
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2024 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, and the schedules of the School District's contributions and share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities (asset), as defined in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 16, 2024 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moran, PLLC

October 16, 2024

This section of Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan's (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds, the General Fund, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III, the 2010 Sinking Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statements, the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position, present financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for donor-sponsored scholarships. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information for the General Fund

Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities (Asset)

Schedules of Pension and OPEB Contributions

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, food services, athletics, recreation, child care, debt service, and capital projects. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Food Service Fund is an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects).

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Fiduciary Fund

The School District has certain fiduciary responsibilities for its custodial fund. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purpose.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Governmental Activities	
	2024	2023
	(in millions)	
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 270.6	\$ 278.8
Capital assets	352.4	324.5
Total assets	623.0	603.3
Deferred Outflows of Resources	163.0	207.0
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	75.8	56.3
Noncurrent liabilities	306.7	345.9
Net pension liability	463.6	545.1
Net OPEB liability	-	30.3
Total liabilities	846.1	977.6
Deferred Inflows of Resources	147.1	111.8
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets	213.7	138.4
Restricted	21.3	51.0
Unrestricted	(442.2)	(468.5)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (207.2)	\$ (279.1)

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(207.2) million at June 30, 2024. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$213.7 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, a deficit of \$442.2 million, was unrestricted.

The \$(442.2) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. A total of approximately \$463.6 million of this deficit in unrestricted net position is the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability related to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023:

	Governmental Activities	
	2024	2023
	(in millions)	
Revenue		
Program revenue:		
Charges for services	\$ 6.5	\$ 7.5
Operating grants	144.3	115.3
General revenue:		
Taxes	179.0	168.1
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	83.6	80.9
Other	15.0	11.6
Total revenue	428.4	383.4
Expenses		
Instruction	205.7	196.6
Support services	117.7	113.4
Athletics	4.2	4.2
Food services	8.8	6.9
Community services	1.2	2.3
Recreation and child care	5.4	3.8
Debt service	9.9	7.1
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	3.6	1.1
Total expenses	356.5	335.4
Change in Net Position	71.9	48.0
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(279.1)	(327.1)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	<u>\$ (207.2)</u>	<u>\$ (279.1)</u>

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$356.5 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$6.5 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$144.3 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$179.0 million in taxes, \$83.6 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced an increase in net position of approximately \$71.9 million. Key reasons for the change in net position were a reduction in the School District's share of the net MPERS pension and OPEB liabilities (asset) and the related deferred inflow and outflows and an increase in net investments in capital assets.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$188.4 million, which is a decrease of \$35.3 million from last year. The primary reasons for the decrease are as follows:

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, fund balance decreased from \$12.9 million to \$7.1 million. The change is mainly due to continued inflationary cost pressures; new collective bargaining agreements; and increased contracted services, utilities, and supplies.

The fund balance of our special revenue funds decreased by \$0.4 million as a result of new collective bargaining agreements and increased contracted services, utilities, and supplies.

The fund balance of our debt service fund decreased by \$0.1 million. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. Debt service fund balances are reserved since they can be used only to pay debt service obligations.

Combined, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II and the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III fund balances decreased by \$51.5 million as a result of continuing capital expenditures throughout the year in the execution of the capital bond program.

Combined, the fund balance of our remaining capital projects funds (excluding the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, and the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III) increased by \$22.5 million. This increase is primarily due to fewer current year projects funded by the 2010 Sinking Fund while collecting the levied millage on the Sinking Fund.

General Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in June 2024. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were significant revisions made to the 2023-2024 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue was decreased by approximately \$3.3 million due to decreases in state and federal grants received.

Budgeted expenditures were also increased by approximately \$11.1 million due to new collective bargaining agreements and increases in contracted services, utilities and supplies.

Variances between the final budget and actual amounts are due to unanticipated additional allocations for state grants, reallocations of one-time retirement expenditures, and additional preventive maintenance investments for health and safety measures.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liability Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2024, the School District had \$352.4 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land and land improvements, construction, buildings, buses, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$27.9 million, or 8.6 percent, from last year.

	2024	2023
Land	\$ 5,701,212	\$ 5,701,212
Construction in progress	76,824,704	93,241,367
Buildings and improvements	530,493,086	472,449,718
Furniture and equipment	47,090,922	45,032,261
Buses and other vehicles	12,686,910	11,937,610
Land improvements	46,035,051	44,573,719
Total capital assets	718,831,885	672,935,887
Less accumulated depreciation	366,382,509	348,434,511
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	<u>\$ 352,449,376</u>	<u>\$ 324,501,376</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

This year's additions of \$45.9 million included a building, building renovations, equipment, technology, vehicles, and site improvements. Several major capital projects are planned for the 2024-2025 fiscal year. The School District adopted a capital improvement plan in alignment with the referendum and in coordination with the 2020 sale of the building and site bonds. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Liability Administration

At the end of this year, the School District had \$283.6 million in bonds outstanding versus \$320.8 million in the previous year - a change of (11.6) percent. Those bonds consisted of the following:

	2024	2023
General obligation bonds	\$ 283,630,000	\$ 320,780,000

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues qualified debt (i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan), such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt is significantly below this statutorily imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued compensated absences, workers' compensation, and debt issuance premiums. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2024-2025 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2024-2025 budget was adopted in June 2024 based on an estimate of students who will enroll in September 2024, an estimated per pupil foundation allowance, and projected state categorical funding. Approximately 80 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance and state categorical revenue. Under state law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2024-2025 school year, we anticipate the fall student count will be in line with the estimates used in creating the 2024-2025 budget. Once the final student count and related state funding sources are validated, the School District will take steps to confirm the budget aligns with projected revenue. State law requires the School District to amend the budget if actual district resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to illustrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office at 3700 Earhart Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48105.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 34,492,527
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	406,118
Due from other governments	34,735,520
Inventory	165,165
Prepaid expenses and other assets	803,797
Restricted assets (Note 4)	191,879,154
Net OPEB asset (Note 11)	8,084,428
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	<u>352,449,376</u>
Total assets	623,016,085
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charges on bond refunding (Note 8)	646,037
Deferred pension costs (Note 11)	133,466,660
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 11)	<u>28,913,786</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	163,026,483
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	18,183,033
Accrued liabilities and other	34,805,324
State aid anticipation note (Note 13)	15,000,000
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	7,800,407
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year (Note 8)	43,035,591
Due in more than one year (Note 8)	263,722,081
Net pension liability (Note 11)	<u>463,571,164</u>
Total liabilities	846,117,600
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (Note 11)	28,312,404
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 11)	52,278,048
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 11)	<u>66,551,565</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>147,142,017</u>
Net Position (Deficit)	
Net investment in capital assets	213,677,848
Restricted:	
Debt service	1,073,790
Capital projects	12,179,075
Net OPEB asset	8,084,428
Unrestricted	<u>(442,232,190)</u>
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (207,217,049)</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Program Revenue			Governmental
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary government - Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$ 205,694,876	\$ 436,864	\$ 85,244,592	\$ (120,013,420)
Support services	117,656,370	-	53,175,803	(64,480,567)
Athletics	4,230,350	879,140	-	(3,351,210)
Food services	8,846,400	323,828	4,502,510	(4,020,062)
Community services	1,234,636	-	1,399,362	164,726
Recreation and child care	5,445,496	4,902,842	-	(542,654)
Interest	9,827,783	-	-	(9,827,783)
Other debt costs	66,375	-	-	(66,375)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	3,596,466	-	-	(3,596,466)
Total primary government	\$ 356,598,752	\$ 6,542,674	\$ 144,322,267	(205,733,811)
General revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes levied for general purposes				102,656,801
Property taxes levied for debt service				48,236,819
Property taxes levied for sinking fund				28,134,542
State aid not restricted to specific purposes				83,578,424
Federal grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes				11,104
Interest and investment earnings				10,562,665
Gain on sale of capital assets				53,500
Other				4,366,627
Total general revenue				<u>277,600,482</u>
Change in Net Position				71,866,671
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year				<u>(279,083,720)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year				<u>\$ (207,217,049)</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

**Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet**

June 30, 2024

	General Fund	2019 Bond Fund - Series III	2019 Bond Fund - Series II	2010 Sinking Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 31,711,518	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,781,009	\$ 34,492,527
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable	211,577	-	-	-	-	194,541	406,118
Due from other governments	34,548,872	-	-	-	-	186,648	34,735,520
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	165,165	165,165
Prepaid expenses and other assets	675,950	-	-	-	-	127,847	803,797
Restricted assets (Note 4)	-	103,940,080	12,567,934	69,282,659	2,811,954	3,276,527	191,879,154
Total assets	\$ 67,147,917	\$ 103,940,080	\$ 12,567,934	\$ 69,282,659	\$ 2,811,954	\$ 6,731,737	\$ 262,482,281
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 4,416,620	\$ 6,434,998	\$ 6,231,798	\$ 563,743	\$ 27,387	\$ 508,487	\$ 18,183,033
Accrued liabilities and other	33,093,579	-	968	-	-	-	33,094,547
State aid anticipation note (Note 13)	15,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	15,000,000
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	7,490,937	-	-	-	-	309,470	7,800,407
Total liabilities	60,001,136	6,434,998	6,232,766	563,743	27,387	817,957	74,077,987
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue (Note 5)	4,589	-	-	-	-	-	4,589
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	60,005,725	6,434,998	6,232,766	563,743	27,387	817,957	74,082,576
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	165,165	165,165
Prepays	675,950	-	-	-	-	127,847	803,797
Restricted:							
Debt service	-	-	-	-	2,784,567	-	2,784,567
Capital projects	-	97,505,082	6,335,168	68,718,916	-	3,228,008	175,787,174
Food service	-	-	-	-	-	450,857	450,857
Committed:							
Student/School activities	-	-	-	-	-	1,301,650	1,301,650
Community services	-	-	-	-	-	640,253	640,253
Unassigned	6,466,242	-	-	-	-	-	6,466,242
Total fund balances	7,142,192	97,505,082	6,335,168	68,718,916	2,784,567	5,913,780	188,399,705
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 67,147,917	\$ 103,940,080	\$ 12,567,934	\$ 69,282,659	\$ 2,811,954	\$ 6,731,737	\$ 262,482,281

See notes to financial statements.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 188,399,705
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Cost of capital assets	718,831,885
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(366,382,509)</u>
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	352,449,376
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	4,589
Deferred outflows related to bond refundings are not reported in the funds	646,037
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(303,025,664)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(1,710,777)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Employee compensated absences	(3,347,847)
Self-insurance liability	(384,161)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	(382,382,552)
Net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows	(29,553,351)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds	<u>(28,312,404)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (207,217,049)</u></u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	2019 Bond Fund - Series III	2019 Bond Fund - Series II	2010 Sinking Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue							
Local sources	\$ 108,116,867	\$ 5,371,634	\$ 1,817,598	\$ 29,783,384	\$ 48,387,458	\$ 7,021,891	\$ 200,498,832
State sources	157,336,191	-	-	-	-	3,883,365	161,219,556
Federal sources	10,409,492	-	-	-	-	4,927,503	15,336,995
Interdistrict sources	40,778,596	-	-	-	-	-	40,778,596
Total revenue	316,641,146	5,371,634	1,817,598	29,783,384	48,387,458	15,832,759	417,833,979
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	192,898,700	-	-	-	-	-	192,898,700
Support services	123,082,187	-	586,081	963,005	71,397	1,718,426	126,421,096
Athletics	4,505,844	-	-	-	-	-	4,505,844
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	8,940,242	8,940,242
Community services	1,320,047	-	-	-	-	36,199	1,356,246
Recreation and child care	-	-	82,270	-	-	5,353,744	5,436,014
Debt service:							
Principal	-	-	-	-	37,150,000	-	37,150,000
Interest	39,591	-	-	-	11,309,042	-	11,348,633
Other debt costs	4,500	61,500	-	-	375	-	66,375
Capital outlay	635,920	11,787,009	46,137,670	6,243,360	-	248,206	65,052,165
Total expenditures	322,486,789	11,848,509	46,806,021	7,206,365	48,530,814	16,296,817	453,175,315
Excess of Revenue (Under) Over Expenditures	(5,845,643)	(6,476,875)	(44,988,423)	22,577,019	(143,356)	(464,058)	(35,341,336)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	53,500	-	-	-	-	-	53,500
Transfers in	175,384	-	-	-	-	116,414	291,798
Transfers out	(116,414)	-	-	-	-	(175,384)	(291,798)
Total other financing sources (uses)	112,470	-	-	-	-	(58,970)	53,500
Net Change in Fund Balances	(5,733,173)	(6,476,875)	(44,988,423)	22,577,019	(143,356)	(523,028)	(35,287,836)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	12,875,365	103,981,957	51,323,591	46,141,897	2,927,923	6,436,808	223,687,541
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$ 7,142,192</u>	<u>\$ 97,505,082</u>	<u>\$ 6,335,168</u>	<u>\$ 68,718,916</u>	<u>\$ 2,784,567</u>	<u>\$ 5,913,780</u>	<u>\$ 188,399,705</u>

See notes to financial statements.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ (35,287,836)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capitalized capital outlay	45,895,998
Depreciation expense	(17,947,998)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available	(116,566)
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	10,693,214
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds	39,109,750
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues	(438,900)
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, or compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	<u>29,959,009</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 71,866,671</u></u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Fiduciary Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

	June 30, 2024
	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
Assets - Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 392,490
Liabilities - Accounts payable	<u>20,000</u>
Net Position - Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u><u>\$ 372,490</u></u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
Additions - Contributions and fundraising	\$ 119,522
Deductions - Expenses	<u>117,414</u>
Net Increase in Fiduciary Net Position	2,108
Net Position - Beginning of year	<u>370,382</u>
Net Position - End of year	<u><u>\$ 372,490</u></u>

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "School District") is a school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Accounting

The School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, the Debt Service Fund, and capital projects funds. The School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The 2019 Bond Fund - Series II and 2019 Bond Fund - Series III are used to record bond proceeds and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for upgrading school facilities, enhancing building security, and upgrading learning environments throughout the School District. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.
- The 2010 Sinking Fund is used to record sinking fund millage tax revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for the purchase of real estate and construction or repairs of school buildings, in accordance with the applicable provisions of §1212 of the State of Michigan Revised School Code.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's special revenue funds include the Food Service Fund, the Community Services Fund, and the School/Student Activity Fund. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- Capital projects funds are used to record bond proceeds, or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology upgrades; and remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts are not used to operate the School District's programs. The School District maintains a custodial fund to record the transactions of scholarship funds.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term money market fund investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for investments in external investment pools and commercial paper with a maturity of less than 270 days, which are valued at amortized cost.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Restricted Assets

The unspent bond proceeds of the capital projects and sinking funds require amounts to be set aside for construction or bond-related purchases. In addition, cash and investments in the Debt Service Fund are required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	<u>Depreciable Life - Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment	5 to 20
Vehicles	5 to 10

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The Debt Service Fund is generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred charges on bond refundings and deferred pension and OPEB costs.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District reports deferred inflows related to unavailable revenue, revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, and deferred pension and OPEB plan costs.

Net Position

Net position of the School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The School District has, by resolution, authorized the Board of Education to assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential either to remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are levied on July 1 and December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding March 1. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At that time, penalties and interest are assessed, and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

Grants and Contributions

The School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension and net OPEB liabilities (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPERS. MPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide statements consists of earned but unused accumulated annual sick leave and vacation benefits, as well as accumulated termination pay. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds as it comes due for payment.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In June 2022, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, which updates the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences under a unified model. This statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for leave that has not been used and leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means and establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used. It also updates disclosure requirements for compensated absences. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

In December 2023, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*, which requires governments to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the government vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. It also requires governments to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued. If certain criteria are met for a concentration or constraint, disclosures are required in the notes to the financial statements. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2025.

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements, or modifies existing requirements, related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component unites in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Subsequent Events

The financial statements and related disclosures include evaluation of events up through and including October 16, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Information

The School District adopts annual budgets on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. In addition, the School District approved the Capital Improvement Plan - Phase I budget in 2020; it is anticipated the School District will approve budgets for future phases of the plan.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. The School District budgets and reports capital outlay expenditures within the related function in the budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the School District reports capital outlay separately in the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Various administrators are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within functions with any fund. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District amended budgeted amounts during the year in response to changes in budgeted expectations.

The policy of the Board of Education requires the budgeted year-end fund balance of the General Fund to fall within the range of 6 to 15 percent of the preceding year's expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders or contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as restrictions, commitments, or assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. There were no encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II, 2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III, 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, and 2019 Bond Fund - Series III include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan's School Code.

The 2010 Sinking Fund accounts for construction and repair of the buildings. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212 of the State of Michigan Revised School Code.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Board of Education has authorized 11 financial institutions for the deposit of its funds. The School District has designated 3 of those financial institutions for its deposits.

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost except for one-day minimum investment period for MILAF cash management funds and a 14-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy prequalifies the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At year end, the School District had bank deposits of \$19,916,630 (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's credit risk is minimized by limiting investments to types of securities allowed by state law and by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District minimizes interest rate risk by investing funds in primarily shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's requirements.

At year end, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Carrying Value	Weighted-average Maturity (Years)
Primary Government		
MILAF Term Series	\$ 91,280,171	0.18 - 0.51

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
MILAF Term Series	\$ 91,280,171	AAAf	Standard & Poor's
MILAF bank investment pool	115,485,647	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
Total	<u>\$ 206,765,818</u>		

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's investment policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The School District does not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) Term Series where the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2024, the net asset value of the School District's investment in the MILAF Term Series was \$91,280,171. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments. The MILAF Term Series allows for the School District to set a specific redemption date set upon initiation of investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply.

The MILAF Term Series includes investments that the School District does not control. The investment pool invests primarily in high-quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2024, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

	Governmental Funds	
	Deferred Inflow - Unavailable	Liability - Unearned
Grant receipts not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period	\$ 4,589	\$ -
Grant, categorical aid, tuition, and food services program payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	-	7,800,407

June 30, 2024

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Disposals and Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,701,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,701,212
Construction in progress	93,241,367	40,383,868	(56,800,531)	76,824,704
Subtotal	98,942,579	40,383,868	(56,800,531)	82,525,916
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	472,449,718	1,637,919	56,405,449	530,493,086
Furniture and equipment	45,032,261	2,058,661	-	47,090,922
Buses and other vehicles	11,937,610	749,300	-	12,686,910
Land improvements	44,573,719	1,066,250	395,082	46,035,051
Subtotal	573,993,308	5,512,130	56,800,531	636,305,969
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	273,587,696	13,290,312	-	286,878,008
Furniture and equipment	38,294,449	1,182,126	-	39,476,575
Buses and other vehicles	7,565,035	1,625,449	-	9,190,484
Land improvements	28,987,331	1,850,111	-	30,837,442
Subtotal	348,434,511	17,947,998	-	366,382,509
Net capital assets being depreciated	225,558,797	(12,435,868)	56,800,531	269,923,460
Net governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 324,501,376</u>	<u>\$ 27,948,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 352,449,376</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 13,944,482
Support services	407,050
Unallocated	3,596,466
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 17,947,998</u>

Construction Commitments

The School District has active construction projects at year end. At June 30, 2024, the School District's commitments with contractors and vendors totaled approximately \$25,992,000. Beginning commitments for the construction projects were approximately \$47,200,000 of which approximately \$21,231,000 has been expended. In addition, the School District has executed construction management contracts with several companies in connection with the second phase of the 2019 Bond Program and sinking fund projects.

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the Community Services Fund transferred \$70,256 to the General Fund to cover various current year administrative and overhead costs. The General Fund transferred \$116,414 of at-risk funds to the Food Service Fund for its share of the program. The Food Service Fund transferred \$105,128 to the General Fund as a reimbursement for indirect operating costs.

June 30, 2024

Note 8 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds payable:					
General obligations	\$ 320,780,000	\$ -	\$ (37,150,000)	\$ 283,630,000	\$ 40,355,000
Unamortized bond premiums	21,516,917	-	(2,121,253)	19,395,664	1,634,254
Total bonds payable	342,296,917	-	(39,271,253)	303,025,664	41,989,254
Termination pay, accumulated vacation, and sick leave	3,428,572	-	(80,725)	3,347,847	662,176
Self-insurance	227,474	156,687	-	384,161	384,161
Total governmental activities long-term debt	<u>\$ 345,952,963</u>	<u>\$ 156,687</u>	<u>\$ (39,351,978)</u>	<u>\$ 306,757,672</u>	<u>\$ 43,035,591</u>

The School District had deferred outflows of \$646,037 related to deferred charges on bond refundings at June 30, 2024.

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The School District's qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. The primary source of any required repayment is from the School District's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the School District's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the School District. Other long-term obligations include compensated absences and self-insured workers' compensation claims.

General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2024 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rates (Percent)	Maturing May 1	Outstanding at June 30, 2024
\$30,790,000 2015 refunding serial bonds	\$2,735,000 - \$3,055,000	4% - 5%	2029	\$ 14,510,000
\$32,775,000 2015 issuance serial bonds	\$4,750,000	4% - 5%	2025	4,750,000
\$9,485,000 2017 refunding serial bonds	\$900,000 - \$1,000,000	2% - 3%	2029	4,760,000
\$12,775,000 2018 issuance serial bonds	\$1,445,000 - \$1,470,000	3% - 5%	2026	2,915,000
\$140,000,000 2019 issuance serial bonds	\$4,825,000 - \$7,500,000	3%	2040	97,625,000
\$55,500,000 2020 refunding serial bonds	\$7,500,000 - \$8,305,000	1% - 3%	2029	39,370,000
\$50,000,000 2022 issuance serial bonds	\$1,500,000 - \$2,250,000	4% - 5%	2042	33,750,000
\$100,000,000 2023 issuance serial bonds	\$2,725,000 - \$16,600,000	4%	2043	85,950,000
Total governmental activities				<u>\$ 283,630,000</u>

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Other Long-term Liabilities

Compensated absences attributable to the governmental activities consist of unpaid accumulated termination of employment, vacation, and sick leave balances.

Termination Pay

Certain employees are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment upon termination of employment with the School District. The amount is generally based on the employees' current wage rate and number of years of service accumulated as of June 30, 2003. Expenditures for accumulated termination pay are budgeted and paid on an annual basis.

Accumulated Vacation

Employees other than instructors accrue vacation based on number of days worked and seniority. Accumulated vacation days lapse at year end for school district administrators and unclassified personnel. However, such groups are permitted to carry over a maximum of 20 unused vacation days. All other noninstructor employee groups accrue vacation days during the current fiscal year.

Sick Leave

School district employees are entitled to accumulate unused sick leave days. Subject to variations among different classes of personnel, employees with 10 or more years of service who retire or terminate employment are paid a per diem rate for a percentage (50 percent to 70 percent range) of their accumulated sick leave days, based on contract language.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 40,355,000	\$ 10,264,662	\$ 50,619,662
2026	22,130,000	8,733,862	30,863,862
2027	21,255,000	7,972,512	29,227,512
2028	21,800,000	7,257,726	29,057,726
2029	22,490,000	6,522,602	29,012,602
2030-2034	56,125,000	24,866,500	80,991,500
2035-2039	65,750,000	14,006,000	79,756,000
2040-2043	33,725,000	2,873,500	36,598,500
Total	<u>\$ 283,630,000</u>	<u>\$ 82,497,364</u>	<u>\$ 366,127,364</u>

Note 9 - Self-insurance

The School District has a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation. Under the plan, the maximum claim loss of the School District is limited to the amount not covered by the School District's excess insurance carrier. Generally accepted accounting principles require an amount to be determined for claims that have been incurred but not yet been reported (IBNR) as of the date of the financial statements. The School District's workers' compensation expenditures for the General Fund were \$301,628 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 9 - Self-insurance (Continued)

Changes in the balances of potential claims of the School District during the past year are as follows:

	2024	2023
Potential claims, including IBNR - Beginning of year	\$ 227,474	\$ 81,026
Increase in estimated liability - Net of claims incurred and claims paid	156,687	146,448
Estimated liability - End of year	<u>\$ 384,161</u>	<u>\$ 227,474</u>

In addition, the School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for these potential losses. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Contingent Liabilities

Legal Actions

The School District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. The School District believes that the amount, if any, of ultimate liability with respect to legal actions will be insignificant or will be covered by insurance.

Property Tax Appeals

Several appeals of property tax assessments are currently pending before the Michigan Tax Tribunal. The School District would become liable to refund any taxes collected due to overassessment but would subsequently be reimbursed by the State for any refunded amounts related to operating levies (but not for amounts related to debt or sinking fund levies). Management is unable to estimate the amount of property tax revenue that could be subject to refund if the tax tribunal determines that an overassessment has occurred.

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at <http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools>.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplementary payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates is as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2022 - September 30, 2023	13.75% - 20.16%	7.21% - 8.07%
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$63,064,196, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$28,312,403 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSEs unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate.

The School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$13,366,240, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a liability of \$463,571,164 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2023. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 1.43 and 1.45 percent, respectively, representing a change of (1.18) percent.

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported an asset of \$(8,084,428) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2024 was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated asset to September 30, 2023. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2023 and 2022, the School District's proportion was 1.43 percent for each of the years then ended, representing a change of (0.02) percent.

June 30, 2024

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2024, the School District recognized pension expense of \$54,797,552, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 14,633,527	\$ (710,117)
Changes in assumptions	62,816,002	(36,218,279)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(9,486,167)
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	2,153,026	(5,863,485)
The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	53,864,105	-
Total	\$ 133,466,660	\$ (52,278,048)

The \$28,312,404 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2025. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount
2025	\$ 8,312,090
2026	6,867,366
2027	19,405,560
2028	(7,260,509)
Total	\$ 27,324,507

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School District recognized OPEB recovery of \$14,289,229.

June 30, 2024

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (61,090,088)
Changes in assumptions	17,997,347	(2,167,221)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	24,649	-
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions	1,603,008	(3,294,256)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	9,288,782	-
Total	\$ 28,913,786	\$ (66,551,565)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will reduce the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	Amount
2025	\$ (15,831,420)
2026	(14,386,733)
2027	(5,197,121)
2028	(5,390,222)
2029	(4,072,730)
Thereafter	(2,048,335)
Total	\$ (46,926,561)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2023 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2022 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB liability were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%	Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent
Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	6.25% - 7.50%	Year 1 graded to 3.5 percent in year 15
Mortality basis		PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled 100 percent (retirees: 116 percent for males and 116 percent for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 to 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation.

Significant assumption changes since the measurement date, September 30, 2022, for the OPEB plan include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and an increase of 1.0 percentage point for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2022.

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.80 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.60
International equity pools	15.00	6.80
Fixed-income pools	13.00	1.30
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	6.40
Absolute return pools	9.00	4.80
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	7.30
Short-term investment pools	2.00	0.30
Total	100.00 %	

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.7 percent.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net pension liability of the School District	\$ 626,283,284	\$ 463,571,164	\$ 328,107,439

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net OPEB liability (asset) of the School District	\$ 8,381,126	\$ (8,084,428)	\$ (22,234,954)

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease	Current Rate	1 Percentage Point Increase
Net OPEB (asset) liability of the School District	\$ (22,270,236)	\$ (8,084,428)	\$ 7,269,266

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the School District reported a payable of \$10,306,705 and \$1,874,602 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Note 12 - Tax Abatements

The School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) and brownfield redevelopment agreements granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities; brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the School District's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$440,000 under these programs.

The School District is reimbursed for lost revenue caused by tax abatements on the operating millage of nonhomestead properties from the State of Michigan under the school aid formula. The School District received approximately \$323,000 in reimbursements from the State of Michigan. The School District is not reimbursed for lost revenue from the sinking fund or debt service millages. There are no abatements made by the School District.

Note 13 - Short-term Debt

State Aid Anticipation Note

During the year, the School District obtained a state aid anticipation note for \$15,000,000 from the Michigan Finance Authority to provide sufficient resources before receiving its scheduled state aid. This liability is recorded as a fund liability in the General Fund. The note bears interest at 5.08 percent and matures on June 11, 2025. The full amount of the note remains outstanding at June 30, 2024. In the event of default, the note is fully collateralized by the School District's future state aid funding.

Required Supplementary Information

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 99,732,869	\$ 107,280,711	\$ 108,116,867	\$ 836,156
State sources	171,592,119	156,007,071	157,336,191	1,329,120
Federal sources	9,548,438	10,975,715	10,409,492	(566,223)
Interdistrict sources	37,429,110	40,775,429	40,778,596	3,167
Total revenue	318,302,536	315,038,926	316,641,146	1,602,220
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	148,515,426	147,769,409	148,311,170	541,761
Added needs	42,183,868	43,824,939	44,461,607	636,668
Adult/Continuing education	295,541	344,382	313,834	(30,548)
Support services:				
Pupil	38,396,392	39,795,404	39,815,797	20,393
Instructional staff	13,296,092	15,000,038	14,926,903	(73,135)
General administration	3,439,947	4,527,773	4,440,340	(87,433)
School administration	17,039,221	18,868,088	18,445,086	(423,002)
Business	3,071,294	3,253,053	3,147,130	(105,923)
Operations and maintenance	21,805,755	24,984,659	23,639,145	(1,345,514)
Pupil transportation services	9,625,507	9,998,370	10,134,496	136,126
Central	8,597,846	8,924,069	8,960,962	36,893
Athletics	4,091,909	4,367,198	4,526,181	158,983
Community services	1,487,965	1,350,442	1,320,047	(30,395)
Debt service:				
Interest	-	-	39,591	39,591
Other debt costs	-	-	4,500	4,500
Total expenditures	311,846,763	323,007,824	322,486,789	(521,035)
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	6,455,773	(7,968,898)	(5,845,643)	2,123,255
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	53,500	53,500
Transfers in	-	-	175,384	175,384
Transfers out	(155,799)	(121,603)	(116,414)	5,189
Total other financing (uses) sources	(155,799)	(121,603)	112,470	234,073
Net Change in Fund Balance	6,299,974	(8,090,501)	(5,733,173)	2,357,328
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	12,875,365	12,875,365	12,875,365	-
Fund Balance - End of year	\$ 19,175,339	\$ 4,784,864	\$ 7,142,192	\$ 2,357,328

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Ten Plan Years									
	Plan Years Ended September 30									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.43228 %	1.44935 %	1.43620 %	1.43607 %	1.48754 %	1.47009 %	1.40802 %	1.32793 %	1.27127 %	1.26546 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 463,571,164	\$ 545,083,327	\$ 340,027,039	\$ 493,306,120	\$ 492,622,188	\$ 441,935,887	\$ 364,878,575	\$ 331,306,659	\$ 310,508,345	\$ 278,734,374
School District's covered payroll	\$ 143,110,468	\$ 139,269,080	\$ 132,044,548	\$ 126,016,404	\$ 129,262,694	\$ 129,172,261	\$ 120,309,307	\$ 114,252,448	\$ 104,701,750	\$ 102,370,153
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	323.93 %	391.39 %	257.51 %	391.46 %	381.10 %	342.13 %	303.28 %	289.98 %	296.56 %	272.28 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	60.08 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %	66.20 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of Pension Contributions
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

**Last Ten Fiscal Years
Years Ended June 30**

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 61,337,687	\$ 68,189,334	\$ 50,481,999	\$ 44,026,557	\$ 40,068,888	\$ 40,073,251	\$ 37,893,647	\$ 32,516,905	\$ 29,618,370	\$ 21,769,845
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>61,337,687</u>	<u>68,189,334</u>	<u>50,481,999</u>	<u>44,026,557</u>	<u>40,068,888</u>	<u>40,073,251</u>	<u>37,893,647</u>	<u>32,516,905</u>	<u>29,618,370</u>	<u>21,769,845</u>
Contribution Deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>									
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 149,713,424	\$ 146,191,230	\$ 138,215,285	\$ 130,986,956	\$ 125,495,569	\$ 129,370,099	\$ 127,969,324	\$ 116,978,719	\$ 106,641,677	\$ 101,096,608
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	40.97 %	46.64 %	36.52 %	33.61 %	31.93 %	30.98 %	29.61 %	27.80 %	27.77 %	21.53 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information
 Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
 Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Seven Plan Years						
	Plan Years Ended September 30						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	1.42911 %	1.42943 %	1.45752 %	1.41905 %	1.47691 %	1.51567 %	1.40536 %
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (8,084,428)	\$ 30,276,206	\$ 22,247,267	\$ 76,022,083	\$ 106,009,015	\$ 120,480,255	\$ 124,451,090
School District's covered payroll	\$ 143,110,468	\$ 139,269,080	\$ 132,044,548	\$ 126,016,404	\$ 129,262,694	\$ 129,172,261	\$ 120,309,307
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(5.65)%	21.74 %	16.85 %	60.33 %	82.01 %	93.27 %	103.44 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of OPEB Contributions
Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Seven Fiscal Years						
	Years Ended June 30						
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 12,299,594	\$ 11,767,224	\$ 11,263,440	\$ 10,900,407	\$ 10,084,322	\$ 10,162,054	\$ 9,242,872
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	<u>12,299,594</u>	<u>11,767,224</u>	<u>11,263,440</u>	<u>10,900,407</u>	<u>10,084,322</u>	<u>10,162,054</u>	<u>9,242,872</u>
Contribution Deficiency	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 149,713,424	\$ 146,191,230	\$ 138,215,285	\$ 130,986,956	\$ 125,495,569	\$ 129,370,099	\$ 127,969,324
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.22 %	8.05 %	8.15 %	8.32 %	8.04 %	7.86 %	7.22 %

Pension Information

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 - The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 - The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes in benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage point for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 - The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.
- 2021 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.
- 2020 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2024

- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.

Other Supplementary Information

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

**Other Supplementary Information
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds		Total
	Food Service Fund	Community Services Fund	School/Student Activity Fund	2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II	2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III	
Assets						
Cash and investments	\$ 611,208	\$ 837,431	\$ 1,332,370	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,781,009
Receivables:						
Accounts receivable	185,517	-	9,024	-	-	194,541
Due from other governments	186,648	-	-	-	-	186,648
Inventory	165,165	-	-	-	-	165,165
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	127,847	-	-	-	127,847
Restricted assets	-	-	-	2,116,999	1,159,528	3,276,527
Total assets	\$ 1,148,538	\$ 965,278	\$ 1,341,394	\$ 2,116,999	\$ 1,159,528	\$ 6,731,737
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$ 290,024	\$ 130,200	\$ 39,744	\$ -	\$ 48,519	\$ 508,487
Unearned revenue	242,492	66,978	-	-	-	309,470
Total liabilities	532,516	197,178	39,744	-	48,519	817,957
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory	165,165	-	-	-	-	165,165
Prepays	-	127,847	-	-	-	127,847
Restricted:						
Capital projects	-	-	-	2,116,999	1,111,009	3,228,008
Food service	450,857	-	-	-	-	450,857
Committed:						
Student/School activities	-	-	1,301,650	-	-	1,301,650
Community services	-	640,253	-	-	-	640,253
Total fund balances	616,022	768,100	1,301,650	2,116,999	1,111,009	5,913,780
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,148,538	\$ 965,278	\$ 1,341,394	\$ 2,116,999	\$ 1,159,528	\$ 6,731,737

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information
Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds		Total
	Food Service Fund	Community Services Fund	School/Student Activity Fund	2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II	2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III	
Revenue						
Local sources	\$ 323,828	\$ 4,999,508	\$ 1,579,707	\$ 110,974	\$ 7,874	\$ 7,021,891
State sources	3,883,365	-	-	-	-	3,883,365
Federal sources	4,927,503	-	-	-	-	4,927,503
Total revenue	9,134,696	4,999,508	1,579,707	110,974	7,874	15,832,759
Expenditures						
Current:						
Support services	144,389	3,425	1,570,612	-	-	1,718,426
Food services	8,940,242	-	-	-	-	8,940,242
Community services	-	36,199	-	-	-	36,199
Recreation and child care	-	5,351,249	2,495	-	-	5,353,744
Capital outlay	29,235	9,482	-	153,085	56,404	248,206
Total expenditures	9,113,866	5,400,355	1,573,107	153,085	56,404	16,296,817
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	20,830	(400,847)	6,600	(42,111)	(48,530)	(464,058)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Transfers in	116,414	-	-	-	-	116,414
Transfers out	(105,128)	(70,256)	-	-	-	(175,384)
Total other financing sources (uses)	11,286	(70,256)	-	-	-	(58,970)
Net Change in Fund Balances	32,116	(471,103)	6,600	(42,111)	(48,530)	(523,028)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year	583,906	1,239,203	1,295,050	2,159,110	1,159,539	6,436,808
Fund Balances - End of year	\$ 616,022	\$ 768,100	\$ 1,301,650	\$ 2,116,999	\$ 1,111,009	\$ 5,913,780

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2024

Years Ending June 30	2015 Refunding Debt Payment		2015 Bond Debt Payment		2017 Refunding Debt Payment		2018 Bond Debt Payment		2019 Bond Debt Payment	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 2,735,000	\$ 725,500	\$ 4,750,000	\$ 237,500	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 142,800	\$ 1,445,000	\$ 145,750	\$ 4,825,000	\$ 2,928,750
2026	2,820,000	588,750	-	-	900,000	112,800	1,470,000	73,500	4,975,000	2,784,000
2027	2,905,000	447,750	-	-	950,000	85,800	-	-	5,125,000	2,634,750
2028	2,995,000	302,500	-	-	955,000	57,300	-	-	5,275,000	2,481,000
2029	3,055,000	152,750	-	-	955,000	28,650	-	-	5,450,000	2,322,750
2030	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,625,000	2,159,250
2031	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,800,000	1,990,500
2032	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,975,000	1,816,500
2033	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,150,000	1,637,250
2034	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,325,000	1,452,750
2035	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,525,000	1,263,000
2036	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,725,000	1,067,250
2037	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,925,000	865,500
2038	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,125,000	657,750
2039	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,300,000	444,000
2040	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	7,500,000	225,000
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total remaining payments	\$ 14,510,000	\$ 2,217,250	\$ 4,750,000	\$ 237,500	\$ 4,760,000	\$ 427,350	\$ 2,915,000	\$ 219,250	\$ 97,625,000	\$ 26,730,000
Principal payments due	May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1	
Interest payments due	May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1	
Interest rate	4.00 - 5.00%		4.00 - 5.00%		2.00 - 3.00%		3.00 - 5.00%		3.00%	
Original issue	\$ 30,790,000		\$ 32,775,000		\$ 9,485,000		\$ 12,775,000		\$ 140,000,000	

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

**Other Supplementary Information
Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness (Continued)**

June 30, 2024

Years Ending June 30	2020 Refunding Debt Payment		2022 Bond Debt Payment		2023 Bond Debt Payment		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2025	\$ 7,500,000	\$ 958,862	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,687,500	\$ 16,600,000	\$ 3,438,000	\$ 50,619,662
2026	7,690,000	788,312	1,550,000	1,612,500	2,725,000	2,774,000	30,863,862
2027	7,850,000	604,212	1,600,000	1,535,000	2,825,000	2,665,000	29,227,512
2028	8,025,000	409,926	1,625,000	1,455,000	2,925,000	2,552,000	29,057,726
2029	8,305,000	209,702	1,675,000	1,373,750	3,050,000	2,435,000	29,012,602
2030	-	-	1,725,000	1,290,000	3,175,000	2,313,000	16,287,250
2031	-	-	1,775,000	1,203,750	3,300,000	2,186,000	16,255,250
2032	-	-	1,800,000	1,115,000	3,425,000	2,054,000	16,185,500
2033	-	-	1,850,000	1,025,000	3,575,000	1,917,000	16,154,250
2034	-	-	1,900,000	932,500	3,725,000	1,774,000	16,109,250
2035	-	-	1,950,000	837,500	3,850,000	1,625,000	16,050,500
2036	-	-	2,000,000	740,000	4,000,000	1,471,000	16,003,250
2037	-	-	2,050,000	640,000	4,175,000	1,311,000	15,966,500
2038	-	-	2,100,000	537,500	4,350,000	1,144,000	15,914,250
2039	-	-	2,150,000	432,500	4,525,000	970,000	15,821,500
2040	-	-	2,200,000	325,000	4,675,000	789,000	15,714,000
2041	-	-	2,250,000	215,000	4,850,000	602,000	7,917,000
2042	-	-	2,050,000	102,500	5,025,000	408,000	7,585,500
2043	-	-	-	-	5,175,000	207,000	5,382,000
Total remaining payments	\$ 39,370,000	\$ 2,971,014	\$ 33,750,000	\$ 17,060,000	\$ 85,950,000	\$ 32,635,000	\$ 366,127,364
Principal payments due	May 1		May 1		May 1		
Interest payments due	May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		
Interest rate	1.00 - 3.00%		4.00 - 5.00%		4.00%		
Original issue	\$ 55,500,000		\$ 50,000,000		\$ 100,000,000		