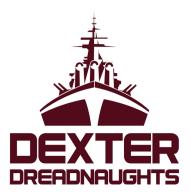
Dexter Community Schools



Year Ended June 30, 2024 Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

October 15, 2024

Board of Education Dexter Community Schools Dexter, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of *Dexter Community Schools* (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



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Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Independent Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

 Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefit plans, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the schedule of bonds issued and outstanding but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued, under separate cover, our report dated October 15, 2024 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

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MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As administration of Dexter Community Schools (the "District"), Counties of Washtenaw and Livingston, State of Michigan, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District, as a whole, exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$10,349,405.
- The District's total net position increased by \$18,001,530.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$31,185,549, a decrease of \$5,835,251, in comparison with the prior year, which was largely attributable to construction projects completed in this fiscal year utilizing the remaining 2017 Bond funds.
- The general fund had an increase in fund balance of \$1,590,683. At the end of the current fiscal year, total fund balance for the general fund was \$12,493,997, or 23.41% of total general fund expenditures. The unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,621,140, or 3.04% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements, including management's discussion and analysis, required schedules for the pension and other postemployment benefits plan, schedule of general fund revenues and other financing sources, schedule of general fund expenditures and other financing uses, and combining statements for nonmajor funds.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private sector business. These statements are presented on a full accrual basis, which means that all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District are recorded, regardless of when related cash is received or paid.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference being *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused compensated leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements display functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The activities of the District include instruction, supporting services, community services, and food services. The District has no business-type activities as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows* of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general, debt retirement, 2017 capital projects, and capital projects from non-bonded sources. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. These funds consist of the special revenue funds (i.e., food service, community service, cooperative activity, and student/school activity). Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund and special revenue funds. A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund has been provided herein to demonstrate compliance.

Notes to Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information. This is limited to this management's discussion and analysis and the schedules for the Michigan Public School Employee's Retirement System (MPSERS) net pension and other postemployment benefits plan immediately following the notes to the financial statements. The schedule of general fund revenues and other financing sources, schedule of general fund expenditures and other financing uses, and combining statements for nonmajor funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. The District reported a deficit net position of \$10,349,405 at June 30, 2024. This deficit balance is due to the requirement to report the District's proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability, as well as the related deferrals, on the statement of net position. The District's long-term debt balance also contributes to the District's deficit balance.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets net of related debt (e.g., land, buildings and improvements, machinery and equipment, vehicles and buses, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding). The District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students it serves; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to other external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position, when available, may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its general programs.

	Net Position			
	2024	2023		
Assets				
Current and other assets	\$ 42,334,967	\$ 46,376,804		
Capital assets, net	128,989,056	122,043,037		
Total assets	171,324,023	168,419,841		
Deferred outflows of resources	33,669,400	38,082,512		
Liabilities				
Other liabilities	10,169,088	10,081,800		
Long-term liabilities	181,549,889	210,092,748		
Total liabilities	191,718,977	220,174,548		
Deferred inflows of resources	23,623,851	14,678,740		

continued...

Management's Discussion and Analysis

	Net Position				
		2024		2023	
Net position					
Net investment in capital assets	\$	48,490,371	\$	35,093,504	
Restricted		3,529,555		2,091,666	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(62,369,331)		(65,536,105)	
Total net position (deficit)	\$	(10,349,405)	\$	(28,350,935)	

concluded

	Change in Net Position			
	2024	2023		
Revenues				
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 5,658,303	\$ 5,594,056		
Operating grants and contributions	23,384,019	22,110,331		
Capital grants and contributions	5,714,425	-		
General revenues:				
Property taxes - operations	5,712,871	5,568,259		
Property taxes - debt service	14,408,470	13,548,230		
Grants and contributions not restricted				
to specific programs	26,853,553	25,455,173		
Unrestricted investment earnings	739,440	538,134		
Other revenues	1,664,507	90,376		
Total revenues	84,135,588	72,904,559		
Expenses				
Instruction	28,707,666	30,610,588		
Supporting services	19,751,442	18,370,337		
Community services	5,696,962	4,549,044		
Food services	2,177,812	1,558,076		
Payments to not-for-profit entities	9,600	9,600		
Interest on long-term debt	3,140,974	2,864,281		
Unallocated depreciation/amortization	6,649,602	5,997,416		
Total expenses	66,134,058	63,959,342		
Change in net position	18,001,530	8,945,217		
Net position, beginning of year (deficit)	(28,350,935)	(37,296,152)		
Net position, end of year (deficit)	\$ (10,349,405)	\$ (28,350,935)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Governmental Activities. The above analysis focuses on the net position of governmental activities. The change in net position of the District's governmental activities is discussed below. Because the focus of the net position of governmental activities and the related changes in net position differ from the fund balances of governmental funds, and their related changes, reconciliations between the equity measures and related activity are included with the basic financial statements.

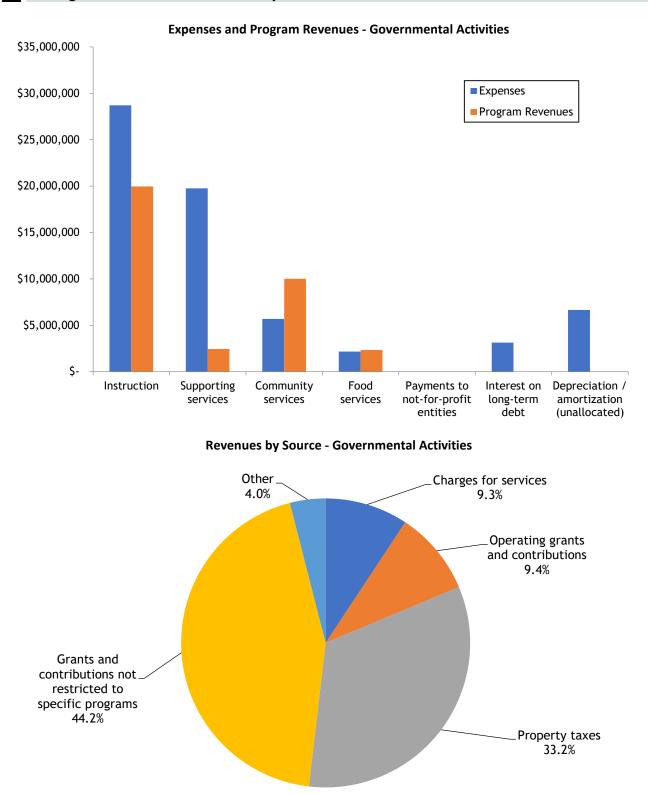
By far the largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets and capital projects (i.e., land, buildings, vehicles and buses, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position, \$3,529,555, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. In the case of the District, these amounts are restricted for debt service, food service, capital projects, and other postemployment benefits. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due.

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the statement of activities (see table), which shows the changes in net position for the fiscal year. The District's net position increased by \$18,001,530 during the current fiscal year.

The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State Aid constitute the vast majority of the District's operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

Management's Discussion and Analysis



Management's Discussion and Analysis

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

The District's budgets are prepared according to Michigan law. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal budgeting requirements. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District amended the budget of the general fund twice. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance – budget and actual – general fund, which presents the District's general fund original and final amended budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received, is provided in these financial statements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,621,140, while the total fund balance was \$12,493,997. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represent 3.04% and 23.41%, respectively, of total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased by \$1,590,683, or 14.59%, from the prior year. The largest revenue source in this fund is state revenue which includes primarily state aid. The increase in fund balance was largely attributable to additional categoricals received this fiscal year. Some of the categorical funding could be used to offset normal operating costs.

The debt retirement fund balance decreased by \$498,571 to \$1,100,992. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. The debt retirement fund balance is restricted to pay debt service obligations.

The 2017 capital projects fund balance was \$12,749,392, a decrease of \$5,719,338 from the prior year. The decrease was caused by construction projects completed in this fiscal year utilizing the remaining 2017 Bond funds.

The capital projects fund from non-bonded sources fund balance was \$199,112, a decrease of \$890,395 from the prior year. The decrease was attributable to construction costs specifically related to the solar project.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Several major variables are not fully known at the time of budget preparation. Changes in student count, state foundation, and state categorical grants have the largest impact. The original budget is prepared to meet our obligation in good faith. Further information and decisions continue to be made after the budget hearing and original budget adoption. Amendments to the original adopted budget are passed in order to reflect changes in information and circumstances. The changes between the original adopted and final amended budgets were:

- Budgeted revenues were amended for an overall increase of \$5,838,180, or 12.34%, over the original budget. The increase was largely attributable to additional categorical funding received.
- Budgeted expenditures were amended for an overall increase of \$4,093,138. The increase was largely attributable to additional expenditures related to categorical funding, increases in costs related to operations and maintenance and the settlement of labor contracts.

In accordance with State statute, the District is prohibited from amending the budget after year-end. As the District's books are not closed for accounting purposes at that point, a certain level of estimation is required in determining actual need. Some of the more significant differences between the final amended budget and the actual financial results were:

- The general fund actual revenue and other financing sources was \$55,248,880. That amount is more than the final budget estimate of \$53,588,475. The variance was \$1,660,405, or 3.10%. The favorable variance was largely attributable to increased investment earnings and additional restricted state funds to offset the cost of the pension.
- The actual expenditures and other financing uses of the general fund were \$53,658,197, which is less
 than the final budget estimate of \$54,255,552. The variance was \$597,355, or 1.11%. The variance was
 attributable to the deferral of grant-funded expenditures, teaching supply expenditures deferred to the
 following school year, reduced payroll taxes due to increased employee contributions for health
 coverage, temporary vacancies in instructional positions, and unfilled non-instructional support
 positions due to the shortage of available labor.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 amounted to \$128,989,056 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). Additions included renovations to the District's facilities being funded through voter-approved bond issues. Reductions were due to depreciation/amortization. Capital assets at year-end included the following:

	Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)				
	2024 2023				
Land	\$ 7,118,492	\$ 5,835,892			
Construction in progress	413,277	49,067			
Buildings and improvements	113,969,160	109,342,959			
Furniture and equipment	6,699,177	5,881,254			
Vehicles and buses	788,950	921,473			
Subscription assets	-	12,392			
Total capital assets, net	\$ 128,989,056	\$ 122,043,037			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Long-term Debt

	Long-term Debt			
		2023		
General obligation bonds	\$	89,675,000	\$ 101,190,000	
Unamortized premiums and discounts		3,688,733	4,372,545	
School Loan Revolving Fund		1,117	1,070	
Compensated absences		1,796,781	1,718,044	
	\$	95,161,631	\$ 107,281,659	

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total long-term liabilities outstanding of \$95,161,631. The District's total debt decreased by \$12,120,028 during the current fiscal year as a result of normal debt service payments.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 of this report.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The following factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2024-2025 fiscal year:

• Foundation Allowance

The Board of Education and administration agreed to an estimated foundation allowance of \$9,849 per pupil for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, a \$241 per pupil increase from 2023-2024, based on information received from various educational organizations such as Michigan School Business Officials, Michigan Association of School Administrators, and the Michigan Association of School Boards, as well as discussions with local state representatives. The projected increase for the year ended June 30, 2025 was adopted in June 2024 when there was a high degree of uncertainty related to the funding and operations for districts in the State of Michigan. The political debate regarding the funding of public education and the current economic climate in the State of Michigan will affect this estimate before the final foundation allowance is known.

• Pupil Count

The Board of Education and administration agreed to an estimated pupil count of 3,364 for the 2024-2025 fiscal year, no change from 2023-2024, based on information received from Middle Cities Education Association and the District's own pupil projections. The projected flat enrollment is partially due to construction of new housing developments and expansion of existing subdivisions.

• Retirement Rate

The Michigan School Employees Retirement System recommends retirement rates to the legislature for approval. The actual rate depends on the Benefit Plan selected by each member. In 2024-2025, the rate for a Basic/MIP with Premium Subsidy member is 31.36% effective October 1, 2024. Additionally, the District will be required to pay 17.02%, for all wages earned October 1, 2024 and later, for the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Christie Bueche, Chief Financial Officer Dexter Community Schools 2704 Baker Rd. Dexter, MI 48130 Telephone: (734) 424-4100 Email: buechec@dexterschools.org This page intentionally left blank.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	ć 45.070.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 15,070,900
Investments Receivables	17,250,552
	8,259,873
Other assets	191,132
Net other postemployment benefit asset	1,562,510 7,531,769
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	121,457,287
Total assets	171,324,023
Deferred outflows of resources	
Deferred charge on advance bond refundings, net	115,656
Deferred pension amounts	27,317,793
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	6,235,951
Total deferred outflows of resources	33,669,400
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	6,740,314
Unearned revenue	3,428,774
Bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	13,038,812
Due in more than one year	82,122,819
Net pension liability (due in more than one year)	86,388,258
Total liabilities	191,718,977
Deferred inflows of resources	
Deferred pension amounts	10,687,347
Deferred other postemployment benefit amounts	12,936,504
Total deferred inflows of resources	23,623,851
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	48,490,371
Restricted for:	
Food service operations	1,435,731
Debt service	518,812
Cooperative activities	12,502
Other postemployment benefits	1,562,510
Unrestricted (deficit)	(62,369,331)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (10,349,405)

Statement of Activities

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues						
Functions / Programs	E	penses		Charges or Services		Operating Grants and ontributions		Capital Grants and ontributions	Net (Expense) Revenue
Governmental activities									
Instruction	\$ 2	8,707,666	\$	43,780	\$	19,912,484	\$	-	\$ (8,751,402)
Supporting services		9,751,442		1,020,081		1,425,232	·	-	(17,306,129)
Community services		5,696,962		4,242,198		60,230		5,714,425	4,319,891
Food services		2,177,812		352,244		1,986,073		-	160,505
Payments to not-for-profit entities		9,600		-		-		-	(9,600)
Interest on long-term debt		3,140,974		-		-		-	(3,140,974)
Unallocated depreciation/amortization		6,649,602		-		-		-	(6,649,602)
Total governmental activities	\$ 6	6,134,058	\$	5,658,303	\$	23,384,019	\$	5,714,425	(31,377,311)
General revenues									
Property taxes - operations									5,712,871
Property taxes - debt service									14,408,470
Grants and contributions not									
restricted to specific programs									26,853,553
Unrestricted investment earnings									739,440
Gain on sale of capital assets									37,108
Other revenues									1,627,399
Total general revenues									49,378,841
Change in net position									18,001,530
Net position, beginning of year (deficit)									(28,350,935)
Net position, end of year (deficit)									\$ (10,349,405)

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund		Retirement		Retirement		2	017 Capital Projects Fund
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments Due from other funds Inventory Prepaid items	\$ 9,885,362 3,500,489 23,176 7,209 7,738,330 80,647 - 75,813	\$	381,237 719,755 - - - - - - -	\$	- 13,030,308 - - - - - 75,385				
Total assets	\$ 21,311,026	\$	1,100,992	\$	13,105,693				
Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other governments Due to other funds Unearned revenue Total liabilities	\$ 85,656 4,573,089 980,900 892 3,176,492 8,817,029	\$	- - - -	\$	356,301 - - - - 356,301				
Fund balances Nonspendable Restricted Committed Assigned Unassigned Total fund balances	 75,813 - 8,802,614 1,994,430 1,621,140 12,493,997		- 1,100,992 - - - 1,100,992		75,385 12,674,007 - - 12,749,392				
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 21,311,026	\$	1,100,992	\$	13,105,693				

	Capital	1	Nonmajor		Total
I	Projects	Go	vernmental	G	overnmental
No	n-bonded		Funds		Funds
\$	208,450	\$	4,595,851	\$	15,070,900
	-		-		17,250,552
	-		44,753		67,929
	-		-		7,209
	-		446,405		8,184,735
	102,372		892		183,911
	-		23,094		23,094
	-		16,840		168,038
\$	310,822	\$	5,127,835	\$	40,956,368
\$	111,710	\$	50,468	\$	604,135
	-		-		4,573,089
	-		10		980,910
	-		183,019		183,911
	-		252,282		3,428,774
	111,710		485,779		9,770,819
	-		39,934		191,132
	-		1,412,410		15,187,409
	199,112		1,496,889		10,498,615
	-		1,692,823		3,687,253
					1,621,140
		_			
	199,112		4,642,056		31,185,549
\$	310,822	\$	5,127,835	\$	40,956,368

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Reconciliation	
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	
to Net Position of Governmental Activities	
June 30, 2024	
Fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 31,185,549
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of net position are differen because:	t
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are no reported in the funds.	t
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	7,531,769
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	121,457,287
Certain liabilities, such as bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.	Ł
Bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities	(89,676,117)
Compensated absences	(1,796,781)
Unamortized bond premiums and discounts, net	(3,688,733)
Unamortized deferred charge on advance bond refunding	115,656
Accrued interest on bonds payable	(582,180)
Certain pension and other postemployment benefit-related amounts, such as the net pension	ſ
liability, the net other postemployment benefit asset, and deferred amounts are not due and	b
payable in the current period or do not represent current financial resources and therefore are	9
not reported in the funds.	
Net pension liability	(86,388,258)
Deferred outflows related to the net pension liability	27,317,793
Deferred inflows related to the net pension liability	(10,687,347)
Net other postemployment benefit asset	1,562,510
Deferred outflows related to the other postemployment benefit asset	6,235,951
Deferred inflows related to the other postemployment benefit asset	(12,936,504)
Net position of governmental activities	\$ (10,349,405)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund	2017 Capital Projects Fund
Revenues			
Local sources	\$ 6,775,416	\$ 14,677,463	\$ 1,040,394
State sources	39,316,356	265,695	-
Federal sources	1,126,005	-	-
Interdistrict sources	6,568,351	-	-
Other sources	1,111,029		
Total revenues	54,897,157	14,943,158	1,040,394
Expenditures			
Current:			
Instruction	31,753,218	-	-
Supporting services	21,292,438	-	-
Community services	301,578	-	-
Food services	-	-	-
Payments to not-for-profit entities	9,600	-	-
Debt service:			
Principal	12,194	11,515,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges	806	3,926,729	-
Capital outlay			6,759,732
Total expenditures	53,369,834	15,441,729	6,759,732
Revenues over (under) expenditures	1,527,323	(498,571)	(5,719,338)
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	314,615	-	-
Transfers out	(288,363)	-	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	37,108		
Total other financing sources (uses)	63,360		
Net change in fund balances	1,590,683	(498,571)	(5,719,338)
Fund balances, beginning of year	10,903,314	1,599,563	18,468,730
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 12,493,997	\$ 1,100,992	\$ 12,749,392

Capital Projects Non-bonded	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 226,709 - - - -	\$ 4,877,722 1,419,203 6,471,012 223,125	\$ 27,597,704 41,001,254 7,597,017 6,791,476 1,111,029		
226,709	12,991,062	84,098,480		
- - - -	- 5,498,742 2,281,635 -	31,753,218 21,292,438 5,800,320 2,281,635 9,600		
- 1,117,104	- - 5,502,063	11,527,194 3,927,535 13,378,899		
1,117,104	13,282,440	89,970,839		
(890,395)	(291,378)	(5,872,359)		
- - -	288,363 (314,615) 	602,978 (602,978) 37,108		
-	(26,252)	37,108		
(890,395)	(317,630)	(5,835,251)		
1,089,507	4,959,686	37,020,800		
\$ 199,112	\$ 4,642,056	\$ 31,185,549		

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Reconciliation Net Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(5,835,251)
Amounts reported for <i>governmental activities</i> in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement o activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported a depreciation expense.		
Capital assets purchased/constructed		13,595,621
Depreciation/amortization expense		(6,649,602)
Gain on disposal of capital assets		37,108
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		(37,108)
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds in the period issued but issuing bonds increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. Repaymen of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but a reduction in long-tern debt on the statement of net position.	t	
Principal payments on bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities		11,527,194
Accrued interest on School Loan Revolving Fund added to principal		(47)
Amortization of bond premiums and discounts, net		683,812
Amortization of deferred charge on advance bond refunding		(40,820)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of curren financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	t	
Change in the net pension liability and related deferred amounts		(3,664)
Change in the net other postemployment benefit asset and related deferred amounts		4,659,408
Change in accrued interest payable on bonds		143,616
Change in compensated absences payable		(78,737)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	18,001,530

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 6,199,372	\$ 6,487,345	\$ 6,775,416	\$ 288,071
State sources	35,003,796	39,222,796	39,316,356	93,560
Federal sources	970,713	1,099,130	1,126,005	26,875
Interdistrict sources	5,153,869	6,356,659	6,568,351	211,692
Other sources			1,111,029	1,111,029
Total revenues	47,327,750	53,165,930	54,897,157	1,731,227
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				(
Basic programs	22,714,595	24,971,236	24,926,263	(44,973)
Added needs	6,675,086	6,877,240	6,826,955	(50,285)
Total instruction	29,389,681	31,848,476	31,753,218	(95,258)
Supporting services:				
Student services	5,763,435	6,318,675	6,199,191	(119,484)
Instructional support	2,923,458	2,977,768	2,974,619	(3,149)
General administration	816,644	830,966	778,775	(52,191)
School administration	2,741,758	2,941,349	2,875,488	(65,861)
Business administration	870,309	912,353	870,664	(41,689)
Operation & maintenance of plant	4,634,889	5,356,610	5,255,675	(100,935)
Transportation	1,835,649	1,781,479	1,780,925	(554)
Other support services	645,692	625,288	557,101	(68,187)
Total supporting services	20,231,834	21,744,488	21,292,438	(452,050)
Community services	215,774	327,863	301,578	(26,285)
Payments to not-for-profit entities		9,600	9,600	
Debt service:				
Principal	12,194	12,194	12,194	-
Interest	806	806	806	-
Total debt service	13,000	13,000	13,000	-
Total expenditures	49,850,289	53,943,427	53,369,834	(573,593)
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,522,539)	(777,497)	1,527,323	(2,304,820)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	413,658	402,545	314,615	(87,930)
Transfers out	(100,000)	(312,125)	(288,363)	(23,762)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	20,000	20,000	37,108	17,108
·····				
Total other financing uses	333,658	110,420	63,360	(47,060)
Net change in fund balance	(2,188,881)	(667,077)	1,590,683	2,257,760
Fund balance, beginning of year	10,903,314	10,903,314	10,903,314	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 8,714,433	\$ 10,236,237	\$ 12,493,997	\$ 2,257,760

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Notes to Financial Statements

. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A summary of the significant accounting policies of Dexter Community Schools (the "District"), consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements, is as follows:

The Reporting Entity

The District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these financial statements present the reporting entity of Dexter Community Schools. The criteria identified in GAAP, including financial accountability, have been utilized in identifying the District's reporting entity, which includes no component units.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period or within one year for expenditure-driven grants. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, State Aid, expenditure-driven grant revenue and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all the financial resources of the District, except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

The debt retirement fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

The 2017 capital projects fund accounts for and reports the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure in connection with the building and site bonds originally issued in 2017 with a second series issued in 2023.

The *capital projects non-bonded fund* accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities, major remodeling, and improvements. The District's non-bonded fund resulted from the sale of the Copeland property.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are assigned or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

Restricted net position includes assets that are subject to restrictions beyond the District's control. The restrictions may be externally imposed or imposed by law. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the government's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

The District participates in an external investment pool. In accordance with GASB 79, some the District's shares in that pool are recorded at amortized cost and others are valued at each investment's net asset value, both of which approximate fair value.

State statues authorize the District to invest in:

- a. Bond, securities, other obligations and repurchase agreements of the United States, or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- b. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of a qualified financial institution.
- c. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the two highest classifications established by not less than two standard rating services and that matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- d. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- e. Obligations of the State of Michigan and its political subdivisions that are rated as investment grade by at least one standard rating service at the time of purchase.
- f. Mutual funds registered under the Investment Company Act of 9140 with the authority to purchase only investment vehicles that are legal for direct investment by a public corporation.
- g. External investment pools as authorized by Public Act 20 as amended through December 31, 1997.

Receivables and Revenues

The District follows the practice of recording receivables for revenues that have been earned but not yet received. Receivables consist primarily of State School Aid payments from the State of Michigan and Federal grant funds earned but not yet collected. No amounts have been identified as potentially uncollectible by management and no amount has been recorded as a provision for bad debts.

Inventory

Inventories consist of food items. All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed.

Notes to Financial Statements

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property and equipment, are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$25,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition cost at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Capital assets of the District are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings and improvements	20-50
Furniture and equipment	5-20
Vehicles and buses	5-10

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows for the deferred charge on advance bond refundings, which results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The District also reports deferred outflows of resources related to the net pension liability and other postemployment benefit asset. A portion of these costs represent contributions to the plans subsequent to the plan measurement date.

Notes to Financial Statements

Salaries Payable and Accrued Employee Benefits

A liability is recorded at June 30 for amounts owed to teachers and other District employees who do not work during the summer when school is not in session, but have elected to have their salaries paid over an entire year. This has the effect of properly charging their salaries to expenditures in the fiscal year in which their services are received, even though they are not paid until July and August of the following fiscal year.

The liability for accrued retirement and the employer share of FICA related to the salaries payable has been recorded as has the liability for employee health insurances for the months of July and August. The District pays these insurances for this period as a part of the compensation for services rendered in the preceding school year.

Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate various earned, but unused vacation, sick pay and severance benefits. These are accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to one or more future periods, and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District's deferred inflows of resources are related to the net pension liability and other postemployment benefit asset.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of revenue received prior to the delivery of goods or services or the incurrence of qualifying expenditures.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement (SBITA)

The District has a noncancellable subscription-based information technology arrangement. The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$25,000 or more.

Notes to Financial Statements

At the commencement of a subscription, the District initially measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, adjusted for subscription payments made at or before the subscription commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to subscriptions include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) subscription term, and (3) subscription payments. The District uses the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the SBITA vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITAs. The subscription term includes the noncancellable period of the subscription. subscription payments included in the measurement of the subscription liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price (if applicable) that the District is reasonably certain to exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its subscription and will remeasure the subscription asset and subscription liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the subscription liability.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the related bonds using the straight-line method which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as an other financing source. Discounts and premiums on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses and sources, respectively.

Property Taxes

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the general and debt service funds on a levy year basis. The 2023 levy amounts are recognized as current property tax revenue to the extent they are collected during the year or within 60 days after year end. Collections of delinquent taxes in subsequent years are recognized as property tax revenues in the year collected. Assessed values are established annually by the various governmental units within the District and are equalized by the State of Michigan.

Notes to Financial Statements

Fund Equity

Governmental funds report *nonspendable fund* balance for amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. *Restricted fund* balance is reported when externally imposed constraints are placed on the use of resources by grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments. *Committed fund balance* is reported for amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board of Education. A formal resolution of the Board of Education is required to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment. The District reports *assigned fund balance* for amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent is expressed by the Board of Education. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund.

When the District incurs an expenditure for purposes for which various fund balance classifications can be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted fund balance first, then committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of these classified funds.

Interfund Transactions

During the course of normal operations, the District has numerous transactions between funds, including expenditures and transfers of resources to provide services, construct assets, and service debt. The accompanying financial statements generally reflect such transactions as transfers. Operating subsidies are also recorded as transfers. The amounts recorded as subsidies or advances are determined by the District. Balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due to/from other funds.

Pensions and Other Postemployment Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, the net other postemployment benefit (asset) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefit expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the plan and additions to/deductions from the plan fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires administration to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

2. ACCOUNTABILITY AND BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Budgets are adopted for general and special revenue funds as required by state law and are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The District considers the debt service payment schedule to be an adequate budgetary control for the debt service funds. The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. The Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1.
- 2. Adoption and amendments of all budgets used by the District are governed by Public Act 621, which was followed for the year ended June 30, 2024. Expenditures may not exceed appropriations at the function code level. The appropriations resolutions are based on the projected expenditures budget of the department heads of the District. Any amendment to the original budget must meet the requirements of Public Act 621. Any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education.

P.A. 621 of 1978, as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District did not incur expenditures in excess of the amounts appropriated.

3. STATE OF MICHIGAN SCHOOL AID

The District reports State of Michigan school aid in the fiscal year in which the District is entitled to the revenue as provided by State of Michigan school aid appropriation acts. State funding represented 72% of the District's general fund revenue during the 2024 fiscal year.

Notes to Financial Statements

4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments are comprised of the following at year-end:

	Governmental Activities
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 15,070,900 17,250,552
Total	\$ 32,321,452
Cash and investments are comprised of the following at year-end:	

	Governmenta Activities	al
Checking and savings accounts Certificates of deposit (due in less than 1 year) Investments Cash on hand	\$ 15,069,90 1,000,00 16,250,55 1,00	0
Total	\$ 32,321,45	2

Cash and cash equivalents are comprised of deposits held with Chelsea State Bank, located in Michigan. State policy limits the District's investing options to financial institutions located in Michigan. All accounts are in the name of the District and a specific fund or common account.

The District chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. As of year-end, the District had the following investments:

	Maturity	Carrying Value	Rating
External investment pools: Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF): MILAF + Portfolio: Cash management class MAX class	N/A N/A	\$ 2,490	AAAm S&P AAAm S&P
Total	W/A	16,248,062 \$ 16,250,552	

Notes to Financial Statements

Investment and Deposit Risk

Interest Rate Risk. State law limits the allowable investments and the maturities of some of the allowable investments as identified in Note 1 of the summary of significant accounting policies. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The maturity dates for the District's investments are indicated in the previous table.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments to specific government securities, certificates of deposit and bank accounts with qualified financial institutions, commercial paper with specific maximum maturities and ratings when purchased, bankers acceptances of specific financial institutions, qualified mutual funds, and qualified external investment pools as identified in the list of authorized investments in the summary of significant accounting policies. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on investment credit risk. The ratings for each investment are identified in the previous table for investments held at year end.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The District minimizes this risk by pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the District's investment policy. As of year-end, \$15,573,716 of the District's bank balance of \$15,823,716 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District minimized this risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors to be in compliance with the requirements set forth in the District's investment policy. The District is exposed to no custodial credit risk on its investments because they are held in the name of the District.

Concentration of Credit Risk. State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified above. The District's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

Fair Value. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The District's investments in the Michigan Liquid Assets Fund (MILAF) are recorded at amortized cost, therefore, fair value is not applicable.

Notes to Financial Statements

5. RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables in the government-wide financial statements at year-end are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Accounts receivable Interest receivable Due from other governments	\$	67,929 7,209 8,184,735
Totals	\$	8,259,873

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities in the government-wide financial statements at year-end are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	604,135 4,573,089
Due to other governments Interest payable on long-term debt		980,910 582,180
Totals	\$	6,740,314

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLE, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2024, interfund receivables and payables consisted of the following:

	_	Due from Other Funds		Due to her Funds
General fund Capital projects non-bonded Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	80,647 102,372 892	\$	892 - 183,019
	\$	183,911	\$	183,911

The District often reports interfund balances between many of its funds. These interfund balances result primarily from the time lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

	Transfers In				
Transfers Out	Ger	Nonmajor Governmental General Fund Funds		Totals	
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds	\$	- 314,615	\$	288,363 -	\$ 288,363 314,615
	\$	314,615	\$	288,363	\$ 602,978

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; (2) move receipts restricted to or allowed for debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due; (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations; and (4) to cover direct and indirect costs paid by general fund on behalf of special revenue funds.

Notes to Financial Statements

7. CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities					
Capital assets, not being depr	eciated/amortize	d:			
Land	\$ 5,835,892	\$ 1,282,600	\$-	\$-	\$ 7,118,492
Construction in progress	49,067	8,095,621		(7,731,411)	413,277
	5,884,959	9,378,221	-	(7,731,411)	7,531,769
Capital assets, being deprecia	ted/amortized·				
Buildings and					
improvements	192,622,669	4,017,400	-	5,711,640	202,351,709
Furniture and equipment	17,303,449	200,000	-	1,945,994	19,449,443
Vehicles and buses	4,071,596	-	(345,424)	73,777	3,799,949
Subscription assets (Note 9)	24,785	-	-		24,785
	214,022,499	4,217,400	(345,424)	7,731,411	225,625,886
Less accumulated depreciatio	n/amortization fo				
Buildings and					
improvements	(83,279,710)	(5,102,839)	-	-	(88,382,549)
Furniture and equipment	(11,422,195)	(1,328,071)	-	-	(12,750,266)
Vehicles and buses	(3,150,123)	(206,300)	345,424	-	(3,010,999)
Subscription assets (Note 9)	(12,393)	(12,392)	-	-	(24,785)
	(97,864,421)	(6,649,602)	345,424	-	(104,168,599)
Total capital assets					
being depreciated/					
amortized, net	116,158,078	(2,432,202)		7,731,411	121,457,287
Governmental activities					
capital assets, net	\$ 122,043,037	\$ 6,946,019	\$-	\$-	\$ 128,989,056

Depreciation/amortization expense is reported as unallocated in the statement of activities.

At June 30, 2024, the District has \$7,299,261 in commitments related to the construction in progress reported above.

Notes to Financial Statements

8. BONDS, NOTES, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of bonds, notes, and other long-term liabilities transactions of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 101,190,000	\$-	\$ (11,515,000)	\$ 89,675,000	\$ 12,355,000
Unamortized premiums					
and discounts	4,372,545	-	(683,812)	3,688,733	683,812
School Loan Revolving					
Fund	1,070	47	-	1,117	-
Compensated absences	1,718,044	78,737	-	1,796,781	-
SBITA payable (Note 9)	12,194		(12,194)		
Total governmental					
activities	\$ 107,293,853	\$ 78,784	\$ (12,211,006)	\$ 95,161,631	\$ 13,038,812

General obligation bonds

\$31,500,000 (original issuance of \$69,900,000 before refunding), 1998 school building and site bonds due in annual installments of \$2,625,000 plus interest at 5.00-5.10% through 2028	\$ 10,500,000
\$50,605,000 2017 school building and site bonds due in amounts ranging from \$760,000 through \$7,835,000 plus interest at 3.00-4.00% through 2034	45,940,000
\$20,010,000, 2017 refunding bonds due in amounts ranging from \$1,280,000 through \$4,010,000 plus interest at 4.00% through 2028	10,615,000
\$15,440,000 2021 refunding bonds due in amounts ranging from \$1,515,000 through \$4,635,000 plus interest at 0.38-0.82% through 2026	6,150,000
\$16,470,000 2023 series 2 school building and site bonds due in amounts ranging from \$3,185,000 through \$6,730,000 plus interest at 5.00% through 2028	 16,470,000
Total	\$ 89,675,000

The District has advance refunded certain bonds payable in previous periods through issuance of refunding bonds. The proceeds from issuance of the refunding bonds were placed in escrow until the related bonds were called. Of the refunding bonds reported in the table above, there are no amounts currently held in escrow, as the original bonds in each instance have already been called and repaid in full.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2025	\$	12,355,000	\$	3,493,074	\$ 15,848,074
2026		12,770,000		3,123,881	15,893,881
2027		12,870,000		2,600,532	15,470,532
2028		13,055,000		1,989,557	15,044,557
2029		6,775,000		1,372,932	8,147,932
2030-2034		31,850,000		2,809,810	 34,659,810
Totals	\$	89,675,000	\$	15,389,786	\$ 105,064,786

Future principal and interest payment requirements on outstanding general obligation debt are as follows:

The State of Michigan school loan revolving funds represent amounts borrowed from the State of Michigan school bond loan program to supplement property tax revenue for making payments on the District's general obligation bonds. Although interest accrues each year, no payment is due until such time as the District's property tax revenue is sufficient to support the debt service requirements on the general obligation bonds. Changes to the school loan revolving funds for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Sch	nool Loan R				
	Principal		Interest		Total	
Beginning balance Additions	\$	1,070 -	\$	- 47	\$	1,070 47
Ending balance	\$	1,070	\$	47	\$	1,117

Compensated absences are expected to be liquidated by the general fund.

9. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENT (SBITA)

The District is involved in one arrangement that qualifies as a long-term SBITA arrangement. Below is a summary of the nature of this arrangement. This agreement qualifies as an intangible, right-to-use subscription asset as the District has the control of the right to use another party's IT software and the noncancelable term of the arrangement surpasses one year.

The right-to-use-asset and the related activity is included in Note 7, Capital Assets. The SBITA payable and related activity are presented in Note 8, Bonds, Notes and Other Long-term Liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements

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10. UNEARNED REVENUE

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. The District has recorded \$1,601,661 in unearned revenue to offset the amounts passed to the District from various taxing authorities for excess capture of DDA and TIFA taxes. These amounts will be due back to the State upon final determination of the amounts due for each taxing authority. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue are as follows:

Future State Aid Adjustment	
for Prior Year DDA/TIFA Captures	\$ 1,601,661
Deferred grant revenue from State sources	1,552,066
Prepaid fees	100,745
Prepaid student lunches	55,407
Other	 118,895
	\$ 3,428,774

11. PENSION AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLANS

Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System" or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (the "State") originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members - eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an ex-officio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with the option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act (1980 PA 300 as amended).

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at the ORS website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are determined by final average compensation, years of service, and a pension factor ranging from 1.25% to 1.50%. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

A DB member plan member who leaves Michigan public school employment may request a refund of his or her member contributions to the retirement system account if applicable. A refund cancels a former member's rights to future benefits. However, returning members who previously received a refund of their contributions may reinstate their service through repayment of the refund upon satisfaction of certain requirements.

Participants in the defined contribution plan consist of one of the following: (1) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan; (2) members who elected to transfer from the defined benefit plan to the defined contribution plan under the reform (P.A. 300) of 2012; or (3) members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after February 1, 2018 and did not elect participation in the Pension Plus 2 plan. Members who worked for a Michigan public school on or after September 4, 2012 and elected to be enrolled in the defined contribution plan receive a 100% match of the member contribution rate up to a maximum of 3% based on the member's gross earnings. Additionally, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for MPSERS members who elected to convert from a Basic or MIP benefit plan to the defined contribution benefit plan. Members electing the Pension Plus or Pension Plus 2 benefit plan receive a 50% match of the member's contribution percent up to a maximum of 1% based on the member's gross earnings. Effective October 1, 2017, there is a mandatory employer contribution of 4% of the member's gross earnings for members who elect the Defined Contribution benefit plan. The employer must match 100% of the employee contribution for any member who elected the Personal Healthcare Fund up to a maximum of 2% of the member's gross earnings. For all members with a Personal Health Care Fund (PHF), the first 2% of DC contributions must go into the PHF and must be matched 100% by the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements

Other Postemployment Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree healthcare recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP Graded plan members) the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008 (MIP-Plus plan members) have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date. Dependents are eligible for healthcare coverage if they meet the dependency requirements set forth in Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended.

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012 or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's transition date, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) account.

Contributions

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Notes to Financial Statements

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis. The unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liability as of the September 30, 2022 valuation will be amortized over a 16-year period beginning October 1, 2022 and ending September 30, 2038.

The table below summarizes pension contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Basic	0.00% - 4.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	3.00% - 7.00%	20.16% - 23.03%
Pension Plus	3.00% - 6.40%	17.24% - 19.17%
Pension Plus 2	6.20%	19.95% - 20.10%
Defined Contribution	0.00%	13.75% - 13.90%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District to the pension plan were \$11,216,330, which included \$5,392,522, the amount received from the State and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability ("UAAL") stabilization rate.

The table below summarizes OPEB contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Premium Subsidy	3.00%	8.07% - 8.31%
Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)	0.00%	7.06% - 7.21%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District to the OPEB plan were \$2,117,642.

The table below summarizes defined contribution rates in effect for fiscal year 2024:

Benefit Structure	Member Rates	Employer Rates
Defined Contribution Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF)		0.00% - 7.00% 0.00% - 2.00%

For the year ended June 30, 2024, required and actual contributions from the District for those members with a defined contribution benefit were \$558,472.

Notes to Financial Statements

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$86,388,258 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required pension contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of pension contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.26691%, which was an increase of 0.00813% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,942,203. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources		et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	2,727,014	\$	132,333	Ś	2,594,681
Changes in assumptions	Ŧ	11,706,002	7	6,749,415	Ŧ	4,956,587
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		-		1,767,783		(1,767,783)
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		2,241,152		2,037,816		203,336
		16,674,168		10,687,347		5,986,821
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		10,643,625		-		10,643,625
Total	\$	27,317,793	\$	10,687,347	\$	16,630,446

Notes to Financial Statements

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount				
2025 2026 2027 2028	\$ 1,879,520 1,163,02 3,986,77 (1,042,49				
Total	\$	5,986,821			

OPEB Assets/Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2024, the District reported an asset of \$1,562,510 for its proportionate share of the MPSERS net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of September 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation rolled forward from September 2022. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was determined by dividing each employer's statutorily required OPEB contributions to the system during the measurement period by the percent of OPEB contributions required from all applicable employers during the measurement period. At September 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.27621% which was an increase of 0.001764% from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB benefit of \$2,622,130. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	о	Deferred utflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	(et Deferred Outflows Inflows) of Resources
Differences between expected and						
actual experience	\$	-	\$	11,807,126	\$	(11,807,126)
Changes in assumptions		3,478,419	•	418,867		3,059,552
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on OPEB plan investments		4,764		-		4,764
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate						
share of contributions		845,539		710,511		135,028
		4,328,722		12,936,504		(8,607,782)
District contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		1,907,229		-		1,907,229
Total	\$	6,235,951	\$	12,936,504	\$	(6,700,553)

The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as an adjustment to the net OPEB asset/liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Amount
	<i>.</i>
2025	\$ (2,810,470)
2026	(2,642,358)
2027	(1,091,515)
2028	(1,019,971)
2029	(699,553)
Thereafter	 (343,915)
Total	\$ (8,607,782)

Notes to Financial Statements

Actuarial Assumptions

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations. The total pension and OPEB liabilities in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation were determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age, normal
Wage inflation rate	2.75%
Investment rate of return:	
MIP and Basic plans (non-hybrid) 6.00%
Pension Plus plan (hybrid)	6.00%
Pension Plus 2 plan (hybrid)	6.00%
OPEB plans	6.00%
Projected salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%, including wage inflation at 2.75%
Cost of living adjustments	3% annual non-compounded for MIP members
Healthcare cost trend rate	Pre-65: 7.75% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
	Post-65: 5.25% Year 1 graded to 3.5% Year 15; 3.0% Year 120
Mortality	Retirees: PubT-2010 Male and Female Retiree Mortality Tables scaled by 116% for males and 116% for females and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010. Active: PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010.
Other OPEB assumptions:	
Opt-out assumptions	21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt-out of the retiree health plan.
Survivor coverage	80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverages continuing after the retiree's death.
Coverage election at retirement	75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents.

Notes to Financial Statements

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the period 2012 through 2017 and 2017 through 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2018 and September 30, 2023 valuations, respectively. The total pension and OPEB liabilities as of September 30, 2023, are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2022, and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study. The recognition period for pension liabilities is 4.4406 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for OPEB liabilities is 6.5099 years which is the average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees. The recognition period for assets is 5 years.

Changes in assumptions. The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Long-term Expected Return on Pension and OPEB Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension/OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension and OPEB plans' target asset allocation as of September 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return	Expected Money- Weighted Rate of Return
	/		
Domestic equity pools	25.00%	5.43%	1.36%
Private equity pools	16.00%	8.99%	1.44%
International equity pools	15.00%	6.37%	0.95%
Fixed income pools	13.00%	1.22%	0.16%
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00%	5.99%	0.60%
Absolute return pools	9.00%	4.49%	0.40%
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00%	6.83%	0.68%
Short-term investment pools	2.00%	0.28%	0.01%
	100.00%		5.60%
Inflation			2.70%
Risk adjustment			-2.30%
Investment rate of return			6.00%

Rate of Return

For the fiscal year ended September 30, 2023, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 8.29% and 7.94%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Notes to Financial Statements

Discount Rate

A discount rate of 6.00% was used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments of 6.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine these discount rates assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension and OPEB liabilities.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

		Current	
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.00%)	(6.00%)	(7.00%)
District's proportionate share of			
the net pension liability	\$ 116,710,283	\$ 86,388,258	\$ 61,144,075

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	19	% Decrease (5.00%)	Di	Current scount Rate (6.00%)	1	% Increase (7.00%)
District's proportionate share of						
the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	1,619,854	\$	(1,562,510)	\$	(4,297,439)

Notes to Financial Statements

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability calculated using the assumed trend rates, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher:

	1	% Decrease	 Current althcare Cost Frend Rate	1% Increase			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$	(4,304,258)	\$ (1,562,510)	\$	1,404,960		

Pension and OPEB Plans Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial statements available on the State of Michigan Office of Retirement Services website at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

Payable to the Pension Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$1,724,690 for the outstanding amount of pension contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Payable to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a payable of \$197,221 for the outstanding amount of OPEB contributions to the Plan required for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Notes to Financial Statements

12. FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies fund balances based primarily on the extent to which it is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Detailed information on fund balances of governmental funds is as follows:

	General Fund	Debt Retirement Fund	2017 Capital Projects Fund	Capital Projects Non-bonded	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable	<u>.</u>	<u>,</u>	A	A	<u> </u>	Å
Inventory	\$-	\$ -	\$-	\$-	\$ 23,094	\$ 23,094
Prepaid items	75,813	-	75,385		16,840	168,038
	75,813		75,385	-	39,934	191,132
Restricted						
Debt service	-	1,100,992	-	-	-	1,100,992
Food service program	-	-	-	-	1,399,908	1,399,908
Capital projects	-	-	12,674,007	-	-	12,674,007
Capital projects - Grant funded	-	-	-	-	12,502	12,502
	-	1,100,992	12,674,007	-	1,412,410	15,187,409
Committed						
Unspent supply carryover	157,124	-	_	_	_	157,124
Employee off schedule	137,124					137,124
payment	150,000		_	_	_	150,000
Facilities, equipment and	150,000					150,000
maintenance	1,000,000		_	_	_	1,000,000
Facilities, athletics	1,125,000		_		_	1,125,000
Performing arts equipment	170,000	_	-	-	_	170,000
Instructional materials and	170,000	-	-	-	-	170,000
equipment	1,000,000					1,000,000
Technology	1,500,000	-	-	-	-	1,500,000
	2,400,000	-	-	-	-	2,400,000
New programs		-	-	-	-	
New buildings and spaces Retirement and severance	300,490	-	-	-	-	300,490
	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Athletic programs	-	-	-	-	308,918	308,918
Student / school activity	-	-	-	-	1,187,971	1,187,971
Non-bonded capital				100 110		100 112
projects	- 8,802,614	-	-	<u> </u>	1,496,889	<u> </u>
	0,002,014			199,112	1,490,009	10,498,015
Assigned						
Community services	-	-	-	-	1,692,823	1,692,823
Subsequent year						
expenditures	1,994,430	-	-	-	-	1,994,430
•	1,994,430	-		-	1,692,823	3,687,253
Unassigned	1,621,140					1,621,140
Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 12,493,997	\$ 1,100,992	\$ 12,749,392	\$ 199,112	\$ 4,642,056	\$ 31,185,549

Notes to Financial Statements

13. NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS

The composition of the District's net investment in capital assets as of June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Capital assets:	
Capital assets not being depreciated/amortized	\$ 7,531,769
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	121,457,287
	128,989,056
Related debt:	
General obligation bonds	89,675,000
Premiums/discounts on bonds payable, net	3,688,733
Deferred charge on advance bond refundings, net	(115,656)
Unexpended bond proceeds	(12,749,392)
	80,498,685
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 48,490,371

14. BONDED CONSTRUCTION COSTS

2017 Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2017 Capital Projects Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds. For this capital project, the school district has complied with the applicable provisions of Section 1351a of the Revised School Code. The fund is not yet considered substantially complete and a subsequent year audit is expected.

15. CONTINGENCIES

Federal Grant Programs

The District participates in federally assisted grant programs, which are subject to program compliance audits by the grantor or its representatives. Such audits of these programs may be performed at some future date. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, not to be material.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District participates in and pays premiums to M.A.I.S.L. Joint Management Trust and SET-SEG, Inc. Insurance Trust. The pools maintain loss funds and are also required by the terms of the participation agreements to obtain insurance and reinsurance as necessary.

Notes to Financial Statements

The terms of the participation agreement with the pools indicate that, should losses of the pools incurred in a given coverage period exceed the loss fund and the aggregate excess reinsurance, the fund may assess its member districts on a pro-rata basis to cover excess losses. In past years, the loss funds have exceeded the amount necessary to maintain prudent loss reserves, resulting in annual premium refunds to member districts. The District's management believes that participation in these pools provide sufficient coverage to protect the District from significant adverse financial impact.

16. DEXTER WELLNESS CENTER MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

In April 2024, the District entered into a management agreement with the Chelsea Health and Wellness Foundation following the District's purchase of the Dexter Wellness Center at 2810 Baker Road, Dexter, Michigan effective through March 31, 2025. The agreement sets forth that the Foundation will continue to provide all services, duties, and responsibilities for the general administration and day-to-day operation of the Wellness Center.



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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

	Year Ended June 30,									
		2024		2023	2022			2021		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	86,388,258	\$	97,322,302	\$	63,513,923	\$	91,569,173		
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.26691%		0.25878%		0.26827%		0.26657%		
District's covered payroll	\$	27,586,479	\$	25,134,639	\$	24,366,821	\$	24,033,841		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		313.15%		387.20%		260.66%		381.00%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		65.91%		60.77%		72.60%		59.72%		

Year Ended June 30,													
2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015			
\$ 86,772,214	\$	78,076,238	\$	66,388,499	\$	62,177,767	\$	61,232,973	\$	52,543,111			
0.26202%		0.25972%		0.25619%		0.24922%		0.25070%		0.23854%			
\$ 23,160,721	\$	22,350,671	\$	21,844,616	\$	21,116,479	\$	21,237,606	\$	20,490,109			
374.65%		349.32%		303.91%		294.45%		288.32%		256.43%			
60.31%		62.38%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%			

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan Schedule of the District's Pension Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2	024		2023		2022		2021		
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 11,	216,330	\$	12,212,128	\$	8,799,078	\$	7,960,419		
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	(11,	216,330)	(12,212,128)		(8,799,078)		(7,960,419)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$			
District's covered payroll	\$27,	723,275	\$	27,392,729	\$	24,737,501	\$	23,838,048		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		40.46%		44.58%		35.57%		33.39%		

				Year Ende	d Ju	ne 30,																				
2020		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
\$ 7,319,434	\$	6,953,030	\$	6,467,637	\$	5,956,455	\$	4,836,283	\$	3,704,745																
 (7,319,434)		(6,953,030)		(6,467,637)		(5,956,455)		(4,836,283)		(3,704,745)																
\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-																
\$ 23,821,083	\$	21,043,362	\$	22,283,619	\$	21,652,765	\$	20,993,350	\$	21,188,803																
30.73%	73% 33.04%		29.02%	29.02% 27.51%			23.04%	17.48%																		

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefit (Asset) Liability

		Year Endeo	d Ju	ne 30 <i>,</i>		
	2024	2023	2022			2021
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (1,562,510)	\$ 5,476,593	\$	4,108,559	\$	14,508,268
District's proportion of the net OPEB asset/liability	0.27621%	0.25857%		0.26917%		0.27081%
District's covered payroll	\$ 27,586,479	\$ 25,134,639	\$	24,366,821	\$	24,033,841
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	-5.66%	21.79%		16.86%		60.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	105.04%	83.09%		87.33%		59.44%

Y	ear	Ended June 30),	
2020		2019		2018
\$ 19,005,006	\$	20,863,637	\$	22,742,261
0.26478%		0.26247%		0.25682%
\$ 23,160,721	\$	22,350,671	\$	21,844,616
82.06%		93.35%		104.11%
48.46%		42.95%		36.39%

Required Supplementary Information

MPSERS Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Plan

Schedule of the District's Other Postemployment Benefit Contributions

	Year Ended June 30,									
		2024		2023		2022		2021		
Statutorily required contributions	\$	2,117,642	\$	2,153,313	\$	1,979,501	\$	1,953,217		
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contributions		(2,117,642)		(2,153,313)		(1,979,501)		(1,953,217)		
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$	-	\$			
District's covered payroll	\$	27,723,275	\$	27,392,729	\$	24,737,501	\$	23,838,048		
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		7.64%		7.86%		8.00%		8.19%		

Year Ended June 30,							
	2020		2019	2018			
\$	1,914,592	\$	1,961,551	\$	1,761,556		
	(1,914,592)		(1,961,551)		(1,761,556)		
\$	-	\$	_	\$	-		
\$	23,821,083	\$	21,043,362	\$	22,283,619		
	8.04%		9.32%		7.91%		

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Pension Information

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00% for the MIP and Basic plans, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus Plan.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.80% for the MIP and Basic plans, 6.80% for the Pension Plus Plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.05% for the MIP and Basic plans, 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan, and 6.00% for the Pension Plus 2 plan.
- 2018 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.50% for the MIP and Basic plans and 7.00% for the Pension Plus plan.

OPEB Information

GASB 75 was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The OPEB plan schedules are being built prospectively. Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented.

The amounts presented in the schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB (Asset) Liability were determined as of September 30 of the preceding year (the plan year).

The significant changes in assumptions for each of the fiscal years ended June 30 were as follows:

- 2024 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2025 and 2026 employer contributions decreased from 2.00% to 1.50% and 1.50% to 0.75%, respectively. In addition, the PubT-2010 mortality tables were used in the September 2022 valuation compared to the RP-2014 mortality tables used in the September 2021 valuation. Finally, healthcare cost trend rates for pre-65 decreased from 7.75% to 7.50% and post-65 increased from 5.25% to 6.25%.
- 2023 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2024 employer contributions decreased from 2.5% to 2.0%. Additionally, the discount rate used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.00%.
- 2022 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2023 employer contributions decreased from 3.0% to 2.5%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased to 7.75%.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

- 2021 The payroll growth assumption for amortization purposes used in determining the fiscal year 2022 employer contributions decreased from 3.5% to 3.0%. The healthcare cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.0%.
- 2020 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased to 6.95%.
- 2019 The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased to 7.15%.

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COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

Schedule of Revenues and Other Financing Sources General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Revenues

Local sources	
Property taxes	\$ 5,712,871
Earnings on investments and deposits	636,850
Tuition	43,780
Transportation	134,829
Rentals	124,803
Other local revenues	122,283
Total local sources	6,775,416
State sources	
State aid - membership - section 20	26,853,553
At risk	492,498
Special education	3,186,589
Other state grants	8,783,716
Total state sources	39,316,356
Federal sources	
Title I	90,987
Title II - Teacher Principal Training	41,842
Title III - Immigrant Students and English Learners	5,507
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program	112,000
Special Education	844,765
Special Education - Preschool	20,004
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	10,900
Total federal sources	1,126,005
Interdistrict sources	6,568,351
Other sources	1,111,029
Total revenues	54,897,157
Other financing sources	
Transfers from other funds	314,615
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	37,108
Total other financing sources	351,723
Total revenues and other financing sources	\$ 55,248,880

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Instruction	
Basic programs	
Elementary	¢
Salaries	\$ 6,872,615
Insurances	1,073,496
FICA, retirement, etc.	3,850,046
Purchased services	464,215
Supplies and materials	159,149
Other	200
Total elementary	12,419,721
Middle/junior high	
Salaries	2,399,085
Insurances	376,790
FICA, retirement, etc.	1,380,427
Purchased services	133,260
Supplies and materials	36,306
Other	1,660
Total middle/junior high	4,327,528
High school	
Salaries	4,339,617
Insurances	661,114
FICA, retirement, etc.	2,452,976
Purchased services	474,277
Supplies and materials	63,232
Other	187,798
Total high school	8,179,014
Total basic programs	24,926,263
Added needs	
Special education	
Salaries	3,190,133
Insurances	390,592
FICA, retirement, etc.	1,802,927
Purchased services	91,352
Supplies and materials	53,186
Other	170,354
Total special education	5,698,544

Schedule of Expenditures	and Other	Financing Uses
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General Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Instruction (concluded)	
Added needs (concluded)	
Compensatory education	
Salaries	\$ 256,978
Insurances	42,490
FICA, retirement, etc.	136,010
Purchased services	2,812
Supplies and materials	271,383
Total compensatory education	709,673
Vocational education	
Salaries	87,667
Insurances	5,590
FICA, retirement, etc.	39,845
Purchased services	13,060
Supplies and materials	31,832
Other	240,744
Total vocational education	418,738
Total added needs	6,826,955
Total instruction	31,753,218
Supporting services	
Student services	
Salaries	3,437,506
Insurances	606,171
FICA, retirement, etc.	1,896,984
Purchased services	249,738
Supplies and materials	8,638
Other	154
Total student services	6,199,191
Instructional staff	
Salaries	1,382,648
Insurances	190,517
FICA, retirement, etc.	763,828
Other benefits	25,160
Purchased services	509,767
	36,711
Supplies and materials	10.711
Supplies and materials Other	65,988

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Supporting services (continued)	
General administration	
Salaries	\$ 279,460
Insurances	29,890
FICA, retirement, etc.	183,257
Other benefits	53,094
Purchased services	209,599
Supplies and materials	9,414
Other	14,061
Total general administration	778,775
School administration	
Salaries	1,553,575
Insurances	294,227
FICA, retirement, etc.	912,986
Other benefits	58,230
Purchased services	37,963
Supplies and materials	14,731
Other	3,776
Total school administration	2,875,488
Business administration	
Salaries	393,751
Insurances	73,812
FICA, retirement, etc.	269,188
Other benefits	76,335
Purchased services	27,663
Supplies and materials	1,041
Other	28,874
Total business administration	870,664
Operation and maintenance of plant	
Salaries	1,513,857
Insurances	323,791
FICA, retirement, etc.	914,898
Other benefits	743
Purchased services	881,450
Supplies and materials	1,616,832
Other	4,104
Total operation and maintenance of plant	5,255,675
· ·	

Schedule of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Supporting services (concluded) Transportation

Transportation Salaries	\$	863,766
Insurances	Ç	127,365
FICA, retirement, etc.		476,680
Other benefits		2,407
Purchased services		125,950
Supplies and materials		
Other		181,208 3,549
Total transportation		1,780,925
		, ,
Other supporting services		
Salaries		239,765
Insurances		45,049
FICA, retirement, etc.		141,578
Other benefits		13,534
Purchased services		111,224
Supplies and materials		749
Other		5,202
Total other supporting services		557,101
Total supporting services		21,292,438
Community services		
Salaries		5,574
Insurances		451
FICA, retirement, etc.		2,495
Purchased services		137,449
Supplies and materials		155,609
Total community services		301,578
Payments to not-for-profit entities		9,600
Debt service		
Principal		12,194
Interest		806
Total debt service		13,000
Other financing uses		
Transfers to other funds		288,363
Total expenditures and other financing uses	\$	53,658,197
		concluded

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue									
		Food Service	С	ommunity Service	Student/ School Activity		Cooperative Activity			Total
Assets										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,180,259	\$	2,002,981	\$	1,350,663	\$	61,948	\$	4,595,851
Accounts receivable		2,058		5,601		16,522		20,572		44,753
Due from other governments		284,457		119,308		-		42,640		446,405
Due from other funds		-		892		-		-		892
Inventory		23,094		-		-		-		23,094
Prepaid items		12,729		3,251		860		-		16,840
Total assets	\$	1,502,597	\$	2,132,033	\$	1,368,045	\$	125,160	\$	5,127,835
Liabilities										
Accounts payable	\$	1,198	\$	26,296	\$	12,688	\$	10,286	\$	50,468
Due to other governments		10		-		-		-		10
Due to other funds		10,251		-		70,396		102,372		183,019
Unearned revenue		55,407		100,745		96,130		-		252,282
Total liabilities		66,866		127,041		179,214		112,658		485,779
Fund balances										
Nonspendable		35,823		3,251		860		-		39,934
Restricted		1,399,908		-		-		12,502		1,412,410
Committed		-		308,918		1,187,971		-		1,496,889
Assigned		-		1,692,823		-		-		1,692,823
Total fund balances		1,435,731		2,004,992		1,188,831		12,502		4,642,056
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	1,502,597	\$	2,132,033	\$	1,368,045	\$	125,160	\$	5,127,835

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Food Service	····		Cooperative Activity	Total
Revenues Local sources	ć 402.252	\$ 2,955,841	ć 907.091	Ś 621.447	¢ 4 977 722
State sources	\$ 403,353 1,361,190	\$ 2,955,841 58,013	\$ 897,081	\$ 621,447	\$ 4,877,722 1,419,203
Federal sources	624,883	165,604	-	5,680,525	6,471,012
Interdistrict sources	223,125		-		223,125
Total revenues	2,612,551	3,179,458	897,081	6,301,972	12,991,062
Expenditures					
Current:					
Community services	-	3,713,753	997,582	787,407	5,498,742
Food services	2,281,635	-	-	-	2,281,635
Capital outlay			-	5,502,063	5,502,063
Total expenditures	2,281,635	3,713,753	997,582	6,289,470	13,282,440
Revenues over (under) expenditures	330,916	(534,295)	(100,501)	12,502	(291,378)
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	288,363	-	-	288,363
Transfers out	(113,084)	(201,531)	-		(314,615)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(113,084)	86,832			(26,252)
Net changes in fund balances	217,832	(447,463)	(100,501)	12,502	(317,630)
Fund balances, beginning of year	1,217,899	2,452,455	1,289,332		4,959,686
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,435,731	\$ 2,004,992	\$ 1,188,831	\$ 12,502	\$ 4,642,056

SCHEDULE OF BONDS ISSUED AND OUTSTANDING (Unaudited)

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited) 1998 School and Building Site Bonds June 30, 2024								
Issue dated April	20, 1998 in the an	\$	69,600,000					
Bonds due	d in prior years and paid May 1, 2 ding - June 30, 202			\$	56,475,000 2,625,000 10,500,000			
Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due	November Interest Requirement	Re	May Interest equirement	Total		

Due	Rate (%)	Due	Requirement		Requirement		ement lota	
2024 - 2025	5.10	\$ 2,625,000	\$	267,750	\$	267,750	\$	3,160,500
2025 - 2026	5.10	2,625,000		200,813		200,812		3,026,625
2026 - 2027	5.10	2,625,000		133,875		133,875		2,892,750
2027 - 2028	5.10	 2,625,000		66,938		66,937		2,758,875
		\$ 10,500,000	\$	669,376	\$	669,374	\$	11,838,750

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)		
2017 School Building and Site Bonds		
June 30, 2024		
Issue dated November 28, 2017 in the amount of	\$ 50,605,000	
	Ş 30,003,000	
Less:		
Bonds paid in prior years	3,905,000	
Bonds due and paid May 1, 2024	760,000	

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2024

Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due		November Interest Requirement		May Interest Requirement		Total
2024 - 2025	4.00	\$	1,190,000	\$	832,766	\$	832,765	\$ 2,855,531
2025 - 2026	4.00		1,435,000		808,965		808,966	3,052,931
2026 - 2027	4.00		2,235,000		780,266		780,266	3,795,532
2027 - 2028	4.00		2,455,000		735,565		735,565	3,926,130
2028 - 2029	4.00		6,775,000		686,465		686,466	8,147,931
2029 - 2030	4.00		7,050,000		550,965		550,966	8,151,931
2030 - 2031	4.00		7,340,000		409,966		409,965	8,159,931
2031 - 2032	3.00		7,600,000		263,165		263,166	8,126,331
2032 - 2033	3.00		7,835,000		149,166		149,165	8,133,331
2033 - 2034	3.125		2,025,000		31,641		31,640	2,088,281
		\$	45,940,000	\$	5,248,930	\$	5,248,930	\$ 56,437,860

continued...

\$ 45,940,000

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited) 2017 Refunding Bonds June 30, 2024									
Issue dated Nove	Issue dated November 28, 2017 in the amount of \$20,010,000								
Less:Bonds paid in prior years5,390,000Bonds due and paid May 1, 20244,005,000Balance outstanding - June 30, 2024\$ 10,615,000									
	latered		Duinainal		ovember		May		
Due	Interest Rate (%)		Principal Due		nterest quirement		nterest quirement		Total
2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026 2026 - 2027 2027 - 2028	4.00 4.00 4.00 4.00	\$	3,905,000 4,010,000 1,280,000 1,420,000	\$	212,300 134,200 54,000 28,400	\$	212,300 134,200 54,000 28,400	\$	4,329,600 4,278,400 1,388,000 1,476,800

 0
 1,420,000
 28,400
 28,400
 1,476,800

 \$ 10,615,000
 \$ 428,900
 \$ 428,900
 \$ 11,472,800

20	Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited) 2021 Refunding Bonds June 30, 2024									
lss	Issue dated March 24, 2021 in the amount of\$ 15,440,000									
Ba	Less: Bonds paid in prior years Bonds due and paid May 1, 2024 Balance outstanding - June 30, 2024							5,165,000 4,125,000 6,150,000		
	Due	Interest Rate (%)		Principal Due	h	ovember nterest uirement		May Interest quirement		Total
	2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026	0.68 0.82	\$	4,635,000 1,515,000	\$	21,971 6,212	\$	21,970 6,211	\$	4,678,941 1,527,423

6,150,000 \$

\$

continued...

28,183 \$ 28,181 \$ 6,206,364

Schedule of Bonds Issued and Outstanding (Unaudited)

2023 School Building and Site Bonds June 30, 2024

Issue dated March 23, 2023 in the amount of	\$ 16,470,000
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Less:

Bonds paid in prior years Bonds due and paid May 1, 2024

Balance outstanding - June 30, 2024

Due	Interest Rate (%)	Principal Due	November Interest Requirement	May Interest Requirement	Total	
2024 - 2025 2025 - 2026 2026 - 2027 2027 - 2028	5.00 5.00 5.00 5.00	\$ - 3,185,000 6,730,000 6,555,000	\$ 411,750 411,750 332,125 163,875	\$ 411,750 411,750 332,125 163,875	\$ 823,500 4,008,500 7,394,250 6,882,750	
		\$ 16,470,000	\$ 1,319,500	\$ 1,319,500	\$ 19,109,000	

concluded

\$ 16,470,000