## MAEF PUBLIC CHARTER SCHOOLS, INC.

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

**SEPTEMBER 30, 2021** 

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
FINANCIAL SECTION	
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	1
MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS	2-6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	7
Statement of Activities	8
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet	9
Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of	
Governmental Activities	10
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances	11
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes	
in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	12
Notes to the Financial Statements	13-33
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual	
General Fund	34
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances-Budget and Actual	
Special Revenue Fund	35
Note to Required Supplementary Information	36
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability-Teacher's Retirement Plan	
of Alabama	37
Schedule of School Contributions-Teacher's Retirement Plan of Alabama	38
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability-Alabama Retired Education	20
Employees' Health Care Trust	39
Schedule of Contribution-Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust	40
Note to Required Supplementary Information-Alabama Retired Education Employees'	41
Health Care Trust	41
COMPLIANCE SECTION	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting	
and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	42

## FINANCIAL SECTION



## INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Members of the Board MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Mobile, Alabama

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc., as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc., as of September 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## Other Matters

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 2-6, budgetary comparison information on pages 34-36, schedule of proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of board contributions on pages 37-38, schedule of proportionate share of net OPEB liability and schedule of contributions on pages 39-41, respectively, to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context.

We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

## Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 30, 2022, on our consideration of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Certified Public Accountants

Avizo Group, Inc.

March 30, 2022 Brewton, Alabama

## Introduction

The MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s (the "School") discussion and analysis presents the overall financial position and operating results of the fiscal year that ended September 30, 2021. The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) reflects an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards School (GASB) in their statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*.

## **Financial Highlights**

Our financial statements provide these insights into the results of this year's operations:

- The School's Net Position decreased by \$125,171 in FY 2021. The activities revenues overall were \$4,558,460 in FY 2021 and \$3,285,670 in FY 2020, resulting in an increase of \$1,272,790 or 38.74% over the prior year. The School's continual rise in student enrollment and in increases in local, state and federal revenues have contributed to this increase.
- Overall, the School's expenditures and other financing sources exceeded its revenues and other financing sources by \$125,171 largely due to expenditures related to funding the new school building.

## Overview of the Financial Statement and Use of This Report

This discussion and analysis serves as an introduction to the School's basic financial statements, which are the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

## **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

The first two statements are government-wide financial statements, the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*. These provide both long-term and short-term information about the School's overall financial status. The focus of the *Statement of Net Position* is designed to be similar to bottom line results for the School and its activities.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the School's assets less liabilities which results in net position. The statement is designed to display the financial position of the School. Over time, increases and decreases in net position help determine whether the School's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* provides information which shows how the School's net position changed as a result of the year's activities. The statement uses the full accrual basis of accounting. All of the revenues and expenses are reported regardless of the timing of when cash is received or paid. The statement identifies the extent to which each expenditure function draws from general revenues of the School (primarily local taxes) or is financed through charges for services (such as lunchrooms) and intergovernmental aid (primarily federal programs and state appropriations).

## **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the School's most significant funds, not the School as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes. The School uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate fiscal accountability. All of the funds of the School can be classified into one category: governmental funds.

Governmental funds – Most of the School's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. The governmental funds statements, the *Balance Sheet* and the *Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances*, are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

Notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements and are an integral part of the basic financial statements.

## **Required Supplementary Information**

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplementary Information* (RSI) other than the MD&A consisting of a budgetary comparison schedule for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The schedule includes an accompanying note explaining the differences between actual amounts as reported on the basis of budgeting and the GAAP basis of reporting.

## Financial Analysis of the School as a Whole

As indicated earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. Refer to Table 1 when reading the following analysis of net position. The School's total liabilities exceeded assets by \$1,1,246,997 at September 30, 2021.

• The significant variances in Current Assets, Capital Assets and Long-Term Liabilities is related to the funding and construction of lease hold improvements on the new school building location.

The following table reflects a Summary of Net Position compared to the prior year:

**Table 1: Summary of Net Position** 

Assets	FY 2021	FY 2020	Variance
Current and other assets	\$ 2,089,856	\$ 361,237	478.53%
Capital assets	2,045,292	-	100.00%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,967,989	1,954,382	0.70%
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows</b>			
of Resources	\$ 6,103,137	\$ 2,315,619	579%
Liabilities			
Current and other liabilities	\$ 55,113	186,120	-70.39%
Long-Term Liabilities	6,425,994	2,429,515	164.50%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	653,764	821,810	-20.45%
<b>Total Liabilities and Deferred Outflows</b>			
of Resources	\$ 7,134,871	\$ 3,437,445	73.66%
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 226,967	\$ -	100.00%
Restricted for:			
Education	112,420	938	11885.07%
Construction	1,390,915	33,110	4100.89%
Unrestricted	(2,977,299)	(1,155,874)	157.58%
<b>Total Net Position</b>	\$ (1,246,997)	\$(1,121,826)	11.16%

The School's total revenues and expenditures are reflected in the following table:

Table 2: Changes in Net Position For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

Revenues	FY 2021	FY 2020	Variance
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 1,513,001	\$ 511,230	195.95%
Operating Grants and Contributions	3,045,459	2,774,440	9.77%
Other		323,100	0.00%
<b>Total Revenues</b>	4,558,460	3,608,770	205.72%
Expenditures			
Instructional	2,280,589	2,159,685	5.60%
Instructional Support	419,855	334,422	25.55%
Operation and Maintenance	576,661	475,899	21.17%
Student Transportation	900	4,275	-78.95%
Food Service	57,708	106,447	-45.79%
General Administrative	1,347,918	924,715	45.77%
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	4,683,631	4,005,443	-26.65%
<b>Changes in Net Position</b>	(125,171)	(396,673)	68.44%
Net position - Beginning of Year	(1,121,826)	(725,153)	
Net position - End of Year	\$ (1,246,997)	\$(1,121,826)	

## Revenues

- Charges for Services Increased due to additional philanthropic funding to support our expanded educational activities as the School began to serve middle school students.
- Operating Grants and Contributions Increased due to increased student enrollment and additional federal funding to address learning loss due to the COVID-19 Pandemic.
- Overall increase due to additional staffing, supplies, equipment, and technology needed to reopen school in the Fall of 2020 during the COVID-19 Pandemic. Federal reimbursements were delayed in their receipt to offset these expenditures and were not received until after the close of the fiscal year.

The recording of our proportionate share of the state's retirement pension plan as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 68 and our proportionate share of the state's other post-employment benefits as prescribed by GASB Statement No. 75 are major contributors towards the decrease in Net Position.

## **Net Cost of Services**

Table 3: Net Cost of Governmental Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

	FY2	2021	FY 2020				
	<b>Total Cost</b>	Net Cost	<b>Total Cost</b>	Net Cost			
Governmental Activities:	of Services	of Services	of Services	of Services			
Instructional	\$ 2,280,589	\$ 2,277,871	2,159,685	\$ 1,125,985			
Instructional Support	419,855	(419,855)	334,422	(334,422)			
Operation and Maintenance	576,661	(576,661)	475,899	(475,899)			
Student Transportation	900	(900)	4,275	(4,275)			
Food Service	57,708	(57,708)	106,447	(106,447)			
General Administrative	1,347,918	(1,347,918)	924,715	(924,715)			
	\$ 4,683,631	\$ (125,171)	\$4,005,443	\$ (719,773)			

Table 3 is a condensed statement taken from the Statement of Activities showing the total cost for providing identified services for seven major School activities. Total cost of services is compared to the net cost of providing these services. The net cost of services is the remaining cost of services after subtracting grants and charges for services that the School used to offset the program's total cost. In other words, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on all taxpayers for each of these activities. This information allows citizens to consider the cost of each program in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided.

## Financial Analysis of the School's Funds

The School uses fund accounting to control and manage resources in order to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Using funds to account for resources for particular purposes helps the reader to determine whether the School is being accountable for the resources provided by taxpayers and other entities, and it may also help to provide more insight into the School's overall financial health. The following analysis of the School's funds should be read in reference to the fund financial statements.

- General Fund The General Fund is the primary operating fund for the School. After these twelvemonths of operation, the General Fund has a positive fund balance of \$316,145, an increase of \$175,076 from the prior period. The increase in fund balance can mostly be attributed to additional needs due to the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Special Revenue Fund The Special Revenue Fund is used to account for the Child Nutrition Program, grants and awards, and local, public school, funds. The Special Revenue Fund Balance at the end of the year was \$112,420, an increase of \$111,482 from the prior period. The increase in fund balance is related to the timing of federal program expenditures.
- Capital Projects Fund The Capital Projects Fund accounts for all financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities. The Capital Projects Fund Balance at the end of the year was \$26,967.
- MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc. (Blended Component Unit) In March 2021, the School's Board of Directors approved the creation of MAEF Real Estate Holdings to direct the acquisition and operations of school facilities to support our current and future needs. This business unit is appointed by the School's Board of Directors, and its activities are included in the combined financials of the School. The fund balance at the end of the year was \$1,363,948.

Overall, the School's governmental funds reflected an excess of \$1,644,363 of Revenues/Other Financing Sources over Expenditures/Other Financing Uses.

## **Budgetary Highlights**

The original 2021 fiscal year budget, adopted on October 9, 2020, was based on a conservative approach that reflected only allocated revenues and necessary expenditures. The final budget was approved on August 23, 2021. For purposes of budgetary analysis, only the General Fund of the School is discussed in accordance with the GASB 34 reporting module. The School complied with State Department of Education requirements for budget adjustments.

The comparisons of the General Fund and Special Revenue Fund original budgets to the final amended budgets are reflected in the required supplementary information in the report. The two budgets were amended to correct beginning fund balances and account for changes in state, federal, and local sources.

## **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

- Capital Assets Capital Assets To support the expansion of the School to serve grades 6-12, the Board of Directors has secured a larger facility through its affiliate MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc. and is currently exploring land acquisition to support the new program. This will serve to increase capital assets and debt administration, but the expansion will also increase revenues due to increased student enrollment and philanthropic support for the expansion of the School.
- Long-term Liabilities At the end of the twelve-month period, the School had \$26,628 in a related party notes payable outstanding, with \$26,628 due within one year. The School also shows a Net Pension Liability of \$2,056,000 and a Net OPEB liability of \$943,366 at the end of the fiscal period, an increase of \$297,000 and \$371,113, respectively, over last year. Note 8 Long-Term Liabilities in the Notes to the Financial Statements provides a detailed summary of the long-term debt transactions and pension liabilities of the School. Additionally, the School, through its component business unit, has secured a loan in amount of \$3,400,000 for tenant improvement of its 3725 Airport Boulevard. facility located in Mobile, Alabama Blue Hub Capital, Inc, a community development financial institution located in Boston, Massachusetts. Since the construction has not been completed, this debt is not yet in repayment.

## **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The following are currently known economic factors considered going into the 2021-2022 fiscal year:

- While national and local philanthropy may be reduced due to economic uncertainty, the contributions to support the activities of the School are expected to grow as national and statewide charter school expansion grants are secured by the Board of Directors.
- State revenues are projected to remain stable for public schools despite the economic downturn due to the pandemic.
- Federal revenues are expected to increase due to additional appropriations by the U.S. Congress to support the reopening of schools and reduce students' learning loss due to the pandemic.

## MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Statement of Net Position September 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 359,296
Receivables, Net	1,730,560
Capital Assets:	
Nondepreciable	2,045,292
Total Assets	4,135,148
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Employer Pension Contribution	171,503
Employer OPEB Contribution	31,799
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Outflows	
Related to Net Pension Liability	847,000
Related to Net OPEB Liability	917,687
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	1,967,989
Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	55,113
Line of Credit	215,263
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due or Payable Within One Year	26,628
Portion Due or Payable After One Year	6,399,366
Total Liabilities	6,696,370
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Proportionate Share of Collective Deferred Inflows	
Related to Net Pension Liability	97,000
Related to Net OPEB Liability	556,764
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	653,764
Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	226,967
Restricted for:	
Education	112,420
Construction	1,390,915
Unrestricted	(2,977,299)
Total Net Position	\$ (1,246,997)

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Statement of Activities For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

				P	rogra	<b>Program Revenues</b>		Net (Expens	Net (Expenses) Revenues
					0	Operating	Capital	and Chan	and Changes in Net Position
			O	Charges for	Ğ	Grants and	Grants and	Gover	Governmental
Functions/Programs	¥	Expenses		Services	$\bar{C}$	Contributions	Contributions	Acti	Activities
Instructional	S	2,280,589	8	1,513,001	<del>\$</del>	3,045,459	\$	€	2,277,871
Instructional Support		419,855		ı		ı	ı		(419,855)
Operation and Maintenance		576,661		ı		ı	ı		(576,661)
Student Transportation		006		ı		l	I		(006)
Food Service		57,708		1		ı	1		(57,708)
General Administrative		1,347,918		1		ı	1		(1,347,918)
Total Governmental Activities	8	4,683,631 \$	\$	1,513,001 \$	8	3,045,459 \$	\$		(125,171)
	J	Changes in Net Position	et Po	sition					(125,171)
	Net	Net Position - Beginning of Year	zinnic	ig of Year					(1,121,826)
	Net	Net Position - End of Year	l of \	ear				8	(1,246,997)

9 MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Balance Sheet Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

	` ′	- General Fund	•	2) - Special Revenue Fund	 - Capital ects Fund	M	AEF Real Estate	Gov	Total ernmental Funds
Assets									
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	363,894	\$	(36,466)	\$ 26,967	\$	4,901	\$	359,296
Receivables, Net		-		148,886	-		-		148,886
Loan Proceeds Receivable		-		-	-		1,581,675		1,581,675
Total Assets	\$	363,894	\$	112,420	\$ 26,967	\$	1,586,576	\$	2,089,857
Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:									
Accounts Payable	\$	47,749	\$	_	\$ _	\$	7,365	\$	55,114
Line of Credit		-		_	-		215,263		215,263
Total Liabilities		47,749		-	-		222,628		270,377
Fund Balances									
Restricted for:									
Education		-		112,420	-		_		112,420
Construction		-		-	26,967		1,363,948		1,390,915
Unassigned		316,145		-	-		-		316,145
Total Fund Balances		316,145		112,420	26,967		1,363,948		1,819,480
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	363,894	\$	112,420	\$ 26,967	\$	1,586,576	\$	2,089,857

# MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Reconciliation of Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities September 30, 2021

1,819,48(	
<b>\$</b>	
Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	1,819,480
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		2,045,292
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		921,503
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB obligations are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		392,722
Long-term liabilities, including net pension liability and net OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.  Portion Due or Payable After One Year  (6.399.366)	528) 366)	
8	,	(6,425,994)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds September 30, 2021

11

			(12	) - Special						Total
	(11	) - General		Revenue		1) - Capital	M	<b>AEF Real</b>	Gov	ve rnme ntal
		Fund		Fund	Pro	jects Fund		Estate		Funds
Revenues										
State	\$	2,395,440	\$		\$	97,982	\$		\$	2,493,422
Federal	Ф	2,393,440	Ф	552,012	Ф	91,962	Φ	-	Φ	552,012
Local		1,512,485		516		-		-		1,513,001
Other		1,312,463		310		-		25		1,515,001
Total Revenues		3,907,925		552,528		97,982		25		4,558,460
		<u> </u>		,						
Expenditures										
Current:										
Instructional		1,717,858		76,270		-		-		1,794,128
Instructional Support		265,898		153,957		-		-		419,855
Operation and Maintenance		349,919		122,618		104,125		-		576,662
Auxiliary Services:										
Student Transportation		900		=		=		=		900
Food Service		-		57,708		-		-		57,708
General Administrative		1,038,075		114,058		-		441		1,152,574
Capital Outlay		-		-		-		2,045,292		2,045,292
Debt Service:										
Principal Retirement		71,634		-		-		-		71,634
Interest and Fiscal Charges		-		-		-		493		493
Debt Issuance Costs/Other Debt Service		-		-		-		194,851		194,851
Total Expenditures		3,444,284		524,611		104,125		2,241,077		6,314,097
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
Over Expenditures		463,641		27,917		(6,143)		(2,241,052)		(1,755,637)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Issuance of Debt		_		_		_		3,400,000		3,400,000
Payments to MAEF Real Estate		(205,000)		_		_		-		(205,000)
Payments from the School		(=00,000)		_		_		205,000		205,000
Transfers In		_		83,565		_		-		83,565
Transfers Out		(83,565)		-		_		_		(83,565)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(288,565)		83,565		_		3,605,000		3,400,000
2 (111)		<u>, , -, , -, , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>		, -						
Net Changes in Fund Balances		175,076		111,482		(6,143)		1,363,948		1,644,363
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		141,069		938		33,110		-		175,117
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	316,145	\$	112,420	\$	26,967	\$	1,363,948	\$	1,819,480

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities September 30, 2021

Net Changes in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	<del>\$</del>	\$ 1,644,363
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeds capital outlays in the period.		2,045,292
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.		71,634
Proceeds from the issuance of debt are reported as financing sources in governmental funds and thus contribute to the change in fund balance. Issuing long-term debt increases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position but does not affect the Statement of Activities.		(3,400,000)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.  Pension Expense  OPEB Expense	345,840 140,620	(486,460)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	↔	\$ (125,171)

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## A. REPORTING ENTITY

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. was incorporated on July 28, 2016, to create, manage, operate, and direct public schools. The financial statements of the MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. DBA Accel Day and Evening Academy (the School) have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). Pursuant to Chapter 290-3-6 of the Alabama Code, "The Alabama School Choice and Student Opportunity Act", the School operates under an approved charter granted by the Alabama Public Charter School Commission (the Commission), an agency of the State. The Charter was granted for a term of 5 years commencing August 2016 and is subject to annual or more frequent review by the Commission. The Charter was granted for an additional 5 years in 2022.

For financial reporting purposes and in conformance with the criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 61, the School includes those funds, account groups, agencies, boards, commissions and authorities for which the School has the ability to exercise its oversight responsibility and provides financial and managerial assistance.

## B. INDIVIDUAL COMPONENT UNIT DISCLOSURES

*MAEF Real Estate, Inc.* is a nonprofit corporation who is governed by a board appointed by the School's elected board. The services provided by MAEF Real Estate, Inc. are exclusively for the benefit of the School. It was created to own real estate and obtain debt funding for the benefit of the School. Therefore, the activity for MAEF Real Estate, Inc. is presented as a blended component unit.

## C. BASIS OF PRESENTATION—GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND LEVEL

## Government-wide

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from grants entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## Fund Level

The government fund level financial statements are reported using the current financial resource measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. General long-term debt issued and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources. Since governmental fund level financial statements are presented on a different basis of accounting and measurement focus than governmental activities in the government-wide presentation, a summary is presented to explain adjustments necessary to reconcile fund level statements to the government-wide presentation.

The accounts of the School are organized on the basis of funds which are each considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, as appropriate. Government resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The various funds are grouped into broad fund categories as follows:

## Governmental Funds:

General Fund—The General Fund is used to account for all revenues and expenditures applicable to the general operations of the School which are not properly accounted for in another fund. All general operating revenues which are not restricted or designated as to use by outside sources are recorded in the General Fund.

Special Revenue Fund—Special revenue funds are operating funds for which the use of revenues is restricted or designated by outside sources.

Capital Project Fund—Capital project funds are used to account for the financial resources used to construct or acquire major capital items.

## D. BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

All governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they become susceptible to accrual, that is when they become both "measurable" and "available" to finance expenditures of the current period. Ad valorem and other taxes collected by an intermediary are considered "measurable" when in the hand of the intermediary collecting governments and may be recognized as revenue at that time. Expenditures, generally, are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred. Revenues susceptible to accrual are: federal financial assistance programs, which are measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

## E. INCOME TAXES

The School is a nonprofit organization exempt from federal taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. No provision for income taxes is reflected in the statement of activities. The income tax filings are subject to examination by taxing authorities, generally, for three years after they are filed.

## F. IMPACT OF RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

## Recently Issued Accounting Principles

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases* was issued to improve the consistency of accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 87 are effective for the fiscal year 2022. The School is currently evaluating the impact that this statement may have on its financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred before the End of a Construction Period, was issued to (1) enhance the relevance and comparability of information about capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and (2) to simplify accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of GASB Statement No. 89 are effective for the fiscal year 2022. The School is currently evaluating the impact that this statement may have on its financial statements.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

GASB Statement 92, Omnibus 2020, was issued as guidance addressing various accounting and financial reporting issues identified during the implementation and application of GASB Statement No. 87, Leases, GASB Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68, as amended, Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, and the measurement of liabilities and assets, if any, related to asset retirement obligations in a government acquisition. The various requirements of GASB Statement No. 92 are effective for the fiscal year 2022. The School is currently evaluating the impact that this statement may have on its financial statements.

## G. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments. The State Attorney General has issued a legal opinion that Schools of education may not put public funds at risk by investing in companies not insured by the federal government.

## H. USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

## I. NET ASSET AND EQUITY CLASSIFICATIONS

## Government-wide Financial Statements

The School adopted GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, which superseded GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Government. Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

• Net investment in capital assets—Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes, or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also should be included in this component of net position. If there are significant unspent related debt proceeds or deferred inflows of resources at year-end, the portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources attributable to the unspent proceeds is not included in the calculation of invested in capital assets, net of the related debt. Rather, that portion of the debt or deferred inflows of resources is included in the same net position as the unspent proceeds.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

- Restricted net position—Consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Unrestricted net position—The net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

## Fund Financial Statements

The fund equity of the governmental fund financial statements is classified as fund balance. In March 2009, GASB adopted a standard that establishes a hierarchy based on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds.

Fund balance is classified into one of the following five components:

- Nonspendable fund balance—Consists of amounts that are not in a spendable form or are required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance—Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) the School's own laws through its enabling legislation and other provisions of its laws and regulations.
- Committed fund balance—Consists of fund balances that are subject to a
  purpose constraint imposed by formal action or resolution of the School, which
  is the highest level of decision-making authority, before the end of the fiscal
  year and that require the same level of formal action to remove or modify the
  constraint.
- Assigned fund balance—Consists of fund balances that are intended to be used
  by the school system for specific purposes. The School authorized the
  Superintendent or Chief School Finance Officer to make a determination of
  the assigned amounts of fund balance. Such assignments may not exceed the
  available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any
  particular fund. Assigned fund balances require the same level of authority to
  remove the constraint.
- Unassigned fund balance—All other fund balances that do not meet the definition of "restricted, committed or assigned fund balances." This portion of the total fund balance in the general fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available, it shall be the policy of the School to consider restricted amounts to have been reduced first. When an expenditure is incurred for the purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classification could be used, it shall be the policy of the School that committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

## C. ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances represent commitments related to underperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrances accounting—under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure or resources are recorded to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation—is utilized in the governmental funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be honored during the subsequent year.

## D. DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources consist of the following at September 30, 2021:

	ernmental ectivities
Deferred outflows of resources as related to	
the net pension liability	\$ 1,018,503
Deferred outflows of resources as related to	
the net OPEB liability	 949,486
	\$ 1,967,989

## E. DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred inflows of resources consist of the following at September 30, 2021:

	 ernmentai etivities
Deferred inflows of resources as related to	 _
the net pension liability	\$ 97,000
Deferred inflows of resources as related to	
the net OPEB liability	556,764
	\$ 653,764

## NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

## F. PENSIONS

The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (the Plan) financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. Contributions are recognized as revenues when earned, pursuant to plan requirements. Benefits and refunds are recognized as revenues when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the plan. Expenses are recognized when the corresponding liability is incurred, regardless of when the payment is made. Investments are reported at fair value. Financial statements are prepared in accordance with requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards School (GASB). Under these requirements, the Plan is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

## G. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The School has evaluated subsequent events through March 30, 2022, the date which the financial statements were available to be issued.

There were no material subsequent events which require disclosure at September 30, 2021.

## NOTE 2 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

## **Interest Rate Risk**

The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

## Credit Risk

State statues authorize the School's investments. The School is authorized to invest in U.S. Government obligations and its agencies or instrumentalities. The School has no investment policy that further limits investment choices.

## **Custodial Credit Risk**

The School maintains a number of bank accounts with a service provider. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insures all of the Organization's bank accounts up to a maximum of \$250,000.

## NOTE 3 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditure which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

## NOTE 4 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The School is affiliated with the Mobile Area Education Foundation (MAEF) by reason of common management and economic interest.

The following related party transactions occurred with MAEF as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021:

Note payable	\$ 26,628
Accounts payable	36,174
Income	32,311
Administration expenses	190,000

## NOTE 5 INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

During the course of normal operations, the School has numerous transactions between funds to provide services, construct assets, etc. These transactions are generally reflected as operating transfers or receivables and liabilities. Transactions reimbursing a fund for expenditures are recorded as expenditures in the disbursing fund and as revenues in the receiving fund. Remaining fund balances in discontinued funds and non-recurring, non-routine transfers are accounted for as residual equity transfers. The School typically used transfers to fund ongoing operating subsidies and to recoup certain expenditures.

## **Interfund Transfers**

	Tran	sfers Out		
		General		
		Fund		
Transfers In				
Special Revenue Fund	\$	83,565		
Totals	\$	83,565		

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

## Plan Description

The School contributes to the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement plan for the various state-supported educational agencies and institutions. The TRS was established as of September 15, 1939, under the provisions of Act 419 of the Legislature of 1939 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances and other specified benefits for qualified persons employed by State-supported educational institutions. The responsibility for the general administration and operation of the TRS is vested in its School of Control. The TRS School of Control consists of 15 trustees. The plan is administered by the Retirement Systems of Alabama (RSA). Title 16-Chapter 25 of the Code of Alabama grants the authority to establish and amend

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

the benefit terms to the TRS School of Control. The Plan issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at <a href="https://www.rsa-al.gov">www.rsa-al.gov</a>.

## Benefits Provided

State law establishes retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits and any ad hoc increase in postretirement benefits for the TRS. Benefits for TRS members vest after 10 years of creditable service. TRS members who retire after age 60 with 10 years or more of creditable service or with 25 years of service (regardless of age) are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, members of the TRS are allowed 2.0125% of their average final compensation (highest 3 of the last 10 years) for each year of service.

Act 377 of the Legislature of 2012 established a new tier of benefits (Tier 2) for members hired on or after January 1, 2013. Tier 2 TRS members are eligible for retirement after age 62 with 10 years or more of creditable service and are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life. Service and disability retirement benefits are based on a guaranteed minimum or a formula method, with the member receiving payment under the method that yields the highest monthly benefit. Under the formula method, Tier 2 members of the TRS are allowed 1.65% of their average final compensation (highest 5 of the last 10 years) for each year of service. Members are eligible for disability retirement if they have 10 years of credible service, are currently in-service, and determined by the RSA Medical School to be permanently incapacitated from further performance of duty. Preretirement death benefits equal to the annual earnable compensation of the member as reported to the Plan for the preceding year ending June 30 are paid to a qualified beneficiary.

## **Contributions**

Covered members of the TRS contributed 5% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011 to September 30, 2012, covered members of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 7.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, covered members of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7.50% of earnable compensation. Certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS contributed 6% of earnable compensation as required by statute until September 30, 2011. From October 1, 2011, to September 30, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS were required by statute to contribute 8.25% of earnable compensation. Effective October 1, 2012, certified law enforcement, correctional officers and firefighters are required by statute to contribute 8.50% of earnable compensation.

Tier 2 covered members of the TRS contribute 6% of earnable compensation to the TRS as required by statute. Tier 2 certified law enforcement, correctional officers, and firefighters of the TRS are required by statute to contribute 7% of earnable compensation.

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Participating employers' contractually required contribution rate for the year ended September 30, 2020, was 12.43% of annual pay for Tier 1 members and 11.34% of annual pay for Tier 2 members. These required contribution rates are a percent of annual payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with member contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Total employer contributions to the pension plan from the School were \$171,503 for the year ended September 30, 2021.

## <u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred</u> Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At September 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$2,056,000 for its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability. The collective net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The School's proportion of the collective net pension liability was based on the employers' shares of contributions to the pension plan relative to the total employer contributions of all participating TRS employers. At September 30, 2020, the School's proportion was 0.016620 percent, which was an increase of 0.000707 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the School recognized pension expense of \$345,840. At September 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Γ	Deferred	D	eferred
	C	Outflows	Inf	flows of
	R	esources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	102,000	\$	36,000
Changes of assumptions		21,000		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		153,000		-
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		571,000		61,000
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		171,503		_
Total	\$	1,018,503	\$	97,000

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School contributions subsequent to the measurement date was reported at \$171,503 and will be recognized as a reduction to the net pension liability in the year ended September 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:
--------------------------

2022	\$ 355,000
2023	182,000
2024	153,000
2025	60,000
Thereafter	
	\$ 750,000

## Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of September 30, 2020 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increases	3.25%-5.00%
Investment rate of return*	7.70%

<sup>\*</sup>Net of pension plan investment expense

The actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, were based on the results of an investigation of the economic and demographic experience for the TRS based upon participant data as of September 30, 2015. The School of Control accepted and approved these changes on September 2016, which became effective at the beginning of fiscal year 2016.

Mortality rates for TRS were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for males and 112% for females age 78 and older.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are as follows:

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	17.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	32.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	9.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	12.00%	9.50%
International Emerging Market Stocks	3.00%	11.00%
Alternatives	10.00%	10.10%
Real Estate	10.00%	7.50%
Cash	3.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>Includes assumed rate of inflation of 2.50%

## **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.70%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that the employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, components of the pension plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

## Sensitivity of the School's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following table presents the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.70%, as well as what the School's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.70%) or 1-percentage point higher (8.70%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.70%)	Current Rate (7.70%)	1% Increase (8.70%)
School's proportionate share of			
collective net pension liability	\$ 2,743,000	\$ 2,056,000	\$ 1,474,000

## NOTE 6 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (continued)

## Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued RSA Comprehensive Annual Report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 67 Report for the TRS prepared as of September 30, 2020. The auditor's report on the Schedule of Employer Allocations and Pension Amounts by Employer and accompanying notes detail by employer and in aggregate information needed to comply with GASB 68. The additional financial and actuarial information is available at <a href="http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/">http://www.rsa-al.gov/index.php/employers/financial-reports/gasb-68-reports/</a>.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

## Plan Description

The School contributes to the Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust (the "Trust"), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan that administers healthcare benefits to the retirees of participating state and local educational institutions. The Trust was established under the Alabama Retiree Health Care Funding Act of 2007 which authorized and directed the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance School (PEEHIB) to create an irrevocable trust to fund postemployment healthcare benefits to retirees participating in PEEHIP. Active and retiree health insurance benefits are paid through the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance Plan (PEEHIP). In accordance with GASB, the Trust is considered a component unit of the State of Alabama (State) and is included in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The PEEHIP was established in 1983 pursuant to the provisions of the *Code of Alabama* 1975, *Title* 16, *Chapter* 25A (Act 83-455) to provide a uniform plan of health insurance for active and retired employees of state and local educational institutions which provide instruction at any combination of grades K-14 (collectively, eligible employees), and to provide a method for funding the benefits related to the plan. Responsibility for the establishment of the health insurance plan and its general administration and operations is vested in the School. The School is a corporate body for purposes of management of the health insurance plan. The *Code of Alabama* 1975, *Section* 16-25A-4 provides the School with the authority to amend the benefit provisions in order to provide reasonable assurance of stability in future years for the plan. All assets of the PEEHIP are held in trust for the payment of health insurance benefits. The Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama (TRS) has been appointed as the administrator of the PEEHIP and, consequently, serves as the administrator of the Trust.

## Benefits Provided

PEEHIP offers a basic hospital medical plan to active members and non-Medicare eligible retirees. Benefits include inpatient hospitalization for a maximum of 365 days without a dollar limit, inpatient rehabilitation, outpatient care, physician services, and prescription drugs.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Active employees and non-Medicare eligible retirees who do not have Medicare eligible dependents can enroll in a health maintenance organization (HMO) in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan. The HMO includes hospital medical benefits, dental benefits, vision benefits, and an extensive formulary. However, participants in the HMO are required to receive care from a participating physician in the HMO plan.

The PEEHIP offers four optional plans (Hospital Indemnity, Cancer, Dental, and Vision) that may be selected in addition to or in lieu of the basic hospital medical plan or HMO. The Hospital Indemnity Plan provides a per-day benefit for hospital confinement, maternity, intensive care, cancer, and convalescent care. The Cancer Plan covers cancer disease only and benefits are provided regardless of other insurance. Coverage includes a per-day benefit for each hospital confinement related to cancer. The Dental Plan covers diagnostic and preventative services, as well as basic and major dental services. Diagnostic and preventative services include oral examinations, teeth cleaning, x-rays, and emergency office visits. Basic and major services include fillings, general aesthetics, oral surgery not covered under a Group Medical Program, periodontics, endodontics, dentures, bridgework, and crowns. Dental services are subject to a maximum of \$1,250 per year for individual coverage and \$1,000 per person per year for family coverage. The Vision Plan covers annual eye examinations, eye glasses, and contact lens prescriptions.

PEEHIP members may opt to elect the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan as their hospital medical coverage in lieu of the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan. The PEEHIP Supplemental Plan provides secondary benefits to the member's primary plan provided by another employer. Only active and non-Medicare retiree members and dependents are eligible for the PEEHIP Supplemental Plan. There is no premium required for this plan, and the plan covers most out-of-pocket expenses not covered by the primary plan. The plan cannot be used as a supplement to Medicare, the PEEHIP Hospital Medical Plan, or the State or Local Governmental Plans administered by the State Employees' Insurance School (SEIB).

Effective January 1, 2020, Medicare eligible members and Medicare eligible dependents who are covered on a retiree contract were enrolled in the Humana Group Medicare Advantage plan for PEEHIP. The plan is fully insured, and members are able to have all of their Medicare Part A (hospital insurance), Part B (medical insurance), and Part D (prescription drug coverage) in one convenient plan. Retirees can continue to see their same providers with no interruption and see any doctor who accepts Medicare on a national basis. Members have the same benefits in and out-of-network and there is no additional retiree cost share if a retiree uses an out-of-network provider and no balance billing from the provider.

## Contributions

The Code of Alabama 1975, Section 16-25A-8 and the Code of Alabama 1975, Section, 16-25A-8.1 provide the School with the authority to set the contribution requirements for plan members and the authority to set the employer contribution requirements for each required class, respectively. Additionally, the School is required to certify to the Governor and the Legislature, the amount, as a monthly premium per active employee, necessary to fund the

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

coverage of active and retired member benefits for the following fiscal year. The Legislature then sets the premium rate in the annual appropriation bill.

For employees who retired after September 30, 2005, but before January 1, 2012, the employer contribution of the health insurance premium set forth by the School for each retiree class is reduced by 2% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% percent for each year of service over 25 subject to adjustment by the School for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the School for each retiree class is reduced by 4% for each year of service less than 25 and increased by 2% for each year over 25, subject to adjustment by the School for changes in Medicare premium costs required to be paid by a retiree. In no case does the employer contribution of the health insurance premium exceed 100% of the total health insurance premium cost for the retiree.

For employees who retired after December 31, 2011, who are not covered by Medicare, regardless of years of service, the employer contribution to the health insurance premium set forth by the School for each retiree class is reduced by a percentage equal to 1% multiplied by the difference between the Medicare entitlement age and the age of the employee at the time of retirement as determined by the School. This reduction in the employer contribution ceases upon notification to the School of the attainment of Medicare coverage.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At September 30, 2021, the School reported a liability of \$343,366 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2020 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019. The School's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2020, the School's proportion was 0.014536 percent, which was an increase of 0.000632 percent from its proportion measured as of September 30, 2019.

For the year ended September 30, 2021, the School recognized OPEB expense of \$140,620, with no special funding situations. At September 30, 2021, the School reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	
	R	esources	R	esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	23,923	\$	339,163
Changes of assumptions		329,510		175,174
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		-		40
Changes in proportion and differences between Employer				
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		564,254		42,387
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		31,799		
Total	\$	949,486	\$	556,764

Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the School's contributions subsequent to measurement date was report as \$31,799 and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended September 30, 2022.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended September 30:	
--------------------------	--

2022	\$ 123,168
2023	124,605
2024	67,010
2025	(17,307)
2026	35,978
Thereafter	 27,469
	\$ 360,923

## Actuarial assumptions

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2019, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Inflation	2.75%
Projected salary increases <sup>1</sup>	3.25%-5.00%
Long-term investment rate of return <sup>2</sup>	7.25%
Municipal bond index rate at the measurement date	2.25%
Municipal bond index rate at the prior measurement date	3.00%
Project year for fiduciary net position (FNP) to be depleted	2040
Single equivalent interest rate the measurement date	3.05%
Single equivalent interest rate the prior measurement date	5.50%
Healthcare cost trend rate	
Pre-medicare eligible	6.75%
Medicare eligible	**
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-medicare eligible	4.75% in 2027
Medicare eligible	4.75% in 2024

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Includes 3% wage inflation.

Mortality rates for the period after service retirement are according to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males and 112% for ages 78 and over for females. The rates of disabled mortality were based on the RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 105% for males and 120% for females.

The decremental assumptions used in the valuation were selected based on the actuarial experience study prepared as of September 30, 2015, submitted to and adopted by the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama School on September 13, 2016.

The remaining actuarial assumptions (e.g. initial per capita costs, health care cost trends, rate of plan participation, rates of plan election, etc.) used in the September 30, 2019 valuation, however updated Medicare Advantage premium rates which reflect the repeal of the ACA Health Insurer Fee, updated Optional claims costs, and updated participation assumptions were used in this report.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is to be reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every five years in conjunction with similar analysis for the Teachers' Retirement System of Alabama. Several factors should be considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Compounded annually, net of investment expense and includes inflation

<sup>\*\*</sup>Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2022

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation), as developed for each major asset class. These ranges should be combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

The long-term expected rate of return on the OPEB plan investments is determined based on the allocation of assets by asset class and by the mean and variance of real returns.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of expected geometric real rates of return for each major asset class is summarized below:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Rate
	Allocation	of Return
Fixed Income	30.00%	4.40%
U.S. Large Stocks	38.00%	8.00%
U.S. Mid Stocks	8.00%	10.00%
U.S. Small Stocks	4.00%	11.00%
International Developed Market Stocks	15.00%	9.50%
Cash	5.00%	1.50%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>Geometric mean, includes 2.5% inflation

## Discount Rate

The discount rate (also known as the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR), as described by GASB 74) used to measure the total OPEB liability at September 30, 2020 was 3.05%. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at the prior measurement rate was 5.50%. Premiums paid to the Public Education Employees' Health Insurance School for active employees shall include an amount to partially fund the cost of coverage for retired employees. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan contributions will be made at the current contribution rates. Each year, the State specifies the monthly employer rate that participating school systems must contribute for each active employee. Approximately, 14.802% of the employer contributions were used to assist in funding retiree benefit payments in 2020. It is assumed that the 14.802% will increase at the same rate as expected benefit payments for the closed group until reaching an employer rate of 20.000%, at which point this amount will increase by 1.00% in subsequent years. The discount rate determination will use a municipal bond rate to the extent the trust is projected to run out of money before all benefits are paid. Therefore, the projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2118. The long-term rate of return is used until the assets are expected to be depleted in 2040, after which the municipal bond rate is used.

## NOTE 7 OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (continued)

Sensitivity of the Accel Day and Evening Academy's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trends rate.

The following table presents the MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the current healthcare trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

			Currer	nt Healthcare				
	1%	Decrease	Tr	end Rate	1% Increase			
	(5.75% decreasing to		(6.75%	decreasing to	(7.75% decreasing to			
	3.75% fc	3.75% for pre-Medicare, 4.75% for pre-Medicare				for pre-Medicare,		
	Known decreasing to		Known	decreasing to	Known decreasing to			
	3.75%	3.75% for Medicare		4.75% for Medicare		5.75% for Medicare		
	Eligible)		Eligible)		Eligible)			
School's proportionate share of								
collective net OPEB liability	\$	745,734	\$	943,366	\$	1,200,616		

The following table presents the MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability of the Trust calculated using the discount rate of 5.50%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if calculated using one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate:

	19	1% Decrease 2.05%		Current Rate 3.05%	1% Increase 4.05%		
School's proportionate share of							
collective net OPEB liability	\$	1,157,088	\$	943,366	\$	773,625	

## OPEB plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is located in the Trust's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2020. The supporting actuarial information is included in the GASB Statement No. 74 Report for PEEHIP prepared as of September 30, 2020. Additional financial and actuarial information is available at www.rsa-al.gov.

## NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended September 30, 2021:

							Aı	mounts
	Be	ginning				Ending	Du	e Within
	В	alance	Additions	Re	ductions	Balance	Oı	ie Year_
Governmental Activities:								
Notes Payable	\$	98,262	\$ 3,400,000	\$	71,634	\$ 3,426,628	\$	26,628
Total Notes Payable		98,262	3,400,000		71,634	3,426,628		26,628
Other Liabilities:								
Net Pension Liability	1	,759,000	297,000		-	2,056,000		-
Net OPEB Liability		572,253	371,113		-	943,366		
Total Other Liabilities	2	,331,253	668,113		-	2,999,366		
Total Governmental Activities								
Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 2	,429,515	\$ 4,068,113	\$	71,634	\$ 6,425,994	\$	26,628

Notes Payable at September 30, 2021, were comprised of the following:

Promissory note dated May 14, 2021, with interest only payments at 4.95% due in monthly installments until May 2023, then due in monthly installments including interest at 4.95%, maturing June 25, 2027 \$ 3,400,000

Note payable dated January 1, 2019, with interest rate of 2.00%, due in full at maturity date of January 1, 2022 26,628

Total Notes Payable \$ 3,426,628

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	P	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2022	\$	27,658	\$	5,940
	\$	27,658	\$	5,940

# MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Notes to the Financial Statements September 30, 2021

### NOTE 8 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

In May 2021, MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc. executed a New Market Tax Credits Financing Transaction with BlueHub Loan Fund, Inc. in order to fund the leasing and renovation of property for use as the school facility. As part of this transaction, MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc, received a \$3.4 million promissory note from BlueHub Loan Fund, Inc. The note has interest only payments until the conversion date (May 2023), at which time it will convert into a term loan. The School is a guarantor on the debt.

MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc. has a line of credit with a \$300,000 limit. As of September 30, 2021, the balance was \$215,263. The interest rate is 5.50% with a maturity date of September 15, 2022.

### NOTE 9 LEASES

In May 2021, MAEF Real Estate Holdings, Inc. entered into lease agreement with Mobile Festival Acquisition LLC (the Landlord) for a building to be used as the new school facility. They then subleased the building to the School. Per the lease agreement, the School is responsible for paying the monthly lease payments directly to the Landlord. The future minimum lease payments are as follows:

2022	\$	188,418
2023		271,319
2024		271,319
2025		271,319
2026		273,127
2027-2031		1,440,701
2032-2036		1,582,330
	\$ 4	4,298,533

### NOTE 10 UNCERTANTIES WITH REGARD TO COVID-19

On January 30, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the COVID-19 (Coronavirus) outbreak a "Public Health Emergency of International Concern." On March 11, 2020, it was declared it to be a pandemic. The spread of the virus has begun to cause business disruption. Actions taken to mitigate the spread include restrictions on travel, quarantines in certain areas, and forced closures for certain types of public places and businesses. It is unknown how long these conditions will last and what complete financial effect this will have on the School.



MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual (11) – General Fund

For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

		Budgeted Amounts	ounts	Ac	Actual	Variance with	vith
		Original	Final	- (Budgetz	(Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget	get
Revenues							
State	8	2,220,810 \$	2,288,158	\$	2,395,440	\$ 10	107,282
Local		647,183	1,663,353		1,512,485	(1)	150,868)
Total Revenues		2,867,993	3,951,511		3,907,925	7)	(43,586)
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instructional		1,502,298	1,600,451		1,717,858	(1)	117,407)
Instructional Support		597,329	598,317		265,898	χ.	332,419
Operation and Maintenance		440,242	695,242		349,919	<i>*</i> C	345,323
Auxiliary Services:		7,500	7,500		006		009'9
General Administrative		276,710	935,379		1,110,357	(1)	(174,978)
Debt Service:							
Principal Retirement		70,436	70,436		71,634		(1,198)
Total Expenditures		2,894,515	3,907,325		3,516,566	36	390,759
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues							
Over Expenditures		(26,522)	44,186		391,359	3,	347,173
Other Financing Sources (Uses):							
Other Financing Uses		(44,500)	(44,500)		(83,565)	,	39,065
Payments to MAEF Real Estate		-	-		(205,000)	(20	(205,000)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(44,500)	(44,500)		(288,565)	(10	(165,935)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(71,022)	(314)		102,794	18	181,238
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		71,022	316,755		141,069	(1)	(175,686)
Fund Balances - End of Year	\$	\$ -	316,441	\$	243,863	\$	5,552

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual
(12) – Special Revenue Fund

2021
30,
tember
Ser
Ended
Year
For the

		Budgeted Amounts	nounts	Actual	Variance with	
		Original	Final	(Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget	
Revenues						
Federal	8	632,823 \$	1,222,961	\$ 552,012	\$ (670,949)	949)
Local		500	500	516		16
Total Revenues		633,323	1,223,461	552,528	(670,933)	933)
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instructional		74,523	691,278	76,270	615,008	800
Instructional Support		333,892	316,538	153,957	162,581	581
Operation and Maintenance		109,908	100,645	122,618	(21,973)	973)
Auxiliary Services:		159,500	160,438	57,708	102,730	730
General Administrative		1	ı	114,058	(114,058)	058)
Total Expenditures		677,823	1,268,899	524,611	744,288	887
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(44,500)	(45,438)	27,917	73,	73,355
Other Financing Sources (Uses):						
Other financing Sources		44,500	44,500	83,565	39,	39,065
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		44,500	44,500	83,565	39,	39,065
Net Change in Fund Balances		1	(938)	111,482	112,420	420
Fund Balances - Beginning of Year		-	7,597	938	(6,0	(6,659)
Fund Balances - End of Year	8	<b>\$</b>	6,659	\$ 112,420	\$ 105,761	761

# MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Note to Required Supplementary Information For the Year Ended September 30, 2021

### NOTE 1 BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

On or before October 1 of each year, the School is required to prepare and submit to the state superintendent of education the annual budget to be adopted by the School. Neither the superintendent of education nor the School can approve any budget for operations of the school system for a fiscal year which shows expenditures in excess of income estimated to be available plus any balances on hand. The superintendent, with the approval of the School, has the authority to make changes within the approved budget provided that a deficit is not incurred by such changes.

Final budgeted amounts were adopted by the School in August 2021.

# MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Teacher's Retirement Plan of Alabama September 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021
School's proportion of the net pension liability	0.014050%	0.012671%	0.015913%	0.016620%
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 1,381,000	\$ 1,260,000	\$ 1,759,000	\$ 2,056,000
School's covered-employee payroll*	\$ 964,992	\$ 1,075,542	\$ 1,222,924	\$ 1,474,940
School's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	143.11%	117.15%	143.84%	139.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71.50%	72.29%	69.85%	67.72%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is

\*Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For FY 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019-September

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Schedule of School Contributions Teacher's Retirement Plan of Alabama September 30

		2018		2019		2020		2021	
Contractually Required Contribution*	<del>\$</del>	111,910	<b>↔</b>	127,179	↔	143,343	↔	171,503	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		111,910		127,179		143,343		171,503	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	S	1	8	1	↔	1	↔	1	
School's covered employee-payroll**	S	964,992	<b>↔</b>	1,075,542	↔	\$ 1,222,924	↔	1,474,940	
Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll		11.60%		11.82%		11.72%		11.63%	

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, governments should present information for those years for which information is available.

contributions in the pension plan's schedule of changes in fiduciary net position during the period that coincides with the Administrative Expenses. It does include the amounts paid for the Employer's portion of the Normal Cost and Accrued employer's fiscal year. This does not include amounts paid for Pre-retirement Death Benefit, Term Life Insurance or \*Amount of employer contributions equal to the amount that would be recognized as additions from the employer's

\*\*Employer's covered-employee payroll during the measurement period is the total payroll paid to covered employees (not just pensionable payroll). For FY 2021, the measurement period is October 1, 2019-September 30, 2020.

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.
Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability
Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust
For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30

	2018	2019	2020	2021
School's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.077310%	0.013016%	0.015168%	0.014536%
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 574,215	\$1,069,749	\$ 572,253	\$ 943,366
School's covered-employee payroll	\$ 964,992	\$1,075,542	\$ 1,222,924	\$1,474,940
School's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	59.50%	99.46%	46.79%	63.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	15.37%	14.81%	28.14%	19.80%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

4

MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Schedule of Contributions Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30

		2018		2019		2020		2021
Contractually Required Contribution	8	31,070	8	42,671	↔	\$ 42,671 \$ 42,671 \$ 31,799	<del>∽</del>	31,799
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		31,070		42,671		42,671		31,799
Contribution deficiency (excess)	↔	'	↔	'	↔	'	↔	1
School's covered employee-payroll	↔	\$ 964,992 \$1,075,542 \$1,222,924 \$1,474,940	\$1,	,075,542	\$1	,222,924	\$1	,474,940
Contributions as a percentage of coveredemployee payroll		3.22%		3.97%		3.49%		2.16%

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

# MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Note to Required Supplementary Information Alabama Retired Education Employees' Health Care Trust For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2023

### NOTE 1

### Changes in actuarial assumptions

In 2016, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability, mortality, spouse coverage, and tobacco usage were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2016, economic assumptions and the assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience. In 2016 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2020 using scale BB and adjusted 115% for all ages for males and 112% for ages 78 and over for females.

### Recent Plan Changes

Beginning in plan year 2021, the MAPD plan premium rates exclude the ACA Health Insurer Fee which was repealed on December 20, 2019.

Effective January 1, 2017, Medicare eligible medical and prescription drug benefits are provided through the MAPD plan.

The Plan is changed periodically to reflect the Affordable Care Act (ACA) maximum annual out-of-pocket amounts.

## Methods and assumptions used in calculations of actuarially determined contributions

The actuarially determined contribution rates in the schedule of employer contributions are calculated as of September 30, 2017 three years prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine the most recent contribution rate reported in that schedule:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization Method	Level percent of pay
Remaining Amortization Period	24 year, closed
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value of Assets
Inflation	2.75%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.00%
Medicare Eligible*	5.00%
Ultimate Trend Rate:	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Medicare Eligible	4.75%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2026 for Pre-Medicare Eligible
	2024 for Medicare Eligible
Investment Rate of Return	5.00%, including inflation

<sup>\*</sup>Initial Medicare claims are set based on scheduled increases through plan year 2019.





# INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Members of the Board MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. Mobile, Alabama

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc. as of and for the year ended September 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 30, 2022.

# **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether MAEF Public Charter Schools, Inc.'s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

# **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

•

Certified Public Accountants

Avizo Group, Inc.

March 30, 2022 Brewton, Alabama