

AP Calculus BC Summer Assignment (2024-2025 School Year)

Name: _____

Welcome to AP Calculus!

Going into AP Calculus we will be building off prior concepts that you learned about in previous math courses. Sometimes this can be difficult if you have not reviewed these topics and are proficient in them. We have identified several topics that you need proficiency in so that you may be successful in AP Calculus. For your summer assignment, you will complete the following pages to review these topics. Try to work the problems on your own. If you are having issues with the questions, search Google to help you understand/review the topic.

The summer assignment will be checked for completion on the first day of school. We will answer questions over the summer assignment during the first week of school in August and quiz over the summer assignment during that week as well.

We are excited about the opportunity for you to have success in AP Calculus. Please let us know if you have any questions or concerns.

-AP Calculus BC Team

Calculus - SUMMER PACKET

NAME: _____

Summer + Math = (Best Summer Ever)²

NO CALCULATOR!!!

Given $f(x) = x^2 - 2x + 5$, find the following.

1. $f(-2) =$

2. $f(x + 2) =$

3. $f(x + h) =$

Use the graph $f(x)$ to answer the following.

4. $f(0) =$

$f(4) =$

$f(-1) =$

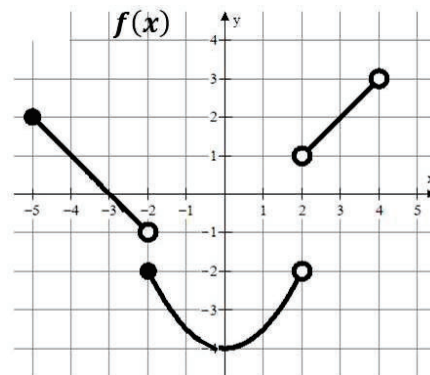
$f(-2) =$

$f(2) =$

$f(3) =$

$f(x) = 2$ when $x = ?$

$f(x) = -3$ when $x = ?$



Write the equation of the line meets the following conditions. Use point-slope form.

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

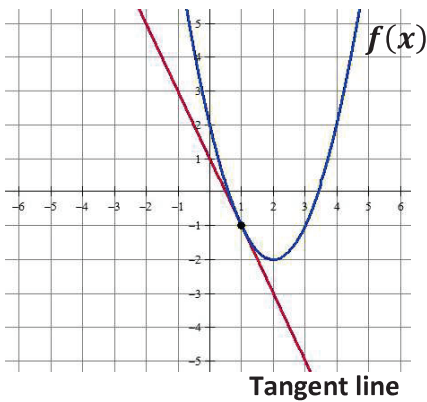
5. slope = 3 and $(4, -2)$

6. $m = -\frac{3}{2}$ and $f(-5) = 7$

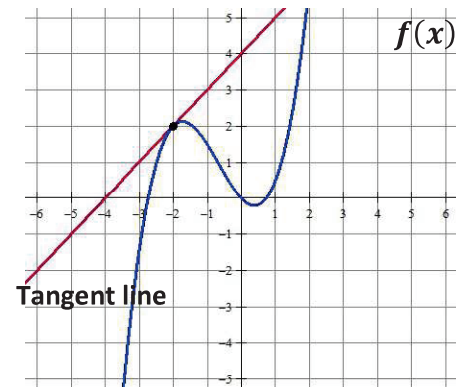
7. $f(4) = -8$ and $f(-3) = 12$

Write the equation of the tangent line in point slope form. $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

8. The line tangent to $f(x)$ at $x = 1$



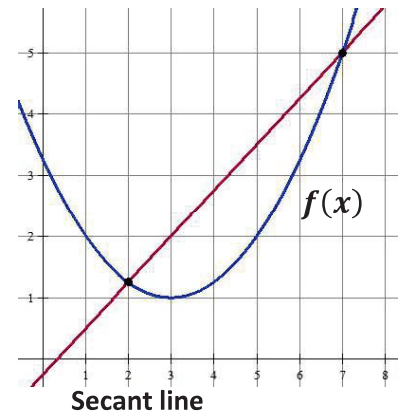
9. The line tangent to $f(x)$ at $x = -2$



MULTIPLE CHOICE! Remember slope = $\frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

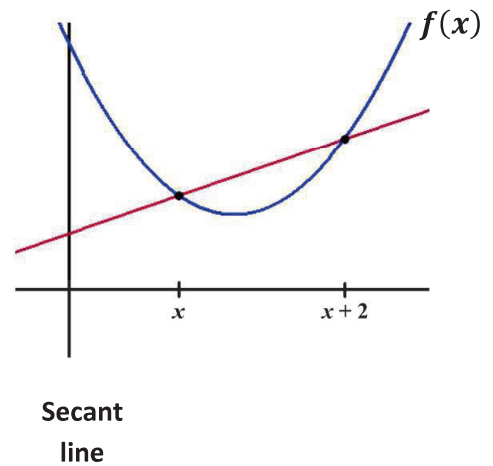
10. Which choice represents the slope of the secant line shown?

- A) $\frac{7-2}{f(7)-f(2)}$ B) $\frac{f(7)-2}{7-f(2)}$ C) $\frac{7-f(2)}{f(7)-2}$ D) $\frac{f(7)-f(2)}{7-2}$



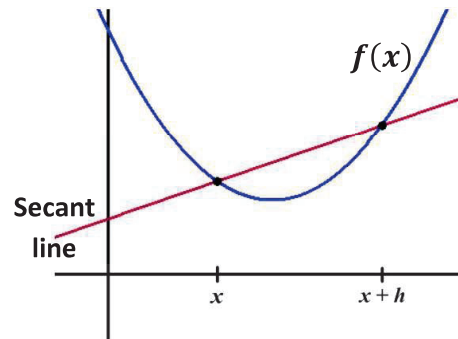
11. Which choice represents the slope of the secant line shown?

- A) $\frac{f(x)-f(x+2)}{x+2-x}$ B) $\frac{f(x+2)-f(x)}{x+2-x}$ C) $\frac{f(x+2)-f(x)}{x-(x+2)}$
- D) $\frac{x+2-x}{f(x)-f(x+2)}$



12. Which choice represents the slope of the secant line shown?

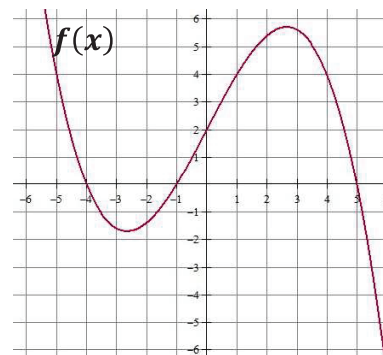
- A) $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{x-(x+h)}$ B) $\frac{x-(x+h)}{f(x+h)-f(x)}$ C) $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{x+h-x}$
- D) $\frac{f(x)-f(x+h)}{x+h-x}$



13. Which of the following statements about the function $f(x)$ is true?

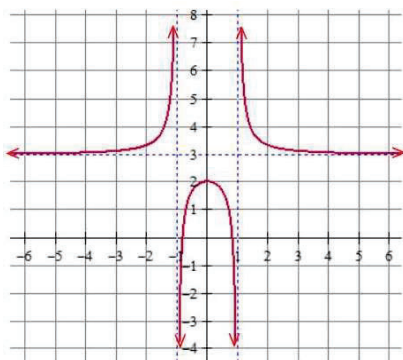
- I. $f(2) = 0$
 II. $(x + 4)$ is a factor of $f(x)$
 III. $f(5) = f(-1)$

- (A) I only
 (B) II only
 (C) III only
 (D) I and III only
 (E) II and III only



Find the domain and range (express in interval notation). Find all horizontal and vertical asymptotes.

14.



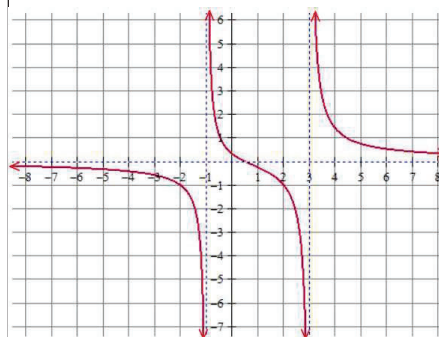
Domain:

Range:

Horizontal Asymptote(s):

Vertical Asymptotes(s):

15.



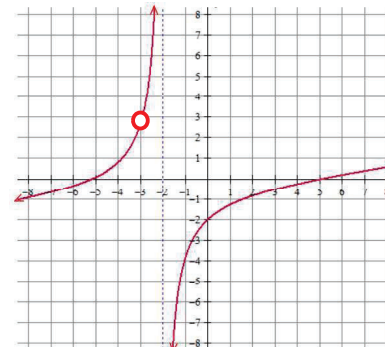
Domain:

Range:

Horizontal Asymptote(s):

Vertical Asymptotes(s):

16.



Domain:

Range:

Horizontal Asymptote(s):

Vertical Asymptotes(s):

MULTIPLE CHOICE!

17. Which of the following functions has a vertical asymptote at $x = 4$?

- (A) $\frac{x+5}{x^2-4}$
 (B) $\frac{x^2-16}{x-4}$
 (C) $\frac{4x}{x+1}$
 (D) $\frac{x+6}{x^2-7x+12}$
 (E) None of the above

18. Consider the function: $f(x) = \frac{x^2-5x+6}{x^2-4}$. Which of the following statements is true?

- I. $f(x)$ has a vertical asymptote of $x = 2$
 II. $f(x)$ has a vertical asymptote of $x = -2$
 III. $f(x)$ has a horizontal asymptote of $y = 1$

- (A) I only
 (B) II only
 (C) I and III only
 (D) II and III only
 (E) I, II and III

Rewrite the following using rational exponents. Example: $\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} = x^{-\frac{2}{3}}$

19. $\sqrt[5]{x^3} + \sqrt[5]{2x}$

20. $\sqrt{x+1}$

21. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$

22. $\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} - \frac{2}{x}$

23. $\frac{1}{4x^3} + \frac{1}{2}\sqrt[4]{x^3}$

24. $\frac{1}{4\sqrt{x}} - 2\sqrt{x+1}$

Write each expression in radical form and positive exponents. Example: $x^{-\frac{2}{3}} + x^{-2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x^2}} + \frac{1}{x^2}$

25. $x^{-\frac{1}{2}} - x^{\frac{3}{2}}$

26. $\frac{1}{2}x^{-\frac{1}{2}} + x^{-1}$

27. $3x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

28. $(x+4)^{-\frac{1}{2}}$

29. $x^{-2} + x^{\frac{1}{2}}$

30. $2x^{-2} + \frac{3}{2}x^{-1}$

Need to know basic trig functions in RADIANS! We never use degrees. You can either use the Unit Circle or Special Triangles to find the following.

31. $\sin \frac{\pi}{6}$	32. $\cos \frac{\pi}{4}$	33. $\sin 2\pi$
34. $\tan \pi$	35. $\sec \frac{\pi}{2}$	36. $\cos \frac{\pi}{6}$
37. $\sin \frac{\pi}{3}$	38. $\sin \frac{3\pi}{2}$	39. $\tan \frac{\pi}{4}$
40. $\csc \frac{\pi}{2}$	41. $\sin \pi$	42. $\cos \frac{\pi}{3}$
43. Find x where $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$	44. Find x where $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, $\tan x = 0$	45. Find x where $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$, $\cos x = -1$

Solve the following equations. Remember $e^0 = 1$ and $\ln 1 = 0$.

46. $e^x + 1 = 2$	47. $3e^x + 5 = 8$	48. $e^{2x} = 1$
49. $\ln x = 0$	50. $3 - \ln x = 3$	51. $\ln(3x) = 0$
52. $x^2 - 3x = 0$	53. $e^x + xe^x = 0$	54. $e^{2x} - e^x = 0$

Solve the following trig equations where $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$.

55. $\sin x = \frac{1}{2}$

56. $\cos x = -1$

57. $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

58. $2\sin x = -1$

59. $\cos x = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

60. $\cos\left(\frac{x}{2}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

61. $\tan x = 0$

62. $\sin(2x) = 1$

63. $\sin\left(\frac{x}{4}\right) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

For each function, determine its domain and range.

Function

Domain

Range

64. $y = \sqrt{x - 4}$

65. $y = (x - 3)^2$

66. $y = \ln x$

67. $y = e^x$

68. $y = \sqrt{4 - x^2}$

Simplify.

69. $\frac{\sqrt{x}}{x}$

70. $e^{\ln x}$

71. $e^{1+\ln x}$

72. $\ln 1$	73. $\ln e^7$	74. $\log_3 \frac{1}{3}$
75. $\log_{1/2} 8$	76. $\ln \frac{1}{2}$	77. $27^{\frac{2}{3}}$
78. $(5a^{2/3})(4a^{3/2})$	79. $\frac{4xy^{-2}}{12x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{-5}}$	80. $(4a^{5/3})^{3/2}$

If $f(x) = \{(3, 5), (2, 4), (1, 7)\}$ $g(x) = \sqrt{x-3}$,
 $h(x) = \{(3, 2), (4, 3), (1, 6)\}$ $k(x) = x^2 + 5$, then determine each of the following.

81. $(f + h)(1)$	82. $(k - g)(5)$	83. $f(h(3))$
84. $g(k(7))$	85. $h(3)$	86. $g(g(9))$
87. $f^{-1}(4)$	88. $k^{-1}(x)$	
89. $k(g(x))$	90. $g(f(2))$	