MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

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ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Midlothian Independent School District Name of School District

Ellis County

070-908 Co. - Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____ approved _____ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2024, at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the <u>21st</u> day of <u>October</u>, 2024.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH

A Limited Liability Company

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

Midlothian Independent School District Midlothian, Texas

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Midlothian Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Midlothian Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Midlothian Independent School District as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financials section of our report. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financials section of our report. We are required to be independent of Midlothian Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Midlothian Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with general accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Midlothian Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Midlothian Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 10 and the Teacher Retirement System schedules on page 54 through 62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Midlothian Independent School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules listed in the table of contents, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the required TEA schedules, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2024 on our consideration of Midlothian Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of the compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Midlothian Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Midlothian Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hankins Eastup Deaton Ima Jung + Jearboungh

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC Denton, Texas October 17, 2024

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024 (UNAUDITED)

As management of Midlothian Independent School District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read this narrative in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 3, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 13.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by (\$2,868,690) (*deficit net position*).
- The District's total net position increased by \$13,323,329 during the current fiscal year from the result of current year operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$56,130,997. Approximately 28.8% of this total amount, \$16,174,357, is unassigned and available for use within the District's fund balance policies.
- At the end of the current fiscal period, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$16,174,357 or 12.8% of the total general fund expenditures.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 13 and 15). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 16) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 27) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. The sections labeled TEA Required Schedules and Federal Awards Section contain data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 13. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting (the basis used by private sector companies).

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets and deferred inflows of resources are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities and deferred outflows of resources are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position provides one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider nonfinancial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance, its property tax base, and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, we divide the District into two kinds of activities:

· Governmental activities-Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

• Business-type activities—The District does not have any programs in which it charges a fee to "customers" to help it cover all or most of the cost of services it provides. Thus, the District had no business-type activities during the current fiscal year.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 16 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds-not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's governmental funds use the following accounting approach:

Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or custodian, for money raised by student activities. The District's custodial activity is reported in a separate Statement of Fiduciary Net Position and Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Fund Net Position on pages 25 and 26. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The analysis below presents both current and prior year data and discusses significant changes in the accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from (\$21,235,110) to (\$2,868,690). Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was (\$13,560,830) at June 30, 2024.

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2024	2023
Current and other assets	\$ 81,334,892	\$ 83,095,648
Capital assets, net	396,266,721	403,423,085
Total assets	477,601,613	486,518,733
Deferred outflows of resources	31,510,343	23,611,340
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	509,111,956	510,130,073
Long-term liabilities	454,143,142	479,333,344
Other liabilities	28,973,215	25,958,528
Total liabilities	483,116,357	505,291,872
Deferred inflows of resources	28,864,289	26,073,311
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	511,980,646	531,365,183
Net Position:		
Net investments in capital assets	(3,512,601)	(22,924,732)
Restricted	14,204,741	12,642,068
Unrestricted	(13,560,830)	(10,952,446)
Total Net Position	\$ (2,868,690)	\$ (21,235,110)

Table I NET POSITION

	Governmental	Governmental
	Activities	Activities
	2024	2023
Revenues:		
Program Revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 6,413,422	\$ 6,454,441
Operating grants and contributions	13,744,058	15,663,770
General Revenues:		
Maintenance and operations taxes	61,870,545	70,468,591
Debt service taxes	40,717,795	36,274,176
State aid	51,801,855	34,841,801
Grants and contributions not restricted	123,178	14,250
Investment earnings	3,3 60 ,710	2,777,199
Miscellaneous	3,083,665	3,506,131
Total Revenue	181,115,228	170,000,359
Expenses:		
Instruction, curriculum and	78,914,753	72,074,694
media services		
Instructional and school leadership	7,355,526	7,464,310
Student support services	11,312,024	9,928,699
Child nutrition	5,912,711	5,439,639
Extracurricular activities	7,879,435	7,333,904
General administration	3,595,347	3,804,526
Plant maintenance, security and	20,242,535	17,994,913
data processing		
Community services	594,041	556,361
Debt services	11,360,554	12,473,476
Facilities acquisition & construction	104,280	2,82 0 ,101
Payments to Juvenile	-	8,658
Justice Alt. Ed. Prg.		
Payments to Tax Increment Fund	19,592,674	18,356,704
Other intergovernmental charges	928,019	841,622
Total Expenses	167,791,899	159,097,607
ncrease (decrease) in net position	13,323,329	10,902,752
let position at beginning of year	(21,235,110)	(32,137,862)
rior Period Adjustment	5,043,091	[32,137,002]
•		\$(21 225 110)
et position at end of year	\$ (2,868,690)	\$(21,235,110)

Table II CHANGES IN NET POSITION

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reports deficit balances in net investment in capital assets and in unrestricted net position, while reporting a positive balance in restricted net position. The District's net position increased by \$13,323,329 during the current fiscal year.

The District showed an increase in revenue of 6.5%. Local tax revenues decreased because of a higher tax rate compression. State Foundation revenue increased due to the lower local tax revenues. Other items that affected the District's 2023-2024 activities were:

- Average daily attendance increased by 1.5%.
- The District's General Fund expenditures increased \$8.6 million. This increase is due to higher personnel costs due to added positions and salary adjustments, as well as increased costs for purchased and contracted services and an increase to the payment made to the tax increment reinvestment zone.
- The District's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate decreased from \$0.8546 per \$100 valuation to \$0.6692 per \$100 valuation (because of tax rate compression required by the state funding formula). The District's debt service tax rate remained \$0.44 per \$100 valuation.

The cost of all governmental activities for the current fiscal year was \$167,791,899. However, as shown in the Statement of Activities on page 15, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through District taxes was only \$102,588,343 because some of the costs were paid by those who directly benefited from the programs (\$6,413,422) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$13,744,058) or by State equalization funding (\$51,801,855).

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 16) reported a combined fund balance of \$56,130,997, which is \$5,093,215 less than last year's total of \$61,224,212. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$823,351 in the District's General Fund, an increase of \$569,764 in the Debt Service Fund, and a decrease of \$5,206,974 in the Capital Projects Fund.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June 2023). The second category includes changes that the Board made during the year to reflect new information regarding revenue sources and expenditure needs. The principal amendments in this case were amendments to reflect additional revenues and personnel and other costs. The third category involves amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

The District's General Fund balance of \$32,789,640 reported on page 20 differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$28,961,197 reported in the budgetary comparison schedule on page 24. This is principally due to higher than anticipated state revenue as well as costs savings achieved during the year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$396,266,721 invested (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net decrease of \$7,156,364, or 1.8%, less than last year.

Major capital asset additions during the year included completion of construction in progress for an addition to Heritage High School and other construction projects.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the basic financial statements.

Debt Administration

At year-end, the District had \$405,876,440 in long-term debt outstanding compared to \$437,697,096 last year-a decrease of \$31,820,656. The District's general obligation bond rating is AAA (as a result of guarantees of the Texas Permanent School Fund) according to national rating agencies.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the basic financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

- Total General Fund revenues are expected to be \$2.9 million lower mainly due to a decrease in expected state revenue.
- The District's General Fund expenditures are budgeted to increase approximately \$2.4 million because of higher salaries resulting from salary increases and higher payments to the Tax Increment Zone.
- The maintenance and operations tax rate increased from \$0.6692 per \$100 valuation to \$0.6969 per \$100 valuation subject to the results of Voter Approved Tax Rate Election (VATRE). If the VATRE is not ratified by voters, the maintenance operations tax rate will be \$0.6669 per \$100 valuation. The debt service tax rate decreased from \$0.44 per \$100 valuation to \$0.41 per \$100 valuation.
- The 2024-2025 General Fund projects a deficit of \$6.3 million with revenues of \$123.0 million and expenditures of \$129.4 million.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office at Midlothian Independent School District, 100 Walter Stephenson Road, Midlothian, Texas 75065 (469) 856-5000.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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EXHIBIT A-1

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Data		Primary Government
Control		Governmental
Codes		Activities
ASSETS		
1220 P	Cash and Cash Equivalents roperty Taxes - Delinquent Ilowance for Uncollectible Taxes	\$ 48,326,522 1,843,661 (184,366)
	ue from Other Governments	30,833,340
	ther Receivables, Net	431,121
	iventories repayments	29,063 55,551
	apital Assets:	
1510	Land	15,304,326
520 530	Buildings, Net Furniture and Equipment, Net	358,827,715 22,134,680
.000	Total Assets	477,601,613
	RED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES eferred Charge on Bond Refundings	2,745,673
	eferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS Pension	19,695,686
706 D	eferred Resource Outflows Related to TRS OPEB	9,068,984
700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	31,510,343
LIABILI	TIES	
	ccounts Payable	741,341
	ccrued Interest Payable ayroll Deductions and Withholdings	5,428,615 183,151
	ccrued Wages Payable	11,488,320
177 Di	ue to Fiduciary Funds	729
	ue to Other Governments	10,947,890 73,379
	ccrued Expenses nearned Revenue	109,790
	oncurrent Liabilities:	
	Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc. Due in More than One Year:	15,596,420
502	Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	390,280,020
540 545	Net Pension Liability (District's Share) Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	33,292,248 14,974,454
000	Total Liabilities	483,116,357
	ED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
	eferred Resource Inflows Related to TRS Pension	7,069,284
	eferred Resourse Inflows Related to TRS OPEB	21,795,005
600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	28,864,289
IET POS		
Re	et Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets estricted:	(3,512,601)
	Restricted for Federal and State Programs	1,945,285
	Restricted for Debt Service	12,259,456 (13,560,830)
	Total Net Position	\$ (2,868,690)
	10tal 10t 1 Ostiluli	

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EXHIBIT B-1

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

(21,235,110)

\$

5,043,091

(2,868,690)

	Data					Program R	evenues	Position
	Control			1		3	4	6
	Codes						Operating	 Primary Gov.
						Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
				Expenses		Services	Contributions	Activities
	Primary Government:							
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
1	1 Instruction		\$	75,392,973	\$	1,902,671	\$ 6,077,251	\$ (67,413,051)
1	2 Instructional Resources and Media Se	ervices	s:	1,504,138		39,576	89,223	(1,375,339)
1	3 Curriculum and Instructional Staff De	evelopment		2,017,642		977	615,782	(1,400,883)
2	1 Instructional Leadership			1,315,404		-	133,948	(1,181,456)
2	3 School Leadership			6,040,122		90,518	330,944	(5,618,660)
3	1 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation	n Services		5,018,124		-	575,823	(4,442,301)
3	2 Social Work Services			35,000		-	35,000	-
3				1,395,566		~	182,335	(1,213,231)
3				4,863,334		-	1,231,018	(3,632,316)
3				5,912,711		2,631,889	2,834,549	(446,273)
30	2			7,879,435		874,171	174,643	(6,830,621)
4				3,595,347		48,389	205,141	(3,341,817)
5		3		14,947,949		323,918	554,556	(14,069,475)
52	5			2,932,001		-	587,713	(2,344,288)
53	0			2,362,585		-	100,769	(2,261,816)
61		D 1.		594,041		501,313	15,363	(77,365)
72	2			11,130,784		-	-	(11,130,784)
73		d rees		229,770		-	-	(229,770) (104 ,280)
81 97	÷1			104,280 19,592,674		-	-	(19,592,674)
99	-			928,019		~	-	(928,019)
"	[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNME	NT:	\$	167,791,899	\$	6,413,422 \$	13,744,058	 (147,634,419)
			-					
	Dat: Con Cod	trol General Re	eveni	les:				
			ertv	Taxes, Levied	for C	eneral Purposes		61,870,545
				Taxes, Levied				40,717,798
		-	-	Formula Grants				51,801,855
		GC Grants	and (Contributions n	iot R	estricted		123,178
]			Earnings				3,360,710
	I	MI Miscell	aneo	us Local and Ir	ntern	nediate Revenue		 3,083,662
		TR Total Ge	nera	Revenues				160,957,748
	(CN		Change in N	et Po	osition		 13,323,329

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

NB

Net Position - Beginning

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data Cont			10 General	50 Debt Service	60 Capital
Code			Fund	Fund	Projects
A	SSETS				
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	27,406,198	\$ 14,429,239	\$ 3,508,311
1220			1,160,195	683,466	
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(116,019)	(68,347)	-
1240	Due from Other Governments		27,852,612	2,227,247	-
1260	Due from Other Funds		26,749		a -
1290	Other Receivables		61,289	1,500	-
1300	Inventories		27,161		-
1410	Prepayments		45,116	-	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	56,463,301	\$ 17,273,105	\$ 3,508,311
LI	IABILITIES	<i>2</i>			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	543,599	\$ - 3	\$ 83,487
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		179,655	-	-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		10,970,532	-	-
2170	Due to Other Funds		709	-	-
2180	Due to Other Governments		10,933,802	14,088	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		-	-	73,379
2300	Unearned Revenue		1,188	-	-
2000	Total Liabilities		22,629,485	14,088	156,866
DF	EFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		1,044,176	615,119	-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	-	1,044,176	615,119	
FU	IND BALANCES	-			
	Nonspendable Fund Balance:				
3410	Inventories		27,161	-	-
3430	Prepaid Items		45,116	-	-
	Restricted Fund Balance:				
450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-	-
470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-	-	3,351,445
480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		-	16,643,898	-
600	Committed Fund Balance:		0.040.000		
530	Capital Expenditures for Equipment		3,043,006	-	-
545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	-	-
	Assigned Fund Balance:		10 500 000		
550	Construction		13,500,000	-	-
600	Unassigned Fund Balance		16,174,357	-	
000	Total Fund Balances		32,789,640	16,643,898	3,351,445
000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	¢	56,463,301 \$	5 17,273,105 \$	3,508,311

÷

18

Other FundsTotal Governmental Funds\$2,982,774\$48,326,5 Funds\$2,982,774\$48,326,5 Funds\$1,843,6 (184,36) Funds-(184,36) (184,36) Funds $753,481$ 30,833,3 3,14,79141,5 41,5 5,553\$4,131,715\$81,376,43\$114,255\$741,34 5,555\$4,131,715\$81,376,43\$114,255\$741,34 3,496\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$114,255\$741,34 8,315\$10,947,88 73,35 7,315\$108,602109,75\$-1,659,291,659,291,659,291,659,293,043,001,400,7291,400,7213,500,00				-
FundsFunds\$2,982,774\$48,326,5-1,843,6-(184,3)753,48130,833,314,79141,5368,332431,111,90229,0010,43555,55\$4,131,715\$\$114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,255\$ $$$ 114,88,32 $41,560$ $42,26$ -10,947,89-73,37108,602109,79785,70123,586,121,659,29-1,659,2927,16-45,111,945,2851,945,28-3,351,44-16,643,89-3,043,001,400,7291,400,72	1			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Gove		Other	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	F		Funds	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 48	4	2,982,77	\$
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				+
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$			-	
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		1	753.48	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
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$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	D 01			
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	5 81	5 3	4,131,713	\$
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2	5 (114 254	¢
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$,			Φ
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	11			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	11			
$\begin{array}{c} - & 73,33\\ 108,602 & 109,79\\ \hline 108,602 & 109,79\\ \hline 785,701 & 23,586,14\\ \hline \\ - & 1,659,29\\ \hline \\ - & 3,51,44\\ \hline \\ 1,945,285 & 1,945,28\\ - & 3,351,44\\ \hline \\ - & 16,643,89\\ \hline \\ - & 3,043,00\\ \hline \\ 1,400,729 & 1,400,72\\ \hline \end{array}$	10)	41,500	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	10		-	
785,701 23,586,14 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72			-	
- 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 1,659,29 - 27,16 - 45,11 1,945,285 1,945,28 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72				
- 1,659,29 - 27,16 - 45,11 1,945,285 1,945,28 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72	23,		785,701	
- 27,16 - 45,11 1,945,285 1,945,28 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72	1,		-	
- 27,16 - 45,11 1,945,285 1,945,28 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72	1,			
- 45,11 1,945,285 1,945,28 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72				
1,945,285 - 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72			-	
- 3,351,44 - 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72			-	
- 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72	1,		1,945,285	
- 16,643,89 - 3,043,00 1,400,729 1,400,72	3,		_	
1,400,729 1,400,72	16,		-	
1,400,729 1,400,72	3.0		-	
- 13,500,00			1,400,729	
	13,5		-	
- 16,174,35			-	
3,346,014 56,130,99	56,1		3,346,014	
4,131,715 \$ 81,376,432	81,3	\$	4,131,715	;

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EXHIBIT C-2

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	56,130,997
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund financial statements.		590,753,045
2 Accumulated depreciation is not reported in the fund financial statements.		(194,486,324)
3 Bonds payable have not been included in the fund financial statements.		(365,650,000)
4 Property tax revenue reported as unavailable revenue in the fund financial statements is recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.	63	1,659,295
5 Interest on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due.		(5,428,615)
6 Bond premiums and discounts are not recognized in the fund financial statements.		(40,226,440)
7 Deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements.		2,745,673
8 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$33,292,248, Deferred Inflows of Resources related to TRS pension in the amount of \$7,069,284, and Deferred Outflows of Resources related to TRS pension in the amount of \$19,695,686. This results in a decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$20,665,846.		(20,665,846)
9 Included in the items related to government-wide long-term debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$14,974,454, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$21,795,005, and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS OPEB in the amount of \$9,068,984. This results in a net decrease in Net Position in the amount of \$27,700,475.		(27,700,475)
29 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(2,868,690)

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	68,620,535 \$ 56,344,034 1,018,124	41,351,977 2,458,863	\$ 341,014
5020 Total Revenues		125,982,693	43,810,840	341,014
EXPENDITURES:			(#)	2
Current:				
0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0022 School Leadership		60,460,795 1,294,462 1,481,978 1,297,044	- - -	- - -
0023School Leadership0031Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services0032Social Work Services		5,721,700 4,584,480	-	-
0033Health Services0034Student (Pupil) Transportation0035Food Services		1,293,147 4,120,476	-	-
0036Extracurricular Activities0041General Administration0051Facilities Maintenance and Operations0052Security and Monitoring Services		4,966,486 3,573,284 13,817,853 1,974,520	- - -	- - -
0053 Data Processing Services 0061 Community Services Debt Service: Debt Service:		1,699,126 -	-	-
 0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees Capital Outlay: 			13,365,000 14,973,763 14,979,770	- -
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		-	-	5,547,988
0097Payments to Tax Increment Fund0099Other Intergovernmental Charges		19,592,674 928,019	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	-	126,806,044	43,318,533	5,547,988
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		(823,351)	492,307	(5,206,974)
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 8949 Other (Uses)		-	12,880,000 650,657 (13,453,200)	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-	77,457	-
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances1000 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		(823,351) 33,612,991	569,764 16,074,134	(5,206,974) 8,558,419
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	32,789,640 \$	16,643,898	\$ 3,351,445

EXHIBIT C-3

Other	Total Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 4,163,702 \$	
1,808,467	60,611,364
6,127,501	7,145,625
12,099,670	182,234,217
*	
3,584,630	64,045,425
45,463	1,339,925
560,098	2,042,076
44,804	1,341,848
91,790	5,813,490
368,951	4,953,431
35,000	35,000
100,893	1,394,040
63,775	4,184,251
5,249,179	5,249,179
276,324	5,242,810
48,389	3,621,673
143,808	13,961,661
552,282	2,526,802
- 566,938	1,699,126
500,938	566,938
-	13,365,000
-	14,973,763
-	14,979,770
-	5,547,988
-	19,592,674
	928,019
11,732,324	187,404,889
367,346	(5,170,672)
	12,880,000
-	650,657
-	(13,453,200)
	77,457
367,346	(5,093,215)
	• • • •
2,978,668	61,224,212
3,346,014 \$	56,130,997

(#1

EXHIBIT C-4

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIB RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ (5,093,215)
Current year capital asset additions are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they are shown as increases in capital assets in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of reclassifying the current year capital asset additions is to increase net position.	6,009,046
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position in the government-wide financial statements.	(18,208,501)
Current year long-term debt principal payments on bonds payable and payment of accreted interest are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but are shown as reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	28,115,000
Interest expense on outstanding debt is accrued in the government-wide financial statements, whereas in the fund financial statements interest expenditures are reported when due. The current year decrease in accrued interest payable increases net position in the government-wide financial statements.	105,053
Revenues from property taxes are shown as unavailable in the fund financial statements until they are considered available to finance current expenditures, but such revenues are recognized when assessed, net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, in the government-wide financial statements.	212,719
Bond premiums and discounts are not amortized in the fund financial statements, but are reported net of amortization in the government-wide financial statements.	2,981,173
Current year amortization of the deferred charge on bond refundings is not recognized in the fund financial statements, but is shown as a reduction of the deferred charge in the government-wide financial statements.	756,753
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS contributions made after the measurement date of $8/31/23$ caused the change in the ending net position to increase \$2,184,522. These contributions were replaced with the District's pension expense for the year of \$6,098,684, which caused a decrease in the change in net position. The net effect of both of these is to decrease the change in net position by \$3,914,162.	(3,914,162)
The implementation of GASB 75 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. TRS OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/23 but during the current fiscal year caused the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$499,227. These contributions were replaced with the District's negative OPEB expense for the year, which was \$1,937,693 which caused an increase in net position. The net effect of both of these is to increase the change in net position by \$2,436,920.	2,436,920
Current year issuances of refunding bonds are shown as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as increases in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(12,880,000)

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT C-4 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

The premiums on the current year issuances of refunding bonds are recorded as other financing sources in the fund financial statements, but are shown as an increase in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	(650,657)
The current year payments to the escrow agent for defeased debt is an other financing use in the fund financial statements, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements.	13,453,200
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 13,323,329

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		Budgeted A	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
		Original Final				(Negative)
REVENUES:						
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	85,851,489 39,023,117 2,140,000	\$ 68,953,490 53,293,430 997,969	\$ 68,620,535 56,344,034 1,018,124	\$	(332,955) 3,050,604 20,155
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:	-	127,014,606	123,244,889	125,982,693		2,737,804
Current:						
 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Serv 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Deve 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation S 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0036 Extracurricular Activities 	elopment	60,204,123 1,169,849 1,755,882 1,247,869 5,806,070 4,349,307 1,193,997 3,841,877 4,834,656	60,776,339 1,326,670 1,534,166 1,316,971 5,754,032 4,626,992 1,307,925 4,126,866 4,997,973	60,460,795 1,294,462 1,481,978 1,297,044 5,721,700 4,584,480 1,293,147 4,120,476 4,966,486		315,544 32,208 52,188 19,927 32,332 42,512 14,778 6,390 31,487
 General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services Intergovernmental: 		4,058,271 12,991,533 2,144,100 1,908,220	3,703,104 13,961,398 2,133,285 1,764,288	3,573,284 13,817,853 1,974,520 1,699,126		129,820 143,545 158,765 65,162
Payments to Juvenile Justice AlternativePayments to Tax Increment FundOther Intergovernmental Charges	Ed. Prg.	40,000 20,499,852 969,000	5,000 19,592,674 969,000	- 19,592,674 928,019		5,000 - 40,981
5030 Total Expenditures		127,014,606	127,896,683	126,806,044		1,090,639
200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-	(4,651,794) 33,612,991	(823,351) 33,612,991		3,828,443
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning) 000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	33,612,991 33,612,991 \$			\$	3,828,443

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

т			Ŧ		Total Custodial Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds					\$ 1,297,215 709
Total Assets	÷	×	э	,	1,297,924
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable					46,023
Total Liabilities					46,023
NET POSITION					
Unrestricted Net Position					1,251,901
Total Net Position					\$ 1,251,901

EXHIBIT E-2

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

n n n n n n	Total Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Contributions to Student Groups	\$ 1,599,583
Total Additions	1,599,583
DEDUCTIONS:	
Expenses of Student Groups	1,599,576
Total Deductions	1,599,576
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	7
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	1,251,894
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 1,251,901

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Midlothian Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable rules and regulations of the State of Texas. The District's combined financial statements have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (FAR). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies of the District are described below.

A. **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Board of Trustees, a seven member group elected by registered voters of the District, has fiscal accountability over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The board of trustees is elected by the public. The trustees as a body corporate have the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the trustees, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the trustees. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined in Section 2100, <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>.

The District's basic financial statements include the accounts of all District operations. The criteria for including organizations as component units within the District's reporting entity, as set forth in Section 2100 of GASB's <u>Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards</u>, include whether:

- the organization is legally separate (can sue and be sued in their own name)
- the District holds the corporate powers of the organization
- the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's board
- the District is able to impose its will on the organization
- the organization has the potential to impose a financial benefit/burden on the District
- there is fiscal dependency by the organization on the District

Based on the aforementioned criteria, Midlothian Independent School District has no component units.

B. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District had no business-type activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements:

The District segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental funds are those funds through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The measurement focus of governmental funds is on the sources, uses and balance of current financial resources. The District has presented the following major governmental funds:

- 1. General Fund This fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the <u>community</u>, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities.
- 2. Debt Service Fund This fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund. Any unused debt service fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met.
- 3. Capital Projects Fund This fund is established to account for proceeds, from the sale of bonds and other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishings and equipping of major capital facilities. Upon completion of a project, any unused bond proceeds are transferred to the Debt Service Fund and are used to retire related bond principal.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

- 1. Special Revenue Funds These funds are established to account for federally financed or expenditures legally restricted for specified purposes. In many special revenue funds, any unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. For funds in this fund type, project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of funds.
- 2. Fiduciary Funds These funds are used to account for activities of student groups and other organizational activities on a custodial basis. If any unused resources are declared surplus by the student groups, they are transferred to the General Fund with a recommendation to the Board for an appropriate utilization through a budgeted program. There were no surplus funds transferred during the 23-24 fiscal year.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS/BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus refers to what is being measured; basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurement made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The government-wide statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The economic resources measurement focus means all assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities (whether current or non-current) and deferred inflows of resources are included in the statement of net position and the operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized at the time the liability is incurred.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual; i.e., when they become both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. A one-year availability period is used for recognition of all other Governmental Fund revenues. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

The revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, charges for services, interest income and intergovernmental revenues. All other Governmental Fund Type revenues are recognized when received.

Revenues from state and federal grants are recognized as earned when the related program expenditures are incurred. Funds received but unearned are reflected as unearned revenues, and funds expended but not yet received are shown as receivables.

Revenue from investments, including governmental external investment pool, is based upon fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. Most investments are reported at amortized cost when the investments have remaining maturities of one year or less at time of purchase. External investment pool are permitted to report short-term debt investments at amortized cost, provided that the fair value of those investments is not significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer, or other factors. For that purpose, a pool's short-term investments are those with remaining maturities of up to ninety days.

In accordance with the FAR, the District has adopted and installed an accounting system which exceeds the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. Specifically, the District's accounting system uses codes and the code structure presented in the Accounting Code Section of the FAR.

D. BUDGETARY CONTROL

Formal budgetary accounting is employed for all required Governmental Fund Types, as outlined in TEA's FAR module, and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The budget is prepared and controlled at the function level within each organization to which responsibility for controlling operations is assigned.

The official school budget is prepared for adoption for required Governmental Fund Types prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year for the subsequent fiscal year beginning July 1. The budget is formally adopted by the Board of Trustees at a public meeting held at least ten days after public notice has been given. The budget is prepared by fund, function, object, and organization. The budget is controlled at the organizational level by the appropriate department head or campus principal within Board allocations. Therefore, organizations may transfer appropriations as necessary without the approval of the board unless the intent is to cross fund, function or increase the overall budget allocations. Control of appropriations by the Board of Trustees is maintained within Fund Groups at the function code level and revenue object code level.

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the General Fund, the Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund. The other special revenue funds adopt project-length budgets which do not correspond to the District's fiscal year. Each annual budget is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budget is amended throughout the year by the Board of Trustees. Such amendments are reflected in the official minutes of the Board.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

June 30, 2024 Fund Balance

Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service Special Revenue Fund	\$1,944,172
Nonappropriated Budget Funds	<u>1,401,842</u>
All Special Revenue Funds	\$3,346,014

E. ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. The District had no material encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2024.

F. PREPAYMENTS

Prepayments represent payments made by the District in the current year to provide services occurring in the subsequent fiscal year.

G. INVENTORIES

The consumption method is used to account for inventories of paper and other supplies. Under this method, these items are carried in an inventory account of the respective fund at cost, using the first-in, first-out method of accounting and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed.

H. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Short-term amounts owed between funds are classified as "Due to/from other funds". Interfund loans are classified as "Advances to/from other funds" and are offset by a fund balance reserve account.

I. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, which includes property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are valued at their fair market value on the date donated. Repairs and maintenance are recorded as expenses. Renewals and betterments are capitalized. Interest has not been capitalized during the construction period on property, plant and equipment.

Assets capitalized have an original cost of \$5,000 or more and over one-year of useful life. Depreciation has been calculated on each class of depreciable property using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Buildings and Improvements	15-40 Years
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 Years

J. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported in the statement of financial position as described below:

A *deferred outflow of resources* is a consumption of a government's net assets (a decrease in assets in excess of any related decrease in liabilities or an increase in liabilities in excess of any related increase in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred outflows of resources for refunding - Reported in the government-wide statement of net position, the deferred charge on bond refundings results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for the deferred charge on bond refundings at June 30, 2024 was \$2,745,673.

Deferred outflows of resources for pension - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from pension plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net pension liability and the results of differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences. The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next fiscal year. The other pension related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with pensions through the pension plan which is currently approximately 5.6705 years.

A deferred outflow for pension expense also results from payments made to the TRS pension plan by the District after the plan's measurement date. The total amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred pension expenses at June 30, 2024 was \$19,695,686.

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB- Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, this deferred outflow results from OPEB plan contributions made after the measurement date of the net OPEB liability and the results of differences between expected and actual investment earnings and changes in proportionate share. The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the next fiscal year. The other OPEB related deferred outflows will be amortized over the expected remaining service lives of all employees (active and inactive employees) that are provided with OPEB through the OPEB plan which is currently approximately 9.2215 years. The amount of deferred outflows reported in the governmental activities for deferred OPEB expenses at June 30, 2024 was \$9,068,984.

A *deferred inflow of resources* is an acquisition of a government's net assets (an increase in assets in excess of any related increase in liabilities or a decrease in liabilities in excess of any related decrease in assets) by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category:

Deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenues - Reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet, unavailable revenues from property taxes arise under the modified accrual basis of accounting. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. The District reported property taxes that are unavailable as deferred inflows of resources in the fund financial statements. The amount of deferred inflows of resources reported in the governmental funds at June 30, 2024 was \$1,659,295.

Deferred inflows of resources for pension - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments. These amounts will be amortized over a closed five year period. In fiscal year 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for pensions in the governmental activities in the amount of \$7,069,284.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB - Reported in the government-wide financial statement of net position, these deferred inflows result primarily from differences between expected and actual experience and from changes in assumptions. These amounts will be amortized over the average expected remaining service life (AERSL) of all members (9.2215 years for the 2023 measurement year). In fiscal year 2024, the District reported deferred inflows of resources for OPEB in the governmental activities in the amount of \$21,795,005.

K. COMPENSATED ABSENCES

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. The District will pay employees who retire from the District with at least five years of service \$80 per day of unused sick leave up to a maximum of 30 days (\$2,400 maximum). The District considers the liability for this to be immaterial. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

L. CASH EQUIVALENTS

Investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they are highly liquid and have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

M. NET POSITION

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources; and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciations, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction or improvements of those assets, and adding back unspent proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislations adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, restricted net position is expended before unrestricted net position if such use is consistent with the restricted purpose.

N. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

P. ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. FUND BALANCES

The District has implemented GASB Statement No. 54, "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions." This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent.

<u>Fund Balance Classification</u>: The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

• <u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The District has classified inventories and prepaid items as being nonspendable as these items are not expected to be converted to cash.

• <u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects resources are restricted for future capital outlay. Food Service fund balance and State Textbook fund balance are restricted because the use is restricted pursuant to the mandates of the respective grants.

• <u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This can also be done through adoption and amendment of the budget. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. The Board of Trustees has committed General Fund fund balance for equipment purchases. The Board of Trustees has also committed resources as of June 30, 2024 for campus activities and other local special revenue funds.

• <u>Assigned:</u> This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or through the Board of Trustees delegating this responsibility to other individuals in the District. Under the District's adopted policy, only the Board of Trustees may assign amounts for specific purposes. This classification also includes the remaining positive fund balance for all governmental funds except for the General Fund. The District has assigned fund balance of the General Fund as of June 30, 2024 for future construction.

• <u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes all amounts not included in other spendable classifications, including the residual fund balance of the General Fund.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

The details of the fund balances are included in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet (page 16) and are described below:

General Fund

The General Fund has unassigned fund balance of \$16,174,357 at June 30, 2024. Inventories of \$27,161 and prepaid items of \$45,116 are considered nonspendable fund balance. The Board of Trustees has committed \$3,043,006 of fund balance for future equipment purchases and has assigned \$13,500,000 of fund balance for future construction.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund has restricted funds of \$16,643,898 at June 30, 2024 consisting primarily of property tax collections that are restricted for debt service payments on bonded debt.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund has restricted funds of \$3,351,445 at June 30, 2024 consisting primarily of remaining bond issuance proceeds that are restricted for construction and other capital outlay expenditures.

Other Funds

The fund balance of \$1,077,354 of the Campus Activity Fund and \$323,375 of other local funds (special revenue funds) are shown as committed due to Board policy committing those funds to campus activities and other local activities. The fund balance of \$1,944,172 in the Food Service Fund and \$1,113 in the State Textbook Fund (special revenue fund) are shown as restricted for those respective grant programs.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposit checking accounts and interestbearing demand accounts was \$7,479,555 and the bank balance was \$8,789,367. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name. District cash deposits were fully covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral throughout the fiscal year.

2. Investments:

The Public Funds Investment Act (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) Mutual Funds, (8) Investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. The District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

In compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy. That policy addresses the following risks:

- a. Custodial Credit Risk Deposits: In the case of deposits, this is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2024, the District's cash deposits totaled \$8,789,367. This entire amount was either collateralized with securities held by the District's agent or covered by FDIC insurance. Thus, the District's deposits are not exposed to custodial credit risk.
- b. Custodial Credit Risk Investments: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. At June 30, 2024, the District held investments in two public funds investment pools. Investments in external investment pools are considered unclassified as to custodial credit risk because they are not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form.
- c. Credit Risk: This is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will be unable to fulfill its obligations. The rating of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies is designed to give an indication of credit risk. The credit quality rating for both investment pools at year-end was AAAm (Standard & Poor's).
- d. Interest Rate Risk: This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase. The weighted average maturity for each investment pool is less than 90 days.
- e. Foreign Currency Risk: This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At June 30, 2024, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

f. Concentration of Credit Risk: This is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer (i.e., lack of diversification). Concentration risk is defined as positions of 5 percent or more in the securities of a single issuer. The District's investments in public funds investment pools are not subject to the concentration risk.

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

The District's investments at June 30, 2024, are shown below:

Name	Carrying Amount	Market Value
TexPool Investment Pool	\$26,332,599	\$26,332,599
Lone Star Investment Pool	15,812,520	15,812,520
Total	\$42,145,119	<u>\$42,145,119</u>

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The District's investment in Pools are not required to be measured at fair value but are measured at amortized cost.

NOTE 4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

			2.4	
	Balance	Additions/	Retirement/	Balance
	July 1	Completions	Adjustments	June 30
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 15,296,326	\$ 8,000	\$-	\$ 15,304,326
Construction in progress	58,347,751	3,026,401	(61,374,152)	-
Total capital assets not being depreciated	73,644,077	3,034,401	(61,374,152)	15,304,326
Capital assets, being depreciated	•		•	×
Buildings and improvements	459,053,673	61,742,504	-	520,796,177
Furniture and equipment	41,047,470	2,488,630	-	43,536,100
Vehicles	10,998,779	117,663	-	11,116,442
Total capital assets being depreciated	511,099,922	64,348,797	-	575,448,719
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(148,583,790)	(13,384,672)	-	(161,968,462)
Furniture and equipment	(20,741,224)	(4,010,447)	-	(24,751,671)
Vehicles	(6,952,809)	(813,382)	-	(7,766,191)
Total accumulated depreciation	(176,277,823)	(18,208,501)	<u> </u>	(194,486,324)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	334,822,099	46,140,296		380,962,395
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$408,466,176	\$ 49,174,697	\$ (61,374,152)	\$396,266,721

Depreciation expense was charged as direct expense to programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$10,826,498
Instructional Resources & Media Services	191,985
School Leadership	261,432
Health Services	1,551
Student Transportation	719,085
Food Services	1,086,910
Extracurricular Activities	2,832,828
General Administration	37,042
Plant Maintenance and Operations	1,129,435
Security & Monitoring Services	418,217
Data Processing Services	703,518
Total depreciation expense-Governmental activities	<u>\$18,208,501</u>

In May 2021, GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1 provided guidance concerning the capitalization of a group of assets with individual values less than the capitalization threshold, effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

In prior years, the District has expended a group of assets with individual values less than the District capitalization threshold.

NOTE 5. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt includes par bonds and capital appreciation (deep discount) serial bonds. All long-term debt represents transactions in the District's governmental activities.

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

The following is a summary of the changes in the District's Long-term Debt for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Description	Interest Rate Payable	Amounts Original Issue	Amounts Outstanding 7/1/2023	Issued Current Year	Interest Accretion	Retired/ Refunded	Amounts Outstanding 6/30/2024	Due Within One Year
Bonded Indebtedness:	<u>1 4,4010</u>	10000	11 112040	<u></u>	<u></u>			
2013-A Refunding Bonds	0.92-5.00%	56,357,641	\$ 995,000	\$-	\$ - \$	995,000	\$ -	\$ -
2013-C Refunding Bonds	Variable	48,905,000	45,685,000	-	·**_	14,750,000	30,935,000	-
2014 School Bldg. Bonds	3.00-4.00%	19,385,000	2,090,000	-	-	420,000	1,670,000	445,000
2014-A Refunding Bonds	0.88-4.00%	9,302,337	2,450,000	-	**	-	2,450,000	-
2017-A School Bldg. Bonds	2.00-4.00%	26,740,000	23,715,000	-	-	615,000	23,100,000	630,000
2017-B School Bldg. Bonds	Variable	39,925,000	13,320,000	-	-	13,320,000	-	•
2018 School Bldg. Bonds	4.00-5.00%	73,445,000	72,500,000	-	-	825,000	71,675,000	865,000
2019 Refunding Bonds	3.00-5.00%	39,675,000	35,180,000	-	-	1,795,000	33,385,000	1,860,000
2020 School Bldg. Bonds	2.00-5.00%	105,005,000	95,115,000	-	-	2,980,000	92,135,000	2,195,000
2020-A Refunding Bonds	0.489-5.00%	73,425,000	72,230,000	-	-	2,930,000	69,300,000	4,110,000
2020-B Refunding Bonds	0.44-5.00%	31,290,000	30,925,000	-	-	480,000	30,445,000	505,000
2023 Refunding Bonds	5.00%	12,880,000		12.080,000	-	2,235,000	10,555,000	2.445,000
Total Bonded Indebtedness:			394,205,000	12,880,000		41,435,000	365,650,000	13,055,000
Other Direct Obligations:								
Bond Premiums			43,492,096	650,657		3,916,313	40,226,440	2,541,420
Total Other Obligations:			43,492,096	650,657		3,916,313	40,226,440	2,541,420
Total Obligations of District			\$437,697,096	\$13,530,657	<u>\$</u>	45,351,313	<u>\$405,876,440</u>	<u>\$15,596,420</u>

Presented below is a summary of general obligation bond requirements to maturity:

	General (<u> Obligation</u>	
Year Ended			Total
June 30,	Principal	Interest	<u>Requirements</u>
2025	\$ 13,055,000	\$ 14,559,104	\$ 27,614,104
2026	13,685,000	14,282,404	27,967,404
2027	14,365,000	13,617,129	27,982,129
2028	15,795,000	12,139,666	28,714,466
2029	13,800,000	12,139,666	25,939,666
2030-2034	77,845,000	51,529,457	129,374,457
2035-2039	70,070,000	38,254,038	108,324,038
2040-2044	72,830,000	25,333,159	98,163,159
2045-2049	68,815,000	8,174,050	76,989,050
2050	5,390,000	215,600	5,605,600
	\$365,650,000	\$191,024,073	<u>\$556,674,073</u>

General Obligation Bonds are direct obligations issued on a pledge of the general taxing power for the payment of the debt obligations of the District. General Obligation Bonds require the District to compute, at the time taxes are levied, the rate of tax required to provide (in each year bonds are outstanding) a fund to pay interest and principal at maturity. The District is in compliance with this requirement.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the various general obligation bonds indentures. The District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2024.

NOTE 6. DEBT DEFEASANCE AND DEFEASED BONDS OUTSTANDING

In July 2023, the District issued \$12,880,000 (par value) in Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds to advance refund \$13,320,000 (par value) of outstanding bonds. The net proceeds of \$13,453,200 (\$12,880,000 par amount of bonds plus \$650,657 of premium paid on the bonds less \$178,457 of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase U.S. and State and Local Government Securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the refunded bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds was removed from the long-term debt of the District. The refunded bonds were repaid in August 2023, the call date of the bonds. The reacquisition price was less the net carrying amount of the old debt by \$1,039,253. This amount is being amortized over the life of the new refunded debt issued, which is less than the life of the old refunded debt. In addition, the refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$1,048,960 (the present value of debt service savings).

In February 2024, the District advance refunded \$14,750,000 (par value) of bonds by paying \$14,786,593 of District funds into an irrevocable escrow account. No refunding bonds were issued. All future payments on the refunded bonds will be paid from the escrow account. The refunded bonds will be redeemed in August 2024, the call date of the bonds.

Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. Although defeased, the refunded debt from those issues will not be actually retired until the call dates have come due. On June 30, 2024, \$14,750,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

The District's deferred charges on bond refundings are as follows:

Balance – June 30, 2023	\$ 2,790,860
Current year deferred gain on bond refunding/remarketing	(1,039,253)
Write off of prior deferred gain on bond refunded/remarketed bonds	1,087,524
Current year amortization	(93,458)
Balance – June 30, 2024	<u>\$_2,745,673</u>

NOTE 7. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. The District levies its taxes on October 1 on the assessed (appraised) value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due upon receipt of the tax bill and are past due and subject to interest if not paid by February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. The assessed value of the property tax roll upon which the levy for the 2023-24 fiscal year was based was \$9,733,454,551. Taxes are delinquent if not paid by June 30. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest charges plus 15 % delinquent collection fees for attorney costs.

The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2024, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.6692 and \$0.44 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.1092 per \$ 100 valuation.

Current tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2024 were 99.03% of the year-end adjusted tax levy. Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature. As of June 30, 2024, property taxes receivable, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, totaled \$1,044,175 and \$615,119 for the General and Debt Service Funds, respectively.

Property taxes are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenue at the time the taxes are assessed. Revenues are recognized as the related ad valorem taxes are collected.

NOTE 8. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Midlothian Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx, by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512)542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 thru 2025.

Contribution Rat	es	
a	2023	<u>2024</u>
Member	8.00%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.00%	8.25%
Employers	8.00%	8.25%
Midlothian ISD FY2024 Employer Contributio	ons	\$ 2,595,819
Midlothian ISD FY2024 Member Contribution	15	\$ 6,108,529
Midlothian ISD FY2024 NECE On-Behalf Co	ntributions	\$ 4,699,765

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including the TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- All public schools must contribute 1.8 percent of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

• When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023	4.13%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	2.95% to 8.95%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2024 gradually increasing to 9.56 percent in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation ¹	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ²	Expected Contribution To Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.0%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	4.5%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9%	4.8%	0.70%
Private Equity	14%	7.0%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16%	2.5%	0.50%
Absolute Return ⁴	0%	3.6%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5%	4.1%	0.20%
Real Return			·
Real Estate	15%	4.9%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources	6%	4.8%	0.40%
Commodities	0%	4.4%	0.00%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	8%	4.5%	0.40%
Leverage			
Cash	2%	3.7%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6%	4.4%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation	-		2.30%
Volatility Drag ³			-0.90%
Total	100%		8.00%

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
Midlothian ISD's proportionate			
share of the net pension liability:	\$49,773,710	\$33,292,248	\$19,587,864

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2024, Midlothian Independent School District reported a liability of \$33,292,248 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Midlothian Independent School District. The amount recognized by Midlothian Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Midlothian Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 33,292,248
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>56,741,633</u>
Total	<u>\$90,033,881</u>

¹ Target allocations are based on the FY23 policy model.

² Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 06/30/2023).

³ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

⁴ Absolute Return includes credit sensitive investments.

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0484671397%, an increase of 10.48% from its proportionate share of 0.0438704100% at August 31, 2022.

Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation.

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 elections which will be paid in January, 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

The amount of pension expense recognized by Midlothian Independent School District in the reporting period was \$15,077,737.

For the year ended June 30, 2024 Midlothian Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$8,567,496 and revenue of \$8,567,496 for support by the State.

At June 30, 2024, Midlothian Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 1,186,214	\$ 403,133
Changes in actuarial assumptions	3,148,795	770,582
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	10,402,821	5,557,991
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,773,334	337,578
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	2,184,522	-
Total	\$19,695,686	\$7,069,284

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount	Balance of Deferred Outflows (Deferred Inflows)
2025	\$ 2,352,111	\$8,089,769
2026	1,482,638	6,607,131
2027	4,540,084	2,067,047
2028	1,695,844	371,203
2029	371,203	-
Thereafter	-	-

NOTE 9. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/aboutpublications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees				
	Medicare	Non-Medicare		
Retiree*	\$ 135	\$ 200		
Retiree and Spouse	529	689		
Retiree* and Children	468	408		
Retiree and Family	1,020	999		

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

* or surviving spouse

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon active employee compensation. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75 percent of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2024</u>
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Midlothian ISD FY24 Employer Contributions	\$59	96,744
Midlothian ISD FY24 Member Contributions	\$48	33,674
Midlothian ISD FY24 NECE On-behalf Contributions	\$90	8,063

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to, regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program. When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Rates of Disability

The active mortality rates were based on PUB (2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward
	to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	4.13%
Aging Factors	Based on specific plan experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the
	delivery of health care benefits are included in the
	age-adjusted claim costs
Projected Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 62%
	participation prior to age 65
	and 25% participation after age 65
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.22 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the fixed-income market data/yield curve/data municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Discount	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate (3.13%)	Rate (4.13%)	Discount Rate (5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$17,636,788	\$14,974,454	\$12,801,926

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is one-percentage less than or one-percentage point greater than the health trend rates is assumed.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single Healthcare	1% Increase in
	Healthcare Trend Rate	Trend Rate	Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$12,330,713	\$14,974,454	\$18,375,635

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expenses, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$14,974,454 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District.

The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective Net OPEB Liabilit	y \$14,974,454
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>\$ 18,068,980</u>
Total	<u>\$ 33,043,434</u>

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 thru August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0676404706%, an increase of 3.88% compared to the August 31, 2022 proportionate share of 0.0651165700%.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date – There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of (3, 862, 767) and revenue of (3, 862, 767) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits related to OPEB from the following sources (the amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers for the current and prior years combined.):

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 677,481	\$12,598,166
Changes in actuarial assumptions	2,043,904	9,169,255
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	34,054	27,584
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	5,814,318	-
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	499,227	+
Total	\$9,068,984	\$21,795,005

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	OPEB Expense Am	OPEB Expense Amount		Balance of Deferred	
			Outflows (Deferre	d Inflows)	
2025	\$	(3,086,515)	\$	(10,138,734)	
2026		(2,399,706)		(7,739,028)	
2027		(1,469,882)		(6,269,146)	
2028		(2,049,344)		(4,219,802)	
2029		(1,740,736)		(2,479,066)	
Thereafter		(2,479,066)		-	

NOTE 10. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023 and 2022, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$425,719, \$391,330 and \$206,580, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

NOTE 11. HEALTH CARE

During the year ended June 30, 2024, employees of Midlothian Independent School District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District contributed \$370 per month per employee to the Plan and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay any additional contribution and contributions for dependents. All contributions were paid to a fully insured plan.

NOTE 12. WORKERS COMPENSATION

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the Deep East Texas Self Insurance Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The District participates in the Fund's fully insured plan option. As such, the member is responsible for payment of a fixed premium with no further liability.

Prior to July 1, 2022, the District was covered through the TASB Risk Management Fund. The District has paid all outstanding claims incurred prior to July 1, 2022 to this Fund.

NOTE 13. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation, Per Capita, Existing Debt Allotment, and Instruction Facilities Allotment Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2024, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from Other Governments.

	State	Federal	Local	
Fund	Entitlements	Grants	Governments	Total
General	\$23,635,804	\$-	\$2,108,404	\$25,744,208
Special Revenue	329	2,861,556	.s	2,861,885
Debt Service	2,227,247	8		2,227,247
Total	<u>\$25,863,380</u>	<u>\$2,861,556</u>	<u>\$2,108,404</u>	<u>\$30,833,340</u>

NOTE 14. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITIES

Interfund balances at June 30, 2024 were as follows:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fund:		
Special Revenue Fund	\$26,749	-
Special Revenue Fund:		
General Fund		26,749
	<u>\$26,749</u>	<u>\$26,749</u>

There were no transfers between funds during the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTE 15. LITIGATION AND CONTINGENCIES

The District participates in numerous state and Federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2024 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

NOTE 16. REVENUES FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the year ended June 30, 2024, revenues from local and intermediate sources in the fund financial statements consisted of the following:

	General	Special	Debt	Capital	d Tatal
	Fund	Revenue Funds	Service Fund	Projects Fun	
Property Taxes	\$ 52,809,700	\$ -	\$ 40,418,247	\$ -	\$ 93,227,947
Property Taxes – TIF	8,684,258	-	-	-	8,684,258
TIF Payment	1,766,067	-	-	-	1,766,067
Food Sales	-	2,631,889	-	-	2,631,889
Investment Income	2,080,387	70,891	757,571	341,014	3,249,863
Penalties, interest and other					
tax related income	287,261	-	176,159	-	463,420
Co-curricular student activities	253,880	798,786	-	-	1,052,666
Other	2,738,982	662,136	<u> </u>		3,401,118
Total	\$ 68,620,535	<u>\$4,163,702</u>	<u>\$ 41,351,977</u>	<u>\$ 341,014</u>	<u>\$114,477,228</u>

NOTE 17. UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024 consisted of the following:

25		Special	Debt	
	General	Revenue	Service	
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Student Accounts	\$ -	\$98,592	\$ -	\$98,592
Other	60	_		60
	<u>\$ 60</u>	<u>\$98,592</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$98,652</u>

NOTE 18. SUBSCRIPTION-BASED INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY ARRANGEMENTS

In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96 – Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements ("SBITA"). This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain right-to-use subscription assets and corresponding subscription liabilities for SBITAs that were previously recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2022.

Per review of the information technology arrangements identified by the District as potential SBITAs, the arrangements were determined to either not meet the definition of a SBITA, or were immaterial to the financial statements.

NOTE 19. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

As described in Note 4, during the current fiscal year the District implemented GASB Implementation Guide No. 2021-1 which provides guidance concerning the capitalization of a group of assets with individual values less than a capitalization threshold. As part of the implementation, the District recorded a prior period adjustment for \$5,043,091 increasing the beginning net position of the Governmental Activities. The net prior period adjustment was the result of an increase in capital assets of \$10,881,646 and an increase in accumulated depreciation of \$5,838,555.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

8. U I	P	FY 2024 an Year 2023	Pla	FY 2023 an Year 2022	Р	FY 2022 lan Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.04846714%		0.04387041%		0.041223721%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	33,292,248	\$	26,044,732	\$	10,498,223
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		56,741,633		49,603,972		22,326,910
Total	\$	90,033,881	\$	75,648,704	\$	32,825,133
District's Covered Payroll	\$	68,452,475	\$	65,452,278	\$	62,073,931
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		48.64%		39.79%		16.91%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		73.15%		75.62%		88.79%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2023 for year 2024, August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

Pl	FY 2021 an Year 2020	P	FY 2020 an Year 2019]	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	F	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	I	FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	 FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.0415243%		0.0431895%		0.0409407%		0.0376374%		0.0348517%	0.0337998%	0.02015%
\$	22,239,581	\$	22,451,244	\$	22,534,778	\$	12,034,410	\$	13,169,930	\$ 5 11,947,779	\$ 5,382,344
	42,678,106		37,628,533		39,670,943		23,641,771		27,244,383	25,893,230	21,144,186
\$	64,917,687	\$	60,079,777	\$	62,205,721	\$	35,676,181	\$	40,414,313	\$ 37,841,009	\$ 26,526,530
\$	57,211,357	\$	51,728,264	\$	48,041,971	\$	45,407,295	\$	41,740,054	\$ 39,123,164	\$ 36,658,934
	38.87%		43.40%		46.91%		26.50%		31.55%	30.54%	14.68%
	75.54%		75.24%		73.74%		82.17%		78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		5	2	0
	_	2024	2023	2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	2,595,819	\$ 2,444,996	\$ 1,970,832
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(2,595,819)	(2,444,996)	(1,970,832)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$-	\$ -
District's Covered Payroll	\$	74,410,635	\$ 71,149,298	\$ 64,893,419
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		3.40%	3.44%	3.04%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

-			<u></u>	(<u>*</u>	2 T	Ϋ́.	
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$	1,742,107 \$	1,662,892 \$	5 1,490,880 \$	1,340,831 \$	1,201,851 \$	1,085,237 \$	914,025
	(1,742,107)	(1,662,892)	(1,490,880)	(1,340,831)	(1,201,851)	(1,085,237)	(914,025)
\$	- \$	- \$; - \$	- \$	- \$	- \$	-
\$	61,271,767 \$	56,336,891 \$	51,003,623 \$	47,551,680 \$	44,717,056 \$	41,426,114 \$	38,651,438
	2.84%	2.95%	2.92%	2.82%	2.69%	2.62%	2.36%

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MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	Pla	FY 2024 - an Year 2023	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	Pl	FY 2022 an Year 2021
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.06764%	0.06511657%		0.06259281%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	14,974,454	\$ 15,591,516	\$	24,144,844
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		18,068,980	19,019,200		. 32,348,710
Total	\$	33,043,434	\$ 34,610,716	\$	56,493,554
District's Covered Payroll	\$	68,452,475	\$ 65,452,278	\$	62,073,931
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		21.88%	23.82%		38.90%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		14.94%	11.52%		6.18%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2024 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2023. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020 are for the measurement date of FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

EXHIBIT G-3

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P	FY 2021 Ian Year 2020	P	FY 2020 lan Year 2019	P	FY 2019 lan Year 2018	P	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
	0.05980477%		0.05719342%		0.05575242%		0.05131726%
\$	22,734,492	\$	27,047,472	\$	27,837,693	\$	22,315,951
	30,549,707		35,940,039		42,330,975		36,755,075
\$	53,284,199	\$	62,987,511	\$	70,168,668	\$	59,071,026
\$	57,211,357	\$	51,728,264	\$	48,041,976	\$	45,407,295
	39.74%		52.29%		57.94%		49.15%
	4.99%		2.66%		1.57%		0.91%

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MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			A		
):	2024	2023		2022
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	596,744	\$ 581,0	66 \$	525,765
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(596,744)	(581,0	56)	(525,765)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$	-	\$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$	74,410,635	\$ 71,149,2	98 \$	64,893,419
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		0.80%	0.82	2%	0.81%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

EXHIBIT G-4

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	2021		2020	2020		2019	
\$	481,496	\$	440,978	\$	400,453	\$	357,241
	(481,496)		(440,978)		(400,453)		(357,241)
\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
6	61,271,767	\$	56,336,896	\$	51,003,623	\$	47,551,680
	0.79%		0.78%		0.79%		0.75%

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PENSION LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions:

There were no changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

OPEB LIABILITY:

Changes of benefit terms:

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of assumptions:

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13 percent as of August 31, 2023. This change decreased the Total OPEB Liability.

COMBINING SCHEDULES

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data			211	224		225		240
Data Contr			ESEA I, A	IDEA - Part B	I	DEA - Part B		National
Codes			Improving	Formula		Preschool	_	breakfast and
		Ba	sic Program				Lı	inch Program
	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(296,357)		\$	1,367	\$	1,727,598
1240	Due from Other Governments		381,296	86,621		1,033		30,728
1260	Due from Other Funds		-	-		-	÷	-
1290	Other Receivables		× _	-		-		366,779
1300	Inventories		-	-		-		-
1410	Prepayments			8,645		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$	84,939	221,363	\$	2,400	\$	2,125,105
I	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	- \$	5 1,637	\$	-	\$	65,835
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable		-	-		-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		72,286	193,213		2,400		6,496
2170	Due to Other Funds		12,653	26,513		-		-
2300	Unearned Revenue		-	-		-		108,602
2000	Total Liabilities		84,939	221,363		2,400		180,933
F	UND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-		-		1,944,172
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance		-	-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances			-				1,944,172
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	84,939 \$	221,363	\$	2,400	\$	2,125,105

	244	255	263	279		282	283		284	285
Ca	reer and	ESEA II,A	Title III, A	ESSER III	ES	SER III	ESSER-SUP	Ρ	IDEA B	IDEA B
Tec	chnical -	Training and	English Lang.	TCLAS	А	RP Act			Formula	Preschool
Bas	ic Grant	Recruiting	Acquisition	ARP Act					ARP Act	ARP Act
\$	(4,261) \$	(63,100)	\$ (30,872) \$	(4,852)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	(3,194) \$	-
•	17,697	78,200	30,916	89,620		-	-		-	-
	-	11,597	-	-		-	-		3,194	-
	- 2)		· _	-	Ð	-	-	•		· -
	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-
	-	-	-	-		-			64 	-
6	13,436 \$	26,697	\$ 44 \$	84,768	\$	-	\$	\$	- \$	
S	13,436 \$	- 3	5 44 \$		\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	-
	-	-	-	2,255		-			-	-
	-	26,697	-	82,328					-	-
	-	-	-	185		-	-		-	-
	-	-					• 			
	13,436	26,697	44	84,768				, 		
	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	
	-	-	-	-		-	-		-	-
		-	-	-		-				
	13,436 \$	26,697 \$	44 \$	84,768	\$	-	\$ -	\$	- \$	-

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

Data Contro Codes		289 her Federal Special renue Fund		385 Visually Impaired SSVI		410 State structional Materials	1	429 her State Special enue Funds
×	ASSETS							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (38,83)	1)\$	-	\$	1,172	\$	1,880
1240	Due from Other Governments	37,04	1	-		-		329
1260	Due from Other Funds	-		-		-		-
1290	Other Receivables	-		-		-	÷.	-
1300	Inventories	-		-		-		-
1410	Prepayments	1,79	0	-		-	. <u></u>	-
1000	Total Assets	\$ -	_\$	-	_ \$	1,172	\$	2,209
I	LIABILITIES							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$	-	\$	59	\$	-
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	-		-		-		-
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	-		-		-		-
2170	Due to Other Funds	-		-		~		2,209
2300	Unearned Revenue	 -		<u> </u>				-
2000	Total Liabilities	 		-		59	·	2,209
F	UND BALANCES							
	Restricted Fund Balance:							
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-		-		1,113		-
	Committed Fund Balance:							
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-		-		-		-
3000	Total Fund Balances	 				1,113	·	-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ _	\$	_	\$	1,172	\$	2,209

,

-	461	480		499	-	Total
	Campus	Athletic		Other Local		Nonmajor
	Activity	Summer		Special		Governmental
_	Funds	Camps	R	Revenue Funds	_	Funds
\$	1,106,770 \$	\$ 168,900	\$	290,457	\$	2,982,774
φ	1,100,770	- 100,700	Ψ	270,457	Ψ	753,481
	_	-		-		14,791
	1,553	540		-		368,332
	1,882	20		-		1,902
		-		-		10,435
\$	1,110,205	5 168,920	\$	290,457	\$	4,131,715
\$	32,303 \$	S 180	\$	761	\$	114,255
	-	1,241		-		3,496
	548	48,454		85,366		517,788
	-	-		-		41,560
	-	-		-		108,602
	32,851	49,875	_	86,127	_	785,701
		-		-		1,945,285
	1,077,354	119,045		204,330		1,400,729
	1,077,354	119,045		204,330		3,346,014
\$	1,110,205 \$	168,920	\$	290,457	\$	4,131,715

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			211	224		225		240
Data		ESEA I, A		IDEA - Part I	3	IDEA - Part B		National
Contr	Control		nproving	Formula		Preschool	Breakfast and	
Code	S	Bas	c Program				Lu	nch Program
I	REVENUES:							
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	2,742,736
5800	State Program Revenues		-	-		-		19,201
5900	Federal Program Revenues		634,496	1,860,94	4	16,212		2,945,855
5020	Total Revenues		63.4,496	1,860,94	4	. 16,212		5,707,792
E	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		544,643	1,268,98	8	16,212		-
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		5,887			-		-
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		18,613			-		-
0021	Instructional Leadership		-	43,01	8	-		-
0023	School Leadership		1,272			-		-
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	333,52	9	-		-
0032	Social Work Services		35,000	-	_	-		-
0033	Health Services		-	100,89		-		-
)034	Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,227	41,76	6	-		-
035	Food Services		-	-		-		5,249,179
0036	Extracurricular Activities		-	-		-		-
041	General Administration		-	-		-		-
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-		-		122,924
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		184	-		-		-
061	Community Services		26,670	-				5 250 102
6030	Total Expenditures		634,496	1,860,94	4	16,212		5,372,103
200	Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-		-		335,689
100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		-	-		-		1,608,483
000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	-	\$-	\$	-	\$	1,944,172

T	244 Career and echnical - asic Grant	255 ESEA II,A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition	279 ESSER III TCLAS ARP Act	282 ESSER III ARP Act	283 ESSER-SUPP	284 IDEA B Formula ARP Act	285 IDEA B Preschool ARP Act
\$	- 9	ş -	\$ -	\$-	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	-
	- 81,349	- 120,054	- 55,615	- 110,404	-	- 170,650	- 89,847	-
	81,349	120,054	55,615	110,404	:. ···		89,847	v. •
	74,272	25,577	22,081	105,730	-	44,668	46,176	-
	-	-	-	- 4,674	-	- 118,200	- 8,249	-
	-	94,477	33,534	4,074	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	35,422	-
		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	-	-	-	-	-	7,782	-	-
	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
	7,077	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-		-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	81,349	120,054	55,615	110,404		170,650	89,847	-
		······································						
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-		-			-	-
	- \$	- 9	5 - 5	5 -	\$-	\$-\$	- \$	-

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes	289 Other Federal Special Revenue Funds		385 Visually Impaired SSVI	410 State Instructional Materials	429 Other State Special Revenue Funds
REVENUES:5700Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800State Program Revenues5900Federal Program Revenues5020Total Revenues		- \$ 	3,565 3,565	1,053,622	\$ 735,644
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership	3	0,716 - 7,794 -	3,844	1,047,572 - 6,050 -	3,223 - 194,780 1,786
 October Decadership Odd Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Odd Social Work Services Odd Student (Pupil) Transportation Odd Services Construction Construction Community Services 					- - - - 535,855
6030 Total Expenditures 1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	3	8,510	3,844 (279)	1,053,622	735,644
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	\$	- \$	1,113 5 1,113	<u>-</u>

-	461	480	499	То	tal
	Campus	Athletic	Other Local	Nonn	
	Activity	Summer	Special	Govern	-
	Funds	Camps	Revenue Fund		
\$	714,500 \$	175,513	\$ 530,95	3 \$ 4,1	63,702
	-	-	-		308,467
	-	-	-	6,1	27,501
	714,500	175,513	= 530,953	3 12,0	99,670
	350,928	-	-	3,5	84,630
	39,576	*	-		45,463
	977	-	-	5	60,098
	-	-	-		44,804
	90,518	-	-		91,790
	-	-	-	3	68,951
	-	-	-		35,000
	-	-	-	1	00,893
	12,000	-	-		63,775
	-	-	-		49,179
	85,558	183,689	-		76,324
	48,389	-	-		48,389
	12,975	-	7,909		43,808
	16,243	-	-		52,282
		-	540,268	5	66,938
	657,164	183,689	548,177	11,7	32,324
	57,336	(8,176)	(17,224) 3	67,346
	1,020,018	127,221	221,554	2,9	78,668
5	1,077,354 \$	119,045 \$	204,330	\$	46,014

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REQUIRED T.E.A. SCHEDULES

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDEDJUNE 30, 2024

	(1)	(2)	(3)			
ast 10 Years Ended	Tax I	Rates	Assessed/Appraised Value for School			
	Maintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes			
015 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ Various			
016	1.040000	0.500000	3,545,710,454			
017	1.040000	0.500000	3,847,326,876			
018	1.040000	0.500000	4,223,360,743			
019	1.040000	0.500000	4,619,229,379			
020	0.970000	0.500000	5,191,677,325			
)21	0.889800	0.490000	5,881,737,435			
)22	0.872000	0.480000	6,934,845,457			
023	0.854600	0.440000	8,420,486,267			
24 (School year under audit)	0.669200	0.440000	9,733,454,551			

1000 TOTALS

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

			(1				
	(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2023	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2024	(99) Taxes Refunde Under Sectior 26.1115c
5	73,439 \$	- \$	9,414 \$	4,186 \$	- \$	59,839	
5	16,986	 .	2,224	1,069	* ·	13,693	ĸ
	26,909	-	2,404	1,156	-	23,349	
	28,378	-	2,431	1,169	-	24,778	
	51,050	-	12,301	5,914	(1,211)	31,624	
	126,726	-	47,834	24,657	57,411	111,646	
	154,548	-	58,178	32,038	72,592	136,924	
	200,545	-	(30,618)	(16,854)	(71,532)	176,485	
	928,725	-	(51,973)	(26,759)	(737,031)	270,426	
	-	104,489,402	61,432,062	40,391,673	(1,670,770)	994,897	
	1,607,306 \$	104,489,402 \$	61,484,257 \$	40,418,249 \$	(2,350,541) \$	1,843,661	

\$ 119,616

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MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	F	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
		Original		Final			(Negative)	
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	2,341,396 13,644 2,292,836	\$	2,612,016 19,200 3,072,223	\$ 2,742,736 19,201 2,945,855	\$	130,720 1 (126,368)	
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		4,647,876		5,703,439	5,707,792		4,353	
Current: 0035 Food Services 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,530,881 116,560		6,308,043 129,560	5,249,179 122,924		1,058,864 6,636	
6030 Total Expenditures		4,647,441		6,437,603	5,372,103		1,065,500	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		435		(734,164)	335,689		1,069,853	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		1,608,483		1,608,483	1,608,483		-	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	1,608,918	\$	874,319	\$ 1,944,172	\$	1,069,853	

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Data Control Codes		Budgeted	unts	Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or		
		Original		Final				(Negative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues	\$	46,312,741 900,836	\$	41,482,370 3,125,479	\$	41,351,977 2,458,863	\$	(130,393) (666,616)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		47,213,577	·	44,607,849		43,810,840		(797,009)
Debt Service: 0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		11,040,000 14,929,130 21,244,447		13,365,000 14,973,765 15,321,165		13,365,000 14,973,763 14,979,770		2 341,395
6030 Total Expenditures		47,213,577		43,659,930		43,318,533		341,397
¹¹⁰⁰ Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures				947,919		492,307		(455,612)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7911 Capital Related Debt Issued 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 7949 Other (Uses)		- -		- -		12,880,000 650,657 (13,453,200)		12,880,000 650,657 (13,453,200)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		-		77,457		77,457
200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		947,919		569,764		(378,155)
100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		16,074,134		16,074,134		16,074,134		-
2000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	16,074,134	\$	17,022,053	\$	16,643,898	\$	(378,155)

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

program? Yes Total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$5,140,98 Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30) \$3,773,62 Section B: Bilingual Education Programs \$3,773,62		Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
program?YesTotal state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.\$5,140,98Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30)\$3,773,62Section B: Bilingual Education Programs\$2,773,62Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?YesDoes the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education programsYesTotal state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the fiscal year.\$371,495Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's\$371,495			Yes
district's fiscal year. \$5,140,98 Actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30) \$3,773,62 Section B: Bilingual Education Programs Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year? Yes Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program? Yes Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's \$371,495			Yes
district's fiscal year. (PICs 24,26,28,29,30) \$3,773,62 Section B: Bilingual Education Programs Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year? Yes Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program? Yes Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's \$371,495	i		\$5,140,988
Did your district expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year? Yes Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program? Yes Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's \$371,495			\$3,773,625
district's fiscal year? Yes Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program? Yes Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's \$371,495		Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
Total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the district's fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's \$371,495			Yes
fiscal year. \$371,495 Actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the district's		Does the district have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
	,		\$371,495
			\$220,151

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

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HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH

A Limited Liability Company

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

902 NORTH LOCUST P.O. BOX 977 DENTON, TX 76202-0977

TEL. (940) 387-8563 FAX (940) 383-4746

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Trustees Midlothian Independent School District Midlothian, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Midlothian Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Midlothian Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report dated October 17, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins Eastup Deaton Ima Fray + Fearboungh

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC Denton, Texas

October 17, 2024

Members: AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS TEXAS SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

HANKINS, EASTUP, DEATON, TONN, SEAY & SCARBOROUGH A Limited Liability Company

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CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Midlothian Independent School District Midlothian, Texas

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Midlothian Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Midlothian Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. Midlothian Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Midlothian Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Midlothian Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Midlothian Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Midlothian Independent School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Midlothian Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Midlothian Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform
 audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence
 regarding Midlothian Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Midlothian Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Midlothian Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we internal control over compliance that we not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hankins Eastup Deaton Ima Surg & Scarborngh

Hankins, Eastup, Deaton, Tonn, Seay & Scarborough, LLC Denton, Texas

October 17, 2024

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

I. Summary of Auditor's Results

- 1. Type of auditor's report issued on the financial statements: Unmodified.
- Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported
- 3. Noncompliance which is material to the financial statements: None
- Internal controls over major federal programs: Material weakness(es) identified: None Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses: None reported
- 5. Type of auditor's report on compliance for major federal programs: Unmodified.
- 6. Did the audit disclose findings which are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?: No
- 7. Major programs include:

FALN 84.010A ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs

Child Nutrition Cluster:FALN 10.553School Breakfast ProgramFALN 10.555National School Lunch Program

- 8. Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: \$750,000.
- 9. Low risk auditee: Yes
- II. Findings Related to the Financial Statements

None

III. Other Findings

None

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

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No prior findings.

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MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

140

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

32

None required.

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/	Assistance	Entity Identifying	Federal
PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed through Region 10 Education Service Center			¢ (24.40
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	24310101057950 24694501070908	\$ 634,49 120,05
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.367 A 84.365 A	24671001057950	55,61
ESEA Title IV, Part A - Student Support	84.424A	2468010709908	37,04
Total Passed through Region 10 Education Service Center		ж.	847,20
Passed Through Texas Education Agency			
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	246600010709086600	1,509,23
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	236600010709086600	355,27
*COVID 19 - IDEA, Part B, Formula - (ARP)	84.027X	225350010709085350	89,84
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			1,954,35
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173 A	246610010709086610	16,21
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,970,56
Career and Technical - Basic Grant Summer School LEP	84.048A 84.369A	24420006070908 6955202	81,34 1,46
COVID 19 - Learning Supports - (TCLAS) ESSER III	84.425U	2152804070905	110,40
COVID 19 - Leaning Supports - (TCLAS) ESSER III COVID 19 - Supplemental ESSER Fund	84.425U	21528043070908	170,65
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425			281,05
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			2,334,44
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			3,181,64
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission	00.550	500 12 0025 00004	10 54
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778	529-13-0035-00004	40,54
Total Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			40,54
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVIC	CES		40,54
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture	10.553	806780706	365,76
*School Breakfast Program			,
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance *National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555 10.555	806780706 806780706	2,356,60 223,47
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555	10.000	000700700	2,580,08
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,945,85
			2,945,85
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			2,945,85
FOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
OTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 6,168,04
Clustered Programs			

MIDLOTHIAN INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*.
 - General Fund is used to account for among other things, resources related to the United States Department of Defense ROTC program and the United States Department of Education's Impact Aid.
 - Special Revenue Funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund. Generally, unused balances are returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used in the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is Incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- The period of performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, 3 CFR Section 200.343 (b).
- FALN numbers for commodity assistance are the FALN numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$-0-.
- Reconciliation Information:

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards	\$6,168,046
SHARS Revenue reported in the General Fund	907,610
Erate revenue	<u>69,969</u>
Total Federal Program Revenue	<u>\$7,145,625</u>

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