# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT JUNE 30, 2016

San Diego
Los Angeles
San Francisco
Bay Area



# FINANCIAL SECTION

Independent Auditors' Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis	4
Basic Financial Statements	
Government-wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	11
Statement of Activities	12
Fund Financial Statements	
Governmental Funds – Balance Sheet	13
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	14
Governmental Funds – Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	15
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund	
Balances to the Statement of Activities	16
Fiduciary Funds – Statement of Net Position	18
Fiduciary Funds – Statement of changes in Net Position	19
Notes to Financial Statements	20
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
General Fund – Budgetary Comparison Schedule	53
Schedule of Funding Progress	
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS	55
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS	56
Schedule of District Contributions - CalSTRS	57
Schedule of District Contributions - CalPERS	58
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	59
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)	61
Schedule of Instructional Time	62
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	63
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	64
Combining Statements – Non-Major Governmental Funds	
Combining Balance Sheet	
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	66
Local Education Agency Organization Structure	
Notes to Supplementary Information	68

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT TABLE OF CONTENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Bas of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	
Report on State Compliance	71
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS	
Summary of Auditors' Results	74
Financial Statement Findings	75
State Award Findings and Questioned Costs	76
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings	79

# FINANCIAL SECTION



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamilton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2016, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of funding progress for OPEB benefits, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of District contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information listed in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 9, 2016 on our consideration of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California

Christy White Associates

December 9, 2016

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### **INTRODUCTION**

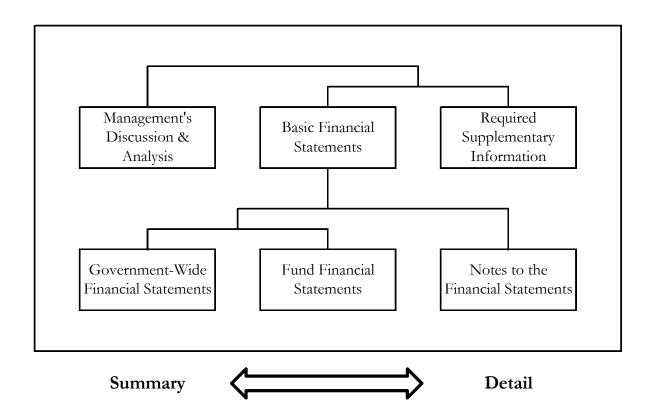
Our discussion and analysis of Hamilton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total net position was \$3,580,313 at June 30, 2016. This was an increase of \$509,461 from the prior year's net position.
- Overall revenues were \$9,513,903 which was more than expenses of \$9,004,442.

#### **OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### Components of the Financials Section



# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
  - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.
  - **Fiduciary Funds** report balances for which the District is a custodian or *trustee* of the funds, such as Associated Student Bodies and pension funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

#### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

#### **Net Position**

The District's combined net position was \$3,580,313 at June 30, 2016, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, (\$2,839,103) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities					es
	2016			2015		et Change
ASSETS						
Current and other assets	\$	4,433,018	\$	4,011,147	\$	421,871
Capital assets		5,912,196		5,914,780		(2,584)
Total Assets		10,345,214		9,925,927		419,287
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		869,461		442,013		427,448
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities		372,514		406,643		(34,129)
Long-term liabilities		6,706,548		5,673,979		1,032,569
Total Liabilities		7,079,062		6,080,622		998,440
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		555,300		1,216,466		(661,166)
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		5,267,958		5,201,094		66,864
Restricted		1,151,458		1,047,196		104,262
Unrestricted		(2,839,103)		(3,177,438)		338,335
Total Net Position	\$	3,580,313	\$	3,070,852	\$	509,461

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

#### **Changes in Net Position**

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges them slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and special items for the year.

	<b>Governmental Activities</b>					
	2016 2015			Net Change		
REVENUES						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$	28,064	\$	34,959	\$	(6,895)
Operating grants and contributions		1,609,676		1,316,625		293,051
General revenues						
Property taxes		1,543,844		1,376,687		167,157
Unrestricted federal and state aid		6,000,167		5,046,065		954,102
Other		332,152		479,954		(147,802)
Total Revenues		9,513,903		8,254,290		1,259,613
EXPENSES						
Instruction		4,735,805		4,740,100		(4,295)
Instruction-related services		1,067,527		1,084,496		(16,969)
Pupil services		778,768		731,205		47,563
General administration		645,295		679,174		(33,879)
Plant services		1,318,629		725,082		593,547
Debt service		28,457		31,552		(3,095)
Other Outgo		429,961		386,343		43,618
Total Expenses		9,004,442		8,377,952		626,490
Change in net position		509,461		(123,662)		633,123
Net Position - Beginning*		3,070,852		3,194,514		(123,662)
Net Position - Ending	\$	3,580,313	\$	3,070,852	\$	509,461

<sup>\*</sup> Beginning Net Position was restated for the 2015 year only

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

## Changes in Net Position (continued)

The total cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$9,004,442, while net cost of services was only \$7,366,702 (refer to the table below). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$1,543,844 because the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

	Net Cost of Services					
	'	2016		2015		
Instruction	\$	4,009,528	\$	4,236,843		
Instruction-related services		773,538		1,039,906		
Pupil services		316,608		277,301		
General administration		615,032		618,748		
Plant services		1,193,578		580,170		
Debt service		28,457		31,552		
Transfers to other agencies		429,961		241,848		
Total Expenses	\$	7,366,702	\$	7,026,368		

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,190,580, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$3,730,725. The District's General Fund had \$1,072,605 more in operating revenues than expenditures for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2015-16**

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a monthly basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

By the end of 2015-16 the District had invested \$5,912,196 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities					
	2016			2015	N	et Change
CAPITAL ASSETS						
Land	\$	293,887	\$	293,887	\$	-
Land improvements		604,362		604,362		-
Buildings & improvements		9,278,697		9,069,289		209,408
Furniture & equipment		1,373,181		1,252,758		120,423
Accumulated depreciation		(5,637,931)		(5,305,516)		(332,415)
Total Capital Assets	\$	5,912,196	\$	5,914,780	\$	(2,584)

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

At year-end, the District had \$6,706,548 in long-term liabilities, a 18.2% increase from last year – as shown in the table below. (More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.)

	Governmental Activities					
	2016			2015	N	et Change
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES						
Total general obligation bonds	\$	637,800	\$	701,200	\$	(63,400)
Capital leases		6,438		12,486		(6,048)
Early retirement incentive	229,643			270,228		(40,585)
Compensated absences		26,418		18,533		7,885
Net OPEB obligation		254,799		266,230		(11,431)
Net pension liability	5,670,099			4,518,960		1,151,139
Less: current portion of long-term debt	(118,649)			(113,658)		(4,991)
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	6,706,548	\$	5,673,979	\$	1,032,569

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

Landmark legislation passed in Year 2013 reformed California school district finance by creating the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF). The District continues to analyze the impact of the LCFF on funding for our program offerings and services. The LCFF is designed to provide a flexible funding mechanism that links student achievement to state funding levels. The LCFF provides a per pupil base grant amount, by grade span, that is augmented by supplemental funding for targeted student groups in low income brackets, those that are English language learners and foster youth. The State anticipates all school districts to reach the statewide targeted base funding levels by 2020-21 but the annual amount funded to meet the target is uncertain.

Factors related to LCFF that the District is monitoring include: (1) estimates of funding in the next budget year and beyond; (2) the Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) that aims to link student accountability measurements to funding allocations; (3) ensuring the integrity of reporting student data through the California Longitudinal Pupil Achievement Data System (CALPADs); and, (4) meeting annual compliance and audit requirements.

The State's economy is expected to grow faster than the national economy with unemployment dropping. Personal income is expected to grow 3.6%; according to the UCLA Anderson Economic Forecast, April 2016. The ability of the State to fund the LCFF and other programs is largely dependent on the strength of the State's economy and while positive remains uncertain.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, PERS and STRS, and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2016. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. To address the underfunding issues, the pension plans continue to raise employer rates in future years and the increased costs are significant.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, interdistrict transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2016-17 fiscal year.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, Hamilton Unified School District, 620 Canal Street, PO Box 488; Hamilton City, CA 95951.

	Governmental Activities				
ASSETS					
Cash and investments	\$	4,134,959			
Accounts receivable		289,612			
Inventory		8,447			
Capital assets, not depreciated		293,887			
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		5,618,309			
Total Assets		10,345,214			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred outflows related to pensions		869,461			
<b>Total Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		869,461			
LIABILITIES					
Accrued liabilities		247,766			
Unearned revenue		6,099			
Long-term liabilities, current portion		118,649			
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion		6,706,548			
Total Liabilities		7,079,062			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Deferred inflows related to pensions		555,300			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		555,300			
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		5,267,958			
Restricted:		, ,			
Capital projects		109,036			
Debt service		161,271			
Educational programs		623,501			
All others		257,650			
Unrestricted		(2,839,103)			
Total Net Position	\$	3,580,313			

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Program Revenues Operating Charges for Grants and				Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental		
Function/Programs	Expenses			Services	Contributions		Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	_	<u> </u>					
Instruction	\$	4,735,805	\$	-	\$ 726,27	7 \$	(4,009,528)
Instruction-related services		, ,			,		, , ,
Instructional supervision and administration		1,463		-		_	(1,463)
Instructional library, media, and technology		166,146		-	14	3	(166,003)
School site administration		899,918		-	293,84	6	(606,072)
Pupil services							, , ,
Home-to-school transportation		134,564		-		_	(134,564)
Food services		458,618		28,064	423,99	9	(6,555)
All other pupil services		185,586		-	10,09	7	(175,489)
General administration							
All other general administration		645,295		-	30,26	3	(615,032)
Plant services		1,318,629		-	125,05	1	(1,193,578)
Interest on long-term debt		28,457		-		-	(28,457)
Other Outgo		429,961		-		-	(429,961)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	9,004,442	\$	28,064	\$ 1,609,67	6	(7,366,702)
	Gene	ral revenues					
	Tax	es and subven	tions				
	Pı	operty taxes, l	evied fo	or general pur	poses		1,445,244
	Pı	operty taxes, l	evied fo	or debt service	2		98,600
	Fe	deral and state	aid no	t restricted fo	r specific purpose	s	6,000,167
	Inte	erest and inves	tment e	earnings			9,035
		eragency reven					117,182
Miscellaneous							205,935
	Subt	otal, General R	evenu	e			7,876,163
	CHA	NGE IN NET I	POSITI	ON			509,461
	Net I	osition - Begin	nning				3,070,852
	Net I	osition - Endir	ıg			\$	3,580,313

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

				Non-Major overnmental	C	Total Sovernmental	
	General Fund			Funds	Funds		
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	3,271,469	\$	863,490	\$	4,134,959	
Accounts receivable		209,492		80,120		289,612	
Due from other funds		10,000		-		10,000	
Stores inventory		-		8,447		8,447	
Total Assets	\$	3,490,961	\$	952,057	\$	4,443,018	
LIABILITIES							
Accrued liabilities	\$	226,628	\$	9,711	\$	236,339	
Due to other funds		-		10,000		10,000	
Unearned revenue		6,099		-		6,099	
Total Liabilities		232,727		19,711		252,438	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable		10,000		8,447		18,447	
Restricted		594,372		568,513		1,162,885	
Committed		-		355,386		355,386	
Assigned		204,327		-		204,327	
Unassigned		2,449,535		-		2,449,535	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		3,258,234		932,346		4,190,580	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balances</b>	\$	3,490,961	\$	952,057	\$	4,443,018	

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$	4,190,580
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:			
Capital assets:			
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement			
of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and			
accumulated depreciation:			
Capital assets	\$ 11,550,127		
Accumulated depreciation	(5,637,931)	-	5,912,196
Unmatured interest on long-term debt: In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until			
the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide			
statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The			
additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of the period			
was:			(11,427)
Long-term liabilities:			
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the			
statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are			
reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist			
of:			
Total general obligation bonds	\$ 637,800		
Capital leases	6,438		
Early retirement incentive	229,643		
Compensated absences	26,418		
Net OPEB obligation	254,799		
Net pension liability	5,670,099	-	(6,825,197)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:			
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating			
to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods.			
In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources			
relating to pensions are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 869,461		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(555,300)	-	314,161
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities		\$	3,580,313

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Gen	eral Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
REVENUES					_
LCFF sources	\$	6,891,392	\$ -	\$ 6,891,39	2
Federal sources		301,577	400,647	702,22	4
Other state sources		1,102,625	362,840	1,465,46	5
Other local sources		307,593	162,096	469,68	9
Total Revenues		8,603,187	925,583	9,528,77	0
EXPENDITURES					
Current					
Instruction		4,363,894	236,531	4,600,42	5
Instruction-related services					
Instructional supervision and administration		1,463	-	1,46	3
Instructional library, media, and technology		165,220	-	165,22	0
School site administration		839,967	56,823	896,79	0
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation		72,543	-	72,54	3
Food services		3,181	429,939	433,12	0
All other pupil services		176,914	-	176,91	4
General administration					
All other general administration		624,792	-	624,79	2
Plant services		780,216	722,852	1,503,06	8
Facilities acquisition and maintenance		65,578	-	65,57	8
Transfers to other agencies		429,961	-	429,96	1
Debt service					
Principal		6,048	63,400	69,44	8
Interest and other		805	28,788	29,59	3
Total Expenditures		7,530,582	1,538,333	9,068,91	5
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures		1,072,605	(612,750	459,85	5
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					_
Transfers in		-	454,000	454,00	0
Transfers out		(454,000)	-	(454,00	0)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(454,000)	454,000		<u>-</u>
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		618,605	(158,750	) 459,85	5
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,639,629	1,091,096	3,730,72	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,258,234	\$ 932,346		_

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 459,855

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

#### Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay:

\$ 343,007

(338,506)

Depreciation expense:

#### Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

69,448

4,501

#### Gain or loss from the disposal of capital assets:

In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the resulting gain or loss is:

(7,085)

#### Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

1,136

#### Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(7,885)

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In governmental funds, OPEB costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB costs and actual employer contributions was:

11,431

#### Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made, in the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

(62,525)

Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources:

In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

40,585

#### Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

509,461

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

	Trust Funds Private-Purpose Trust Fund		Agency Funds Student Body Fund	
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$	32,501	\$	173,875
Total Assets		32,501	\$	173,875
LIABILITIES				
Due to student groups		-	\$	173,875
Total Liabilities		-	\$	173,875
NET POSITION				
Unrestricted		32,501		
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$	32,501		

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FIDUCIARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Tru	Trust Funds Private-Purpose	
	Privat		
	Tru	st Fund	
ADDITIONS			
Contributions	\$	4,270	
<b>Total Additions</b>		4,270	
DEDUCTIONS			
Other trust activities		8,011	
Total Deductions		8,011	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION  Net Position - Beginning		(3,741) 36,242	
Net Position - Ending	\$	32,501	

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Hamilton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

#### B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

#### C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

**Fund Financial Statements.** The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee or agency capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs.

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund:** The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

#### **Non-Major Governmental Funds**

**Special Revenue Funds:** Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

**Adult Education Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (Education Code Sections 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

**Child Development Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section 8200 et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section 8328*).

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Special Revenue Funds (continued):**

**Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Special Revenue Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

**Deferred Maintenance Fund:** This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (Education Code Sections 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to Education Code Sections 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (Education Code Sections 17582 and 17583).

**Capital Project Funds:** Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

**Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects:** This fund exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund moneys for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code Section* 42840).

**Debt Service Funds:** Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

**Bond Interest and Redemption Fund:** This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

#### Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

**Trust and Agency Funds:** Trust and agency funds are used to account for assets held in a trustee or agent capacity for others that cannot be used to support the District's own programs. The key distinction between trust and agency funds is that trust funds are subject to a trust agreement that affects the degree of management involvement and the length of time that the resources are held.

**Private-Purpose Trust Fund:** The Private-Purpose Trust Fund is a scholarship trust fund, and consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing net position accounts.

**Student Body Fund:** The Student Body Fund is an agency fund and, therefore, consists only of accounts such as cash and balancing liability accounts, such as due to student groups. The student body itself maintains its own general fund, which accounts for the transactions of that entity in raising and expending money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experiences of the student body (*Education Code Sections* 48930–48938).

#### D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

#### Government-Wide and Fiduciary Financial Statements

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

#### **Governmental Funds**

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### D. <u>Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)</u>

#### Revenues - Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### **Unearned Revenue**

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

#### **Expenses/Expenditures**

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position</u>

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### **Investments**

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories are valued at historical cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **Capital Assets**

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

#### **Asset Class**

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

#### **Estimated Useful Life**

25 – 50 years 15 – 20 years 8 years

#### **Interfund Balances**

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Compensated Absences**

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

#### **Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations**

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

#### **Premiums and Discounts**

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method.

#### Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### **Pensions**

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

# E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

#### **Fund Balance**

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

*Nonspendable* - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

*Unassigned* - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

#### G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

#### I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### J. New Accounting Pronouncements

**GASB Statement No. 72** – In February 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. This standard addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 72 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

GASB Statement No. 73 – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. This standard establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions that are not within the scope of GASB Statement 68 and amends certain provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. A portion of this Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 73 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

**GASB Statement No. 75** – In June 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. This standard's primary objective is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 80** – In January 2016, GASB issued Statement No. 80, Blending Requirements for Certain Component Units – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 14. This standard's primary objective is to improve financial reporting by clarifying the financial statement presentation requirements for certain component units. The Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental		Fiduciary	
	Funds		Funds	
Investment in county treasury	\$	4,119,983	\$	<del>-</del>
Cash on hand and in banks		4,976		206,376
Cash in revolving fund		10,000		-
Total cash and investments	\$	4,134,959	\$	206,376

#### B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

**Investment in County Treasury** – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Glenn County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

#### D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with an amortized book value of \$4,119,983, which approximated fair value.

#### E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2016, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were not rated.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### F. <u>Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits</u>

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2016, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

#### G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Glenn County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

	Uncategorized		
Investment in county treasury	\$	4,119,983	
Total fair market value of investments	\$	4,119,983	

#### **NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE**

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

			]	Non-Major		Total
			G	overnmental	Go	vernmental
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds	A	Activities
Federal Government						
Categorical aid	\$	11,198	\$	62,202	\$	73,400
State Government						
Categorical aid		91,605		16,176		107,781
Lottery		80,021		-		80,021
Local Government						
Other local sources		26,668		1,742		28,410
Total	\$	209,492	\$	80,120	\$	289,612

#### **NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	July 01, 2015		Additions	Deletions	June 30, 2016		
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	293,887	\$ -	\$	-	\$	293,887
Total Capital Assets not Being Depreciated		293,887	-		-		293,887
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		604,362	-		-		604,362
Buildings & improvements		9,069,289	209,408		-		9,278,697
Furniture & equipment		1,252,758	133,599		13,176		1,373,181
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated		10,926,409	343,007		13,176		11,256,240
Less Accumulated Depreciation							
Land improvements		405,296	20,573		-		425,869
Buildings & improvements		3,953,191	236,645		-		4,189,836
Furniture & equipment		947,029	81,288		6,091		1,022,226
Total Accumulated Depreciation		5,305,516	338,506		6,091		5,637,931
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, net	\$	5,914,780	\$ 4,501	\$	7,085	\$	5,912,196

Depreciation expense is allocated to governmental functions as follows:

#### **Governmental Activities**

Instruction	\$ 209,026
Home-to-school transportation	61,799
Food services	24,282
All other pupil services	7,137
All other general administration	10,455
Plant services	25,807
Total depreciation expense	\$ 338,506

#### **NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

#### A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2016 were as follows:

The Non-Major Child Development Fund owed the General Fund \$10,000 for repayment of temporary loan.

#### B. Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

The General Fund transferred \$454,000 to the Non-Major Deferred Maintenance Fund for gas line repair and roofing projects.

#### **NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES**

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

				Non-Major			Total
			G	overnmental		C	Governmental
	Ger	neral Fund		Funds	District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	60,605	\$	3,596	\$ -	\$	64,201
Vendors payable		166,023		6,115	-		172,138
Unmatured interest		-		-	11,427		11,427
Total	\$	226,628	\$	9,711	\$ 11,427	\$	247,766

#### **NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE**

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2016 consisted of \$6,099 in the General Fund related to federal sources.

#### **NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT**

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	Ва	alance					Balance		Balance Due		
	July	01, 2015	Additions	Deductions			June 30, 2016		Deductions June 30, 2016		In One Year
Governmental Activities											
General obligation bonds	\$	701,200	\$ -	\$	63,400	\$	637,800	\$	68,000		
Capital leases		12,486	-		6,048		6,438		6,438		
Early retirement incentive		270,228	-		40,585		229,643		44,211		
Compensated absences		18,533	7,885		-		26,418		-		
Net OPEB obligation		266,230	-		11,431		254,799		-		
Net pension liability		4,518,960	1,151,139		-		5,670,099		-		
Total	\$	5,787,637	\$ 1,159,024	\$	121,464	\$	6,825,197	\$	118,649		

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for capital lease obligations are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

#### A. Bonded Debt

					Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	Outstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	July 01, 2015	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2016
2011 Refunding	August 30, 2011	August 1, 2023	4.30%	\$ 886,200	\$ 701,200	\$	-	\$ 63,400	\$ 637,800
					\$ 701,200	\$	-	\$ 63,400	\$ 637,800

#### **Election 1998**

In an election held April 14, 1998, the voters authorized the District to issue and sell \$1,340,000 of principal amount of general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing and acquiring a new library and classrooms for Hamilton High School.

There was one issuance under this election, Series 1998, which was issued on August 6, 1998 with interest rates ranging from 3.90% to 4.70%. The original issuance consisted of \$430,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$910,000 in current interest term bonds. Interest accrues from August 1, 1998 and is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 1999. Principal is payable annually on August 1, commencing August 1, 2000 through the final maturity date of August 1, 2023. On August 30, 2011, the District issued Refunding Notes to redeem the outstanding bonds.

#### NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### A. Bonded Debt (continued)

#### 2011 Refunding Notes

On August 30, 2011, the District issued \$886,200 of refunding notes. The notes were issued to redeem the outstanding Election 1998, Series 1998 bonds. The bonds were issued as current interest serial bonds and carry interest of 4.30%. The transaction resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service on the old bonds and the new notes) of \$30,720. The principal balance outstanding on June 30, 2016 amounted to \$637,800.

#### B. Debt Service Requirements to Maturity - Bonds

The bonds mature through 2024 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	June 30, Principal Interest		Interest		Total	
2017	\$	68,000	\$	25,963	\$	93,963
2018		72,600		22,941		95,541
2019		72,100		19,829		91,929
2020		76,500		16,635		93,135
2021		80,800		13,253		94,053
2022 - 2024		267,800		17,630		285,430
Total	\$	637,800	\$	116,251	\$	754,051

#### C. Capital Leases

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the District entered into a capital lease for a vehicle. The capital lease has minimum lease payments as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Lease Payment				
2017	\$	6,854			
Total minimum lease payments		6,854			
Less amount representing interest		(416)			
Present value of minimum lease payments	\$	6,438			

#### NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

#### D. Early Retirement Incentives

The District entered into a supplementary retirement plan with the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) whereby 8 employees (2 in the 2010-11 fiscal year, 2 in the 2011-12 fiscal year, and 4 in the 2014-15 fiscal year) of the District elected to take early retirement in exchange for supplementary retirement benefits.

The District entered into a supplementary retirement plan with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) whereby 1 employee (in the 2014-15 fiscal year) of the District elected to take early retirement in exchange for supplementary retirement benefits.

Future payments for the early retirement plans are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	I	Payment				
2017	\$ 60,75					
2018		57,918				
2019	55,0					
2020	42,7					
2021	28,341					
2022 - 2026		43,485				
Total minimum payments		288,366				
Less amount representing interest	(58,723)					
Present value of minimum payments	\$	229,643				

#### E. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2016 amounted to \$26,418. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

#### F. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District follows GASB Statement No. 45, *Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions*. The District's annual required contribution for the year ended June 30, 2016, was \$138,656, with net interest and other adjustments of (\$4,747) for a net OPEB cost of \$133,909. Contributions made by the District during the year were \$145,340, which resulted in a decrease to Net OPEB obligation of \$11,431. The ending OPEB balance at June 30, 2016 was \$254,799. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the OPEB obligation and the postemployment benefit plan.

#### G. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$4,518,960 and increased by \$1,151,139 during the year ended June 30, 2016. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2016 was \$5,670,099. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

#### **NOTE 9 – FUND BALANCES**

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2016:

			1	Non-Major		Total	
			Go	overnmental	G	overnmental	
	General Fund			Funds	Funds		
Non-spendable							
Revolving cash	\$	10,000	\$	-	\$	10,000	
Stores inventory		-		8,447		8,447	
Total non-spendable		10,000		8,447		18,447	
Restricted							
Educational programs		594,372		29,129		623,501	
Capital projects		-		109,036		109,036	
Debt service		-		172,698		172,698	
All others		-		257,650		257,650	
Total restricted		594,372		568,513		1,162,885	
Committed						_	
Adult education		-		<i>177,7</i> 55		177,755	
Deferred maintenance		-		177,631		177,631	
Total committed		-		355,386		355,386	
Assigned							
Postemployment benefits		204,327		-		204,327	
Total assigned		204,327		-		204,327	
Unassigned							
Reserve for economic uncertainties		677,281		-		677,281	
Remaining unassigned		1,772,254				1,772,254	
Total unassigned		2,449,535		-		2,449,535	
Total	\$	3,258,234	\$	932,346	\$	4,190,580	

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 4 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

#### NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

#### A. Plan Description and Contribution Information

The District administers a single-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan that provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees. The District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement #45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employees for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, in the 2009-2010 fiscal year under the unified status.

Membership of the plan consisted of the following:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	9
Active plan members	59
Total*	68
Number of participating employers	1
*As of July 1, 2016 actuarial study	

The District provides postemployment health care benefits based on the age and the years of service. All employees may retire with District-paid benefits at age 55 and 20 years of minimum District service. Combined services in CalSTRS or CalPERS benefits are paid until age 65.

#### B. Funding Policy

The contribution requirements of Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and District's bargaining units. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements. For fiscal year 2015-16, the District contributed \$145,340 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

As of June 30, 2016, the District has not established a plan or equivalent that contains an irrevocable transfer of assets dedicated to providing benefits to retirees in accordance with the terms of the plan and that are legally protected from creditors.

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### C. Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

The District's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities (UAAL) (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the District's net OPEB obligation to the Plan:

Annual required contribution	\$ 138,656
Interest on net OPEB obligation	10,649
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(15,396)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	133,909
Contributions made	(145,340)
Increase (decrease) in net OPEB obligation	(11,431)
Net OPEB obligation, beginning of the year	266,230
Net OPEB obligation, end of the year	\$ 254,799

The annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the Plan, and the net OPEB obligation for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the preceding two years were as follows:

		Annual			
		OPEB	Percentage		Net OPEB
Year Er	nded June 30,	Cost	Contributed	(	Obligation
	2016	\$ 133,909	109%	\$	254,799
	2015	\$ 141,391	75%	\$	266,230
	2014	\$ 142.426	59%	\$	230.212

#### NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

#### D. Funded Status and Funding Progress

The funded status of the plan as of the most recent actuarial evaluation consists of the following:

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuat	tion	Liability	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	Payroll	<b>Covered Payroll</b>
July 1, 20	16 \$	- \$	1,274,492	\$ 1,274,492	0%	\$ 4,309,663	30%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, investment returns, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

#### E. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the July 1, 2016, actuarial valuation, the alternative measurement method was used. The actuarial assumptions included a discount rate of 4 percent per year. For medical costs an 8 percent trend rate was used and for dental and vision a 4 percent trend rate was used. A 30 year amortization period was used to allocate the liability. Because there has not been a previous valuation to comply with GASB 43 and/or 45, it was not necessary at this time for the District to make an election with respect to whether to use an "open" or "closed" amortization period; or whether to use different amortization periods for different sources of the UAAL.

#### **NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS**

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

			Γ	Deferred	Defe	rred inflows		
	No	et pension	outfl	ows related	re	elated to		
		liability	to	pensions	p	ensions	Pensi	ion expense
STRS Pension	\$	4,289,136	\$	615,483	\$	421,306	\$	380,105
PERS Pension		1,380,963		253,978		133,994		141,656
Total	\$	5,670,099	\$	869,461	\$	555,300	\$	521,761

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

#### Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

#### Benefits provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS

#### CalSTRS 2% at 60

CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.

#### NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS (continued)

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Benefits provided (continued) CalSTRS 2% at 62

CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

#### Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 9.20% and 8.56% of their salary for fiscal year 2016, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 10.73% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$327,759 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### **On-Behalf Payments**

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$190,539 to CalSTRS (7.126% of 2013-14 creditable compensation subject to CalSTRS).

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 4,289,136
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	2,268,474
Total	\$ 6,557,610

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.006 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$380,105. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$175,672 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between projected and				
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	349,634
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		-		71,672
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		287,724		-
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		327,759		-
	\$	615,483	\$	421,306

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$327,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defer	red Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of I	Resources
2017	\$	47,954	\$	99,354
2018		47,954		99,354
2019		47,954		99,354
2020		47,954		99,354
2021		47,954		11,945
2022		47,954		11,945
	\$	287,724	\$	421,306

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	3.00%
Investment Yield*	7.60%
Wage Inflation	3.75%

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on RP2000 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2006–June 30, 2010.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance - PCA) as an input to the process. Based on the model from CalSTRS consulting actuary's (Milliman) investment practice, a best estimate range was determined by assuming the portfolio is re-balanced annually and that annual returns are lognormally distributed and independent from year to year to develop expected percentiles for the long-term distribution of annualized returns. The assumed asset allocation by PCA is based on board policy for target asset allocation in effect on February 2, 2012, the date the current experience study was approved by the board. Best estimates of 10-year geometric real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term*
<b>Assumed Asset</b>	<b>Expected Real</b>
Allocation	Rate of Return
47%	4.50%
12%	6.20%
15%	4.35%
5%	3.20%
20%	0.20%
1%	0.00%
100%	
	Allocation  47%  12%  15%  5%  20%  1%

<sup>\* 10-</sup>year geometric average

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.60 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.60 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.60 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.60 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.60 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current		1%
	Decrease (6.60%)		Discount Rate (7.60%)		Increase (8.60%)	
District's proportionate share of						
the net pension liability	\$	6,476,262	\$	4,289,136	\$	2,471,458

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

#### **Plan Description**

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

#### Benefits provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

#### Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 6.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2016 was 11.847% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$131,477 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$1,380,963 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was 0.009 percent, which did not change percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$141,656. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			red Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and	th.		ф	45.005
actual earnings on plan investments	\$	-	\$	47,285
Differences between expected and				
actual experience		78,924		-
Changes in assumptions		-		84,850
Changes in proportion and differences				
between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		43,577		1,859
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		131,477		_
	\$	253,978	\$	133,994

The \$131,477 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2017. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferr	<b>Deferred Inflow</b>		
Year Ended June 30,	of Resources		of Resources	
2017	\$	41,741	\$	41,721
2018		41,741		41,721
2019		39,019		38,731
2020		-		11,821
	\$	122,501	\$	133,994

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### **Actuarial assumptions**

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2014, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2015 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation 2.75% Investment Yield\* 7.65%

Wage Inflation Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 20 years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2011.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

<sup>\*</sup> Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

#### **NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)**

#### California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

#### Actuarial assumptions (continued)

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

	<b>Assumed Asset</b>	Real Return	Real Return
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10*	Years 11+**
Global Equity	51%	5.25%	5.71%
Global Fixed Income	19%	0.99%	2.43%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	0.45%	3.36%
Private Equity	10%	6.83%	6.95%
Real Estate	10%	4.50%	5.13%
Infrastructure and Forestland	2%	4.50%	5.09%
Liquidity	2%	-0.55%	-1.05%
	100%		

<sup>\*</sup> An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period

#### Discount rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.65 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

#### Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.65 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.65 percent) than the current rate:

	1%			Current		1%	
	Decrease		Di	scount Rate	Increase		
		(6.65%)	(7.65%)			(8.65%)	
District's proportionate share of							
the net pension liability	\$	2,247,633	\$	1,380,963	\$	660,270	

#### Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

<sup>\*\*</sup> An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period

#### **NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

#### B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In October 2014, the District settled an employment dispute, and agreed to pay a total of \$85,507 plus health and welfare benefits in 2014-15, \$39,191 in 2015-16, and \$39,191 in 2016-17.

In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all other litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2016.

#### NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of two joint powers authorities (JPAs). The first is the California's Valued Trust to provide health and welfare benefits, and the other is the Golden State Risk Management Authority to provide property and liability insurance and workers' compensation insurance. The relationship is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<b>Budgeted Amounts</b>				Actual*	Variances -		
		Original	Final		(Budgetary Basis)		Final	to Actual
REVENUES								
LCFF sources	\$	6,643,887	\$	6,903,519	\$	6,891,392	\$	(12,127)
Federal sources		365,299		360,212		301,577		(58,635)
Other state sources		416,290		728,958		912,086		183,128
Other local sources		246,146		293,146		306,323		13,177
Total Revenues		7,671,622		8,285,835		8,411,378		125,543
EXPENDITURES								
Certificated salaries		3,014,660		3,228,660		3,151,925		76,735
Classified salaries		885,714		889,714		897,028		(7,314)
Employee benefits		1,429,042		1,451,963		1,393,995		57,968
Books and supplies		744,731		710,049		357,253		352,796
Services and other operating expenditures		980,621		1,126,827		1,005,420		121,407
Capital outlay		140,000		246,000		104,461		141,539
Other outgo								
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		332,854		422,854		429,961		(7,107)
Total Expenditures		7,527,622		8,076,067		7,340,043		736,024
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures		144,000		209,768		1,071,335		861,567
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers out		(144,000)		(644,000)		(504,000)		140,000
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(144,000)		(644,000)		(504,000)		140,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		-		(434,232)		567,335		1,001,567
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,172,758		2,172,758		2,172,758		-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	2,172,758	\$	1,738,526	\$	2,740,093	\$	1,001,567

<sup>\*</sup> The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- On behalf payments of \$190,539 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- Actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the
  amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the
  amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital
  Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund
  type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Actuarial				
Actuarial			Accrued	Unfunded			UAAL as a
Valuation	Actuarial Valuatio	n	<b>Liability</b>	AAL		Covered	Percentage of
Date	of Assets		(AAL)	(UAAL)	<b>Funded Ratio</b>	Payroll	Covered Payroll
July 1, 2016	\$	- \$	1,274,492	\$ 1,274,492	0%	\$ 4,309,663	30%
July 1, 2013	\$	- \$	1,288,342	\$ 1,288,342	0%	\$ 3,435,254	38%
July 1, 2010	\$	- \$	1,415,519	\$ 1,415,519	0%	\$ 4,973,564	28%

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY -CALSTRS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.006%		0.006%
District's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability	\$	4,289,136	\$	3,454,068
States's proportionate share of the net pension				
liability associated with the District		2,268,474		2,085,715
Total	\$	6,557,610	\$	5,539,783
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,041,124	\$	2,952,115
District's proportionate share of the net				
pension liability as a percentage				
of its covered-employee payroll		141.0%		117.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a				
percentage of the total pension liability.		76.5%		76.5%

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS

# FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016		Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.009%		0.009%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,380,963	\$	1,064,892
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,113,685	\$	1,030,826
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		124.0%		103.3%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.		83.4%		83.4%

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	June 30, 2016			ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	327,759	\$	262,013
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(327,759)		(262,013)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	3,041,124	\$	2,952,115
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		10.78%		8.88%

<sup>\*</sup>Amounts do not include on behalf contributions

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Ju	ne 30, 2016	June 30, 2015			
Contractually required contribution	\$	131,477	\$	121,898		
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		(131,477)		(121,898)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$	-		
District's covered-employee payroll	\$	1,113,685	\$	1,030,826		
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		11.81%		11.83%		

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Budgetary Comparison Schedule**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

#### **Schedule of Funding Progress**

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 45 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). The schedule presents, for the most recent actuarial valuation and the two preceding valuations, information about the funding progress of the plan, including, for each valuation, the actuarial valuation date, the actuarial value of assets, the actuarial accrued liability, the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess), the actuarial value of assets as a percentage of the actuarial accrued liability (funded ratio), the annual covered payroll, and the ratio of the total unfunded actuarial liability (or funding excess) to annual covered payroll.

#### Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered-employee payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered-employee payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

#### **Schedule of District Contributions**

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered-employee payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered-employee payroll.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

### NOTE 2 – EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District incurred the following excesses of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code as follows:

		ures and Other	ther Uses			
		Budget	Actual	Actual		
General Fund						
Classified salaries	\$	889,714	\$	897,028	\$	7,314
Other outgo						
Excluding transfers of indirect costs	\$	422,854	\$	429,961	\$	7,107

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Second	
	Period	Annual
_	Report	Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT		
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	187.73	187.39
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	136.04	136.23
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	78.20	77.97
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	310.29	309.05
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	712.26	710.64

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

		2015-16		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	36,000	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	52,660	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	52,660	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	52,660	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	55,050	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	55,050	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	56,191	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	56,191	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	56,191	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	65,955	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	65,955	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	65,955	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	65,955	180	Complied

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	2017 (Budget)		2016		2015		2014
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**							
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	8,244,336	\$	8,411,378	\$	6,992,177 \$	6,540,004
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		8,244,336		7,844,043		7,146,901	6,883,291
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	-	\$	567,335	\$	(154,724) \$	(343,287)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,740,093	\$	2,740,093	\$	2,172,758 \$	2,327,482
Available Reserves*	\$	2,509,735	\$	2,449,535	\$	1,670,803 \$	2,043,811
Available Reserves As A							
Percentage Of Outgo		30.44%		31.23%		23.38%	29.69%
Long-term Debt Average Daily	\$	6,706,548	\$	6,825,197	\$	5,787,637 \$	1,131,643
Attendance At P-2		713		712		695	701

The General Fund balance has increased by \$412,611 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2016-17 budget projects no further change. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 4% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating deficits in two of the past three years. Total long term obligations have increased by \$5,693,554 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has increased by 11 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 1 ADA is anticipated during the 2016-17 fiscal year.

<sup>\*</sup>Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

<sup>\*\*</sup>The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54. On behalf payments of \$190,539 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	General	Fu	pecial Reserve and for Other Than Capital Outlay	•	ecial Reserve Fund for temployment
	Fund		Projects		Benefits
June 30, 2016, annual financial and budget report fund balance	\$ 2,740,093	\$	313,814	\$	204,327
Adjustments and reclassifications:					
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:					
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)	518,141		(313,814)		(204,327)
Net adjustments and reclassifications	518,141		(313,814)		(204,327)
June 30, 2016, audited financial statement fund balance	\$ 3,258,234	\$	-	\$	-

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2016

	Child					Deferred			Special Reserve			Non-Major					
	Adult Education		D	Development				Maintenance		<b>Capital Facilities</b>		Fund for Capital		Bond Interest &		Governmental	
		Fund		Fund	C	afeteria Fund		Fund		Fund	O	utlay Projects	Red	demption Fund		Funds	
ASSETS																_	
Cash and investments	\$	198,671	\$	586	\$	200,809	\$	182,175	\$	87,046	\$	21,790	\$	172,413	\$	863,490	
Accounts receivable		10,982		11,707		56,843		103		160		40		285		80,120	
Stores inventory		-		-		8,447		-		-		-		-		8,447	
Total Assets	\$	209,653	\$	12,293	\$	266,099	\$	182,278	\$	87,206	\$	21,830	\$	172,698	\$	952,057	
LIABILITIES																	
Accrued liabilities	\$	4,928	\$	134	\$	2	\$	4,647	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,711	
Due to other funds		-		10,000		-		-		-		-		-		10,000	
Total Liabilities		4,928		10,134		2		4,647		-		-		-		19,711	
FUND BALANCES																	
Non-spendable		-		-		8,447		-		-		-		-		8,447	
Restricted		26,970		2,159		257,650		-		87,206		21,830		172,698		568,513	
Committed		177,755		-		-		177,631		-		-		-		355,386	
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>		204,725		2,159		266,097		177,631		87,206		21,830		172,698		932,346	
<b>Total Liabilities and Fund Balance</b>	\$	209,653	\$	12,293	\$	266,099	\$	182,278	\$	87,206	\$	21,830	\$	172,698	\$	952,057	

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES								
Federal sources	\$ 10,695	\$ -	\$ 389,952	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 400,647
Other state sources	197,994	108,858	33,481	-	-	22,507	-	362,840
Other local sources	1,660	44	28,630	164	32,549	79	98,970	162,096
Total Revenues	210,349	108,902	452,063	164	32,549	22,586	98,970	925,583
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction	127,629	108,902	-	-	-	-	-	236,531
Instruction-related services								
School site administration	56,823	-	-	-	-	-	-	56,823
Pupil services								
Food services	-	-	429,939	-	-	-	-	429,939
General administration								
Plant services	-	-	-	492,084	-	230,768	-	722,852
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	63,400	63,400
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,788	28,788
Total Expenditures	184,452	108,902	429,939	492,084	-	230,768	92,188	1,538,333
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues								
Over Expenditures	25,897	-	22,124	(491,920)	32,549	(208,182)	6,782	(612,750)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in		-	-	454,000	-	-	-	454,000
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-	-	-	454,000	-	-	-	454,000
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	25,897	-	22,124	(37,920)	32,549	(208,182)	6,782	(158,750)
Fund Balance - Beginning	178,828	2,159	243,973	215,551	54,657	230,012	165,916	1,091,096
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 204,725	\$ 2,159	\$ 266,097	\$ 177,631	\$ 87,206	\$ 21,830	\$ 172,698	\$ 932,346

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2016

The Hamilton Unified School District was established on July 1, 2009 upon the unification of Hamilton High School District and Hamilton Elementary School District. The boundaries of the former districts changed in accordance with the approved plan of unification. The District is located in Glenn County and is currently operating one high school, one elementary school, two community day schools, one continuation high school, one preschool, and an adult education program.

#### **GOVERNING BOARD**

Member	Office	Term Expires		
Tomas Loera	President	December 2018		
Judy Twede	Clerk	December 2016		
Gabriel Leal	Member	December 2016		
Rosalinda Sanchez	Member	December 2018		
Hubert "Wendall" Lower	Member	December 2016		

#### **DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS**

Charles Tracy
Superintendent

Diane Lyon Chief Business Official

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2016

#### NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

#### **Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)**

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### **Schedule of Instructional Time**

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code Sections* 46200 through 46208. During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District participated in the Longer Day incentive funding program. As of June 30, 2016, the District had not yet met its target funding.

#### Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

#### Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

#### <u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

#### **Local Education Agency Organization Structure**

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

# OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS



# REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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State Board of Accountancy

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamilton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 9, 2016.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hamilton Unified School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California December 9, 2016

Christy White Associates

70



#### REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

**Independent Auditors' Report** 

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

#### Report on State Compliance

We have audited Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hamilton Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, as identified below.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its state programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Hamilton Unified School District's state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, issued by the California Education Audit Appeals Panel as regulations. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the state programs noted below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance with the requirements referred to above. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with those requirements.

Christy White, CPA

Michael Ash, CPA

**Heather Rubio** 

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#### **Opinion on State Compliance**

In our opinion, Hamilton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2016.

#### Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items #2016-1 and #2016-2. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to these matters.

Hamilton Unified School District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs and corrective action plan. Hamilton Unified School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Procedures Performed

In connection with the audit referred to above, we selected and tested transactions and records to determine Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>	
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED	
Attendance	Yes	
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes	
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes	
Independent Study	No, see below	
Continuation Education	Not Applicable	
Instructional Time	Yes	
Instructional Materials	Yes	
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes	
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes	
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable	
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes	
School Accountability Report Card	Yes	
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable	
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable	
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes	
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes	
Educator Effectiveness	Yes	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes	

(Continued on the next page)

### Procedures Performed (continued)

	<b>PROCEDURES</b>
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
After School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based; for	
charter schools	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study because total ADA claimed was below the threshold required for testing.

San Diego, California December 9, 2016

Christy White Associates

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting:	-
Material weakness(es) identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS  The District was not subject to Uniform Guidance Single Audit for the year ended  June 30, 2016 because federal award expenditures did not exceed \$750,000.	
STATE AWARDS	
Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Yes
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

**FIVE DIGIT CODE** 

20000 30000 **AB 3627 FINDING TYPE** 

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2016.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

<b>FIVE DIGIT CODE</b>	<b>AB 3627 FINDING TYPE</b>
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

#### FINDING #2016-1 – UNDUPLICATED PUPIL COUNT (40000)

**Criteria:** Students classified as free or reduced price meal eligible (FRPM)(who are not directly certified) on the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report must have supporting documentation that indicates the student was eligible for the determination. Auditors are required to verify compliance with Education Code Section 42238.02(b)(3)(b) in Section W of the 2015-16 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting.

**Condition:** 1 of 71 students tested from the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report who was classified as FRPM did not have proper supporting documentation to support their designation. When the error is extrapolated over the impacted population, 4 students were identified as ineligible.

**Effect:** The District is not in compliance with State requirements.

Cause: Clerical oversight.

**Context:** 4 of 1,810 (617 for 2015-16, 594 for 2014-15, and 599 for 2013-14) students reported in the District's Unduplicated Pupil Count did not have proper supporting documentation to support their FRPM designation.

#### FINDING #2016-1 - UNDUPLICATED PUPIL COUNT (40000) (continued)

**Questioned Costs:** \$1,094, calculated as follows:

UPP	Audit Adjustment	Section 1: Regular UPP	Section 2: Alternate UPP*	
1	Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	2,192	2,188	
2	Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	1,810	1,805	
3	Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment		(4)	
4	Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	1,806	1,801	
5	UPP calculated as of P-2	0.8257	0.8250	
6	Revised UPP for audit finding	0.8239	0.8231	
7	Greater of Revised UPP for audit finding from Section 1 or 2		0.8239	
8	Charter Schools Only: Determinative School District Concentration Cap			
9	Revised UPP adjusted for Concentration Cap		0.8239	
LCFF	LCFF Target Base Grant Funding			
10	Total Base Grant Funding as of P-2	\$5,781,445		
LCFF Target Supplemental Grant Funding Audit Adjustment				
11	Target Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$954,748		
12	Revised Target Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$952,667		
13	Target Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	(\$2,081)		
LCFF	Target Concentration Grant Funding Audit Adjustment			
14	Target Concentration Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	\$0		
15	Revised Target Concentration Grant Funding for audit finding	\$0		
16	Target Concentration Grant Funding audit adjustment	\$0		
Estim	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded at LCFF Target			
17	Total Target Supplemental and Concentration audit adjustment	(\$2,081)		
Estim	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count Audit Adjustment for LEAs funded on LCFF Floor and Gap			
18	Statewide Gap Funding Rate as of P-2	0.5255761597		
21	Estimated Cost of Unduplicated Pupil Count audit adjustment	(\$1,094)		

**Recommendation:** We recommend that the District ensure that all students listed as FRPM in the CALPADS 1.18 FRPM/English Learner/Foster Youth – Student List Report have proper documentation to support their CALPADS designation.

**District Response**: Food Service Staff will notify the CALPADS person that the "Annual verification" of the NSLP Applications has been completed, and Nutri kids and Aeries have been updated with its findings (students who changed from free to reduced, etc.). The State Annual verification report deadline is typically Nov. 15<sup>th</sup>. The CALPADS person can assume and or / be notified that all verifications are complete and the NSLP data can be uploaded to CALPADS. CALPADS person will process the final extracts of the program data to capture any NSLP changes for the final certification of Fall 1. Deadline is typically 1<sup>st</sup> week in December. If the "Annual Verification" isn't complete by the FALL 1 CALPADS deadline, then the CALPADS person will use the "amendment" window to decertify and re-submit the data.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

#### FINDING #2016-2 - CLASSROOM TEACHER SALARIES (61000)

**Criteria:** As set forth in California Education Code section 41372, a unified school district should expend a minimum of 55% of the District's current expenses of education towards salaries of classroom teachers.

**Condition:** In the 2015-16 fiscal year, the District did not meet the minimum percentage requirement.

**Effect:** The District's current expense of education for the year audited June 30, 2016 was \$6,445,108 and the total salaries and benefits for classroom teachers was \$3,395,829. The District was below the minimum required percentage of 55% by 2.31% which calculates out to a deficiency of \$148,882.

Cause: Due to recent budget cuts the District did not meet the minimum requirements.

**Perspective/Context:** The minimum percentage required by the State of California is 55% for a unified school district. The District only spent 52.69% on classroom teacher salaries in the 2015-16 fiscal year.

**Questioned Costs:** The questioned costs are the deficiency of \$148,882.

**Recommendations:** We recommend that in the future, the District monitor their expenses towards salaries of classroom teachers against their total expenses to be sure that they meet the 55% minimum requirement.

**District Response:** The District submitted a waiver to Glenn County Office of Education and does not expect a questioned cost.

# HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

There were no prior audit findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2015.