082
2012-13		477,311		152,344	629,655
2013-14		486,794		142,338	629,132
2014-15		496,277		130,902	627,179
2015-16		508,921		117,064	625,985
2016-21		2,835,417		496,263	3,331,680
2021-22		208,626		6,600	215,226
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$	5,478,013	\$	1,206,927	\$ 6,684,940

Extended Term Financing Agreement

On June 23, 2009, the District modified the previous agreement and purchased Apple Personal Computers and other technology equipment under a financing agreement at an effective interest rate of 5.82% in the amount of \$2,714,197. The agreement requires four annual payments: of \$737,188. The outstanding debt service requirements at June 30, 2011, are:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL			TEREST
2011-12	\$	658,300	\$	78,888
2012-13		696,628		40,559
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	<u>\$</u>	1,354,928	\$	119,447

Combined Long-Term Debt

The combined general long-term debt obligations for subsequent years, except for compensated absences, retirement benefits and extended term financing are:

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL REQUIREMENTS

FISCAL YEAR	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2001	G.O.B. SERIES OF 2007	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2007	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES AA OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES B OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES OF 2010	G.R.B. SERIES OF 2010	G.R.B. SERIES OF 2011	TOTAL PRINCIPAL PAYMENTS
2011-12	\$ 405,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 6,470,000	\$ 1,785,000	\$ - :	\$ 435,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000	\$ 9,115,000
2012-13	420,000	5,000	6,805,000	1,845,000	-	440,000	15,000	5,000	5,000	9,540,000
2013-14	415,000	5,000	7,735,000	1,360,000	-	450,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	9,985,000
2014-15	430,000	5,000	8,135,000	1,410,000	-	465,000	10,000	5,000	5,000	10,465,000
2015-16	445,000	5,000	8,555,000	1,465,000	-	475,000	15,000	5,000	5,000	10,970,000
2016-21	2,800,000	25,000	1,035,000	41,300,000	14,410,000	2,660,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	62,305,000
2021-26	-	13,065,000	-	17,600,000	-	3,180,000	28,765,000	25,000	6,615,000	69,250,000
2026-31	-	28,495,000	-	-	-	2,135,000	-	29,920,000	27,170,000	87,720,000
2031-35		13,370,000	<u>-</u>			<u>-</u>			6,635,000	20,005,000
TOTAL	4,915,000	54,980,000	38,735,000	66,765,000	14,410,000	10,240,000	28,845,000	29,995,000	40,470,000	289,355,000
LESS PAYABLE WITHIN ONE YEAR	405,000	5,000	6,470,000	1,785,000	<u> </u>	435,000	5,000	5,000	5,000	9,115,000
LONG-TERM PRINCIPAL DUE AFTER ONE YEAR	\$ 4,510,000	\$ 54,975,000	\$ 32,265,000	\$ 64,980,000	\$ 14,410,000	\$ 9,805,000	\$ 28,840,000	\$ 29,990,000	\$ 40,465,000	\$ 280,240,000

SUMMARY OF PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST REQUIREMENTS

FISCAL YEAR	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2001	G.O.B. SERIES OF 2007	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2007	G.O.B. SERIES A OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES AA OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES B OF 2009	G.O.B. SERIES OF 2010	G.R.B. SERIES OF 2010	G.R.B. SERIES OF 2011	TOTAL DEBT SVC. PAYMENTS
	 ·									
2011-12	\$ 631,350	\$ 3,681,714	-, -,	\$ 4,719,431	\$ 580,400		\$ 1,394,238	\$ 1,502,246	, ,- ,	\$ 23,412,910
2012-13	629,542	3,681,379	8,248,125	4,717,231	580,400	836,819	1,404,160	1,502,167	1,817,738	23,417,561
2013-14	606,693	3,681,045	8,814,625	4,185,519	580,400	837,075	1,398,860	1,502,087	1,817,511	23,423,815
2014-15	603,640	3,680,711	8,817,875	4,187,106	580,400	840,338	1,398,650	1,502,008	1,817,285	23,428,013
2015-16	599,505	3,680,376	8,820,625	4,189,932	580,400	836,819	1,403,400	1,501,928	1,817,058	23,430,043
2016-21	3,075,665	18,396,865	1,060,875	49,825,405	16,537,400	4,202,061	6,963,291	7,508,449	9,081,901	116,651,912
2021-26	-	29,734,519	-	18,243,190	-	4,102,219	34,023,045	7,506,461	14,317,539	107,926,973
2026-31	-	38,971,737	-	-	-	2,299,672	-	33,152,335	30,510,070	104,933,814
2031-35		13,817,071						<u>-</u> .	6,654,178	20,471,249
TOTAL	\$ 6,146,395	\$ 119,325,417	44,007,125	\$ 90,067,814	\$ 19,439,400	\$ 14,795,571	\$ 47,985,644	\$ 55,677,681	69,651,243	\$ 467,096,290

Derivative Financial Instruments

Primary Government

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 53, any derivative financial instruments must be recorded on the government-wide financial statements at fair value for periods beginning on or after June 15, 2009. The District has two derivative financial instruments; one associated with its General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2007, and the other one associated with its General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2007. The fixed payor swap on the Series of 2007 Bonds is designed to create a synthetic fixed rate on the variable rate bond issue by paying the counterparty a fixed rate of 4.145% and receiving 60% of one month LIBOR, plus 0.346%. The value of this derivative instrument embedded into the swap is a negative \$11,446,909, at June 30, 2011.

The forward swaption attached to the Series A of 2007 Bonds was designed to effectively change the variable-rate general obligation bonds to a synthetic fixed rate. The counterparty has not elected its option on this swaption as of June 30, 2011. The fair value of this swaption is a negative \$89,965, at June 30, 2011. In accordance with the definition of a hedging derivative financial instrument in the standard, the forward swaption does not constitute a hedging derivative financial instrument because there is not a notional amount. As such, it is not eligible for hedge accounting treatment (explained below).

GASB Statement No. 53 requires the use of hedge accounting, in which the net change in fair value represents a deferred inflow or outflow of the hedging derivative financial instrument reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. To be considered a hedging derivative financial instrument, the derivative financial instrument must pass an effectiveness test using one of the available methods (consistent critical terms, synthetic instrument, dollar-offset, and regression analysis). If none of the available methods result in the derivative financial instrument being effective, then the net change in fair value should flow to the government-wide Statement of Activities, and the instrument is considered an investment derivative.

Based upon the tests of effectiveness conducted by the District's financial advisor for this fiscal year, the above-mentioned interest rate swap associated with the Series of 2007 Bonds is a hedging derivative financial instrument. As such, its fair value of \$11,446,909 is shown on the Statement of Net Assets as a deferred outflow of resources offset by the long-term liability.

Since the forward swaption did not meet hedge accounting treatment, the change in fair value of \$109,257, is charged against investment income in the government-wide Statement of Activities

Component Unit

In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 53, any derivative financial instruments must be recorded on the government-wide financial statements at fair value for periods beginning on or after June 15, 2009. The Bethlehem Area School District Authority (component unit) has two derivative financial instruments; one associated with its Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010, and the other one associated with its Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011.

The swap associated with the Authority's Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2010 originated from the School District's (primary government) General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2005. The swap associated with the Authority's Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds – Series of 2011 originated from the School District's (primary government) General Obligation Notes – Series of 2007.

The fixed payor swap on the Series of 2010 Revenue Bonds is designed to create a synthetic fixed rate on the variable rate bond issue by paying the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.90% and receiving 60% of one month LIBOR, plus 0.345%. The value of this derivative instrument embedded into the swap is a negative \$5,134,629, at June 30, 2011.

The fixed payor swap on the Series of 2011 Revenue Bonds is designed to create a synthetic fixed rate on the variable rate bond issue by paying the counterparty a fixed rate of 3.774% and receiving 68% of one month LIBOR. The value of this derivative instrument embedded into the swap is a negative \$6,728,853, at June 30, 2011.

GASB Statement No. 53 requires the use of hedge accounting, in which the net change in fair value represents a deferred inflow or outflow of the hedging derivative financial instrument reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Assets. To be considered a hedging derivative financial instrument, the derivative financial instrument must pass an effectiveness test using one of the available methods (consistent critical terms, synthetic instrument, dollar-offset, and regression analysis). If none of the available methods result in the derivative financial instrument being effective, then the net change in fair value should flow to the government-wide Statement of Activities, and the instrument is considered an investment derivative.

Based upon the tests of effectiveness conducted by the District's financial advisor for this fiscal year, the above-mentioned interest rate swaps associated with the Series of 2010 and 2011 Revenue Bonds are hedging derivative financial instruments. As such, its fair values of \$5,134,629, and \$6,728,853, respectively are shown on the Statement of Net Assets as a deferred outflow of resources offset by the long-term liability. The portion of these swaps fair value that is "at the market" is \$516,103 and \$1,152,522, respectively, and is recorded as deferred outflows of resources. The portion of the fair value \$229,050 and \$1,764,043, respectively, has been recorded to deferred gains on refunding because of the termination of hedge accounting caused by the refunding of the original issues.

Compensated Absences

Sick-Pay

Under the District's various bargaining agreements and plans, (see below), professional and eligible support personnel accumulate unused sick days from year to year based on their classification. These accumulated sick days are non-vesting during the employee's tenure.

Clerical/Secretarial Employees – Employees who retire will receive unused sick leave credit not to exceed 90 days at \$45 per day. Conversion of unused sick leave to health benefits have the following options: (1) if less than the allowed unused sick days have been accrued, payment in cash for the unused sick days will be used; (2) if more than the allowed unused sick days have been accrued, payment will be made for the allowed number, (90), plus all days in excess may be used to receive health care benefits for a period of time equal to a balance of funds credited for unused days multiplied by \$45 per day; (3) if more than the allowed unused sick days have been accrued, all unused sick days may be converted to credit toward health care coverage, as outlined in option 2.

Custodial and Maintenance Employees – Employees who retire will receive unused sick leave credit not to exceed 100 days at \$60 per day. Conversions of unused sick leave to health benefits have the following options. Option 1 is the same as above. Option 2 is the same, except the allowed number is 100 days, and the excess is multiplied by \$60. Option 3 has a requirement that they are only entitled if they have at least 30 years of credited service in PSERS and who have more than 100 unused sick days, then health benefits will be calculated at a rate of 55 sick days for one year of health coverage

benefits to a maximum of 7 yrs of health coverage or until Medicare eligibility is attained, whichever comes first. In addition, if after calculating the number of years of health care coverage, there are sick days not used, two additional months of health care can be secured for every 9 sick days.

Food Service Employees – Employees who retire will receive unused sick leave credit at a rate of \$30 per day for a maximum of 85 days for full-time employees and \$25 per day for a maximum of 85 days for part-time employees. Conversion for only full-time employees to health benefits has the following three options: Option 1: If less than the maximum 85 days is accumulated, payment in cash will ensue. Option 2: If more than the allowed unused sick days have been accrued, payment will be made up to the 85 days, excess will be converted to health benefits for a period of time equal to a balance of funds credited for unused sick days multiplied by \$30 for full-time employees and \$25 for part-time employees. Option 3: If more than the allowed unused sick days have been accrued, they can cover all their unused sick days to the health benefit coverage.

Teacher Aide Employees – Will receive unused sick leave credit not to exceed 90 days at \$40 per day, only available to full-time employees. They can covert to health benefits with three options: (1) if less than the maximum of 90 days is accumulated they will be paid for their sick days; (2) similar to option 2 for the other classes, the first 90 days is received as a payment with the excess over 90 credited for health benefits at a rate of \$35 per day, (3) allows them to convert all their unused accumulated sick days (the first 90 and above) to health benefit coverage at a rate of \$35 per day.

To be eligible for unused sick leave credit, they must meet at least one of the following criteria: (1) served 10 years or more in the School District and be at least 52 years of age, or (2) served at least 10 years in the district and have accrued a minimum of 30 years of credited service in PSERS.

Teachers – Upon retirement, members of the bargaining unit shall receive unused sick leave credit up to 90 days at the rate of \$45 per day. To be eligible for this severance payment they must have 10 yrs. of service at the district and be at least 52 yrs. of age, or have 10 yrs. of service and have accrued a minimum of 30 yrs. of credited service in the PSERS system

Note – Employees in the bargaining unit who have at least 30 years of credited service in PSERS, and who have more than 90 days of unused sick days at the time of retirement shall be provided with health benefits computed at the rate of 30 sick days for one year of health care coverage to a maximum of 10 years of benefits or until Medicare kicks in, whichever occurs first. If after calculating the number of years of coverage, there are sick days not used, two additional months of health care coverage can be secured for every 5 sick days, up to a maximum of 25 days equal 10 months of additional coverage. Bargaining members may exchange all of their unused sick days for the benefits of health coverage only if they exceed the minimum of 90 days accumulated.

The District maintains records of each employee's accumulated sick days that are vested with employees who are able to retire. In accordance with GASB statement No. 16, \$132,063 including FICA tax (net of reimbursement), has been recorded in the Food Service (Enterprise) Fund for sick leave termination benefits earned by Cafeteria employees at June 30, 2011. This amount is also included as a long-term liability in the business type activity column of the government-wide statements of net assets. The amount recorded in the General Fund for governmental employees, which will use currently available financial resources, is \$254,926, including FICA tax (net of reimbursement). This amount is reflected as a current liability in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets. The remaining sick leave termination benefit of \$4,469,011, including FICA tax (net of reimbursement), is recorded as a long-term liability in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets.

Vacation Leave

Unused vacation leave is paid upon an employee's termination. The District maintains records of each employee's accumulated vacation days. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, the portion of vacation pay earned at June 30, 2011, that will use currently available financial resources is \$258,838, including fica tax and retirement contributions (net of reimbursement), which has been recorded in the General Fund. This amount is also shown as a current liability in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets (The Day Care) Fund has recorded \$18,044, including fica tax and retirement contributions (net of reimbursement), which is also reflected as a long-term liability in the business-type activity column of the government-wide statement of net assets. The remaining vacation pay earned at June 30, 2011, of \$1,651,894, including FICA tax and retirement contributions (net of reimbursement), is recorded as a long-term liability in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net assets.

Defined benefit pension plans

Plan Description

Name of plan: The Public School Employees' Retirement System (the System).

Type of Plan: Governmental cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan.

Benefits: Retirement and disability legislatively mandated ad hoc cost-of-living adjustments, healthcare insurance premium assistance to qualifying annuitants.

Authority: The Public School Employees' Retirement Code (Act No. 96 of October 2, 1975, as amended) (24 PA C.S. 8101-8535).

Annual Financial Report: The System issues a comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to Diane J. Wert, Office of Financial Management, Public School Employees' Retirement System, P. O. Box 125, Harrisburg, PA 17108-0125. The report is also available in the publications section of the PSERS website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Funding Policy

Authority: The contribution policy is established in the Public School Employees' Retirement Code and requires contributions by active members, employers, and the Commonwealth.

Contribution Rates

Member Contributions: Active members, who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contributed at 5.25 percent (Membership Class TC) or at 6.50 percent (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25 percent (Membership Class TC) or at 7.50 percent (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001, contribute at 7.50 percent (automatic Membership Class TD). For all new hires and for members who elected Class TD membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial valuation. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2011, the rate of employer contribution was 5.64 percent of covered payroll. The 5.64 percent rate is comprised of a pension contribution rate of 5.00 percent for pension benefits and 0.64 for healthcare insurance premium assistance.

The employer's current year covered payroll was \$81,449,158 and total payroll was \$97,458,994.

The total employee and employer contributions for this current year were \$7,032,647 and \$5,463,534, respectively.

Other Employee Benefits

HOSPITALIZATION/MEDICAL/DENTAL/PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

The School District is self-insured for its hospitalization, medical and dental payments and prescription drug benefits. The monthly premium is revised annually in April for the upcoming fiscal year beginning July 1 and is based upon actual cost plus basis per third party administrator.

Other Post Employment Benefits

Plan Description. Bethlehem Area School District has two single-employer defined benefit plans. The second plan is considered a pension plan in accordance with GASB Statement No. 27, but is shown under Other Post Employment Benefits:

1. In accordance with the PA School Code of 1949, as amended, medical coverage is provided to eligible retirees and spouses with the retiree paying the full active premium rate for coverage until age 65. This benefit has an implicit rate subsidy based upon GASB Statement No. 45, since the retiree pays the premium at the insurance carrier's global rate charged to the School District versus an age-adjusted rate, as defined in the GASB Statement. The following table on the next two pages reflects the Plan provisions by group:

GROUP	ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
I. Administrators	No eligibility requirements	 Coverage: Medical, Prescription Drug, and Dental. Premium Sharing: If the member reaches 35 years of PSERS service, the district will pay the full premium for medical, prescription drug, and dental coverage for the member and spouse. If the member does not reach 35 years of PSERS service, the member may trade unused sick days at the rate of 30 days per year of medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits for the member and spouse for up to 10 years. If the accrued District subsidy period is exhausted the member and spouse may continue the benefit by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA. Dependents: Spouses included. 	Until the member reaches Medicare eligibility. If the spouse reaches Medicare eligibility prior to the member, spousal coverage will cease. *The duration is longer for one retiree with a special contract.
II. Teachers	30 years of PSERS service, or superannuation retirement (age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, or age 62 with 1 year of service, or 35 years of PSERS service).	 Coverage: Medical, Prescription Drug, and Dental Premium Sharing: If the member reaches 30 years of PSERS service, the member may trade unused sick days at a rate of 30 days per year of medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits for the member and spouse for up to 10 years. If the accrued district subsidy period is exhausted, the member and spouse may continue the benefit by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA. Dependents: Spouses included. 	Same as I

GROUP	ELIGIBILITY	COVERAGE AND PREMIUM SHARING	DURATION
III. Custodial/Maintenance	Same as II	 Coverage: Medical, Prescription Drug, and Dental Premium Sharing: If the member reaches 30 years of PSERS service, the member may trade unused sick days at a rate of 50 days per year of medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits for the member for up to 7 years. If the accrued district subsidy period is exhausted, the member may continue the benefit by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA. If the member does not reach 30 years of PSERS service, but does reach eligibility through PSERS, the member and spouse may continue coverage by paying the full premium as determined for the purpose of COBRA. Dependents: Spouses included. 	Same as I
IV. Food Service And Clerical	10 years of service with the district and age plus service greater than 65, or 30 years of total PSERS service, or superannuation retirement (age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, or age 62 with 1 year service, or 35 years of PSERS service.	Act 110/43	Same as I
V. All Other Support Staff	Age 52 with 10 years of service with the district, or 30 years of total PSERS service, or superannuation retirement (age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, or age 62 with 1 year of service, or 35 years of PSERS service).	• Act 110/43	Same as I

Notes: Act 110/43 Benefit: All employees are eligible for this benefit upon retirement with 30 years of PSERS service or upon superannuation retirement (age 60 with 30 years of PSERS service, or age 62 with 1 year of service, or 35 years of PSERS service regardless of age). Retired employees are allowed to continue coverage for themselves and their dependents in the employer's group health plan until the retired employee reaches Medicare age. In order to obtain coverage, retired employees must provide payment equal to the premium determined for the purpose of COBRA.

Benefits not Included in the Calculation: Benefits that include conversion of sick leave to dollar value that can be used towards the payment of postretirement medical, prescription drug, and dental benefits are not valued under GASB 45. It is assumed that these benefits are reported under the provisions of GASB 16.

GASB 27 Disclosures: Administrators are eligible for service time incentive benefits upon attainment of age 52 with 8 years of service with the district. The amount payable is equal to \$1,000 times the administrator's service. The benefits are accounted for under GASB 27 and are contained in the Appendix..

Funding Policy and Annual OPEB Cost. The first benefit is state mandated via the School Code statute. The second benefit is determined by contractual agreement between the Board of School Directors and each eligible class of employees. The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) for each plan is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover the normal cost, each year, and to amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The District's annual OPEB cost for the current year and the related information is as follows:

Contribution Rates:						
	•	PEB Benefit		s of Service ctuarially		
	D	etermined	De	Determined		
Interest Rate		4.5%		4.5%		
Plan Members		2,253		57		
Annual Required Contribution Interest on net OPEB obligation Adjustment to annual required contribution	\$	3,745,789 195,745 (267,046)	\$	52,049 - -		
Annual OPEB cost		3,674,488		52,049		
Contributions made		(3,021,907)				
Increase in net OPEB obligation		652,581		52,049		
Net OPEB obligation - beginning of year	_	4,349,893		168,605		
Net OPEB obligation - end of year	\$	5,002,474	\$	220,654		

The following table shows the two plans segregated by fund:

	Actuarial Valuation by Fund									
		Other Post Employment Benefit Plan								rs of Service Plan
	G	eneral Fund	Fd.	Service Fd.	Da	ycare Fund		Total	Ge	eneral Fund
Demographic Information: Active Participants Retired Participants	\$	1,862 215		139 1		36		2,037 216		57
Total	\$	2,077	\$	140	\$	36	\$	2,253	\$	57
Annual Payroll of Active Participants	\$	87,895,156	\$	1,562,545	\$	594,303	\$	90,052,004	\$	5,211,518
Annual Required Contributions Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	\$	3,723,675 193,669 (264,213)		5,480 779 (1,063)		16,634 1,297 (1,770)	_	3,745,789 195,745 (267,046)		52,049 - -
Annual OPEB Cost		3,653,131		5,196		16,161		3,674,488		52,049
Contributions made	_	(3,008,083)		(1,928)		(11,896)	_	(3,021,907)		
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation		645,048		3,268		4,265		652,581		52,049
Net OPEB Obligation - beginning of year	_	4,303,753		17,315	_	28,825	_	4,349,893		168,605
Net OPEB Obligation - end of year	\$	4,948,801	\$	20,583	\$	33,090	\$	5,002,474	\$	220,654

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan and the net OPEB obligation of the four fiscal years ending June 30th, for the benefits were as follows:

	Annual	Percentage		
Year	OPEB	of OPEB Cost	N	Net OPEB
<u>ended</u>	Cost	Contributed	<u>C</u>	<u> Obligation</u>
6/30/2011	\$ 3,674,488	82.2%	\$	5,002,474
6/30/2010	\$ 3,695,260	65.7%	\$	4,349,893
6/30/2009	\$ 3,463,356	57.6%	\$	3,082,632
6/30/2008	3,463,356	52.6%		1,642,678

Funded Status and Funding Process. The funded status of the benefits as of June 30, 2011, was as follows:

	 ate-mandated Healthcare Benefit	Years of Service Increment Benefit
Actuarial accrued liability (a) Actuarial value of plan assets (b)	\$ 35,034,503	\$ 500,139
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (a) - (b)	\$ 35,034,503	\$ 500,139
Funded Ratio (b) / (a) Covered payroll	\$ 0.0% 90,052,004	\$ 0.0% 5,211,518
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (funding excess) as a percentage of covered payroll.	38.9%	9.6%

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the benefits and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The required schedule of funding progress presented as required supplementary information provides multiyear trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits in force at the valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefit costs between the district and the plan members to that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions were as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	State-mandated Healthcare <u>Benefit</u> 7/1/2009	Years of Service Increment <u>Benefit</u> 7/1/2009		
Actuarial Valuation Date	77172009	77172009		
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal	Entry Age Normal		
Amortization Method	Level dollar method over a 30 year period	Level dollar method over a 30 year period		
Remaining amortization period	15.2889 years	15.2889 years		
Asset Valuation Method	pay as you go basis	pay as you go basis		
Actuarial Assumptions:				
Investment rate of return	4.5%	4.5%		
Projected salary increases Healthcare inflation rate	4.25% to 7.25%	4.25% to 7.25%		
2011	7.0%	N/A		
2012	6.5%	N/A		
2013	6.0%	N/A		
2014	5.5%	N/A		
2015-2099	5.3% to 4.2%	N/A		

Note 6 - Risk Management

The District is subject to risk of loss from employee acts, property damage, personal injury auto accidents, theft, etc. The District covers those risks through the purchase of commercial insurance. The District's Workmen's compensation policy is a retrospectively rated policy; the final total premium is based on the actual payroll for the policy year and is determined by the insurance company. Any settlements received by the District or its employees did not exceed insurance coverage in any of the last three years.

Note 7 - Fund Balance Allocations

Nonspendable Fund Balance

The General Fund had \$254,635, in nonspendable fund balance at June 30, 2011, comprised of \$239,629, of inventories on hand at year-end and \$15,006, of prepaid expenditures.

Restricted Fund Balance

The two Capital Project Funds have restrictions on the use of the resources at year end. The Capital Reserve Fund's \$394,930 fund balance at year end is restricted because of enabling legislation under the Municipal Code in Pennsylvania. Section 1432 of this Code restricts the use of resources for limited purposes.

In addition, the debt covenant on the bond issues restricts the proceeds shown in the Construction Fund for the purposes outlined in the bond resolution. As such, the \$842,479, in fund balance at year end within this fund is considered restricted.

The General Fund's \$2,058 in fund balance is restricted as a result of a Lot program.

Assigned Fund Balance

The fund balance of \$6,970, in the Non Major Funds is assigned for the purpose of the Non-major funds.

Note 8 - Net Asset Restrictions

The portion of net assets for governmental activities, shown on the government-wide statement of net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt is a deficit of \$19,058,280. The business-type activities column reflects \$83,182 invested in capital assets with no related debt. There are unrestricted net assets in governmental activities showing a deficit of \$2,637,615.

Note 9 - Contingencies

Grants

The School District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and a condition specified in the grant agreements, and is subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund, or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the School District as of June 30, 2011.

Litigation

In accordance with management, there are no legal matters that could materially affect the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2011.

Note 10 – Subsequent Events

General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2011

On November 1, 2011, the District issued \$33,330,000 of General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2011. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund a portion (\$25,150,000) of the General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2007; (2) to make a payment to terminate a portion (\$7,470,000) of a related swap agreement; and (3) to pay the costs and expenses of issuing the bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from November 15, 2012 to November 15, 2029. Interest rates range from 1.0% to 4.125%, with total interest indebtedness of \$18,872,955. The future outstanding debt service obligations are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL	INTEREST
2011-12	\$ -	\$ 693,877
2012-13	5,000	1,287,581
2013-14	5,000	1,287,531
2014-15	5,000	1,287,476
2015-16	5,000	1,287,413
2016-21	25,000	6,435,625
2021-26	16,495,000	5,336,038
2026-32	16,790,000	1,257,415
TOTAL	\$ 33,330,000	\$ 18,872,956

<u>General Obligation Notes – Series A of 2011</u>

On November1, 2011, the District issued \$30,000,000 of General Obligation Notes – Series A of 2011. The proceeds will be used: (1) to currently refund a portion (\$25,150,000) of the General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2007 by transferring the liability, including the fixed payor swap, to the BASD Authority; and (2) paying the costs of the issue. This Note is issued to the BASD Authority to guarantee their issuance of the Series A of 2011 bonds. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The notes mature from January 1, 2012 to January 1, 2032 with interest rate at a variable weekly rate of 68% of 1 month LIBOR, plus 75 basis points. Since this Note is between the School District and its component unit (Bethlehem Area School District Authority), it will not be shown on future government-wide Statement of Net Assets as obligated debt because the Authority is blended into the financial statements; therefore its long-term receivable equal to the principal outstanding balance of the Note are eliminated for financial reporting purposes. The future principal obligations are the same as the component unit debt, shown below.

Component Unit Debt - Guaranteed Lease Revenue Bonds - Series A of 2011

On November 1, 2011, the Bethlehem Area School District Authority issued \$30,000,000 of Guaranteed Revenue Bonds-Series A of 2011. The purposes of this issue are to: (1) refund a portion of the School District's Series of 2007 variable rate general obligation bonds; (2) pay related costs and issuance of this issue; and (3) enter into a new ISDA Confirmation with JP Morgan Chase Bank (counterparty) assuming the remaining Series of 2007 fixed payor swap. The future principal obligations, are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINCIPAL
2011-12	\$ 5,000
2012-13	5,000
2013-14	5,000
2014-15	5,000
2015-16	5,000
2016-21	25,000
2021-26	25,000
2026-31	15,745,000
2031-32	14,180,000
TOTAL	\$ 30,000,000

General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2012

In December 2011, the District issued \$50,070,000 in General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2012. The purposes of this issue are: (1) to currently refund the outstanding Series A of 2001 general obligation bonds; and (2) to pay the costs of the issuance. In accordance with the Local Governmental Unit Debt Act, a sinking fund has been established with the paying agent. The bonds mature from March 15, 2012 to March 15, 2019. Interest rates range from 1.0% to 3.0%, with total interest indebtedness of \$539,257. The future outstanding debt service obligations are as follows:

FISCAL YEAR	PRINC	CIPAL	INTEREST
2011-12	\$	75,000	20,122
2012-13	5	20,000	110,698
2013-14	5	500,000	106,538
2014-15	5	05,000	96,538
2015-16	5	20,000	81,388
2016-19	2,9	50,000	123,973
TOTAL	\$ 5,0	70,000	539,257

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule of Funding Progress Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2011

Actuarial Valuation Date 7/1/2009 7/1/2007 7/1/2005	Actuarial Value of Assets (a) \$ -	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL)- Unit Credit (b) \$ 35,034,503 28,785,879	Unfunded	Funded Ratio (a / b) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Covered Payroll (c) \$ 90,052,004 92,771,303	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c) 38.90% 31.03% 0.00%
Years of Service	e Increment	Actuarial				
Actuarial Valuation Date 7/1/2009 7/1/2007 7/1/2005	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	Accrued Liability (AAL)- Unit C redit (b) \$ 500,139 435,354	Unfunded	Funded Ratio (a / b) 0.0% 0.0% 0.0%	Covered Payroll (c) \$ 5,211,518 5,914,658	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b - a) / c) 9.60% 7.36% 0.00%

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

Bethlehem Area School District Combining Balance Sheet All Capital Project Funds As of June 30, 2011

	CAPITAL RESERVE FUND		CAPITAL PROJECT FUND		TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$	1,299,640	\$	1,299,640
Investments	-		-		-
Other Receivables	-		-		-
Due from other funds	394,930		-		394,930
Due from Primary Government	-		-		-
Receivables from other governments	-		-		-
Other Recoverable Disbursements	-		-		-
Prepaid Expenditures	-		-		-
Inventories	 				-
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 394,930	<u>\$</u>	1,299,640	<u>\$</u>	1,694,570
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES:					
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	57,901	\$	57,901
Due to other funds	_		399,260		399,260
Due to Primary Government	_		-		· -
Interest Payable	_		-		-
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	_		-		-
Accrued Salaries and Benefits	_		-		-
Payable to other governments	-		-		-
Deferred Revenue	-		-		-
Compensated Absences	 				<u>-</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES	 -		457,161		457,161
FUND BALANCES:					
Nonspendable Fund Balance	_		_		_
Restricted Fund Balance	394,930		842,479		1,237,409
Committed Fund Balance	-		5 12,71 5		1,201,409
Assigned Fund Balance	-		_		_
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	394,930		842,479		1,237,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 394,930	\$	1,299,640	\$	1,694,570

Bethlehem Area School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances All Capital Project Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	R	APITAL ESERVE FUND	CAPITAL PROJECT FUND		TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
REVENUES					_
Local Sources	\$	-	\$ 12,101	\$	12,101
State Sources		-	-		-
Federal Sources		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	_	-	 12,101		12,101
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction		_	14,480		14,480
Support Services		43,789	14,400		43,789
Operation of Non-Instructional Services		-0,700	_		
Capital Outlay		_	2,317,671		2,317,671
Debt Service		_	2,517,071		2,517,071
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		43,789	2,332,151		2,375,940
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		(43,789)	 (2,320,050)	_	(2,363,839)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Proceeds from Bond Issues		-	-		-
Bond Premium		-	-		-
Transfer from Primary Government		-	-		-
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent		-	-		-
Bond Discount		-	-		-
Swap Termination Fee		-	-		-
Sale/Compensation for Fixed Assets		-	-		-
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out			 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES			 	_	<u> </u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		(43,789)	(2,320,050)		(2,363,839)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		438,719	 3,162,529		3,601,248
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$	394,930	\$ 842,479	\$	1,237,409

Bethlehem Area School District Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds As of June 30, 2011

		SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS				os	DEBT SERVICE FUNDS						
		THORITY ENERAL FUND	cc	NCESSION FUND		TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS		2010 GOB BOND FUND	2011 GON BOND FUND	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS		TOTAL ION-MAJOR VERNMENTAL FUNDS	
<u>ASSETS</u>													
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$	22,193	\$	-	\$	22,193	\$	-	\$	- \$ -	- \$ -	22,193	
Other Receivables Due from other funds		- 875,536		-		999 355		-		-	-	882,355	
Due from Other runds Due from Primary Government		875,536		6,819		882,355		-		-	-	882,355	
Receivables from other governments						-					-	_	
Other Recoverable Disbursements		_		_				_		_	_	_	
Prepaid Expenditures								_		_	_	_	
Inventories		_		_		-		_		-	_	-	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	897,729	\$	6,819	\$	904,548	\$		\$	- s	- \$	904,548	
	-	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_	· ·	-		·	<u> </u>			
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES													
LIABILITIES:													
Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	- \$	-	
Due to other funds		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	
Due to Primary Government						-						-	
Interest Payable		892,578		-		892,578		-		-	-	892,578	
Current Portion of Long-Term Debt		5,000				5,000						5,000	
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		-				-						-	
Payable to other governments		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	
Deferred Revenue		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	
Compensated Absences					_		_			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		897,578		-		897,578		-		- 	-	897,578	
FUND BALANCES:													
Nonspendable Fund Balance													
Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	
Committed Fund Balance		-		-		-		-		-	-	-	
Assigned Fund Balance		151		6,819		6,970	_			<u> </u>		6,970	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		151		6,819		6,970	_			<u> </u>		6,970	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	897,729	\$	6,819	\$	904,548	\$	-	\$	- \$	<u>-</u> \$	904,548	

Bethlehem Area School District Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	SPEC	IAL REVENUE F	UNDS	DEB	T SERVICE FU	INDS	
	AUTHORITY GENERAL FUND	CONCESSION FUND	TOTAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS	2010 GOB BOND FUND	2011 GON BOND FUND	TOTAL DEBT SERVICE FUNDS	TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES							
Local Sources	\$ 3,624,538	\$ -	\$ 3,624,538	\$ 6	\$ -	\$ 6	\$ 3,624,544
State Sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Federal Sources							
TOTAL REVENUES	3,624,538		3,624,538	6		6	3,624,544
EXPENDITURES							
Instruction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Support Services	180,000	-	180,000	-	-	-	180,000
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	=	-	=	-	-	-	=
Capital Outlay	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Debt Service	3,644,387		3,644,387	63,469		63,469	3,707,856
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	3,824,387		3,824,387	63,469		63,469	3,887,856
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(199,849) <u> </u>	(199,849)	(63,463)	<u>-</u> _	(63,463)	(263,312)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)							
Proceeds from Refunding Bond Issues	40,470,000	-	40,470,000	_	40,470,000	40,470,000	80,940,000
Bond Premium		-	· · ·	-	, , , <u>-</u>	-	, , , <u>-</u>
Transfer from Primary Government	-		-	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	40,270,000	-	40,270,000	=	40,470,000	40,470,000	80,740,000
Bond Discount	-	-	-	=	-	-	=
Swap Termination Fee	=	-	=	-	-	-	=
Sale/Compensation for Fixed Assets	=	=	=	-	-	-	=
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers out							
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES	200,000	· <u> </u>	200,000	_			200,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	151	-	151	(63,463)	-	(63,463)	(63,312)
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING		6,819	6,819	63,463		63,463	70,282
FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 151	\$ 6,819	\$ 6,970	\$ <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	\$ -	\$ 6,970

Bethlehem Area School District Combining Statement of Changes In Fiduciary Net Assets Private Purpose Trust Funds As of June 30, 2011

<u>SCHOLARSHIP</u>	7/1/10 NET ASSETS	CONTRIBUTIONS REVENUE	INTEREST REVENUE	AWARDS EXPENDED	6/30/11 NET ASSETS
General Scholarship Account	\$ 1,97	7 \$ 17,136	\$ 1	\$ 499	\$ 18,615
General Bilingual Awards	3,48		•	-	3,486
Shining Stars Scholarship	3,15			1,400	3,187
Teresa Rodriguez Memorial	12	,		1,400	120
L.A.C.E.O. Achievement Award	9			800	10
Dario Cruz Memorial Scholarship	60			300	600
Gloria Lopez Memorial Scholarship	(5			200	(250)
Angel Torres Memorial Scholarship	(5	,		200	(50)
Echevarria Moran Scholarship	(3			_	(50)
PNC Bank Latino Scholarship	50	0 1,000		1,000	500
Figueroa's Family Scholarship	30	- 1,000		1,000	300
Bethlehem Partnership for a Healthy Community	60	0 300		300	600
College Textbook Award	(50			-	(350)
Just Born Minority Scholarship	50	,		500	500
P. Albizu Campos & Sojourner Truth Scholars.	(5			550	(600)
Scholastic Achievement, Service & Leadership	50			-	500
Ramon Emeterio Betances Scholarship	30	- 500		500	300
Ella Springs Memorial	3,00			2,000	3,000
Ralph Lopez Scholarship	2,10	,		2,000	2,100
Class Scholarship	30	,		2,000	600
Richard Montz Memorial Scholarship	(10			50	000
Kathryn & Perdro Bonne Textbook Award	1,05	*		30	1,050
Puerto Rican Beneficial Scholarship	1,05			850	900
Roberto Clemente Scholarship	80			1,050	900 950
Ann Goldberg Scholarship	41			500	950 604
				750	
George Maunz School-to-Work Scholarship Jesus "Berto" Rivera Scholarship	1,20 22			350	1,320 75
PR Cultural Coalition Scholarship	35			330	850
CSSOLV Scholarship	1,70				3,200
Betty Williams Memorial Scholarship	40	,		-	400
Rev. Dr. Martin Luther King Award	(60			300	(900)
Thomas K. Washington Family Scholarship	(35	,		300	(100)
Thurgood Marshall Scholarship	(40	,		300	(700)
Fowler Scholarship	7,35	,		2,500	8,850
Frances Grabish Memorial Textbook Award	7,33 (50		-	2,300	(350)
Angela Sanchez Memorial Award	30			200	350
Harold & Dorothy Kram Memorial Award	30	- 150		200	150
Scientific Learning	40		_		400
Landston Hughes Award	(15			300	(450)
Manuel & Luis Ramirez Memorial Scholarship	50	,	_	500	(430)
Ortiz Family Award	10		_	100	
Iris M. Cintron	10	- 200	_	200	
Teen Summit		- 350		200	150
Raul & Julia Textbook Award		- 150	_	150	100
Al Senevitis		- 7,820	_	500	7,320
Julia De Burgos		- 7,020	_	1.450	(1,450)
Garcia			_	200	(200)
Power & Associates				200	(200)
Olivia Palmer - Clark			_	400	(400)
Rita Moreno			-	600	(600)
Dr. Loftus		_	-	150	(150)
Blanca Smith		-	-	500	(500)
Hispanic Center		_	-	1,000	(1,000)
Celia Cruz "Azucar"		-	-	300	(300)
Non-Expendable Trust Fund	166,86	- 0 -	1,615	2,600	165,875
Ton Expondubio Husti una	100,00	<u> </u>			100,070
TOTAL	\$ 196,43	0 \$ 45,915	<u>\$ 1,616</u>	\$ 26,249	\$ 217,712

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES

KEVEROLO			
LOCAL SOURCES:	_		
Current Real Estate Taxes	\$	113,983,685	
Interim Real Estate Taxes		1,050,017	
Public Utility		178,848	
Payment in Lieu of Taxes		223,146	
Current Per Capita Taxes - 511		231,744	
Current Per Capita Taxes - 679		231,743	
Local Services Tax		268,533	
Earned Income Tax		9,185,253	
Real Estate Transfer Tax		1,803,797	
Act 511 Mercantile Taxes		2,648,381	
Delinquent Real Estate Taxes		5,302,847	
Delinquent Per Capita Taxes		51,953	
Delinquent Mercantile Taxes		505,991	
Interest		134,361	
Admissions		104,837	
Other Student Activity Income		144,810	
State Revenue from other Public Schools		14,714	
State Revenue from Other Sources		151,835	
Federal Revenue from Local Sources		2,151,453	
Federal ARRA Revenue from Local Sources		1,559,596	
Rentals		61,772	
Contributions		189,594	
Regular Day School Tuition		113,789	
Summer School		51,410	
Adult Education Tuition		67,115	
Receipts from Other LEA's - Education		267,765	
Other Tuition From Patrons		-	
Services provided Other Local Governmental Units		-	
All Other Services Provided Other Governments		-	
Revenue from Community Services		4,662	
Miscellaneous		133,943	
Refunds of Prior Yr. Expenditures		634,152	
TOTAL LOCAL SOURCE REVENUE			\$ 141,451,746
STATE SOURCES:			
Basic Subsidy - ESBE		24,204,718	
Read to Succeed		-	
Charter Schools		1,723,819	
Nonpublic Transfers		-	
Orphan Tuition		361,342	
School Improvement		-	
Vocational Education		34,088	
Driver Education		-	
Special Education	_	6,584,843	
SUB-TOTAL		32,908,810	

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUE (CONT'D)		
SUB-TOTAL (CARRIED FORWARD)	\$ 32,908,810	
Educational Assistance Program	736,729	
Pre-K Counts	595,650	
Other Program Revenues	-	
Transportation	2,279,811	
Rentals	2,216,353	
Health Services	352,685	
State Property Tax Reduction Allocation	4,740,869	
Alternative Education	-	
Migratory Children	600	
Accountability Grants	1,693,715	
Dual Enrollment	42,147	
Project 720 - High School Reform	-	
FICA Revenue	3,341,188	
Retirement Revenue	2,544,069	
Classrooms for the Future	-	
Other State Grants	 193,315	
TOTAL STATE SOURCE REVENUE		\$ 51,645,941
FEDERAL SOURCES:		
Payments for Federally Impacted Areas	18,511	
Title I	3,087,917	
Title I - ARRA	396,132	
Title I - Improvement - ARRA	90,049	
Title IIA, IID	775,651	
Title III	302,250	
Title IV	944,048	
Education Jobs Fund	1,984,053	
Child Care Grants	170,290	
ARRA - State Stabilization Fund	3,352,416	
Medical Assistance	108,326	
Other Restricted Federal Grants-In-Aid	 118,107	
TOTAL FEDERAL SOURCE REVENUE		 11,347,750
TOTAL REVENUE		204,445,437
EXPENDITURES		
Regular Programs - Elem./Secondary	77,569,029	
Federally Funded Regular Programs	7,660,572	
·	401,836	
Special Education	•	
Life Skills Support - Public	767,467	
Life Skills Support - PRRI	- 	
Deaf or Hearing Impaired Support	57,634	
Blind or Visually Impaired Support	18,071	
Speech & Language Impaired	 1,047,087	
SUB-TOTAL	87,521,696	

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

SUB-TOTAL (CARRIED FORWARD)	\$ 87,521,696
Emotional Support	4,159,750
Autistic Support	340,435
Learning Support - Public	10,501,789
Gifted Support	120,674
Other Support	-
Physical Support	176,088
Multi-Handicapped Support	321,361
Development Delay Support	-
Early Intervention Support	39,368
Other Support	4,611,626
Home Economics	463,578
Industrial Arts Education	718,617
Business Education	1,435,170
Other Vocational Education Programs	6,189,657
Drivers' Education	71
Summer School	507,841
Homebound Instruction	225,055
Adjudicated/Court Placed Programs	273,981
Alternative Education Program	137,797
Instructional Programs Outside Established Schools	862,859
Additional Other Instructional Program	916
Nonpublic School Programs	3,808
Other Adult Education Programs	5,628
Community College Programs	2,142,961
Pre-Kindergarten	1,968,810
Supervision of Pupil Personnel Services	31,691
Guidance Services	4,503,454
Placement Services	34,114
Attendance Services	199,007
Psychological Services	1,032,208
Speech Pathology Services	-
Social Work Services	1,184,331
Student Accounting Services	354,077
Other Pupil Personnel Services	485,833
Support Services - Instructional Staff	510,171
Technology Support Services	416,418
Computer Assisted Instruction Services	1,519,630
School Library Services	1,773,924
Instructional & Curriculum Dev. Service	809,910
Instructional Staff Development Services	117,771
Nonpublic Support Services	142,379
Board Services	 225,282
SUB-TOTAL	136,069,736

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

SUB-TOTAL (CARRIED FORWARD) Board Treasurer Services	\$ 136,069,736		
Tax Assessment & Collection Service	1 122 506		
Staff Relations	1,133,586		
Legal Services	400.259		
•	499,358 1,157,855		
Office of the Superintendent Services Office of the Principal Services	8,104,016		
Other Administration Services	37,081		
Medical Services	28,034		
Dental Services	10,802		
Nursing Services	1,398,431		
Non-Public Health Services	176,327		
Support Services - Business	1,417,186		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	13,359,397		
Supervision of Operation and Maintenance of Plant	215,405 143		
Vehicle Operation and Maint. Services	725,845		
Security Services			
Supervision of Student Transportation Services	520,373 3,805,491		
Vehicle Operation Services			
Monitoring Services	207,611		
Vehicle Servicing and Maintenance Services	1,072,681		
System Wide Technology Services Information Services	31,000		
Staff Services	19,371 422,219		
Staff Development Non-Instruction	31,115		
Staff Development-Non-Instruction	15,976		
Data Processing Services	974,383		
State and Federal Agency Liaison Services	353,796		
Other Support Services Pass-Thru Funds	104,251		
	-		
School Sponsored Student Activities School Sponsored Athletics	264,766		
·	1,629,415 157,254		
Community Services	•		
Scholarships and Awards	500		
Existing Site Improvement Services	65,680		
Architecture and Engineering Services	8,813		
Existing Building Improvement Services	603,060		
Debt Service	22,840,038		
Short-Term Borrowing Costs	67,453 155,150		
Refund of Prior Yr. Receipts	 155,159		107 692 607
TOTAL EXPENDITURES			197,683,607
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES		•	6 764 666
OVER EXPENDITURES		\$	6,761,830

Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES (CARRIED FORWARD)		\$ 6,761,830
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
Proceeds from Extended Term Financing	-	
Sale of or Compensation for Loss of Fixed Assets	22,500	
Special Revenue Fund Transfers In	-	
Enterprise (Day Care) Fund Transfers In	-	
Transfer from Activity Funds	-	
Special Revenue Fund Transfers Out	-	
Capital Projects Funds Transfers Out	-	
Special Revenue Fund Transfers Out	-	
Food Service Fund Transfers Out	-	
Activity Fund Transfers Out		
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	22,500	
Special Items	-	
Extraordinary Items		 22,500
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		6,784,330
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		 8,891,090
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ 15,675,420

Bethlehem Area School District Capital Reserve Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		\$ 438,719
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Interest Transfer from General Fund	\$ - -	<u>-</u>
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		438,719
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		
INSTRUCTION AL SERVICES:		
Equipment	-	
SUPPORT SERVICES:		
Professional Services	-	
Repairs and Maintenance	43,789	
Advertising	-	
Admin. Software and Fees	-	
Construction Services	-	
Equipment	-	
CAPITAL OUTLAY:		
Construction Services	-	
Transportation	-	
Professional Services	-	
Other Financing Uses:		
Transfer to General Fund	<u>-</u>	43,789
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ 394,930

Bethlehem Area School District Special Revenue (Authority General Fund) Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		\$ -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Proceeds from Refunding Bond Issues	\$ 40,470,000	
Transfer from General Fund	-	
Interest Earnings	3,624,538	44,094,538
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		44,094,538
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		
SUPPORT SERVICES:		
Professional Services	180,000	
Advertising	-	
Printing	-	
Dues and Fees	-	
NON-INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:		
Equipment	-	
DEBT SERVICE:		
Bond Principal	10,000	
Bond Interest	3,634,387	
OTHER FINANCING USES:		
Payment to Refunding Bond Issue Escrow Agent	40,270,000	44,094,387
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ 151

Bethlehem Area School District

Capital Project Fund

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		\$	3,162,529
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Proceeds from Bond Issues	\$ -		
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Investments		•	
Refund of Prior Year Expenditures		•	
Interest Earnings	12,101		12,101
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE			3,174,630
EVDENDITUDES AND OTHER FINANCING LISES			
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES INSTRUCTIONAL:			
Supplies	_		
Equipment	14,480	١	
SUPPORT SERVICES:	14,400	'	
Salaries	-		
Benefits	-		
Professional Services			
Repairs and Maintenance			
Advertising			
Printing			
Property and Liability Insurance		•	
Disposal Services			
Utilities			
Telecommunication Services			
Supplies			
Technology Infrastructure			
Equipment			
Dues and Fees	-		
NON-INSTRUCTIONAL SERVICES:			
Equipment	-	•	
CAPITAL OUTLAY:			
Professional Services	312,025	;	
Existing Site Improvements	899,464	ļ	
Construction Services	1,101,548	}	
Rentals	1,000)	
Equipment	-		
Other Purchased Services	-		
Dues and Fees	3,634	Ļ	
Technology Infrastructure			
DEBT SERVICE:			
Bond Discount	-	•	
Transfer to General Fund		·	2,332,151
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$	842,479

Bethlehem Area School District Food Service Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES		
Sales	\$ 2,001,001	
Donated Commodities	251,645	
Special Events	498,032	
ARRA - NSLP Equipment grant	-	
State Subsidies	373,143	
Federal Subsidies	3,460,089	
Gain (Loss) on Sale of Fixed Assets	-	
Interest earnings	1	
Miscellaneous	35,218	
Contributions	 	
TOTAL REVENUES		\$ 6,619,129
COST OF COMMODITIES		
Beginning Inventory	85,500	
Food Service Management - Food	3,440,310	
Donated Commodities	251,644	
Ending Inventory	 (111,682)	
TOTAL COST OF COMMODITIES SOLD		 3,665,772
GROSS PROFIT		2,953,357
SALARY AND BENEFIT EXPENSES		
Administrative	135,036	
M-2 Salares	93,929	
Overtime	57,045	
Other Salaries	1,654,154	
Benefits	 504,680	2,444,844
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Tech & Other Services	721	
Refuse	73,918	
Repairs and Maintenance	49,750	
Rentals	2,511	
Communications	2,972	
Food Service Management Costs	88,333	
Travel	2,708	
Supplies	16,059	
Bottled Gas	32	
Small Tools	12,637	
Depreciation	10,865	
Miscellaneous	84	
Dues and Fees	 49,051	 309,641
TOTAL EXPENSES		 2,754,485
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		198,872
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010		 838,015
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ 1,036,887

Bethlehem Area School District Day Care Fund

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES		
Regular Day School Tuition	\$ 1,811,533	
Revenue from Community Service Activities	770,522	
State Revenue	91,351	
Fica Revenue	52,893	
Retirement Revenue	40,691	
Rentals	-	
Child Care and Development grant	-	
Miscellaneous	8,499	
Earnings on Investments	13	
TOTAL REVENUES		\$ 2,775,502
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Salaries - Admin.	638,952	
Salaries - Professional	73,094	
Salaries - Office/Clerk	91,248	
Salaries - Bus Drivers	4,895	
Salaries - Teacher Aides	542,085	
Salaries - Other	34,228	
Fica Tax	105,617	
Retirement Contributions	81,351	
Workers Compensation	-	
Health Benefits	696,682	
Other Benefits	1,940	
Professional Services	2,736	
Small Equipment	19,390	
Communications	1,210	
Travel	4,440	
Field Trips	-	
Repairs and Maintenance	816	
Supplies	66,651	
Food	164,765	
Depreciation	5,500	
Miscellaneous	5,710	
Dues and Fees	2,547	
Transfer to General Fund	 	
TOTAL EXPENSES		 2,543,857
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS		231,645
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010		 57,997
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ 289,642

Bethlehem Area School District Self-Insurance Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES				
Contributions from Other Funds	\$ 2	24,326,614		
Cobra Payments		896,105		
State Fica Revenue		5,935		
Interest Earnings		68		
Other Misc. Revenue		1,932,415		
TOTAL REVENUES			\$	27,161,137
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Health Benefit Costs	2	22,463,163		
Dental Costs		1,776,821		
Drug Costs		1,107,542		
Salaries		1,929		
Fica Tax		11,870		
Retirement		-		
Unemployment		168,833		
Workers Compensation		165,373		
Other Expenses		157,151		
TOTAL EXPENSES			_	25,852,682
CHANGES IN NET ASSETS				1,308,455
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010				1,239,590
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011			\$	2,548,045

Bethlehem Area School District Concession Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

REVENUES			
Concession Revenue	\$ -		
Interest Earnings	-	\$	_
3		•	
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES			
Repairs and Maintenance	-		
Other Insurance	-		
Supplies	-		
Equipment	-		
Miscellaneous			
EXCESS EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING			
USES OVER REVENUES			-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES			
Transfer from General Fund			
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER			
(UNDER) EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES			-
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010			6,819
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$	6,819
Non-Expendable Trust Fund			
Statement of Additions and Deduc			
For the Year Ended June 30, 20)11		
NET ASSETS - JULY 1, 2010		\$	166,860
NET AGGETG - 30ET 1, 2010		Ψ	100,000
ADDITIONS			
Contributions	\$ -		
Interest	1,615		1,615
interest			
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE			168,475
DEDUCTIONS			
Awards	2,600		
Interfund Transfers			2,600
			46
NET ASSETS - JUNE 30, 2011		\$	165,875

Bethlehem Area School District 2010 GOB Bond Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		\$ 63,463
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Proceeds from Refunding Bond Issues	=	
Bond Premium	-	
Investment Earnings	6	 6
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		63,469
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES:		
SUPPORT SERVICES		
Professional Services	-	
Insurance	-	
Printing	-	
OTHER FINANCING USES		
Bond Discount	-	
Debt Service - Bond Interest	63,469	
Swap Termination Fee	-	
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent		 63,469
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$

2011 GON Bond Fund Statement of Revenues and Expenditures For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2010		\$ -
REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		
Proceeds from Refunding Bond Issues	40,470,000	
Bond Premium	-	
Investment Earnings		40,470,000
TOTAL FUNDS AVAILABLE		40,470,000
EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES:		
SUPPORT SERVICES		
Professional Services	-	
Insurance	-	
Printing	-	
OTHER FINANCING USES		
Bond Discount	-	
Swap Termination Fee	-	
Payment to Refunded Bonds Escrow Agent	40,470,000	40,470,000
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2011		\$ -

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2001 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	INTEREST	 PRINCIPAL	
2011-12	\$ 226,350	\$ 405,000	
2012-13	209,542	420,000	
2013-14	191,693	415,000	
2014-15	173,640	430,000	
2015-16	154,505	445,000	
2016-17	134,035	860,000	
2017-18	93,615	950,000	
2018-19	48,015	 990,000	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 1,231,395	\$ 4,915,000	

Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2007 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	 INTEREST		PRINCIPAL	
2011-12	\$ 3,676,714	\$	5,000	
2012-13	3,676,379		5,000	
2013-14	3,676,045		5,000	
2014-15	3,675,711		5,000	
2015-16	3,675,376		5,000	
2016-17	3,675,042		5,000	
2017-18	3,674,707		5,000	
2018-19	3,674,373		5,000	
2019-20	3,674,039		5,000	
2020-21	3,673,704		5,000	
2021-22	3,673,370		5,000	
2022-23	3,571,383		3,045,000	
2023-24	3,363,062		3,185,000	
2024-25	3,145,044		3,335,000	
2025-26	2,916,660		3,495,000	
2026-27	2,677,241		3,665,000	
2027-28	2,426,454		3,835,000	
2028-29	2,163,796		4,020,000	
2029-30	1,888,431		4,215,000	
2030-31	1,320,815		12,760,000	
2031-32	447,071		13,370,000	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 64,345,417	\$	54,980,000	

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2007 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR		INTEREST		PRINCIPAL	
2011-12	\$	1,775,000	\$	6,470,000	
2012-13		1,443,125		6,805,000	
2013-14		1,079,625		7,735,000	
2014-15		682,875		8,135,000	
2015-16		265,625		8,555,000	
2016-17	<u> </u>	25,875		1,035,000	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$	5,272,125	\$	38,735,000	

Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series A of 2009 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	 NTEREST	F	PRINCIPAL
2011-12	\$ 2,934,431	\$	1,785,000
2012-13	2,872,231		1,845,000
2013-14	2,825,519		1,360,000
2014-15	2,777,106		1,410,000
2015-16	2,724,932		1,465,000
2016-17	2,510,331		8,985,000
2017-18	2,087,456		10,415,000
2018-19	1,657,581		7,905,000
2019-20	1,309,956		6,000,000
2020-21	960,081		7,995,000
2021-22	471,525		13,585,000
2022-23	131,544		2,280,000
2023-24	 40,121		1,735,000
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 23,302,814	\$	66,765,000

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series AA of 2009 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	INTEREST	PRINCIPAL
2011-12	580,400	-
2012-13	580,400	-
2013-14	580,400	-
2014-15	580,400	-
2015-16	580,400	-
2016-17	580,400	-
2017-18	580,400	-
2018-19	523,400	3,000,000
2019-20	338,200	6,410,000
2020-21	105,000	5,000,000
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 5,029,400	\$ 14,410,000

Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series B of 2009 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	 INTEREST		PRINCIPAL
2011-12	\$ 405,568	\$	435,000
2012-13	396,819		440,000
2013-14	387,075		450,000
2014-15	375,338		465,000
2015-16	361,819		475,000
2016-17	346,526		495,000
2017-18	329,434		510,000
2018-19	310,438		530,000
2019-20	289,369		550,000
2020-21	266,294		575,000
2021-22	241,575		595,000
2022-23	214,869		625,000
2023-24	186,006		640,000
2024-25	155,769		650,000
2025-26	124,000		670,000
2026-27	90,419		690,000
2027-28	55,419		710,000
2028-29	 18,834	_	735,000
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 4,555,571	\$	10,240,000

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule on General Obligation Bonds - Series of 2010 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR		INTEREST		PRINCIPAL	
2011-12	\$	1,389,238	\$	5,000	
2012-13		1,389,160		15,000	
2013-14		1,388,860		10,000	
2014-15		1,388,650		10,000	
2015-16		1,388,400		15,000	
2016-17		1,387,987		5,000	
2017-18		1,387,837		5,000	
2018-19		1,387,672		5,000	
2019-20		1,387,498		5,000	
2020-21		1,387,297		5,000	
2021-22		1,387,098		20,000	
2022-23		1,386,297		5,530,000	
2023-24		1,154,038		6,475,000	
2024-25		878,850		8,135,000	
2025-26		451,762		8,605,000	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	<u>\$</u>	19,140,644	\$	28,845,000	

Schedule on Guaranteed Revenue Bonds - Series of 2010 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	<u>II</u>	INTEREST		PRINCIPAL	
2011-12	\$	1,497,246	\$	5,000	
2012-13		1,497,167		5,000	
2013-14		1,497,087		5,000	
2014-15		1,497,008		5,000	
2015-16		1,496,928		5,000	
2016-17		1,496,849		5,000	
2017-18		1,496,769		5,000	
2018-19		1,496,690		5,000	
2019-20		1,496,610		5,000	
2020-21		1,496,531		5,000	
2021-22		1,496,451		5,000	
2022-23		1,496,372		5,000	
2023-24		1,496,292		5,000	
2024-25		1,496,213		5,000	
2025-26		1,496,133		5,000	
2026-27		1,355,172		6,705,000	
2027-28		1,005,778		7,150,000	
2028-29		632,856		7,620,000	
2029-30		238,529		8,445,000	
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$	25,682,681	\$	29,995,000	

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule on Guaranteed Revenue Bonds - Series of 2011 For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

FISCAL YEAR	 NTEREST	PRINCIPAL
2011-12	\$ 1,812,963	\$ 5,000
2012-13	1,812,738	5,000
2013-14	1,812,511	5,000
2014-15	1,812,285	5,000
2015-16	1,812,058	5,000
2016-17	1,811,832	5,000
2017-18	1,811,607	5,000
2018-19	1,811,380	5,000
2019-20	1,811,154	5,000
2020-21	1,810,928	5,000
2021-22	1,810,701	5,000
2022-23	1,688,644	1,310,000
2023-24	1,550,723	1,365,000
2024-25	1,403,186	1,925,000
2025-26	1,249,285	2,010,000
2026-27	1,067,825	4,775,000
2027-28	876,995	4,990,000
2028-29	678,627	5,205,000
2029-30	468,129	5,950,000
2030-31	248,494	6,250,000
2031-32	 19,178	 6,635,000
TOTAL OUTSTANDING	\$ 29,181,243	\$ 40,470,000



BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PROJECT TITLE	SOURCE CODE	CFDA NUMBER	GRANTOR PASS THROUGH NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD		AWARD AMOUNT	TOTAL RECEIVED	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) AT 7/01/10	REVENUE	EXPENDI- TURES	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) AT 6/30/11	FOOTNOTES
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION												
IMPACT AID PUBLIC LAW 81-874 READINESS AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT FOR SCHOOLS	D D	84.041 84.184	N/A N/A	7/1/10-6/30/11 8/2/09-6/30/11	\$	18,511 250,000	\$ 18,511 143,750	\$ - 78,751	\$ 18,511 95,550	\$ 18,511 95,550		
PASSED THROUGH THE PA.												
DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION		04.040	042 400024	7/4/00 0/20/40	•	2.054.242	504.000	504.000				-
TITLE I IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS TITLE I IMPROVING BASIC PROGRAMS	i	84.010 84.010	013-100034 013-110034	7/1/09-9/30/10 7/1/10-9/30/11	\$ \$		584,860 2,014,117	584,860	2,957,649	2,957,649	943,532	5 5
TITLE I SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT SET ASIDE - BASE	i	84.010	042-100034	7/1/09-9/30/10	\$		115,353	-	124,946	124,946		5
TITLE I ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT AWARDS	I	84.010	077-100034	7/1/09-9/30/10	\$	7,200	7,200	1,877	5,323	5,323		5
ARRA - TITLE I	I	84.389	127-100034	5/15/09-9/30/10	\$		450,580	43,196	396,132	396,132	,	5,9
ARRA - TITLE I SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT TITLE II A IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY	!	84.389 84.367	134-100034 020-100034	4/22/10-9/30/11 7/1/09-9/30/10	\$	110,833 836,394	67,731 223,038	162,833	90,048 60,205	90,048 60,205		5,9
TITLE II A IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY TITLE II A IMPROVING TEACHER QUALITY	i	84.367	020-100034	7/1/09-9/30/10	\$		564,893	102,033	715,446	715,446		
TITLE III LEP / IMMIGRANT STUDENTS	i	84.365	010-100034	7/1/09-9/30/10	\$		63,602	59,062	4,540	4,540		
TITLE III LEP / IMMIGRANT STUDENTS	1	84.365	010-110034	7/1/10-9/30/11	\$		229,007	-	297,710	297,710		
SAFE AND DRUG FREE SCHOOLS	!	84.186	100-100034	7/1/09-9/30/10	\$	52,092	-	(6,360)	6,360	6,360		
SAFE AND DRUG FREE SCHOOLS 21st CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTERS	!	84.186 84.287	100-100567 4100042718	7/1/10-9/30/11 7/1/09-9/30/10	\$ \$	5,000 498.045	2,500 217,489	217.489	1,165	1,165	(1,335)	
21st CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTERS 21st CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTERS	i	84.287	4100042718	4/1/10-6/30/11	\$		395,041	62,500	687,500	687,500	354,959	
21st CENTURY COMMUNITY LEARNING CENTERS	i	84.287	4100042718	7/1/10-9/30/11	\$		150,741	-	249,023	249,023		
ARRA - STATE FISCAL STABILIZATION FUND	I	84.394	126-100034	7/1/09-6/30/10	\$		257,421	257,421	-	-	-	9
ARRA - STATE FISCAL STABILIZATION FUND	!	84.394	126-110034	7/1/10-6/30/11	\$		2,514,312	-	3,352,416	3,352,416		9
ARRA - EDUCATION JOBS FUND	1	84.410	140-141493	8/10/10-6/30/11	\$	1,984,053	1,984,053	-	1,984,053	1,984,053	-	9
PASSED THROUGH MIDWESTERN I.U. IV TITLE I PARENT INVOLVEMENT MINI-GRANT	1	84.010	N/A	7/1/09-6/30/10	\$	500	200	200	-	-	-	1
PASSED THROUGH THE COLONIAL I.U. #20												
IDEA	I	84.027	N/A	7/1/09-6/30/10		1,891,608	484,426	484,426	-	-	-	1,
IDEA	!	84.027	N/A	7/1/10-6/30/11	\$		1,423,518	-	1,911,233	1,911,233		1,5
ARRA - IDEA	ı	84.391	N/A	2/17/09-9/30/11	\$	3,033,726	-	434,786	1,559,596	1,559,596	1,994,382	1,5,9
PASSED THROUGH THE I.U. #1 IDEA - INCLUSIVE PRACTICES	1	84.027	N/A	7/1/09-6/30/10		N/A	9,872	9,541	331	331	-	1,5
PASSED THROUGH NORTHAMPTON COMMUNITY COLLEGE												
FEDERAL ADULT EDUCATION (GED)	1	84.002	N/A	7/1/09-6/30/10	\$	10,440	21	21	-	-	-	1
PASSED THROUGH PENN STATE UNIVERSITY												
MODELL GRANT	l I		N/A	7/1/10-6/30/11	\$	800	800		800	800		1
	TOTAL U.S	6. DEPARTMEN	IT OF EDUCATION				11,923,036	2,390,603	14,518,537	14,518,537	4,986,104	
U.S. DEPT. OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE P.A. DEPT OF EDUCATION FAMILY CENTERS:												
CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS	1	93.556	SAP 4100044212	7/1/09-6/30/10	\$		66,195	66,195	-	-	-	
CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS	!	93.556	SAP 4100044212	7/1/10-6/30/11	\$		99,690	-	154,337	154,337	54,647	
CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS	-	93.590 93.590	SAP 4100044212 SAP 4100044212	7/1/09-6/30/10 7/1/10-6/30/11	\$ \$	15,953 15,953	6,604 10,281	6,604	15,953	15,953	5,672	
PASSED THROUGH NORTHAMPTON COUNTY	·	00.000	0,11 1100011212	17 17 10 07007 1 1	Ť	10,000	.0,20		10,000	10,000	0,0.2	
TIME-LIMITED FAMILY REUNIFICATION SERVICES: CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS CHILD CARE MANDATORY/MATCH FUNDS	1	93.556 93.556	SAP 4100044432 SAP 4100044432	7/1/09-6/30/10 7/1/10-6/30/11	\$	215,000 215,000	105,689 116,659	105,689	215,000	215,000	- 98,341	2 2
PASSED THROUGH THE PA.												
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE												
TITLE 19 MEDICAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAM	I	93.778	N/A	7/1/10-6/30/11		108,326	83,626		108,326	108,326	24,700	
	TOTAL U.S	S. DEPT. OF HE	ALTH AND HUMAN	SERVICES			488,744	178,488	493,616	493,616	183,360	

BETHLEHEM AREA SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2011

FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PROJECT TITLE	SOURCE CODE	CFDA NUMBER	GRANTOR PASS THROUGH NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD	AWARD AMOUNT	TOTAL RECEIVED	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) AT 7/01/09	REVENUE	EXPENDI- TURES	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) AT 6/30/10	O <u>OTNOT</u> E
CORPORATION FOR NATIONAL & COMMUNITY SERVICES PASSED THROUGH THE PA.											
<u>DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u> LEARN & SERVE AMERICA		94.004	019-090021	10/13/09-6/30/10	\$ 20,00	n	(710)	710	710		
LEARN & SERVE AMERICA LEARN & SERVE AMERICA	i	94.004	019-090021	10/15/10-6/30/11			(710)	10,620	10,620	-	
LEARN & SERVE AMERICA	1	94.004	019-092021	10/13/09-6/30/10	\$ 8,00	1,778	1,550	228	228	-	
LEARN & SERVE AMERICA	I	94.004	019-102021	10/15/10-6/30/11	\$ 11,00	0 8,556		11,000	11,000	2,444	
	TOTAL CO	RPORATION FO	R NATIONAL & C	OMMUNITY SERVIC	ES	20,954	840	22,558	22,558	2,444	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR											
PASSED THROUGH THE P.A. DEPT. OF PUBLIC WELFARE											
PIC CAREER LINKING ACADEMY	1	17.269	N/A	8/26/10-6/30/10	\$ 11,28		10,740	-	-	-	3
PIC CAREER LINKING ACADEMY	!	17.269	N/A		\$ 14,87		-	13,586	13,586	13,334	3
PIC CAREER LINKING ACADEMY	1	17.269	N/A	1/03/11-6/30/11	\$ 8,25			4,726	4,726	1,179	3
	TOTAL U.S	S. DEPT. OF LAB	OR			14,539	10,740	18,312	18,312	14,513	
U.S DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE											
PASSED THROUGH UNITED WAY		16.744	N 1/A	7/4/00 0/00/40		0.004	0.004				
222 CORRIDOR ANTI-GANG INTIATIVE 222 CORRIDOR ANTI-GANG INTIATIVE	i I	16.744	N/A N/A		\$ 2,50 \$ 80		2,021	778	778	778	4
	TOTAL U.S	S. DEPT. OF JUS				2,021	2,021	778	778	778	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION											
PASSED THROUGH PENN STATE UNIVERSITY											
SAFE ROUTES TO SCHOOL	1	20.205	N/A	7/1/09-6/30/10	\$ 5,00	O <u>-</u>	(5,000)	5,000	5,000		4
	TOTAL U.S	S. DEPT. OF TRA	NSPORTATION			_	(5,000)	5,000	5,000	_	
							(0,000)				
U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE											
PASSED THROUGH THE PA.											
<u>DEPT OF EDUCATION</u> NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH	1	10.555	N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A - F	319,685	305,865	13,820	13,820	_	8
NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH	S	N/A	N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A	22,506	22,506	-	-	-	•
NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH	I S	10.555	N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F	2,271,689	-	2,634,999	2,634,999	363,310	8
BREAKFAST PROGRAM	I	N/A 10.553	N/A N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11 7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A N/A - F	158,835 6,191	6,191	183,996	183,996	25,161	8
BREAKFAST PROGRAM	S	N/A	N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A	4,037	4,037	-	-	-	
BREAKFAST PROGRAM BREAKFAST PROGRAM	I S	10.553 N/A	N/A N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11 7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F N/A	40,118 26,290	-	46,284 30,653	46,284 30,653	6,166 4,363	8
SEVERE NEED BREAKFAST	Ĭ	10.553	N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A - F	57,520	57,520	-	-		8
SEVERE NEED BREAKFAST	I	10.553	N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F	373,824	-	437,791	437,791	63,967	8
AFTER SCHOOL SNACK AFTER SCHOOL SNACK	!	10.555 10.555	N/A N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10 7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F N/A - F	6,815 61,866	6,815	- 67,375	67,375	5,509	8 8
SPECIAL MILK	i	10.556	N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10	N/A - F	256	256	-	-	-	8
SPECIAL MILK	!	10.556	N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F	1,367	- 04.455	1,607	1,607	240	8
SUMMER FOOD SUMMER FOOD	i I	10.559 10.559	N/A N/A	7/01/09 - 6/30/10 7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F N/A - F	81,155 61,017	81,155 -	115,408	115,408	54,391	
FRESH FRUIT AND VEGETABLE PROGRAM	1	10.582	N/A	7/01/10 - 6/30/11	N/A - F	124,639	-	142,805	142,805	18,166	
PASSED THROUGH THE PA											
DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE											
USDA COMMODITIES	TOTAL II S	10.555	N/A OF AGRICULTU	7/1/10-6/30/11	N/A	251,645 3,869,455	(17,944) 466,401	254,763 3,929,501	254,763 3,929,501	(14,826) 526,447	6,7,8
	. OTAL O.	JEI ANTINENI	J. AGMOULTU	·- <u>-</u>			-700, 1 01	0,020,001	0,020,001	J20, 11	
SOURCE: D-DIRECT	TOTAL AV	VARDS				\$ 16,318,749	\$ 3,044,093 \$	18,988,302 \$	18,988,302	\$ 5,713,646	
I- INDIRECT F-FEDERAL SHARE	LESS: STA	ATE SHARE				(211,668)	(26,543)	(214,649)	(214,649)	(29,524)	
S-STATE SHARE	TOTAL FE	DERAL AWARDS	3			<u>\$ 16,107,081</u>	\$ 3,017,550 \$	18,773,653 <u>\$</u>	18,773,653	\$ 5,684,122	

Bethlehem Area School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

Note 1 - Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting for all federal awards charged to governmental funds and on the accrual basis of accounting for all federal awards charged to proprietary funds, as contemplated by generally accepted accounting principles.

Note 2- Organization and Scope

The District recognized 7.4% of its total general fund revenue in federal awards, and 56.1% of its total enterprise fund revenue.

Note 3 - Program Disclosure - Footnotes

- 1. The federal awards passed through the Midwestern IU, Colonial IU, IU #1, Northampton Community College, and Penn State University, under the U.S. Department of Education heading, are part of a consortium of participating school districts. In accordance with directions from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, these awards are reported on the basic financial statements as local source revenues.
- 2. The Time Limited Family Reunification Services, under the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services heading, is reflected as local source revenue in the basic financial statements, as per PDE instructions.
- **3.** The PIC Summer Maintenance and Career Linking Academy Grants, passed through the PA Department of Public Welfare are reflected as local source revenue in the basic financial statements, as per PDE instructions.
- 4. The 222 Corridor Anti-Gang Initiative Grant, under the U.S. Department of Justice heading, is reflected as local source revenue in the basic financial statements, as per PDE Instructions. The Safe Routes to School grant, under U.S. Dept. of Transportation heading, is reflected as local source revenue in the basic financial statements as per PDE instructions.
- 5. The Title I grants using CFDA No. 84.010, under the U.S. Department of Education heading, are part of a cluster program in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement with ARRA Title I grants using CFDA No. 84.389, under the U.S. Department of Education heading. In addition, the IDEA grants using CFDA No. 84.027, under the U.S. Department of Education heading, are part of a cluster program in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement with ARRA- IDEA grants using CFDA No. 84.391, under the U.S. Department of Education heading.
- 6. The District received non-monetary assistance of \$251,645 in the form of commodities. These commodities are valued at U.S.D.A.'s approximate costs. During the 2010-11 fiscal year, the District used \$254,763 in commodities and established a year end inventory of \$14,826 at June 30, 2011.
- 7. The amount recognized as revenue in the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, under the U.S. Department of Agriculture heading, represents the commodities used, versus the commodities received, which are recognized as revenue in the basic financial statements.

Bethlehem Area School District Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

- **8.** .The National School Lunch, National School Breakfast, Special Milk and Donated Commodities programs, under the U.S. Department of Agriculture heading, are considered a cluster program in accordance with OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement.
- **9.** The programs reporting this footnote are grants received using funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act.

FINANCIAL STATEMENT RECONCILIATION							
General Fund Federal Source Revenues Federal Grants in Local Sources Food Service Fund Federal Revenue	\$ 11,347,750 3,711,049 3,711,734						
Total Federal Revenue, per financial statements	\$ 18,770,533						
Less - Medical Access Plus: Change in Donated Commodities Total Federal Revenue Reported on SEFA	3,120 \$ 18,773,653						

Gorman & Associates, p.c.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Pennsylvania Institute of Certified Public Accountants Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Board of School Directors Bethlehem Area School District 1516 Sycamore Street Bethlehem, PA 18017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information, and the budgetary comparison statement for the General Fund of Bethlehem Area School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2011, which collectively comprise Bethlehem Area School District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 5, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards, generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of Bethlehem Area School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses and other deficiencies that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in *internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Bethlehem Area School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs* (2011-1, 2011-2, and 2011-3) to be material weaknesses.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying *schedule of findings and questioned costs* (2011-4 and 2011-5) to be significant deficiencies.

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Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bethlehem Area School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Bethlehem Area School District in a separate letter dated January 5, 2012.

Bethlehem Area School District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying corrective action plan. We did not audit Bethlehem Area School District's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of School Directors, others within the entity, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Hann ! associtos . P.C.

January 5, 2012

GORMAN & ASSOCIATES, P.C.

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Members of American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Pennsylvania Institute of Certified Public Accountants Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Board of School Directors Bethlehem Area School District 1516 Sycamore Street Bethlehem, PA 18017

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

Compliance

We have audited Bethlehem Area School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Bethlehem Area School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011. Bethlehem Area School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Bethlehem Area School District's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Bethlehem Area School District's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements, referred to above, that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program, occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Bethlehem Area School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination on Bethlehem Area School District's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Bethlehem Area School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2011.

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Bethlehem Area School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Bethlehem Area School District's internal control over compliance.

1825 Franklin Street Northampton, Pennsylvania 18067 - 1573 tele} 610/ 262/ 1280 fax} 610/ 262/ 1756 www.gormanandassociates.org Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as discussed below, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a material weakness

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2011-3 to be a material weakness.

Bethlehem Area School District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying corrective action plan. We did not audit Bethlehem Area School District's responses and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Board of School Directors, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities, and is not intended to be, and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

mon à Cossociates, P.C.

January 5, 2012

Section I -	Summary of Auditor Results
Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued: Unqualified	I
Internal control over financial reporting:	
 Material weakness(es) Identified? 	_ ⊠ yes □ no
 Significant Deficiencies identified are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	that ☐ yes ☐ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes _⊠ no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
 Material weakness(es) Identified? 	_ ⊠ yes □ no
 Significant Deficiencies identified are not considered to be material weaknesses? 	that yes _⊠ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance	ce for major programs: Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are reto be reported in accordance with 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	•
Identification of major program:	
CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.010, 84.389	Title I Cluster
84.394	State Fiscal Stabilization Fund
84.027, 84.391	IDEA Cluster
84.287	21 st Century Community Learning Center
84.410	Education Job Funds
10.555, 10.553, 10.559 N	lational School Lunch/ Donated Commodities Cluster
Percentage of programs tested to total awar	rds <u>90.0%</u>
Dollar threshold used to distinguish be	otwoon
type A and type B program:	\$563,210

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

☐ yes

oxtimes no

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

Significant Deficiency 2011-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash & Investments – Bank Reconciliations)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash and investments at year

end, we discovered the general ledger account was not properly

reconciled to the bank statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was not done, we

discovered three debt service payments not posted into the computer system, federal revenue from Title 19 (medical reimbursement) posted twice, and an error was made in posting the wrong amount of retirement

revenue.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the each respective fund's financial

position could be understated or overstated with errors or fraud occurring without being detected. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the District additional audit costs.

Recommendation: We recommend the district reconcile the cash balance each month to the

bank statement and find any discrepancies. In addition, management needs to properly monitor their staff to ensure this is being accomplished

on a timely manner.

Significant Deficiency 2011-2 (Self-Insurance Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: The District is required to record all transactions correctly to ensure the

financial statements are correct and monitor the control activities done by

staff.

Condition: We discovered errors in transaction recording that understates the

expenditures of this fund. For example, \$1.3 million of unpaid bills owed to Capital Blue Cross and Caremark were not recorded in the computer

system at year end.

Cause: This condition appears to have been caused because throughout the

year this fund is maintained on the cash basis and was not properly

converted to the accrual basis at year end.

Effect: Improper accounting recognition lead to an understatement of the

expenditures in this fund.

Recommendation: We wish to remind management that this fund must be reported on the

accrual basis at year end and as such, incurred, but not reported, claims must be reported as accounts payable at year end to properly reflect the

correct financial position.

Significant Deficiency 2011-4 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District and making sure all assets have been

properly valued.

Condition: We discovered that in the current year the District stop tracking fixed

asset records for the Day Care Fund and Food Service fund. In addition they are not maintaining a tagging system in order to locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a

separate tagging system for technology assets.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate moveable assets virtually impossible. There was also a personnel

change during the year resulting in misplaced records.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Recommendation: We recommend the District improve their controls over disposals and

consider having a re-appraisal done using a tagging system for all capital

assets.

Significant Deficiency 2011-5 (Information and Communication Component of Internal Controls)

Criteria: This component of controls is designed to ensure transactions flow

through the accounting system in a normal process with proper communication upstream between staff and management and downstream with management giving directives to staff to make sure the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting

principles.

Condition: There continues to be problems in recording transactions to enable

individual account balances to be correct in preparing the financial

statements.

Cause: It appears there is a failure to systematically perform individual functions

accurately with proper communication channels between staff personnel

and senior management personnel.

Effect: The failure to properly follow established steps determined by current

management can cause the financial statements to be prepared that

would result in misstatements to the financial position of the District.

Recommendation: We recommend to the staff and management to maintain an open line of

communication that staff follows management directives and staff can utilize management's expertise to help with problems in the system.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Significant Deficiency 2011-3 Federal Awards (Allowable Costs)

Federal Awards:

Passed Through Colonial I.U.20

CDFA No. 84.391 – IDEA – ARRA Passed Through PA Department of Education

CDFA No. 84.394 - State Fiscal Stabilization Fund

CDFA No. 84.287 – 21st Century Community Learning Center

CDFA No. 84.010 - Title I Improving Basic Programs

CDFA No. 84.389 - Title I - ARRA

Questioned Costs: N/A

Criteria: The District is to maintain evidence to support that all costs charged to

the federal IDEA program, State Fiscal Stabilization Fund, Title I, and 21st

Century grants are allowable under federal cost principles.

Condition: The grants office failed to maintain sufficient documentation to show that

only allowable costs were charged to federal programs. This reflects material weaknesses in control activities, risk assessment, and

monitoring components of internal control.

Cause: The postings in the general ledger do not adequately display information

on whose salaries are charged to the programs and there was no manual

documents maintained to reflect these costs.

Effect: The failure to not properly maintain adequate records can cause

unallowable costs to be charged to a federal program. However, through exerted efforts the District was able to re-construct the documentation to prove that all costs charged to these programs were allowable under

federal cost principles.

Recommendation: We recommend management properly monitor their staff to ensure

supporting documentation is available to support what is charged to the program, and staff maintain spreadsheets showing who was charged, percentage of time spent, the amounts charged, and the type of

expenditure charged to the above-mentioned programs.

Audit Follow-Up Procedures

We did perform follow-up procedures on prior year findings shown in the accompanying Schedule of Prior Year Findings.

Prior Year Findings 2009-2010

Significant Deficiency 2010-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash – Bank Reconciliation)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash at year end, we

discovered the general ledger account was not properly reconciled to the

bank statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was not done, we

discovered the personnel assigned to this function did not know why the balances did not agree. In addition, the monitoring component of internal

controls failed because management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the each respective fund's financial

position could be understated or overstated with errors or fraud occurring without being detected. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the District additional audit costs.

Status: This condition continues to exist during the 2010-2011 fiscal year;

however, steps have been taken subsequently to correct this problem

going forward.

Significant Deficiency 2010-2 (General Fund – Accounts Payable)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

accounts payable account on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in accounts payable at year

end, we discovered the general ledger account balance was materially

misstated.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was done, we discovered

the account was not properly reconciled during the entire year. In addition, the monitoring component of internal controls failed because

management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the auditors spent the additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the District additional audit costs. In

addition, errors or fraud could occur without being detected.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-3 (General Fund - Investment Accounts)

Criteria: As with any balance sheet account in all funds, the investment accounts

should be reconciled to the monthly statements received from the

investment advisors on a monthly basis.

Condition: During our review of investment accounts, we found no evidence to

support that these accounts were reconciled during the fiscal year.

Cause: This condition is created because staff personnel did not perform the

reconciliations and management failed to monitor the staff to ensure

these procedures were performed.

Effect: The failure to reconcile the investment accounts can cause an

understatement or overstatement of each respective fund's financial position and can cause errors or fraud to occur without being detected.

Status: The condition continues to exist, but has been combined into one issue

that has been corrected in the 2011-2012 fiscal year.

Significant Deficiency 2010-4 (Food Service Fund – Cash Receipts)

Criteria: All transactions should be recorded on a timely basis supported with

original documentation.

Condition: During our review of receipts for the next fiscal year, we discovered the

food service department has not turned over any receipt records to the

business office for five months.

Cause: According to the food service director the receipts were not available to

us to review because they had not been summarized at the time of our

request.

Effect: The failure to submit receipts on a timely basis can cause errors or fraud

to occur without being detected on a timely basis.

Status: Corrective Action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-5 (Capital Reserve Fund - Coding)

Criteria: Proper controls should be in place to ensure expenditures are coded to

the correct function and object codes as outlined in the PA School

Accounting Manual.

Condition: We discovered \$654,796 of expenditures that were coded to the wrong

function codes.

Cause: Apparently the individual responsible for coding these expenditures

needs additional training to understand the proper codes that should be

used

Effect: The failure to use the proper coding can cause errors in proper

reimbursements due the district by the Commonwealth.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-6 (Capital Project Fund – Investments)

Criteria: The District is required to reconcile balance sheet accounts on an

ongoing basis and maintain controls in place to validate the accuracy of the account balance in accordance with generally accepted accounting

principles.

Condition: We discovered the account balance was arbitrarily adjusted with no

supporting evidence.

Cause: It appears appropriate District personnel could not find the reasons why

the balance was incorrect.

Effect: As is the case with any balance sheet account, the failure to maintain

reconciliation procedures can cause an understatement or overstatement

of the fund balance.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-7 (Day Care Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: The District should establish controls to make sure adjustments to

various accounts are limited to those accounts within each respective

accounting fund.

Condition: During our review of this fund, we discovered entries posted between this

fund and other funds that caused incorrect balances.

Cause: It appears business office personnel at staff level have no knowledge in

understanding how entries made between funds can affect account

balances.

Effect: The failure to post both sides of an entry in the same fund can cause the

fund to be out of balance and/or, at the very least, can cause individual

account balances to be incorrect.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-8 (Non-Expendable Trust Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: The District should maintain control over all reported funds within its

computer system.

Condition: During our review of this fund, we discovered the assistant business

manager did not include this fund or its transactions in the new IFAS

computer system.

Cause: According to our investigation, this was an oversight.

Effect: The failure to maintain adequate records on the transactions within this

fund can cause the financial statements to be materially misstated.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-9 (Activity Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: The District should maintain accurate records within the computer system

to support the transactions occurring in the student clubs during the year.

Condition: Manual records are maintained by each school with a quarterly report

issued to the assistant business manager, who enters the summarized information into the computer system. However, only one entry was entered in the system for the whole year transactions, with one

elementary school not reported at all.

Cause: It appears there is poor monitoring of what each school submits to the

business office.

Effect: The failure to record this information can create material misstatements

within the student activity fund's financial statement.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-10 (Trust and Agency Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: Contributions and awards to bilingual scholarships should be properly

recorded in this fund.

Condition: During our review of these transactions, we discovered the business

office was recording all contributions and awards into one general ledger account in the computer system. As such, it is difficult to determine what

contributions and what awards go to which scholarship.

Cause: It appears controls were never designed to reconcile these transactions

by scholarship within the computer system.

Effect: The failure to show each scholarship account separately can cause the

wrong award to go to the wrong scholarship.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-11 Monitoring Component of Internal Controls

Criteria: Management is required to monitor the staff activities to ensure

transactions are recorded properly, accounts are reconciled correctly,

and maintaining proper balances.

Condition: Management is either not monitoring the staff correctly or is not correcting

the mistakes to ensure account balances are correct in all funds of the

District.

Cause: Most, if not all of the above-mentioned deficiencies are occurring without

correction because of the failure to properly monitor, train, and adjust

errors being made by the staff.

Effect: The failure to not properly monitor staff can cause errors or fraud to occur

that can materially misstate the financial statements.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-12 Rental Subsidy Reimbursements

Criteria: Management is needs to submit rental reimbursement vouchers to the

Commonwealth each year on debt service payments it makes on PlanCon projects in order to receive partial reimbursement on those costs

from the Commonwealth.

Condition: During this fiscal year no reimbursements were received by the District

on debt service payments made by the District to the extent that approximately \$778,000 is owed to the District for this past year. Over

\$2,665,000 was received subsequent to year end.

Cause: Management failed to submit reimbursements on a timely basis during

this year and the prior year preventing the District to receive cash flows

timely to pay bills and recognize revenue.

Effect: The failure to not properly monitor staff can cause errors or fraud to occur

that can materially misstate the financial statements. In addition the

District has lost investment earnings and cash flows.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-13 (Real Estate Tax Collection)

Criteria: Act 169 of 1998 requires all real estate tax collectors to report monthly, on

a form approved by the Department of Community and Economic

Development, all taxes collected, changes to the duplicate, penalties received, discounts taken, and the uncollectible amount of the duplicate.

Condition: During our review of tax revenue, we could find no evidence that the

taxes received are properly reconciled to the original tax duplicates. The appointed tax collector is not following mandated monthly reports by

DCED.

Cause: This condition is created because the appointed tax collector (City of

Bethlehem) is not providing timely information for district personnel to reconcile the duplicate or to know whether the collections represent

current real estate taxes or interim real estate taxes.

Effect: The failure to reconcile to the original duplicate created an account called

"undistributed taxes", which cannot be classified by source.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-14 (Athletic Fund Expenditures)

Criteria: The District is required to record payments made to expenditure accounts

in accordance with the PA School Accounting Manual.

Condition: We discovered payments made to officials, certain supplies and other

payments were netted against revenue accounts.

Cause: This condition appears to be an oversight on the part of the individuals

coding these payments or a lack of proper training on using the correct

account codes.

Effect: The failure to code disbursements to expenditure accounts understates

the true revenues and expenditures occurring within the fund, which can

potentially materially misstate the financial statements of the fund.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-15 (Self-Insurance Fund – Misposting errors)

Criteria: The District is required to record all transactions correctly to ensure the

financial statements are correct and monitor the control activities done by

staff.

Condition: A previous year correction made by the auditors was ignored and a prior

year transaction was recorded in the current year records for payments

made on prescription coverage.

Cause: This condition appears to have been caused by human error or

insufficient knowledge on the proper handling of transactions.

Effect: These mispostings and the failure to monitor the recording of this journal

entry caused the bank account to have the incorrect balance.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-16 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District and making sure all assets have been

properly valued.

Condition: We discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system in order to

locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets. In addition, auctions are held with items sold and no reductions from the fixed asset

records are done to correlate the disposals.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: Condition continues to exist

Significant Deficiency 2010-17 (Day Care Fund – Prepayments)

Criteria: In accordance with governmental accounting principles, prepayments of

next year tuition should not be recognized as revenue in the current year.

Condition: The prior year prepayments were not recognized in the current year and

the current year prepayments were not correctly set up as such.

Cause: The person responsible for reversing the prior year prepayment and

setting up the current year prepayments did not correctly perform these

transactions.

Effect: The failure to properly record these transactions understates or

overstates the current year revenue, which causes the net assets to be

incorrect.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-18 (Food Service Fund – Federal and State Subsidies)

Criteria: The reimbursement of free and reduced lunches and breakfasts should

be recorded as revenue in the year of service.

Condition: The District personnel made numerous errors in recording the correct

subsidies received during the year that we had to make over \$440,000 in

corrections to the revenue accounts.

Cause: Human errors caused these mistakes with poor monitoring and

supervision of management.

Effect: The incorrect recording of these transactions overstated revenue by

\$440,000. We have made the appropriate corrections to the records.

Status: Corrective Action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-19 Federal Awards (Allowable Costs)

Criteria: The District is to maintain evidence to support that all costs charged to

the federal IDEA program, State Fiscal Stabilization Fund, and 21st

Century grants are allowable under federal cost principles.

Condition: The business office failed to maintain sufficient documentation to show

that only allowable costs were charged to the federal programs. This reflects material weaknesses in control activities, risk assessment, and

monitoring components of internal control.

Cause: The postings in the general ledger do not adequately display information

on whose salaries are charged to the programs and there was no manual

documents maintained to reflect these costs.

Effect: The failure to not properly maintain adequate records can cause

unallowable costs to be charged to a federal program. However, through exerted efforts the District was able to re-construct the documentation to prove that all costs charged to these programs were allowable under

federal cost principles.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2010-20 Federal Awards (Allowable Costs and Reporting)

Criteria: The District is to charge allowable costs to the federal State Fiscal

Stabilization Fund ARRA grant according to federal cost principles.

Condition: While testing expenditures charged to this grant, we discovered \$88,419

of unallowable maintenance costs. In addition, the reporting provided to

the pass-through entity was incorrect.

Cause: It appears the pass-through entity approved a budget including

maintenance costs; therefore, the District was unaware that maintenance

costs are not allowed under this federal program.

Effect: The failure to follow cost principles associated with this grant can cause

the District to remit federal dollars back to the federal government. Fortunately, the District replaced these unallowable costs with allowable costs upon our notification of this problem. As such, there is no

compliance issue.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Prior Year Findings 2008-2009

Significant Deficiency 2009-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash – Bank Reconciliation)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash at year end, we

discovered the general ledger account was plugged to equal the bank

statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was done, we discovered

the account was not properly reconciled during the entire year. In addition, the monitoring component of internal controls failed because

management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the General Fund's financial position

was overstated. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the district additional audit costs.

Status: This condition continues to exist, but corrections have been made in the

2011-12 fiscal year.

Significant Deficiency 2009-2 (Payroll Fund – Bank Reconciliation)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash at year end, we

discovered the general ledger account was off \$88,632 in equaling the

bank statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was done, we discovered

the account was not properly reconciled during the entire year. In addition, the monitoring component of internal controls failed because

management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: As a result of this condition, the auditors spent additional time to reconcile

the account, costing the District additional audit costs.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2009-3 (Real Estate Tax Collection)

Criteria: Act 169 of 1998 requires all real estate tax collectors to report monthly, on

a form approved by the Department of Community and Economic Development, all taxes collected, changes to the duplicate, penalties received, discounts taken, and the uncollectible amount of the duplicate.

Condition: During our review of tax revenue, we could find no evidence that the

taxes received are properly reconciled to the original tax duplicate.

Cause: This condition is created because the appointed tax collector (City of

Bethlehem) is not providing timely information for district personnel to reconcile the duplicate or to know whether the collections represent

current real estate taxes or interim real estate taxes.

Effect: The failure to reconcile to the original duplicate created an account called

"undistributed taxes", which cannot be classified by source.

Status: Corrective action was taken

Significant Deficiency 2009-5 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District, making sure all assets have been properly

valued.

Condition: We discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system in order to

locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets. In addition, it doesn't appear that land owned by the District was assigned values.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: This condition continues to exist.

Significant Deficiency 2009-6 (General Fund – Accounts Payable)

Criteria The District is required to reconcile balance sheet accounts on an

ongoing basis and maintain controls in place to validate the accuracy of the account balance in accordance with generally accepted accounting

principles.

Condition: We discovered account balance for accounts payable was arbitrarily

adjusted because management couldn't find out why it was wrong.

Cause: It appears appropriate District personnel could not find the reasons why

the balance was incorrect so decided not to look for the difference and

adjust the account to the correct balance.

Effect: As in the case with any balance sheet account, the failure to maintain

reconciliation procedures can cause an understatement or overstatement

of the fund balance.

Status: Corrective action was taken.

Significant Deficiency 2009-15 (Self Insurance Fund – Monitoring)

Criteria: In accordance with the monitoring component of internal controls,

management should be monitoring transactions and balances among its

accounting funds.

Condition: The District is self-funded for medical benefits; as such, other funds

contribute to this fund to provide resources for payment of medical claims. This fund showed a major deficit during the year compared to a surplus in the funds providing resources for this fund. Unfortunately,

material misstatements occurred, which required adjustments.

Cause: Management is not monitoring the activities of this fund.

Effect: The incorrect recording is showing an overstatement of the financial

position in other funds and the understatement of financial position in this

fund.

Status: Management continues to have problems in monitoring transactions in

this fund.

Prior Year Findings 2007-2008

Significant Deficiency 2008-9 (Payroll Account – Reconciliation)

Criteria: The District should perform a bank reconciliation on every bank account

and compare the balance to the general ledger account.

Condition: During our review of reconciliations performed on bank accounts, we

discovered the payroll account is not being reconciled. The difference between the bank statements less outstanding checks to the balance in

the general ledger is \$19,254.13.

Cause: It does not appear payroll personnel have spent the time necessary to

discover this variance.

Effect: The failure to reconcile account balances can create an atmosphere of

potential fraud to occur without being detected within a reasonable period

of time.

Status: This condition continues to exist, but corrections have been made in the

2011-12 fiscal year.

Significant Deficiency 2008-10 (Real Estate Tax Collection)

Criteria: Act 169 of 1998 requires all real estate tax collectors to report monthly, on

a form approved by the Department of Community and Economic Development, all taxes collected, changes to the duplicate, penalties received, discounts taken, and the uncollectible amount of the duplicate.

Condition: During our review of tax revenue, we could find no evidence that the

taxes received are reconciled to the original tax duplicates.

Cause: This condition is created because the appointed tax collectors

(Berkheimer and the City of Bethlehem) are not providing timely information for district personnel to reconcile the duplicate or to know whether the collections represent current real estate taxes or interim real

estate taxes.

Effect: The failure to reconcile to the original duplicate created an account called

"undistributed taxes", which cannot be classified by source.

Status: Corrective action was taken

Significant Deficiency 2008-11 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District, making sure all assets have been properly

valued.

Condition: The balances reported on the prior year financial statements did not

correlate to the balances maintained in the fixed asset system used by the District by \$1,853,418. We also discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system to be able to locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets. In addition, it doesn't appear the

land owned by the District was assigned values.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: This condition continues to exist, except the balances in the fixed asset

system now agrees with the financial statements.

Board of Directors Bethlehem Area School District 1516 Sycamore Street Bethlehem, Pennsylvania 18017

Independent Accountant's Report on Applying Agreed-Upon Procedures

We have preformed the procedures enumerated below, which were agreed to by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, Department of Public Welfare (DPW) and the Bethlehem Area School District solely to assist you with respect to the Supplemental Schedules required by this agreement. This engagement to apply agreed-upon procedures was performed in accordance with standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The sufficiency of the procedures is solely the responsibility of the DPW. Consequently, we make no representation regarding the sufficiency of the procedures described below either for the purpose for which this report has been requested or for any other purpose.

The procedures and associated findings are as follows:

- a. We have verified by comparison of the amounts and classifications that the supplemental financial schedules and/exhibits listed below for fiscal period ended June 30, 2011, have been accurately compiled in accordance with the provisions of this agreement and reflect the audited books and records of the Bethlehem Area School District. We also have verified by comparison to the sample schedules that these schedules/exhibits are presented, at minimum, at the level of detail and in the format required by the agreement pertaining to this period.
 - Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures of Family Center Grant
 - Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures of Time Limited Family Reunification Grant.
- b. We inquired of management regarding any adjustments to the reported information which should be made and/or were not reflected on the reports submitted to DPW for the period in question.

We were not engaged to, and did not perform an audit, the objective of which would be expression of an opinion on the specified elements, accounts, or items. Accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. Had we performed additional procedures, other matters might have come to our attention that would have been reported to you.

This report is intended solely for the use of the Department of Public Welfare and should not be used by those who have not agreed to the procedures and taken responsibility for the sufficiency of the procedures for their purposes. However, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.

Respectfully Submitted,

January 5, 2012

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There assocites, A.C.

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures of Family Center Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	DEPARTMENT OF PULBIC WELFARE GRANT					
REVENUES		BUDGET	ACTUAL			
Federal						
CFDA 93.556	\$	154,337	\$	154,337		
CFDA 93.590		15,953		15,953		
State		150,484		150,484		
Total Revenues	\$	320,774	\$	320,774		
EXPENDITURES						
Personnel						
Salaries and Benefits	\$	316,082	\$	316,082		
Operating						
Professional/Technical Svcs		-		-		
Training/Conferences		673		673		
Transportation/Travel		1,500		1,500		
Service Contracts		-		-		
Communications		-		-		
Facilty Expenses		- 		<u>-</u>		
Supplies		1,174		1,174		
Evaluation		4.045		4.045		
FC PAT Training Other		1,345		1,345		
Indirect Costs		-		-		
	-	4 000		4 000		
Total Operations		4,692		4,692		
Total Expenditures	\$	320,774	\$	320,774		

Bethlehem Area School District Schedule of Revenues and Expenditures of Time-Limited Family Reunification Grant For the Year Ended June 30, 2011

	DEPARTMENT OF PULBIC WELFARE GRANT						
REVENUES	В	Α	ACTUAL				
Federal CFDA 93.556 CFDA 93.590 State	\$	215,000 - -	\$	215,000 - -			
Total Revenues	\$	215,000	\$	215,000			
EXPENDITURES							
Personnel Salaries and Benefits	\$	210,125	\$	210,125			
Operating Professional/Technical Svcs Training/Conferences Transportation/Travel Communications Supplies Parent Training Equipment Audit Fee Indirect Costs Other Total Operations		500 2,250 1,225 900 - - - - - 4,875		500 2,250 1,225 900 - - - - 4,875			
Total Expenditures	<u>\$</u>	215,000	\$	215,000			

Section II - Financial Statement Corrective Action Plan

Significant Deficiency 2011-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash & Investments – Bank Reconciliations)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash and investments at year

end, we discovered the general ledger account was not properly

reconciled to the bank statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was not done, we

discovered three debt service payments not posted into the computer system, federal revenue from Title 19 (medical reimbursement) posted twice, and an error was made in posting the wrong amount of retirement

revenue.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the each respective fund's financial

position could be understated or overstated with errors or fraud occurring without being detected. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the District additional audit costs.

Recommendation: We recommend the district reconcile the cash balance each month to the

bank statement and find any discrepancies. In addition, management needs to properly monitor their staff to ensure this is being accomplished

on a timely manner.

Response: Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited

balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Significant Deficiency 2011-2 (Self-Insurance Fund – Transactions)

Criteria: The District is required to record all transactions correctly to ensure the

financial statements are correct and monitor the control activities done by

staff.

Condition: We discovered errors in transaction recording that understates the

expenditures of this fund. For example, \$1.3 million of unpaid bills owed to Capital Blue Cross and Caremark were not recorded in the computer

system at year end.

Cause: This condition appears to have been caused because throughout the

year this fund is maintained on the cash basis and was not properly

converted to the accrual basis at year end.

Effect: Improper accounting recognition lead to an understatement of the

expenditures in this fund.

Recommendation: We wish to remind management that this fund must be reported on the

accrual basis at year end and as such, incurred, but not reported, claims must be reported as accounts payable at year end to properly reflect the

correct financial position.

Response: Management agrees with this recommendation as stated and has

initiated procedures to ensure that the self insurance fund is reported on

the accrual basis at year end.

Significant Deficiency 2011-4 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District and making sure all assets have been

properly valued.

Condition: We discovered that in the current year the District stopped tracking fixed

asset records for the Day Care Fund and Food Service fund. In addition they are not maintaining a tagging system in order to locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology department is

maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate moveable assets virtually impossible. There was also a personnel

change during the year resulting in misplaced records.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Recommendation: We recommend the District improve their controls over disposals and

consider having a re-appraisal done using a tagging system for all capital

assets.

Response: Management has taken steps to ensure that all fixed asset acquisitions

and reductions are properly recorded. Management will consider a new appraisal of fixed assets with tagging as budgetary resources permit.

Significant Deficiency 2011-5 (Information and Communication Component of Internal Controls)

Criteria: This component of controls is designed to ensure transactions flow

through the accounting system in a normal process with proper communication upstream between staff and management and downstream with management giving directives to staff to make sure the financial statements are prepared in accordance with accounting

principles.

Condition: There continues to be problems in recording transactions to enable

individual account balances to be correct in preparing the financial

statements.

Cause: It appears there is a failure to systematically perform individual functions

accurately with proper communication channels between staff personnel

and senior management personnel.

Effect: The failure to properly follow established steps determined by current

management can cause the financial statements to be prepared that

would result in misstatements to the financial position of the District.

Recommendation: We recommend to the staff and management to maintain an open line of

communication that staff follows management directives and staff can utilize management's expertise to help with problems in the system.

Response: Management has amended the automatic posting of entries to mitigate

these concerns and has implemented controls to prohibit unbalanced (one sided) entries. With the restoration of full staffing levels in the business office, priority has been placed on continuous staff training of proper accounting procedures and raising awareness on the levels of

accountability necessary to eliminate this deficiency.

Section III – Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal Awards

Significant Deficiency 2011-3 Federal Awards (Allowable Costs)

Federal Awards:

Passed Through Colonial I.U.20

CDFA No. 84.391 – IDEA – ARRA Passed Through PA Department of Education

CDFA No. 84.394 – State Fiscal Stabilization Fund

CDFA No. 84.287 – 21st Century Community Learning Center

CDFA No. 84.010 - Title I Improving Basic Programs

CDFA No. 84.389 - Title I - ARRA

Questioned Costs: N/A

Criteria: The District is to maintain evidence to support that all costs charged to

the federal IDEA program, State Fiscal Stabilization Fund, Title I, and 21st

Century grants are allowable under federal cost principles.

Condition: The grants office failed to maintain sufficient documentation to show that

only allowable costs were charged to federal programs. This reflects material weaknesses in control activities, risk assessment, and

monitoring components of internal control.

Cause: The postings in the general ledger do not adequately display information

on whose salaries are charged to the programs and there was no manual

documents maintained to reflect these costs.

Effect: The failure to not properly maintain adequate records can cause

unallowable costs to be charged to a federal program. However, through exerted efforts the District was able to re-construct the documentation to prove that all costs charged to these programs were allowable under

federal cost principles.

Recommendation: We recommend management properly monitor their staff to ensure

supporting documentation is available to support what is charged to the program, and staff maintain spreadsheets showing who was charged, percentage of time spent, the amounts charged, and the type of

expenditure charged to the above-mentioned programs.

Response: Management agrees with this recommendation and has taken steps to

ensure that current fiscal year federal awards are properly recorded and

supporting documentation attached.

Prior Year Findings 2009-2010

Significant Deficiency 2010-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash – Bank Reconciliation)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash at year end, we

discovered the general ledger account was not properly reconciled to the

bank statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was not done, we

discovered the personnel assigned to this function did not know why the balances did not agree. In addition, the monitoring component of internal

controls failed because management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the each respective fund's financial

position could be understated or overstated with errors or fraud occurring without being detected. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the District additional audit costs.

Status: This condition continues to exist during the 2010-2011 fiscal year;

however, steps have been taken subsequently to correct this problem

going forward.

Response: Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited

balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Significant Deficiency 2010-3 (General Fund - Investment Accounts)

Criteria: As with any balance sheet account in all funds, the investment accounts

should be reconciled to the monthly statements received from the

investment advisors on a monthly basis.

Condition: During our review of investment accounts, we found no evidence to

support that these accounts were reconciled during the fiscal year.

Cause: This condition is created because staff personnel did not perform the

reconciliations and management failed to monitor the staff to ensure

these procedures were performed.

Effect: The failure to reconcile the investment accounts can cause an

understatement or overstatement of each respective fund's financial position and can cause errors or fraud to occur without being detected.

Status: The condition continues to exist, but has been combined into one issue

that has been corrected in the 2011-2012 fiscal year.

Response: Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited

balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Significant Deficiency 2010-16 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District and making sure all assets have been

properly valued.

Condition: We discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system in order to

locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is

maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: Condition continues to exist

Response: Management has taken steps to ensure that all fixed asset acquisitions

and reductions are properly recorded. Management will consider a new appraisal of fixed assets with tagging as budgetary resources permit.

Prior Year Findings 2008-2009

Significant Deficiency 2009-1 (All Funds Pooled Cash – Bank Reconciliation)

Criteria: Control Activities component of internal controls require reconciliations to

be performed on material accounts in the general ledger, including the

bank accounts on a regular basis.

Condition: During our review of the account balance in cash at year end, we

discovered the general ledger account was plugged to equal the bank

statement balance.

Cause: During our investigation to determine why this was done, we discovered

the account was not properly reconciled during the entire year. In addition, the monitoring component of internal controls failed because

management did not monitor their staff.

Effect: The result of this condition is that the General Fund's financial position

was overstated. In addition, the auditors spent additional time to

reconcile the account, costing the district additional audit costs.

Status: This condition continues to exist, but corrections have been made in the

2011-12 fiscal year.

Response: Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited

balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Significant Deficiency 2009-5 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District, making sure all assets have been properly

valued.

Condition: We discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system in order to

locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets. In addition, it doesn't appear that land owned by the District was assigned values.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: This condition continues to exist.

Response: Management has taken steps to ensure that all fixed asset acquisitions

and reductions are properly recorded. Management will consider a new appraisal of fixed assets with tagging as budgetary resources permit.

Significant Deficiency 2009-15 (Self Insurance Fund – Monitoring)

Criteria: In accordance with the monitoring component of internal controls,

management should be monitoring transactions and balances among its

accounting funds.

Condition: The District is self-funded for medical benefits; as such, other funds

contribute to this fund to provide resources for payment of medical claims. This fund showed a major deficit during the year compared to a surplus in the funds providing resources for this fund. Unfortunately,

material misstatements occurred, which required adjustments.

Cause: Management is not monitoring the activities of this fund.

Effect: The incorrect recording is showing an overstatement of the financial

position in other funds and the understatement of financial position in this

fund.

Status: Management continues to have problems in monitoring transactions in

this fund.

Response: Management has initiated procedures to ensure that the self insurance

fund is reported on the accrual basis at year end. Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Prior Year Findings 2007-2008

Significant Deficiency 2008-9 (Payroll Account – Reconciliation)

Criteria: The District should perform a bank reconciliation on every bank account

and compare the balance to the general ledger account.

Condition: During our review of reconciliations performed on bank accounts, we

discovered the payroll account is not being reconciled. The difference between the bank statements less outstanding checks to the balance in

the general ledger is \$19,254.13.

Cause: It does not appear payroll personnel have spent the time necessary to

discover this variance.

Effect: The failure to reconcile account balances can create an atmosphere of

potential fraud to occur without being detected within a reasonable period

of time.

Status: This condition continues to exist, but corrections have been made in the

2011-12 fiscal year.

Response: Management segregated many cash accounts by fund using the audited

balances as of 6/30/10 with the intention to have transactions processed independently by fund, thereby eliminating the pooled cash account. The completion of this process was materially hampered by key staffing vacancies in the business office and obstacles presented by the accounting software. This did not occur until after the fiscal year was ended, so this deficiency was not able to be fully addressed and corrected until the current fiscal year. Currently beginning July 2011, all fund bank accounts are being reconciled on a monthly basis to the general ledger. New accounting software has been implemented January 2012 that will allow for transaction processing and accounting individually by fund which eliminates any reference to pooled cash or accounting. Management has also been monitoring this process on a

monthly basis.

Significant Deficiency 2008-11 (General Fixed Assets)

Criteria: Management is required to incorporate proper controls to safeguard

capital assets of the District, making sure all assets have been properly

valued.

Condition: The balances reported on the prior year financial statements did not

correlate to the balances maintained in the fixed asset system used by the District by \$1,853,418. We also discovered the District is not maintaining a tagging system to be able to locate and keep track of its capital assets, except the technology dept. is maintaining a separate tagging system for technology assets. In addition, it doesn't appear the

land owned by the District was assigned values.

Cause: An appraisal company valuated the general fixed assets a few years ago

for the District, but failed to tag each asset. As a result, the tag no. reported on the VFACS program is arbitrary making the ability to locate

moveable assets virtually impossible.

Effect: The failure to properly value all capital assets and maintain a tagging

system to locate portable assets creates an understatement of assets owned and can potentially create theft to occur without being detected.

Status: This condition continues to exist, except the balances in the fixed asset

system now agrees with the financial statements.

Response: Management has taken steps to ensure that all fixed asset acquisitions

and reductions are properly recorded. Management will consider a new appraisal of fixed assets with tagging as budgetary resources permit.