## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 281
ROBBINSDALE AREA SCHOOLS
NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA

4148 Winnetka Avenue North New Hope, Minnesota 55427-1288



## ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

## INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 281 ROBBINSDALE AREA SCHOOLS NEW HOPE, MINNESOTA

Prepared by: Finance Department

Executive Director of Finance Ukee Dozier



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## R

## **Robbinsdale Area Schools**

Independent School District 281 4148 Winnetka Ave N. New Hope, MN 55427 763-504-8000 | rdale.org

September 24, 2024

To: Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools School Board Members, Citizens, and Employees

## INTRODUCTION

The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) of Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools (the District) presents the financial position of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the results of its operations for the fiscal year then ended. This report is prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America by a firm of licensed certified public accountants. State law requires the District to publish a complete set of audited financial statements within six months of the close of the District's fiscal year.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established internal controls. The internal controls are designed to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse, and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not be more than the benefits, the District's internal controls are designed to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that these financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this ACFR is complete and reliable, in all material respects.

These financial statements have been audited by Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radosevich & Co., P.A., a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, are fairly presented, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## FEDERAL SINGLE AUDIT AND STATE COMPLIANCE AUDIT

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated, "Single Audit" designed to meet the special needs of federal grantor agencies. The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the audited district's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. The District is also required to undergo an annual Minnesota State Legal Compliance Audit under Minnesota Statutes, Section 6.65. These reports are available in a separate document.

## REPORT FORMAT

The ACFR is presented in three sections: introductory, financial, and statistical. The introductory section contains this letter of transmittal, organizational chart, information on the School Board and Administration, a map of the District, and the Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting Award. The financial section contains the independent auditor's report, management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and combining and individual fund statements and schedules presented as supplementary information. The statistical section contains supplemental financial and other statistical data, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of MD&A. This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The MD&A of the District can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

## **DISTRICT GOALS**

**The Mission** of the District is to inspire and educate all learners to develop their unique potential and positively contribute to their community.

**Unified District Vision:** The District is committed to ensuring every student graduates career and college ready. We believe each student has limitless possibilities and we strive to ignite the potential in every student. We expect high intellectual performance from all of our students. We are committed to ensuring an equitable and respectful educational experience for every student, family, and staff member, focusing on strengths related to: race, culture, ethnicity, home or first language, national origin, socioeconomic status, gender, sexual orientation, age, ability, religion, or physical appearance.

## The Unified District Vision Consists of Four Key Goals:

- Implement policies and practices that open pathways to academic excellence for all students.
- Utilize culturally relevant teaching and personalized learning for all students.
- Engage family and community members as partners.
- Engage and empower students by amplifying student voice.

The School Board determines the mission and vision of the District and establishes goals. These goals are then monitored through workshops and frequent reports at public School Board meetings. The established district goals are used as guides in setting the annual superintendent goals. The School Board evaluates its performance and the performance of the superintendent annually.

The laws of the state of Minnesota give the authority to the District's School Board, whose members are elected officials, to direct the District's business operations and educational functions. The School Board has the authority to levy taxes, set fees, approve budgets, and staff positions, along with other business and educational functions without prior approval from any other governmental unit. The School Board can issue debt generally with prior district voter approval. The Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) does have some minor oversight responsibility over the District that is generally related to compliance and approval of certain laws and procedures, but not substantive in nature.

The financial reporting entity includes all the funds of the primary government (the District). Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable. There are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

## LOCATION AND LEARNING ENVIRONMENT

The District is located in Hennepin County, which is one of seven counties that make up the Twin Cities metropolitan area. This seven-county area is the most populated area of Minnesota with service division jobs constituting the greatest growth of the area's employment. Within the metropolitan area, health services, business services, and retail trade are the most significant industries.

As a Minneapolis suburban school district, the District serves a general population of approximately 102,224. The geographic boundary, spanning about 32 square miles, wholly covers the cities of Crystal, New Hope, and Robbinsdale, and partially the cities of Brooklyn Center, Brooklyn Park, Golden Valley, and Plymouth. The District is Minnesota's ninth largest school district, in terms of student numbers, serving 10,758 students during the 2022–2023 school year. The enrollment reflects a decline of 341 students. The decline reflects changes in delivery of instruction and expanded enrollment choice options in recent years. The District is projected to serve 10,500 students for the 2023–2024 school year based on its October 2023 enrollment.

The District owns and operates 23 facilities in Brooklyn Center, Crystal, Golden Valley, New Hope, Plymouth, and Robbinsdale. For the audit period covered in this report, the District operated the following configuration of buildings: 4 high schools (2 traditional high schools, an alternative high school, and a fully accredited online high school), 4 middle schools, 11 elementary schools, 2 learning centers, 2 warehouses, an administration building, and bus garage. The majority of the District's facilities were originally constructed between 1954 and 1971, except for one middle school constructed in 2000 and one elementary school constructed in 2005.

The District provides a full range of public education services appropriate to grade levels ranging from pre-kindergarten through Grade 12. These include regular and enriched academic education, special education for exceptional children, and career/vocational education. Child nutrition, transportation, and before and after school care are provided as supporting programs. The District's community education program also provides early childhood and family education programs, an adult basic education program, and a myriad of classes for lifelong learning and engagement experiences for children and adults within the community.

The District is an award-winning district committed to academic excellence. We take pride in the options we provide students, families, and our community:

- The District has received the 2020 Best Communities for Music Education designation.
- Robbinsdale Cooper High School is an International Baccalaureate (IB) site. The academic curriculum of an IB site must follow an international standard and, as such, our IB diplomas are recognized world-wide.
- Robbinsdale Armstrong High School is designated as an Advanced Placement (AP)
  Capstone school, one of the first two schools in Minnesota to offer this program from the
  College Board. There is a full continuum of AP courses and one of the largest course
  selections in the state of Minnesota.
- The School of Engineering and Arts has received the prestigious National School of Excellence Blue Ribbon and Green Ribbon designation.
- The District has a fully authorized K-12 IB Programme, including the Primary Years, Middle Years, and Diploma Programmes. The Middle Years Programme was recognized by the international organization in Geneva for outstanding program design. The District's Middle Years Programme is the only one in Minnesota to achieve this distinction and was one of four schools chosen world-wide to be used as a model for a Harvard University publication on best practices of interdisciplinary teaching methods among IB Middle Years Programs.
- The District offers Advancement Via Individual Determination (AVID) programming in both
  of our middle schools and both of our high schools. This program accelerates student
  learning, uses research-based methods of effective instruction, raises expectations of
  students, and puts in place a system of supports that help students succeed.
- Students in our district regularly achieve great success in enrichment programs. We have teams in FIRST LEGO League and Destination Imagination that have competed in national competitions. We have students who have placed nationally in competitions, such as National History Day, and students in world language who consistently rank at the top in national exams.
- Teachers in our district have also been recognized for their dedication to excellence in teaching, representing Minnesota in national and international institutes in such areas as economics and history.

## **BUDGETARY PROCESS**

The District's budgeting process begins with a review and estimation of the projected student enrollment. Student enrollment is the main driver of the allocation of the unrestricted revenue resources. A majority of the budgeting decisions are made centrally, including staffing, capital expenditures, and infrastructure improvements. Budget managers receive an allocation for site or department specific needs. The plan is developed as a partnership between the School Board members and the District's administration, which follows a timeline with completion and adoption in June, prior to the start of the school year.

Enrollment is a critical factor in determining funding levels. Approximately 70 percent of the General Fund revenue is enrollment driven and, as such, the administration places a high premium on enrollment projections as a determinant of both funding and staffing levels needed for the forthcoming year. A preliminary financial forecast is prepared by the executive director of finance and staffing levels are determined keeping the financial projection in focus. The administration then recommends staffing and other budgetary changes in line with the District's mission to the School Board for approval.

The executive director of finance has responsibility for the financial integrity of the District. The District utilizes an integrated payroll/finance system for all financial recordkeeping. Encumbrances, or open purchase orders, are used as a budgetary control tool and are charged against line-item budgets when issued. To accurately track and report financial activities with a focus on site-based accounting, approximately 15,000 accounts have been defined within the District's chart of accounts. Each site and department administrator have access to the finance system to extract reports and review detailed budget activity specific to their area of responsibility.

The School Board adopts annual budgets for all governmental funds, prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations, is at the fund level. The revenue and expenditure budgets are monitored and modified as conditions change. All revisions to the budget are approved by the School Board. The 2023 governmental funds revenue budget was \$245.6 million and the expenditures were \$248.0 million. It is the goal of the executive director of finance to monitor these budgets for control and to submit the ACFR within 6 months of year-end.

## **ECONOMIC FACTORS**

The state of Minnesota guarantees each school district a base amount of funding per pupil unit through the General Education Funding Program. This funding relationship intertwines the District's economic outlook to that of the state. The funding increases in the biennium, while modest, still fall short of the inflationary costs incurred by school districts. The basic formula allowance was increased 2.00 percent for the 2022–2023 school year.

Minnesota school districts also have the ability to raise additional revenue through voter-approved excess levy referendums. The referendum formula determines the amount of the referendum that is state aid as compared to local levy, a process called equalization. For fiscal 2023, the District had voter-approved authority of \$1,834.72 per pupil unit of excess levy authority, which raises a total of approximately \$21.6 million. Most of this revenue is provided from property taxes.

## CONFORMANCE WITH STATE ACCOUNTING REGULATIONS

The District complies with the Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards (UFARS) for Minnesota schools. UFARS, established in 1976, dictates a modified accrual basis of accounting. An audited annual financial report must be provided to the MDE by December 31, subsequent to year-end on June 30.

## **FINANCIAL POLICIES**

The cash management policy of the District is to invest idle funds. Cash is invested in certificates of deposit, mutual funds, external investment pools, and interest-bearing checking accounts. Short-term borrowing, which is sometimes needed by the District, was not utilized for fiscal year 2023.

The District has adopted a formal fund balance policy that establishes the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 6.5 percent of the annual projected expenditures. At June 30, 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund (excluding any restricted fund balance account deficits, while including fund balance assigned for subsequent year's budget) was 3.0 percent of the budgeted expenditures for the year then ended.

## AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Association of School Business Officials (ASBO) International awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Excellence, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized ACFR. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Excellence is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Excellence Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the ASBO International to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

This report could not have been completed without the dedicated services of the District's Finance Department. We would like to express our sincere thanks to all members of the District who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report.

Our appreciation is also given to the School Board for its continued support in leading the District in sound and responsible financial management as well as academic excellence.

Respectfully submitted,

Virginia R. Verbrugge

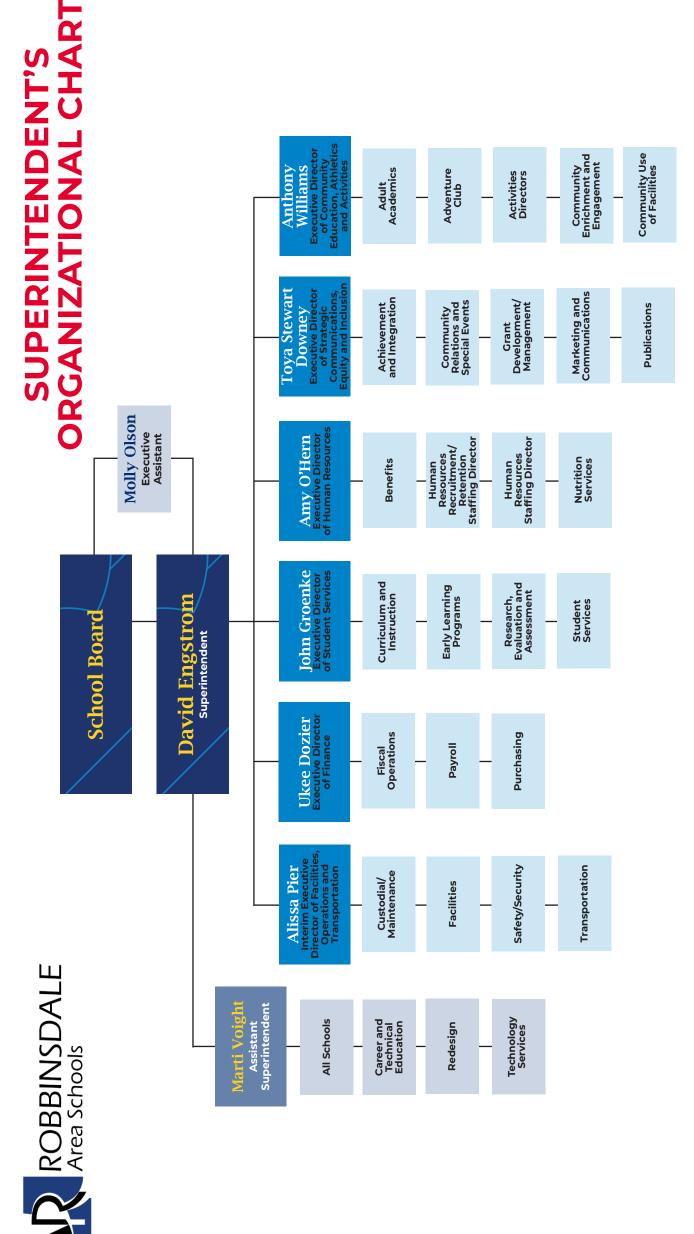
Assistant Director of Finance

Virginia Verbrugge

Marti Voight

Interim Superintendent

Marti Voiglit



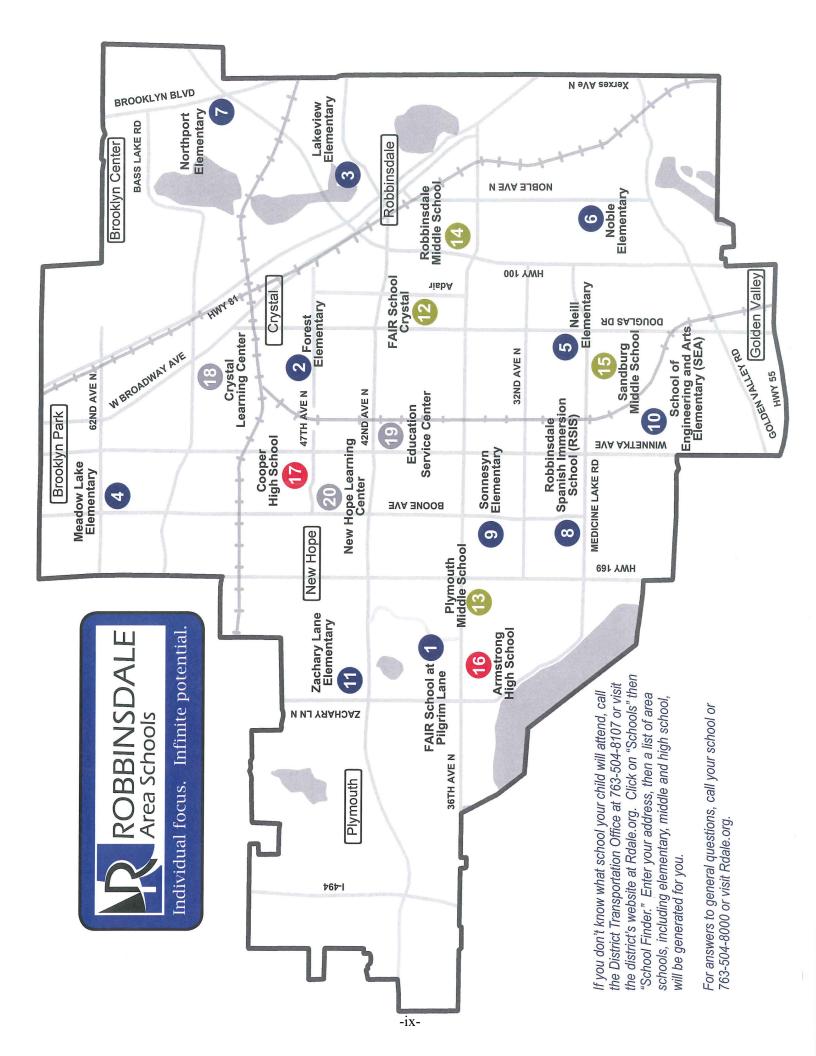
## School Board and Administration Year Ended June 30, 2023

## SCHOOL BOARD

	Position
Courte Foreign Broken	Olasia.
Greta Evans-Becker	Chair
Kim Holmes	Vice Chair
John Vento	Treasurer
Sharon Brooks	Clerk
Helen Bassett	Director
ReNae Bowman	Director
Caroline Long	Director

## **ADMINISTRATION**

Cabinet	
David Engstrom	Superintendent
Marti Voight	Assistant Superintendent
Alissa Pier	Interim Executive Director of Facilities, Operations,
	and Transportation
Ukee Dozier	Executive Director of Finance
John Groenke	Executive Director of Student Services
Amy O'Hern	Executive Director of Human Resources
Toya Stewart Downey	Executive Director of Strategic Communications,
•	Equity, and Inclusion
Anthony Williams	Executive Director of Community Education,
•	Athletics and Activities



# Robbinsdale Area Schools

# **Elementary Schools**

- FAIR School at Pilgrim Lane 3725 Pilgrim Lane North Plymouth MN 55441 763-504-8400 fair.rdale.org
- Forest Elementary
  6800 47th Avenue North
  Crystal, MN 55428
  763-504-7900
  foe.rdale.org
- 3. *Lakeview Elementary* 4110 Lake Drive North Robbinsdale, MN 55422 763-504-4100
- 763-504-4100

  Ive.rdale.org

  Meadow Lake Elementary
  8525 62nd Avenue North
  New Hope, MN 55428
  763-504-7700
  mle.rdale.org
  - 8525 62nd Avenue North
    New Hope, MN 55428
    763-504-7700 *mle.rdale.org*Neill Elementary
    6600 Medicine Lake Road
    Crystal, MN 55427
    763-504-7400
- 6. Noble Elementary
  2601 Noble Avenue North
  Golden Valley, MN 55422
  763-504-4000
  noe.rdale.org

Northport Elementary 5421 Brooklyn Boulevard Brooklyn Center, MN 55429 763-504-7800

npe.rdale.org

ω.

- Robbinsdale Spanish Immersion School (RSIS) 8808 Medicine Lake Road New Hope, MN 55427 763-504-4400 rsi.rdale.org
- 9. *Sonnesyn Elementary*3421 Boone Avenue North
  New Hope, MN 55427
  763-504-7600
  see.rdale.org
- 10. School of Engineering and Arts Elementary (SEA)
  1751 Kelley Dr.
  Golden Valley, MN 55427
  763-504-7200
  sea.rdale.org
- 11. **Zachary Lane Elementary** 4350 Zachary Lane N. Plymouth, MN 55442 763-504-7300 **zle.rdale.org**

ene.rdale.org

org Revised 6-13-2018

## Middle Schools

High Schools

Armstrong High School

16.

10635 36th Avenue North

Plymouth, MN 55441 763-504-8800 ahs.rdale.org

- FAIR School Crystal 3915 Adair Ave N Crystal, MN 55422 (763) 971-4500 fair.rdale.org
- . Plymouth Middle School 10011 36th Avenue North Plymouth, MN 55441 763-504-7100 pms.rdale.org

Cooper High School 8230 47th Avenue North

7

New Hope, MN 55428

763-504-8500 **chs.rdale.org** 

- . Robbinsdale Middle School
  Robbinsdale Area Learning Campus
  3730 Toledo Avenue North
  Robbinsdale, MN 55422
  763-504-4800
  rms.rdale.org
- 5. Sandburg Middle School 2400 Sandburg Lane Golden Valley, MN 55427 763-504-8200 sms.rdale.org



ROBBINSDALE Area Schools

Individual focus. Infinite potential.

# Learning and Service Centers

- Crystal Learning Center
   Willow Bend
   Crystal, MN 55428
   763-504-8300
- 19. Education Service Center 4148 Winnetka Avenue North New Hope, MN 55427 763-504-8000 (Main Switchboar
- 10. New Hope Learning Center
   8301 47th Avenue North
   New Hope, MN 55428
   763-504-4160



## The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

## Independent School District 281 - Robbinsdale Area Schools

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



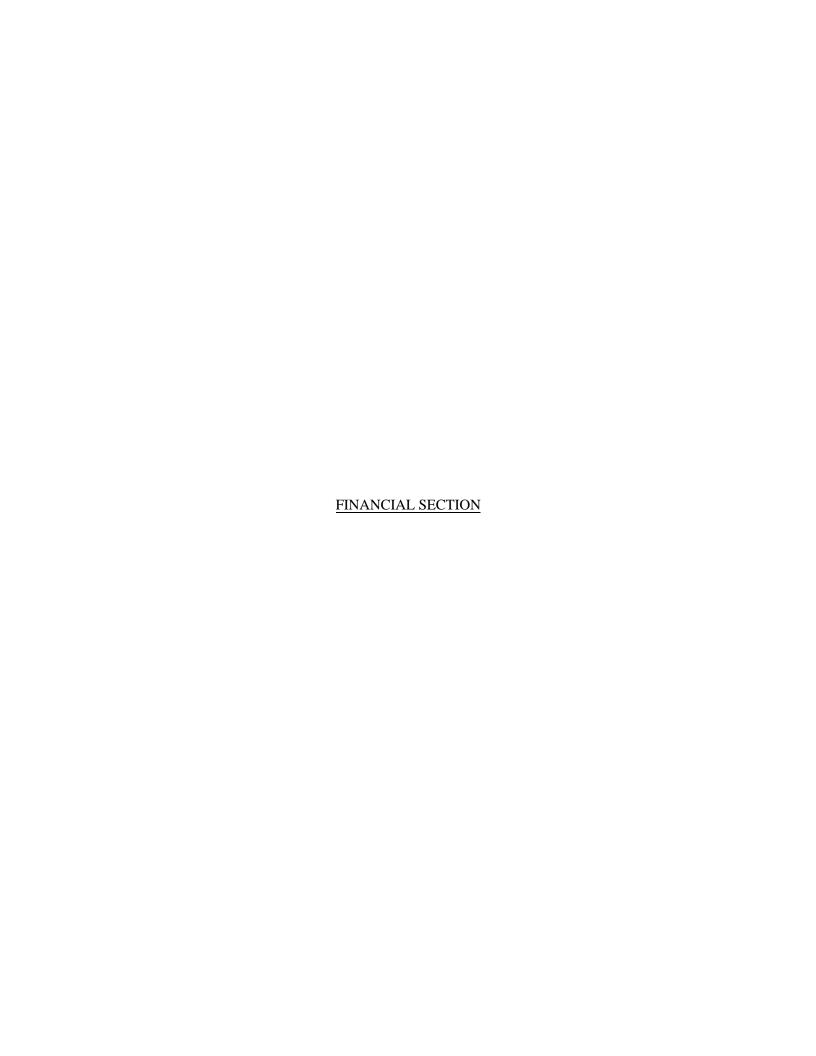
John W. Hutchison President

for w. Artchori

Siobhán McMahon, CAE
Chief Operations Officer/
Interim Executive Director

Sirkhan MMh.





### PRINCIPALS



Thomas A. Karnowski, CPA
Paul A. Radosevich, CPA
William J. Lauer, CPA
James H. Eichten, CPA
Aaron J. Nielsen, CPA
Victoria L. Holinka, CPA/CMA
Jaclyn M. Huegel, CPA
Kalen T. Karnowski, CPA

## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the School Board and Management of Independent School District No. 281 New Hope, Minnesota

## REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **OPINIONS**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Independent School District No. 281 (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof, and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **BASIS FOR OPINIONS**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT FOR THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

(continued)

## AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
  opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

(continued)

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the required supplementary information (RSI), as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the RSI in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules, as listed in the table of contents, are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

## **OTHER INFORMATION**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

## PRIOR YEAR COMPARATIVE INFORMATION

We have previously audited the District's 2022 financial statements, and we expressed unmodified audit opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information in our report dated June 29, 2023. In our opinion, the partial comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022 is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

(continued)

## OTHER REPORTING REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 24, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Malloy, Montague, Karnowski, Radasenich & Co., P. A.

Minneapolis, Minnesota September 24, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023

This section of Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools' (the District) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the other components of the District's ACFR.

## FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2023 by \$1.1 million (deficit net position).
- Government-wide revenues totaled \$234.1 million and expenses were \$207.7 million, resulting in a \$26.4 million increase in the District's total net position during the year.
- The General Fund's total fund balance (under the governmental fund presentation) decreased \$2.2 million during the year, compared to a \$0.5 million increase projected in the final budget.
- The District's long-term liabilities of \$358.4 million at year-end represented an increase of \$69.2 million from the previous year. This change was mainly related to increases of \$65.2 million in the District's proportionate share of unfunded pension liabilities for two state-wide pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA).

## OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the ACFR consists of the following parts:

- Independent Auditor's Report;
- MD&A;
- Basic financial statements, including the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to basic financial statements;
- Required supplementary information; and
- Supplementary information, consisting of combining and individual fund statements and schedules.

The following explains the two types of statements included in the basic financial statements:

## GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide financial statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position—the difference between the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources—is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are indicators of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District requires consideration of additional nonfinancial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are all shown in one category titled "governmental activities." These activities, including regular and special education, transportation, administration, food service, and community education, are primarily financed with state aids and property taxes.

## **FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds*, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds, rather than the District as a whole. Funds that do not meet the threshold to be classified as major funds are called "nonmajor" funds, and include the Food Service and Community Service Special Revenue funds. Detailed financial information for nonmajor funds is presented as supplementary information.

Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. For Minnesota schools, funds are established in accordance with Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards in accordance with statutory requirements and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District maintains the following kinds of funds:

Governmental Funds – The District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on: 1) how *cash and other financial assets* that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps to determine whether there are more or less financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide financial statements, we provide additional information (reconciliation schedules) immediately following the governmental fund financial statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between these two types of financial statement presentations.

**Proprietary Funds** – The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. Internal service funds are used as an accounting device to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service funds to account for its employee dental and medical self-insurance plan activities. These services have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

**Fiduciary Funds** – The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to other organizations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and a Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Table 1 is a summarized view of the District's Statement of Net Position:

Table 1 Summary of Net Position as of June 30, 2023 and 2022				
	2023	2022		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization	\$ 127,275,933 304,251,616	\$ 124,024,600 303,825,003		
Total assets	\$ 431,527,549	\$ 427,849,603		
Deferred outflows of resources OPEB plan deferments Pension plan deferments  Total deferred outflows of resources	\$ 1,546,226 41,256,546	\$ 1,268,955 43,051,713		
	\$ 42,802,772	\$ 44,320,668		
Liabilities Current and other liabilities Long-term liabilities, including due within one year	\$ 17,579,451 358,444,631	\$ 16,383,663 289,233,565		
Total liabilities	\$ 376,024,082	\$ 305,617,228		
Deferred inflows of resources Property taxes levied for subsequent year OPEB plan deferments Pension plan deferments	\$ 68,757,234 1,187,623 29,506,191	\$ 63,296,440 1,564,052 129,225,538		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 99,451,048	\$ 194,086,030		
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 102,505,704 19,107,831 (122,758,344)	\$ 111,931,629 17,685,336 (157,149,952)		
Total net position	\$ (1,144,809)	\$ (27,532,987)		

The District's financial position is the product of many factors. For example, the determination of the net investment in capital assets involves many assumptions and estimates, such as current and accumulated depreciation/amortization amounts. Differences in useful lives and capitalization policies may produce a significant difference in the calculated amounts. The other major factors in determining net position, as compared to fund balances are the liabilities for long-term severance, compensated absences, pension, and other post-employment benefits (OPEB), which impacts the unrestricted portion of net position.

The decrease in net investment in capital assets was mainly due to current year depreciation/amortization. Increases in net position restricted for food service, community service, and other state funding restrictions contributed to the overall increase in restricted net position. The improvement in unrestricted net position, along with the changes in long-term liabilities and deferred outflows/inflows of resources, are mainly attributable to changes in the District's share of unfunded pension liabilities and related deferments reported for the state-wide PERA and TRA pension plans.

Table 2 presents a condensed version of the Change in Net Position of the District:

Table 2 Change in Net Position for the Years Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022					
	2023	3		2022	
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 7,7	15,184	\$	5,555,089	
Operating grants and contributions	34,45	57,865		37,634,633	
General revenues					
Property taxes	67,23	38,749		66,246,526	
General grants and aids	120,60	09,840	1	14,267,827	
Other	4,05	58,843		3,007,823	
Total revenues	234,08	80,481	2	26,711,898	
Expenses					
Administration	6,34	41,329		7,022,554	
District support services	7,64	42,191		10,102,689	
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	64,95	57,769		75,765,485	
Vocational education instruction	94	40,887		1,241,992	
Special education instruction	24,5	73,782		29,940,336	
Instructional support services	12,24	47,396		12,265,884	
Pupil support services	23,39	97,500		24,241,745	
Sites and buildings	44,58	87,236		37,321,186	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	59	91,978		506,401	
Food service	7,23	38,539		7,354,712	
Community service	9,68	82,718		8,404,889	
Interest and fiscal charges	5,49	90,978_		5,525,895	
Total expenses	207,69	92,303	2	19,693,768	
Change in net position	26,38	88,178		7,018,130	
Net position – beginning	(27,53	32,987)	(	34,551,117)	
Net position – ending	\$ (1,14	44,809)	\$ (	27,532,987)	

This table is presented on an accrual basis of accounting, and it includes all of the governmental activities of the District. This statement includes depreciation and amortization expense, but excludes capital asset purchase costs, debt proceeds, and the repayment of debt principal.

Government-wide revenues increased \$7.4 million (3.3 percent) from the prior year. The increase in charges for services and decrease in operating grants both resulted mainly from child nutrition program changes, which returned to a more traditional model in the current year after operating under a program that provided free federally-funded meals to all students in the prior year. The increase in general grants and aids related mainly to the District utilizing more federal COVID-19 relief grant funding in fiscal 2023. Other revenue was up due to improved investment earnings.

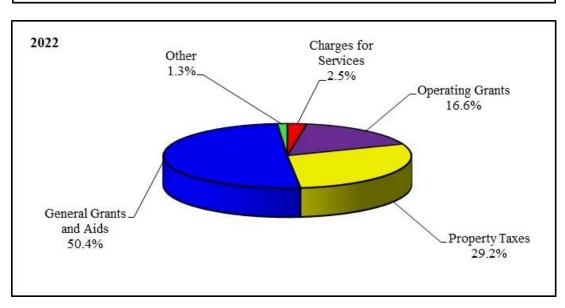
Government-wide expenses decreased \$12.0 (5.5 percent) from last year. The largest factor in this decrease was the impact of changes to reported pension expenses from the state-wide pension plans.

Figures A and B show further analysis of these revenue sources and expense functions:

Charges for Services
1.8%
Other
1.8%
Operating Grants
14.7%

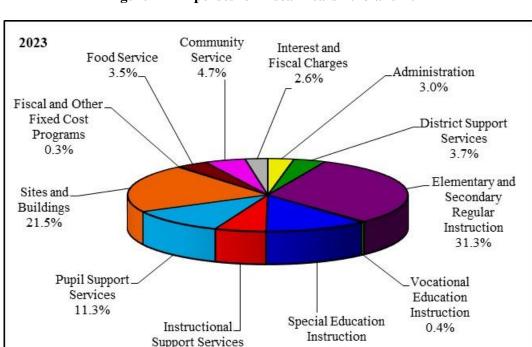
General Grants
and Aids
51.5%
Property Taxes
28.7%

Figure A – Sources of Revenues for Fiscal Years 2023 and 2022



The largest share of the District's revenue is received from the state, including the general education aid formula and most of the operating grants.

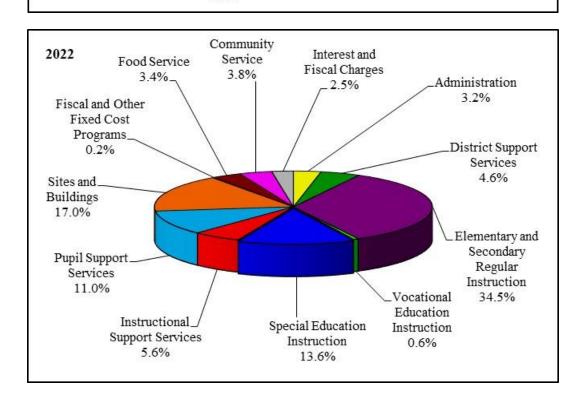
Property taxes are generally the next largest source of funding. The level of funding property tax sources provide is not only dependent on taxpayers of the District by way of operating and building referenda, but also by decisions made by the Legislature in the mix of state aid and local effort in a variety of funding formulas.



5.9%

11.8%

Figure B – Expenses for Fiscal Years 2023 and 2022



The District's expenses are predominately related to educating students. Programs (or functions), such as elementary and secondary regular instruction, vocational education instruction, special education instruction, and instructional support services are directly related to classroom instruction, while the rest of the programs support instruction and other necessary costs to operate the District.

Fluctuations of expenses between programs in recent years have mainly been due to changes in PERA and TRA pension costs, which have a greater impact in program areas with higher proportions of personnel costs.

## FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. Table 3 shows the change in total fund balances of each of the District's governmental funds:

Table 3 Governmental Fund Balances as of June 30, 2023 and 2022				
	2023	2022	Change	Percent Change
Major funds				
General	\$ 18,290,602	\$ 20,535,493	\$ (2,244,891)	(10.9%)
Capital Projects – Building				
Construction	9,503,879	11,876,897	(2,373,018)	(20.0%)
Debt Service	1,969,690	2,041,764	(72,074)	(3.5%)
Nonmajor funds				
Food Service Special Revenue	4,655,237	4,120,440	534,797	13.0%
Community Service Special Revenue	3,374,489	2,840,488	534,001	18.8%
Total governmental funds	\$ 37,793,897	\$ 41,415,082	\$ (3,621,185)	(8.7%)

## **Analysis of the General Fund**

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District, providing educational services to students from pre-kindergarten through Grade 12, including pupil transportation and capital outlay projects.

Table 4 summarizes the amendments to the General Fund budget:

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Change	Percent Change
Revenue	\$ 185,695,070	\$ 189,161,348	\$ 3,466,278	1.9%
Expenditures	\$ 190,770,270	\$ 188,657,355	\$ (2,112,915)	(1.1%)
Other financing sources	\$	\$ 20,000	\$ 20,000	

The District is required to adopt an operating budget prior to the beginning of its fiscal year, referred to above as the original budget. During the year, the District amended that budget for known changes in circumstances, such as enrollment levels, legislative funding, availability of federal grant awards, and employee contract settlements.

Table 5 summarizes the operating results of the General Fund:

Table 5 General Fund Operating Results							
		Over (Under) Final Budget			Over (Under) Prior Year		
	2023 Actual	Amount		Percent	Amount		Percent
Revenue	\$192,162,133	\$	3,000,785	1.6%	\$	4,953,336	2.6%
Expenditures	198,348,736	\$	9,691,381	5.1%	\$	12,392,448	6.7%
Other financing sources	3,941,712	\$	3,921,712	19,608.6%	\$	3,755,611	2,018.0%
Net change in fund balances	\$ (2,244,891)						

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased \$2,244,891 from the prior year, compared to a \$523,993 increase planned in the final budget.

General Fund revenues were 1.6 percent over budget, primarily due to revenue from pandemic-related federal grants, partially offset by state revenue sources coming in below projections. The revenue growth over the prior year was also primarily due to more federal sources recognized through pandemic-related grants, partially offset by decreases in state aids due to declining enrollment.

General Fund expenditures were 5.1 percent over budget and up 6.7 percent from last year, primarily related to contractual and inflationary increases to salaries and benefits, higher transportation service costs, and increased leasing activity.

The budget variance and increase in other financing sources mainly relate to a new building lease valued at \$3.8 million entered into during the year, which is reflected as a capital outlay expenditure and an offsetting other financing source.

#### COMMENTS ON SIGNIFICANT ACTIVITIES IN OTHER FUNDS

#### **Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund**

Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund expenditures exceeded revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures by \$2,373,018 in fiscal 2023, due to the progress on various improvement and facilities maintenance projects financed with the proceeds of facilities maintenance bonds issued over the last two fiscal years. The District had fund balances of \$9,503,879 at year-end available for various capital purposes.

#### **Debt Service Fund**

Expenditures exceeded revenues and other financing sources by \$72,074 in the Debt Service Fund. The funding of debt service is controlled in accordance with each outstanding debt issue's financing plan. The year-end fund balance of \$1,969,690 is available for meeting future debt service obligations.

#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

Revenue and other financing sources exceeded expenditures in the District's two nonmajor funds by a total of \$1,068,798 in fiscal 2023.

The Food Service Special Revenue Fund had an increase in fund balance of \$534,797, compared to an increase of \$931,878 planned in the budget, ending the year with a fund balance of \$4,655,237. Revenue for the year was \$7,854,690, a decrease \$1,716,746 from the prior year and \$198,706 under budget. Federal revenue decreased \$3,122,171 from the prior year, due to the District operating its child nutrition program as a Seamless Summer Option program in fiscal 2022, which provided federally-funded free meals to all school-aged children. This was partially offset by an increase of \$1,297,845 in meal sales, as the District returned to a more traditional child nutrition program model in fiscal 2023. Expenditures were \$199,650 over budget, mainly in personnel costs.

The June 30, 2023 fund balance of the Community Service Special Revenue Fund was \$3,374,489, an increase of \$534,001 from the prior year, compared to a budgeted increase of \$189,816. Revenue was \$600,349 higher than last year, mainly in program fees and improved investment earnings. Expenditures were \$1,371,462 higher than last year, mainly in salaries, benefits, and purchased services.

#### **Analysis of Internal Service Funds**

Internal service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and services provided by one department or agency of a government to other departments or agencies on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District maintains two internal service funds used to account for its self-insured dental and medical health insurance functions.

Operating revenues (charges assessed to the governmental funds) for the internal service funds for fiscal 2023 totaled \$21,159,025, which was an increase of \$1,421,835 from fiscal year 2022 operating revenues of \$19,737,190. Operating expenses totaled \$20,530,706, which represents a decrease of \$834,197 from the fiscal year 2022 operating expenditures of \$834,197, due to a decrease in medical claims.

The net position balance for all internal service funds as of June 30, 2023 was \$130,656, an increase of \$663,016 from the prior year.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Capital Assets**

Table 6 shows the District's capital assets, together with changes from the previous year. The table also shows the total depreciation and amortization expense for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Table 6 Capital Assets		
	2023	2022	Change
Land	\$ 1,218,930	\$ 1,218,930	\$ -
Construction in progress	9,507,107	4,318,239	5,188,868
Land improvements	10,768,822	9,556,492	1,212,330
Buildings	515,623,853	505,889,614	9,734,239
Furniture and equipment	38,328,686	35,700,390	2,628,296
Leases – buildings and improvements	9,725,807	6,131,555	3,594,252
Leases – equipment	457,272	425,591	31,681
Less accumulated			
depreciation/amortization	(281,378,861)	(259,415,808)	(21,963,053)
Total	\$ 304,251,616	\$ 303,825,003	\$ 426,613
Depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 22,178,584	\$ 21,686,615	\$ 491,969

By the end of 2023, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, and other equipment for various instructional programs (see Table 6).

The changes presented in the table above reflect the ongoing activity and completion of projects at district sites during fiscal year 2023, consistent with the activity of the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund discussed on the previous page.

The additions of lease assets and the increase in depreciation/amortization expense were impacted by the addition of a new lease for building space during the year.

The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year.

Additional details about capital assets can be found in Note 3 of the notes to basic financial statements.

#### **Long-Term Liabilities**

Table 7 illustrates the components of the District's long-term liabilities and changes from the prior year:

Table 7 Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities							
	2023	2022	Change				
General obligation bonds	\$ 188,495,000	\$ 185,135,000	\$ 3,360,000				
Certificates of participation	5,440,000	6,050,000	(610,000)				
Unamortized premiums	9,099,167	9,819,882	(720,715)				
Financed purchases	2,358,554	2,586,656	(228,102)				
Lease liabilities	8,893,597	5,801,349	3,092,248				
Compensated absences payable	1,543,847	1,473,197	70,650				
Severance benefits payable	1,529,845	2,435,482	(905,637)				
Net pension liability	141,084,621	75,931,999	65,152,622				
Total	\$ 358,444,631	\$ 289,233,565	\$ 69,211,066				

The increase in general obligation bonds is due to the issuance of general obligation facilities maintenance bonds during fiscal year 2023, offset by scheduled principal payments. The change in certificates of participation and financed purchases was due to the scheduled principal payments during the current year. The increase in lease liabilities is mainly due to a new lease for building space as previously discussed.

The difference in the net pension liability reflects the change in the District's proportionate share of the state-wide PERA and TRA pension plans.

The state limits the amount of general obligation debt the District can issue to 15 percent of the market value of all taxable property within the District's corporate limits (see Table 8):

Table 8 Limitations on	n Debt
District's market value Limit rate	\$ 13,629,682,300 15%
Legal debt limit	\$ 2,044,452,345

Additional details about the District's long-term liabilities activity can be found in Note 4 of the notes to basic financial statements.

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

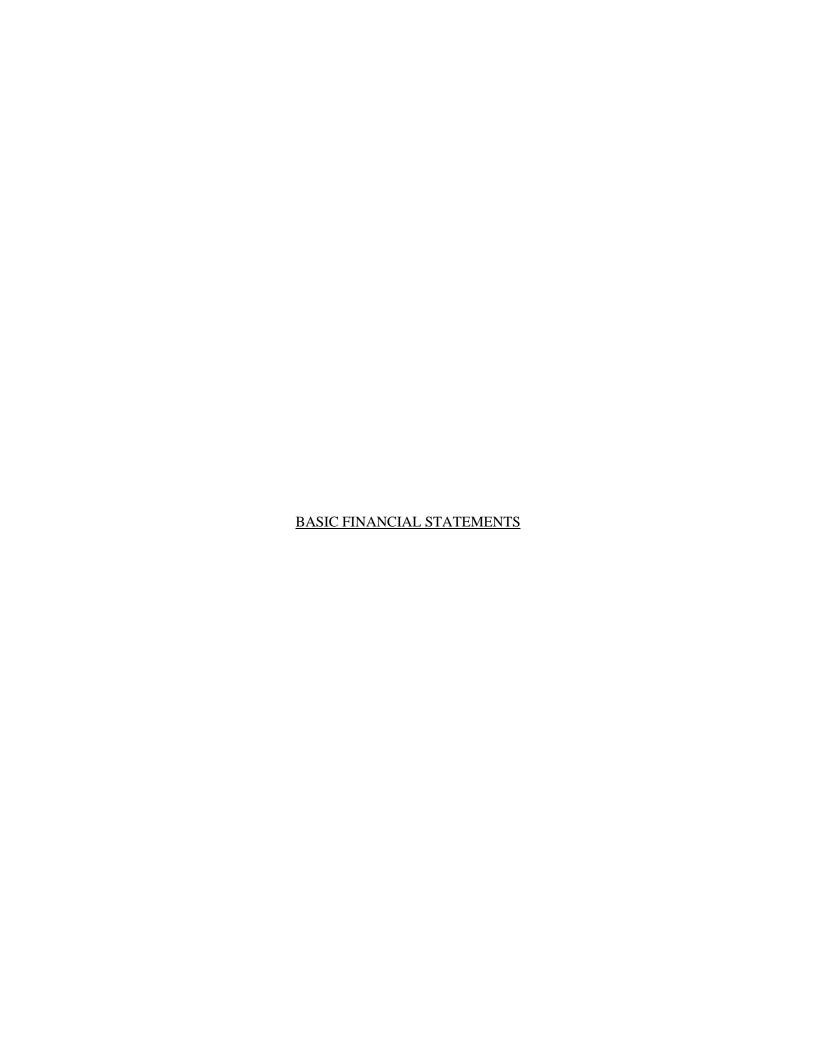
With the exception of the voter-approved operating referendum, the District is dependent on the state of Minnesota for a majority of its revenue authority.

The general education program is the method by which school districts receive the majority of their financial support. This source of funding is primarily state aid and, as such, school districts rely heavily on the state of Minnesota for educational resources. The Legislature has added \$275, or 4.00 percent, per pupil to the basic general education funding formula for fiscal year 2024, and an additional \$143, or 2.00 percent, per pupil to the formula for fiscal year 2025. The Legislature also increased special education cross-subsidy aid from 6.4 percent of the cross-subsidy to 44.0 percent.

The amount of funding a district receives is also dependent on the number of students it serves, meaning attracting and retaining students is critical to the District's financial well-being.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This ACFR is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this ACFR, or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Independent School District No. 281, 4148 Winnetka Avenue North, New Hope, Minnesota 55427.



# Statement of Net Position

as of June 30, 2023 (With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2022)

	Govern	nmental Activities
	2023	2022
Assets  Coch and temporary investments	\$ 56,845,99	97 \$ 64,115,809
Cash and temporary investments Receivables	\$ 30,843,95	97 \$ 64,115,809
Current taxes	35,812,91	14 33,371,830
Delinquent taxes	562,34	
Accounts and interest	640,23	
Due from other governmental units	25,805,56	
Due from post-employment benefits trust	945,79	
Inventory	367,29	, ,
Prepaid items	772,89	
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted	. , 2,0,	1,501,170
Cash and investments for capital projects	1,79	99 1,799
Net OPEB asset	5,521,11	
Capital assets	3,321,11	3,710,301
Not depreciated/amortized	10,726,03	5,537,169
Depreciated/amortized, net	293,525,57	
Total capital assets, net	304,251,61	
Total capital associo, nec		
Total assets	431,527,54	49 427,849,603
Deferred outflows of resources		
OPEB plan deferments	1,546,22	26 1,268,955
Pension plan deferments	41,256,54	, ,
Total deferred outflows of resources	42,802,77	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$ 474,330,32	21_ \$ 472,170,271_
Liabilities	Φ 1.570.00	00 0 1751 000
Salaries payable	\$ 1,579,88	
Accounts and contracts payable	12,399,34	
Accrued interest payable	2,945,43	
Due to other governmental units	423,54	
Unearned revenue	231,24	43 326,367
Long-term liabilities		
Due within one year	19,156,01	17 18,093,656
Due in more than one year	339,288,61	14 271,139,909
Total long-term liabilities	358,444,63	31 289,233,565
Total liabilities	376,024,08	305,617,228
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	68,757,23	34 63,296,440
OPEB plan deferments	1,187,62	
Pension plan deferments	29,506,19	
Total deferred inflows of resources	99,451,04	
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	102,505,70	04 111,931,629
Restricted for	102,303,70	,, 111,731,027
Capital asset acquisition	8,629,45	53 8,714,248
Food service	4,770,05	
Community service	3,352,06	
Other purposes (state funding restrictions)	2,356,26	
Unrestricted	(122,758,34	
Total net position	(1,144,80	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$ 474,330,32	
2 3 an interinces, deterred inflows of resources, and not position	Ψ +7+,550,52	Ψ Γ/2,1/0,2/1

# Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

			20	23		2022
					Net (Expense)	Net (Expense)
					Revenue and	Revenue and
					Changes in	Changes in
			Program	Revenues	Net Position	Net Position
				Operating		
		C	Charges for	Grants and	Governmental	Governmental
Functions/Programs	Expenses		Services	Contributions	Activities	Activities
Governmental activities						
Administration	\$ 6,341,329	\$	_	\$ -	\$ (6,341,329)	\$ (7,022,554)
District support services	7,642,191		140,096	_	(7,502,095)	(9,921,699)
Elementary and secondary						
regular instruction	64,957,769		565,398	3,495,432	(60,896,939)	(70,898,591)
Vocational education						
instruction	940,887		_	41,903	(898,984)	(1,201,729)
Special education instruction	24,573,782		868,063	19,988,152	(3,717,567)	(11,073,197)
Instructional support services	12,247,396		4,271	169,837	(12,073,288)	(12,117,578)
Pupil support services	23,397,500		60,795	297,319	(23,039,386)	(23,157,245)
Sites and buildings	44,587,236		29,300	_	(44,557,936)	(37,219,191)
Fiscal and other fixed						
cost programs	591,978		_	_	(591,978)	(506,401)
Food service	7,238,539		1,378,103	6,374,889	514,453	2,214,459
Community service	9,682,718		4,669,158	4,090,333	(923,227)	(74,425)
Interest and fiscal charges	5,490,978		_		(5,490,978)	(5,525,895)
Total governmental						
activities	\$ 207,692,303	\$	7,715,184	\$ 34,457,865	(165,519,254)	(176,504,046)
	General revenues					
	Taxes					
	Property taxes	, for	general purpo	ses	44,375,882	44,967,173
	Property taxes				2,197,606	2,145,322
	Property taxes		-		20,665,261	19,134,031
	General grants a				120,609,840	114,267,827
	Other general re				2,517,473	3,028,496
	Investment earn				1,541,370	(20,673)
	Total gene	ral re	evenues		191,907,432	183,522,176
	Change in	net p	oosition		26,388,178	7,018,130
	Net position – beg	ginnir	ng		(27,532,987)	(34,551,117)
	Net position – end	ling			\$ (1,144,809)	\$ (27,532,987)

# Balance Sheet Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2022)

	<u> </u>	eneral Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		Debt Service Fund	
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	20,966,784	\$	12,305,218	\$	13,081,164
Cash and investments held by trustee		_		1,799		_
Receivables						
Current taxes		23,884,200		_		11,058,980
Delinquent taxes		370,655		_		172,684
Accounts and interest		287,365		_		_
Due from other governmental units		24,150,813		_		90,006
Due from other funds		945,795		_		_
Inventory		281,592		_		_
Prepaid items		772,676				
Total assets	\$	71,659,880	\$	12,307,017	\$	24,402,834
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	1,304,312	\$	_	\$	_
Accounts and contracts payable		6,646,831		2,803,138		_
Due to other governmental units		423,042		_		_
Unearned revenue		460				_
Total liabilities		8,374,645		2,803,138		_
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		44,704,258		_		22,299,251
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		290,375				133,893
Total deferred inflows of resources		44,994,633		_		22,433,144
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		1,054,268		_		_
Restricted		9,857,244		9,503,879		1,969,690
Assigned		1,734,895		_		_
Unassigned		5,644,195		_		_
Total fund balances		18,290,602		9,503,879		1,969,690
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances	\$	71,659,880	\$	12,307,017	\$	24,402,834

		Total Governmental Funds				
No	nmajor Funds		2023		2022	
	·					
\$	7,900,286	\$	54,253,452	\$	62,537,972	
	_		1,799		1,799	
	869,734		35,812,914		33,371,830	
	19,001		562,340		560,421	
	352,868		640,233		452,174	
	1,564,742		25,805,561		16,774,833	
	_		945,795		1,055,343	
	85,699		367,291		417,697	
	217		772,893		1,364,190	
\$	10,792,547	\$	119,162,278	\$	116,536,259	
\$	275,570	\$	1,579,882	\$	1,751,032	
	487,485		9,937,454		8,644,747	
	504		423,546		715,647	
	230,783		231,243		326,367	
	994,342		12,172,125		11,437,793	
	1,753,725		68,757,234		63,296,440	
	14,754		439,022		386,944	
	1,768,479		69,196,256		63,683,384	
	85,916		1,140,184		1,781,887	
	7,943,810		29,274,623		30,518,244	
			1,734,895		6,960,051	
	_		5,644,195		2,154,900	
	8,029,726		37,793,897		41,415,082	
\$	10,792,547	\$	119,162,278	\$	116,536,259	



### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Total fund balances – governmental funds	\$ 37,793,897	\$ 41,415,082
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances		
because they do not represent financial resources.		
Cost of capital assets	585,630,477	563,240,811
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(281,378,861)	(259,415,808)
Long-term liabilities are included in net position, but are excluded from fund balances until due and payable.		
General obligation bonds	(188,495,000)	(185,135,000)
Certificates of participation	(5,440,000)	(6,050,000)
Unamortized premiums	(9,099,167)	(9,819,882)
Financed purchases	(2,358,554)	(2,586,656)
Lease liabilities	(8,893,597)	(5,801,349)
Compensated absences payable	(1,543,847)	(1,473,197)
Severance benefits payable	(1,529,845)	(2,435,482)
Net pension liability	(141,084,621)	(75,931,999)
Net OPEB obligations reported in the Statement of Net Position do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported as assets (liabilities) in	· · · ·	- 040 <b>-</b> 504
governmental funds until actually due.	5,521,110	5,910,504
Accrued interest payable is included in net position, but is excluded from fund balances until due and payable.	(2,945,437)	(2,835,673)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position.	130,656	(522, 260)
are included in the governmental activities in the statement of Net Position.	150,050	(532,360)
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	1,546,226	1,268,955
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	41,256,546	43,051,713
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	(1,187,623)	(1,564,052)
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(29,506,191)	(129,225,538)
Deferred inflows of resources – delinquent property taxes	439,022	386,944
Total net position – governmental activities	\$ (1,144,809)	\$ (27,532,987)

# Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

Revenue	General Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund
Local sources			
Property taxes	\$ 44,342,363	\$ -	\$ 20,647,914
Investment earnings (charges)	707,818	315,218	257,865
Other	4,081,261	2,612	_
State sources	119,997,787	_	901,555
Federal sources	23,032,904		
Total revenue	192,162,133	317,830	21,807,334
Expenditures			
Current			
Administration	7,691,838	_	_
District support services	7,268,857	_	_
Elementary and secondary regular instruction	84,854,890	_	_
Vocational education instruction	1,283,188	_	_
Special education instruction	31,317,678	_	
Instructional support services	14,921,721	_	_
Pupil support services	25,083,239	_	_
Sites and buildings	17,565,351	_	_
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	591,978	_	_
Food service	_	_	_
Community service	_	_	_
Capital outlay	6,498,394	21,512,611	_
Debt service			
Principal	977,318	_	15,310,000
Interest and fiscal charges	294,284	192,063	6,571,058
Total expenditures	198,348,736	21,704,674	21,881,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenditures	(6,186,603)	(21,386,844)	(73,724)
Other financing sources			
Bonds and certificates of participation issued	_	18,060,000	_
Premiums on debt issued	_	953,826	1,650
Leases issued	3,841,464	_	_
Sale of assets	28,295	_	_
Insurance recovery	71,953		
Total other financing sources	3,941,712	19,013,826	1,650
Net change in fund balances	(2,244,891)	(2,373,018)	(72,074)
Fund balances			
Beginning of year	20,535,493	11,876,897	2,041,764
End of year	\$ 18,290,602	\$ 9,503,879	\$ 1,969,690

		Total Governmental Funds			Funds
Nonma	jor Funds		2023		2022
•					
\$	2,196,394	\$	67,186,671	\$	66,227,824
	225,772		1,506,673		(22,034)
	6,047,261		10,131,134		8,503,152
	3,357,430		124,256,772		125,044,334
	7,107,792		30,140,696		27,494,826
1	8,934,649		233,221,946		227,248,102
	_		7,691,838		7,527,435
	_		7,268,857		7,889,919
	_		84,854,890		79,668,997
	_		1,283,188		1,342,465
	_		31,317,678		31,954,641
	_		14,921,721		12,700,529
	_		25,083,239		24,573,092
	_		17,565,351		16,026,078
	_		591,978		506,401
	7,183,795		7,183,795		7,510,452
	0,300,264		10,300,264		9,095,991
	383,067		28,394,072		17,309,064
	303,007		20,374,072		17,502,004
	_		16,287,318		15,422,770
	_		7,057,405		7,094,079
1	7,867,126		259,801,594		238,621,913
	1.065.500		(06.550.640)		(11.072.011)
	1,067,523		(26,579,648)		(11,373,811)
	_		18,060,000		21,200,000
	_		955,476		2,338,794
	_		3,841,464		105,668
	1,275		29,570		71,020
	_		71,953		9,413
	1,275		22,958,463		23,724,895
			_		_
	1,068,798		(3,621,185)		12,351,084
	6,960,928		41,415,082		29,063,998
	,		7 - 7		. , ,
\$	8,029,726	\$	37,793,897	\$	41,415,082



#### Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Total net change in fund balances – governmental funds	\$ (3,621,185)	\$ 12,351,084
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are recorded in net position and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense. However, fund balances are reduced for the full cost of capital outlays at the time of purchase.		
Capital outlays	22,605,197	13,913,492
Depreciation/amortization expense	(22,178,584)	(21,686,615)
The amount of debt issued is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. Debt obligations are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities.		
General obligation bonds and certificates of participation	(18,060,000)	(21,200,000)
Lease liabilities	(3,841,464)	(105,668)
Repayment of long-term debt does not affect the change in net position. However, it reduces fund balances.		
General obligation bonds and certificates of participation	15,310,000	14,445,000
Financed purchases	228,102	221,973
Lease liabilities	749,216	755,797
Certain expenses are included in the change in net position, but do not require the use of current funds, and are not included in the change in fund balances.		
Compensated absences payable	(70,650)	88,084
Severance benefits payable	905,637	762,831
Net pension liability	(65,152,622)	51,700,322
Net OPEB obligations reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and are not reported until actually due.	(389,394)	(2,622,387)
Interest on long-term debt is included in the change in net position as it accrues, regardless of when payment is due. However, it is included in the change in fund balances when due.	(109,764)	(33,984)
Debt issuance premiums or discounts are included in the change in net position as they are amortized over the life of the debt. However, they are included in the change in fund balances upon issuance as other financing sources and uses.	720,715	(736,626)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities to individual funds. The change in net position of the internal service funds is included in the governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.	663,016	(1,626,352)
The recognition of certain revenues and expenses/expenditures differ between the full accrual governmental activities financial statements and the modified accrual governmental fund financial statements.		
Deferred outflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	277,271	1,268,955
Deferred outflows of resources – pension plan deferments	(1,795,167)	(8,834,313)
Deferred inflows of resources – OPEB plan deferments	376,429	1,704,298
Deferred inflows of resources – pension plan deferments	99,719,347	(33,366,463)
Deferred inflows of resources – delinquent property taxes	52,078	18,702
Change in net position – governmental activities	\$ 26,388,178	\$ 7,018,130



# Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted	Amounts		Over (Under)	
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget	
Revenue					
Local sources	h 12 72 - 27 -	<b>.</b>	<b>.</b>	4 400 00 7	
Property taxes	\$ 43,526,356	\$ 44,213,068	\$ 44,342,363	\$ 129,295	
Investment earnings	200,000	75,000	707,818	632,818	
Other	1,579,105	4,536,267	4,081,261	(455,006)	
State sources	123,252,199	123,185,809	119,997,787	(3,188,022)	
Federal sources	17,137,410	17,151,204	23,032,904	5,881,700	
Total revenue	185,695,070	189,161,348	192,162,133	3,000,785	
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration	7,411,138	7,681,831	7,691,838	10,007	
District support services	11,268,059	9,114,660	7,268,857	(1,845,803)	
Elementary and secondary regular					
instruction	80,085,802	80,710,981	84,854,890	4,143,909	
Vocational education instruction	1,478,551	1,199,732	1,283,188	83,456	
Special education instruction	35,348,577	32,197,268	31,317,678	(879,590)	
Instructional support services	15,005,892	14,740,361	14,921,721	181,360	
Pupil support services	19,746,327	21,533,873	25,083,239	3,549,366	
Sites and buildings	15,655,181	13,516,431	17,565,351	4,048,920	
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	_	495,000	591,978	96,978	
Capital outlay	4,473,159	5,247,218	6,498,394	1,251,176	
Debt service					
Principal	228,102	1,600,000	977,318	(622,682)	
Interest and fiscal charges	69,482	620,000	294,284	(325,716)	
Total expenditures	190,770,270	188,657,355	198,348,736	9,691,381	
Excess (deficiency) of revenue					
over expenditures	(5,075,200)	503,993	(6,186,603)	(6,690,596)	
Other financing sources					
Lease issued	_	_	3,841,464	3,841,464	
Sale of assets	_	_	28,295	28,295	
Insurance recovery	_	20,000	71,953	51,953	
Total other financing sources		20,000	3,941,712	3,921,712	
Net change in fund balances	\$ (5,075,200)	\$ 523,993	(2,244,891)	\$ (2,768,884)	
Fund balances					
Beginning of year			20,535,493		
End of year			\$ 18,290,602		

# Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds as of June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information as of June 30, 2022)

	 2023	2022		
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 2,592,545	\$	1,577,837	
Liabilities				
Current liabilities				
Claims payable	 2,461,889		2,110,197	
Net position				
Unrestricted	\$ 130,656	\$	(532,360)	

# Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Operating revenue Charges for services Contributions from governmental funds	\$ 21,159,025	\$ 19,737,190
Operating expenses Dental benefit claims	1,302,617	1,384,785
Health benefit claims	19,228,089	19,980,118
Total operating expenses	20,530,706	21,364,903
Operating income (loss)	628,319	(1,627,713)
Nonoperating revenue		
Investment earnings	34,697	1,361
Change in net position	663,016	(1,626,352)
Net position		
Beginning of year	(532,360)	1,093,992
End of year	\$ 130,656	\$ (532,360)

# Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Partial Comparative Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	2023	2022
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payments for dental claims Payments for health claims Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 21,159,025 (1,321,303) (18,857,711) 980,011	\$ 19,771,286 (1,367,063) (19,523,393) (1,119,170)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income received	34,697	1,361
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	1,014,708	(1,117,809)
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year	1,577,837	2,695,646
End of year	\$ 2,592,545	\$ 1,577,837
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities  Changes in assets and liabilities	\$ 628,319	\$ (1,627,713)
Prepaid items	_	34,096
Claims payable	351,692	474,447
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ 980,011	\$ (1,119,170)

# Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund as of June 30, 2023

	Employee Benefit Trust Fund			
Assets				
Investments				
Mutual funds	\$	13,958,513		
Liabilities				
Due to other funds		945,795		
Net position Held in trust for employee benefits	\$	13,012,718		

# Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Employee Benefit Trust Fund	
Additions		
Investment earnings	\$ 551,012	
Less investment expense	(40,123)	
Net investment earnings	 510,889	
Deductions		
Retirement benefits	 945,795	
Change in net position	(434,906)	
Net position		
Beginning of year	 13,447,624	
End of year	\$ 13,012,718	



Notes to Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2023

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### A. Organization

Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools (the District) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The District, located in Hennepin County, serves pre-kindergarten through Grade 12 students in all or parts of the cities of Brooklyn Center, Brooklyn Park, Crystal, Golden Valley, New Hope, Plymouth, and Robbinsdale. The District is governed by a seven-member School Board elected by voters of the District to serve four-year terms. The District's financial statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### **B.** Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit includes whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit's governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial benefit or burden with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit. Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

#### C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary funds. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Depreciation and amortization are included as direct expenses in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

#### **D.** Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- 1. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenue, including property taxes, to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to funding formulas established by Minnesota Statutes. Food service sales, community education tuition, and other miscellaneous revenues (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Proceeds of long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.
- **2. Recording of Expenditures** Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt and other long-term liabilities, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as capital outlay expenditures in the governmental funds.

Internal service funds are presented in the proprietary fund financial statements, which are reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus as described earlier in these notes. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, the internal service funds are consolidated into the governmental column when presented in the government-wide financial statements. The cost of these services is reported in the appropriate functional activity.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenue of the District's internal service funds are charges to customers (other district funds) for services. Operating expenses for the internal service funds include the cost of providing the services. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type. Fiduciary funds are also reported using the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus. Since, by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

#### **Description of Funds**

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. Descriptions of the funds included in this report are as follows:

#### **Major Governmental Funds**

**General Fund** – The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund** – This fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities authorized by bond issue or under the long-term facilities maintenance program.

**Debt Service Fund** – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs. The other post-employment benefits (OPEB) debt service account is used for OPEB bond issues. The regular debt service account is used for all other general obligation bonds debt service.

#### **Nonmajor Governmental Funds**

**Food Service Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for the District's child nutrition program.

**Community Service Special Revenue Fund** – This fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, or other similar services.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

**Internal Service Funds** — Internal service funds account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments or agencies of the government, or to other governments, on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District's internal service funds are used to account for dental insurance and health insurance offered to district employees as self-insured plans.

#### **Fiduciary Fund**

**Employee Benefit Trust Fund** – This fund is used to administer assets held in an irrevocable trust to fund post-employment benefits for eligible employees.

#### E. Budgetary Information

The School Board adopts annual budgets for all governmental funds, prepared on the same basis of accounting as the financial statements. Legal budgetary control, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations, is at the fund level. Budgeted expenditure appropriations lapse at year-end.

Total fund expenditures in excess of the budget require approval of the School Board. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at line-item levels. Actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted appropriations by \$9,691,381 in the General Fund, \$199,650 in the Food Service Special Revenue Fund, \$78,294 in the Community Service Special Revenue Fund, and \$22,000 in the Debt Service Fund. These variances were financed with revenue or other financing sources in excess of budget, along with available fund balances.

#### F. Cash and Temporary Investments

Cash and temporary investments include balances from all funds that are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by state law. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund. The investment of debt proceeds in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund and fiduciary fund investments are not pooled, and earnings on these assets are allocated directly to the respective funds.

Cash and investments held by trustee reported in the Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund represent assets held in escrow accounts for future capital projects in accordance with applicable debt provisions. In the government-wide financial statements, these accounts are reported as restricted assets.

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity from the time of purchase by the District of three months or less to be cash equivalents. The proprietary fund's equity in the government-wide cash and investment management pool is considered to be cash equivalent.

Investments are generally stated at fair value, except for certain external investment pools, which are stated at amortized cost. Short-term, highly liquid debt instruments (including commercial paper, bankers' acceptance, and U.S. treasury and agency obligations) purchased with a remaining maturity of one year or less may also be reported at amortized cost. Investment income is accrued at the Balance Sheet date.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Debt securities classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices.

See Note 2 for the District's recurring fair value measurements as of year-end.

#### G. Receivables

When necessary, the District utilizes an allowance for uncollectible accounts to value its receivables. However, the District considers all of its current receivables to be collectible. The only receivables not expected to be fully collected within one year are property taxes receivable.

Amounts due from other governmental units at year-end consist of the following:

Due from the MDE	\$ 8,429,712
Due from federal government agencies	16,401,474
Due from other Minnesota school districts	353,674
Due from Hennepin County and others	620,701
	 _
Total	\$ 25,805,561

#### H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, heating fuel, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Purchased food, supplies, and heating fuel are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

#### I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses at the time of consumption.

#### J. Property Taxes

The majority of the District's revenue in the General Fund is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Minnesota Legislature based on education funding priorities. Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the "tax shift," which periodically changes the District's recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year's levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. Currently, the mandated tax shift recognizes \$3,455,680 of the property tax levy collectible in 2023 as revenue in fiscal 2022–2023. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2023 is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified by the county auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county generally remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources (unavailable revenue) in the fund financial statements, because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year.

#### **K.** Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Lease assets are recorded based on the measurement of payments applicable to the lease term. The District defines capital assets as those with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more, which benefit more than one fiscal year. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks or parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements, but not in the governmental fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since assets are generally sold for an immaterial amount or scrapped when declared as no longer fit or needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation/amortization purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 20 years for furniture and equipment. Lease assets are amortized over the term of the lease or over the useful life of the applicable asset class previously described, if future ownership is anticipated. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated/amortized.

#### L. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, statements of financial position or balance sheets will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a consumption or acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) or an inflow of financial resources (revenue) until then.

The District reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. These deferred outflows and inflows result from differences between expected and actual economic experience, changes in proportion, changes of assumptions, differences between projected and actual earnings on pension and OPEB Plan investments, and contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the reporting period. These amounts are deferred and amortized as required under pension and OPEB standards.

Property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represents property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied, and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available.

Unavailable revenue from property taxes arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the governmental funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available.

#### M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. If material, bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period as other financing sources or uses, respectively. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources.

#### N. Compensated Absences

Under the terms of collectively bargained contracts, eligible employees accrue vacation and sick leave at varying rates as specified by contract, portions of which may be carried over to future years. Employees are reimbursed for any unused, accrued vacation upon termination. Unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance benefits for some employees upon termination. Compensated absences are accrued in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent they have been used or otherwise matured prior to year-end. Unused vacation is accrued as it is earned in the government-wide financial statements.

#### O. Severance Benefits Payable

The District provides lump sum severance benefits to certain eligible employee groups in accordance with provisions in collectively bargained contracts. Eligibility for these benefits is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. The amount of the severance or retirement benefit is calculated by converting a portion of unused accumulated sick leave. No individual can receive severance benefits in excess of one year's salary. Severance payable and the District's share of related benefits are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements as it is earned and it becomes probable that it will vest at some point in the future. Severance pay is accrued in the governmental fund financial statements when the liability matures, due to employee termination.

#### P. State-Wide Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from the PERA's and the TRA's fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the PERA and the TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The direct aid is a result of the merger of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association into the TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the state of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association in 2015.

#### Q. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) Plan

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset or liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's OPEB Plan and additions to/deductions from the District's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for external investment pools or certain investments that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at amortized cost.

#### R. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts or disclosures in the financial statements. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### S. Risk Management and Self-Insurance

1. General Insurance – The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation. The District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal 2023.

2. Self-Insurance – The District has established two internal service funds to account for and finance its uninsured risk of loss for respective employee dental and health insurance plans. The plans provide coverage to participating employees and their dependents for various dental and healthcare costs as described in the plans. The District makes premium payments to the internal service funds on behalf of program participants based on provisional rates determined by insurance company estimates of monthly claims paid for each coverage class, plus the stop-loss health insurance premium costs and administrative service charges.

District claim liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an estimate for claims that have been incurred, but not reported. Because actual claim liabilities depend on complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing a claim liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claim liabilities are evaluated periodically to consider recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors.

Changes in the balance of dental claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

	В	eginning	(	Claims and				
Fiscal Year	o	f Fiscal		Changes			Ba	alance at
Ended June 30,	Yea	r Liability	in Estimates		in Estimates Claim Payments		Fiscal Year-En	
2022	\$	24,850	\$	1,384,785	\$	1,367,063	\$	42,572
2023	\$	42,572	\$	1,302,617	\$	1,321,303	\$	23,886

Changes in the balance of health insurance claim liabilities for the last two years were as follows:

	]	Beginning	(	Claims and					
Fiscal Year		of Fiscal		Changes			]	Balance at	
Ended June 30,	Ye	ear Liability	in Estimates		Cla	Claim Payments		Fiscal Year-End	
2022	\$	1,610,900	\$	19,980,118	\$	19,523,393	\$	2,067,625	
2023	\$	2,067,625	\$	19,228,089	\$	18,857,711	\$	2,438,003	

#### T. Net Position

In the government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements, net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position is displayed in three components:

- **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, reduced by any outstanding debt attributable to acquire capital assets.
- Restricted Consists of net position restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments.
- **Unrestricted** All other net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available.

#### **U. Fund Balance Classifications**

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balances in classifications that disclose constraints for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications are as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Consists of amounts that are not in spendable form, such as prepaid items, inventory, and other long-term assets.
- **Restricted** Consists of amounts related to externally imposed constraints established by creditors, grantors, or contributors; or constraints imposed by state statutory provisions.
- Committed Consists of internally imposed constraints that are established by resolution of the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.
- Assigned Consists of internally imposed constraints. These constraints consist of amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In the governmental funds, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the governing body itself or by an official to which the governing body delegates the authority. Pursuant to School Board resolution, the District's superintendent or designee is authorized to establish assignments of fund balance.
- **Unassigned** The residual classification for the General Fund, which also reflects negative residual amounts in other funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to first use restricted resources, and then use unrestricted resources as they are needed.

When committed, assigned, or unassigned resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use resources in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

#### V. Prior Period Comparative Financial Information/Reclassification

The basic financial statements include certain prior year partial comparative information in total, but not at the level of detail required for a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements for the prior year, from which the summarized information was derived. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.

#### **NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS**

#### A. Components of Cash and Investments

Cash and investments at year-end consist of the following:

Deposits Investments	\$ 14,279,408 56,526,901
Total	\$ 70,806,309
Cash and investments are presented in the financial statements as follows:	
Statement of Net Position	
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 56,845,997
Restricted assets – temporarily restricted – cash and investments	
for capital projects	1,799
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	
Investments – Employee Benefit Trust Fund	13,958,513

#### **B.** Deposits

Total

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the School Board, including checking accounts, savings accounts, and nonnegotiable certificates of deposit.

70,806,309

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

**Custodial Credit Risk** – In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110 percent of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral. The District's deposit policies do not further limit depository choices.

At year-end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$14,279,408, while the balance on the bank records was \$18,479,656. At June 30, 2023, all of these deposits were fully covered by federal deposit insurance or by collateral held by the District's agent in the District's name.

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### C. Investments

The District has the following investments at year-end:

					Interest R	ate	Risk –	
			Fair Value	N	<b>I</b> aturity Dura	atio	n in Years	
	Cred	it Risk	Measurements	No	Maturity			
Investment Type	Rating	Agency	Using		Date	I	ess Than 1	Total
MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio	AAA	S&P	Amortized Cost	\$ 3	5,604,285	\$	_	\$ 35,604,285
MNTrust Term Series	Not	Rated	Amortized Cost	\$	_	\$	4,000,000	4,000,000
Mutual funds	AAA	S&P	Level 1	\$	31,283	\$	_	31,283
Mutual funds	Not	Rated	Level 1	\$ 1	3,927,770	\$	_	13,927,770
U.S. Treasuries	Not Ap	plicable	Level 2	\$	_	\$	2,963,563	2,963,563
Total investments								\$ 56,526,901

The MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio and MNTrust Term Series are external investment pools regulated by Minnesota Statutes not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The District's investments in these investment pools are measured at the net asset value per share provided by the pools, which are based on amortized cost methods that approximate fair value. There are no restrictions or limitations on withdrawals from the MNTrust Investment Shares Portfolio. MNTrust Term Series are intended to be held until maturity; a participant's withdrawal prior to maturity will require 7-days' notice of redemption and will likely carry a penalty, which could be substantial in that it would be intended to allow the Term Series to recoup any associated penalties, charges, losses, or other costs associated with the early redemption of the investments therein.

#### NOTE 2 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Investments are subject to various risks, the following of which are considered the most significant:

Custodial Credit Risk – For investments, this is the risk that in the event of a failure of the counterparty to an investment transaction (typically a broker-dealer) the District would not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Although the District's investment policies do not directly address custodial credit risk, it typically limits its exposure by purchasing insured or registered investments, or by the control of who holds the securities.

Credit Risk – This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. Minnesota Statutes limit the District's investments to direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies; shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 that receive the highest credit rating, are rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of 13 months or less; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; general obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better; bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System; commercial paper issued by United States corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, rated of the highest quality category by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less; Guaranteed Investment Contracts guaranteed by a United States commercial bank, domestic branch of a foreign bank, or a United States insurance company, and with a credit quality in one of the top two highest categories; repurchase or reverse purchase agreements and securities lending agreements with financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000; that are a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York; or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

For assets held in the District's irrevocable OPEB (Post-Employment Benefits) trust account, the investment options available are expanded to include the investment types specified in Minnesota Statutes § 356A.06, Subd. 7. The District's investment policies do not further restrict investing in specific financial instruments.

**Interest Rate Risk** – This is the risk of potential variability in the fair value of fixed rate investments resulting from changes in interest rates (the longer the period for which an interest rate is fixed, the greater the risk). The District's investment policies do not limit the maturities of investments; however, when purchasing investments, the District considers such things as interest rates and cash flow needs.

**Concentration Risk** – This is the risk associated with investing a significant portion of the District's investments (considered 5.0 percent or more) in the securities of a single issuer, excluding U.S. guaranteed investments (such as treasuries), investment pools, and mutual funds. The District's investment policies do not address concentration risk.

# NOTE 3 – CAPITAL ASSETS

# Capital assets activity for the year is as follows:

	Balance –				
	Beginning			Completed	Balance –
	of Year	Additions	Deletions	Construction	End of Year
Capital assets, not depreciated/amortized					
Land	\$ 1,218,930	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,218,930
Construction in progress	4,318,239	15,730,751		(10,541,883)	9,507,107
Total capital assets not depreciated/amortized	5,537,169	15,730,751		(10,541,883)	10,726,037
Capital assets, depreciated/amortized					
Land improvements	9,556,492	394,359	_	817,971	10,768,822
Buildings	505,889,614	10,327	_	9,723,912	515,623,853
Furniture and equipment	35,700,390	2,628,296	_	_	38,328,686
Leases – buildings and improvements	6,131,555	3,807,083	(212,831)	_	9,725,807
Leases – equipment	425,591	34,381	(2,700)	_	457,272
Total capital assets, depreciated/amortized	557,703,642	6,874,446	(215,531)	10,541,883	574,904,440
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for					
Land improvements	(6,120,790)	(324,899)	_	_	(6,445,689)
Buildings	(224,859,472)	(18,838,507)	_	_	(243,697,979)
Furniture and equipment	(27,671,127)	(2,018,544)	_	_	(29,689,671)
Leases – buildings and improvements	(644,481)	(817,469)	212,831	_	(1,249,119)
Leases – equipment	(119,938)	(179,165)	2,700	_	(296,403)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(259,415,808)	(22,178,584)	215,531		(281,378,861)
Net capital assets, depreciated/amortized	298,287,834	(15,304,138)		10,541,883	293,525,579
Total capital assets, net	\$ 303,825,003	\$ 426,613	\$ _	\$ -	\$ 304,251,616

# Depreciation/amortization expense for the year was charged to the following governmental functions:

Administration	\$	1,095
District support services		274,254
Elementary and secondary regular instruction		12,332
Vocational education instruction		572
Special education instruction		1,242
Sites and buildings		21,882,590
Food service		1,485
Community service		5,014
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 2	22,178,584

#### **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

#### A. General Obligation Bonds Payable

The District currently has the following general obligation bonds payable outstanding:

Issue	Issue Date	Interest Rate	Fa	ce/Par Value	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding
2014 Alternative Facilities Bond	05/01/2014	3.00%	\$	13,425,000	02/01/2026	\$ 13,325,000
2014 Refunding Bonds	11/20/2014	2.00%-5.00%	\$	9,640,000	02/01/2024	1,290,000
2015 Alternative Facilities Bonds	08/25/2015	3.00%-4.00%	\$	17,100,000	02/01/2024	17,100,000
2016 Capital Facilities Bonds	03/10/2016	2.00%-4.00%	\$	9,235,000	02/01/2028	7,645,000
1	06/01/2016	2.00%-5.00%	\$	7,080,000	02/01/2031	, ,
2016 Refunding Bonds						3,240,000
2016 Facilities Maintenance Bonds	06/01/2016	2.00%-3.00%	\$	40,800,000	02/01/2032	40,800,000
2017 Alternative Facilities Refunding Bonds	05/24/2017	2.00%-5.00%	\$	12,170,000	02/01/2029	6,875,000
2018 Facilities Maintenance Bonds	05/30/2018	3.00%-5.00%	\$	14,200,000	02/01/2031	13,015,000
2018 Taxable OPEB Refunding Bonds	11/06/2018	3.00%-3.30%	\$	9,910,000	02/01/2025	4,165,000
2019 Refunding Bonds	11/21/2019	5.00%	\$	10,330,000	02/01/2024	2,805,000
2019 Facilities Maintenance Bonds	12/19/2019	3.00%-5.00%	\$	16,605,000	02/01/2040	15,350,000
2020 Facilities Maintenance Bonds	11/19/2020	2.00%-4.00%	\$	16,760,000	02/01/2041	16,160,000
2020 Alternative Facilities Refunding Bonds	11/19/2020	2.00%-5.00%	\$	13,270,000	02/01/2032	7,515,000
2021 Alternative Facilities Bonds	10/21/2021	2.00%-5.00%	\$	21,200,000	02/01/2042	21,150,000
2022 Facilities Maintenance Bonds	10/27/2022	4.25%-5.00%	\$	18,060,000	02/01/2040	18,060,000
Total general obligation bonds payable						\$ 188,495,000

These bonds were issued to finance acquisition and/or construction of capital facilities, to finance the retirement (refunding) of prior bond issues, or pay OPEB liabilities. Assets of the Debt Service Fund, together with scheduled future ad valorem tax levies, are dedicated for the retirement of these bonds. The annual future debt service levies authorized are equal to 105 percent of the principal and interest due each year, and are subject to reduction if fund balance amounts exceed limitations imposed by Minnesota law.

#### **B.** Certificates of Participation Payable

On July 19, 2016, the District sold \$9,535,000 of certificates of participation to finance the construction of additions to several elementary sites and one middle school site. The certificates bear interest rates ranging from 2.00–4.00 percent, with a final maturity of April 1, 2031. Scheduled future ad valorem lease obligation tax levies will be made to finance the retirement of principal and interest payments on the certificates.

#### C. Financed Purchases

The District has entered into two agreements to finance the construction of an addition to Pilgrim Lane Elementary School and the construction of two additions to the School of Engineering and Arts (SEA). If the District fails to make the payments specified in these agreements or otherwise defaults on the agreement, the lender may 1) enter the property and take possession without terminating the agreement, holding the District responsible for the difference in the net income derived from such possession and the payments due under this agreement, 2) exclude the District from possession of the property and attempt to sell or lease the property, holding the District responsible for the payments due under this agreement until the property is sold or leased, or 3) take legal action to force performance under the terms of the agreement. These liabilities are being paid from the General Fund.

## **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

At year-end, the District has the following financed purchases outstanding:

Financed Purchases Description	Interest Rate	Lease Date	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding
Pilgrim Lane addition SEA School addition	2.49% 3.04%	10/27/2026 06/01/2017	02/01/2032 02/01/2032	\$ 1,258,429 1,100,125
Total financed purchases				\$ 2,358,554

## D. Lease Liabilities

The District has obtained the use of certain building space and equipment (copiers) through lease financing agreements. The total amount of underlying leases assets by major class and the related accumulated amortization is presented in Note 3 to the basic financial statements. Annual principal and interest on these agreements will be paid from the General Fund. The agreements are secured by the original property. The lessors generally may also repossess the property and seek full recovery of any losses upon default. The District currently has the following lease liabilities outstanding:

Lease Description	Interest Rate	Lease Date	Final Maturity	Principal Outstanding
5420-5440 Highway 169 North space lease	2.95%	04/01/2023	05/31/2033	\$ 3,731,692
Crystal Learning Center space lease	3.72%	09/06/2016	09/30/2031	5,003,341
Copiers	3.22%	Various	Various	158,564
Total lease liabilities				\$ 8,893,597

## E. Other Long-Term Liabilities

The District offers a number of benefits to its employees, including: compensated absences, severance benefits, pension benefits, and OPEB. The details of these various benefit liabilities are discussed elsewhere in these notes. Such benefits are paid primarily from the General Fund and special revenue funds.

District employees participate in two state-wide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The following is a summary of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows and inflows of resources, and pension expense reported for these plans as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023:

Pension Plans	Net Pension Liabilities	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows f Resources	Pension Expense
PERA TRA	\$ 30,373,327 110,711,294	\$	10,007,651 31,248,895	\$	933,843 28,572,348	\$ 3,376,526 (25,154,141)
Total	\$ 141,084,621	\$	41,256,546	\$	29,506,191	\$ (21,777,615)

# **NOTE 4 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)**

# F. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	Balance – Beginning			Balance – End	Due Within	
	of Year	Additions	Retirements	of Year	One Year	
General obligation bonds	\$ 185,135,000	\$ 18,060,000	\$ 14,700,000	\$ 188,495,000	\$ 15,560,000	
Certificates of participation	6,050,000	_	610,000	5,440,000	620,000	
Unamortized premiums	9,819,882	955,476	1,676,191	9,099,167	_	
Financed purchases	2,586,656	-	228,102	2,358,554	234,401	
Lease liabilities	5,801,349	3,841,464	749,216	8,893,597	828,986	
Compensated absences payable	1,473,197	1,543,847	1,473,197	1,543,847	1,543,847	
Severance benefits payable	2,435,482	1,176,626	2,082,263	1,529,845	368,783	
Net pension liability	75,931,999	74,526,519	9,373,897	141,084,621		
	\$ 289,233,565	\$ 100,103,932	\$ 30,892,866	\$ 358,444,631	\$ 19,156,017	

# **G.** Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments to maturity for general obligation bonds, certificates of participation, financed purchases, and lease liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending	General Obli	gation Bonds	Certificates of Participation		Financed Purchases				Lease Liabilities			ities																																					
June 30,	Principal	Interest		Principal	Interest	Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal		Principal			Interest		Principal		Interest
•	-			_			_				_																																						
2024	\$ 15,560,000	\$ 6,636,436	\$	620,000	\$ 131,056	\$	234,401	\$	63,182	\$	828,986	\$	311,082																																				
2025	16,520,000	5,715,069		645,000	106,256		240,876		56,707		844,963		280,147																																				
2026	17,150,000	5,126,369		660,000	93,356		247,532		50,051		889,872		248,638																																				
2027	16,080,000	4,541,669		675,000	80,157		254,374		43,209		930,976		215,359																																				
2028	16,635,000	3,994,069		685,000	66,656		261,406		36,177		977,577		181,051																																				
2029-2033	68,385,000	11,448,500		2,155,000	105,950		1,119,965		70,368		4,421,223		347,504																																				
2034-2038	23,880,000	4,221,222		_	_		_		_		_		_																																				
2039-2042	14,285,000	756,837					_																																										
	\$188,495,000	\$ 42,440,171	\$	5,440,000	\$ 583,431	\$	2,358,554	\$	319,694	\$	8,893,597	\$	1,583,781																																				

## **NOTE 5 – FUND BALANCES**

The following is a breakdown of equity components of governmental funds, which are defined earlier in the report. When applicable, certain restrictions with an accumulated deficit balance at June 30 are included in unassigned fund balance in the District's financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. A description of these deficit balance restrictions is included herein since the District has specific authority to future resources for such deficits.

A summary of the District's governmental fund balance classifications at year-end are as follows:

	General Fund	ı	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund		ebt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
	General Fund	<u>-</u>	Tulid		Tund	Tulius	Total
Nonspendable							
Inventory	\$ 281,59	2	\$ -	\$	_	\$ 85,699	\$ 367,291
Prepaid items	772,67	6	_		_	217	772,893
Total nonspendable	1,054,26	8	_		-	85,916	1,140,184
Restricted							
Student activities	105,94	8	_		_	_	105,948
Scholarships	472,84	7	_		_	_	472,847
Capital projects levy	4,696,69	2	_		_	_	4,696,692
Operating capital	2,277,54	3	_		_	_	2,277,543
Area learning center	798,56	0	_		_	_	798,560
Achievement and integration	395,69	6	_		_	_	395,696
Safe schools levy	43,61	8	_		_	_	43,618
Medical Assistance	539,59	5	_		_	_	539,595
Long-term facilities maintenance	526,74	5	9,364,127		_	_	9,890,872
Capital projects		_	139,752		_	_	139,752
Food service		_	_		_	4,569,321	4,569,321
Community education programs		_	_		_	2,266,290	2,266,290
Early childhood family							
education programs		_	_		_	453,920	453,920
School readiness		_	_		_	256,911	256,911
Adult basic education		_	_		_	386,935	386,935
Community service		_	_		_	10,433	10,433
Debt service		_			1,969,690	_	1,969,690
Total restricted	9,857,24	4	9,503,879		1,969,690	7,943,810	29,274,623
Assigned							
Building carryover	646,62	6	_		_	_	646,626
LCTS program	775,50	8	_		_	_	775,508
Telecom	246,64	8	_		_	_	246,648
Q Comp	66,11	3	_		_	_	66,113
Total assigned	1,734,89	5	_		_	_	1,734,895
Unassigned	5,644,19	5				 	 5,644,195
Total	\$ 18,290,60	2	\$ 9,503,879	\$	1,969,690	\$ 8,029,726	\$ 37,793,897

## **Minimum Unassigned Fund Balance Policy**

The School Board has formally adopted a fund balance policy regarding the minimum unassigned fund balance for the General Fund. The policy establishes the District will strive to maintain a minimum unassigned General Fund balance of 6.5 percent of the annual projected expenditures. At June 30, 2023, the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was 3.0 percent of budgeted expenditures for the year then ended, which was below the minimum established in the School Board policy.

#### NOTE 6 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS – STATE-WIDE

## A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the following cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the PERA and the TRA. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes. The PERA's and the TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC).

## 1. General Employees Retirement Fund (GERF)

The PERA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356.

Certain full-time and part-time employees of the District other than teachers are covered by the GERF. GERF members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

## 2. Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

The TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. The TRA is a separate statutory entity, administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul Public Schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities (MnSCU)). Educators first hired by MnSCU may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan administered by Minnesota State.

## **B.** Benefits Provided

The PERA and the TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes and can only be modified by the State Legislature.

The benefit provisions stated in the following paragraphs of this section are current provisions and apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

## 1. GERF Benefits

Benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for the PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated Plan members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at age 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The post-retirement increase is equal to 50.0 percent of the cost of living adjustment announced by the Social Security Administration, with a minimum increase of at least 1.0 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive the full increase. For recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month, but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase, will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024 or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

## 2. TRA Benefits

The TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statutes and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for the TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

## **Tier I Benefits**

	Percentage
Step-Rate Formula	per Year
Basic Plan	
First 10 years of service	2.2 %
All years after	2.7 %
Coordinated Plan	
First 10 years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2 %
First 10 years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7 %
All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006 or after	1.9 %

## With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) Three percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule of 90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

## **Tier II Benefits**

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for Coordinated Plan members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic Plan members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statutes. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree—no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but not yet receiving them, are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

## C. Contributions

Minnesota Statutes set the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the State Legislature.

## 1. **GERF Contributions**

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.5 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2023 and the District was required to contribute 7.5 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the GERF for the year ended June 30, 2023, were \$2,256,037. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statutes.

## 2. TRA Contributions

Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Rates for each fiscal year were:

		Year Ended June 30,											
	20	21	20	22	2023								
	Employee	Employer	Employee Employer		Employee	Employer							
Basic Plan	11.00 %	12.13 %	11.00 %	12.34 %	11.00 %	12.55 %							
<b>Coordinated Plan</b>	7.50 %	8.13 %	7.50 %	8.34 %	7.50 %	8.55 %							

The District's contributions to the TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, were \$7,435,994. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statutes.

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position to the employer contributions used in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Pension Allocations:

	in t	thousands
Employer contributions reported in the TRA's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$	482,679
Add employer contributions not related to future	Ψ	
contribution efforts		(2,178)
Deduct the TRA's contributions not included in allocation		(572)
Total employer contributions		479,929
Total nonemployer contributions		35,590
Total contributions reported in the Schedule of Employer and Nonemployer Allocations	\$	515,519

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations, due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. The TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

## **D.** Pension Costs

#### 1. GERF Pension Costs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$30,373,327 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a nonemployer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$890,358. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by the PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of the PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.3835 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.3856 percent for the beginning of the period.

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 30	0,373,327
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		
associated with the District	\$	890,358

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,243,486 for its proportionate share of the GERF's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$133,040 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the GERF.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of the GERF's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	(	Deferred Outflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	253,701	\$ 327,271
Changes in actuarial assumptions		6,910,538	128,624
Net collective difference between projected and actual			
investment earnings on pension plan investments		509,972	_
Changes in proportion		77,403	477,948
District's contributions to the GERF subsequent to the			
measurement date		2,256,037	
Total	\$	10,007,651	\$ 933,843

The \$2,256,037 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension					
Year Ending		Expense				
June 30,		Amount				
2024	\$	2,518,077				
2025	\$	2,564,414				
2026	\$	(1,011,535)				
2027	\$	2,746,815				

#### 2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$110,711,294 for its proportionate share of the TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the TRA in relation to total system contributions, including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was 1.3826 percent at the end of the measurement period and 1.3588 percent for the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to the TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 110,711,294
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	
associated with the District	\$ 8,210,046

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized negative pension expense of \$26,283,047. It also recognized \$1,128,906 as an increase to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2023, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		0	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	1,637,966	\$	972,501	
Changes in actuarial assumptions		17,431,861		24,279,390	
Net collective difference between projected and actual					
investment earnings on pension plan investments		3,875,108		_	
Changes in proportion		867,966		3,320,457	
District's contributions to the TRA subsequent to the					
measurement date		7,435,994			
Total	\$	31,248,895	\$	28,572,348	

A total of \$7,435,994 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from district contributions to the TRA subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension
Year Ending	Expense
June 30,	 Amount
	_
2024	\$ (22,075,093)
2025	\$ 2,404,950
2026	\$ 640,338
2027	\$ 14,018,707
2028	\$ 251,651

## E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of the PERA and the TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best-estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.50 %	5.10 %
International equity	16.50	5.30 %
Private markets	25.00	5.90 %
Fixed income	25.00	0.75 %
Total	100.00 %	

## F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

Assumptions	GERF	TRA
Inflation	2.25%	2.50%
Wage growth rate		2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% thereafter
Projected salary increase	3.00%	2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% thereafter
Investment rate of return	6.50%	7.00%

## 1. GERF

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 6.50 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 6.50 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the GERF Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the GERF Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the GERF Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.00 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the GERF Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit the PERA's experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the GERF Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the GERF Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

## 2. TRA

Salary increases were based on a service-related table.

Mort	ality Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability
Pre-retirement	RP-2014 White Collar Employee Table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 Scale.
Post-retirement	RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Table, male and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 Scale.
Post-disability	RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table, without adjustment.

Cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.00 percent for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.10 percent each year, up to 1.50 percent annually.

Actuarial assumptions for the TRA Plan were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent experience study in the TRA Plan was completed in 2019, with economic assumptions updated in 2019.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions occurred in 2022:

## 1. GERF

#### CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

## 2. TRA

#### **CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS**

• None.

#### **G.** Discount Rate

#### 1. GERF

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2022 was 6.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the GERF was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### 2. TRA

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. There was no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2022 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate.

## H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	- /	1% Decrease in Discount Rate		Current Discount Rate		6 Increase in iscount Rate
GERF discount rate		5.50%		6.50%		7.50%
District's proportionate share of the GERF net pension liability	\$	47,976,260	\$	30,373,327	\$	15,936,204
TRA discount rate		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%
District's proportionate share of the TRA net pension liability	\$	174,530,326	\$	110,711,294	\$	58,399,586

## I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.minnesotatra.org, by writing to the TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling 651-296-2409 or 800-657-3669.

## NOTE 7 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) PLAN

## A. Plan Description

The District provides post-employment benefits to certain eligible employees through the OPEB Plan, a single-employer defined benefit plan administered by the District. Management of the plan is vested with the School Board of the District. All post-employment benefits are based on contractual agreements with employee groups. Eligibility is based on years of service and/or minimum age requirements. These contractual agreements do not include any specific contribution or funding requirements.

The assets of the plan are reported in the Employee Benefit Trust Fund, administered by the District. The plan assets may be used only for the payment of benefits of the plan, in accordance with the terms of the plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### **B.** Benefits Provided

All retirees of the District upon retirement have the option under state law to continue their health insurance coverage through the District. For members of certain employee groups, the District pays for all or part of the eligible retiree's premiums for medical and/or dental insurance from the time of retirement until the employee reaches the age of eligibility for Medicare. Benefits paid by the District differ by bargaining unit and date of hire, with some contracts specifying a certain dollar amount per month, and some covering premium costs as defined within each collective bargaining agreement. Other employee groups receive a maximum benefit contribution based on a number of days per year of service times their rate of pay at retirement. Retirees not eligible for these district-paid premium benefits must pay the full district premium rate for their coverage.

The District is legally required to include any retirees for whom it provides health insurance coverage in the same insurance pool as its active employees until the retiree reaches Medicare eligibility, whether the premiums are paid by the District or the retiree. Consequently, participating retirees are considered to receive a secondary benefit known as an "implicit rate subsidy." This benefit relates to the assumption that the retiree is receiving a more favorable premium rate than they would otherwise be able to obtain if purchasing insurance on their own, due to being included in the same pool with the District's younger and statistically healthier active employees.

## C. Contributions

Required contributions are based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with additional amounts to prefund benefits as determined periodically by the District. The District did not make any pay-as-you-go contributions to the plan in the current fiscal year.

## D. Membership

Membership in the plan consisted of the following as of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	100
Active plan members	1,824
Total members	1,924

## E. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) of the District

The District's net OPEB liability (asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability (asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2022 (census date). The components of the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District at year-end were as follows:

Total OPEB liability	\$ 7,491,608
Plan fiduciary net position	(13,012,718)
District's net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (5,521,110)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	150 50
of the total OPEB liability (asset)	 173.7%

## F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation with a measurement date of June 30, 2023, using the entry-age method, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount rate 5.50%
Expected long-term investment return 5.50%
20-year municipal bond yield 3.90%
Inflation rate 2.50%

Payroll growth rate Service graded table

Medical trend rate 6.25%, grading to 5.00% over 5 years, then to 4.00% over the next 48 years

Post-age 65 medical trend rate 4.00%

The actuarial assumptions used in the latest valuation were based on those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The state pension plans base their assumptions on periodic experience studies. Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables for teachers with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.

Changes in assumptions since the previous actuarial valuation include:

- The discount rate and expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.20 percent to 5.50 percent.
- Medical trend rates and withdrawal rates were updated to reflect recent experience.
- The mortality tables were updated from Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- Salary increase scales for nonteachers were updated.

The District's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the School Board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the School Board to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risk through the prudent diversification of the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes allowable under state statutes. The investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocations over short time spans.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB Plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These asset class estimates are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best-estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

A	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
<b>5</b>	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	<b>5.5</b> 0
Domestic equity	20.00 %	7.70 %
International equity	10.00	7.50 %
Fixed income	70.00	4.60 %
Total (net of investment expense)	100.00 %	5.50 %

## G. Rate of Return

For the current year ended, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 3.80 percent. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

#### H. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 5.50 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate was determined by projecting forward the fiduciary net position (assets) as of the valuation date, increasing by the investment return assumption, and reducing by benefit payments in each period until assets are exhausted. Expected benefit payments by year were discounted using the expected asset return assumptions for the years in which the assets were sufficient to pay all benefit payments. Any remaining benefit payments after the trust fund is exhausted are discounted at the 20-year municipal bond rate. The equivalent single rate is the discount rate. The contribution and benefit payment history, as well as the funding policy, have also been taken into account. The District discount rate used at the prior measurement date was 5.20 percent.

## I. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	 otal OPEB Liability (a)	an Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB bility (Asset) (a-b)
Beginning balance – July 1, 2022	\$ 7,537,120	\$ 13,447,624	\$ (5,910,504)
Changes for the year			
Service cost	200,124	_	200,124
Interest	378,058	_	378,058
Differences between expected			
and actual experience	305,941	_	305,941
Changes of assumptions	16,160	_	16,160
Net investment income	_	510,889	(510,889)
Benefit payments from trust	 (945,795)	(945,795)	
Total net changes	(45,512)	(434,906)	389,394
Ending balance – June 30, 2023	\$ 7,491,608	\$ 13,012,718	\$ (5,521,110)

## J. Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Sensitivity to Discount and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate Changes

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Decrease in scount Rate	D:	Current iscount Rate	1% Increase in Discount Rate	
Discount rate		4.50%		5.50%		6.50%
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(5,224,248)	\$	(5,521,110)	\$	(5,808,681)

The following presents the net OPEB liability (asset) of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using medical trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current medical trend rates:

	1%	Decrease in		19	6 Increase in
		Medical	Medical		Medical
		Trend Rate	 Γrend Rate		Frend Rate
Medical trend rate		.25% grading to 00% then 3.00%	.25% grading to 00% then 4.00%		.25% grading to 00% then 5.00%
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$	(5,886,552)	\$ (5,521,110)	\$	(5,111,199)

## K. OPEB Expense and Related Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the current year, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of \$350,866. As of year-end, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	I	Deferred		Deferred
	(	Outflows		Inflows
	of	Resources	of	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	254,950	\$	799,171
Changes in actuarial assumptions		64,360		388,452
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings		1,226,916		_
Total	\$	1,546,226	\$	1,187,623

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending		OPEB
June 30,	I	Expense
		_
2024	\$	(50,591)
2025	\$	15,185
2026	\$	287,465
2027	\$	54,079
2028	\$	52,465

## NOTE 8 - FLEXIBLE BENEFIT PLAN

The District has a flexible benefit plan, which is classified as a "cafeteria plan" (the Plan) under § 125 of the IRC. Employee eligibility is determined by the terms of the various District collective bargaining agreements or contracts. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pretax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for health insurance, healthcare, and dependent care benefits.

Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from January 1 to December 31, each participant designates a total amount of pretax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. Payments of insurance premiums (health, dental, and disability) are made by the District directly to the internal service funds or designated insurance companies from the District's General Fund and special revenue funds.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are deposited into a separate district account on a monthly basis. Payments are made to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses incurred by the participant. On June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants' annual contributions to the medical reimbursement portion of the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made. The medical reimbursement and dependent care activity of the Plan is included in the financial statements of the General Fund. The Plan is administered by a third party that handles all record keeping duties.

All plan property and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District's general creditors. Participants' rights under the Plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

## NOTE 9 – INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The District had the following interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2023:

	_	ue From her Funds		Due To Other Funds		
Governmental funds	¢.	045 705	¢			
General Fund	\$	945,795	\$	_		
Fiduciary fund				045 705		
Employee Benefit Trust Fund			-	945,795		
Total all funds	\$	945,795	\$	945,795		

The interfund balances represent post-employment benefit reimbursements due from the trust to the governmental funds. Interfund balances reported in the fund financial statements are eliminated to the extent possible in the government-wide financial statements. However, receivables or payables due between fiduciary funds and other district funds are not eliminated.

## NOTE 10 - STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

As of June 30, 2023, the District's Health Benefits Self-Insurance Internal Service Fund had a deficit net position of \$1,215,263. This deficit is expected to be eliminated through future premiums paid from the District's governmental funds.

## **NOTE 11 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

#### **A.** Construction Contracts

The District is committed to a number of contracts for the construction and improvement of various district properties. At June 30, 2023, the remaining commitment under these contracts is approximately \$10,595,000.

#### B. Federal and State Receivables

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

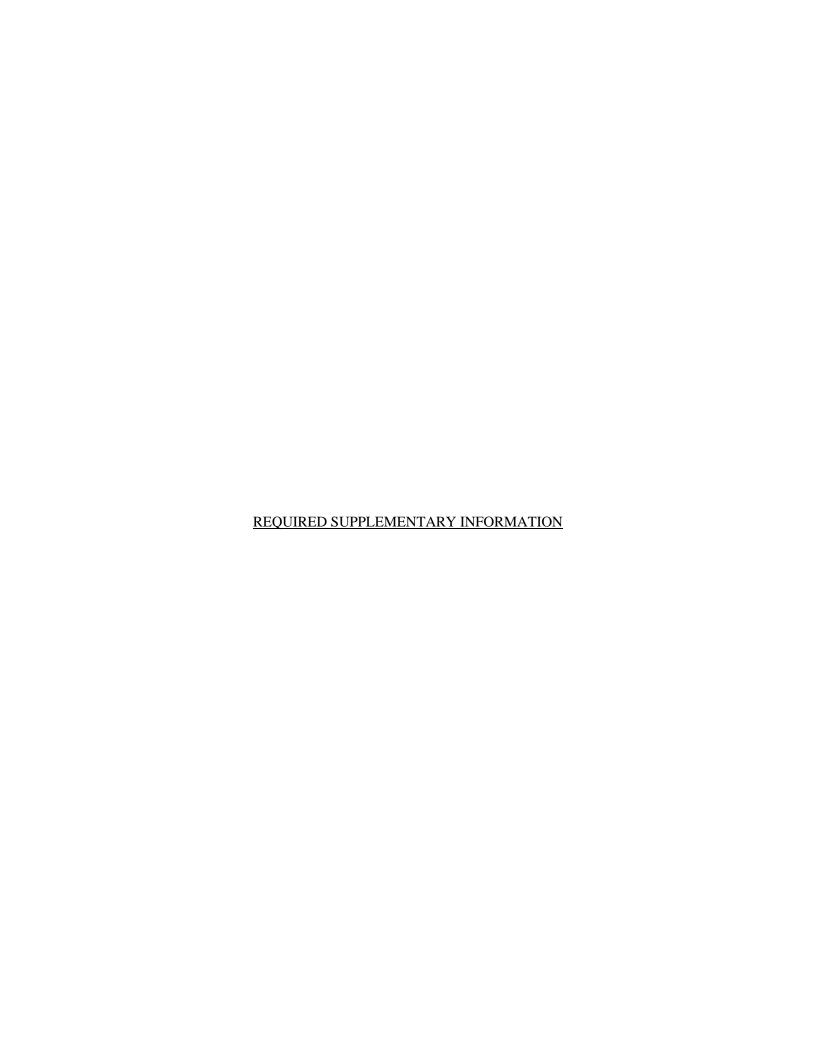
## C. Legal Claims

The District has the usual and customary types of miscellaneous legal claims pending at year-end, mostly of a minor nature and usually covered by insurance carried for that purpose. Although the outcomes of these claims are not presently determinable, the District believes that the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on its financial position.

## **NOTE 12 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS**

#### A. Future Bond Issue

In November 2023, the District approved the sale of \$19,260,000 of General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, Series 2023A, to finance various capital improvements. The bonds have a true interest cost of 4.52 percent and a final maturity of February 1, 2044.



Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

						Proportionate			
						Share of the			
				I	District's	Net Pension			
				Pro	portionate	Liability and		District's	
				Sh	nare of the	the District's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
					State of	Share of the		Share of the	Net Position
		District's	District's	M	innesota's	State of		Net Pension	as a
	PERA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Pro	portionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Sh	nare of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	No	et Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End Date	Date)	Liability	Liability	]	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	0.4714%	\$ 22,144,010	\$	-	\$ 22,144,010	\$ 23,850,298	92.85%	78.70%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	0.4383%	\$ 22,714,981	\$	_	\$ 22,714,981	\$ 25,717,752	88.32%	78.20%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	0.4506%	\$ 36,586,485	\$	477,849	\$ 37,064,334	\$ 27,936,974	130.96%	68.90%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	0.4442%	\$ 28,357,435	\$	356,565	\$ 28,714,000	\$ 28,513,259	99.45%	75.90%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	0.4341%	\$ 24,082,088	\$	789,866	\$ 24,871,954	\$ 29,158,626	82.59%	79.50%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	0.3937%	\$ 21,766,792	\$	676,471	\$ 22,443,263	\$ 27,844,660	78.17%	80.20%
06/30/2021	06/30/2020	0.3993%	\$ 23,939,860	\$	738,197	\$ 24,678,057	\$ 28,476,086	84.07%	79.10%
06/30/2022	06/30/2021	0.3856%	\$ 16,466,848	\$	502,895	\$ 16,969,743	\$ 27,760,306	59.32%	87.00%
06/30/2023	06/30/2022	0.3835%	\$ 30,373,327	\$	890,358	\$ 31,263,685	\$ 28,720,979	105.75%	76.70%

Public Employees Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Co	ontributions				Contributions
			in	Relation to				as a
	5	Statutorily	the	Statutorily	Cor	ntribution		Percentage
District Fiscal		Required		Required	De	ficiency	Covered	of Covered
Year-End Date	Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions	(H	Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	1,900,180	\$	1,900,180	\$	_	\$ 25,717,752	7.39%
06/30/2016	\$	2,095,274	\$	2,095,274	\$	_	\$ 27,936,974	7.50%
06/30/2017	\$	2,144,453	\$	2,144,453	\$	_	\$ 28,513,259	7.52%
06/30/2018	\$	2,186,897	\$	2,186,897	\$	_	\$ 29,158,626	7.50%
06/30/2019	\$	2,088,247	\$	2,088,247	\$	_	\$ 27,844,660	7.50%
06/30/2020	\$	2,135,477	\$	2,135,477	\$	_	\$ 28,476,086	7.50%
06/30/2021	\$	2,082,018	\$	2,082,018	\$	_	\$ 27,760,306	7.50%
06/30/2022	\$	2,154,182	\$	2,154,182	\$	_	\$ 28,720,979	7.50%
06/30/2023	\$	2,256,037	\$	2,256,037	\$	_	\$ 30,170,498	7.48%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

## Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District's and Nonemployer Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Proportionate			
					Share of the			
				District's	Net Pension			
				Proportionate	Liability and		District's	
				Share of the	the District's		Proportionate	Plan Fiduciary
				State of	Share of the		Share of the	Net Position
		District's	District's	Minnesota's	State of		Net Pension	as a
	TRA Fiscal	Proportion	Proportionate	Proportionate	Minnesota's		Liability as a	Percentage
	Year-End Date	of the Net	Share of the	Share of the	Share of the	District's	Percentage of	of the Total
District Fiscal	(Measurement	Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Net Pension	Covered	Covered	Pension
Year-End	Date)	Liability	Liability	Liability	Liability	Payroll	Payroll	Liability
06/30/2015	06/30/2014	1.4456%	\$ 66,612,207	\$ 4,686,092	\$ 71,298,299	\$ 65,989,556	100.94%	81.50%
06/30/2016	06/30/2015	1.3943%	\$ 86,251,245	\$ 10,579,374	\$ 96,830,619	\$ 70,765,080	121.88%	76.80%
06/30/2017	06/30/2016	1.4503%	\$345,931,154	\$ 34,723,065	\$380,654,219	\$ 75,456,567	458.45%	44.88%
06/30/2018	06/30/2017	1.4426%	\$287,969,129	\$ 27,837,905	\$315,807,034	\$ 77,542,890	371.37%	51.57%
06/30/2019	06/30/2018	1.4328%	\$ 89,993,251	\$ 8,455,056	\$ 98,448,307	\$ 79,157,830	113.69%	78.07%
06/30/2020	06/30/2019	1.4199%	\$ 90,504,724	\$ 8,009,618	\$ 98,514,342	\$ 80,619,743	112.26%	78.21%
06/30/2021	06/30/2020	1.4035%	\$103,692,461	\$ 8,689,629	\$112,382,090	\$ 81,580,317	127.10%	75.48%
06/30/2022	06/30/2021	1.3588%	\$ 59,465,151	\$ 5,015,220	\$ 64,480,371	\$ 81,311,353	73.13%	86.63%
06/30/2023	06/30/2022	1.3826%	\$110,711,294	\$ 8,210,046	\$118,921,340	\$ 85,465,864	129.54%	76.17%

Teachers Retirement Association Pension Benefits Plan Schedule of District Contributions Year Ended June 30, 2023

			Co	ontributions				Contributions
			in	Relation to				as a
	5	Statutorily	the	e Statutorily	Co	ntribution		Percentage
District Fiscal		Required		Required	De	eficiency	Covered	of Covered
Year-End	Co	ontributions	Co	ontributions	(]	Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
06/30/2015	\$	5,307,332	\$	5,307,332	\$	_	\$ 70,765,080	7.50%
06/30/2016	\$	5,658,083	\$	5,658,083	\$	_	\$ 75,456,567	7.50%
06/30/2017	\$	5,812,034	\$	5,812,034	\$	_	\$ 77,542,890	7.50%
06/30/2018	\$	5,927,137	\$	5,927,137	\$	_	\$ 79,157,830	7.49%
06/30/2019	\$	6,215,604	\$	6,215,604	\$	_	\$ 80,619,743	7.71%
06/30/2020	\$	6,459,413	\$	6,459,413	\$	_	\$ 81,580,317	7.92%
06/30/2021	\$	6,610,498	\$	6,610,498	\$	_	\$ 81,311,353	8.13%
06/30/2022	\$	7,127,826	\$	7,127,826	\$	_	\$ 85,465,864	8.34%
06/30/2023	\$	7,435,994	\$	7,435,994	\$	_	\$ 86,989,080	8.55%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015 (using a June 30, 2014 measurement date). This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Year Ended June 30,							
	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	
Total OPEB liability								
Service cost	\$ 374.192	\$ 395,745	\$ 429,786	\$ 247,748	\$ 206,124	\$ 223,017	\$ 200,124	
Interest	551,130	559,636	554,056	428,049	433,866	416,828	378,058	
Differences between expected	331,130	339,030	334,030	420,049	433,600	410,626	370,030	
and actual experience			(2,065,851)		(1,432)		305,941	
Changes of assumptions	_	(15,942)	(650,979)	(65,819)	(197,299)	76,342	16,160	
Changes of benefit terms	_	(13,942)	186,435	(05,619)	(197,299)	70,342	10,100	
Benefit payments	(1,014,169)	(583,727)	(681,324)	(443,570)	(488,138)	(1,055,343)	(945,795)	
Net change in total OPEB liability	(88,847)	355,712	(2,227,877)	166,408	(46,879)	(339,156)	(45,512)	
Net change in total Of EB hability	(66,647)	333,712	(2,227,677)	100,408	(40,879)	(339,130)	(43,312)	
Total OPEB liability – beginning of year	9,717,759	9,628,912	9,984,624	7,756,747	7,923,155	7,876,276	7,537,120	
Total OPEB liability - end of year	9,628,912	9,984,624	7,756,747	7,923,155	7,876,276	7,537,120	7,491,608	
Plan fiduciary net position								
Contributions - paid from governmental funds	28,001	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Net investment income	1,039,704	823,399	1,265,190	1,103,217	2,167,133	(1,900,673)	510,889	
Benefit payments - paid from governmental funds	(28,001)	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Benefit payments - paid from trust	(986,168)	(583,727)	(681,324)	(443,570)	(488,138)	(1,055,343)	(945,795)	
Administrative expense	(7,007)	(86,547)	(6,296)	(5,829)	(5,577)	(5,527)	_	
Other deductions – special item (Note 2)	_		(4,749,736)	_		_		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	46,529	153,125	(4,172,166)	653,818	1,673,418	(2,961,543)	(434,906)	
Plan fiduciary net position – beginning of year	18,054,443	18,100,972	18,254,097	14,081,931	14,735,749	16,409,167	13,447,624	
Plan fiduciary net position – end of year	18,100,972	18,254,097	14,081,931	14,735,749	16,409,167	13,447,624	13,012,718	
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (8,472,060)	\$ (8,269,473)	\$ (6,325,184)	\$ (6,812,594)	\$ (8,532,891)	\$ (5,910,504)	\$ (5,521,110)	
Diag C. Indiana and an aiding								
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	187.99%	182.82%	181.54%	185.98%	208.34%	178.42%	173.70%	
percentage of the total OPEB hability	187.99%	182.82%	181.34%	183.98%	208.34%	178.42%	1/3./0%	
Covered-employee payroll	\$115,661,449	\$115,803,161	\$ 92,975,942	\$116,588,812	\$104,349,456	\$107,479,939	\$112,242,701	
Net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage								
of covered-employee payroll	(7.32%)	(7.14%)	(6.80%)	(5.84%)	(8.18%)	(5.50%)	(4.92%)	
or covered-employee payron	(7.3270)	(7.1470)	(0.8070)	(3.8470)	(0.1070)	(3.3070)	(4.92/0)	

Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.

Note 2: In fiscal 2019, the District made a draw from the trust to reimburse the District for OPEB costs incurred since the trust was established (fiscal years 2009 through 2018) that had not previously been reimbursed.

Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan Schedule of Investment Returns Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year	Annual Money-Weighted Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense
2017	5.76%
2018	4.11%
2019	6.93%
2020	7.84%
2021	14.71%
2022	(11.60)%
2023	3.80%

Note: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. This schedule is intended to present 10-year trend information. Additional years will be added as they become available.



Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2023

## PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND

#### 2022 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

## 2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

#### 2020 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.00 percent for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023, and zero percent thereafter. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50 percent to 2.25 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25 percent to 3.00 percent.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25 percent less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years two through five, and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 Table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality Table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table to the Pub-2010 General/Teacher Disabled Annuitant Mortality Table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from MP-2018 to MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 35.00 percent to 45.00 percent. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100.00 percent joint and survivor option changed from 15.00 percent to 30.00 percent. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

## 2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The state's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

#### 2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

## 2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to zero percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Post-retirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year, with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio, to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age. Does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.25 percent per year.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## PERA – GENERAL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT FUND (CONTINUED)

## 2017 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The state's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16.0 million in 2017 and 2018, and \$6.0 million thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21.0 million to \$31.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16.0 million to \$6.0 million in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

## 2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now zero percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year for all years, to 1.00 percent per year through 2044, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

## 2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth, and 2.50 percent for inflation.

## 2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Retirement Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increased the fiduciary plan net position by \$892.0 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the state's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

## 2015 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The assumed post-retirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter, to 1.00 percent per year through 2035, and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA)

## 2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

## 2018 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.00 percent each January 1 to 1.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.10 percent each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.50 percent on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit, are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.50 percent if the funded ratio was at least 90.00 percent for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years, (7.71 percent in 2018, 7.92 percent in 2019, 8.13 percent in 2020, 8.34 percent in 2021, 8.55 percent in 2022, and 8.75 percent in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50 percent to 7.75 percent on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.50 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The single discount rate changed from 5.12 percent to 7.50 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## TEACHERS RETIREMENT ASSOCIATION (TRA) (CONTINUED)

## 2017 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The COLA was assumed to increase from 2.00 percent annually to 2.50 percent annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.50 percent, but remain at 2.00 percent for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the CSA loads. The active load was reduced from 1.40 percent to zero percent, the vested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 7.00 percent, and the nonvested inactive load increased from 4.00 percent to 9.00 percent.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.00 percent to 7.50 percent.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 3.00 percent.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.50 percent to 2.85 percent for 10 years, followed by 3.25 percent thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.
- The single discount rate changed from 4.66 percent to 5.12 percent.

## 2016 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

• The single discount rate was changed from 8.00 percent to 4.66 percent.

## 2015 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

• The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into the TRA on June 30, 2015.

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015 valuation assumed 2.00 percent. The prior year valuation used 2.00 percent, with an increase to 2.50 percent commencing in 2034.
- The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.00 percent. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25 percent.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN

## 2023 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate and expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.20 percent to 5.50 percent.
- Medical trend rates and withdrawal rates were updated to reflect recent experience.
- The mortality tables were updated from Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- Salary increase scales for nonteachers were updated.

## 2022 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The discount rate and expected long-term investment return was changed from 5.50 percent to 5.20 percent.
- The 20-year municipal bond yield was changed from 2.40 percent to 3.80 percent.

#### 2021 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The 20-year municipal bond yield was changed from 2.45 percent to 2.40 percent.
- Medical trend rates were changed to better anticipate short-term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The payroll growth rate was changed from a flat 3.00 percent to rates that vary by service and contract group.

- The 20-year municipal bond yield was changed from 3.13 percent to 2.45 percent.
- The medical trend rates were updated to exclude the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans, due to its repeal.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (continued) June 30, 2023

## OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN (CONTINUED)

## 2019 CHANGES IN PLAN PROVISIONS

- Other post-employment benefits were added for the child nutrition, office employees, program directors, and program assistant contract groups.
- Retiree premiums and district-provided contribution amounts were updated to current levels.

## 2019 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to reflect updated cost increase expectations.
- Medical claim costs were updated to reflect recent experience and plan offerings.
- Mortality and salary increase rates were updated to those used in the current PERA and TRA valuations.
- Retiree coverage elections were updated to reflect recent plan experience.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent.

## 2018 CHANGES IN ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

- The healthcare trend rates were increased to reflect the projected effect of the Affordable Care Act's Excise Tax on high-cost health insurance plans.
- The discount rate was changed from 5.75 percent to 5.50 percent.

- The healthcare trend rates were changed to reflect updated cost increase expectations.
- Medical claim costs were updated to reflect recent experience and plan offerings.
- Withdrawal, disability, retirement, mortality, and salary increase rates were updated to correct the PERA and the TRA valuations.
- Retiree coverage elections were updated to reflect recent plan experience.
- The inflation rate was changed from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent.
- The discount rate was changed from 4.00 percent to 5.75 percent.





# Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023

	Special Revenue Funds					
	Fe	ood Service	C	Community Service		Total
Assets						
Cash and temporary investments	\$	3,675,319	\$	4,224,967	\$	7,900,286
Receivables						
Current taxes		_		869,734		869,734
Delinquent taxes		_		19,001		19,001
Accounts and interest		340,891		11,977		352,868
Due from other governmental units		962,681		602,061		1,564,742
Inventory		85,699		_		85,699
Prepaid items		217		_		217
Total assets	\$	5,064,807	\$	5,727,740	\$	10,792,547
Liabilities						
Salaries payable	\$	47,908	\$	227,662	\$	275,570
Accounts and contracts payable		223,121		264,364		487,485
Due to other governmental units		_		504		504
Unearned revenue		138,541		92,242		230,783
Total liabilities		409,570		584,772		994,342
Deferred inflows of resources						
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		_		1,753,725		1,753,725
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		_		14,754		14,754
Total deferred inflows of resources		_		1,768,479		1,768,479
Fund balances						
Nonspendable		85,916		_		85,916
Restricted		4,569,321		3,374,489		7,943,810
Total fund balances		4,655,237		3,374,489		8,029,726
Total liabilities, deferred inflows						
of resources, and fund balances		5,064,807	\$	5,727,740	\$	10,792,547

# Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Special Rev	Special Revenue Funds			
		Community			
	Food Service	Service	Total		
Revenue					
Local sources					
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ 2,196,394	\$ 2,196,394		
Investment earnings	101,698	124,074	225,772		
Other	1,378,103	4,669,158	6,047,261		
State sources	270,972	3,086,458	3,357,430		
Federal sources	6,103,917	1,003,875	7,107,792		
Total revenue	7,854,690	11,079,959	18,934,649		
Expenditures					
Current					
Food service	7,183,795	_	7,183,795		
Community service	_	10,300,264	10,300,264		
Capital outlay	137,373	245,694	383,067		
Total expenditures	7,321,168	10,545,958	17,867,126		
Excess of revenue					
over expenditures	533,522	534,001	1,067,523		
Other financing sources					
Sale of assets	1,275		1,275		
Net change in fund balances	534,797	534,001	1,068,798		
Fund balances					
Beginning of year	4,120,440	2,840,488	6,960,928		
End of year	\$ 4,655,237	\$ 3,374,489	\$ 8,029,726		

## General Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022	
Assets					
Cash and temporary investments	\$	20,966,784	\$	27,952,751	
Receivables	Ψ	20,200,701	Ψ	27,502,701	
Current taxes		23,884,200		22,007,611	
Delinquent taxes		370,655		372,424	
Accounts and interest		287,365		124,632	
Due from other governmental units		24,150,813		15,712,851	
Due from other funds		945,795		1,055,343	
Inventory		281,592		335,710	
Prepaid items		772,676		1,352,199	
repaid terms		772,070		1,332,177	
Total assets	\$	71,659,880	\$	68,913,521	
Liabilities					
Salaries payable	\$	1,304,312	\$	1,552,647	
Accounts and contracts payable		6,646,831		5,498,861	
Due to other governmental units		423,042		715,575	
Unearned revenue		460		-	
Total liabilities		8,374,645		7,767,083	
D. Compliant of the control of the c					
Deferred inflows of resources		44.704.259		40.254.000	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year		44,704,258		40,354,089	
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes		290,375		256,856	
Total deferred inflows of resources		44,994,633		40,610,945	
Fund balances					
Nonspendable for inventory		281,592		335,710	
Nonspendable for prepaid items		772,676		1,352,199	
Restricted for student activities		105,948		95,154	
Restricted for scholarships		472,847		455,788	
Restricted for capital projects levy		4,696,692		3,326,573	
Restricted for operating capital		2,277,543		4,455,291	
Restricted for area learning center		798,560		_	
Restricted for basic skills programs		, <u> </u>		536,982	
Restricted for achievement and integration		395,696		_	
Restricted for safe schools levy		43,618		319,215	
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance		526,745		=	
Restricted for Medical Assistance		539,595		543,630	
Assigned for building carryover		646,626		599,399	
Assigned for LCTS program		775,508		715,607	
Assigned for telecom		246,648		221,066	
Assigned for Q comp		66,113		348,780	
Assigned for subsequent year's budget		00,113		5,075,199	
Unassigned – long-term facilities maintenance account deficit		_		(584,948)	
Unassigned — long-term factities maintenance account deficit		5,644,195		2,739,848	
Total fund balances		18,290,602		20,535,493	
Total fully valances		10,270,002		20,333,493	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows					
of resources, and fund balances	\$	71,659,880	\$	68,913,521	

#### General Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

#### Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 44,213,068	\$ 44,342,363	\$ 129,295	\$ 44,953,558
Investment earnings	75,000	707,818	632,818	11,140
Other	4,536,267	4,081,261	(455,006)	4,133,677
State sources	123,185,809	119,997,787	(3,188,022)	120,820,882
Federal sources	17,151,204	23,032,904	5,881,700	17,289,540
Total revenue	189,161,348	192,162,133	3,000,785	187,208,797
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration				
Salaries	5,727,771	5,522,643	(205,128)	5,496,141
Employee benefits	1,726,912	1,792,583	65,671	1,731,882
Purchased services	87,000	221,990	134,990	149,631
Supplies and materials	81,280	66,213	(15,067)	54,815
Capital expenditures	4,000	24,835	20,835	414
Other expenditures	58,868	88,409	29,541	94,966
Total administration	7,685,831	7,716,673	30,842	7,527,849
District support services				
Salaries	3,688,019	3,725,520	37,501	3,605,534
Employee benefits	962,579	1,386,330	423,751	1,044,603
Purchased services	745,662	617,642	(128,020)	669,680
Supplies and materials	1,595,400	1,517,185	(78,215)	1,163,215
Capital expenditures	2,678,353	1,470,029	(1,208,324)	1,463,207
Other expenditures	2,123,000	22,180	(2,100,820)	1,406,887
Total district support services	11,793,013	8,738,886	(3,054,127)	9,353,126
Elementary and secondary regular instruction				
Salaries	59,650,506	59,884,945	234,439	57,899,164
Employee benefits	17,058,593	17,431,636	373,043	16,587,921
Purchased services	2,251,916	3,458,128	1,206,212	2,853,593
Supplies and materials	1,282,463	3,475,512	2,193,049	1,725,078
Capital expenditures	428,268	741,789	313,521	394,464
Other expenditures	467,503	604,669	137,166	603,241
Total elementary and secondary	<u> </u>		,	
regular instruction	81,139,249	85,596,679	4,457,430	80,063,461

-76- (continued)

#### General Fund

#### Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
-			Over (Under)	
<u>-</u>	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Vocational education instruction				
Salaries	817,643	863,350	45,707	901,507
Employee benefits	279,789	243,278	(36,511)	256,403
Purchased services	60,765	100,999	40,234	125,705
Supplies and materials	11,590	70,064	58,474	51,992
Capital expenditures	11,570	15,597	15,597	1,089
Other expenditures	29,945	5,497	(24,448)	6,858
Total vocational education instruction	1,199,732	1,298,785	99,053	1,343,554
Total vocational education instruction	1,155,752	1,2,0,700	<i>&gt;&gt;</i> ,022	1,5 15,55 1
Special education instruction				
Salaries	22,428,501	22,254,324	(174,177)	22,783,908
Employee benefits	7,953,166	7,684,787	(268,379)	7,724,265
Purchased services	1,549,095	981,022	(568,073)	1,138,745
Supplies and materials	266,506	270,500	3,994	173,555
Capital expenditures	109,500	26,388	(83,112)	13,274
Other expenditures	_	127,045	127,045	134,168
Total special education instruction	32,306,768	31,344,066	(962,702)	31,967,915
Instructional support services				
Salaries	8,137,551	10,101,386	1,963,835	8,373,614
Employee benefits	2,349,945	2,943,189	593,244	2,617,963
Purchased services	135,794	828,099	692,305	507,638
Supplies and materials	4,098,039	984,819	(3,113,220)	1,131,887
Capital expenditures	4,076,037	22,163	22,163	923
Other expenditures	19,032	64,228	45,196	69,427
Total instructional support services	14,740,361	14,943,884	203,523	12,701,452
••				
Pupil support services				
Salaries	6,001,007	6,469,895	468,888	7,311,649
Employee benefits	1,963,589	2,108,050	144,461	2,067,257
Purchased services	13,004,233	15,522,848	2,518,615	14,074,759
Supplies and materials	565,044	938,761	373,717	1,050,520
Capital expenditures	_	230	230	107,167
Other expenditures	<u> </u>	43,685	43,685	68,907
Total pupil support services	21,533,873	25,083,469	3,549,596	24,680,259

-77- (continued)

#### General Fund

#### Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	2023		2022	
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Expenditures (continued)				
Current (continued)				
Sites and buildings				
Salaries	5,229,944	5,750,720	520,776	5,430,426
Employee benefits	1,829,685	2,423,197	593,512	2,240,934
Purchased services	5,516,317	7,355,985	1,839,668	6,507,361
Supplies and materials	718,000	1,587,286	869,286	1,437,088
Capital expenditures	2,027,097	4,197,363	2,170,266	525,177
Other expenditures	222,485	448,163	225,678	410,269
Total sites and buildings	15,543,528	21,762,714	6,219,186	16,551,255
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs				
Purchased services	495,000	584,955	89,955	494,689
Other expenditures	_	7,023	7,023	11,712
Total fiscal and other				
fixed cost programs	495,000	591,978	96,978	506,401
Debt service				
Principal	1,600,000	977,318	(622,682)	977,770
Interest and fiscal charges	620,000	294,284	(325,716)	283,246
Total debt service	2,220,000	1,271,602	(948,398)	1,261,016
Total expenditures	188,657,355	198,348,736	9,691,381	185,956,288
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	503,993	(6,186,603)	(6,690,596)	1,252,509
Other financing sources				
Lease issued	_	3,841,464	3,841,464	105,668
Sale of assets	_	28,295	28,295	71,020
Insurance recovery	20,000	71,953	51,953	9,413
Total other financing sources	20,000	3,941,712	3,921,712	186,101
Net change in fund balances	\$ 523,993	(2,244,891)	\$ (2,768,884)	1,438,610
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		20,535,493		19,096,883
End of year		\$ 18,290,602		\$ 20,535,493

#### Food Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 3,675,319	\$ 3,714,233
Receivables		
Accounts and interest	340,891	247,684
Due from other governmental units	962,681	347,097
Inventory	85,699	81,987
Prepaid items	217	2,276
Total assets	\$ 5,064,807	\$ 4,393,277
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 47,908	\$ 55,486
Accounts and contracts payable	223,121	34,591
Unearned revenue	138,541_	182,760
Total liabilities	409,570	272,837
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for inventory	85,699	81,987
Nonspendable for prepaid items	217	2,276
Restricted for food service	4,569,321	4,036,177
Total fund balances	4,655,237	4,120,440
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 5,064,807	\$ 4,393,277

#### Food Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

#### Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings	\$ -	\$ 101,698	\$ 101,698	\$ 2,265
Other – primarily meal sales	2,089,623	1,378,103	(711,520)	80,258
State sources	419,242	270,972	(148,270)	262,825
Federal sources	5,544,531	6,103,917	559,386	9,226,088
Total revenue	8,053,396	7,854,690	(198,706)	9,571,436
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	2,224,795	2,391,835	167,040	2,440,888
Employee benefits	928,880	1,081,296	152,416	1,087,728
Purchased services	202,000	128,417	(73,583)	86,362
Supplies and materials	3,463,943	3,557,724	93,781	3,872,126
Other expenditures	33,900	24,523	(9,377)	23,348
Capital outlay	268,000	137,373	(130,627)	118,456
Total expenditures	7,121,518	7,321,168	199,650	7,628,908
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	931,878	533,522	(398,356)	1,942,528
Other financing sources				
Sale of assets		1,275	1,275	
Net change in fund balances	\$ 931,878	534,797	\$ (397,081)	1,942,528
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		4,120,440		2,177,912
End of year		\$ 4,655,237		\$ 4,120,440

#### Community Service Special Revenue Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 4,224,967	\$ 3,590,071
Receivables		
Current taxes	869,734	1,092,536
Delinquent taxes	19,001	19,407
Accounts and interest	11,977	79,858
Due from other governmental units	602,061	626,366
Prepaid items	 	 9,715
Total assets	\$ 5,727,740	\$ 5,417,953
Liabilities		
Salaries payable	\$ 227,662	\$ 142,899
Accounts and contracts payable	264,364	71,708
Due to other governmental units	504	72
Unearned revenue	92,242	143,607
Total liabilities	 584,772	 358,286
Deferred inflows of resources		
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	1,753,725	2,205,637
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	14,754	13,542
Total deferred inflows of resources	 1,768,479	2,219,179
Fund balances		
Nonspendable for prepaid items	_	9,715
Restricted for community education programs	2,266,290	1,716,401
Restricted for early childhood family education programs	453,920	470,364
Restricted for school readiness	256,911	222,848
Restricted for adult basic education	386,935	421,100
Restricted for community service	10,433	60
Total fund balances	 3,374,489	2,840,488
Total liabilities, deferred inflows		
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 5,727,740	\$ 5,417,953

## Community Service Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

#### Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 2,230,018	\$ 2,196,394	\$ (33,624)	\$ 2,145,354
Investment earnings	_	124,074	124,074	3,792
Other – primarily tuition and fees	4,652,175	4,669,158	16,983	4,289,217
State sources	2,928,996	3,086,458	157,462	3,062,049
Federal sources	846,291	1,003,875	157,584	979,198
Total revenue	10,657,480	11,079,959	422,479	10,479,610
Expenditures				
Current				
Salaries	7,177,924	6,925,306	(252,618)	6,282,535
Employee benefits	2,064,956	2,235,471	170,515	2,010,366
Purchased services	930,320	905,915	(24,405)	592,968
Supplies and materials	201,498	229,398	27,900	191,313
Other expenditures	14,511	4,174	(10,337)	18,809
Capital outlay	78,455	245,694	167,239	78,505
Total expenditures	10,467,664	10,545,958	78,294	9,174,496
Net change in fund balances	\$ 189,816	534,001	\$ 344,185	1,305,114
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		2,840,488		1,535,374
End of year		\$ 3,374,489		\$ 2,840,488

#### Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Comparative Balance Sheet as of June 30, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Assets		
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 12,305,218	\$ 14,914,685
Cash and investments held by trustee	1,799	1,799
Total assets	\$ 12,307,017	\$ 14,916,484
Liabilities		
Accounts and contracts payable	\$ 2,803,138	\$ 3,039,587
Fund balances		
Restricted for long-term facilities maintenance	9,364,127	11,615,403
Restricted for capital projects	139,752	261,494
Total fund balances	9,503,879	11,876,897
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 12,307,017	\$ 14,916,484

#### Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		2023		2022
			Over (Under)	
	Budget	Actual	Budget	Actual
Revenue				
Local sources				
Investment earnings (charges)	\$ -	\$ 315,218	\$ 315,218	\$ (48,958)
Other		2,612	2,612	
Total revenue	_	317,830	317,830	(48,958)
Expenditures				
Capital outlay				
Salaries	_	215,046	215,046	174,472
Employee benefits	_	66,139	66,139	50,992
Purchased services	_	1,802,711	1,802,711	1,399,475
Supplies and materials	_	_	_	13,655
Capital expenditures	22,500,000	19,428,715	(3,071,285)	12,967,794
Debt service				
Fiscal charges and other		192,063	192,063	306,082
Total expenditures	22,500,000	21,704,674	(795,326)	14,912,470
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(22,500,000)	(21,386,844)	1,113,156	(14,961,428)
Other financing sources				
Bonds issued	18,060,000	18,060,000	_	21,200,000
Premiums on debt issued	740,000	953,826	213,826	2,338,794
Total other financing sources	18,800,000	19,013,826	213,826	23,538,794
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,700,000)	(2,373,018)	\$ 1,326,982	8,577,366
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		11,876,897		3,299,531
End of year		\$ 9,503,879		\$ 11,876,897



## Debt Service Fund Balance Sheet by Account as of June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022)

	Regular Debt Service	OPEB Debt Service	Tot	als
	Account	Account	2023	2022
Assets				
Cash and temporary investments	\$ 11,245,056	\$ 1,836,108	\$ 13,081,164	\$ 12,366,232
Receivables				
Current taxes	9,738,110	1,320,870	11,058,980	10,271,683
Delinquent taxes	152,847	19,837	172,684	168,590
Due from other governmental units	90,005	1	90,006	88,519
Total assets	\$ 21,226,018	\$ 3,176,816	\$ 24,402,834	\$ 22,895,024
Deferred inflows of resources				
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	\$ 19,635,858	\$ 2,663,393	\$ 22,299,251	\$ 20,736,714
Unavailable revenue – delinquent taxes	117,998	15,895	133,893	116,546
Total deferred inflows of resources	19,753,856	2,679,288	22,433,144	20,853,260
Fund balances				
Restricted for debt service	1,472,162	497,528	1,969,690	2,041,764
Total liabilities, deferred inflows				
of resources, and fund balances	\$ 21,226,018	\$ 3,176,816	\$ 24,402,834	\$ 22,895,024

#### Debt Service Fund Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances by Account Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Actual Amounts for the Year Ended June 31, 2022)

			2023	
			Actual	
		Regular	OPEB	
		Debt Service	Debt Service	
	Budget	Account	Account	Total
Revenue				
Local sources				
Property taxes	\$ 21,635,020	\$ 17,961,508	\$ 2,686,406	\$ 20,647,914
Investment earnings	_	217,042	40,823	257,865
State sources	_	901,550	5	901,555
Total revenue	21,635,020	19,080,100	2,727,234	21,807,334
Expenditures				
Debt service				
Principal	15,310,000	12,920,000	2,390,000	15,310,000
Interest	6,549,058	6,336,365	212,693	6,549,058
Fiscal charges and other		21,600	400	22,000
Total expenditures	21,859,058	19,277,965	2,603,093	21,881,058
Excess (deficiency) of revenue				
over expenditures	(224,038)	(197,865)	124,141	(73,724)
Other financing sources				
Premiums on debt issued		1,650		1,650
Net change in fund balances	\$ (224,038)	(196,215)	124,141	(72,074)
Fund balances				
Beginning of year		1,668,377	373,387	2,041,764
End of year		\$ 1,472,162	\$ 497,528	\$ 1,969,690

	2022
Over (Under) Budget	Actual
\$ (987,106) 257,865 901,555 172,314	\$ 19,128,912 9,727 898,578 20,037,217
22,000 22,000	14,445,000 6,490,548 14,203 20,949,751
150,314	(912,534)
1,650 \$ 151,964	(912,534)
	2,954,298 \$ 2,041,764

# Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2022)

	Dental		He	Health Benefits		Totals			
	Se	lf-Insurance	Self-Insurance		2023			2022	
Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	1,369,805	\$	1,222,740	\$	2,592,545	\$	1,577,837	
Liabilities Current liabilities Claims payable		23,886		2,438,003		2,461,889		2,110,197	
Net position Unrestricted	\$	1,345,919	\$	(1,215,263)	\$	130,656	\$	(532,360)	

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		Dental	He	ealth Benefits	Totals			
	Sel	f-Insurance	Se	elf-Insurance		2023	2022	
Operating revenue Charges for services Contributions from governmental funds	\$	1 204 710	\$	10 964 215	\$	21 150 025	\$	10 727 100
Contributions from governmental funds	Ф	1,294,710	Ф	19,864,315	Ф	21,159,025	Ф	19,737,190
Operating expenses								
Dental benefit claims		1,302,617		_		1,302,617		1,384,785
Health benefit claims		_		19,228,089		19,228,089		19,980,118
Total operating expenses		1,302,617		19,228,089		20,530,706		21,364,903
Operating income (loss)		(7,907)		636,226		628,319		(1,627,713)
Nonoperating revenue								
Investment earnings		31,823		2,874		34,697		1,361
Change in net position		23,916		639,100		663,016		(1,626,352)
Net position								
Beginning of year		1,322,003		(1,854,363)		(532,360)		1,093,992
End of year	\$	1,345,919	\$	(1,215,263)	\$	130,656	\$	(532,360)

#### Internal Service Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows Year Ended June 30, 2023

(With Comparative Totals for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

		Dental	Hea	alth Benefits	Tot	als	
	Se	lf-Insurance	Se	lf-Insurance	2023		2022
Cash flows from operating activities Contributions from governmental funds Payments for dental claims	\$	1,294,710 (1,321,303)	\$	19,864,315	\$ 21,159,025 (1,321,303)	\$	19,771,286 (1,367,063)
Payments for health claims		(1,321,303)		(18,857,711)	(18,857,711)		(1,507,003)
Net cash flows from operating activities		(26,593)		1,006,604	980,011		(1,119,170)
Cash flows from investing activities Investment income received		31,823		2,874	34,697		1,361
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		5,230		1,009,478	1,014,708		(1,117,809)
Cash and cash equivalents Beginning of year		1,364,575		213,262	1,577,837		2,695,646
End of year	\$	1,369,805	\$	1,222,740	\$ 2,592,545	\$	1,577,837
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to cash flows from operating activities	\$	(7,907)	\$	636,226	\$ 628,319	\$	(1,627,713)
Changes in assets and liabilities Prepaid items Claims payable		(18,686)		370,378	351,692		34,096 474,447
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$	(26,593)	\$	1,006,604	\$ 980,011	\$	(1,119,170)



STATISTICAL SECTION
(UNAUDITED)

### STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)



### STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This section of Independent School District No. 281, Robbinsdale Area Schools' (the District) Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

#### **Contents**

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's most significant local revenue source, property taxes.

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.

#### **Demographic and Economic Information**

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.

#### **Operating Indicators**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's ACFR relates to the services the District provides, and the activities it performs.

Source: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the District's ACFR for the relevant year.

Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

			Fiscal Year
2014	2015	2016	2017
\$ 106,560,557	\$ 107,207,460	\$ 122,266,332	\$ 115,303,157
4,501,991	5,848,970	8,691,982	9,768,518
14,680,171	(83,516,985)	(86,000,673)	(142,988,687)
\$ 125,742,719	\$ 29,539,445	\$ 44,957,641	\$ (17,917,012)
	\$ 106,560,557 4,501,991 14,680,171	\$ 106,560,557	\$ 106,560,557

- Note 1: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 68 in fiscal 2015. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing this standard that decreased net position by approximately \$101.1 million. Prior year amounts have not been restated.
- Note 2: The District implemented GASB Statement Nos. 74 and 75 in fiscal 2017. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing these standards that decreased net position by approximately \$3.4 million. Prior year amounts have not been restated.
- Note 3: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 84 in fiscal 2020. The District reported a change in accounting principle as a result of implementing these standards that decreased net position by approximately \$0.5 million. Prior year amounts have not been restated.

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
\$ 117,654,573	\$ 116,151,974	\$ 121,514,170	\$ 119,977,952	\$ 111,931,629	\$ 102,505,704
11,038,463	11,057,047	8,831,552	13,711,368	17,685,336	19,107,831
(199,663,718)	(164,847,615)	(172,365,636)	(168,240,437)	(157,149,952)	(122,758,344)
\$ (70,970,682)	\$ (37,638,594)	\$ (42,019,914)	\$ (34,551,117)	\$ (27,532,987)	\$ (1,144,809)

### Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

								Fiscal Year
		2014		2015		2016		2017
Governmental activities								
Expenses								
Administration	\$	5,323,237	\$	5,390,640	\$	6,098,358	\$	7,886,010
District support services	Ψ	4,655,575	Ψ	5,367,003	Ψ	7,218,076	Ψ	8,291,512
Elementary and secondary regular instruction		74,585,367		75,849,372		84,552,454		115,652,948
Vocational education instruction		1,891,133		1,928,738		1,794,043		2,284,209
Special education instruction		24,965,365		25,746,822		28,164,535		36,782,980
Instructional support services		8,669,006		11,497,919		10,769,418		17,235,990
Pupil support services		13,749,311		13,480,522		15,015,158		17,528,400
Sites and buildings		28,589,660		27,603,972		25,787,522		34,887,431
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs		396,227		533,245		454,428		557,141
Food service		6,482,286		7,054,514		7,822,574		8,429,759
Community service		8,449,009		8,295,446		8,840,567		11,033,134
Interest and fiscal charges on debt		5,792,505		5,644,096		6,107,024		6,758,127
Total expenses		183,548,681		188,392,289		202,624,157		267,327,641
Program revenues								
Charges for services								
Administration		800		165		652		625
District support services		14,161		162,582		247,734		145,124
Elementary and secondary regular instruction		1,410,509		1,101,536		1,119,601		1,264,788
Vocational education instruction		2,415		2,326		18		1,201,700
Special education instruction		147,548		208,893		195,777		267,964
Instructional support services		15,070		8,675		903		222
Pupil support services		22,363		47,177		38,486		
Sites and buildings		2,037,673		282,482		93,200		113,621
Food service		2,226,066		2,217,047		2,172,672		2,052,382
Community service		4,199,608		3,894,381		4,368,503		4,939,077
Total charges for services		10,076,213		7,925,264		8,237,546		8,783,817
Operating grants and contributions		26,227,085		27,540,323		28,424,275		29,846,808
Total program revenues		36,303,298		35,465,587		36,661,821		38,630,625
Net (expense) revenue		(147,245,383)		(152 026 702)		(165 062 226)		(228,697,016)
Net (expense) revenue		(147,243,363)		(152,926,702)		(165,962,336)		(228,097,010
General revenues and other changes in net position Taxes								
Property taxes, levied for general purposes		18.184.240		31,895,867		35,886,676		37.576.196
Property taxes, levied for community service		972,623		1,784,695		1,690,354		1,729,633
Property taxes, levied for building construction		2,320,542		2,540,747		1,090,334		1,747,033
Property taxes, levied for debt service		17,988,593		18,626,998		18,175,924		18,800,718
General grants and aids		104,689,723		99,826,289		107,504,169		109,188,461
Other general revenues		1,146,041		3,130,188		1,914,060		1,512,981
Gain on disposal of capital assets		859,894		3,130,100		1,714,000		1,512,901
Investment earnings (charges)		13,317		12,767		106,758		377,622
Special item – conveyance of FAIR School		13,317		12,707		14,662,500		311,022
Special item – OPEB trust draw						14,002,500		
Total general revenues and other changes	-							
in net position		146,174,973		157,817,551		181,380,532		169,185,611
Change in net position	\$	(1,070,410)	\$	4,890,849	\$	15,418,196	\$	(59,511,405

	2018	2019	2020	2021	_	2022	 2023
\$	7,721,781	\$ 5,515,211	\$ 7,322,496	\$ 7,849,512	\$	7,022,554	\$ 6,341,329
	7,836,267	9,766,522	5,842,366	7,689,450		10,102,689	7,642,191
10	06,754,453	53,979,385	84,979,649	82,065,296		75,765,485	64,957,769
	1,986,611	773,463	1,503,372	1,446,111		1,241,992	940,887
:	39,746,365	25,976,927	35,301,076	34,249,305		29,940,336	24,573,782
	19,570,243	9,105,680	12,334,356	13,863,745		12,265,884	12,247,396
	19,034,575	17,315,538	18,825,428	12,908,795		24,241,745	23,397,500
:	30,324,113	33,669,988	34,675,198	34,801,921		37,321,186	44,587,236
	521,264	452,980	432,254	447,607		506,401	591,978
	8,020,908	7,706,006	7,276,407	5,960,895		7,354,712	7,238,539
	11,745,783	10,154,134	10,714,698	9,445,606		8,404,889	9,682,718
	5,864,901	5,636,378	5,092,272	 5,225,791		5,525,895	 5,490,978
2:	59,127,264	180,052,212	224,299,572	215,954,034		219,693,768	207,692,303
	330	330	_	_		_	_
	134,508	225,115	120,685	117,984		180,990	140,096
	1,182,309	940,917	485,766	345,605		503,279	565,398
	_	_	_	_		_	_
	483,254	400,456	709,428	380,362		477,905	868,063
	1,503	1,871	3,255	3,722		6,713	4,271
	2,768	166,538	_	_		_	60,795
	15,008	20,618	754,317	193,066		16,727	29,300
	2,101,585	2,104,594	1,477,502	384,656		80,258	1,378,103
	5,291,223	5,642,264	4,468,094	2,740,800		4,289,217	 4,669,158
	9,212,488	9,502,703	8,019,047	4,166,195		5,555,089	7,715,184
	29,103,055	34,578,208	33,198,955	38,111,519		37,634,633	34,457,865
	38,315,543	44,080,911	41,218,002	 42,277,714		43,189,722	 42,173,049
(2)	20,811,721)	(135,971,301)	(183,081,570)	(173,676,320)		(176,504,046)	(165,519,254)
	35,777,957	37,273,204	44,393,003	43,551,802		44,967,173	44,375,882
•	1,841,325	2,044,276	2,390,902	2,559,183		2,145,322	2,197,606
	_	_	_	_		_	_
	19,973,568	20,827,352	18,338,319	19,597,836		19,134,031	20,665,261
10	07,954,995	101,589,910	110,111,808	112,405,410		114,267,827	120,609,840
	1,701,133	1,960,668	2,463,613	2,964,792		3,028,496	2,517,473
	509,073	- 858,243	462,138	- 66,094		(20,673)	1,541,370
	_ _	4,749,736	_ 	_ 		_ 	 _ 
10	67,758,051	169,303,389	178,159,783	181,145,117		183,522,176	191,907,432
\$ (:	53,053,670)	\$ 33,332,088	\$ (4,921,787)	\$ 7,468,797	\$	7,018,130	\$ 26,388,178



### Governmental Activities Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

					П	operty rax			
			(	Community		Building	Debt		
Fiscal Year	Ger	neral Purposes		Service	C	onstruction		Service	Total
2014	\$	18,184,240	\$	972,623	\$	2,320,542	\$	17,988,593	\$ 39,465,998
2015		31,895,867		1,784,695		2,540,747		18,626,998	54,848,307
2016		35,886,676		1,690,354		1,440,091		18,175,924	57,193,045
2017		37,576,196		1,729,633		_		18,800,718	58,106,547
2018		35,777,957		1,841,325		_		19,973,568	57,592,850
2019		37,273,204		2,044,276		_		20,827,352	60,144,832
2020		44,393,003		2,390,902		_		18,338,319	65,122,224
2021		43,551,802		2,559,183		_		19,597,836	65,708,821
2022		44,967,173		2,145,322		_		19,134,031	66,246,526
2023		44,375,882		2,197,606		_		20,665,261	67,238,749

Note: Legislative "tax shift" changes impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014. This change was offset by an adjustment to state aid payments of an equal amount.

#### Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

								Fiscal Year
		2014		2015		2016		2017
General Fund								
Nonspendable	\$	890,495	\$	800,112	\$	552,260	\$	375,117
Restricted		1,560,153	·	1,506,725		2,265,076		4,348,161
Assigned		1,231,939		930,246		1,839,081		873,292
Unassigned		14,953,578		15,855,654		13,580,091		7,963,180
Total General Fund	\$	18,636,165	\$	19,092,737	\$	18,236,508	\$	13,559,750
All other governmental funds								
Nonspendable, reported in								
Special revenue funds	\$	123,085	\$	92,131	\$	71,158	\$	102,859
Capital Projects – Building	Ψ	123,003	Ψ	72,131	Ψ	71,130	Ψ	102,000
Construction Fund		496		769		_		_
Debt Service Fund		_		_		900		1,350
Restricted, reported in								,
Special revenue funds		3,245,474		3,198,194		3,325,652		2,883,772
Capital Projects – Building								
Construction Fund		8,274,406		_		47,102,855		12,695,833
Debt Service Fund		2,617,489		2,679,063		11,408,622		2,303,961
Unassigned, reported in								
Capital Projects – Building								
Construction Fund				(276,195)				_
Total all other governmental funds	\$	14,260,950	\$	5,693,962	\$	61,909,187	\$	17,987,775

2018	2019	2020	2021		 2022	 2023
\$ 486,096 5,813,165 - (1,319,348)	\$ 264,546 4,994,822 1,210,419 (415,357)	\$ 713,515 5,397,172 1,507,829 622,412	\$	1,218,616 8,493,612 1,882,535 7,502,120	\$ 1,687,909 9,732,633 6,960,051 2,154,900	\$ 1,054,268 9,857,244 1,734,895 5,644,195
\$ 4,979,913	\$ 6,054,430	\$ 8,240,928	\$	19,096,883	\$ 20,535,493	\$ 18,290,602
\$ 81,060	\$ 66,365	\$ 86,354	\$	115,288	\$ 93,978	\$ 85,916
1,500	- -	- -		356	_ _	_ _
2,336,296	2,380,885	2,022,468		3,597,998	6,866,950	7,943,810
12,386,151 2,426,303	3,025,152 3,046,255	1,166,797 2,866,254		3,299,175 2,954,298	11,876,897 2,041,764	9,503,879 1,969,690
 _	 _	 			 	 _
\$ 17,231,310	\$ 8,518,657	\$ 6,141,873	\$	9,967,115	\$ 20,879,589	\$ 19,503,295

### Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

				Fiscal Year
	2014	2015	2016	2017
Revenues				
Local sources	4 40 404 004	A - 1 - 1 1 - 2 - 3	A == 400 == 1	<b>.</b>
Taxes	\$ 39,592,903	\$ 54,844,379	\$ 57,309,754	\$ 58,167,629
Investment earnings (charges)	13,317	12,767	106,758	349,903
Other	11,222,254	11,055,452	10,151,606	10,296,798
State sources	120,362,250	116,764,176	124,317,336	123,539,976
Federal sources	10,554,558	10,398,015	11,611,108	11,099,637
Total revenues	181,745,282	193,074,789	203,496,562	203,453,943
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	5,352,963	5,457,327	5,876,647	6,057,838
District support services	3,955,195	3,996,042	4,460,021	7,539,458
Elementary and secondary regular	, ,			
instruction	71,812,151	75,446,692	82,611,441	80,495,431
Vocational education instruction	1,851,632	1,950,594	1,799,623	1,505,730
Special education instruction	24,373,242	25,753,766	27,740,788	27,998,488
Instructional support services	8,265,307	11,484,753	10,468,901	13,890,413
Pupil support services	13,181,909	13,018,795	14,674,569	15,417,357
Sites and buildings	13,546,358	13,427,858	13,598,259	14,352,208
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	396,227	533,245	454,428	557,141
Food service	6,322,283	6,956,562	7,499,503	7,434,021
Community service	8,175,526	8,167,323	8,779,365	9,529,583
Capital outlay	25,252,839	16,241,393	29,095,514	51,330,006
Debt service	20,202,009	10,2.1,000	2>,0>0,01.	21,220,000
Principal	12,465,481	12,492,199	12,375,776	13,312,096
Interest and fiscal charges	6,816,235	6,378,142	6,640,092	8,148,233
Total expenditures	201,767,348	201,304,691	226,074,927	257,568,003
E				
Excess of revenues over (under)	(20,022,066)	(9.220.002)	(22 579 265)	(54 114 060)
expenditures	(20,022,066)	(8,229,902)	(22,578,365)	(54,114,060)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Refunding debt issued	-	9,640,000	9,380,000	12,170,000
Debt issued	16,625,000	_	67,135,000	13,178,000
Premiums on debt issued	161,221	1,603,918	3,932,191	1,476,967
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	_	(11,125,000)	(2,515,000)	(21,309,077)
Sale of capital assets and insurance recoveries	1,655,170	568	5,170	_
Transfers in	_	_	9,238	_
Transfers (out)	<u>=</u>		(9,238)	<u> </u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	18,441,391	119,486	77,937,361	5,515,890
Special item – OPEB trust draw				
Net change in fund balances	\$ (1,580,675)	\$ (8,110,416)	\$ 55,358,996	\$ (48,598,170)
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	10.6%	9.4%	9.5%	10.0%

2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023		
\$ 57,519,158	\$ 60,250,102	\$ 65,064,028	\$ 65,787,270	\$ 66,227,824	\$ 67,186,671		
462,688	812,707	437,945	63,843	(22,034)	1,506,673		
10,913,571	11,463,371	9,734,221	6,945,012	8,503,152	10,131,134		
125,976,478	129,898,661	131,780,536	130,431,619	125,044,334	124,256,772		
11,127,379	12,615,853	11,485,723	19,832,183	27,494,826	30,140,696		
205,999,274	215,040,694	218,502,453	223,059,927	227,248,102	233,221,946		
6,211,188	6,668,226	6,901,168	7,699,766	7,527,435	7,691,838		
5,654,002	7,116,200	5,766,813	7,179,027	7,889,919	7,268,857		
76,052,466	77,514,144	78,653,904	77,205,908	79,668,997	84,854,890		
1,386,757	1,229,923	1,419,272	1,372,645	1,342,465	1,283,188		
31,490,066	32,635,544	33,233,639	33,070,419	31,954,641	31,317,678		
15,458,739	13,123,834	11,539,653	13,208,889	12,700,529	14,921,721		
17,171,870	18,357,090	18,481,931	12,626,379	24,573,092	25,083,239		
15,743,020	15,460,915	15,709,234	15,925,083	16,026,078	17,565,351		
521,264	452,980	432,254	447,607	506,401	591,978		
7,461,961	7,461,022	7,098,859	6,120,818	7,510,452	7,183,795		
10,366,492	10,854,534	10,437,784	9,544,358	9,095,991	10,300,264		
21,610,466	14,118,571	28,476,722 20,236,034		17,309,064	28,394,072		
14,113,584	15,499,567	13,538,285	14,180,048	15,422,770	16,287,318		
7,218,300	7,031,016	6,569,414	7,221,264	7,094,079	7,057,405		
230,460,175	227,523,566	238,258,932	226,038,245	238,621,913	259,801,594		
(24,460,901)	(12,482,872)	(19,756,479)	(2,978,318)	(11,373,811)	(26,579,648)		
_	9,910,000	10,330,000	13,270,000	=	_		
14,200,000	_	16,662,113	16,760,000	21,305,668	21,901,464		
924,549	_	2,580,174	2,568,540	2,338,794	955,476		
_	(9,815,000)	(11,295,000)	(15,125,000)	_	_		
50	_	748,439	185,975	80,433	101,523		
_	_	, <u> </u>	, _	, _	, _		
15,124,599	95,000	19,025,726	17,659,515	23,724,895	22,958,463		
_	4,749,736	_	=	_	_		
\$ (9,336,302)	\$ (7,638,136)	\$ (730,753)	\$ 14,681,197	\$ 12,351,084	\$ (3,621,185)		
10.1%	10.4%	9.5%	10.3%	10.0%	10.0% 9.8%		

### General Governmental Tax Revenues by Source and Levy Type Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Property Tax

Fiscal Year	General Fund	Community Service Special Revenue Fund	Capital Projects – Building Construction Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total	
2014	\$ 18,272,948	\$ 976,762	\$ 2,317,001	\$ 18,026,192	\$ 39,592,903	
2015	31,906,847	1,784,355	2,538,546	18,614,631	54,844,379	
2016	35,915,801	1,694,733	1,445,833	18,253,387	57,309,754	
2017	37,616,397	1,731,656	_	18,819,576	58,167,629	
2018	35,734,126	1,838,995	_	19,946,037	57,519,158	
2019	37,343,094	2,046,923	_	20,860,085	60,250,102	
2020	44,343,444	2,388,215	_	18,332,369	65,064,028	
2021	43,600,567	2,561,170	-	19,625,533	65,787,270	
2022	44,953,558	2,145,354	_	19,128,912	66,227,824	
2023	44,342,363	2,196,394	_	20,647,914	67,186,671	

Note: Legislative "tax shift" changes impacted the amount of tax revenue recognized in fiscal year 2014, which was offset by an equal adjustment to state aid payments.

#### Operating Fund Revenue by Source (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Other				
Year Ended	Local Property		Local and				
June 30,	Tax Levies	State Revenue	Federal Revenue	Miscellaneous (2)	Total		
2014	\$ 19,249,710	\$ 119,462,108	\$ 10,554,558	\$ 11,200,301	\$ 160,466,677		
	12.00%	74.45%	6.58%	6.98%	100.00%		
2015	33,691,202	115,864,130	10,398,015	11,064,587	171,017,934		
	19.70%	67.75%	6.08%	6.47%	100.00%		
2016	37,610,534	123,417,289	11,611,108	10,197,238	182,836,169		
	20.57%	67.50%	6.35%	5.58%	100.00%		
2017	39,348,053	122,665,128	11,099,637	10,409,678	183,522,496		
	21.44%	66.84%	6.05%	5.67%	100.00%		
2018	37,573,121	125,060,231	11,127,379	11,143,557	184,904,288		
	20.32%	67.64%	6.02%	6.02%	100.00%		
2019	39,390,017	128,966,425	12,615,853	11,786,123	192,758,418		
	20.44%	66.91%	6.54%	6.11%	100.00%		
2020	46,731,659	130,872,197	11,485,723	9,902,627	198,992,206		
	23.48%	65.77%	5.77%	4.98%	100.00%		
2021	46,161,737	129,531,553	19,832,183	6,967,868	202,493,341		
	22.80%	63.97%	9.79%	3.44%	100.00%		
2022	47,098,912	124,145,756	27,494,826	8,520,349	207,259,843		
	22.72%	59.90%	13.27%	4.11%	100.00%		
2023	46,538,757	123,355,217	30,140,696	11,062,112	211,096,782		
	22.04%	58.44%	14.28%	5.24%	100.00%		

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating funds include the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes interest earnings.

#### Operating Fund Expenditures by Function (1) (2) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Year Ended June 30,	District and School Administration	District Support Services	Regular Instruction	Vocational Instruction	Special Education Instruction	
2014	\$ 5,371,076	\$ 4,361,338	\$ 73,588,280	\$ 1,852,246	\$ 24,511,412	
	3.28%	2.67%	44.97%	1.13%	14.98%	
2015	5,467,794	5,286,447	76,169,169	1,951,604	25,867,207	
	3.20%	3.10%	44.64%	1.14%	15.16%	
2016	5,886,622	6,978,242	83,354,768	1,799,623	27,811,806	
	3.21%	3.80%	45.40%	0.98%	15.15%	
2017	6,062,513	7,997,649	81,026,361	1,505,730	28,045,053	
	3.21%	4.24%	42.96%	0.80%	14.87%	
2018	6,212,265	7,666,347	76,401,709	1,407,700	31,536,703	
	3.20%	3.95%	39.37%	0.73%	16.25%	
2019	6,668,576	9,682,414	77,781,159	1,251,339	32,656,479	
	3.39%	4.93%	39.60%	0.64%	16.63%	
2020	6,901,168	9,533,974	79,724,691	1,419,272	33,359,875	
	3.47%	4.80%	40.16%	0.72%	16.81%	
2021	7,713,019	9,847,489	78,029,597	1,375,391	33,112,067	
	4.06%	5.18%	41.02%	0.72%	17.41%	
2022	7,527,849	9,353,126	80,063,461	1,343,554	31,967,915	
	3.71%	4.61%	39.49%	0.66%	15.77%	
2023	7,716,673	8,738,886	85,596,679	1,298,785	31,344,066	
	3.57%	4.04%	39.59%	0.60%	14.50%	

<sup>(1)</sup> Operating funds include the General Fund, Food Service Special Revenue Fund, and Community Service Special Revenue Fund.

<sup>(2)</sup> Capital expenditures are included by function.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes food service.

Community Education		Instructional Support Services		Pupil Support Services (3)		Sites, Buildings, and Equipment		Other		Total	
\$	8,293,743 5.07%	\$	8,596,851 5.25%	\$	19,633,674 12.00%	\$	16,580,964 10.13%	\$	860,172 0.53%	\$	163,649,756 100.00%
	8,279,318		11,704,553		20,064,106		15,119,911		730,055		170,640,164
	4.85%		6.86%		11.76%		8.86%		0.43%		100.00%
	8,830,748		10,559,425		22,346,244		15,363,128		651,239		183,581,845
	4.81%		5.75%		12.17%		8.37%		0.36%		100.00%
	9,580,335		13,899,807		23,827,014		15,911,020		753,951		188,609,433
	5.08%		7.37%		12.63%		8.44%		0.40%		100.00%
	10,425,417		15,462,127		25,181,556		18,940,779		818,847		194,053,450
	5.37%		7.97%		12.98%		9.76%		0.42%		100.00%
	10,908,310		13,123,859		25,881,212		16,945,081		1,505,314		196,403,743
	5.55%		6.68%		13.18%		8.63%		0.77%		100.00%
	10,460,228		11,564,570		25,694,562		19,063,903		767,912		198,490,155
	5.27%		5.83%		12.95%		9.60%		0.39%		100.00%
	9,572,982		13,894,334		19,083,466		16,826,325		764,227		190,218,897
	5.03%		7.30%		10.03%		8.85%		0.40%		100.00%
	9,174,496		12,701,452		32,309,167		16,551,255		1,767,417		202,759,692
	4.53%		6.26%		15.94%		8.16%		0.87%		100.00%
	10,545,958		14,943,884		32,404,637		21,762,714		1,863,580		216,215,862
	4.88%		6.91%		14.99%		10.06%		0.86%		100.00%

## Tax Capacities and Market Values Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Capacity Valuation For Taxes Fiscal Disparities Collectible Agricultural Nonagricultural Contribution Distribution 2014 \$ 2,261 \$ 79,030,536 \$ (8,449,034)\$ 14,712,766 2015 2,259 86,141,492 (8,633,147)14,813,573 2016 8,043 89,754,553 (8,340,302)14,346,780 2017 444 95,900,642 (9,078,698)15,883,569 2018 440 103,737,702 (9,371,466)16,328,556 2019 111,522,449 440 (10,121,106)17,069,047 2020 3,760 122,772,521 (10,522,700)18,052,967 2021 3,940 129,689,663 (11,547,527)18,490,328 2022 3,946 136,809,242 (12,560,063)19,954,575

156,665,153

(12,256,155)

18,774,476

4,737

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

2023

Tax Increment		Total Taxable	Total Direct Tax Rate	Taxable Market Value	Tax Capacity as a Percentage of Market Value
\$	(2,096,844)	\$ 83,199,685	34.777 %	\$ 7,149,705,435	1.16 %
	(2,247,092)	90,077,085	33.226	7,691,217,200	1.17
	(2,451,835)	93,317,239	33.833	7,994,981,425	1.17
	(2,804,981)	99,900,976	31.612	8,497,124,725	1.18
	(3,365,469)	107,329,763	31.957	9,160,183,925	1.17
	(3,747,880)	114,722,950	29.909	9,847,024,275	1.17
	(4,793,813)	125,512,735	26.447	10,739,561,575	1.17
	(5,141,194)	131,495,210	25.529	11,273,477,275	1.17
	(4,847,724)	139,359,976	26.507	11,952,166,700	1.17
	(5,302,816)	157,885,395	24.092	13,629,682,300	1.16



## Taxable Net Tax Capacity and Estimated Market Value of All Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Collection Year	Sales Ratio	Taxable Net Tax Capacity	Estimated Market Value	Percent Total Tax Capacity of Estimated Market Value	Indicated Market Value (1)
2014	99.9	\$ 83,199,685	\$7,149,705,435	1.16 %	\$7,156,862,297
2015	94.3	90,077,085	7,691,217,200	1.17	8,156,115,801
2016	94.3	93,317,239	7,994,981,425	1.17	8,478,241,172
2017	93.5	99,900,976	8,497,124,725	1.18	9,087,833,930
2018	93.9	107,329,763	9,160,183,925	1.17	9,758,372,137
2019	94.4	114,722,950	9,847,024,275	1.17	10,431,169,783
2020	94.2	125,512,735	10,739,561,575	1.17	11,400,808,466
2021	93.5	131,495,210	11,273,477,275	1.17	12,057,194,947
2022	94.7	139,359,976	11,952,166,700	1.17	12,621,084,161
2023	90.7	157,885,395	13,629,682,300	1.16	15,027,213,120

Note: Taxable net tax capacity is as adjusted for fiscal disparities and tax increments.

Source: Hennepin County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> Calculated by dividing the estimated market value by the sales ratio.

# Property Tax Capacity Rates All Overlapping Governmental Units Last Ten Fiscal Years

Property Tax Rate – Based on Tax Capacity Values

			1 7		1 /
Tax Collection	ISD	City of	City of	City of	City of
Year	No. 281 (1)	Brooklyn Center	Brooklyn Park	Crystal	Golden Valley
					_
2014	34.777	75.742	62.034	56.015	61.839
2015	33.226	71.256	57.494	50.498	54.626
2016	33.833	73.292	56.690	50.498	54.452
2017	31.612	70.498	55.207	50.360	56.109
2018	31.957	68.432	52.373	50.416	55.152
2019	29.909	71.860	52.695	48.771	53.780
2020	26.447	66.589	49.762	47.855	53.400
2021	25.529	66.260	47.129	49.507	52.596
2022	26.507	57.109	48.338	47.373	54.736
2023	24.092	55.969	43.148	47.407	53.828

Total Tax Capacity Rate for Taxpayers as a

Tax Collection	Brooklyn Center	Brooklyn Park	Crystal	Golden Valley	New Hope
Year	Resident	Resident	Resident	Resident	Resident
2014	170.424	156.716	150.697	156.521	153.278
2015	160.665	146.903	139.907	144.035	145.387
2016	162.011	145.409	139.217	143.171	146.124
2017	155.019	139.728	134.881	140.630	144.452
2018	151.713	135.654	133.697	138.433	141.870
2019	152.180	133.015	129.091	134.100	148.310
2020	141.538	124.711	122.804	128.349	141.038
2021	137.090	117.959	120.337	123.426	134.770
2022	130.000	121.229	120.264	127.627	137.214
2023	121.547	108.726	112.985	119.406	124.082

Source: Hennepin County Auditor

<sup>(1)</sup> The rate does not include the referendum, which is spread on School District Referendum Market Value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Special districts include the Metropolitan Mosquito Control, Metropolitan Council, Metro Transit, Three Rivers Park District, Park Museum, Hennepin County Regional Railroad Authority, and Hennepin HRA.

<sup>(3)</sup> District voters have authorized additional school funding through an operating referendum.

City of	City of	City of	Special	Hennepin	
New Hope	Plymouth	Robbinsdale	Districts (2)	(2)     County       10.047     49.858       9.785     46.398       9.530     45.356       8.822     44.087       8.516     42.808	
58.596	30.114	57.436	10.047	49.858	
55.978	28.374	51.134	9.785	46.398	
57.405	27.838	53.785	9.530	45.356	
59.931	26.959	50.574	8.822	44.087	
58.589	26.804	50.346	8.516	42.808	
67.990	26.355	50.807	8.550	41.861	
66.089	26.206	47.511	7.418	41.084	
63.940	26.509	52.143	7.091	38.210	
64.323	27.574	51.201	7.849	38.535	
58.504	24.643	49.696	6.944	34.542	

Plymouth Resident	Robbinsdale Resident	ISD No. 281 Market Value Base Tax (3)
124.796	152.118	0.30399
117.783	140.543	0.28484
116.557	142.504	0.28216
111.480	135.095	0.24959
110.085	133.627	0.23433
106.675	131.127	0.26683
101.155	122.460	0.25032
97.339	122.973	0.24121
100.465	124.092	0.21608
90.221	115.274	0.21763

## Principal Taxpayers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			2023				2014	
				Percent of				Percent of
		Net		Total Net		Net		Total Net
Taxpayer		ax Capacity	Rank	Tax Capacity	Та	ax Capacity	Rank	Tax Capacity
Bigos Management, Inc.	\$	908,025	1	0.58 %	\$	400,050	3	0.48 %
Abbott Laboratories		776,250	2	0.49		_	_	_
FW MN-Rockford Road, LLC		722,710	3	0.46		_	_	_
Alatus New Hope I LLC		614,375	4	0.39		_	_	_
Liberty Crossing Investment Partnership		595,550	5	0.38		341,620	8	0.41
Individual – Commercial		582,250	6	0.37		_	_	_
MN-Crystal Center-HA LLC		508,250	7	0.32		389,250	4	0.47
Individual – Apartment		506,475	8	0.32		_	_	_
Pointe Properties		485,000	9	0.31		_	_	_
Parker Station Flats, LLC		480,925	10	0.30		_	_	_
U.S. Retail Partners, LLC		_	_	_		466,560	1	0.56
United Health Care Services, Inc.		_	_	_		402,130	2	0.48
Columbia II Rockridge Center		_	_	_		374,668	5	0.45
AGA Medical Corporation		_	_	_		351,256	6	0.42
Walmart Corporation		_	_	_		344,250	7	0.41
Target Corporation		_	_	_		331,176	9	0.40
Honeywell, Inc.						274,750	10	0.33
Total	\$	6,179,810	:	3.91 %	\$	3,675,710		4.42 %
Total district net tax capacity	\$ 1	57,885,395			\$	83,199,685		

Source: Hennepin County Auditor

#### School Tax Levies and Tax Rates by Fund Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Collectible		General Fund	Ser	Community rvice Special evenue Fund	_	ital Projects – Building onstruction Fund	S	Debt ervice Fund		PEB Debt ervice Fund		Total All Funds
Levies (1)													
Levies (1)	2014	\$	31,819,451	\$	1,793,663	\$	2,550,206	\$	16,784,964	\$	1,930,734	\$	54,879,018
	2015	Ψ	35,345,951	Ψ.	1,698,476	Ψ	1,478,895	Ψ	16,354,011	Ψ	1,904,762	Ψ	56,782,094
	2016		37,577,972		1,734,090		_		16,992,968		1,910,341		58,215,371
	2017		35,768,682		1,849,437		_		18,147,591		1,913,261		57,678,971
	2018		36,844,663		2,054,024		_		19,013,924		1,917,296		59,829,907
	2019		44,154,574		2,400,734		_		18,197,604		231,021		64,983,933
	2020		43,322,660		2,563,052		_		18,253,473		1,420,286		65,559,471
	2021		44,228,137		2,150,602		_		16,582,110		2,596,133		65,556,982
	2022		44,429,480		2,205,636		_		18,037,008		2,699,706		67,371,830
	2023		48,159,938		1,753,725		_		19,635,858		2,663,393		72,212,914
Tax capacity rates													
	2014		0.06830		0.02174		0.03090		0.20343		0.02340		0.34777
	2015		0.09733		0.01865		0.01584		0.17953		0.02091		0.33226
	2016		0.11712		0.01859		_		0.18214		0.02048		0.33833
	2017		0.10015		0.01823		_		0.17888		0.01886		0.31612
	2018		0.10618		0.01907		_		0.17652		0.01780		0.31957
	2019		0.11698		0.02099		_		0.15910		0.00202		0.29909
	2020		0.08991		0.02012		_		0.14329		0.01115		0.26447
	2021		0.09394		0.01627		_		0.12544		0.01964		0.25529
	2022		0.10115		0.01576		_		0.12887		0.01929		0.26507
	2023		0.08965		0.01103		_		0.12349		0.01675		0.24092
Referendum marke	et												
value tax rate (2)													
	2014		0.00304		_		_		_		_		0.00304
	2015		0.00285		_		_		_		_		0.00285
	2016		0.00282		_		_		_		_		0.00282
	2017		0.00250		_		_		_		_		0.00250
	2018		0.00234		_		_		_		_		0.00234
	2019		0.00267		_		_		_		_		0.00267
	2020		0.00250		_		_		_		_		0.00250
	2021		0.00241		_		_		_		_		0.00241
	2022		0.00216		_		_		_		_		0.00216
	2023		0.00218		_		_		_		_		0.00218

Source: School Tax Report

<sup>(1)</sup> The levies include the Homestead and Agricultural Credit Aid, Education Homestead Credit adjustment, and the Homestead Market Value adjustment.

<sup>(2)</sup> The referendum levy was converted to a market value referendum in 1999, resulting in a separate tax rate computed on the total market value of the District's property.



## Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Tax Collection Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	elinquent Collections	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy
2014	\$ 54,879,018	\$ 54,146,763	98.67 %	\$ 732,255	\$ 54,879,018	100.00 %
2015	56,782,094	55,931,584	98.50	850,510	56,782,094	100.00
2016	58,215,371	57,585,191	98.92	630,180	58,215,371	100.00
2017	57,678,971	57,085,020	98.97	588,368	57,673,388	99.99
2018	59,829,907	59,491,659	99.43	290,898	59,782,557	99.92
2019	64,983,933	64,690,177	99.55	263,052	64,953,229	99.95
2020	65,559,471	65,176,341	99.42	322,661	65,499,002	99.91
2021	65,556,982	65,283,083	99.58	181,750	65,464,833	99.86
2022	67,371,830	67,045,745	99.52	_	67,045,745	99.52
2023	72,212,914	36,400,000	50.41	-	36,400,000	50.41

Source: Hennepin County Auditor and district records

Note 1: Total tax levy includes certified levy (including fiscal disparities) less tax credits.

Note 2: Property taxes are remitted to the District based on a calendar fiscal year; the current tax collections for the most recent levy represent collections through the District's fiscal year-end of June 30.

## Property Tax Levies and Receivables Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Original Levy								
For Taxes Collectible	Local Spread	Fiscal Local Spread Disparities								
2014	\$ 45,551,752	\$ 9,327,266	\$ 54,879,018							
2015	46,911,686	9,870,408	56,782,094							
2016	49,272,306	8,943,065	58,215,371							
2017	47,767,783	9,911,188	57,678,971							
2018	50,546,470	9,283,437	59,829,907							
2019	55,482,277	9,501,656	64,983,933							
2020	55,303,400	10,256,071	65,559,471							
2021	56,041,674	9,515,308	65,556,982							
2022	57,476,955	9,894,875	67,371,830							
2023	63,176,759	9,036,155	72,212,914							

Note: Delinquent taxes receivable are written off after seven years. The amount of collections has been adjusted to reflect the write-off of delinquent taxes receivable.

Source: State of Minnesota School Tax Report

Uncollected Taxes Receivable as of June 30, 2023

Delinqu	ent		Current					
Amount	Percent	An	nount	Percent				
\$ -	- %	\$	_	- %				
_	-		_	_				
_	-		_	_				
5,583	0.01		_	_				
47,350	0.08		_	_				
30,704	0.05		_	_				
60,469	0.09		_	_				
92,149	0.14		_	_				
326,085	0.48		_	_				
 	-	35	5,812,914	49.59				
\$ 562,340		\$ 35	5,812,914					



## Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

Governmental Activities General Leases and Percentage Fiscal Obligation Certificates of Financed of Personal Per Year Bonds (1) Participation (1) Purchases Total Income (2) Capita (2) 2014 \$ 165,971,526 \$ 495,071 0.23 % \$ 166,466,597 1,634 2015 153,041,516 322,872 153,364,388 0.20 1,488 2016 217,763,960 142,096 217,906,056 0.26 2,091 2017 196,769,592 9,079,612 2,010 3,643,000 209,492,204 0.25 2018 197,200,309 8,513,989 209,153,714 0.24 2,007 3,439,416 2019 181,230,185 192,403,400 0.21 1,846 7,938,366 3,234,849 2020 184,648,567 7,352,743 3,043,677 195,044,987 0.20 1,872 2021 186,756,137 2,808,629 196,321,885 0.22 1,804 6,757,119 2022 194,858,386 6,146,496 8,388,005 209,392,887 0.19 2,057 2023 197,508,295 5,525,872 11,252,151 214,286,318 0.18 2,096

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements.

<sup>(1)</sup> Net of unamortized premiums and discounts.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

## Ratio of Net General Obligation Bonded Debt to Tax Capacity, Indicated Market Value, and Estimated Market Value and Net General Obligation Bonded Debt per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Gross Bonded Debt (1)	Less Debt Service Funds on Hand (1)	Net Bonded Debt	Tax Capacity (2)	Percent of Net Debt to Tax Capacity	Indicated Market Value (IMV) (3)
2014	\$ 165,971,526	\$ 2,617,489	\$ 163,354,037	\$ 83,199,685	196.34 %	\$7,156,862,297
2015	153,041,516	2,679,063	150,362,453	90,077,085	166.93	8,156,115,801
2016	217,763,960	11,409,522	206,354,438	93,317,239	221.13	8,478,241,172
2017	196,769,592	2,305,311	194,464,281	99,900,976	194.66	9,087,833,930
2018	197,200,309	2,427,803	194,772,506	107,329,763	181.47	9,758,372,137
2019	181,230,185	3,046,255	178,183,930	114,722,950	155.32	10,431,169,783
2020	184,648,567	2,866,254	181,782,313	125,512,735	144.83	11,400,808,466
2021	186,756,137	2,954,298	183,801,839	131,495,210	139.78	12,057,194,947
2022	194,858,386	2,041,764	192,816,622	139,359,976	138.36	12,621,084,161
2023	197,508,295	1,969,690	195,538,605	157,885,395	123.85	15,027,213,120

<sup>(1)</sup> The gross bonded debt includes refunding issues. The amount held in escrow for these bonds is included in debt service funds on hand.

<sup>(2)</sup> See the Schedule of Tax Capacities and Market Values for tax capacity data.

<sup>(3)</sup> See the Schedule of Tax Capacity and Estimated Market Value for IMV and EMV data.

<sup>(4)</sup> See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

Percent of Net Debt to IMV		Estimated Market Value (EMV) (3)	Percent of Net Debt to EMV		Estimated Population (4)	Bono	Net ded Debt Capita
2.28	%	\$7,149,705,435	2.28	%	101,885	\$	1,603
1.84		7,691,217,200	1.95		103,064		1,459
2.43		7,994,981,425	2.58		104,207		1,980
2.14		8,497,124,725	2.29		104,207		1,866
2.00		9,160,183,925	2.13		104,207		1,869
1.71		9,847,024,275	1.81		104,207		1,710
1.59		10,739,561,575	1.69		104,207		1,744
1.52		11,273,477,275	1.63		108,821		1,689
1.53		11,952,166,700	1.61		101,797		1,894
1.30		13,629,682,300	1.43		102,224		1,913



## Ratio of Annual Debt Service Expenditures for General Bonded Debt to Total General Expenditures Last Ten Fiscal Years

			Interest		Total				ent of Service
			and Other	$\Gamma$	Oebt Service	7	Total General	to G	eneral
Fiscal Year	Principal	Fis	scal Charges	Е	xpenditures	Ex	spenditures (1)	Exper	nditures
	 		813			_	- <u>F</u> (-)		
2014	\$ 12,005,000	\$	6,775,869	\$	18,780,869	\$	201,767,348		9.31 %
2015	12,320,000		6,353,531		18,673,531		201,304,691		9.28
2016	12,195,000		6,624,057		18,819,057		226,074,927		8.32
2017	13,170,000		7,880,048		21,050,048		257,568,003		8.17
2018	13,910,000		6,932,545		20,842,545		230,460,175		9.04
2019	14,730,000		6,748,249		21,478,249		227,523,566		9.44
2020	13,290,000		6,336,317		19,626,317		238,258,932		8.24
2021	13,945,000		6,637,539		20,582,539		226,038,245		9.11
2022	14,445,000		6,504,751		20,949,751		238,621,913		8.78
2023	15,310,000		6,571,058		21,881,058		259,801,594		8.42

Note: Debt service expenditures included only general obligation bonds debt and do not include refundings.

<sup>(1)</sup> General expenditures include all governmental funds.

## Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2023

Governmental Unit	tal Unit Tax Capacity		Percent Allocable to ISD No. 281	Portion Allocable to ISD No. 281	
ISD No. 281	\$ 157,885,395	\$ 214,286,318	100.00 %	\$ 214,286,318	
Overlapping debt					
Hennepin County	\$ 2,672,668,521	1,439,270,000	5.91 %	85,060,857	
City of Brooklyn Center	41,448,937	58,277,445	22.36 %	13,030,837	
City of Brooklyn Park	129,178,534	35,475,000	4.86 %	1,724,085	
City of Crystal	31,946,113	9,690,000	100.00 %	9,690,000	
City of Golden Valley	58,166,987	57,605,000	44.26 %	25,495,973	
City of New Hope	32,122,922	43,271,000	100.00 %	43,271,000	
City of Plymouth	189,110,888	67,765,000	17.67 %	11,974,076	
City of Robbinsdale	19,108,888	56,764,854	100.00 %	56,764,854	
Hennepin County Regional					
Railroad Authority	2,672,668,521	86,235,000	5.91 %	5,096,489	
Metropolitan Council	2,670,713,808	1,180,836,171	5.91 %	69,787,418	
Three Rivers Park District	1,911,697,254	58,975,000	8.26 %	4,871,335	
Metro Transit	2,521,802,393	536,350,000	6.26 %	33,575,510	
Total overlapping debt	\$12,950,633,766			360,342,432	
Total direct and overlapping debt				\$ 574,628,750	

Source: Hennepin County Property Tax Division

## Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Estimated Market Value	Debt Limit	De	Total Net ebt Applicable to Limit		Legal Debt Margin	Net Debt Applicable to Limit as a Percentage of Debt Limit
2014	\$ 7,149,705,435	\$ 1,072,455,815	\$	163,354,037	\$	914,743,304	15.23 %
2015	7,691,217,200	1,153,682,580		150,362,453		1,003,320,127	13.03
2016	7,994,981,425	1,199,247,214		206,354,438		992,892,776	17.21
2017	8,497,124,725	1,274,568,709		194,464,281		1,080,104,428	15.26
2018	9,160,183,925	1,374,027,589		194,772,506		1,188,510,392	14.18
2019	9,847,024,275	1,477,053,641		178,183,930		1,298,869,711	12.06
2020	10,739,561,575	1,610,934,236		181,782,313		1,429,151,923	11.28
2021	11,273,477,275	1,691,021,591		183,801,839		1,507,219,752	10.87
2022	11,952,166,700	1,792,825,005		192,816,622		1,600,008,383	10.75
2023	13,629,682,300	2,044,452,345		195,538,605		1,848,913,740	9.56
	Lega	ıl Debt Margin Calcu	latio	n for Fiscal Year	r 202	3	
	Market value				\$	13,629,682,300	
	Debt limit (15% of market value)					2,044,452,345	
	Debt applicable to limit  General obligation bonds  Less amount set aside for repayment of  197,508,295						
				1,969,690 195,538,605			
			\$	1,848,913,740			

Note: Under state finance law, the District's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 15 percent of total market property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

## Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Hennepin County Per Capita Personal Personal Income (1) Fiscal Year Population (1) Income (1) Median Age 2014 1,195,058 \$ 72,626,064,776 \$ 60,772 36.1 2015 1,210,720 64,361 36.1 77,923,149,920 2016 1,221,703 82,242,602,554 67,318 36.2 2017 1,237,604 84,476,373,832 68,258 36.2 2018 1,249,512 70,014 36.2 87,483,333,168 2019 1,261,104 93,066,952,992 73,798 36.5 2020 98,436,938,805 76,905 36.5 1,279,981 2021 1,281,565 90,259,341,385 70,429 36.5 2022 1,289,645 110,271,095,725 85,505 37.4 2023 1,293,651 116,235,836,001 89,851 37.2

#### Sources

<sup>(1)</sup> Hennepin County and Minnesota State Demographer

<sup>(2)</sup> Estimated

ISD No. 281

Labor Force (1)	Unemployment Rate	Population (1)	-	School Enrollment
672,114	3.7 %	101,885		12,284
679,549	3.3	103,064		12,314
679,285	3.4	104,207		12,626
694,060	3.2	104,207	(2)	12,422
703,310	3.2	104,207	(2)	12,309
715,567	2.4	104,207	(2)	12,237
706,189	6.2	104,207	(2)	12,132
700,247	3.7	108,821		11,393
710,823	2.7	101,797		11,099
703,017	3.2	102,224		10,758



## Principal Employers Current and Nine Years Prior

		2023			2014	
	Approximate			Approximate		
	Number		Percent of	Number		Percent of
	of		Total (1)	of		Total (1)
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Employees	Rank	Employees
North Memorial Medical Center	5,100	1	36.6 %	4,300	1	31.1 %
Honeywell, Inc.	2,000	2	14.4	2,000	2	14.5
ISD No. 281	1,971	3	14.1	1,778	4	12.9
United Health Care Services, Inc.	1,000	4	7.2	1,800	3	13.0
Metro Building Company	1,000	4	7.2	1,000	5	7.2
North Ridge Care Center	720	6	5.2	720	6	5.2
All Around Taxi	620	7	4.4	620	8	4.5
US Food Service	550	8	3.9	500	9	3.6
St. Therese of New Hope	525	9	3.8	701	7	5.1
Courage Center	450	10	3	400	10	2.9
Total	13,936		100.0 %	13,819	:	100.0 %

Note: Residents of the District are employed throughout the metropolitan area. Major employers in close proximity to the District are listed above.

Sources: Minnesota Department of Employment and Economic Development and Ehlers Public Sector Advisor

<sup>(1)</sup> Total employees for the area encompassed by district boundaries is not available. Percentages represent the proportion of the total for the 10 largest employers as presented above.

FTE Staff Allocation Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2013–2014	2014–2015	2015–2016	2016–2017	2017–2018
Companient and dent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Superintendent	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Cabinet	7.00	7.00	7.00	7.00	6.00
Principals	14.00	14.00	15.00	16.00	17.00
Assistant principals	13.00	13.00	20.00	21.00	22.00
Program directors	36.00	36.00	34.00	32.00	31.00
Program assistants	96.33	103.00	96.00	75.00	100.00
Teachers	779.97	735.00	759.00	757.00	750.47
Counselors	20.00	20.00	17.00	17.00	16.20
Social workers	14.30	14.30	17.00	17.00	16.80
Psychologists	11.80	11.80	12.00	13.00	12.20
Nurses	9.40	9.40	12.00	10.00	8.60
Special assignments	60.80	60.80	77.00	63.00	57.40
Education assistants	335.60	328.00	287.00	342.00	342.70
Bus monitor	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.38
Custodians	104.25	92.00	81.00	102.00	74.50
Custodial/bus drivers	18.00	13.00	9.00	10.00	10.00
Community education	85.00	85.00	72.00	80.00	52.73
Office employees	73.25	72.00	53.00	65.00	58.80
Food service	92.00	93.00	95.00	96.00	88.00
Total	1,777.70	1,714.30	1,670.00	1,730.00	1,671.78

Source: The District's Human Resources Department

2018–2019	2019–2020	2020–2021	2021–2022	2022–2023
1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
6.00	6.00	6.00	6.72	7.00
18.00	19.00	18.00	20.90	21.00
22.00	24.00	22.00	19.31	20.00
32.00	33.00	39.87	37.31	47.90
70.00	126.00	103.58	86.23	104.56
781.00	772.10	803.11	756.70	767.27
17.00	20.20	19.84	18.29	31.41
17.00	20.50	22.90	21.39	23.66
13.00	12.60	16.60	16.60	17.97
9.00	9.00	12.00	12.40	12.88
88.00	79.65	72.59	82.07	93.24
318.00	346.70	278.54	279.72	311.98
6.00	3.35	3.33	3.35	3.64
74.00	72.00	65.89	70.28	81.50
8.00	7.40	7.00	6.32	4.67
50.00	47.45	43.98	35.84	38.18
70.00	63.55	61.73	61.23	61.12
92.00	91.30	77.70	75.24	78.04
1,692.00	1,754.80	1,675.66	1,610.90	1,727.02

## Physical Plant Characteristics as of June 30, 2023

Facility	Grades Housed	Year Built	Year of Major Additions	Acreage	Total Square Footage	Actual Enrollment
Cooper	9–12	1964	2000	40	293,816	1,546
Armstrong	9–12	1970	1997	52	328,600	1,722
Plymouth	6–8	1968	1990	22	180,500	812
Robbinsdale	6–8	1956	1976	18.34	269,107	626
FAIR School – Crystal	5–8	2000	_	9.89	106,427	253
Forest	K-5	2005	_	14	75,870	415
Lakeview	K-5	1964	_	5.75	55,648	366
Meadow Lake	K-5	1961	1965	15	79,860	488
Neill	K-5	1957	1968 and 2000	14	71,037	355
Noble	K-5	1954	1956, 2000, and 2006	10	56,800	255
Northport	K-5	1956	1957 and 1984	14	65,300	459
Pilgrim Lane	K-5	1966	_	11.5	58,168	394
SEA School at Olson	K-5	1971	_	9.2	44,000	427
Sonnesyn	K-5	1962	1968	15	76,187	344
RSI at Sunny Hollow	K-5	1960	1965	14	74,564	698
Zachary Lane	K-5	1969	1993	14	73,596	389
Multi-Purpose Facilities						
Sandburg	Various	1959	_	36	174,939	416
New Hope	Various	1960	_	14	55,902	125
Highview, TASC RTC	Various	N/A	_	_	_	534
Transportation		1966	_	10.5	48,843	_
Administration		1968	_	3.32	41,412	_
Out of district tuition						134
Totals					2,230,576	10,758

N/A - Not Applicable

Source: The District's Buildings and Grounds Department

## Miscellaneous Statistical Facts as of June 30, 2023

Old district changed to ISD No. 281	1957
Form of government	School Board – Superintendent
Fiscal year begins	July 1
Area of ISD No. 281	32 square miles
Number of high schools	2
Number of middle schools	4
Number of elementary schools	11
Number of auxiliary buildings	6
Number of communities served	7
Staffing ratio Elementary school Middle school High school	25–31 25.22 28.1
Extracurricular activities at high school Athletic Nonathletic	30 30 +
Teacher education Bachelor's degree Master's degree or doctorate	100% 76%

Source: Various district departments

#### Student Enrollment Last Ten Fiscal Years

Average Daily Membership (ADM) (Including Enrollment Option ADM)

Year Ended	Pre-Kindergarten and Handicapped					Total
June 30,	Kindergarten	Kindergarten	Elementary	Secondary	Total	Pupil Units
2014	138.25	851.78	5,488.05	5,805.52	12,283.60	14,198.17
2015	177.15	865.91	5,479.86	5,791.06	12,313.98	13,466.10
2016	193.89	817.95	5,815.32	5,798.67	12,625.83	13,784.02
2017	187.69	784.97	5,707.53	5,742.06	12,422.25	13,569.14
2018	368.80	764.98	5,442.00	5,732.89	12,308.67	13,453.48
2019	396.47	770.35	5,384.57	5,685.23	12,236.62	13,371.94
2020	392.64	790.80	5,145.32	5,803.45	12,132.21	13,291.27
2021	335.43	649.86	4,747.87	5,659.43	11,392.59	12,524.21
2022	387.98	697.46	4,509.34	5,503.81	11,098.59	12,199.38
2023 *	415.25	608.26	4,427.24	5,306.84	10,757.59	11,818.25

#### \* Estimated

Source: Minnesota Department of Education

Note: ADM is weighted as follows in computing pupil units:

	Early Childhood	Handicapped Kindergarten	Half-Day Kindergarten	Full-Day Kindergarten	Elementary 1–3	Elementary 4–6	Secondary
Fiscal 2014 Fiscal 2015	1.250	1.000	0.612	0.612	1.115	1.060	1.300
through 2023	1.000	1.000	0.550	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.200

## Expenditures per Student Year Ended June 30, 2023 (With Comparative Amounts for the Year Ended June 30, 2022)

	State Average 2022		Metro Average 2022		ISD No. 281			
					2022		2023	
Expenditures (1) per student (ADM) (2)								
General Fund								
Administration and district support	\$	1,249	\$	1,300	\$	1,377	\$	1,381
Elementary and secondary								
regular instruction		6,494		6,838		7,116		7,835
Vocational education instruction		210		191		120		118
Special education instruction		2,724		2,883		2,854		2,892
Instructional support services		816		939		1,134		1,378
Pupil support services		1,429		1,558		2,195		2,316
Sites and buildings and other		1,113	-	1,076	-	1,589		1,794
Total General Fund expenditures	\$	14,035	\$	14,785	\$	16,385	\$	17,714
ADM used per profiles model format						11,196		10,830

Source: Minnesota Department of Education School District Profiles Report

<sup>(1)</sup> Excludes capital expenditures.

<sup>(2)</sup> Average daily membership (ADM) is a measure of student attendance.

