## 2024-2025

# **Compulsory School Attendance Manual**

**School Social Services** 

School District of Volusia County P.O. Box 2118 DeLand, Florida 32721-2118

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#### **Compulsory School Attendance**

The following are district procedures adopted to comply with the Florida Compulsory Attendance Law, Chapter 1003, <u>Section 1003.24</u>, Florida Statutes. Patterns of non-attendance and truancy are identified as early warning signs of academic failure. The continuum of truancy to delinquency typically includes other behaviors that result in suspension, expulsion, and drop out. Students with the highest truancy rates are found to have the lowest academic achievement, which puts them at greater risk for dropping out of school.

All children who have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year, or who are older than 6 years of age but who have not attained the age of 16 years except as otherwise provided, are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term. A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the student files a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the district school board. The declaration must acknowledge that terminating school enrollment is likely to reduce the student's earning potential and must be signed by the student and the student's parent/guardian. (See section on Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment page 18) Students who attain the age of 18 years or who graduate before the age of 18 are not subject to the compulsory school attendance law.

"Regular school attendance means the actual attendance of a student during the school day as defined by law and rules of the State Board of Education. Regular attendance within the intent of F.S. <u>1003.21</u> may be achieved by attendance in: (a) a public school supported by public funds; (b) a parochial, religious, or denominational school; (c) a private school supported in whole or in part by tuition charges or by endowments or gifts; (d) a home education program that meets the requirements of Chapter 1002; or (e) a private tutoring program that meets the requirements of Chapter 1002."

#### Attendance, Attachment, and Achievement

Attendance is highly correlated to how students perform in school (student achievement). The <u>National</u> <u>Center for School Engagement</u> uses the "Theory of Change"... which means that success in school and school completion are based on the integration of: (a) the student's regular participation (attendance) in school, (b) the student and family's meaningful connection (attachment) with the school, and (c) the assurance that the student has the necessary tools and resources to complete courses and graduate from high school (achievement).

#### **Chronic Absenteeism**

In October 2015 the Obama Administration launched *Every Student, Every Day: A National Initiative to Address and Eliminate Chronic Absenteeism* in response to the President's call to action to improve the lives of all young people through the My Brother's Keeper Initiative (MBK). Chronic Absenteeism is defined as missing at least 10 percent of school days in a school year (approximately 18 days or nearly an entire month or more), regardless of whether the absences are excused or unexcused. With an estimated 5 to 7.5 million students chronically absent each year, chronic absenteeism is a national problem that seriously undermines collective efforts to improve education and life outcomes among youth, such as opportunities in postsecondary education and good careers. Chronic absenteeism is often confused with truancy, which can lead to disproportionate suspensions and expulsions from school and inappropriate referrals of students and families to law enforcement. Led by the White House, U.S. Departments of Education (ED), Health and Human Services (HHS), Housing and Urban Development (HUD), and Justice (DOJ), the Obama Administration announced steps to combat chronic absenteeism and called on states and local communities across the country to join in taking immediate action to address and eliminate chronic absenteeism by at least 10 percent each year, beginning in the 2015-2016 school year. Attendance Works, a non-profit national initiative that was born in 2010, collaborates with schools, districts, states, communities, and organizations to ensure that everyone recognizes that chronic absence is a serious issue that can be addressed using a positive, problem-solving approach grounded in an understanding of educational inequities. For 10 years Attendance Works has found that chronic absence can be significantly reduced when schools, families and community partners work together to monitor data, promote good attendance, and address the hurdles that keep children from getting to school every day and continues to provide research based strategies and interventions about chronic absenteeism. (See https://www.attendanceworks.org)

Within our school district, chronic absenteeism data has been made available to schools via end of year district attendance reports. Chronic absenteeism is a dropout indicator on the Early Warning System which identifies students who need additional support to improve school engagement and academic performance. Beginning in the 2016-2017 school year, the Superintendent of Volusia County Schools initiated an attendance campaign for the district, "Everybody Every Day." This initiative focused on improving student attendance and provided schools with strategies to combat chronic absenteeism. During the 2019-2020 school year, the world was faced with COVID-19 pandemic. This greatly impacted our district's and the nation's attendance rates. Currently, we are working as a district to reduce the adverse impact of this pandemic by addressing gaps and implementing a comprehensive tiered approach (MTSS- Multi-Tiered Systems of Support) to improving student attendance and engagement with a rebranded attendance initiative, "All Day Every Day," that focuses on improving chronic absenteeism.

#### Guidelines for Handling "Did Not Enter" (DNE's)

The following are recommended guidelines for handling DNE (did not enter) students that have not entered their assigned schools:

- 1. School personnel should follow the Days 1-10 Daily Student Data Maintenance List and crossreference their records requests (from other schools) with their list of students who have not entered in order to determine if students have enrolled elsewhere.
- 2. If no records requests have been received, those students' attendance codes should be updated to NS (no show). Beginning on Day 3, school personnel should try to contact the parent/guardian at their last known home, work, and/or emergency phone numbers. At the end of Day 10, the district will run the DNE job to identify all students that are enrolled but have not attended within Days 1-10. The identified students will be withdrawn dated the first day of school with code DNE, and their schedules will be deleted.
- 3. On Day 11, school personnel should begin efforts to locate students and update DNE WD codes by running (export) report Students with Withdrawal Code "DNE" (SIS10012) in Focus to identify DNE students. Then, print the Did Not Enter (DNE) Letter for all DNE students from Print Letters & Send Email. (*See sample 20 English or Spanish*, Did Not Enter (DNE) Note, form 2010039 found in Forms Management.) If no response is received from the letter, a referral should be made to the school social worker prior to the 20th day of school. The referral is the DNE list of students who have not entered.
- 4. School social workers will take the necessary steps to determine the current whereabouts of the non-enrolled students and report back to the school with their findings as soon as they are aware.

- 5. When no valid reason for a student's non-enrollment in VCS is found, the school social worker shall prepare a <u>3-Day Non-Enrollment Letter</u> (*see sample 27*). This written notice may be delivered in person or mailed certified with return-receipt to the parent or guardian. The letter requires the student's enrollment and attendance within 3 days of receipt of the notice.
- 6. If the student does not enroll after the <u>3-Day Non-Enrollment Letter</u> has been hand-delivered or received through certified mail, the school social worker may complete a court packet for violation of the compulsory school attendance law.

#### **Excused Absences**

Illness or other legitimate causes will be excused with the permission of the parent/guardian and the school principal, up to 15 days within the school year. After 15 days of absence, excused or unexcused, a student must have a doctor's verification for subsequent absences due to illness. In addition, the school shall also have the discretion to require that subsequent absences or tardiness be accompanied by a statement explaining the reason for such absences and tardiness. The legitimacy of a cause for being absent shall be determined by the building principal or designee based on the following criteria:

- (a) whether the reason for absence is equivalent in importance to the student's need to be in attendance;
- (b) the needs of the student and the student's family;
- (c) the number of absences accumulated by the student;
- (d) other justifiable rationale.

For an excused absence, a reasonable time will be allowed for the student to complete make-up work requirements for credit as set forth in individual school policy in accordance with <u>School Board Policy 206</u>.

Schools must be notified of excused absences by either personal communication or written explanation from the parent/guardian. If the parent/guardian fails to provide notification, the absence will be recorded as unexcused.

When a parent who has been deployed out of state or county is home on leave, an LEA must allow the student additional excused absences to visit with the parent.

For students with chronic illnesses that may require more than the allowed 15 days of absences, the parent/guardian must provide a letter from the student's doctor stating that the student suffers with a chronic illness that will likely require more than 15 days of absences each year. This letter must be provided to the school each year that the condition continues. The parent/guardian may then call in illnesses beyond the 15 days without providing additional medical documentation.

Medical and dental appointments should be made after school hours. When this is not possible, students may be excused to fill these appointments. An excuse notification from the doctor or parent/guardian is required.

Autism Spectrum Disorder Therapy: Absences for student appointments to receive autism spectrum disorder therapy will be excused upon parent request. The parent must notify the school on each day of the absence(s). Therapy includes, but is not limited to, applied behavioral analysis, speech therapy, and occupational therapy. Therapy must be provided by a licensed health care practitioner or behavior analyst who is certified for the treatment of autism spectrum disorder. If the student who is diagnosed with autism spectrum disorder is continually sick and repeatedly absent, they must be under the supervision of a licensed health care practitioner or a certified behavior analyst for the absences to be excused.

Religious holidays or religious instruction: Students may be excused from school for observance of established religious holidays or for religious instruction in accordance with <u>School Board Policy 207</u>.

#### **Unexcused Absences**

A representative from the school (i.e., instructional, administrative, clerical and/or support staff) must contact the parent/guardian to determine the reason for each unexcused absence or absence for which the reason is unknown. The fact that the student's parent/guardian knew of the absence does not, in and of itself, require that the absence be recorded as an excused absence by school personnel. Absence without notification to school officials by the parent/guardian is considered an unexcused absence. Out-of-school suspensions are considered unexcused absences.

The school representative must initiate contact with the parent/guardian either in person, by telephone, or email, (Focus Communication) to determine the reason for the daily absence (F.S. Section 1003.26). When using Focus Communication, on your message, please request that the parent/guardian contact the school attendance representative. For households with no phone, the Parent Notification of Unexcused Absences letter (form 2001099 – *see sample 1, English or Spanish*) may be used to contact parent/guardian. Given the requirements to obtain parent information regarding the reason for a student's absence, schools are advised to consider multiple communication strategies to satisfy compliance.

Make-up work for unexcused absences shall be governed by the terms established in each individual school's policy, which may include the assessment of a letter grade penalty. However, students who are suspended shall be provided with specific homework assignments to be completed in accordance with <u>School Board</u> <u>Policy 206</u>.

#### Sample Definitions of Excused and Unexcused Absences

Sample definitions of *excused and unexcused*, established by local policies have been provided below by the Department of Education in their <u>Technical Assistance Paper on Compulsory School Attendance (2015-40)</u>.

Excused absence (parent notification/documentation required):

- brief student illness/injury;
- medical/ dental appointments;
- death of an immediate family member;
- religious holiday of the specific faith of the student (principal approved);
- compelled absence (i.e., judicial);
- natural/major disaster that would justify absence (principal approved);
- school-sponsored/related activity (principal approved);
- other advance notice absences (principal approved);
- insurmountable conditions (principal approved); and
- appointment for autism spectrum disorder therapy.

#### Unexcused absence:

- missing school bus/oversleeping;
- shopping/pleasure/vacation trips;
- excessive illness (without physician verification that medical condition justifies pattern); and
- failure to communicate the reason for the absence.

If a local district policy defines absence due to suspension as an unexcused absence, DOE advises to collect this data using a method to distinguish unexcused absence related to discipline from an unexcused absence not related to discipline. The distinction alleviates the double penalty problem (e.g., driving

privileges and Learnfare) created by reporting a student using accumulated unexcused absences that include those due to suspension.

#### **Tardies/Lates/Early Checkouts**

Effective July 1, 2006, school boards were authorized to establish policies that allow accumulated unexcused tardies regardless of when they occur during the school day, and early departures from school to be recorded as unexcused absences – **F.S. 1003.02(1)(b)**.

A student shall be considered tardy when he or she arrives to school after the beginning of the official school day or is not in the assigned class at the official beginning of a class period. A parent/guardian shall notify the school as to the reason of the tardiness. A late arrival by a student must be documented as part of the daily attendance procedure and must be added to the student's attendance in Focus. A tardy must be recorded under the period the student came in late, and the appropriate absence code for the preceding periods. The tardy must be identified as excused (T-tardy), unexcused (L-late), or late to class periods (LC). The T and L codes are only updated by attendance clerk or designee, whereas the LC is only used by the teacher when the student enters their classroom late. Best practice is to inquire the reason the student is tardy/late to school. Reasons for excusing a student arriving late to school are determined by the principal.

Early checkouts occur when a parent/guardian removes a student from class prior to the official end of the day. Students that leave early are to be documented as part of the daily attendance procedure and must be added to the student's attendance in Focus. The checkout must be recorded under the appropriate period the student was checked out followed by the appropriate absence code for the remaining periods. All students checking out early are to be recorded on the Daily Check In/Check Out Log maintained by the office and must be identified as excused (C) or unexcused (B) in Focus. Reasons for excusing a student checking out early are determined by the principal.

Tardies and/or early checkouts will be excused with the permission of the parent/guardian and the school principal. The legitimacy of a cause for being tardy or checked out early shall be determined by the building principal or designee based on the following criteria: (a) whether the reason for absence is equivalent in importance to the student's need to be in attendance; (b) the needs of the student and the student's family; (c) the number of absences accumulated by the student; (d) other justifiable rationale.

#### Suggested Definitions for Excused or Unexcused Tardies/Checkouts

An excused tardy is given when a student is late to school/class due to sickness or injury, death in the family, automobile accident, medical or dental appointments with a note from the doctor, court date, school sponsored activities, or other reasons approved by the school principal. All the reasons above would be applicable for an excused checkout except the student being late for school/class due to sickness or injury.

An unexcused tardy is given as determined by the school principal or when a student is late to school due to, but not limited to, oversleeping, missing the school bus, shopping trips, pleasure trips, or an excessive number of tardies due to illness without a doctor's verification that the medical condition justifies the student's tardiness. An unexcused checkout will be given if the student is being released to avoid traffic congestion, going to work (not otherwise approved, i.e., on-the-job training), shopping trips, pleasure trips, or other reasons not approved by the principal.

#### **Excused Absences**

- E ABSENT (Excused Absence)
- R RELIGIOUS (Excused Absence) This code is used when a student is absent due to attending off campus religious instruction or is absent for observance of a religious holiday.
- V Excused absence due to receipt of a Doctor's Verification. This code must only be used for students who have reached the 15-day criteria requiring a doctor's note for absences <u>due to illness</u>. For students that have not met\_the 15-day criteria and a doctor's note is received, use code 'E' Absent Excused.
- H2 EXCUSED ABSENCE-INVOLUNTARY REMOVAL NON-PUNITIVE (DOJ)

#### **Unexcused Absences**

- S OUT OF SCHOOL SUSPENSION
- U ABSENT (Unexcused Absence)
- X EXCLUDED Excluded from school due to lack of proper documentation of immunization.
- Z TRUANCY Absence with or without the knowledge or consent of the parent or legal guardian constitutes truancy.
- NS NO SHOW (DNE)
- M ABSENT-VOLUNTARY PARENT REMOVAL (DOJ)

#### Other

- B UNEXCUSED CHECKOUT
- C EXCUSED CHECKOUT
- F FUNCTION (Field Trip, School Activity Off Campus)
- G GROUP ACTIVITY (On Campus)
- I IN- SCHOOL SUSPENSION (Excused)
- L UNEXCUSED TARDY
- LC LATE TO CLASS
- T EXCUSED TARDY
- N- UNEXCUSED CHECKOUT VOLUNTARY PARENT REMOVAL (DOJ)
- H1 INVOLUNTARY REMOVAL NON-PUNITIVE (DOJ)
- O PRESENT-ALTERNATE SETTING
- W- HURRICANE

#### Attendance Year Type

- R Regular School Year
- S Summer Session

#### **Classroom Removals**

In accordance with <u>School Board Policy 206</u>, a classroom removal is defined as any time a student is excluded or isolated away from instructional time due to a behavior issue.

Any time a student with a disability (known or should have known) is removed from the classroom based on a behavioral incident that may be the result of, or manifestation of, the student's disability, the removal shall be documented and entered into the VCS SIS, and the event reported to the school's principal/designee for further tracking.

- 1. The removal shall be documented in the SIS noting the reason for the removal, the destination where the student was sent, the minutes the student is out of the learning environment (calculated using the time of the removal and the time of the return), the attendance code (e.g. Present Alternate Setting) and the resultant action (e.g. Alternate Setting). The student's attendance for that period of time will then be updated by the SIS to "H". This code will allow the school and district teams to monitor how often the manifestation of the student's disability is removing the student from the classroom setting, and to make adjustments as needed to better support the student's engagement and participation in the learning environment.
- 2. When documenting the removal, the following information shall be entered into the comment box:
  - a. How the behavior that caused the removal may have resulted from the student's disability.
  - b. The date and time the parent(s)/guardian(s) were notified of the removal.
- 3. In the rare circumstance that it should be necessary to remove the student from campus because the student is at imminent risk of seriously harming self or others, involuntary removal code (H1-checkout or H2-absence) shall be used, and compensatory time shall be issued. These removals will not negatively impact the student but will allow the school to ensure proper training and support is available to meet the needs of the student.
- 4. if the parent(s)/guardian(s) is notified of a concerning behavior, and the parent(s)/guardian(s) elects to remove the student, the school shall obtain documentation (Parent Voluntary Student Removal Form) from the parent(s)/guardian(s) affirming the decision to remove the student from the classroom setting is voluntary. VCS may not require or coerce the parent(s)/guardian(s) into "voluntarily" removing the student from class.

#### **Attendance History**

The attendance history contains detailed attendance information for all students enrolled in Volusia County Schools for the current school year. The Attendance menu in Focus provides access to attendance actions, reports, and setup. A student's attendance history can be viewed in the Attendance Chart and Attendance Summary. The Attendance Chart is used to view and update records of student absences by period and in a specified frame of time. The timeframe can be a single day, or it can span days, weeks, or quarters. The Absence Summary displays a breakdown of all the attendance codes in use during a specified date range selected in the header of the report. The report can be displayed for all students, a subgroup, or an individual student.

The student attendance system must be kept up to date each school day. All teachers entering attendance are required to enter attendance during the first 10 minutes of the day. Secondary teachers must report attendance in the first 10 minutes of each period. Reports can be run on demand in Focus. Focus is the official record of attendance.

#### **Compulsory Attendance Report**

For schools to ensure the management of the attendance at their schools, they must run the VCS School Compulsory Attendance Information (SIS10102) in Focus. This report allows you to Customize parameters to meet your specific needs when assessing students' attendance and attendance history at schools.

#### Five (5) Unexcused Absences Within a 30 Calendar Days

When a student has 5 unexcused absences (excluding out-of-school suspensions), within 30 calendar days, the student's attendance history shall be reviewed to see if a pattern of non-attendance is occurring. A student with fewer absences may be referred to the Multi-Tiered Systems of Support MTSS (IPST) even earlier if a pattern of non-attendance is developing.

When a student reaches a total of 5 unexcused absences within a 30-calendar day period, the school must notify parents/guardians (i.e., letters, report cards, and/or Focus Communication messages). (See sample 23 – English or Spanish, <u>5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days Note</u>, form 2010041.) Students who have reached the 5th unexcused absence on that date of the month will be listed in the Attendance Letter Queue in Focus. The Letter Queue should be viewed daily and letters should be printed, sent/emailed to parents, and logged as they appear.

#### Letter Queue

	Report Timeframe: May \$ 1 \$ Include Printed Letters Update		ut Adding Log Entries	rint Letters & Add	Log Entries
Se	arch Screen Simple List Custor	nized List			
44	letters 📳		Filters: OFF Se	earch	10
63	Recipient	Letter Template	Added	Added By	Grade
0	CA	5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		11
0	CA	10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		11
0	co	(Spanish) 5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		10
0	co	(Spanish) 10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		10
0	DE	5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		09
8	DE	10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		09
0	FLE	10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days	Wed, May 29, 2019		10

- 2. The teacher/school staff should contact and/or conference with the parent and/or student about the attendance concern and plan to resolve it. Record of contact and/or conference should be kept. IPST 2 can be used to document the parent contact and/or conference.
- 3. The school representative should review the VCS School Compulsory Attendance Information (SIS10102) Report to determine which students/cases are serious enough (i.e., historical cases) to address through Multi-Tiered Systems of Support [MTSS (IPST)].

4. According to Florida Statute 1003, students who are exhibiting a pattern of non-attendance must be referred to the Child Study Team (i.e. MTSS (IPST) for assistance with the remediation of the problem.

#### Ten (10) Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days

When a student has 10 unexcused absences (excluding out-of-school suspensions) within a 90-calendar-day period, by law, the student's attendance history must be reviewed to see if a pattern of non-attendance is occurring.

- When a student reaches 10 unexcused absences within a 90-calendar day, the school must notify parents/guardians and send the parent the following sample letter for further documentation of their efforts to communicate with the parent. (*See sample 24 English or Spanish*, <u>10 Unexcused Absences Within</u> <u>90 Calendar Days Note</u>, form 2010042.) Students who have reached the 10th unexcused absence on that date of the month will be listed in the Attendance Letter Queue in Focus. The Letter Queue should be viewed daily and letters should be printed, sent/emailed to parents, and logged as they appear.
- 2. The school representative should review the VCS School Compulsory Attendance Information (SIS10102) Report to determine which students/cases are serious enough to forward to the MTSS (IPST). The <u>Request for Individual Problem Solving Team Assistance IPST 5</u> (form 2009014 *see sample 2*) should be completed and forwarded to the MTSS (PST) Chair to initiate further assistance from the team. Only if it is determined that a student with disabilities' attendance issues are directly linked or related to their exceptionality, the school should contact the Case Manager or IEP Facilitator first, then the District Placement Specialist (DPS), if applicable, to schedule an IEP meeting.
- 3. According to Florida Statute 1003, students who are exhibiting a pattern of non-attendance must be referred to the Child Study Team (i.e. MTSS (IPST)) for assistance with the remediation of the problem.
- 4. The principal's designee should invite the parent/guardian to the MTSS (IPST) or IEP meeting to address the unexcused absences and develop an intervention plan to remediate the problem. The <u>Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS)-Individual Problem-Solving Team (IPST) Parent</u> <u>Meeting Notification</u> (*see sample 4*) or IEP Meeting Notice should be utilized. At the secondary level, the student should be asked to join and participate in the attendance meeting.

#### Fifteen (15) Excused or Unexcused Absences

When a student has 15 (year to date) absences, excused or unexcused (excluding out-of-school suspensions), the student must have a doctor's verification to excuse subsequent absences due to illness.

- 1. Students who reached the 15th absence on that date will be listed in the Attendance Letter Queue in Focus. The Letter Queue should be viewed daily, and letters should be printed, sent to parents, and logged as they appear. **Please note:** if school officials have previously received medical documentation of a chronic condition for which ongoing absences are anticipated, then there is no need to send a notification letter to the parent/guardian.
- 2. A notification letter is to be mailed to the parent/guardian regarding the absences requesting a doctor's excuse by using the <u>15-Day Doctor's Note</u> letter (*see sample 6, English or Spanish*). The letter must be printed on your school's letterhead with the principal's signature. Absences not due to illness (vacation, funeral, visiting college, etc.) do not require a doctor's excuse and may be excused according to district policy. Please note that the following codes are included in the logic to generate the 15-day Doctor's Note in the Letter Queue: Unexcused U, X, Z and Excused E, R, V.

#### Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (Individual Problem Solving Team)

Problem solving is a research-based strategy that seeks to ensure that individual, class-wide, and schoolwide problems are addressed systematically and that important educational decisions are based on data that is collected frequently over time. The foundation of problem-solving is to develop positive solutions for every child, not just for those students being considered for Exceptional Student Education (ESE). Within this context, Multi-Tiered Systems of Support (MTSS /IPST) examine all factors that may be impacting academic success for students (i.e., Instruction, Curriculum, Environment, and Learner-centered variables).

Volusia County Schools Multi-Tiered Systems of Support are intervention driven/progress monitoring teams at each school which assist students, families, and teachers in seeking positive solutions for all students. A critical component of the Multi-Tiered Systems of Support is the collaboration of all stakeholders within the school community. By tapping into the expertise of these professionals, as well as parents/guardians, the team is more likely to accurately determine the cause of the student's problem and subsequently develop effective solutions.

#### **Procedures for Addressing Unexcused Absences**

According to <u>Florida Statute 1003.26</u>, students who are exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance must be referred to the Child Study Team (MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee) for assistance with the remediation of the problem. The following guidelines are intended for MTSS (IPST) Chairpersons, District Placement Specialists, IEP Facilitators and/or Case Managers, respective team members, and those addressing attendance within school sites. State Reporting and/or the Information Technology Services should be contacted for more specific, technical information regarding compulsory school attendance and district procedures.

- Upon each unexcused absence, or absence for which the reason is unknown, the school representative (i.e., administrative, instructional, clerical, and/or support staff) must contact the parent/guardian to determine the reason for the absence. Communication with the parent is necessary to determine if the absence is excused or unexcused based on <u>School Board Policy 206</u>. Communication can be done through phone calls, Focus Communication, letter, or personal contact with the parent/guardian. For households with no phone or schools not using Focus Communication, the <u>Parent Notification of Unexcused Absences</u> letter (form 2001099 *see sample 1, English or Spanish*) may be used to contact the parent/guardian. Parents/guardians should be encouraged to utilize the Parent Portal to access information about their child. If using Focus Communication, on your message, please request that the parent/guardian contact the school attendance representative.
- 2. Teachers should communicate with the attendance clerk and take every opportunity to notify parents/guardians of developing patterns of non-attendance and determine the cause. Parent/guardian contact must be made or attempted prior to referral to the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee. Record of contact and/or conference should be kept. The <u>Student Data Collection:</u> <u>Parent Contacts & Staff Consultations IPST 2</u> (form 2009011 *see sample 16*) can be utilized to document parent/guardian contacts and consultation with the school social worker. If the teacher or the school staff has exhausted all attempts to contact the parent/guardian and have failed (i.e., phone calls, phone messages, letters, notes, emails, etc.), a <u>Social Work Referral</u> (form 2004261 *see sample 14*) requesting assistance in communication may be generated.

- 3. If a student has had at least 5 unexcused absences within a calendar month (or an accumulation of unexcused tardies/early checkouts equaling 5 unexcused absences) or 10 unexcused absences (or an accumulation of unexcused tardies/early checkouts equaling 10 unexcused absences) within a 90-calendar-day period (excluding out-of-school suspensions), school personnel should evaluate the students' attendance to determine if patterns of non-attendance are developing and if these cases are serious enough to be forwarded to the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee. Only if it is determined that a student with disabilities' attendance issues are directly linked or related to their exceptionality, the school should first contact the Case Manager and/or IEP Facilitator, then the District Placement Specialist (DPS), if applicable, to schedule an IEP meeting. A student with fewer absences may be referred for assistance from the team even earlier if a pattern of non-attendance is developing.
- 4. Schools must prioritize which students are referred to the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee for attendance issues only. Suggestions for prioritizing students to be referred to these teams due to excessive unexcused absences include:
  - Consider the age of the student. Students who are under age 16 are to be given priority over those ages 16 and over. Schools may also want to consider whether students age 5 and under should be referred to the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee or whether attendance issues for these students should be handled through parent/teacher conference. Please note that these students are not subject to compulsory attendance.
  - Consider the number of unexcused absences. Students with a high number of unexcused absences and a prior history of excessive absences are to be considered before those students who have no prior history and a low number of unexcused absences. Prior communication with the school administrator regarding unexcused absences and/or extenuating circumstances shall be taken into consideration.
  - The grade level of the student is to be considered. Schools can set their priorities and schedule students based upon those priorities.
  - Students whose parents/guardians request assistance should be given priority.
  - Students with excessive unexcused absences, along with excessive discipline referrals or poor academic progress, must be given priority.
- If the MTSS (IIPST)/IEP Committee determines that a pattern of non-attendance is developing, whether the absences are excused or not, a meeting with the parent/guardian must be scheduled to identify potential remedies. The <u>Request for Individual Problem Solving Team Assistance</u> <u>IPST 5</u> (form 2009014 – *see sample 2*) should be completed to alert the MTSS (IPST) Chair to schedule a MTSS (IPST) meeting.
- 6. The principal's designee should invite the parent/guardian to the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee meeting to address the unexcused absences and intervention plan to remediate the problem. Parents/guardians should be invited to the meeting by using the <u>Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS)-Individual Problem-Solving Team (IPST) Parent Meeting Notification</u> letter (*see sample 4*) or the IEP Meeting Notice. In addition to the Invitation Letter, a reminder phone call or email is suggested. At the secondary level, the student should be asked to join and participate in the attendance meeting. The school social worker should also be invited to the meeting.
- 7. During the meeting, inform parents/guardians of Florida's Compulsory School Attendance Law, which states that children between the ages of 6 (on or before Feb 1 of the school year) and 16

must attend school regularly. Students over 16 years old are still compulsory school age until age 18, unless the parent and student complete a formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment. Parents are legally responsible for their children's school attendance.

If the attendance is being addressed at a MTSS (IPST) meeting, interventions developed throughout the problem-solving process and during the meeting which address the nonattendance issues should be documented on the **Individual Problem Solving Team: Attendance/Homeless IPST: 6** A/H (form 2009060 – *see sample 18*) in Focus. When addressing attendance concerns only, or if poor academic performance is hypothesized to be resulting solely from poor attendance, IPST 6A/H is used in lieu of IPST 6-8. When attendance concerns are occurring with academic and/or behavioral concerns, IPST 6-8 is completed as well as IPST 6A/H.

If attendance is being addressed at an IEP meeting, the IEP Committee should utilize the following guiding questions to address the attendance concern and document the information in the Meeting Minutes of the IEP:

- the # of absences (unexcused/excused), tardies (unexcused/excused), and early checkouts
- what parent says was the reason for the absences/tardies/checkouts
- how the attendance issue is affecting the student's educational progress
- what interventions have been tried to address the attendance concern
- what the plan is to remediate the problem

In addition, the **ESE Request for Assistance/Attendance** (form 2004029 – *see sample 17, English*) should be completed during the IEP meeting.

For all students, the **Family Assessment Form** (form 2004239) may also be used to gather information about the family to assist with intervention strategies.

During the meeting, recommended interventions to address the attendance concern may include, but need not be limited to:

- Attendance Contract with parent and student
- Frequent teacher contact
- Changes in the learning environment
- Mentoring
- School Counseling Services
- Tutoring, including peer tutoring
- Placement into a different class
- Exploration of educational options
- Referral to other agencies for family services
- Follow-up Parent/Teacher Conferences
- Referral to School Nurse
- Providing information about the district attendance policy/procedures

For all students, an <u>Attendance Contract</u> (form 2001042 – *see sample 3, English or Spanish*) should be completed during the attendance meeting as an intervention tool, and a copy given to the parents/guardians. In addition, parents/ guardians should be advised of their right to appeal if they believe that the interventions recommended are inappropriate or unnecessary. The parent/guardian should sign the <u>Notice of Right to Appeal</u> (form 2001097 – *see sample 5, English or Spanish*) and be provided a copy. If a parent/guardian chooses to exercise their right to appeal, then they should

be given a copy of the <u>Notice of Intent to Exercise Right to Appeal</u> (form 2007188 – *see sample 8, English or Spanish*).

- 8. If a parent/guardian is unable to attend the meeting in person, it is beneficial to attempt to make contact via phone or virtually and conduct the meeting with the parent/guardian. Communication with the parent/guardian regarding attendance concerns is essential to the success of the intervention strategies for the student.
- 9. If the parents/guardians are not in attendance at the meeting and cannot be reached during the meeting by telephone, the MTSS (IPST) Chair or IEP Committee representative, should contact the parent/guardian to inform them of the interventions that have been recommended and provide them with a copy of the MTSS (IPST) Minutes or IEP, other attendance forms, and the Notice of Right to Appeal.
- 10. After the attendance meeting, the student's attendance should be monitored by the school designee to ensure compliance with the recommended interventions. If the initial meeting does not resolve the problem, another meeting may be requested, or other interventions may be implemented and documented. If attendance continues to be a concern despite the interventions, a referral to the school social worker for additional follow-up may be generated by using the <u>Attendance Referral</u> (form 2014002 *see sample 33*) and completing the referral packet.
- 11. When a student has accumulated 15 unexcused absences (excluding out-of-school suspensions) within a 90-calendar-day period, they have met the state's legal definition of habitual truancy. After appropriate interventions by the MTSS (IPST)/IEP Committee have been implemented, and an <u>Attendance Referral</u> (form 2014002 *see sample 33*) has been initiated for the school social worker, a referral may be forwarded to the agencies identified in <u>F.S. 1003.27</u>, if the truancy issue is not resolved. The school social worker will be responsible for taking the necessary steps to seek criminal prosecution for noncompliance with the compulsory school attendance law. This may involve a referral to adult court, ASAP, Teen Court, or CINS/FINS.
- Note: If attempts to contact the parent have failed or the parent is non-responsive to attempts/ interventions and a student continues to accumulate unexcused absences, a <u>3-Day Unexcused</u> <u>Absences Letter</u> (*see sample 28*) is sent via certified mail and/or hand-delivered by the school social worker.

#### Procedures for Addressing Unexcused Tardies/Checkouts

- 1. The attendance clerk or designee monitors tardies using VCS School Compulsory Attendance Information (SIS10102) in Focus and utilize the appropriate parameters. (Refer to your assigned school social worker for assistance.)
- 2. When a student's accumulated unexcused tardies/unexcused checkouts, and/or unexcused absences (or a combination of both) reach 5 unexcused absences within a calendar month, the student's attendance history shall be reviewed to see if a pattern of non-attendance is occurring. The school should send the parent a 5-day letter as documentation to communicate this information. (*See sample 23 English or Spanish*, <u>5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days Note</u>, form 2010041.) A student with fewer accumulated unexcused tardies/checkouts may be considered for further intervention if patterns of non-attendance are developing.
- 3. When a student reaches 10 unexcused tardies and/or 10 unexcused checkouts, the classroom teacher or principal's designee should invite the parent/guardian to a parent/teacher conference to address the

tardy/checkout concerns. If after the meeting, the student accumulates additional tardies and/or checkouts, the teacher or the principal's designee must take the necessary steps to refer the student to the MTSS (IPST).

- 4. When a student has accumulated an excessive amount of tardies and/or checkouts (excused/ unexcused) due to illness, the principal has the discretion to request the parent/guardian present a doctor's note in order to excuse future tardies or checkouts. Other excuses for tardies or early checkouts will be at the discretion of the principal.
- 5. The MTSS (IPST) should make recommendations that are necessary to remedy tardy problems. The interventions may include but need not be limited to frequent communication between the teacher and parent/guardian, parent walking student into the front office/classroom, talking with students about effects of being tardy, mentoring, teacher helper, meeting with the principal, attendance groups, development of an Attendance Contract, brainstorming reinforcements or incentives, or referral to school social worker.
- 6. Parents/guardians should be advised of the right to appeal if they believe that the interventions recommended are inappropriate/unnecessary. Parents/guardians should sign and date the <u>Notice of Right to Appeal</u> (form 2001097 *see sample 5, English or Spanish*) and be provided a copy. If choosing to exercise their right to appeal, then they should be given the <u>Notice of Intent to Exercise Right to Appeal</u> (form 2007188 *see sample 8, English or Spanish*).

Please refer to these sample letters regarding tardies/checkouts:

Sample 19: Tardy and Unexcused Absences Note (form 2010043 – English or Spanish)

Sample 21: <u>Tardies/Early Checkouts/Absences Note</u> (form 2010040 – *English or Spanish*)

Sample 22: <u>Unexcused Tardies Note</u> (form 2010038 – *English or Spanish*)

The school board policy allows five (5) unexcused tardies (L) and/or unexcused checkouts (B) to be calculated as one (1) unexcused absence from school. Tardy is defined as when a student arrives to school after the beginning of the official school day. Checkouts are defined as when a student is removed from class by a parent/guardian prior to the official end of the day.

Prior to court action, regular procedures addressing non-attendance (including unexcused tardies and checkouts) must be followed. School social workers review the student's attendance record for the current and previous school years to determine if compulsory school attendance violation criteria are met.

Florida Statute defines habitual truancy as an accumulation of 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days. A combination of unexcused tardies/checkouts and all day unexcused absences can constitute a violation of the compulsory school attendance law. For court purposes, the School Social Services Department will pursue a violation of the compulsory school attendance law only for unexcused tardies that occur at the beginning of the official school day (L) as opposed to tardies at the beginning of class periods (LC).

#### **Habitual Truancy**

As defined in <u>Section 1003.01[8]</u>, Florida Statutes, a habitual truant is defined as a student who has accumulated 15 unexcused absences within a 90-calendar-day period with or without the knowledge or consent of the student's parent/guardian; and a student who is not exempt from attendance by the virtue of being over the age of compulsory school attendance by meeting criteria in <u>F.S. Sections 1003.21</u> or

<u>1003.24</u>, or by meeting the criteria for any exemption specified by law or rules of the State Board of Education. Such a student must have been the subject of the activities specified in <u>F.S. Sections 1003.26</u> and <u>1003.27</u>, without resultant successful remediation of the truancy problem before being dealt with as a "child in the need of services" according to the provisions of F.S. Chapter 984.

#### Parental Appeal of Strategies/Interventions Recommended by the MTSS (IPST) or IEP Committee

Florida Statute 1003 requires parents to participate in interventions designed to remediate patterns of nonattendance exhibited by their child(ren). This statute gives parents/ guardians the right to appeal to the District Student Placement Committee (DSPC) if they believe the strategies or interventions recommended by the school are inappropriate or unnecessary. If the parents/guardians choose to exercise this right, they must notify the school MTSS (IPST) Chair or ESE Administrator by completing and submitting the Notice of Intent to Exercise Right to Appeal (form 2007188 – *see sample 8, English or Spanish*). Schools are to submit all written requests for an appeal to the court liaison for attendance, in the School Social Services Department. If the parents/guardians are not satisfied with the action recommended by the Strategies are appropriate and the parent/guardian still refuses to participate or cooperate, the superintendent may seek legal action.

#### **Violation of Compulsory Attendance**

If the notice and attendance requirements are ignored, the school social worker shall report the case to the superintendent's designee. The superintendent's designee shall take such steps as are necessary to bring legal action against the parent/guardian via a truancy petition (F.S. Section 984.03). The superintendent's designee shall give written notice, in person or by return-receipt mail, to the parent/guardian that legal action is being sought.

#### Achieving School Attendance Program (A.S.A.P.)

A.S.A.P. is a collaborative effort between the Office of the State Attorney and the Volusia County School District. This initiative is designed to assist schools with improving the attendance of students who meet specific criteria relative to their attendance concerns.

If the MTSS (IPST) Team determines that a student's attendance has not improved despite interventions, the team may initiate an <u>Attendance Referral</u> (form 2014002 – *see sample 33*) to determine if an <u>Achieving School Attendance Program (A.S.A.P.) Referral Form</u> (form 2004038 – *see sample 15*) needs to be sent to the State Attorney's Office by the school social worker. The Office of the State Attorney generates communication via letters (Letter A or Letter B) requesting that the parent/guardian comply with the recommendations of the MTSS (IPST) Team. <u>Letter A</u> (*see sample 31*) is sent when the parent fails to attend required meetings at the school. <u>Letter B</u> (*see sample 32*) is sent when the parent does not follow through with the interventions/recommendations suggested at the attendance meeting.

#### **Teen Court**

Teen Court is an educational diversion program through the Department of Juvenile Justice. The program holds juvenile offenders accountable for their actions by making them adhere to mandatory sanctions. These sanctions may include but are not limited to school tutoring, community service, weekly school progress reports, drug awareness classes, drug testing with parent consent, counseling, referrals to adolescent outpatient programs, book reports, personal success plans, social skills classes, and curfew monitored by parents.

The target group for referral to Teen Court includes middle and high school students. Elementary school students age 11 and above will be considered on a case-by-case basis. Eligible students are students with 15 unexcused absences within 90 school days (habitual truants). If the MTSS (IPST) determines that a student's attendance has not improved despite interventions, the team may initiate an <u>Attendance Referral</u> (form 2014002 – *see sample 33*) to the school social worker to determine if a <u>Referral for Teen Court</u> (form 2004037 – *see sample 25*) is appropriate.

#### Child in Need of Services/Family in Need of Services (CINS/FINS)

CINS/FINS is a prevention program that addresses the needs of youth, ages 6-17, who are truant or ungovernable or who persistently run away. Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare (SMA) is the designated CINS/FINS provider in Volusia County. A CINS/FINS service manager assesses the problems of the youth, then works with the family to secure the best possible remedies. If the youth continues to exhibit the problem behaviors, a case staffing can be scheduled, and a petition may be filed with the court to have the youth adjudicated CINS. The court may order placement at the BEACH House for up to 35 days. Other aspects of the program, including crisis counseling, are designed to help the youth achieve more control over his or her behavior.

Habitually truant students should be referred to MTSS (IPST) for appropriate interventions. If the team determines that a student's attendance has not improved despite interventions, the team may initiate an **Attendance Referral** (form 2014002 – *see sample 33*) to the school social worker to determine if a (*See sample 26*, **Referral Form for Centralized Intake Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare** [CINS/FINS] – form 2004238.) is appropriate.

#### **Truancy Petition vs. CINS Petition**

A truancy petition, defined in s. <u>984.03, F.S.</u>, may be filed by a district school superintendent, or designee, when a school determines that a student of compulsory school age is either demonstrating early patterns of non-attendance and/or is determined to be a habitual truant. The case can only be reported to the superintendent or designee when all reasonable efforts to resolve the non-attendance behavior are exhausted.

<u>S. 1003.27(3)</u> states, if the district school superintendent chooses not to file a truancy petition, the superintendent or designee shall file a CINS petition, defined in s. <u>984.15, F.S.</u> The school representative, parent/guardian, law enforcement, a court, or DJJ representative, may refer the case to Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare (SMA) who will convene a Case Staffing Committee to ensure prevention services are provided to a habitually truant student and the student's family. Reasonable time must be allowed to complete interventions to remedy conditions contributing to the truant behavior and must comply with the requirements of s. <u>1003.26, F.S</u>. This committee may make the recommendation for a referral to court via a CINS or truancy petition (F.S. Section 984.15) which is filed by SMA.

#### **Ungovernable Students**

If a parent/guardian reports to the Problem Solving Team or other school representative that a student is ungovernable and will not comply with attempts to enforce school attendance, a referral shall be made to Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare Centralized Intake for CINS/FINS services. A parent/guardian can initiate a call to the intake unit for ungovernable and runaway reasons.

#### **Driving Privileges**

<u>Section 322.091</u>, Florida Statutes requires students to attend school to maintain their driving privileges. This statute was enacted to reduce truancy and ensure that schools respond in a timely manner to student non-attendance. <u>Section 1003.27</u>, Florida Statutes requires schools to report the name, birth date, sex, and social security number of any minor who attains the age of 14 and accumulates 15 unexcused absences in a 90-calendar-day period to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV). To comply or reinstate license, the student must attend 30 consecutive school days without any unexcused absences.

Schools must notify students and parents/guardians that filing a declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment will initiate action by DHSMV as follows: licensed minors will lose their driving privilege unless they comply with attendance requirements and unlicensed minors may not apply for a license until relevant attendance requirements are satisfied or the student reaches the age of 18.

A student may request a <u>hardship waiver</u> from the building principal for personal or family hardships (employment or medical care). If the request is denied, the student may appeal the denial to the District Student Placement Committee. If the appeal is denied, the student may then pursue the matter through a hearing before the school board.

For more information, please consult the 2024-2025 Driver's License Attendance Manual, which is available through the <u>School Social Services</u> department and on the webpage.

#### Learnfare Program

The Learnfare Program is primarily related to student attendance for families who are eligible to receive temporary cash assistance (TCA). <u>Section 414.1251</u>, Florida Statutes requires the Department of Children and Families (DCF) to reduce the amount of TCA to families of students who are identified as habitual truants or dropouts. Implementation procedures require DCF to notify school districts of eligible students. School districts report to DCF those students who are habitual truants or dropouts. DCF then reviews the case record to make certain determinations. If good cause does not exist, the parent of a student who is habitually truant or a dropout receives notices of possible reduction of the benefit amount.

If a sanction is imposed to the benefit amount, the benefits may be reinstated when: the truant student's substantially improved attendance is confirmed during a subsequent grading period; or after a student who has dropped out of school re-enrolls in school, receives a high school diploma or its equivalent, enrolls in preparation for the GED, or enrolls in another educational option approved by the district school board.

For more information, please consult the 2024-2025 Learnfare Program Manual, which is available through the <u>School Social Services</u> department and on the webpage.

#### **Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment**

When a student reaches the age of 16, in order not to be subject to compulsory school attendance, the student must file a formal **Declaration of Intent to Terminate Enrollment** (form 2007129, Sample 7) with the school district acknowledging their intent to terminate enrollment in the school district. Prior to withdrawing a student between the ages of 16 to 18 for non-attendance, the student and parent/guardian must file a formal declaration acknowledging the student's intent to terminate school enrollment. This formal statement acknowledges that terminating school enrollment is likely to reduce a student's earning potential. The school counselor or other school personnel must conduct an exit interview with the student to determine the reasons for the student's decision to terminate school enrollment and actions that could be

taken to keep the student in school. The student must be informed of opportunities to continue his or her education in a different environment including, but not limited to, adult education and GED test preparation. The Florida Department of Education provides a format that district personnel may choose to utilize when conducting the <u>Exit Interview</u>. (*See sample 12, English or Spanish,* <u>Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Designated School Personnel</u>.) Additionally, the student must complete a Student Survey form in a format prescribed by DOE, to provide data on the reasons for terminating enrollment and actions taken by the school to keep the student enrolled. The Student Survey contains specific questions and has been reformatted, for reporting purposes, to include a new data element. (*See sample 11, English or Spanish,* <u>Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Student Survey</u>.)</u>

The district has adopted the formats provided by the Department of Education. School counselors and Information Technology Services maintain the compliance of these surveys being completed.

For students who are considering terminating school enrollment, the exit interview is the most appropriate forum to offer parents/guardians and students advisement on educational alternatives as well as making them aware of sanctions related to non-attendance. For example, possible sanctions for students who withdraw from school with a dropout withdrawal code include, but are not limited to, potential **loss of driving privileges** and possible **reduction of temporary cash assistance** for eligible Learnfare Program participants.

- 1. Once these forms have been completed by the student and the parent/guardian, the student can officially be withdrawn from school as "W05" *Any student over compulsory attendance age who leaves school voluntarily with no intention of returning*. A student cannot be withdrawn due to non-attendance unless a Declaration of Intent to Terminate Enrollment, Exit Interview, and Student Survey has been completed.
- 2. If the student and parent/guardian refuse to sign the declaration, the student must remain enrolled, and attendance be recorded as absent "unexcused" until the student returns to school or the declaration form is completed.
- 3. If a school administrator or school social worker obtains information that the student no longer resides at the address on file with the school and efforts to obtain the correct address are unsuccessful, the student may be withdrawn from school as "W22" *Any student whose whereabouts are unknown*.

#### School Attendance of Students 18 Years Old or Older

A student who attains the age of 18 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age. Before withdrawing such students, please ensure that the attendance record verifies an all-day account of the absences. However, a school is not authorized to withdraw a student from enrollment due to nonattendance (W15) as long as the student attends school, albeit sporadically.

#### Guidelines for Withdrawing Students Due to Non-Attendance

According to DOE guidelines, a school is **not authorized** to withdraw a student for non-attendance as long as the student attends school, even if the student attends sporadically. When a student is withdrawn from enrollment without documentation of good faith efforts to satisfy state intervention and enforcement requirements (Sections <u>1003.26</u> and <u>1003.27</u>, Florida Statutes), the school's actions are <u>in direct conflict</u> with the intent and provisions of these state attendance laws and related mandates. Specifically, these mandates include attendance requirements to maintain driving privileges and obtain services upon referral to child-in-need-of-services (CINS) providers.

Schools may withdraw students who are 18 years old or older as they are no longer required to attend school and not go through the compulsory attendance rules (i.e., MTSS (IPST) meeting). However, best practice is to attempt communication with the student about their school attendance and other educational options. Students with disabilities (SWD) who are 18 years old or older sign a Transfer of Rights Form which deems them responsible for their own education and ESE services. It is recommended that schools send a letter notifying the adult student and parents that the student will be withdrawn giving them the opportunity to return to school prior to the withdrawal date by using the form, Notification of Intent to Withdraw Students (form 2008020 – see *sample 9, English or Spanish*) Once the student is withdrawn, schools may send a letter notifying the adult student and parents of the student's withdrawal by using the form, Withdrawal Notice for Students (form 2008021 – *see sample 10, English or Spanish*).

**Note:** If a student has a signed Deferment Letter in the Compliance folder, the student **cannot be removed for attendance**. Once they receive their diploma, the student can be withdrawn. No student will be subject to discrimination based on disability under the Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA). VCS will make reasonable modifications in the policies, practices, or procedures set forth herein, when the modifications are necessary to avoid discrimination on the basis of a disability, unless making the modifications would fundamentally alter VCS' services, programs, or activities. VCS will not abridge the rights of students, staff members, and District community under the ADA, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, or any other applicable federal or state law.

#### Withdrawal Codes

**W05**\* Any student age 16 or older who leaves school voluntarily with no intention of returning and has filed a <u>Declaration of Intent to Terminate Enrollment</u> (form 2007129 – *see sample 7, English or Spanish*) per s. <u>1003.21, Florida Statutes</u>.

**District Note:** Parent and student signatures are required for students through age 17. When a student turns 18 only the student's signature is required.

W15\* Any KG -12 student who is withdrawn from school due to nonattendance after all procedures outlined in sections <u>1003.26</u> and <u>1003.27</u>, FL Statutes, have been followed. **Contact State Reporting before using this code**.

**District Note**: Use this code for student whose age is 18 or older that is no longer attending and is not available to sign the **Declaration of Intent to Terminate Enrollment** (form 2007129 – *see sample 7, English or Spanish*). It is suggested to contact the guardian to verify status prior to withdrawing. If the student is available to sign the Intent to Terminate form, please refer to withdrawal code **W05**.

W22\* Any KG-12 student whose whereabouts is unknown and required documented efforts to locate the student are maintained per <u>s. 1003.26</u>, Florida Statutes.

**Example:** This code may be used for students who are withdrawn because they cannot be located. These students will be counted and reported as dropouts.

**Note:** Use this code for students for whom every effort has been made to locate them. A school administrator or social worker **must** make the official determination of the student's status. If a parent/guardian does not respond to attempted contacts, i.e. letters, phone messages, etc., the investigating process **must** involve a social worker to verify status prior to using **W22**.

### W23\* Any KG-12 student who withdraws from school for any reason other than W01-W22 or W24-W27. Contact State Reporting before using this code.

**Note:** This code **should not** be used unless all other avenues have been exhausted and the district **specifically approves** its use. Students receiving exceptional education services who reach age 22 without receiving a standard diploma, special diploma, certificate of completion, or special certificate of completion should be assigned this withdrawal code.

Data accuracy is essential and should always be considered by viewing the student's attendance history prior to withdrawing due to non-attendance.

- If the school has been notified that the student has no intention of returning, or if the student has not been attending, the student should be referred to the school counselor to explore options. If the ultimate decision of withdrawing is made, then the Exit Interview and Student Survey must be completed. It is recommended that the student sign the Declaration of Intent to Terminate
   Enrollment (form 2007129 see sample 7, English or Spanish), so that the student can be withdrawn with code "W05." (See section on Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment for further details on this subject.) When the student's age does not fall under compulsory attendance age, the signature of a parent/guardian is not required.
- If a student <u>did not enter</u> for the new school year as expected and is withdrawn with a Withdrawal Code of "DNE," an inquiry should be attempted to verify status. Please follow the <u>Guidelines For</u> <u>Handling "Did Not Enter" (DNE's)</u>. If contact is made and it is determined the student will not be returning, follow the above directions. If the student refuses or is not available to sign the <u>Declaration</u> <u>of Intent to Terminate Enrollment</u> (form 2007129 *see sample 7, English or Spanish*), Withdrawal Code "W15" may be used, but the State Reporting must be contacted prior to its use.

If new information on the student's status is received at a later date, the Withdrawal Code should be updated (i.e. receipt of a records request, etc.).

#### **Teenage Parent Students**

Section 1003.54, Florida Statutes, states that students participating in teenage parent programs are exempt from minimum attendance requirements for absences related to pregnancy or parenting; however, they are required to make up work missed due to their absences. For absences other than those due to pregnancy or parenting, teenage parent program students are subject to district policy regarding regular attendance. Teenage parents who do not participate in the teenage parent program are not exempt from district minimum attendance requirements. In Volusia County Schools, teenage parents receive two weeks of excused absences for a normal delivery and three weeks for a caesarean section delivery unless more time is needed as documented by a doctor's note.

#### **Married Students**

In the absence of an Order of Emancipation, a married minor of compulsory school age is subject to compulsory attendance requirements. Students over the age of 16 are no longer required to attend school if the student formally terminates enrollment as prescribed in <u>Section 1003.21, F.S.</u> However, <u>Section</u> <u>743.01</u>, removes the requirement to provide parent consent from a married minor. Therefore, if a married minor files the Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment, parental consent or notification is not required. In this case, only the minor is required to sign and file the declaration to officially terminate school enrollment.

#### **Foster Care Students**

State and federal laws for foster care students are based on evidence of need across a wide continuum, including but not limited to, educational stability, transition between schools, school attendance and completion, and truancy prevention. This provision associated with Florida law requires an interagency agreement between state agencies, including the Department of Children and Families, the Department of Education, the Department of Juvenile Justice (DJJ), and the Agency of Workforce Innovation (AWI). The agreement is intended to provide educational access for the purpose of facilitating the delivery of services or program to children who are in foster care.

#### **Military Dependents**

**F. S. Section 1000.36**, Article V(E), Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children, states that a student whose parent or legal guardian is an active duty member of the uniformed services, as defined by the Compact, and has been called to duty for, or is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to a combat zone or combat support posting, shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the school superintendent. The additional excused absences are to allow the student to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian for the reasons specified. The purpose of the Compact is to remove barriers to educational success imposed on children of military families because of frequent moves and deployment of parents. There is an assigned School Liaison Officer through the military who can be contacted for additional information. (Contact information is available through the School Social Services department.)

<u>Section 1003.05(3)</u>, Florida Statutes, provides additional information regarding military dependents' smooth transition among school districts and gives first preference to special academic programs, including magnet programs.

#### **Students Living in Homeless Situations**

Students who meet the definition of homelessness often experience academic, attendance, and behavior problems. Since homeless students may frequently move to different schools due to housing instability, learning problems may not always be detected. The federal <u>McKinney-Vento Homeless Education</u> <u>Assistance Act</u> ensures educational rights and protections for children and youth experiencing homelessness. A <u>McKinney-Vento Educational Act – Checklist for School Personnel</u> (form 2006048 – *see sample 13*) along with <u>The Student Housing Questionnaire (located in the Homeless Manual)</u> (*see sample 34*) should be completed on all homeless students when first identified. These students must be enrolled in school immediately and has 30 days to provide necessary documentation. School personnel should refer the situation to the designated homeless education school contact and to the appropriate members of the Student Services Team (Project Manager for Homeless and Foster Care, school social worker, school counselor, and/or school nurse) when necessary.

Upon identification, homeless students are to be referred to the school's Individual Problem Solving Team for the assessment of the student's educational needs. Forms IPST 5 and <u>Individual Problem Solving</u> <u>Team: Attendance/Homeless IPST: 6 A/H</u> (form 2009060 – *see sample 18*) are to be used. The <u>IPST: 6</u> <u>A/H</u> is an appropriate tool to use for determining areas of concern and need and should be used for this purpose. For students who are having academic and/or behavioral concerns, targeted interventions should be implemented. **The** *Education of Homeless Children and Youth* **Technical Assistance Paper** dated August 2005 provides additional information and technical assistance associated with educational opportunities for students who are homeless.

#### Planned or Unplanned Extended Absences from School

If a family notifies the school of their plans to leave for an extended amount of time, school staff should encourage them to enroll their child(ren) in the school district where they are temporarily residing. If they agree, withdraw the student(s) with the appropriate code.

If the family indicates that the student(s) will be returning on a specific date, then they must not be withdrawn. However, if the student has not returned on the specific date and the parent/guardian has not been in communication with the school to extend the date, the school should make at least 2 attempts to contact the parent/guardian to follow-up. If there is no contact after these attempts have been made, withdraw the student with the appropriate code of the last known destination.

If it is learned that a family has left, but the parent/guardian neglected to notify the school, the school should follow-up as with any attendance situation when a student is not attending. Attempt phone contact and/or send a letter, and if no response is received within a reasonable amount of time, the school is to follow-up with a <u>Social Work Referral</u> (form 2004261 - see sample 14) to the school social worker in attempts to obtain information on the status of the student.

If a student is not attending school even after proper procedures have been exhausted, schools must contact **State Reporting** and School Social Services for consultation.

#### Parental Notification Regarding Non-Enrollment

School registrars are required to follow up on W02/W24 students with no records following by running the Students with a W01 or W02 Withdrawal Code and No Records Following (SIS10030) and Students with a W24 Withdrawal Code and No Records Following (SIS10181)Reports at least every 15 days. They are to communicate contact efforts with the school social worker for students whose withdrawals are unresolved. When no valid reason for a student's non-enrollment is found, the school registrar should consult with the school social worker. The school social worker will follow-up on W02/W24 students. The school social worker shall give written notice, via the <u>3-Day Non-Enrollment Letter</u> (*see sample 27*), by return-receipt mail and/or in person to the parent/guardian requiring the student's enrollment and attendance within three (3) days of receipt of the letter.

#### **Home Education**

Pursuant to **F.S. Section 1002.41** the parent shall notify the district school superintendent of the county in which the parent resides of her or his intent to establish and maintain a home education program. The written notice shall be filed in the district school superintendent's office within 30 days of the establishment of the home education program.

If the parent/guardian of a child who has been identified as exhibiting a pattern of non-attendance enrolls the child in a home education program pursuant to Florida Statutes Chapter 1002, the principal/ designee or school social worker shall refer the parent/guardian to the District Home Education Contact for inclusion in the portfolio review process, as outlined in F.S. <u>Section 1003.26 (1)(f)</u>. The portfolio review process shall be implemented by the Home Education Office every 30 days until the Home Education Review Committee is satisfied that the student's home education program is in compliance with F.S. Section 1002.41. The first

portfolio review must occur within the first 30 calendar days of the establishment of the home education program. The parent will be required to comply with the annual evaluation requirements of a home education program as is any parent involved in a home education program.

If a parent of a student who has been found to exhibit a pattern of non-attendance and who has been enrolled in home education fails to provide a portfolio for review, the Home Education Review Committee shall notify the superintendent or their designee who shall then terminate the home education program and require the parent to enroll the student in an attendance option provided under **F.S. Section 1003.01(13)(a), (b), (c),** or (e), within three days. Failure of a parent or guardian to enroll a student in an attendance option after termination of a home education program constitutes non-compliance with the compulsory attendance requirements and may result in criminal prosecution of the parent under **F.S. Section 1003.27(2)**. The School Social Worker will follow the procedures for parental notification regarding non-enrollment. When a student has been terminated from home education, under the compulsory school attendance law, they are not eligible for re-enrollment for 180 calendar days per F.S. Section 1003.26(2).

If a parent/guardian chooses to exercise their right to withdraw a home education student at age 16 years old or older, the parent needs to contact the Home Education Department. The student and parent/guardian must file a formal declaration acknowledging the student's intent to terminate school enrollment. When a student turns 18, only the student's signature is required. Additionally, the student must complete a survey intended to provide data on their reason for terminating enrollment. The Department of Education provides a prescribed format for the Student Survey. (Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Student Survey – Sample 12, English or Spanish.) The student should be withdrawn as W05.

#### **Virtual Instruction**

Statute 1002.45, F.S., specifies that students must meet compulsory attendance requirements. Statute 1003.27, F.S., requires that the parent be responsible for regular attendance in school. This means attendance must be taken for virtual students and these students have the same guidelines related to truancy as students in brick-and-mortar schools. Additionally, taking attendance is mandatory and must be recorded on a regular and ongoing basis. Although the parent or learning coach may log attendance on a daily or hourly basis using their individual accounts, the online teachers and virtual school administrators are responsible for student attendance records and for monitoring and reporting attendance. They do this by examining participation metrics, such as student participation in discussion-based assessments, live lessons, discussion boards, blogs, virtual school field trips, etc. Virtual schools must maintain auditable attendance records and provide attendance information to school districts for state-required reporting to the FDOE Automated Student Information System during Surveys 3 and 5.

According to <u>School Board Policy 206</u>, the district full-time virtual instruction program (Volusia Online Learning-VOL) is required by state law to report attendance for every student enrolled. The nature of a virtual course allows students the flexibility of working in their course at any time from any place; therefore, attendance is based on weekly monitoring of student progress and pacing in each course. Students enrolled in Virtual Off-Campus-Instruction are required to login to every course, every day of the school week. This means attendance must be taken for full-time virtual students and these students have the same guidelines related to truancy as students in brick-and-mortal schools.

**Required Instructional Hours:** 

To meet the state's requirements, families are expected to have their student complete the following minimum hours of schooling each week:

Grade(s)	Expected Hours Per School Day	Expected Hours Per Week	Expected Hours Per Year
K – 3	4-5	20-25	720-800
4 - 12	5-6	28-30	900-1000

Note that these are the minimum hours required by the state and that students are responsible for mastering all material, which may require additional time.

On average, students should complete approximately 7-8% of their coursework in each course every week. A student demonstrating adequate participation (and therefore progress) in school is based on several criteria and is a combination of measures. These measures include the student daily logins, course percentage completion, and amount of communication with the teacher. Students are expected to submit assignments in each course every week school is in session. A student is in good academic standing based on weekly progress and work submissions as defined by course pace charts and percent complete, as well as regular communication with teachers. Therefore, failure to make adequate weekly progress and/or regular communication with teachers, in all courses, may place the student at risk for revocation.

#### Hospital/Homebound (H/H) Services

According to <u>Rule 6A-6.03020</u>, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.), the possibility of H/H services should be explored when it is anticipated that a student will be absent from school for at least 15 school days, or the equivalent, while under a physician's care because of severe, prolonged, or chronic illness. A parent, teacher, school social worker, school counselor, physician, and others may initiate the process as soon as it is anticipated that the student will be absent for the duration specified in the rule. There is no established waiting period that must be met when considering initiating the process. The physician must indicate that the estimated duration of absence from school will be three weeks or more, but no prior absence is required. Districts are encouraged to be proactive in initiating procedures to establish eligibility for hospital or homebound services to avoid any interruption of the student's education.

Because hospital or homebound students are provided instruction, even though it is not in a regular setting, districts are required to maintain daily attendance in their automated system. Unless the student is not present during the assigned instructional time, the student is assumed present for the duration that the student is assigned to the program. Therefore, the student should be counted as present on days when the teacher visits the student or is not scheduled to visit. If the teacher is scheduled but unable to visit the student, the absence would be unexcused. If the teacher is sick or the student is sick, the absence is excused.

The following procedures should be followed if a student does not access H/H services within a reasonable amount of time after determined eligible or does not continue to access services:

- H/H Teacher should attempt to contact parent/guardian regarding orientation/class attendance
- Program Administrator should attempt to contact parent/guardian regarding orientation/class attendance
- If no contact after diligent effort has been made, the Program Administrator may refer to the School Social Services Department for follow-up by using a <u>Social Work Referral</u> (form 2004261 *see sample 14*) for Home/School Communication and send to the Attendance Social Worker assigned to the student's zoned school via e-mail and include the Coordinator of School Social Services and Attendance Court Liaison.
- Social Worker will follow-up with the family regarding attendance and provide findings to all parties involved. Follow-up may include a <u>3-day Hospital/Homebound letter</u> (*see sample 29*) and/or court referral for violation of the compulsory school attendance law.

#### **Home Instruction/Off Campus Instruction**

According to the Code of Student Conduct and Discipline, off-campus instruction is an alternative educational program that may be used for students who are being considered for expulsion. Off campus instruction is offered to students whose suspension is extended beyond 10 days. Students assigned receive virtual instruction and are prohibited from entering any school during the period of suspension without express permission of the principal/designee. Students enrolled in Virtual Off-Campus-Instruction are required to login to every course, every day of the school week for tracking attendance per <u>School Board</u> <u>Policy 206</u>.

Home instruction is used for SWD who have violated the Code of Student Conduct and Discipline and have a manifestation determination meeting. The IEP committee determines the need for services as established in the Code of Student Conduct and Discipline.

The following procedures should be followed if a student does not access Home Instruction/Off Campus Instruction services within a reasonable amount of time after determined eligible or does not continue to access services:

- Home Instruction/Off-campus Instruction teacher should attempt to contact parent/guardian regarding orientation/class attendance
- Program Administrator should attempt to contact parent/guardian regarding orientation/class attendance
- If unsuccessful contact has been attempted after diligent effort, the Program Administrator may refer to the School Social Services Department for follow-up by using a <u>Social Work Referral</u> (*form 2004261 see sample 14*) for Home/School Communication and send to the Attendance Social Worker assigned to the student's zoned school via e-mail and include the Coordinator of School Social Services and Attendance Court Liaison.
- Social Worker will follow-up with the family regarding attendance and provide findings to all parties involved. Follow-up may include a <u>3-day Off-Campus Instruction/Home Instruction letter</u> (*see sample 30*) and/or court referral for violation of the compulsory school attendance law.

#### **Alternative Education Placement**

The District Student Placement Committee (DSPC) may determine that students who were referred to DSPC due to violating the Code of Student Conduct and Discipline are to enroll in an alternative education placement, Highbanks Learning Center or Riverview Learning Center, in lieu of a recommendation for expulsion. For SWD who have violated the Code of Student Conduct and Discipline, placement at Highbanks Learning Center or Riverview Learning to be the most appropriate educational setting through a manifestation determination meeting. Generally, these students are expected to complete 45 days at the alternative site or one grading quarter of the school year. Students assigned to alternative education placement are prohibited from attending or participating in other Volusia County Schools' events or activities, where the code of conduct is in effect. There are two School Social Workers assigned to assist the DSPC and schools with the students' transition to their alternative education placement. The monitoring of the transition process is noted below:

- The court liaison attends the DSPC meeting and alerts the respective School Social Worker via e-mail to a student's recommended placement into Highbanks Learning Center or Riverview Learning Center by the following day.
- The School Social Workers will follow-up with parents who have failed to schedule or attend the orientation appointment. Follow-up may include a <u>3-day Unexcused Absences letter</u> (*see sample 28*) to the parent, and/or referral to CINS/FINS, Teen Court, ASAP or court referral for violation of the compulsory school attendance law. The School Social Workers will communicate findings and next

steps in resolution to enrollment to the court liaison and alternative placement staff within 10 school days of placement determination.

#### The Rilya Wilson Act

The Rilya Wilson Act (F.S. <u>Section 39.604</u>) requires that the Department of Children and Families (DCF) or the community-based care lead agency notifies operators of licensed early education or child care programs, including school districts' programs, when designated children are enrolled in their program. These measures are designed as an additional safeguard to ensure the safety of children between the ages of three and kindergarten entry age that are under court-ordered protective supervision or in the custody of the Family Safety Program of DCF or a community-based agency.

Students that meet the requirements established in the law will only be permitted to withdraw from a school district-operated program with written approval from the Family Safety Program of DCF or the community-based care lead agency.

It is the intent of the Department of Education that school districts report each unexcused absence or seven consecutive excused absences of children covered by the Act and enrolled in a district-operated early education or childcare program to the local staff of the Family Safety Program of DCF or the community-based care lead agency by the end of the business day following an unexcused absence or following the seventh consecutive excused absence. Consistent with the requirements in the Rilya Wilson Act, DCF or the community-based care lead agency will conduct a home visit upon receiving two consecutive reports of unexcused absences or a report of seven consecutive excused absences.

#### Immunization

Prior to admittance to or attendance in school, each child must present or have on file with the school a certification of immunization for the prevention of those communicable diseases for which immunization is required by the Department of Health. A homeless student shall be given a temporary exemption for 30 school days to meet this requirement. School enrollment should not be delayed for homeless students due to immunization concerns.

#### **Head Lice**

If a student is identified as having head lice at school, the proper Pediculosis Control policy must be followed. Please refer to the **Student and Family Policy Guide and Code of Student Conduct and Discipline Manual** or the <u>Head Lice Information</u> link on the <u>Student Health Services webpage</u> for specific information. If properly treated, the student should be able to return to school within 72 hours or less. If the student's absence is prolonged, the absence will be unexcused, and the family must be contacted, and further assistance offered.

#### Contacts

School Social Services	Dianne C. Martin (ext. 20755) Coordinator, School Social Services
Compulsory School Attendance Court Liaison Driver's License and Learnfare Programs	Melissa Fordham (ext. 50720) School Social Services
Project Manager for Homeless and Foster Care	Crystal Eubanks (ext. 20856) School Social Services
State Reporting	Sophia Torres-Pearsall (ext. 20458) Information Technology Services
Home Education	Thomas Allard (ext. 20667) Specialist, School Choice & Charter Schools
MTSS (IPST)	Yvonne Rushing MTSS Specialist (ext. 20643) James Barringer (ext. 20757) Coordinator, School Psychological Services
Technical Assistance	Information Technology Services Mainframe Support (ext. 20000)

The Student Attendance Manual, distributed by State Reporting, should be referenced for more specific, technical information regarding compulsory school attendance and district procedures.

#### Appendix A: Compulsory School Attendance Frequently Asked Questions and Answers

(Most of these <u>Attendance and Enrollment FAQ</u> are posted on the Florida Department of Education website.)

#### 1. Q: How is compulsory school attendance defined?

A: Florida Law (Section 1003.21, Florida Statutes) states that all children who are either six years of age, who will be six years old by February 1 of any school year, or who are older than six years of age but who have not attained the age of 16 years, must attend school regularly during the entire school term. A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory attendance beyond the date of which the student attains that age if he/she files a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the school district.

#### 2. Q: Does the age of compulsory school attendance impact the percent of attendance calculation?

A: No. The attendance calculation is based on the days all students are present, not on the age of compulsory attendance. If a student who is over the age of compulsory attendance attends school, the student's attendance is counted.

### **3.** Q: Is it required for schools to have two Individual Problem-Solving Team meetings with parents/guardians to discuss attendance concerns?

A: No, schools may have a second meeting with the parent/guardian if they feel it is indicated, but only one meeting is required. However, if the parent/guardian does not attend the first scheduled meeting, there may be a second attempt made to meet with the parent/guardian.

#### 4. Q: Do excessive tardies comprise a violation of the compulsory attendance law?

A: Legislation passed during the 2005-2006 legislative session identified excessive unexcused tardies as a violation of the compulsory school attendance law; however, each district must develop a policy defining when a violation has occurred. The Volusia County School District has determined 5 unexcused tardies equals 1 unexcused absence.

### 5. Q: Should all students who accumulate 5 unexcused absences begin the MTSS process (Individual Problem-Solving Team)?

A: No, it is up to each individual school to determine which students' attendance is serious enough to begin the MTSS process (Individual Problem Solving Team). Parent/teacher and/or school staff conferences may be held at any time regarding attendance concerns.

#### 6. Q: Should an attendance referral be made to the school social worker prior to the MTSS-Individual Problem-Solving Team meeting?

A: No, a referral to the school social worker may be generated after the attendance procedures have been followed and interventions have proven to be ineffective.

### 7. Q: If a student withdraws and re-enters, does the 15-day absence requirement for a doctor's excuse start over?

A: No, the 15-day absence requirement for a doctor's excuse does not start over when a student withdraws and then re-enters school. According to Policy 206, after 15 days of absence, excused or unexcused, a student must have a doctor's verification for subsequent absences due to illness.

#### 8. Q: Are absences not due to illness required to have a doctor's excuse?

A: No, absences not due to illness do not require a doctor's excuse. Principals should use their discretion in determining whether to excuse absences for reasons other than illness when the student has acquired 15 or more absences.

#### 9. Q: Can a compulsory age student be withdrawn based on non-attendance?

A: Students cannot be withdrawn based on non-attendance. According to Florida Statute 1003, students exhibiting a pattern of non-attendance must be referred to the Child Study Team (MTSS (IPST)) for assistance with the remediation of the problem. A student must be 18 years old in order to be withdrawn for non-attendance although withdrawal procedures must be followed.

### 10. Q: Can schools refuse to allow a parent/guardian to withdraw a student who is 16 or older from school due to outstanding financial obligations that have not been paid?

A: No, schools should not refuse a request from parents/guardians to withdraw a student due to unpaid financial obligations.

#### 11. Q: How long should the attendance records be kept by a school?

A: The attendance record should remain on file for three years.

#### 12. Q: Does the parent/guardian have to sign the Declaration of Intent to Terminate Enrollment?

A: Yes, the parent/guardian **must** sign the Declaration of Intent form, because they must acknowledge that if their child withdraws from school the action is likely to reduce their child's future earning potential. The parent/guardian must also acknowledge that their child may lose driving privileges, because the school district is required to notify the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles of students who terminate school enrollment. Parent/guardian and student signatures are required for students through age 17. Student signature only is required once the student turns 18.

### **13.** Q: If a student is withdrawing to attend another school, either in the district or out of the district, does the Declaration of Intent form have to be completed?

A: No, if a student is withdrawing to another school the Declaration of Intent does not have to be completed.

### 14. Q: If a student withdraws to attend the Daytona State College's Adult Education program, should the Declaration of Intent be completed?

A: No, if a student withdraws from school in order to attend Daytona State College's Adult Education program, the student is technically not terminating their education and the Declaration of Intent does not need to be completed.

#### 15. Q: Does Florida law specify an age requirement for admission into a public school first grade?

A: No, however, Florida law does specify that all children who have attained the age of six years or who will have attained the age of six years by February 1 of any school year are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term (Section 1003.21[1][a][1.], Florida Statutes). Although Florida law does not provide a specific age requirement for enrollment to public first grade, the provisions of Florida law related to Kindergarten admission and student progression dictate that first grade enrollment be limited to (1) students who turn six years old on or before September 1 who have successfully completed Kindergarten; and (2) out-of-state students who turn six years old after September 1 who meet the age requirement for public Kindergarten admission from the transferring state, and who have successfully completed Kindergarten.

#### 16. Q: How is a truant defined?

A: Florida law defines "habitual truant" as a student who has 15 or more unexcused absences within 90 calendar days with or without the knowledge or consent of the student's parent/guardian, and who is subject to compulsory school attendance.

#### 17. Q: How do school districts determine if an absence is excused or unexcused?

A: Florida law requires local school districts to determine the meaning and conditions associated with excused absences, unexcused absences, and tardiness. In part, the statute requires each district school board to establish an attendance policy that includes the number of days a student must be in attendance per year and to determine whether an absence or tardy is excused or unexcused according to criteria established by the district school board.

#### 18. Q: Is there an exception made for absences due to illness?

A: When a student is continually sick and repeatedly absent from school, the student must be under the supervision of a doctor in order to receive an excuse. The doctor's statement should confirm that the student's condition requires absences for more than the number of days permitted by the district school board policy.

#### **19.** Q: How are schools required to enforce regular school attendance?

- A: Florida law (Section 1003.26, Florida Statutes) specifies steps for enforcement of regular school attendance. It is the responsibility of the school district superintendent to enforce school attendance of all children who are subject to compulsory school age requirements. The responsibility includes:
  - Develop policies and procedures to ensure that schools respond in a timely manner to each unexcused absence, or absence for which the reason is unknown.
  - Contact the home for every unexcused absence or absence for which the reason is unknown, to obtain parent/guardian justification for the absence.

- Evaluate each justification and, based on district policy, determine whether the absence is excused or unexcused; if excused, allow the student to make up assigned work without academic penalty.
- Track excused and unexcused absences.
- Identify and refer students who may be developing a pattern of non-attendance to the school child study team for intervention services.
- Schedule a meeting with certain identified parents/guardians to discuss their child's attendance.
- Implement prevention and intervention strategies to address truancy and attendance issues as required for drivers' licenses and related requirements for habitual truants.
- Send a notice to the superintendent of schools and to the district home education contact regarding patterns of non-attendance for specific students.
- Refer habitual truancy cases to the child-in-need-of-services (CINS) provider/case staffing committee for assistance.

## 20. Q: Can charges of violating the state's compulsory school attendance law be filed against the parents/guardians of secondary students without first referring the students to the CINS/FINS program?

A: Yes, however the law allows parents/guardians to use the fact that a child is out of their control as a legal defense against such charges. If charges are filed without the family having had an opportunity to receive services through the CINS/FINS program, this defense can be used, and it has been successful in previous cases. When cases are referred to the CINS/FINS program and the parents/guardians fail to follow through with services, we are able to document that they have not made a bona fide and diligent effort to get their child into regular school attendance as required by law. Prosecutions in such cases have been successful in the past. It is also best practice to exhaust all resources before referring cases to court as criminal prosecution is only used as a last resort.

#### 21. Q: What is the minimum attendance requirement for awarding course credit?

A: <u>S. 1003.436(1)(a), F.S.</u>, provides that a course credit, for high school graduation purposes, is defined as a minimum of 135 hours of instruction. This definition refers to minimum instructional hours *provided* and does not imply that a student who is in attendance for fewer than 135 hours of instruction (i.e., due to excused or unexcused absences/tardiness, etc.) is not entitled to receive full course credit. Districts are encouraged to note this clarification and to revise attendance policies, which deny course credit to otherwise eligible students, based on this state definition as indicated.

According to <u>School Board Policy 206</u>, schools providing services to students in grades 9-12 shall have the discretion, on a school-wide basis only, to implement a requirement that where a student is absent more than nine days in a semester and does not have an overall grade of "C" or higher in a course, including make-up work, such student shall not be awarded credit in that course until the student demonstrates proficiency (70% or higher). If the determination is made to exercise this

discretion, the school shall establish the method for demonstrating proficiency, e.g., attaining a grade of 70 or higher on the end of semester exam.

### 22. Q: How are schools using the driver license/school attendance program to encourage attendance?

A: Florida law (Section 1003.27, Florida Statutes) requires each school principal or designee to notify the district school board of each minor student accumulating 15 unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days or who drop out of school. The district school superintendent must provide the names and identifying information of the students to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. DHSMV may not issue a driver license or learner permit, or may suspend the driving privileges of any reported student until the student has satisfied regular school attendance requirements as outlined in Section 322.091, Florida Statutes.

### 23. Q: Are a significant number of high school students actually losing their drivers' licenses as a result of too many absences from school?

A: The driver license/school attendance program appears to have a positive impact. Students reported for non-compliance with attendance requirements are returning to school and improving their attendance. All 67 Florida school districts are transmitting data to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles.

#### 24. Q: Does compulsory school attendance apply to Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten (VPK)?

A: No, Florida's VPK Program has a separate set of enrollment and attendance requirements, which are not included under the authority of public K-12 compulsory school attendance laws. VPK is the result of a 2002 constitutional amendment, which required a voluntary Pre-Kindergarten program for all four year old children in Florida, by fall 2005. In January 2005, Governor Bush signed a VPK Program bill into law designed to prepare four-year-olds for successful entry into Kindergarten. The law allowed a parent/guardian to voluntarily enroll an eligible child (four years old by September 1 and residing in Florida) in a free VPK Program beginning in August or September of the 2005-2006 school year. The first summer VPK Program was offered in 2006. For information regarding registration and programs in your area, please visit Florida's Voluntary Pre-Kindergarten Program on the Office of Early Learning website at http://www.floridaearlylearning.com.

### 25. Q: What is the impact of the percent of attendance calculation for prekindergarten (PK) students with disabilities (SWD) who may not be scheduled for a full 180-day school year?

A: The percent of attendance calculation is based on a comparison of the total days the student is present and the total number of days the student is scheduled to be present. When reporting the data to FDOE, the district must be careful to report only for those days that the student is scheduled.

#### 26. Q: What information is required in order to enroll a student in a Florida public school?

**A:** The following information is required to enroll a student in a Florida school:

• <u>Proof of age.</u> A certified birth certificate for US citizens may be requested online at <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/howto/w2w/w2welcom.htm</u>. If a birth certificate is not available refer to 1003.21, FS, for other acceptable documentation.

Parents/guardians may request vital records online at: <u>http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/w2w.htm</u>.

• A Florida Certificate of Immunization, form DH 680 completed by a Florida physician or by a Florida County Health Department

When a student comes from out of the state of Florida, parent/guardian should obtain a copy of their child's complete immunization history before leaving their current residence, as this form is not available to the general public. Information on Florida school immunization requirements is available online at: http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Family/school/parent/parent\_info.html

• Evidence of a medical exam completed no less than 12 months prior to the child's school entry date

As long as the medical exam meets this 12-month requirement, parent/guardian may submit this information on the State of Florida School Entry Health Exam (DH 3040 Form) or provide a copy of the exam obtained from their current physician before moving to Florida. This form and the accompanying guide are available online at: http://www.doh.state.fl.us/Family/school/parent/parent\_info.html

• Official documentation that the parents/guardians are legal residents of the school district attendance area

#### 27. Q: What are the requirements for Florida public school Kindergarten admission?

A: Florida law (Section 1003.21(1)(a)(2), Florida Statutes) specifies that children who have attained the age of five years on or before September 1 of the school year are eligible for admission to public Kindergarten during that school year based on rules prescribed by the school board. Students are eligible for Kindergarten attendance provided they meet the age requirement.

## 28. Q: If a child turns five years old after September 1, can a waiver be obtained from the Florida Department of Education to allow the child to attend Kindergarten?

A: No, Florida Statutes or State Board of Education Rules do not include any provision to waive the age requirement for Kindergarten enrollment.

## **29.** Q: Can a child whose birth date is after September 1 who has completed a Florida non-public school Kindergarten program be admitted into a Florida public school first grade?

A: No, a child who has satisfactorily completed the requirements for a non-public Kindergarten from which the district accepts transfer of academic credit, but who does not turn six on or before September 1 of the school year, would be admitted into Kindergarten and progress according to the district's student progression plan (<u>Section 1003.21(1)(b), Florida Statutes</u>). Parents/guardians should contact the director of elementary education at the local school district to address concerns regarding progression and available curricula.

# **30.** Q: Is it possible for a student who is enrolled in an out-of-state Kindergarten or first grade program, and who does not meet Florida's admission age requirements, to transfer and attend Kindergarten or first grade in a Florida public school?

- A: Yes. Any student who transfers from an out-of-state public school, and who does not meet regular age requirements for admission to Florida public schools, will be admitted to Kindergarten or first grade when certain data are presented. A student who transfers from an out-of-state non-public school and who does not meet regular age requirements for admission to Florida public schools, may be admitted if the age requirements for the public schools in the transferring state is met, and if the transfer of the student's academic credit is acceptable under the rules of the school board. If a student is transferring from an out-of-state public or non-public school, the parents/guardians must provide the following data to the school district prior to admission:
  - Official documentation that the parents/guardians were legal residents of the state in which the child was previously enrolled in school
  - An official letter or transcript from proper school authority which shows record of attendance, academic information, and grade placement of the student
  - Evidence of immunization against communicable diseases as required in <u>Section 1003.22</u>, <u>Florida Statutes</u>
  - Evidence of a medical examination completed within the last twelve (12) months in accordance with Section 1003.22, Florida Statutes (Rule 6A-1.0985[1], Entry into Kindergarten and First Grade by Out-of-State Transfer Students, Florida Administrative Code.)

#### 31. Q: Is there a set number of hours per day a child must attend a public Kindergarten program?

A: Florida law specifies that in order for a public Kindergarten student to be considered a full-time student, he or she must receive a minimum of 720 net hours of instruction or four hours per day, based on 180 school days (<u>Section 1011.61, Florida Statutes</u>). Florida school districts may offer a full day of instruction to Kindergarten students and the decision to do so is locally approved by each district school board.

#### 32. Q: Is Kindergarten attendance required for a child that turns five before September 1?

A: No, a parent/guardian that chooses not to enroll their child in Kindergarten is not in violation of compulsory school attendance laws. However, Florida law, <u>Section 1003.21 [1][a]</u>, Florida Statutes, specifies that all children who have attained the age of six years or who will have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term. If a child enters public school at age 6 without evidence of Kindergarten completion or an official transcript, then they will be placed in the district's student progression plan.

#### 33. Q: What does a child need to know before entering Kindergarten?

A: Admission to a public Kindergarten is not contingent upon what a child knows. If the child meets the age requirement, he or she is eligible for admission. The Office of Early Learning (OEL) oversees the School Readiness Program, the Voluntary Prekindergarten Education Program, and

Child Care Resource and Referral Services. The OEL has released the **Florida Early Learning and Developmental Standards**. The Standards can be found online at www.floridaearlylearning.com.

#### 34. Q: How can I obtain information on individual school districts?

A: For information on a directory of schools and selecting schools, please visit <u>http://www.fldoe.org</u>.

#### Appendix B: Florida Statutes—Compulsory School Attendance and Related Requirements

#### **<u>S. 1000.36</u>**, Article V(E), Interstate Compact on Educational Opportunity for Military Children.

A student whose parent or legal guardian is an active-duty member of the uniformed services and has been called to duty for, is on leave from, or immediately returned from deployment to, a combat zone or combat support posting shall be granted additional excused absences at the discretion of the local education agency superintendent to visit with his or her parent or legal guardian relative to such leave or deployment of the parent or guardian.

#### **<u>S. 1001.53</u>** District school superintendent responsible for enforcement of attendance.

The district school superintendent shall be responsible for the enforcement of the attendance provisions of chapters 1003 and 1006. In a district in which no attendance assistant is employed, the district school superintendent shall have those duties and responsibilities and exercise those powers assigned by law to attendance assistants.

#### S. 1003.01 Definitions.

(8) "Habitual truant" means a student who has 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days with or without the knowledge or consent of the student's parent, is subject to compulsory school attendance under s. 1003.21(1) and (2)(a), and is not exempt under s. 1003.21 (3) or s. 1003.24, or by meeting the criteria for any other exemption specified by law or rules of the State Board of Education. Such a student must have been the subject of the activities specified in s. 1003.26 and s.1003.27(3), without resultant successful remediation of the truancy problem before being dealt with as a child in need of services according to the provisions of chapter 984.

(13) "Regular school attendance" means the actual attendance of a student during the school day as defined by law and rules of the State Board of Education. Regular attendance within the intent of s. 1003.21 may be achieved by attendance in:

- (a) A public school supported by public funds;
- (b) A parochial, religious, or denominational school;
- (c) A private school supported in whole or in part by tuition charges or by endowments or gifts;
- (d) A home education program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002; or
- (e) A private tutoring program that meets the requirements of chapter 1002.

## **S.** 1003.02 District school board operation and control of public K-12 education within the school district.

As provided in part II of chapter 1001, district school boards are constitutionally and statutorily charged with the operation and control of public K-12 education within their school district. The district school boards must establish, organize, and operate their public K–12 schools and educational programs, employees, and facilities. Their responsibilities include staff development, public K-12 school student education including education for exceptional students and students in juvenile justice programs, special programs, adult education programs, and career education programs. Additionally, district school boards must:

(1) Provide for the proper accounting for all students of school age, for the attendance and control of students at school, and for proper attention to health, safety, and other matters relating to the welfare of students in the following fields:

(a) Admission, classification, promotion, and graduation of students. Adopt rules for admitting, classifying, promoting, and graduating students to or from the various schools of the district.

(b) Enforcement of attendance laws. Provide for the enforcement of all laws and rules relating to the attendance of students at school. District school boards are authorized to establish policies that allow accumulated unexcused tardies, regardless of when they occur during the school day, and early departures from school to be recorded as unexcused absences. District school boards are also authorized to establish policies that require referral to a school's child study team for students who have fewer absences than the number required by s. 1003.26 (1)(b).

#### S. 1003.21 School attendance.

(1)(a)1. All children who have attained the age of 6 years or who will have attained the age of 6 years by February 1 of any school year or who are older than 6 years of age but who have not attained the age of 16 years, except as otherwise provided, are required to attend school regularly during the entire school term.

2. Children who will have attained the age of 5 years on or before September 1 of the school year are eligible for admission to public kindergartens during that school year under rules adopted by the district school board.

(b) Any child who has attained the age of 6 years on or before September 1 of the school year and who has been enrolled in a public school or who has attained the age of 6 years on or before September 1 and has satisfactorily completed the requirements for kindergarten in a private school from which the district school board accepts transfer of academic credit, or who otherwise meets the criteria for admission or transfer in a manner similar to that applicable to other grades, shall progress according to the district's student progression plan. However, nothing in this section shall authorize the state or any school district to oversee or exercise control over the curricula or academic programs of private schools or home education programs.

(c) A student who attains the age of 16 years during the school year is not subject to compulsory school attendance beyond the date upon which he or she attains that age if the student files a formal declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment with the district school board. Public school students who have attained the age of 16 years and who have not graduated are subject to compulsory school attendance until the formal declaration of intent is filed with the district school board. The declaration must acknowledge that terminating school enrollment is likely to reduce the student's earning potential and must be signed by the student and the student's parent. The school district must notify the student's parent of receipt of the student's declaration of intent to terminate school enrollment. The student's guidance counselor or other school personnel must conduct an exit interview with the student to determine the reasons for the student's decision to terminate school enrollment and actions that could be taken to keep the student in school. The student must be informed of opportunities to continue his or her education in a different environment, including, but not limited to, adult education and GED test preparation. Additionally, the student must complete a survey in a format prescribed by the Department of Education to provide data on student reasons for terminating enrollment and actions taken by schools to keep students enrolled.

(d) Students who become or have become married and students who are pregnant shall not be prohibited from attending school. These students and students who are parents shall receive the same educational instruction or its equivalent as other students, but may voluntarily be assigned to a class or program suited

to their special needs. Consistent with s. 1003.54, pregnant or parenting teens may participate in a teenage parent program. Pregnant students may attend alternative education programs or adult education programs, provided that the curriculum allows the student to continue to work toward a high school diploma.

(e) Consistent with rules adopted by the State Board of Education, children with disabilities who have attained the age of 3 years shall be eligible for admission to public special education programs and for related services under rules adopted by the district school board. Exceptional children who are deaf or hard of hearing, visually impaired, dual sensory impaired, severely physically handicapped, trainable mentally handicapped, or profoundly handicapped, or who have established conditions, or exhibit developmental delays, below age 3 may be eligible for special programs; or, if enrolled in other school readiness programs, they may be eligible for supplemental instruction. Rules for the identification of established conditions for children birth through 2 years of age and developmental delays for children birth through 5 years of age must be adopted by the State Board of Education.

(f) Homeless children, as defined in s. 1003.01, must have access to a free public education and must be admitted to school in the school district in which they or their families live. School districts shall assist homeless children to meet the requirements of subsection (4) and s. 1003.22, as well as local requirements for documentation.

(2) (a) The State Board of Education may adopt rules under which students not meeting the entrance age may be transferred from another state if their parents have been legal residents of that state.(b) Each district school board, in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education, shall adopt policies authorizing a parent to request and be granted permission for absence of a student from school for:

1. Religious instruction or religious holidays.

2. An appointment scheduled to receive a therapy service provided by a licensed health care practitioner or behavior analyst certified pursuant to s. 393.17 for the treatment of autism spectrum disorder, including, but not limited to, applied behavioral analysis, speech therapy, and occupational therapy.

(3) The district school superintendent may authorize certificates of exemptions from school attendance requirements in certain situations. Students within the compulsory attendance age limits who hold valid certificates of exemption that have been issued by the superintendent shall be exempt from attending school. A certificate of exemption shall cease to be valid at the end of the school year in which it is issued.

#### **<u>S. 1003.23</u>** Attendance records and reports. (Attendance defined)

(1) The attendance of all public K–12 school students shall be checked each school day in the manner prescribed by rules of the State Board of Education and recorded in the teacher's register or by some approved system of recording attendance. Students may be counted in attendance only if they are actually present at school or are away from school on a school day and are engaged in an educational activity that constitutes a part of the school-approved instructional program for the student.

#### **<u>S. 1003.24</u>** Parents responsible for attendance of children; attendance policy.

Each parent of a child within the compulsory attendance age is responsible for the child's school attendance as required by law. The absence of a student from school is prima facie evidence of a violation of this section; however, criminal prosecution under this chapter may not be brought against a parent until

the provisions of s. 1003.26 have been complied with. A parent of a student is not responsible for the student's nonattendance at school under any of the following conditions:

(1) WITH PERMISSION.—The absence was with permission of the head of the school;

(2) WITHOUT KNOWLEDGE.—The absence was without the parent's knowledge, consent, or connivance, in which case the student shall be dealt with as a dependent child;

(3) FINANCIAL INABILITY.—The parent was unable financially to provide necessary clothes for the student, which inability was reported in writing to the superintendent prior to the opening of school or immediately after the beginning of such inability, provided that the validity of any claim for exemption under this subsection shall be determined by the district school superintendent subject to appeal to the district school board; or

(4) SICKNESS, INJURY, OR OTHER INSURMOUNTABLE CONDITION.—Attendance was impracticable or inadvisable on account of sickness or injury, attested to by a written statement of a licensed practicing physician, or was impracticable because of some other stated insurmountable condition as defined by and attested to in accordance with rules of the State Board of Education. If a student is continually sick and repeatedly absent from school, he or she must be under the supervision of a physician, or if the absence is related to the student having autism spectrum disorder, receiving services from a licensed health care practitioner or behavior analyst certified pursuant to s. 393.17, in order to receive an excuse from attendance. Such excuse provides that a student's condition justifies absence for more than the number of days permitted by the district school board.

Each district school board shall establish an attendance policy that includes, but is not limited to, the required number of days each school year that a student must be in attendance and the number of absences and tardies after which a statement explaining such absences and tardies must be on file at the school. Each school in the district must determine if an absence or tardies is excused or unexcused according to criteria established by the district school board.

#### **<u>S. 1003.26</u>** Enforcement of school attendance.

The Legislature finds that poor academic performance is associated with nonattendance and that school districts must take an active role in promoting and enforcing attendance as a means of improving student performance. It is the policy of the state that each district school superintendent be responsible for enforcing school attendance of all students subject to the compulsory school age in the school district and supporting enforcement of school attendance by local law enforcement agencies. The responsibility includes recommending policies and procedures to the district school board that require public schools to respond in a timely manner to every unexcused absence, and every absence for which the reason is unknown, of students enrolled in the schools. District school board policies shall require the parent of a student to justify each absence of the student, and that justification will be evaluated based on adopted district school board policies that define excused and unexcused absences. The policies must provide that public schools track excused and unexcused absences and contact the home in the case of an unexcused absence from school, or an absence from school for which the reason is unknown, to prevent the development of patterns of nonattendance. The Legislature finds that early intervention in school attendance is the most effective way of producing good attendance habits that will lead to improved student learning and achievement. Each public school shall implement the following steps to promote and enforce regular school attendance:

(1) CONTACT, REFER, AND ENFORCE.---

(a) Upon each unexcused absence, or absence for which the reason is unknown, the school principal or his or her designee shall contact the student's parent to determine the reason for the absence. If the absence is an excused absence, as defined by district school board policy, the school shall provide opportunities for the student to make up assigned work and not receive an academic penalty unless the work is not made up within a reasonable time.

(b) If a student has had at least five unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period, the student's primary teacher shall report to the school principal or his or her designee that the student may be exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance. The principal shall, unless there is clear evidence that the absences are not a pattern of nonattendance, refer the case to the school's child study team to determine if early patterns of truancy are developing. If the child study team finds that a pattern of nonattendance is developing, whether the absences are excused or not, a meeting with the parent must be scheduled to identify potential remedies, and the principal shall notify the district school superintendent and the school district contact for home education programs that the referred student is exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance.

(c) If an initial meeting does not resolve the problem, the child study team shall implement the following:

- 1. Frequent attempts at communication between the teacher and the family.
- 2. Evaluation for alternative education programs.
- 3. Attendance contracts.

The child study team may, but is not required to, implement other interventions, including referral to other agencies for family services or recommendation for filing a truancy petition pursuant to s. 984.151.

(d) The child study team shall be diligent in facilitating intervention services and shall report the case to the district school superintendent only when all reasonable efforts to resolve the nonattendance behavior are exhausted.

(e) If the parent refuses to participate in the remedial strategies because he or she believes that those strategies are unnecessary or inappropriate, the parent may appeal to the district school board. The district school board may provide a hearing officer, and the hearing officer shall make a recommendation for final action to the district school board. If the district school board's final determination is that the strategies of the child study team are appropriate, and the parent still refuses to participate or cooperate, the district school superintendent may seek criminal prosecution for noncompliance with compulsory school attendance.

(f) 1. If the parent of a child who has been identified as exhibiting a pattern of nonattendance enrolls the child in a home education program pursuant to chapter 1002, the district school superintendent shall provide the parent a copy of s. 1002.41 and the accountability requirements of this paragraph. The district school superintendent shall also refer the parent to a home education review committee composed of the district contact for home educator programs and at least two home educators selected by the parent from a district list of all home educators who have conducted a home education program for at least 3 years and who have indicated a willingness to serve on the committee. The home education review committee shall review the portfolio of the student, as defined by s. 1002.41, every 30 days during the district's regular school terms until the committee is satisfied that the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b). The first portfolio review must occur within the first 30 calendar days of the establishment of the program. The provisions of subparagraph 2. do not apply once the committee determines the home education program is in compliance with s. 1002.41(1)(b).

2. If the parent fails to provide a portfolio to the committee, the committee shall notify the district school superintendent. The district school superintendent shall then terminate the home education program and require the parent to enroll the child in an attendance option that meets the definition of "regular school attendance" under s. 1003.01(13)(a), (b), (c), or (e), within 3 days. Upon termination of a home education program pursuant to this subparagraph, the parent shall not be eligible to reenroll the child in a home education program for 180 calendar days. Failure of a parent to enroll the child in an attendance option as required by this subparagraph after termination of the home education program pursuant to this subparagraph after termination of the compulsory attendance requirements of s. 1003.21 and may result in criminal prosecution under s. 1003.27(2). Nothing contained herein shall restrict the ability of the district school superintendent, or the ability of his or her designee, to review the portfolio pursuant to s. 1002.41(1)(b).

(g) If a student subject to compulsory school attendance will not comply with attempts to enforce school attendance, the parent or the district school superintendent or his or her designee shall refer the case to the case staffing committee pursuant to s. 984.12, and the district school superintendent or his or her designee may file a truancy petition pursuant to the procedures in s. 984.151.

(2) GIVE WRITTEN NOTICE.—

(a) Under the direction of the district school superintendent, a designated school representative shall give written notice that requires enrollment or attendance within 3 days after the date of notice, in person or by return-receipt mail, to the parent when no valid reason is found for a student's nonenrollment in school. If the notice and requirement are ignored, the designated school representative shall report the case to the district school superintendent, and may refer the case to the case staffing committee, established pursuant to s. 984.12. The district school superintendent shall take such steps as are necessary to bring criminal prosecution against the parent.

(b) Subsequent to the activities required under subsection (1), the district school superintendent or his or her designee shall give written notice in person or by return-receipt mail to the parent that criminal prosecution is being sought for nonattendance. The district school superintendent may file a truancy petition, as defined in s. 984.03, following the procedures outlined in s. 984.151.

(3) RETURN STUDENT TO PARENT.—A designated school representative may visit the home or place of residence of a student and any other place in which he or she is likely to find any student who is required to attend school when the student is not enrolled or is absent from school during school hours without an excuse, and, when the student is found, shall return the student to his or her parent or to the principal or teacher in charge of the school, or to the private tutor from whom absent, or to the juvenile assessment center or other location established by the district school board to receive students who are absent from school. Upon receipt of the student, the parent shall be immediately notified.

(4) REPORT TO APPROPRIATE AUTHORITY.—A designated school representative shall report to the appropriate authority designated by law to receive such notices, all violations of the Child Labor Law that may come to his or her knowledge.

(5) RIGHT TO INSPECT.—A designated school representative shall have the right of access to, and inspection of, establishments where minors may be employed or detained only for the purpose of ascertaining whether students of compulsory school age are actually employed there and are actually working there regularly. The designated school representative shall, if he or she finds unsatisfactory working conditions or violations of the Child Labor Law, report his or her findings to the appropriate authority.

#### **<u>S. 1003.27</u>** Court procedure and penalties.

The court procedure and penalties for the enforcement of the provisions of this part, relating to compulsory school attendance, shall be as follows:

(1) COURT JURISDICTION.—The circuit court has original and exclusive jurisdiction of all proceedings against, or prosecutions of, students under the provisions of this part. Proceedings against, or prosecutions of, parents or employers as provided by this section shall be in the court of each county having jurisdiction of misdemeanors wherein trial by jury is afforded the defendant.

#### (2) NONENROLLMENT AND NONATTENDANCE CASES.—

(a) In each case of nonenrollment or of nonattendance upon the part of a student who is required to attend some school, when no valid reason for such nonenrollment or nonattendance is found, the district school superintendent shall institute a criminal prosecution against the student's parent.

(b) Each public school principal or the principal's designee shall notify the district school board of each minor student under its jurisdiction who accumulates 15 unexcused absences in a period of 90 calendar days. Each designee of the governing body of each private school, and each parent whose child is enrolled in a home education program, may provide the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles with the legal name, sex, date of birth, and social security number of each minor student under his or her jurisdiction who fails to satisfy relevant attendance requirements and who fails to otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The district school superintendent must provide the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles the legal name, sex, date of birth, and social security number of each minor student who has been reported under this paragraph and who fails to otherwise satisfy the requirements of s. 322.091. The Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles may not issue a driver's license or learner's driver's license to, and shall suspend any previously issued driver's license or learner's driver's license of, any such minor student, pursuant to the provisions of s. 322.091.

(3) HABITUAL TRUANCY CASES.—The district school superintendent is authorized to file a truancy petition, as defined in s. 984.03, following the procedures outlined in s. 984.151. If the district school superintendent chooses not to file a truancy petition, procedures for filing a child-in-need-of-services petition shall be commenced pursuant to this subsection and chapter 984. In accordance with procedures established by the district school board, the designated school representative shall refer a student who is habitually truant and the student's family to the children-in-need-of-services and families-in-need-of-services provider or the case staffing committee, established pursuant to s. 984.12, as determined by the cooperative agreement required in this section. The case staffing committee may request the Department of Juvenile Justice or its designee to file a child-in-need-of-services petition based upon the report and efforts of the district school board or other community agency or may seek to resolve the truant behavior through the school or community-based organizations or agencies. Prior to and subsequent to the filing of a child-in-need-of-services petition due to habitual truancy, the appropriate governmental agencies must allow a reasonable time to complete actions required by this section and s. 1003.26 to remedy the conditions leading to the truant behavior. Prior to the filing of a petition, the district school board must have complied with the requirements of s.1003.26, and those efforts must have been unsuccessful.

(4) COOPERATIVE AGREEMENTS.—The circuit manager of the Department of Juvenile Justice or the circuit manager's designee, the district administrator of the Department of Children and Family Services or the district administrator's designee, and the district school superintendent or the superintendent's designee must develop a cooperative interagency agreement that:

(a) Clearly defines each department's role, responsibility, and function in working with habitual truants and their families.

(b) Identifies and implements measures to resolve and reduce truant behavior.

(c) Addresses issues of streamlining service delivery, the appropriateness of legal intervention, case management, the role and responsibility of the case staffing committee, student and parental intervention and involvement, and community action plans.

(d) Delineates timeframes for implementation and identifies a mechanism for reporting results by the circuit juvenile justice manager or the circuit manager's designee and the district school superintendent or the superintendent's designee to the Department of Juvenile Justice and the Department of Education and other governmental entities as needed.

(e) Designates which agency is responsible for each of the intervention steps in this section, to yield more effective and efficient intervention services.

(5) ATTENDANCE REGISTER AS EVIDENCE.—The register of attendance of students at a public, parochial, religious, denominational, or private school, or of students taught by a private tutor, kept in compliance with rules of the State Board of Education is prima facie evidence of the facts which it is required to show. A certified copy of any rule and a statement of the date of its adoption by the State Board of Education is admissible as prima facie evidence of the rule and of the date of its adoption.

(6) PROCEEDINGS AND PROSECUTIONS; WHO MAY BEGIN.—Proceedings or prosecutions under this chapter may be commenced by the district school superintendent, by a designated school representative, by the probation officer of the county, by the executive officer of any court of competent jurisdiction, or by a duly authorized agent of the Department of Education or the Department of Juvenile Justice. If a proceeding has been commenced against both a parent and a child pursuant to this chapter, the presiding courts shall make every effort to coordinate sanctions against the child and parent, including ordering the child and parent to perform community service hours or attend counseling together.

(7) PENALTIES.—The penalties for refusing or failing to comply with this chapter shall be as follows:

(a) The parent.—

1. A parent who refuses or fails to have a minor student who is under his or her control attend school regularly, or who refuses or fails to comply with the requirements in subsection (3), commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

2. The continued or habitual absence of a minor student without the consent of the principal or teacher in charge of the school he or she attends or should attend, or of the tutor who instructs or should instruct him or her, is prima facie evidence of a violation of this chapter; however, a showing that the parent has made a bona fide and diligent effort to control and keep the student in school shall be an affirmative defense to any criminal or other liability under this subsection and the court shall refer the parent and child for counseling, guidance, or other needed services.

3. In addition to any other punishment, the court shall order a parent who has violated this section to send the minor student to school, and may also order the parent to participate in an approved parent training class, attend school with the student unless this would cause undue hardship, perform community service

hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other services, as appropriate. If a parent is ordered to attend school with a student, the school shall provide for programming to educate the parent and student on the importance of school attendance. It shall be unlawful to terminate any employee solely because he or she is attending school with his or her child pursuant to a court order.

(b) The principal or teacher.--A principal or teacher in any public, parochial, religious, denominational, or private school, or a private tutor who willfully violates any provision of this chapter may, upon satisfactory proof of such violation, have his or her certificate revoked by the Department of Education.

(c) The employer.—

1. An employer who fails to notify the district school superintendent when he or she ceases to employ a student commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

2. An employer who terminates any employee solely because he or she is attending school with a student pursuant to court order commits a misdemeanor of the second degree, punishable as provided in s. 775.082 or s. 775.083.

(d) The student.—

1. In addition to any other authorized sanctions, the court shall order a student found to be a habitual truant to make up all school work missed and may order the student to pay a civil penalty of up to \$2, based on the student's ability to pay, for each day of school missed, perform up to 25 community service hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other services, as appropriate.

2. Upon a second or subsequent finding that a student is a habitual truant, the court, in addition to any other authorized sanctions, shall order the student to make up all school work missed and may order the student to pay a civil penalty of up to \$5, based on the student's ability to pay, for each day of school missed, perform up to 50 community service hours at the school, or participate in counseling or other services, as appropriate.

## **<u>S. 1003.28</u>** Continuation of truancy remedial activities upon transfer of student; retention of legal jurisdiction.

(1) If, during the activities designed to remedy truant behavior as described in s. 1003.27, the parent of the student who is the subject of such activities transfers the student to another school district in this state in an attempt to circumvent the remedial procedures which have already begun, the administration of the school from which the student transferred shall provide to the administration of the new school, at no charge, copies of all available records and documents relevant to such remedial activities, and the administration of the new school shall begin remedial activities in the program that most closely meets the transfer student's needs.

(2) In the event that a legal proceeding has commenced, as provided in s. 1003.27, against a student who has been determined to be a habitual truant, the movement of the student who is the subject of such proceeding to another circuit court district in this state will not affect the jurisdiction of the court to proceed with the case under the law.

#### **<u>S. 1003.33</u>** Report cards; end-of-the-year status.

(1) Each district school board shall establish and publish policies requiring the content and regular issuance of student report cards for all elementary school, middle school, and high school students. These report cards must clearly depict and grade:

(a) The student's academic performance in each class or course, which in grades 1 through 12 must be based upon examinations as well as written papers, class participation, and other academic performance criteria, and must include the student's performance or nonperformance at his or her grade level.

(b) The student's conduct and behavior.

(c) The student's attendance, including absences and tardiness.

(2) A student's final report card for a school year shall contain a statement indicating end-of-the-year status regarding performance or nonperformance at grade level, acceptable or unacceptable behavior and attendance, and promotion or nonpromotion. District school boards shall not allow schools to exempt students from academic performance requirements based on practices or policies designed to encourage student attendance. A student's attendance record may not be used in whole or in part to provide an exemption from any academic performance requirement.

#### **<u>S. 1006.09</u>** Duties of school principal relating to student discipline and school safety.

(1)(b) No student shall be suspended for unexcused tardiness, lateness, absence, or truancy.

#### **<u>S. 984.151</u>** Truancy petition; prosecution; disposition.

(1) If the school determines that a student subject to compulsory school attendance has had at least five unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a calendar month or 10 unexcused absences, or absences for which the reasons are unknown, within a 90-calendar-day period pursuant to s. 1003.26(1)(b), or has had more than 15 unexcused absences in a 90-calendar-day period, the superintendent of schools may file a truancy petition.

(2) The petition shall be filed in the circuit in which the student is enrolled in school.

(3) Original jurisdiction to hear a truancy petition shall be in the circuit court; however, the circuit court may use a general or special master pursuant to Supreme Court rules. Upon the filing of the petition, the clerk shall issue a summons to the parent, guardian, or legal custodian of the student, directing that person and the student to appear for a hearing at a time and place specified.

(4) The petition must contain the following: the name, age, and address of the student; the name and address of the student's parent or guardian; the school where the student is enrolled; the efforts the school has made to get the student to attend school; the number of out-of-school contacts between the school system and student's parent or guardian; and the number of days and dates of days the student has missed school. The petition shall be sworn to by the superintendent or his or her designee.

(5) Once the petition is filed, the court shall hear the petition within 30 days.

(6) The student and the student's parent or guardian shall attend the hearing.

(7) If the court determines that the student did miss any of the alleged days, the court shall order the student to attend school and the parent to ensure that the student attends school, and may order any of the following: the student to participate in alternative sanctions to include mandatory attendance at alternative classes to be followed by mandatory community services hours for a period up to 6 months; the student and the student's parent or guardian to participate in homemaker or parent aide services; the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in intensive crisis counseling; the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in services if available and applicable; the student and the student's parent or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to result or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to result or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to result or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in service provided by voluntary or community agencies as available; and the student or the student's parent or guardian to participate in vocational, job training, or employment services.

(8) If the student does not successfully complete the sanctions ordered in subsection (7), the case shall be referred to the case staffing committee under s. 984.12 with a recommendation to file a child-in-need-of-services petition under s. 984.15.

(9) The parent, guardian, or legal custodian and the student shall participate, as required by court order, in any sanctions or services required by the court under this section, and the court shall enforce such participation through its contempt power.





The School District of Volusia County School Social Services

Matrix of Attendance Services

Ongoing Action	School Responsibility		District Support
2024-2025 SY	<ul> <li>Schools follow the Guidelines for Handling DNE's as noted in the Compulsory School Attendance Manual</li> <li>Schools follow the Procedures for Addressing Unexcused Absences as noted in the Compulsory School Attendance Manual</li> <li>Teachers record accurate attendance and late to class daily</li> <li>Attendance designee updates attendance records</li> <li>Attendance designee views the FOCUS Letter Queue daily to show students with 15 absences (excused and/or unexcused) and mails/emails 15-Day Doctor's Note letter to parent(s) requesting doctor's verification for absences. If previous medical documentation or knowledge of a chronic condition for which absences are anticipated, there is no need to send this letter</li> <li>MTSS or IEP Committee convenes to address attendance concerns and</li> </ul>	•	Assist schools with contact of DNE students prior to the Survey 2 submission to DOE and after until lists have been resolved to W02 Generate monthly attendance reports for each school Maintain ongoing contact with attendance designee and attendance committee members Provide consultative services as needed
	initiate/monitor interventions Excessive Unexcused Absences	•	Contact parent/student as needed
5 unexcused absences within 30 days	<ul> <li>Attendance designee views the FOCUS Letter Queue daily to show students with 5 unexcused absences within a calendar month and mails/emails letter to parent(s)</li> <li>Teacher/school staff contacts and/or conferences with parent and/or student</li> </ul>	•	Review monthly attendance reports and provide consultative services to school staff
10 unexcused absences within 90 days	<ul> <li>Attendance designee views the FOCUS Letter Queue daily to show students with 10 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days and mails/emails letter to parent(s)</li> <li>Attendance designee gives names to the MTSS Chair or DPS/IEP Facilitator</li> <li>MTSS Chair or DPS/IEP Facilitator contacts parent/guardian regarding an attendance meeting through the MTSS or IEP review process</li> <li>At secondary level, include the student at the attendance meeting</li> <li>Attendance referral may be submitted if the process has been followed and interventions have proven to be ineffective</li> </ul>	•	Review monthly attendance reports and provide consultative services to school staff Participate in attendance meetings if available Respond to attendance referrals and provide follow-up
	Excessive Unexcused Tardies/Early Checkouts <ul> <li>School staff monitors tardies/checkouts using attendance reports and notifies</li> </ul>	•	Provide consultative services to
	<ul> <li>parents (i.e. letter and/or Focus Communication messages) and school personnel</li> <li>For excessive tardies/early checkouts, follow the MTSS or IEP review process for addressing attendance issues</li> <li>Attendance referral may be submitted if the process has been followed and interventions have proven to be ineffective</li> </ul>	•	school staff Participate in attendance meetings if available Respond to attendance referrals and provide follow-up

#### Sample Forms / Letters

Sample 1 – Parent Notification of Unexcused Absences (English)

VÕĬ	ÚS	IA
COUNTY	SCHO	OLS

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF VOLUSIA COUNTY Parent Notification of Unexcused Absences

			(Date)	
Dear			_:	
The staff at		(Calcal)	is interested in your ch	ild's academic success in schoo
our records,	your child	i,	-	o inform you that according to ame)
Month	Year	Dates Absent	Month Year D	ates Absent
August			January	
2				
September			February	
September October			February	
September October November			February March April	
September October November			February March April May	
October November December			February March April May	

to explain why your child was absent from school. We are available to offer our assistance to you, if needed, in getting your child into regular school attendance. We look forward to hearing from you soon.

Sincerely yours,

Principal

Revised: 1/7/2009 Owner: School Social Services 2001-099-VCS Print Locally



#### DISTRITO ESCOLAR DEL CONDADO DE VOLUSIA Notificación a los padres de ausencias injustificadas

			(Fecha)		
Estimado/a			:		
El personal o escuela.	le	(Escuela)	le inte	eresa el éxi	ito académico de su hijo(a) en la
nuestros reg	istros, su l	egular es necesaria para logr hijo(a), s ausencias injustificadas de			arta es para informarle que según 
Mes	Año	Fechas de ausencias		Año	Fechas de ausencias
agosto			enero		
septiembre			febrero		
octubre			marzo		
noviembre			abril		
diciembre			mayo		
			junio		
Por favor llar	ne a	(Nombre)		_ al	(Número de teléfono)
para explica	r porqué s	u hijo(a) estuvo ausente de la	a escuela.	Estamos d	lisponibles para brindarle nuestra aridad. Quedamos en espera de su
Atentamente	t.,				

Director

Revised: 1/7/2009 Owner: School Social Services 2001-099-VCS Print Locally

#### Sample 2 – Request For Individual Problem Solving Team Assistance IPST 5

Request for Individual Problem-Solving Team Assistance IPST 5				
Student:	DOB:	ID:	Grade:	
Teacher:	School:			
Referring Person:				
Parent Request: 🗆 Yes 📄 No				
Date of Request:				_
Area(s) of Concern:				
Behavior				
Attendance				
Based on attached data, how did the problem	respond to interventions?			
Stayed the same				
Problem increased				
1. What intervention(s) worked?				
2. Are you continuing to implement this	intervention? yes	no		
3. What didn't work?				

Attach IPST 1-4. Students will be scheduled for a IPST meeting upon receipt of the completed referral packet. Incomplete packets will be returned.

COUNTY SCHOOLS	Volusia County Scho School Social Servic ATTENDANCE CONTR	es			
Student:			D. O. B.:	Ţ	7
School:	Gr	ade:	Student ID:		
Mother/Guardian:					
Father/Guardian:					
The undersigned student and in an effort to improve the stu		gree to abide	by the follow	/ing t	erms
Student Agrees To: Attend school daily and on time. Abide by all school and classroom Comply with parental rules regard Follow a consistent evening and m Consult with teacher(s) about miss Attend school tutoring services (iff Participate in a school mentoring p Other	ing school attendance. iorning school routine. sing assignments and complete available).	_	dent did not atten	d conf	erence.
<ul> <li>Transport student to school daily,</li> <li>Ensure student's daily and on time</li> <li>Call the school at leasttimes</li> <li>Call the school on the day of an at Clerk:</li> <li>For all absences due to illness, pro-</li> </ul>	e school attendance. School be per week to check on child's a psence, and when your child re exp	egins at attendance. Spea atturns to school s plaining the abse	a m k with end a note to the nce.	ı. Attend	lance
Schedule a conference with your of				on sch	lool
Call me, to discuss what progress has been	by / /	at()		ext.	um vour cs
Other		are a message i	-944 4444 9 44 4 4 4 4		
I understand that failure to o of a CINS/FINS petition or a the state's compulsory school Signature: Mother/Guardian: D.O.B.: / /	complaint to the Office	of the State parent/gua	Attorney alle		violation
				1	
D.O.B.: / /	Driver's License #:	Socia	Date: I Security #:	Ţ	1
Signature: Student:			Date:	1	7
Approved by:	Title:		Date:		1
Reviewed by:	Title:		Date:	1	1

VÕLUSIA Servic	del Condado de ios Sociales Esco RATO DE ASISTE	olares			
Estudiante:		F. D.	N.: _/	- 7	
Escuela:	Grado:	Stude	ent ID:		
Madre/Encargada:					
Padre/Encargado:					
El estudiante abajo firmante y/o el padre/n términos con el fin de mejorar la asistencia		cuerdan cumplir	con los si	guier	ites
Estudiante acuerda: Asistir a la escuela diariamente y puntualmente Cumplir con todas las reglas de la escuela y el s Cumplir con las reglas de asistencia establecida Seguir una rutina consistente en la manana y la Consultar con maestro (s) las asignaciones pend Asistir servicios de tutoria (si están disponible). Participar en programa de mentoria (si están dis Otro	salón de clase. 19 por el padre. 19 noche al referente la es dientes y completar. 1	Estudiante n cuela.	o asistió a l	a reun	ión.
<ul> <li>Garantizar la asistencia escolar regular y puntua</li> <li>Llamar a la escuela por lo menos veces po</li> <li>Llamar a la escuela el día de una ausencia y cua Secretario/a de Asistencia:</li> <li>Para todas las ausencias debidas a enfermedad, y nombre/teléfono del médico).</li> </ul>	or semana para verificar ando su hijo/a regrese a	la asistencia de su la escuela, enviar u explicando i	hijo/a. Hat ma nota a la la ausencia.	1	
Programar una reunión con el maestro u orienta	ador de su hijo/a para el	1 1	para ve	r el pro	ogreso
escolar y los efectos que las ausencias podrían te	ener al éxito académico	de su hijo/a.			
Llámar a no m para discutir el progreso del estudiante. Si no n comunicar con usted.	as tardar del ne encuentra, por favor	/a deje un mensaje qu	e e detalla có	xt. imo m	e puedo
Otro					
Entiendo que no cumplir con los términos d petición de CINS/FINS o queja a la Oficina de asistencia escolar obligatoria del estado Firma: Madre/Encargada:	del Fiscal General d por el padre/encar	el Estado alegan gado.		olacio	ón de la
F.D.N.: / / Licencia de C	Conducir:		o Social:		
Firma: Padre/Encargado:			Fecha:		
			e Casiala		
F.D.N.: / / Licencia de C	Conducir:				
F.D.N.: / / Licencia de C Firma: Estudiante:		1	Fecha:	/ .	/
F.D.N.: / / Licencia de C	Cargo:	1	Fecha: Fecha:	/ . / .	/

#### Sample 4 – Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS)-Individual Problem-Solving Team (IPST) Parent Meeting Notification



Student Name:
Gender:
Campus:
Parent:
Address:
Phone:

Student ID: Grade: DOB:

#### Multi-Tiered System of Support (MTSS)-Individual Problem-Solving Team (IPST)

#### Parent Meeting Notification

Date Provided:

#### Meeting Notification

An IPST meeting is proposed to review the educational needs of your child to determine whether there is a need for additional interventions and/or supports within the general education setting. The team will make decisions as to whether interventions should be faded, continued, adjusted, or abandoned for more intense efforts at the next level of the process.

#### Meeting Types

<ul> <li>TIER 1 MEETING - Tier I includes the continued implementation of high-quality provided by qualified personnel to ensure that student difficulties are not due to are screened on a periodic basis to establish an academic and behavioral base learners who need additional support. Within Tier 1 additional supports may be TIER 2 MEETING - Tier II includes all the elements of Tier I and targets student level of progress in response to previously identified interventions. Efforts are additional interventions and supports that are more specific to the individual stimulational interventions and supports that are more specific to the individual stimulational student skill deficits. Adjustments are made to the frequency, intensity, efforts. Students who do not experience the desired level of improvement at Tic comprehensive evaluation and considered for eligibility for Section 504 or spect Individuals with Disabilities Education Act of 2004 (IDEA 2004). Data collected or and used to make eligibility decisions.</li> <li>PROGRESS REVIEW MEETING – At this meeting, the IPST will review the stubeing implemented at Tier 2 and Tier 3.</li> <li>Content Area:</li> <li>Meeting Information</li> <li>While parents are not required to stend or participate in the MTSS process, your attendance and participate in the MTSS process.</li> </ul>	o inadequate instruction. All students line and to identify struggling identified to target student learning. Ints who are not making the desired made during Tier II to identify udent's needs. cuses on intensive interventions that and group size of the intervention er III may be referred for a ial education services under the turing Tiers I, II and III are included dent's response to the interventions
The meeting is scheduled for: Date: Time:	
Location:	
If you have any questions, please call:	
RETURN THIS FORM TO:	BY:
SCHOOL:	
ADDRESS:	
Please check the appropriate box(es):	
<ul> <li>Yes, I will attend the meeting</li> <li>I will not be able to attend the meeting; please proceed in my absence.</li> <li>I am including information about my child for the committee to consider.</li> </ul>	
Parent Signature:	Date:

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF VOLUSIA COUNTY NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL

Student Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_

School Name \_\_\_\_\_\_ STUDENT ID \_\_\_\_\_\_

Florida Statute 1003 requires parents to participate in interventions designed to remediate patterns of nonattendance exhibited by their child(ren). This statute gives parent/ guardian the right to appeal to the school board if they believe the strategies or interventions recommended by the school are inappropriate or unnecessary. If you choose to exercise this right, you must notify the school Problem Solving Team or Individual Education Plan (IEP) Committee in writing.

I, \_\_\_\_\_, have read the above and understand my rights as outlined by the law.

Parent Signature

Date

cc: Parent Problem Solving Team/IEP Committee

Distributed by School Social Services 09/25/02 Revised: 2/11/09 2001097MIS

#### DISTRITO ESCOLAR DEL CONDADO DE VOLUSIA NOTIFICACIÓN DEL DERECHO A APELAR

Nombre del Estudiante	Fecha de Nacimiento	
Nombre de la Escuela	Identificación del Estudiante	

Estatuto de la Florida 1003 requiere que los padres participen en las intervenciones designadas a remediar los patrones de absentismo mostrados por sus hijos. Este estatuto le otorga el derecho al padre/encargado de apelar a la junta escolar si él o ella cree que las estrategias o intervenciones recomendadas por la escuela son inapropiadas o innecesarias. Si elige a ejercer este derecho, usted tiene que notificar por escrito al Equipo de Resolución de Problemas o al Comité del Plan Educativo Individualizado (IEP).

Yo,	, he leído lo anterior y entiendo mis derechos
tal como lo estipula la ley.	•

Firma del padre/madre

Fecha

cc: Padre Equipo de Resolución de Problemas/Comité IEP

Distributed by School Social Services 09/25/02 Revised: 2/11/09 2001097MIS

After a student receives 15 absences, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school requiring a doctor's note for subsequent absences due to illness.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

We are deeply concerned about [[First]] 's success in school. This letter is to inform you that according to district records, [[First]] 's has had 15 or more days of absences, excused and/or unexcused, during the current school year within Volusia County Schools. This level of absenteeism is alarming and requires immediate attention.

The impact of missing 15 or more days of school is severe:

- It significantly increases the risk of academic failure and dropping out
- Students missing this much school are far less likely to graduate on time
- It can lead to long-term negative effects on future educational and career opportunities

According to Volusia County Schools Attendance Policy 206, in compliance with Florida Statute 1003.24, a parent/guardian must provide a doctor's verification for all absences beyond 15 days due to illness to be considered excused. Because your child has been absent more than 15 days this school year, you must provide the necessary doctor's excuse for all future absences due to illness during the remainder of this school year.

Florida Statute 1003.21 mandates regular attendance for children between the ages of 6 and 16. As a parent or legal guardian, you are legally responsible for ensuring your child's consistent school attendance. Failure to comply with this statute may result in legal consequences.

Furthermore, Florida Statute 1003.27 requires schools to report students aged 14 and older who accumulate 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. This will result in the suspension of their driver's license or prevent them from obtaining one. For reinstatement of a driver's license, a student must attend school for 30 consecutive days.

Our "All Day, Every Day" attendance initiative emphasizes that every school day is critical for your child's academic growth and future success. We urge you to take immediate action to ensure your child's regular attendance.

If you have already provided the school district with medical documentation of a chronic condition for which ongoing absences are anticipated this school year, please disregard this notice. Otherwise, this situation requires your immediate attention and action.

Please contact the Attendance Office at [[Phone]] immediately to discuss [[First]] 's attendance issues and develop a plan for improvement. We are committed to working with you to address this serious concern and support [[First]] [[Last]] 's educational success.

Sincerely,

[[Principal]] [[School Display Name]] After a student receives 15 absences, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school requiring a doctor's note for subsequent absences due to illness.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimado padre/tutor de [[First]] [[Last]] :

Estamos profundamente preocupados por el éxito de [[First]] en la escuela. Esta carta es para informarle que, según los registros del distrito, [[First]] ha tenido 15 o más días de ausencias, justificadas y/o injustificadas, durante el año escolar actual en las escuelas del condado de Volusia. Este nivel de ausentismo es alarmante y requiere atención inmediata.

El impacto de faltar 15 o más días a la escuela es grave:

• Aumenta significativamente el riesgo de fracaso académico y deserción escolar

• Los estudiantes que faltan tanto a la escuela tienen muchas menos probabilidades de graduarse a tiempo

• Puede tener efectos negativos a largo plazo en las oportunidades educativas y profesionales futuras De acuerdo con la Norma de asistencia 206 de las escuelas del condado de Volusia, en cumplimiento con el Estatuto de Florida 1003.24, un padre/tutor debe proporcionar una verificación médica para todas las ausencias de más de 15 días debido a enfermedad para que se consideren justificadas. Debido a que su hijo ha estado ausente más de 15 días este año escolar, debe proporcionar la justificación médica necesaria para todas las ausencias futuras debido a enfermedad durante el resto de este año escolar.

El Estatuto de Florida 1003.21 exige la asistencia regular de los niños entre las edades de 6 y 16. Como padre o tutor legal, usted es legalmente responsable de garantizar la asistencia escolar constante de su hijo. El incumplimiento de este estatuto puede resultar en consecuencias legales.

Además, el Estatuto de Florida 1003.27 requiere que las escuelas informen a los estudiantes de 14 años o más que acumulen 15 ausencias injustificadas dentro de los 90 días calendario al Departamento de Seguridad Vial y Vehículos Motorizados. Esto resultará en la suspensión de su licencia de conducir o les impedirá obtener una. Para restablecer una licencia de conducir, un estudiante debe asistir a la escuela durante 30 días consecutivos.

Nuestra iniciativa de asistencia "Todo el día, todos los días" enfatiza que cada día escolar es fundamental para el crecimiento académico de su hijo y su éxito futuro. Le instamos a que tome medidas inmediatas para garantizar la asistencia regular de su hijo.

Si ya ha proporcionado al distrito escolar la documentación médica de una condición crónica por la cual se anticipan ausencias continuas este año escolar, ignore este aviso. De lo contrario, esta situación requiere su atención y acción inmediatas.

Comuníquese con la Oficina de Asistencia de inmediato para analizar los problemas de asistencia de [[First]] y desarrollar un plan de mejora. Nos comprometemos a trabajar con usted para abordar esta grave preocupación y apoyar el éxito educativo de [[First]] [[Last]].

#### Atentamente,

[[Principal]] [[School Display Name]] Prior to withdrawing students ages 16 to 18 for non-attendance, schools must obtain signed Declaration of Intent.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

### **DECLARATION OF INTENT**

### TO TERMINATE ENROLLMENT

I HEREBY ANNOUNCE MY INTENT TO TERMINATE ENROLLMENT IN SCHOOL AND ACKNOWLEDGE THAT THIS ACTION IS LIKELY TO REDUCE MY FUTURE EARNING POTENTIAL. I ALSO UNDERSTAND THAT I MAY LOSE MY DRIVING PRIVILEGE BECAUSE THE SCHOOL DISTRICT IS REQUIRED TO NOTIFY THE DEPARTMENT OF HIGHWAY SAFETY AND MOTOR VEHICLES OF STUDENTS WHO TERMINATE SCHOOL ENROLLMENT.

STUDENT ID:	
Print Name:Student	Date of Birth:
Student Signature	Date Signed:
Parent Signature	Date Signed:
Parent Notification of Student's Declaration of Inter	nt to Terminate School Enrollment
Name and title of person notifying parent:	
School:	Date of Notification:
Method of notification: Conference Telephone Par	ent present when student withdrew
□ Other:	

#### Students must be withdrawn from attendance using the Withdrawal Code W-05.

Created: 1/18/2000 Revised: 8/13/2011 Owner: ESE

Original: School Copy: Student

2007-129-VCS Print on School Letterhead Prior to withdrawing students ages 16 to 18 for non-attendance, schools must obtain signed Declaration of Intent.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

## **DECLARACIÓN DE INTENCIÓN**

### **DE TERMINAR MATRÍCULA**

POR MEDIO DE LA PRESENTE NOTIFICO MI INTENCIÓN DE DARME DE BAJA DE LA ESCUELA Y ENTIENDO QUE ESTA ACCIÓN PROBABLEMENTE LIMITARÁ MI POTENCIAL DE GANACIAS O SUELDO EN EL FUTURO. TAMBIÉN ENTIENDO QUE PUEDO PERDER EL PRIVILEGIO DE CONDUCIR PORQUE EL DISTRITO ESCOLAR ESTÁ OBLIGADO A NOTIFICAR AL DEPARTAMENTO DE SEGURIDAD DE CARRETERAS Y VEHÍCULOS MOTORIZADOS DE LOS ESTUDIANTES QUE SE DAN DE BAJA.

dentificación del estudiante:	
_etra impresa Nombre:	Fecha de Nacimiento:
Firma del Estudiante	Fecha:
Firma del Padre/Tutor	Fecha:
Notificación a los padres de la intención de	el estudiante de darse de baja de la escuela
	s padres:
Escuela: Fecha d	le Notificación:
Método de notificación:	Padre estuvo presente cuando el estudiante se

#### LOS ESTUDIANTES DEBEN DARSE DE BAJA DE LA ASISTENCIA A LA ESCUELA UTILIZANDO EL CÓDIGO W-05

Created: 1/18/2000 Revised: 8/13/2011 Owner: ESE

Original: School Copy: Student

#### SCHOOL DISTRICT OF VOLUSIA COUNTY

#### NOTICE OF INTENT TO EXERCISE RIGHT TO APPEAL

Florida Statute 1003.26 (1e) grants parents/legal guardians the right to appeal any interventions recommended by schools that are designed to remedy habitual truancy problems. If parents believe that the strategies or interventions are inappropriate or unnecessary, they may appeal to the district school board. (Return form to attendance clerk; to be forwarded on to the Court Liaison at EDC @ Atlantic, Portable 5)

This is a formal notification that I,		, wish to exercise
my rights under this statute.	parent's signature	
Date:	_	
Street Address:		
City, State, Zip:		
Student's Name:	I	DOB:
Parent/Guardian's Name:		
School:	STUDE	ENT ID:
Please list intervention(s) being appealed	:	
Reason for appeal (please check one):		
Intervention is inappropriate	Intervention is unnecessary	
Please explain:		
What steps do you plan to take to resolve are waived?	your child's truancy problem if t	the above interventions
Created: 4/10/07 Revised 8/7/13		2007-188-VCS

Owner: Student Services

Print Locally

Sample 8 - Notice of Intent to Exercise Right to Appeal (Spanish)

#### DISTRITO ESCOLAR DEL CONDADO DE VOLUSIA NOTIFICACION DE EJERCER EL DERECHO DE APELAR

El Estatuto de Florida 1003.26 (1e) le concede a los padres/tutores legales el derecho de apelar cualquier intervención recomendada por las escuelas diseñada para remediar los problemas de absentismo habitual. Si los padres creen que las estrategias o intervenciones no son apropiadas o innecesarias, ellos pueden apelar a la junta escolar del distrito. (Devuelva el formulario al secretario/a de asistencia; a ser enviado al Court Liaison en EDC en Atlantic, Portable 5)

Esta es una notificación formal que yo,		, deseo
ejercer mis derechos bajo este estatuto.	Firma del padre	_
Facha		
Fecha		
Dirección de Domicilio:		
Ciudad, estado, zona postal:		
Nombre del Estudiante:	FDN:	
Nombre del Padre/Tutor legal:		
Escuels:	STUDENT ID:	
Favor de enumerar las intervenciones que apela	contra:	
Razón por la apelación (favor de marcar una):		
Intervención es inapropiada 🔲 Interver	nción es innecesaria	
Favor de explicar:		
¿Qué pasos planea tomar para resolver el proble intervenciones mencionadas anterior son exoner		15

Created: 4/10/07 Revised 8/7/13 Owner: Student Services 2007-188-VCS Print Locally After a student becomes 18 years of age or older, this letter is to be generated by the school to provide notification of intent to withdraw the student due to non-attendance.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

We believe that regular school attendance is crucial to your child's success in school. Unfortunately, your son or daughter is not in regular school attendance and has been absent \_\_\_\_\_\_ days unexcused. Since your child is 18 years old or older and is no longer subject to the state's compulsory school attendance law, we must inform you that your son or daughter will be withdrawn from school due to non-attendance.\* If we do not hear from you or if your child does not return to school by \_\_\_\_\_\_, he or she will be withdrawn on that date. Date

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please contact our school registrar,

\_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ as soon as possible. Name Phone #

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: School Cum Record

\*For those students receiving ESE services who have not graduated with a standard diploma and wish to return to school, the district will provide educational services to them until their 22<sup>nd</sup> birthday according to federal law.

Created: 7/2007 Revised: 7/2014 Owner: School Social Services

2008-020-VCS Print Locally on School Letterhead After a student becomes 18 years of age or older, this letter is to be generated by the school to provide notification of intent to withdraw the student due to non-attendance.

Teléfono

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimado Padres o Tutores de:\_\_\_

Creemos que el éxito escolar de su hijo(a) depende de la asistencia regular. Desafortunadamente, su hijo o hija no asiste a la escuela con regularidad y ha estado ausente \_\_\_\_\_\_ días sin justificación. Como su hijo(a) tiene 18 o más años de edad y ya no está sujeto a la ley de asistencia escolar obligatoria, tenemos que informarle que su hijo(a) será retirado de la escuela por el absentismo\*. Si usted no se ponen en contacto con nosotros o si su hijo(a) no regresa a escuela para la fecha \_\_\_\_\_\_, él o ella será retirado de la escuela para esa fecha.

Si usted tiene preguntas sobre este asunto, por favor comuníquese con la persona encargada de asistencia en su escuela, \_\_\_\_\_ al

tan

Nombre

pronto le sea posible.

Atentamente,

Director(a)

Copias: Registro Escolar

\*Para aquellos estudiantes que reciben servicios de Educación Especial que no se han graduado con un diploma estándar y además desean regresar a la escuela, el distrito le prestará servicios educativos hasta que cumplan los 22 años de edad según la ley federal.

Created: 7/2007 Revised: 7/2014 Owner: School Social Services

2008-020-VCS-SP Print Locally on School Letterhead This letter is to be generated by the school when an 18 year or older student is being withdrawn due to non-attendance.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parent/Guardian:

This letter is to notify you that your child \_\_\_\_\_

		Name	
was withdrawn from		on	
	School		Date
due to non-attendance.*			

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: School Cum Record

\*For those students receiving ESE services who have not graduated with a standard diploma and wish to return to school, the district will provide educational services to them until their 22<sup>nd</sup> birthday according to federal law.

Created: 7/2007 Revised: 7/2014 Owner: School Social Services

2008-021-VCS Print Locally on School Letterhead This letter is to be generated by the school when an 18 year or older student is being withdrawn due to non-attendance.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimado Padres o Tutores de:	
La presente carta es para notificarle que su hijo(a)	
ha sido retirado de la escuela	el
por su absentismo.	
Atentamente,	

Director(a)

Copias: Registro Escolar

\*Para aquellos estudiantes que reciben servicios de Educación Especial que no se han graduado con un diploma estándar y además desean regresar a la escuela, el distrito le prestará servicios educativos hasta que cumplan los 22 años de edad según la ley federal.

Sample 11 – Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Student Survey (English - page 1 of 2)

Florida Department of Exit Interview Stude	
School Name	School District
Student Name	Student DOB
Grade Level	Date
Directions: Please circle the response that best describes your experience in the space provided.	r experience or provide a description of your
1. Which of the following best describes your <b>primary</b> reason for	or terminating school enrollment?
<ul> <li>A. Classes were not interesting/bored</li> <li>B. Missed too many days and could not catch up</li> <li>C. Did not like school</li> <li>D. Failing classes/couldn't keep up with school work</li> <li>E. Illness</li> <li>F. Became a parent</li> <li>G. Getting married</li> <li>H. Felt like I did not belong</li> <li>I. Suspended from school often</li> <li>J. Expelled from school</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>K. Student-teacher conflict</li> <li>L. Employment/have to work full-time</li> <li>M. Friends dropped out</li> <li>N. Failed to pass FCAT</li> <li>O. Intimidated/Threatened/Bullied</li> <li>P. Migrant</li> <li>Q. Homeless</li> <li>R. Family Problems</li> <li>S. Other</li> </ul>
2. Which of the following best describes your secondary reason	for terminating school enrollment?
<ul> <li>A. Classes were not interesting/bored</li> <li>B. Missed too many days and could not catch up</li> <li>C. Did not like school</li> <li>D. Failing classes/couldn't keep up with school work</li> <li>E. Illness</li> <li>F. Became a parent</li> <li>G. Getting married</li> <li>H. Felt like I did not belong</li> <li>I. Suspended from school often</li> <li>J. Expelled from school</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>K. Student-teacher conflict</li> <li>L. Employment/have to work full-time</li> <li>M. Friends dropped out</li> <li>N. Failed to pass FCAT</li> <li>O. Intimidated/Threatened/Bullied</li> <li>P. Migrant</li> <li>Q. Homeless</li> <li>R. Family Problems</li> <li>S. Other</li> </ul>
3. What would have improved your chances of staying in school	? (Circle all that apply.)
<ul> <li>A. Opportunities for real-world learning (internships, service</li> <li>B. Better teachers</li> <li>C. Smaller classes</li> <li>D. More individualized instruction</li> <li>E. Better communication with your teachers</li> <li>F. Better communication with your parents</li> <li>G. Increased parental involvement</li> <li>H. Less freedom and more supervision from parents</li> <li>I. Less freedom and more supervision from school officials</li> <li>J. Other</li> </ul>	

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4. What actions did your school personnel take to keep you e	nrolled in school? (Circle all that apply.)
<ul> <li>A. Provided student counseling</li> <li>B. Scheduled a conference with parent(s), guardian(s), student, and school staff</li> <li>C. Discussed and offered options for tutoring</li> <li>D. Discussed the consequences of dropping out</li> <li>E. Discussed and offered options for continuing education in a different environment (e.g., Adult Education, home school, virtual school, hospital homebound)</li> <li>F. Discussed and offered alternative options for graduation (e.g., diploma options, GED Exit Option or GED Testing)</li> <li>G. Conducted home visits</li> <li>H. Referred student to agencies/programs to address</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>I. Discussed and offered participation in a credit recovery course/program</li> <li>J. Discussed and offered access to Dropout Prevention Program(s) (e.g., alternative education, disciplinary, teenage parent)</li> <li>K. Tracked student progress (by teacher, counselor, social worker, graduation coach, etc.)</li> <li>L. Changed or revised course schedule</li> <li>M. Implemented intervention contracts (e.g. attendance or behavior)</li> <li>N. Student reported that school staff took no action</li> <li>O. Other</li> </ul>
problems interfering with school success (e.g., substance abuse counseling, psychological counseling family counselor)	y,
substance abuse counseling, psychological counseling	
substance abuse counseling, psychological counseling family counselor) Please check and sign below to certify that each of the foll	lowing statements was addressed by school ny school enrollment. I received counseling from a ed the following: Il likely reduce my potential earnings and negatively vocation/denial of my driving privileges until age 18 ool prior to graduation. vironment, e.g., Adult Education or GED testing.
<ul> <li>substance abuse counseling, psychological counseling family counselor)</li> <li>Please check and sign below to certify that each of the foll personnel.</li> <li>I am at least 16 years of age and it is my intent to terminate n guidance counselor or other school personnel which addresse</li> <li>Terminating school enrollment prior to graduation wi affect my career options.</li> <li>Termination of school enrollment will result in the revolution of school prior to graduation.</li> <li>Possible actions that could keep me from leaving school</li> </ul>	lowing statements was addressed by school ny school enrollment. I received counseling from a ed the following: Il likely reduce my potential earnings and negatively vocation/denial of my driving privileges until age 18 ool prior to graduation. vironment, e.g., Adult Education or GED testing. nplete credit requirements before taking GED exam
<ul> <li>substance abuse counseling, psychological counseling family counselor)</li> <li>Please check and sign below to certify that each of the foll personnel.</li> <li>I am at least 16 years of age and it is my intent to terminate n guidance counselor or other school personnel which addresse</li> <li>Terminating school enrollment prior to graduation wi affect my career options.</li> <li>Termination of school enrollment will result in the rev</li> <li>My reasons for leaving school prior to graduation.</li> <li>Possible actions that could keep me from leaving school</li> <li>Options for continuing my education in a different en</li> <li>For Bright Futures eligibility, GED students must com</li> </ul>	lowing statements was addressed by school ny school enrollment. I received counseling from a ed the following: Il likely reduce my potential earnings and negativel vocation/denial of my driving privileges until age 1 ool prior to graduation. vironment, e.g., Adult Education or GED testing. nplete credit requirements before taking GED exam

2. W	Vhat is the highest level of education	n completed by your paternal parent/guardian? (circle one)	
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Elementary	Middle School	High School	College	Graduate School	Unknown	
		Page 2 of 2	2			

#### Sample 11 – Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Student Survey (Spanish - page 1 of 2)

<ul> <li>A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas</li> <li>B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día</li> <li>C. No le gustó estar en la escuela</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>C. No le gustó estar en la escuela</li> <li>M. No pasó el FCAT</li> <li>O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víctima de Acoso Escolar</li> <li>G. Se casó</li> <li>P. Trabajador emigrante</li> <li>Q. Sin techo</li> <li>R. Problemas de familia</li> <li>S. Otra razón</li> </ul> 2. ¿Cuál de los siguientes mejor describe su razón secundaria por terminar su inscripción en la escuela? A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea D. Ne pasó el FCAT C. No le gustó estar en la escuela M. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea D. Ne probó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea C. No le gustó estar en la escuela M. Amigos dejaron los estudios M. Amigos dejaron los estudios M. No pasó el FCAT O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víctima de Acoso Escolar F. Crianza de los hijos G. Se casó H. No sentí que pertenecía allí R. Problemas de familia S. Otra razón J. Expulsado de la escuela M. Amigos dejaron los estudios N. No pasó el FCAT O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víctima de Acoso Escolar R. Problemas de familia S. Otra razón J. Expulsado de la escuela a menudo J. Expulsado de la escuela a menudo J. Expulsado de la escuela a menudo J. Expulsado de la escuela M. Amigos dejaron los estudios N. No pasó el FCAT O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víct	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Nombre del Estudiante				
Nivel de Grado       Fecha         Instrucciones: Por favor trazar in círculo alrededor de la repuesta que mejor describe su experiencia o dar una descripción de una experiencia en el espacio proporcionado.         1. ¿Cuál de los siguientes mejor describe su razón fundamental por terminar su inscripción en escuela?         A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas         B. Faltó demasiados dias y no pudo ponerse al día         C. No le gustó estar en la escuela         D. Reprobó dases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea         I. No sentí que pertenecia allí         I. No sentí que pertenecia allí         I. Pue suspendido de la escuela         S. ¿Cuál de los siguientes mejor describe su razón secundaria por terminar su inscripción en la escuela?         A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas         B. Faltó demasiados dias y no pudo ponerse al día         D. Reprobó dases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea         B. Faltó demasiados dias y no pudo ponerse al día         C. No le gustó estar en la escuela         M. Amigos dejaron los estudios         D. Reprobó dases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea         B. Faltó demasiados dias y no pudo ponerse al día         C. No le gustó estar en la escuela         M. Amigos dejaron los estudios         D. Reprobó dases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea         R. Forblemas de familita         S. Cuaí de los hi	Nombre de la Escuela	Distrito Escolar		
Instrucciones: Por favor trazar in circulo alrededor de la repuesta que mejor describe su experiencia o dar una descripción de una experiencia en el espacio proporcionado.     I. ¿Cuál de los siguientes mejor describe su razón fundamental por terminar su inscripción en escuela?     A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas     B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día     C. No le gustó estar en la escuela     M. Amigos dejaron los estudios     N. No pasó el FCAT     C. Trabaja/dor emigrante     G. Se casó     F. Crianza de los hijos     C. No le gustó estar en la escuela a menudo     J. Expulsado de la escuela a menudo     J. Expulsado de la escuela     C. No le gustó estar en a le escuela     C. No le gustó estar en a le escuela     C. No le gustó estar en a le escuela     C. No le gustó estar en a le escuela     C. No le gustó estar en la e	Nombre del Estudiante Fecha de Na	e Fecha de Nacimiento del Estudiante		
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<ul> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela</li> <li>S. Otra razón</li> <li>2. ¿Cuál de los siguientes mejor describe su razón secundaria por terminar su inscripción en la escuela?</li> <li>A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas</li> <li>B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día</li> <li>C. No le gustó estar en la escuela</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>D. No pasó el FCAT</li> <li>O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víctima de Acoso Escolar</li> <li>P. Trabaja/ar emigrante</li> <li>Q. Sin techo</li> <li>R. Problemas de familia</li> <li>S. Otra razón</li> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela a menudo</li> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela</li> <li>S. Otra razón</li> <li>J. ZQué hubiera mejorado la probabilidad de quedarse en la escuela? (Trazar un círculo alrededor de las opciones que aplican.)</li> <li>A. Oportunidades para el aprendizaje en el mundo actual (prácticas, aprendizaje-servicio)</li> <li>B. Mejore smaestros</li> <li>C. Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>D. Más instrucción individual</li> <li>E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación nor sus padres</li> <li>H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los oficiales de la escuela</li> <li>J. Otra razón</li> </ul>				
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<ul> <li>H. No sentí que pertenecía allí</li> <li>R. Problemas de familia</li> <li>I. Fue suspendido de la escuela a menudo</li> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela</li> <li>3. ¿Qué hubiera mejorado la probabilidad de quedarse en la escuela? (Trazar un círculo alrededor de las opciones que aplican.)</li> <li>A. Oportunidades para el aprendizaje en el mundo actual (prácticas, aprendizaje-servicio)</li> <li>B. Mejores maestros</li> <li>C. Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>D. Más instrucción individual</li> <li>E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación nor sus padres</li> <li>G. Más participación por parte de los padres</li> <li>H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los oficiales de la escuela</li> <li>J. Otra razón</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>A. Las clases no eran interesantes/eran aburridas</li> <li>B. Faltó demasiados días y no pudo ponerse al día</li> <li>C. No le gustó estar en la escuela</li> <li>D. Reprobó clases/no pudo ponerse al día con la tarea</li> <li>E. Enfermedad</li> <li>F. Crianza de los hijos</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>L. Trabajo/tener que trabajar jornada completa</li> <li>M. Amigos dejaron los estudios</li> <li>N. No pasó el FCAT</li> <li>O. Intimidado/Amenazado/Víctima de Acoso Escolar</li> <li>P. Trabajador emigrante</li> </ul>		
<ol> <li>Fue suspendido de la escuela a menudo</li> <li>S. Otra razón</li> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela</li> <li>¿Qué hubiera mejorado la probabilidad de quedarse en la escuela? (Trazar un círculo alrededor de las opciones que aplican.)</li> <li>A. Oportunidades para el aprendizaje en el mundo actual (prácticas, aprendizaje-servicio)</li> <li>B. Mejores maestros</li> <li>C. Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>D. Más instrucción individual</li> <li>E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación con sus padres</li> <li>G. Más participación por parte de los padres</li> <li>H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los padres</li> <li>I. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los oficiales de la escuela</li> <li>J. Otra razón</li> </ol>	G. Se casó			
alrededor de las opciones que aplican.) A. Oportunidades para el aprendizaje en el mundo actual (prácticas, aprendizaje-servicio) B. Mejores maestros C. Clases más pequeñas D. Más instrucción individual E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros F. Mejor comunicación con sus padres G. Más participación por parte de los padres H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los padres I. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los oficiales de la escuela J. Otra razón	<ul> <li>I. No senti que pertenecia all'</li> <li>I. Fue suspendido de la escuela a menudo</li> <li>J. Expulsado de la escuela</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>B. Mejores maestros</li> <li>C. Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>D. Más instrucción individual</li> <li>E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación con sus padres</li> <li>G. Más participación por parte de los padres</li> <li>H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los oficiales de la escuela</li> <li>J. Otra razón</li> </ul>	3. ¿Qué hubiera mejorado la probabilidad de quedarse alrededor de las opciones que aplican.)	en la escuela? (Trazar un círculo		
Page 1 of 2	<ul> <li>B. Mejores maestros</li> <li>C. Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>D. Más instrucción individual</li> <li>E. Mejor comunicación con sus maestros</li> <li>F. Mejor comunicación con sus padres</li> <li>G. Más participación por parte de los padres</li> <li>H. Menos libertad y más supervisión por parte de los pa</li> </ul>	dres		
	Page 1 of 2			

4. ¿Cuáles acciones tomaron el personal de su escuela para que siguiera inscribido en la escuela? (Trazar un círculo alrededor de las opciones que aplican.)

A. Proporcionaron consejos estudiantiles
B. Programar una conferencia con padres, tutores
legales, estudiantes, y personal de la escuela
C. Hablaron sobre y ofrecieron opciones para la tutoría
D. Hablaron sobre las consecuencias de dejar los estudios
E. Hablaron sobre y ofrecieron opciones para la educación continua en un entorno diferente (e.j. educación para adultos, "home school", escuela virtual, "hospital homebound")
F. Hablaron sobre y ofrecieron opciones alternativas para la graduación (e.j. opciones para obtener el diploma, GED opción de salida, o examen de GED)
G. Visitas a domicilio
H. Referirle al estudiante a agencias/programas para

ratar problemas que interfieren con el éxito en la escuela (e.j. consejo sobre el abuso de drogas, consejo psicológico, consejero de la familia)

- I. Hablaron sobre y ofrecieron participación en un curso/programa sobre la recuperación del crédito
- J. Hablaron sobre y ofrecieron acceso a Drop-out Prevention Program(s) (Programa para Prevenir el Acto de Dejar los Estudios) (e.j. educación alternativa, disciplinario, padre adolescente)
- K. Vigilar el progreso del estudiante (por un maestro, consejero, trabajador social, "graduation coach", etc.)
- L. Programa de estudios cambiado o revisado
- M. Implementaron contratos de intervención (e.j. asistencia o comportamiento)
- N. Estudiante reportó que el personal de la escuela no tomó acción
- O. Otra razón

# Por favor revisa y firma abajo para certificar que cada de las declaraciones fueron tratadas por el personal de la escuela.

Yo tengo por lo menos 16 años e intento terminar mi inscripción en el colegio. Recibí orientación de un consejero estudiantil u otro personal de la escuela que trató lo siguiente:

Poner término a la inscripción en el colegio antes de graduarme probablemente reducirá mis ingresos potenciales y afectará de manera negativa mis opciones para una carrera.

Poner término a la inscripción en el colegio resultará en la revocación/denegación de mis privilegios de manejar hasta que cumple 18 años.

□ Mis razones por dejar los estudios antes de mi graduación.

□ Acciones que posiblemente me impedirán de dejar la escuela antes de mi graduación.

Opciones para continuar mi educación en un entorno diferente, e.j. educación para adultos o el examen de GED.

□ Para elegibilidad para Bright Futures, los estudiantes de GED deben completar los requisitos acerca de los créditos antes de tomar el examen de GED.

Firma del Estudiante:			Fecha:
Firma del Padre/Tutor L (si el estudiante tiene men			Fecha:
Firma del Personal de la	a Escuela:		Fecha:
Opcional:			
1. ¿Cuál es el nivel de e un círculo alrededor de		mpletado por su padre,	/tutor legal materno? (Trazar
Escuela Primaria Escuela para Graduados		Escuela Secundaria	Universidad
	Page	2 of 2	

Sample 12 – Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Designated Personnel (English - page 1 of 3)

	Florida Department of Educa Exit Interview (Designated School Personn	
To be completed by school counse	elor or other school personnel:	
School Name	S	School District
Student Name	W	Vithdrawal date://
Grade Level	S	Student ID#
Student DOB	S	School Transcript (Please Attach)
What is the <i>primary</i> reason the stud		
Classes not interesting	Marriage	Employment
Student/teacher conflict	Parenting	Suspended too often
Friends dropped out	Illness	Homeless
Failing classes	Migrant	Truancy/Absenteeism
Did not like school	Expelled	Failed to pass FCAT
Family Problems	Intimidated/Threatened/B	ullied
Had the student received individual If no, was counseling made Has a child study team been conver	ogram available? ve program? counseling prior to this meeting? available to the student?	Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No Yes No
Was the student involved in school Does the student have an IEP or Se Has the student received any remed If yes, please describe the re-	ction 504 Accommodation Plan?	YesNo years?YesNo
What is the average number Year 1	r of days the student was absent ov Year 2	er the past two (2) years?
	Page 1 of 3	

#### Sample 12 – Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Designated Personnel (English - page 2 of 3)

How many unexcused absences or tardies has the stude	ent accumulated over the past two years?						
Unexcused Absences: Year 1 Unexcused Tardies: Year 1	Year 2 Year 2						
What interventions did the school attempt in response to unexcused absences or tardinesses of the student while enrolled?							
<ul> <li>A. Communication between the school/teacher a</li> <li>B. Formal meeting with the parent/guardian</li> <li>C. Changes to the learning environment</li> <li>D. Student counseling</li> <li>E. Tutoring</li> <li>F. Attendance Contract</li> <li>G. Mentoring</li> <li>H. Referral to other agencies/services on behalf</li> <li>I. Truancy Petition</li> <li>J. Other (Please describe)</li> </ul>							
Has the student <i>ever</i> been suspended? Yes	No If yes, how many times?						
Has the student <i>ever</i> been expelled? Yes	No If yes, how many times?						
Is the student eligible for the free/reduced lunch progra	am?YesNo						
Does the student plan to earn a GED?	Does the student plan to earn a GED?YesNo						
If yes, inform student, for Bright Futures eligibility, G	If yes, inform student, for Bright Futures eligibility, GED students must complete credit requirements before						
taking GED exam.							
Has the student been informed of options for continuin	ng his/her education?YesNo						
Has the parent been notified of the student's intent to t	erminate school enrollment?YesNo						
If yes, provide the date of parent notification.							
The student has identified the following as actions that could be taken to keep them in school.							
<ul> <li>A. Opportunities for real-world learning (interns)</li> <li>B. Better teachers</li> <li>C. Smaller Classes</li> <li>D. More individualized instruction</li> <li>E. Better communication with your teachers</li> <li>F. Better communication with your parents</li> <li>G. Increased Parental Involvement</li> <li>H. Less Freedom and more supervision from part</li> <li>I. Less Freedom and more supervision from sch</li> </ul>	rents hool officials						
Has the student completed the student survey? Pag	YesNo						

If no, how many attempts did t	he school make to obtain a completed survey from the student?
The following section is inclu Three (3) month follow-up: (2	<b>ded to encourage dropout retrieval efforts.</b> Please check all that apply.)
Method of contact:	
Letter (Level I)	_ Phone call (Level II) Home visit (Level III)
Contact Successful	Contact Unsuccessful
Employment status:	
Employed full-time	_ Employed part-time Unemployed Unknown
Education status:	
Working on GED	_Earned GED Enrolled in another school (private/vocational)
	_ Unknown
Other (Please explain)	
Did the student return to schoo	l following this contact? Yes No
*******	***********************
Final contact (prior to start o	of next school year):
Not applicable: Student return	ed to school/
Method of contact:	
Letter (Level I)	Phone call (Level II)Home visit (Level III)
Contact Successful	Contact Unsuccessful
Employment status:	
Employed full-time	Employed part-timeUnemployedUnknown
Education status:	
Working on GED	_ Earned GED Enrolled in another school (private/vocational)
	_ Unknown
Other (Please explain)	
Did the student return to schoo	l following this contact? Yes No
	Page 3 of 3

Sample 12 – Florida Department of Education Exit Interview Designated Personnel (Spanish - page 1 of 3)

Debe ser completado por el conse	nal Designado de la Escuela) Iero estudiantil de la escuela u otr	n nemonal de la
escuela:	Jano aprovinsi na na ascreta n on	
Nombre de la Escuela	Distrito Escola	r
Nombre del Estudiante	Fecha de Baja	
Nivel de Grado	No. de identificación del Estudiar	nte
Fecha de Nacimiento del Estudiante		ción de la Escuela (Favor de Adjuntar)
¿Cuál es la razón fundamental por la escuela? (escoger una)	cual el estudiante va a terminar la li	nscripción en la
Las clases no eran interesantes Conflicto entre estudiante/maestro Amigos dejaron los estudios Suspendió las clases No le gustó la escuela Problemas de familia	Crianza de los hijos	Ausentismo
Otra razón:		
¿El estudiante estuvo en un program Si no, ¿hubo un programa alt Si si, describa el programa al	ernativa disponible?	e la escuela? SI N SI N
¿El estudiante había recibido orienta Si no, ¿fueron disponibles los	ción indivídual antes de esta cita? servícios de orientación para el estu	SIN Idlante? SIN
¿Un equipo de estudio ha sido reunio Si si, favor de nombrar las in	to de parte del estudiante? tervenciones tomadas por el equipo	SI N de estudio del niño.
¿El estudiante estuvo involucrado en por la escuela?	actividades extracurriculares patroc	sinadas SIN
¿El estudiante tiene un Plan Educativ de Sección 504?	vo Individual (IEP) o un Plan de Aco	modación SIN
¿El estudiante ha recibido servicios o Si sil, por favor describir los s	de remedio en los últimos dos (2) añ servicios de remedio.	os? SIN
¿Cuál es el promedio número de día:	s que un estudiante estuvo ausente	durante los últimos do
(2) aflos?		

	Ausencias No Autorizadas	Año 1		Año 2	
	Ausencias No Autorizadas Tardios No Autorizados	Año 1		Año 2	
autorizada A. B. C. D. E. F.	ntervenciones utilizó la escuela con si del estudiante mientras estuvo n Comunicación entre la escuela/n Cita formal con los padres Cambios al entorno de aprendiza Orientación estudianti Tutoria Contrato de asistencia Proporcionar un mentor	natriculado? naestra y la fa			no
H. L	Petición del absentismo escolar Otra (Por favor describir)	vicios basados	s en las n	ecesidades de la 1	familia
¿En algún	momento ha sido suspendido el e	studiante? S	I No	SI sI, ¿cuantas	veces?
¿En algún	momento ha sido expuisado el es	tudiante? S	I NO	Si si, ¿cuantas	veces?
¿El estudi	ante es elegible para el programa (	de almuerzo e	scolar gra	atis/reducido?	SI NO
Ši si, infor	ante tiene planes de conseguir un marie al estudiante que para ser el e completar los créditos requeridos	egible para B	right Futu		s de GED
¿El estudi	ante ha sido informado sobre opcio	ones para con	tinuar su	educación?	SI NO
័់នា	es han sido notificados de la Inten No si, proporcionar la fecha en que si				ulación?
El estudia escuela.	nte ha identificado las siguientes a	cciones que la	pudierar	n haber mantenido	o en la
B. C. D. E. F. G H.	<ul> <li>Oportunidades para el aprendiza servicio)</li> <li>Mejores maestros</li> <li>Clases más pequeñas</li> <li>Más instrucción individual</li> <li>Mejor comunicación con sus mai Mejor comunicación con sus paco</li> <li>Más participación por parte de lo Mas participación por parte de lo Menos libertad y más supervisión</li> </ul>	, ires is padres n por parte de	los padre	25	Izaje-
	Otra acción	xdiantii?			SI NO

Estudiando para el GEDConsiguió el GED Matriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional)Desconocido Otro (Por favor explique)
Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornadaDesempleadoDesconocido Educación:Estudiando para el GEDConsiguió el GEDMatriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional)Desconocido Otro (Por favor explique)
DesempleadoDesconocido Educación:Estudiando para el GEDConsiguió el GEDMatriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional)Desconocido Otro (Por favor explique)
Educación:Estudiando para el GEDConsiguió el GEDMatriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional)Desconocido Otro (Por favor explique)
Matriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional)Desconocido Otro (Por favor explique)
Ctro (Por favor explique)
Ctro (Por favor explique)
¿El estudiante volvió a la escuela después de haberio contactado? SI No Contacto Final (antes de que comenzara el próximo año escolar): No aplica: El estudiante volvió a la escuela _/_/_ Método de Contacto: Carta (Nivel I)Liamada por teléfono (Nivel II)Visita al Domicilio (Nivel II Se Pudo ComunicarNo Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Contacto Final (antes de que comenzara el próximo año escolar): No aplica: El estudiante volvió a la escuela _/_/_ Método de Contacto: Carta (Nivel I)Liamada por teléfono (Nivel II)Visita al Domicilio (Nivel II Se Pudo ComunicarNo Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jomada completaEmpleado de media jornada
No aplica: El estudiante volvió a la escuela _/_/_ Método de Contacto: Carta (Nivel I)Liamada por teléfono (Nivel II)Visita al Domicilio (Nivel II Se Pudo ComunicarNo Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Método de Contacto: Carta (Nivel I)Liamada por teléfono (Nivel II)Visita al Domicilio (Nivel II Se Pudo ComunicarNo Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Carta (Nivel I)Liamada por telefono (Nivel II)Visita al Domicilio (Nivel II Se Pudo ComunicarNo Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Se Pudo Comunicar No Se Pudo Comunicar Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completa Empleado de media jornada
Situación Laboral: Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Empleado a jornada completaEmpleado de media jornada
Desempleado Desconocido
Educación:
Estudiando para el GEDConsiguió el GED
Matriculado en otra escuela (privado/profesional) Desconocido
Otro (Por favor explique)
¿El estudiante volvió a la escuela después de haberio contactado? SI No

COUNTY SCHOOLS	Ν	McKinney-Ven Checklist for S			t	
Once the form is completed Government Affairs Office, Homeless Contact.						iool-Based
School:			Date Began:			
Student Name:			Student ID:			
Completed By:		Title	:			
Extension:		· · · · · ·				
The following checklist shou each item in the space prov				. Please re	ecord the	date for
Date or n/a						
hours) Review r Request Make co Follow-u	egistration informat prior school records ntact with prior scho p on "in process" rea	eds (designated/approp tion and enrollment hist conulative folder and pols and gather pertine quests or referrals from g Team for meeting whe	ory in Volusia Coun ESOL/ESE records, i nt information need prior school	ty f applicab ed for pla	le	
Complete in	OCUS for homeless	s coding				
		m for students who are	already attending a	and just be	ecame ho	omeless
		nail, note, or phone) tha ible for the remainder o		ves free m	ieals imm	nediately
Notify the cla	ssroom teacher(s) o	of the student's status (	confidential informa	ation)		
Provide scho	ol supplies, if neede	d				
Identify addi	ional family membe	ers enrolled in other Vo	lusia County School	s (list nam	es and so	chools):
District Home		ed medical records (phy son (student has 30 <b>sch</b>				to the
Complete a v	ariance form if stud	lent has moved out of h	is/her zoned school			
Coordinate ti • Bus routi	ansportation with t	he District Homeless Ec			ne studer	nts
School Co     Student	ounseling Services for v lealth Services for v	wing, if there are addition or academic, behavior, vision or hearing referra for social service needs,	or other concerns ls, medication issue	s, etc.	n.	
Contact the District	Iomeless Educatior	n Liaison at extension 2	0856 regarding any	concerns	or quest	tions.
Revised: 8/2020		Page 1 of 1				m # 2006-048

Print Locally

**Owner: Student Services & Government Affairs** 

		ict of Volusia Count ocial Services	
	SOCIAL WO	RK REFERRAL	
Student:	Student	ID: Birth	Date: Age:
School:	Grade:	E	E Exceptionality:
Homeless: Yes DCF Involvement: Yes DJJ Involvement: Yes Agency Involvement: Yes	📕 No 🔲 Unknown 🔲	Information:	
	Reason	for Referral	
Home/School Communi	cation Linkage to	Community Resources	Crisis Intervention
Behavior/Emotional			
Brief Description of the Probl	em:		
Brief Description of the Probl			
	School Interv	entions Attempted	
Communication Method Telephone	School Interv	entions Attempted	
Communication Method Telephone Email	School Interv	entions Attempted	
Communication Method Telephone	School Interv	entions Attempted	
Communication Method Telephone Email Face to Face Other Correspondence	School Interv Date(s) By Whom	entions Attempted With Whom	Outcome
Communication Method Telephone Email Face to Face Other Correspondence	School Interv Date(s) By Whom	entions Attempted With Whom	
Communication Method Telephone Email Face to Face Other Correspondence Date: Referred	School Interv	entions Attempted With Whom	Outcome
Communication Method Telephone Email Face to Face Other Correspondence Date: Referred	School Interv	entions Attempted With Whom	Outcome

2004-261-VCS

#### ACHIEVING SCHOOL ATTENDANCE PROGRAM (A.S.A.P.) REFERRAL FORM

#### A. DEMOGRAPHICS

Parents: Mother/Guardian:		
Father/Guardian:		
	Age:	
School:		Grade:
Any special program?:	If yes, name of program:	
Referring party:		
Parent/guardian address:		
Home Phone Number:	Work Phone Number:	
Total number of unexcused absen	ces during this school year to date:	
SEE ATTACHED ATTENDAN	CE RECORD	
Please send: Letter A (FTA)	Letter B (NFT)	
Date of Referral	School Social Worker's Signature	
interventions during this sc 1. Date/dates: Nature of intervention:		
3. Date/dates:		
Nature of intervention:		
4. Parent explanation of absence	S:	
Nature of intervention:		

Student Data (	Collection: Pa	arent Contacts & Staff Consultations IPST 2
Student:		ID: Grade:
Teacher:		School:
Parent/Guardian Consultation(s	3):	
1st Contact Phone	Date(s)	Plan/Outcome
In person		Signature of parent if in person:
2nd Contact     Phone     In person     e-mail     Name of parent:		Signature of parent if in person:
Staff Consultations:		
PLC	Date(s)	Plan/Outcome
School Psychologist		
Guidance Counselor (Suggested for behavioral concerns) School Social Worker (Suggested for attendance concerns) Content Area Contact and/or Specialist (specify content area)		

Others (e.g., administrators, teachers, tutors)	

Created: 7/2008 Owner: School Psychological Services 2009-011-VCS Print Locally

	SCHOOL DISTRICT OF ESE REQUEST FOR ASSI				
Stu	dent's Legal Name:	Grade:		DOB:	Student ID:
Dat	e: Referring Teacher:		Sch	ool:	
1.	What are the student's strengths?				
2.	What is the student's academic level? (please check one) On grade level Below grade level Passing If failing, identify subjects				
3.	What are the student's social/behavioral strengths and weat         Makes friends easily         Outgoing/sociable         Follows school/classroom rules         Involved in extracurricular activities         Other (please specify)	Teaser Isolate Poor p Defian	d or pi d/with eer re t/Disr	icked on by oth drawn elations espects adult a	authority
4.	Does the student have any identified health problems that If yes, please describe.				s 🗌 No
5.	Is the student currently taking any medication that you are If yes, please list medications.		_		
6.	What is the number of unexcused absences for student to Has student or parent provided any explanation for absence If yes, please describe.	es?	Ye	s 🗌 No	
7.	Have there been any parent/teacher conferences regarding If yes, please list dates of conferences				
8.	Check all school level interventions tried.  Mentoring Tutoring, Including Peer Tutoring Referral to Alternative Education Programs Attendance Contracts Teacher/Parent Conferences Other ( <i>please specify</i> ) What were the results of the above checked interventions?		Schoo Schoo Attend Phone		Services al to Parent ent
	ted by: School Social Services 7/2003 sed: 8/7/13				2004-029-VCS

	IPST: 6 A/H		
Student: Click/tap to enter text.	DOB: Date	Student ID:	Student ID
School: Click/tap to enter text.	Grade: Grade	Today's PST Meeting Date:	Date
Teacher (for elementary): Click/tap to enter text		-	
School Counselor/PST Chair (for secondary): Click/	/tap to enter text.		
Significance of Problem (i.e., number of absences/r	number of days in session for cu	rrent school year):	
Click/tap to enter text.			
Based on data, to what extent does it appear the a	ttendance problem is impacting	academic performance?	
□Not at all □ Somewhat □ Moderately □ Signif	ficantly		
Previous interventions (i.e., mentoring, tutoring, at	tendance contract, guidance se	rvices, frequent communica	tion with parent, class
change, community referral, etc.): What worked:			
Click/tap to enter text.			
What didn't work:			
Click/tap to enter text.			
Number of schools attended this year: Click/tap t	o enter text		
What are the student's social/behavioral strengths		all that apply)?	
Makes friends easily		picked on by others	
Outgoing/Sociable	□ Isolated/w		
Follows school/classroom rules	Poor peer		
Involved in extracurricular activities		srespects adult authority	
_	🗆 Denant/Di	srespects adult authority	
Other (please specify):			
Click/tap to enter text. Any known family crisis or situations that may be in	nosting student:		
Click/tap to enter text.	npacting student.		
Medical concerns (i.e., health and mental diagnosis	-)-		
Click/tap to enter text.	<b>9</b> -		
What explanation has the parent provided for the a	absences?		
Click/tap to enter text.			
Hypothesis: What is the most likely reason this atte year, family crisis, and/or health issues):	endance problem is occurring? (	Consider ICEL, number of so	hools attended this
Click/tap to enter text.			
What is the goal?			
Student will attend school regularly and on	time.		
Student will attend every class period daily	and on time.		
Other (please specify):			
Click/tap to enter text.			
Team decision(s):			
	tions):		
Begin/modify intervention (Specify intervention)			
Begin/modify intervention (Specify interver Click/tap to enter text.			

	Individual Problem S	olving Team	: Attendance/Homeless	
		IPST: 6 A/H		
Click/tap to	ontor tout			
		ion must be provided o	of health-related issues and 504 process follo	wed)
	ST to address academic and/or behavio	-	-	,
Other:				
Click/tap to	enter text.			
If the parent is no	t present at the meeting, who is respor	nsible for parent conta	ct? Click/tap to enter text.	
Team Member Si	natures (and Title for "other")			
PST Chair:	Click/tap to enter text.	Other:	Click/tap to enter text.	
Teacher:	Click/tap to enter text.	Other:	Click/tap to enter text.	
Parent/Guardian:	Click/tap to enter text.	Other:	Click/tap to enter text.	
Parent/Guardian:	Click/tap to enter text.	Other:	Click/tap to enter text.	
Revised: 3/2021 Owner: School So	cial Services	Page 2 of 2		2009-060 nt Locally

After an unacceptable number of unexcused absences, this letter is to be generated by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

Your child has been frequently late to school and has also had an unacceptable number of unexcused absences. Since the beginning of the school year, your child has been late \_\_\_\_\_ days and has had \_\_\_\_\_\_ unexcused absences. School begins at \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m. and students need to be in the classroom ready to go to work by this time. If your child eats breakfast at school, he/she needs to be in the cafeteria by \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m.

Directions and instructions for the entire school day are usually presented by the teacher at the beginning of the day. If not present for those instructions, your child's academic progress could be delayed. Students need to be punctual and in school on a regular basis if they are to be successful, and those who miss school regularly tend to have a higher failure rate. In addition, students coming into a classroom late are disruptive to the entire class.

It is important to establish good habits such as timeliness, which is vital to the success of the student. Please ensure that your child arrives on time to school in accordance with the Compulsory School Attendance Law and school board policy.

If you have any questions or if school staff can help in any way, please do not hesitate to contact \_\_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_. If we are not available, be sure to leave a message as to how we may return your call.

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: Classroom Teacher School Social Worker School Cum Record After an unacceptable number of unexcused absences, this letter is to be generated by the school.

#### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimados Padres/Tutores de: \_\_\_\_\_

Con frecuencia su hijo(a) ha llegado tarde a la escuela, y además ha acumulado una cantidad inaceptable de ausencias injustificadas. Desde el inicio del año escolar, su hijo(a) ha llegado tarde \_\_\_\_\_días y ha tenido \_\_\_\_\_ ausencias injustificadas. La jornada escolar empieza a las \_\_\_\_\_ a.m. y los alumnos necesitan estar en el salón de clase listos para trabajar a esa hora. Si su hijo(a) desayuna en la escuela, él o ella necesita estar en la cafetería a más tardar a las \_\_\_\_\_ a.m.

El maestro normalmente presenta las directivas e instrucciones para el día escolar al principio del día. Si no está presente para recibir estas instrucciones, el progreso académico de su hijo podría atrasarse. Para tener éxito en la escuela, los alumnos necesitan ser puntual y asistir a la escuela con regularidad. Aquellos alumnos que faltan periódicamente tienden a presentar un índice de fracaso más alto. Además, los alumnos que entran al salón de clase tarde interrumpen el aprendizaje de la clase.

Es importante establecer buenos hábitos como la puntualidad, algo que es esencial para el éxito del alumno. Por favor asegure que su hijo(a) llegue puntualmente en conformidad a la Ley de Asistencia Escolar Obligatoria y la política de la junta escolar.

Si tiene cualquier pregunta o si el personal escolar le pueda brindar ayuda, por favor no dude en comunicarse con \_\_\_\_\_\_ al \_\_\_\_\_. Si no estamos disponibles, asegúrese de dejar un mensaje con su número teléfono para así poder devolver su llamada.

Atentamente,

Director(a)

cc: Maestro(a) de Aula Trabajador(a) Social Escolar Expediente Escolar

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 8/13/11 Owner: Social Work Services This letter is to be generated by the school when a student registered but did not enter school on Day 1-10.

#### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

Our records show that your child was scheduled to begin school on \_\_\_\_\_\_ at

School. However, your child has not shown up to

school yet this school year.

Florida Statute 1003.21 requires the regular school attendance of children between the ages of 6 and 16. A child who attains the age of 16 is not subject to compulsory school attendance if the child files a formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment with the school. The child and his or her parent or legal guardian must sign the declaration. This statute makes parents or legal guardians legally responsible for seeing that their children attend school.

Because your child did not enter school, we are required to withdraw your child as of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ showing a withdrawal code of DNE (did not enter). This withdrawal code is considered a drop-out code as defined by the Florida Department of Education. Florida Statute 1003.27 requires schools to report the name of any minor who attains the minimum age of 14 and has a drop-out withdrawal code to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles (DHSMV) for possible suspension of their driver's license or prevention from obtaining their driver's license.

As we are required to verify the status of your child's school enrollment/attendance, we are requesting that you contact the school and provide us with the information regarding where your child is attending school. Please contact your school registrar at \_\_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_ if you have any questions or if we can help in getting your child enrolled in school.

A school social worker will contact your home to verify the status of your child's school enrollment if a response is not received within 10 days of the date of this letter. Thank you.

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: School Social Worker School Cum Record

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 11/19/2020 Owner: Social Work Services 2010-039-VCS Print Locally This letter is to be generated by the school when a student registered but did not enter school on Day 1-10.

#### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimados Padres/Tutores de: \_\_\_\_\_

Nuestros registros muestran que su hijo(a) estaba previsto(a) para empezar sus clases el\_\_\_\_\_\_ en la escuela \_\_\_\_\_\_. Sin embargo, su hijo(a) aún no se ha presentado a la escuela este año escolar.

El Estatuto de la Florida 1003.21 requiere que los niños entre los 6 y 16 años asistan con regularidad a la Escuela. Un(a) joven de 16 años no estará sujeto(a) a la asistencia escolar obligatoria si ha presentado una Declaración Formal de su Intención de Terminar la Matrícula Escolar. En dado caso, el o la joven y su padre/madre/tutor(a) deben firmar dicha declaración. El estatuto citado establece la responsabilidad legal de los padres de familia y tutores de procurar que sus hijos asistan a la escuela.

Debido a que su hijo(a) no ingresó a la escuela, estamos obligados a darle de baja a su hijo(a) a partir de \_\_\_\_\_\_ y su registro mostrará un código de baja (DNE, sigla que indica que no ingresó a la escuela). Este código es visto como un código de deserción escolar, tal como es definido por el Departamento de Educación de la Florida. El Estatuto de la Florida 1003.27 requiere que las Escuelas notifiquen al Departamento de Seguridad de Carreteras y Vehículos Motorizados (DHSMV) el nombre de todo menor de edad de 14 o más que tenga este código para la posible suspensión o la prevención de obtener la licencia de manejar.

Como estamos obligados a verificar la inscripción/asistencia de su hijo(a), le pedimos que usted se comunique con la escuela y nos dé la información sobre la escuela que su hijo(a) asiste actualmente. Favor de llamar a la oficinista de inscripción de su escuela al\_\_\_\_\_\_ extensión \_\_\_\_\_\_ si tiene preguntas o si podemos ayudar a matricular a su hijo(a) en la escuela.

Favor de tomar en cuenta que una trabajadora social escolar llamará a su hogar para verificar la inscripción de su hijo(a) si no recibimos una respuesta dentro de los 10 días posteriores a la fecha de esta carta. Gracias.

Atentamente,

Director(a)

#### cc: Trabajador(a) Social Escolar Expediente escolar

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 11/19/20 Owner: Social Work Services 2010-039-VCS-SP Print Locally After an unacceptable number of tardies/early checkouts/ absences, this letter is to be generated by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

We believe that school attendance is a necessary part of your child's education and attending school in a regular and timely fashion enhances the educational process. Your child has been late \_\_\_\_\_\_ days, has had \_\_\_\_\_\_ early checkouts, and has accumulated \_\_\_\_\_\_ absences (\_\_\_\_\_\_ unexcused and \_\_\_\_\_\_ excused) thus far this school year. Florida's Compulsory School Attendance Law holds parents legally responsible for their children's attendance.

School begins at \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m. and students need to be in the classroom ready to go to work by this time. If your child eats breakfast at school, he/she needs to be in the cafeteria by \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m. School ends at \_\_\_\_\_\_ p.m. and students need to remain in school until the dismissal time. Students coming into a classroom late or leaving early can be disruptive to the entire class. Directions and academic instructions are presented by the teacher throughout the entire school day. If your child is not present for those instructions, his/her academic progress could be delayed.

It is important to establish good habits, such as timeliness and regular school attendance, which are vital to the success of all students. Please ensure that your child attends school daily, arrives on time, and remains the entire school day in accordance with the Compulsory School Attendance Law.

Your support and involvement is needed to ensure your child's regular school attendance. Please contact \_\_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_ if you have any questions or if we can offer assistance in helping your child attend school regularly.

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: Classroom Teacher School Social Worker School Cum Record

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 8/19/11 Owner: Social Work Services After an unacceptable number of tardies/early checkouts/ absences, this letter is to be generated by the school.

#### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimados padres o tutores de: \_\_\_\_\_

Creemos que la asistencia escolar es una parte esencial de la educación de su hijo(a) y que asistir a la escuela puntualmente y con regularidad fortalece el proceso educativo. Hasta el momento, su hijo(a) ha llegado tarde \_\_\_\_\_\_ días, ha tenido \_\_\_\_\_\_ veces donde ha sido retirado temprano de la escuela y además ha acumulado \_\_\_\_\_\_ ausencias (\_\_\_\_\_\_injustificadas y \_\_\_\_\_\_ justificadas). La Ley de asistencia escolar obligatoria de Florida dispone que los padres son legalmente responsables por la asistencia de sus hijos.

La escuela empieza a las \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m. y los alumnos necesitan estar en el salón de clase listos para trabajar a esa hora. Si su hijo(a) desayuna en la escuela, él o ella necesita estar en la cafetería a más tardar a las \_\_\_\_\_\_ a.m. El día escolar termina a las \_\_\_\_\_\_ p.m. y los alumnos necesitan quedarse en la escuela hasta la hora de salida. Alumnos que llegan tarde o salen más temprano pueden interrumpir la clase entera. Las directivas y las instrucciones académicas son presentadas por el maestro a través del día escolar entero. Si su hijo(a) no está presente durante esas instrucciones, su progreso académico podría atrasarse.

Es importante establecer buenos hábitos como la puntualidad y la asistencia escolar regular; ambas son esenciales para el éxito de todo alumno. Por favor asegure que su hijo(a) llegue puntualmente y que se quede por el día escolar completo en conformidad a la Ley de Asistencia Escolar Obligatoria.

Su apoyo y participación son necesarios para cerciorar la asistencia escolar regular de su hijo(a). Por favor llame a \_\_\_\_\_\_ al \_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_ si tiene cualquier pregunta o si podemos brindarle ayuda en la asistencia escolar regular de su hijo(a).

Atentamente,

Director(a)

cc: Maestro(a) de Aula Trabajador(a) Social Escolar Expediente Escolar

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 8/19/11 Owner: Social Work Services After an unacceptable number of unexcused tardies, this letter is to be generated by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

Your child has been frequently late to school. Since the beginning of the school year, your child has accumulated \_\_\_\_\_\_ unexcused tardies. School begins at \_\_\_\_\_a.m. and students need to be in the classroom ready to go to work by this time. If your child eats breakfast at school, he/she needs to be in the cafeteria by \_\_\_\_\_ a.m.

Directions and instructions for the entire school day are usually presented by the teacher at the beginning of the day. If not present for those instructions, your child's academic progress could be delayed. In addition, students coming into a classroom late can be disruptive to the entire class.

It is important to establish good habits such as timeliness, which is vital to the success of the student. Please ensure that your child arrives on time to school in accordance with the Compulsory School Attendance Law and school board policy.

If you have any questions or if school staff can help in any way, please do not hesitate to contact \_\_\_\_\_\_ at \_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_.

Sincerely,

Principal

cc: Classroom Teacher School Social Worker School Cum Record After an unacceptable number of unexcused tardies, this letter is to be generated by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimados Padres/Tutores de: \_\_\_\_\_

Con frecuencia su hijo(a) ha llegado tarde a la escuela. Desde el inicio del año escolar, su hijo(a) ha acumulado \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tardanzas injustificadas. La escuela empieza a las \_\_\_\_\_\_a.m. y los alumnos necesitan estar en el salón de clase listos para trabajar a esa hora. Si su hijo(a) desayuna en la escuela, él o ella necesita estar en la cafetería a más tardar a las \_\_\_\_\_\_a.m.

El maestro normalmente presenta las directivas e instrucciones para el día escolar al principio del día. Si no está presente para recibir estas instrucciones, el progreso académico de su hijo podría atrasarse. Además, los alumnos que llegan tarde podrían interrumpir a la clase entera.

Es importante establecer buenos hábitos como la puntualidad, algo que es esencial para el éxito del alumno. Por favor asegure que su hijo(a) llegue puntualmente en conformidad a la Ley de Asistencia Escolar Obligatoria y la política de la junta escolar.

Si tiene cualquier pregunta o si el personal escolar le pueda brindar ayuda, por favor no dude en comunicarse con \_\_\_\_\_\_ al \_\_\_\_\_ ext. \_\_\_\_\_.

Atentamente,

Director(a)

cc: Maestro(a) de Aula Trabajador(a) Social Escolar Expediente Escolar

Created: 1/29/2010 Revised: 8/19/11 Owner: Social Work Services 2010-038-VCS-SP Print Locally on School Letterhead Sample 23 – 5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days Note (English)

After 5 unexcused absences within 30 calendar days, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

We're reaching out because [[First]] 's daily, full-time attendance at school is crucial for their success. Our records show that [[First]] has accumulated 5 unexcused absences within the last 30 calendar days, and we want to work together to address this important matter.

Volusia County Schools Attendance Policy 206, in alignment with Florida Statute 1003.02(1)(b), emphasizes the critical nature of consistent, full-day attendance: •Every school day, from start to finish, is essential for [[First]] 's academic growth

- 5 unexcused tardies or early checkouts equate to 1 unexcused absence
- Parents/guardians must notify the school of any excused absences through personal communication or written explanation
- Without proper notification, absences are recorded as unexcused

Florida Statute 1003.21 requires the regular attendance of children between the ages of 6 and 16. A child who attains the age of 16 is not subject to compulsory school attendance if the child files a formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment with the school. The child and his or her parent or legal guardian must sign the declaration. This statute makes parents or legal guardians legally responsible for seeing that their children attend school

When [[First]] is present ALL day, EVERY day, your student will:

- Receive continuous, uninterrupted instruction
- Develop stronger relationships with teachers and peers
- Build a solid foundation for future academic and career success

We understand that challenges can affect attendance. Let's work together to ensure [[First]] 's regular, full-day attendance:

•Discuss any obstacles hindering attendance or causing tardiness/early departures

- Explore school resources to support consistent attendance
- Develop strategies for on-time arrival and full-day participation
- · Review our attendance policies and procedures

Your involvement is vital. Even small improvements in attendance can significantly impact [[First]] 's achievement and future opportunities.

Please contact our Attendance Office at [[Phone]] to discuss how we can support [[First]] 's full-time, everyday attendance. We're committed to [[First]] 's educational success and are here to help.

Together, we can ensure [[First]] [[Last]] receives the full benefits of their education through consistent, all-day attendance.

Sincerely,

Sample 23 – 5 Unexcused Absences Within 30 Calendar Days Note (Spanish)

After 5 unexcused absences within 30 calendar days, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school.

## **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimado padre/tutor de [[First]] [[Last]] :

Nos comunicamos con usted porque la asistencia diaria y de tiempo completo de [[First]] a la escuela es crucial para su éxito. Nuestros registros muestran que [[First]] ha acumulado 5 ausencias injustificadas en los últimos 30 días calendario y queremos trabajar juntos para abordar este importante asunto.

La Norma de asistencia 206 de las escuelas del condado de Volusia, en consonancia con el Estatuto de Florida 1003.02(1)(b), enfatiza la naturaleza crítica de la asistencia constante durante todo el día escolar:

- Cada día escolar, de principio a fin, es esencial para el crecimiento académico de [[First]]
- 5 tardanzas injustificadas o salidas anticipadas equivalen a 1 ausencia injustificada
- Los padres o tutores deben notificar a la escuela sobre cualquier ausencia justificada mediante comunicación personal o explicación por escrito
- Sin la notificación adecuada, las ausencias se registran como injustificadas

El Estatuto de Florida 1003.21 requiere la asistencia regular de los niños entre las edades de 6 y 16. Un niño que alcanza la edad de 16 años no está sujeto a la asistencia escolar obligatoria si el niño presenta una Declaración formal de intención de terminar la inscripción escolar ante la escuela. El niño y su padre o tutor legal deben firmar la declaración. Este estatuto hace que los padres o tutores legales sean legalmente responsables de asegurarse de que sus hijos asistan a la escuela.

Cuando [[First]] está presente TODO el día, TODOS los días, su estudiante:

- Recibirá instrucción continua e ininterrumpida
- Desarrollará relaciones más sólidas con los maestros y compañeros
- Construirá una base sólida para el éxito académico y profesional futuro

Entendemos que los desafíos pueden afectar la asistencia. Trabajemos juntos para garantizar la asistencia regular de [[First]] durante todo el día:

- Discuta los obstáculos que obstaculizan la asistencia o causan tardanzas/salidas tempranas
- Explore los recursos escolares para apoyar la asistencia constante
- Desarrolle estrategias para llegar a tiempo y participar durante todo el día
- Revise nuestras políticas y procedimientos de asistencia

Su participación es vital. Incluso pequeñas mejoras en la asistencia pueden afectar significativamente el logro y las oportunidades futuras de [[First]]

Comuníquese con nuestra Oficina de Asistencia para analizar cómo podemos apoyar la asistencia diaria de [[First]] . Estamos comprometidos con el éxito educativo de [[First]] y estamos aquí para ayudar.

Juntos, podemos garantizar que [[First]] [[Last]] reciba todos los beneficios de su educación a través de una asistencia constante durante todo el día escolar.

Atentamente,

Sample 24 – 10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days Note (English)

After 10 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school.

### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Dear Parents/Guardians of: \_\_\_\_\_

We are reaching out to you regarding an important matter concerning [[First]] 's school attendance. Our records show that your child has accumulated 10 unexcused absences within the last 90 calendar days. This level of absenteeism is a significant concern, as it conflicts with our "All Day, Every Day" attendance initiative and can seriously impact your child's academic success.

Research has shown that missing just 10 days of school can have substantial negative effects on a student's academic performance:

• Students who miss 10% of school days (about 18 days in a school year) are considered chronically absent and are at high risk of falling behind academically

• Missing 10 days or more of school is associated with lower achievement scores and reduced chances of graduating on time

Volusia County Schools' "All Day, Every Day" initiative emphasizes that every school day, from start to finish, is essential for your child's learning and growth. When your child is present all day, every day, they:

- Receive continuous, uninterrupted, intentional instruction
- Develop stronger relationships with teachers and peers
- Build a solid foundation for future academic and career success

According to VCS Attendance Policy 206 and Florida Statute 1003.02(1)(b), schools must be notified of excused absences either through personal communication or written explanation from the parent/guardian. Without proper notification, absences are recorded as unexcused. It's important to note that 5 unexcused tardies and/or early checkouts are equivalent to 1 unexcused absence. Florida Statute 1003.21 mandates regular attendance for children between the ages of 6 and 16. As a parent or legal guardian, you are legally responsible for ensuring your child's consistent school attendance. For students who are 16 or older, there is an option to file a formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollment, which must be signed by both the student and the parent/guardian.

We want to work with you to address any challenges that may be affecting your child's attendance and to support our "All Day, Every Day" initiative. Additionally, please be aware that Florida Statute 1003.27 requires schools to report students aged 14 and older who accumulate 15 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days to the Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles. This could result in the suspension of their driver's license or prevent them from obtaining one. For reinstatement of a driver's license, a student must attend school for 30 consecutive days.

We have resources and services available to help improve your child's attendance and align with our "All Day, Every Day" goals. Your involvement is crucial in addressing this issue. Please contact our Attendance Office at [[Phone]] to discuss how we can support [[First]] 's full-time, everyday attendance. We're committed to [[First]] 's educational success and are here to help. Together, we can ensure [[First]] [[Last]] receives the full benefits of their education through consistent support. Sincerely,

Sample 24 – 10 Unexcused Absences Within 90 Calendar Days Note (Spanish)

After 10 unexcused absences within 90 calendar days, this letter is to be generated from the Letter Queue by the school.

#### **Print on School Letterhead**

(Date)

(Address)

Estimado padre/tutor de [[First]] [[Last]] :

Nos comunicamos con usted en relación con un asunto importante relacionado con la asistencia escolar de [[First]] . Nuestros registros muestran que su hijo ha acumulado 10 ausencias injustificadas en los últimos 90 días calendario. Este nivel de ausentismo es una preocupación importante, ya que entra en conflicto con nuestra iniciativa de asistencia "Todo el día, todos los días" y puede afectar gravemente el éxito académico de su hijo.

Las investigaciones han demostrado que faltar a la escuela tan solo 10 días puede tener efectos negativos sustanciales en el desempeño académico de un estudiante:

• Los estudiantes que faltan el 10 % de los días de clases (aproximadamente 18 días en un año escolar) se consideran ausentes crónicos y tienen un alto riesgo de quedarse atrás académicamente

• Perder 10 días o más de clases se asocia con puntajes de rendimiento más bajos y menores posibilidades de graduarse a tiempo

La iniciativa "Todo el día, todos los días" de las escuelas del condado de Volusia enfatiza que cada día escolar, de principio a fin, es esencial para el aprendizaje y el crecimiento de su hijo. Cuando su hijo está presente todo el día, todos los días, él:

- Recibe instrucción continua, ininterrumpida e intencional
- Desarrolla relaciones más sólidas con maestros y compañeros
- Construye una base sólida para el éxito académico y profesional futuro

De acuerdo con la Norma de asistencia 206 de VCS y el Estatuto de Florida 1003.02(1)(b), las escuelas deben ser notificadas de las ausencias justificadas ya sea a través de una comunicación personal o una explicación escrita del padre/tutor. Sin la notificación adecuada, las ausencias se registran como injustificadas. Es importante tener en cuenta que 5 tardanzas injustificadas y/o salidas anticipadas equivalen a 1 ausencia injustificada.

El Estatuto de Florida 1003.21 exige la asistencia regular de los niños entre 6 y 16 años. Como padre o tutor legal, usted es legalmente responsable de garantizar la asistencia escolar constante de su hijo. Para los estudiantes de 16 años o más, existe la opción de presentar una Declaración formal de intención de terminar la inscripción escolar, que debe estar firmada tanto por el estudiante como por el padre/tutor.

Queremos trabajar con usted para abordar cualquier desafío que pueda estar afectando la asistencia de su hijo y para apoyar nuestra iniciativa "Todo el día, todos los días". Además, tenga en cuenta que el Estatuto de Florida 1003.27 requiere que las escuelas informen a los estudiantes de 14 años o más que acumulen 15 ausencias injustificadas dentro de los 90 días calendario al Departamento de Seguridad Vial y Vehículos Motorizados. Esto podría resultar en la suspensión de su licencia de conducir o impedirles obtener una. Para restablecer una licencia de conducir, un estudiante debe asistir a la escuela durante 30 días consecutivos.

Tenemos recursos y servicios disponibles para ayudar a mejorar la asistencia de su hijo y alinearla con nuestras metas de "Todo el día, todos los días". Su participación es crucial para abordar este problema.

Comuníquese con nuestra Oficina de Asistencia para analizar cómo podemos respaldar la asistencia diaria y de tiempo completo de [[First]] . Estamos comprometidos con el éxito educativo de [[First]] y estamos aquí para ayudar. Juntos, podemos garantizar que [[First]] [[Last]] reciba todos los beneficios de su educación a través de un apoyo constante.

Atentamente,

Court	STATE OF FLORIDA SEVENTH JUDICIAL CIRCUIT Volusia County Teen Court Program
VOLUSIA COUNTY, FLORIDA	TEEN COURT PROGRAM REFERRAL FORM
Date of Referral:	
INFORMATION ABOUT O	LIENT
CHILD'S NAME:	
CASE NO:	
OFFENSE:	
PARENT/GUARDIA	N:
ADDRESS:	
PHONE:	Email:
CHILD'S SCHOOL	AND GRADE:

Check requested sanctions below:

- Reflections Class (One-time 4-hour Class The House Next Door) This class will cover topics such as: Anger Management, Coping Skills, Decision Making, Goal Setting, Personal responsibility.
- Drug Testing (Random) if appropriate
- □ SMA Healthcare Referral for Screening
- Online Drug and Alcohol Course (Fee Associated)
- Workbook on Appropriate Subject
   e.g. Getting into College workbook, Personal Success Plan)
- Goal Setting Worksheet
- Weekly Progress Report & School Tutoring Worksheet
- Essay on Appropriate Subject (e.g. Benefit of School)

#### Additional Notes/Comments:

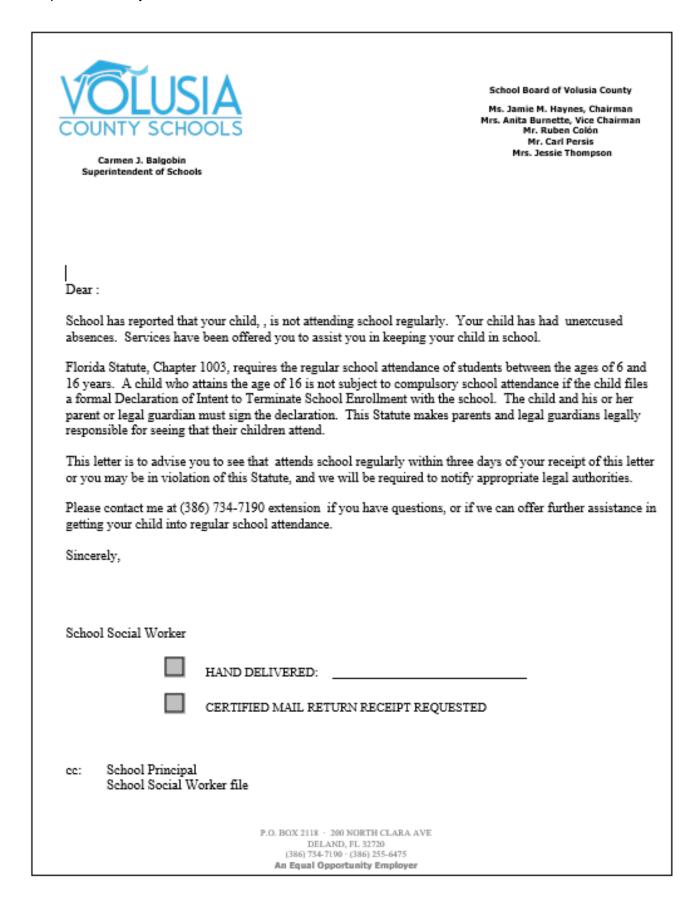
Referral from: \_\_\_\_

Updated 1/24/2023

Sample 26 – Referral Form for Centralized Intake Stewart-Marchman-Act Behavioral Healthcare

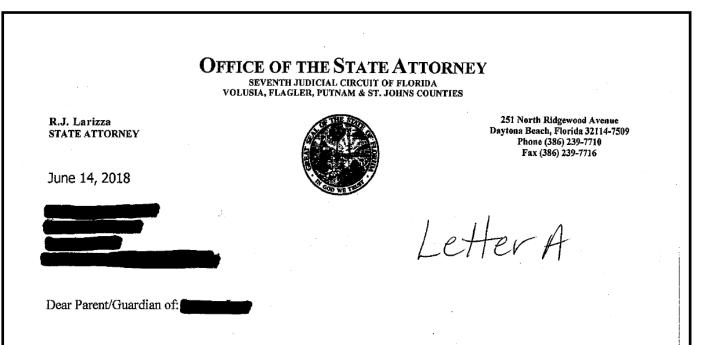
•	OR CENTRALIZED INTAKE CT BEHAVIORAL HEALTHCARE
1. Referred by: Name:	
Title:	
2. Referral Date:	
IDENTIFIED CLIENTS:	
3. Name of Student:	
4. D.O.B.: 5. Sex:	6. Race:
7. Parent/Guardian:	
8. Address:	
	Work:
10. Residing with:	
11. School:	12. Grade:
14. Does student receive ESE services? Yes 🔲 N	Io 🔲 If yes, please specify exceptionality code
ADMISSION CRITERIA CHECKLIST:	
15. Pending DJJ referral for delinquency?	19. Attendance Contract attached?
Yes 📃 No 💭 Don't Know	Yes No No
16. Pending DCF referral for abuse?	20. Problem Solving Team Minutes or IEP notes
Yes 🚺 No 💭 Don't Know 💭	attached? Yes 🔲 No 📃
17. Student/Family aware of referral?	21. Request for Assistance/Attendance attached?
Yes 🔲 No 💭 Don't Know 📃	Yes 🔲 No 📃
18. Attendance printout attached?	22. Notice of Right to Appeal attached?
Yes No	Yes No
Preated: 3/2004; Revised: 8-13-2011 Jwner: School Social Services	2004-238-VCS Print Locally

COUNTY SCHO Carmen J. Balgobin Superintendent of Schools	OLS	School Board of Volusia County Ms. Jamie M. Haynes, Chairman Mrs. Anita Burnette, Vice Chairman Mr. Ruben Colón Mr. Carl Persis Mrs. Jessie Thompson
Date		
I		
, Florida		
Dear :		
It has come to the attention	of the Volusia County School Dist	rict that your child, , is not currently enrolled in school.
A child who attains the age of Intent to Terminate Scho	of 16 is not subject to compulsory ol Enrollment with the school. Th	ndance of students between the ages of 6 and 16 years. school attendance if the child files a formal Declaration e child and his or her parent or legal guardian must sign is legally responsible for seeing that their children
defined under Florida Statut or denominational school, a must enroll and attend schoo	e, Chapter 1003.01 (13) which inc home education program if eligib	l public school, School or another educational option cludes a private school, including a parochial, religious, le, or a private tutoring program. Your son/daughter our receipt of this letter. If not, you may be in violation al authorities.
		ur intent of school enrollment for your son/daughter. If ag your child into regular school attendance, feel free to
Sincerely,		
School Social Worker Volusia County School Dist	rict	
	HAND DELIVERED:	
	CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT F	EQUESTED
cc: School Principal School Social Work Fil	e	
	P.O. BOX 2118 · 200 NORTH DELAND, FL 327 (386) 734-7190 · (386) 2 An Equal Opportunity	20 55-6475



Carmen J. Balgobin Superintendent of Schools	School Board of Volusia County Ms. Jamie M. Haynes, Chair Mrs. Anita Burnette, Vice Chair Mr. Ruben Colón Mr. Carl Persis Mrs. Jessie Thompson
Date	
, Florida	
Dear :	
It has come to the attention of the Volusia County School with their educational services through the Hospital/Home	
Florida Statute, Chapter 1003, requires the regular school a years. A child who attains the age of 16 is not subject to c formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollme or legal guardian must sign the declaration. This Statute n for seeing that their children attend.	ompulsory school attendance if the child files a ent with the school. The child and his or her parent
This letter is to advise you to see that attends this program Florida Statute, Chapter 1003.01 (13) which includes a pri- denominational school, a home education program if eligi son/daughter must access this program and contact Cassie Hospital/Homebound office at (386) 425-3964, within thre be in violation of this Statute, and I will be required to not	vate school, including a parochial, religious, or ole, or a private tutoring program. Your Chandler, Program Administrator with the se days of your receipt of this letter. If not, you may
Please contact me at (386) 734-7190 ext. to advise me of son/daughter and if you have questions, or if I can offer fu school attendance.	
Sincerely,	
School Social Worker Volusia County School District	
HAND DELIVERED:	
CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT REQ	UESTED
cc: Cassie Chandler, Program Administrator, Hospital School Social Work File	l/Homebound
P.O. BOX 2118 · 200 NORTH CL/ DELAND, FL 32720 (386) 734-7190 · (386) 255-6 An Equal Opportunity Emp	475

COUNTY SCHOOLS Carmen J. Balgobin Superintendent of Schools	School Board of Volusia County Ms. Jamie M. Haynes, Chair Mrs. Anita Burnette, Vice Chair Mr. Ruben Colón Mr. Carl Persis Mrs. Jessie Thompson
Date	
, Florida	
Dear :	
It has come to the attention of the Volusia County School D with their educational services through the Off Campus/Hor	
Florida Statute, Chapter 1003, requires the regular school at years. A child who attains the age of 16 is not subject to con formal Declaration of Intent to Terminate School Enrollmer or legal guardian must sign the declaration. This Statute ma responsible for seeing that their children attend.	mpulsory school attendance if the child files a at with the school. The child and his or her parent
This letter is to advise you to see that attends this program Florida Statute, Chapter 1003.01 (13) which includes a prive denominational school, a home education program if eligibl son/daughter must access this program and contact Cassie C Instruction office at (386) 425-3964, within three days of yo violation of this Statute, and I will be required to notify app	ate school, including a parochial, religious, or e, or a private tutoring program. Your chandler, Program Administrator with the Home our receipt of this letter. If not, you may be in
Please contact me at (386) 734-7190 ext. to advise me of y son/daughter and if you have questions, or if I can offer furt school attendance.	
Sincerely,	
School Social Worker Volusia County School District	
HAND DELIVERED:	
CERTIFIED MAIL RECEIPT REQUESTED	
cc: Cassie Chandler, Program Administrator, Home Ins School Social Work File	truction
P.O. BOX 2118 · 200 NORTH CLAR DELAND, FL 32720 (386) 734-7190 · (386) 255-6479 An Equal Opportunity Employ	5



The School District of Volusia County has informed us that you failed to attend an attendance improvement plan meeting. You have not contacted the school to set an alternative time to meet and discuss your child's attendance problem. Due to your child's chronic truancy and your lack of response to the school's request to help, you are now facing potential criminal charges.

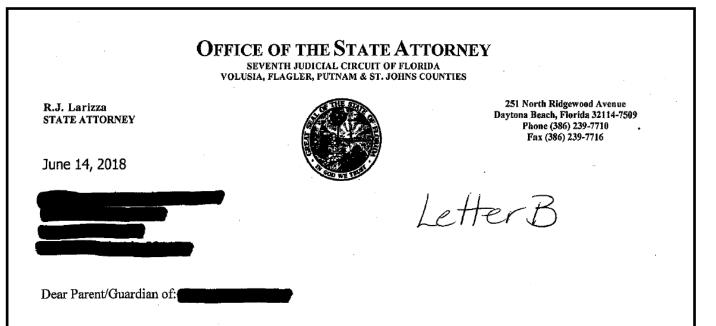
This is your last opportunity to comply with Florida's mandatory school attendance law before court action is initiated. Please call (386) 255-6475, extension 38356, immediately upon receipt of this letter and set a time to discuss your child's chronic truancy.

Failure to appear and/or complete the items listed in the Attendance Contract may be used against you in any criminal proceeding the state institutes. Please give this urgent matter your immediate attention.

Sincerely,

Spencer S. Hathaway Company Managing Assistant State Attorney

Cc: Melissa Burke, Attendance Court Liaison Volusia County Schools 1250 Reed Canal Road, EDC-Portable 5 Port Orange, FL 32129



The School District of Volusia County has informed us that despite your recent meeting, your child continues to have poor attendance. Due to your child's excessive truancy, you are now facing potential criminal charges.

This is your last opportunity to comply with Florida's mandatory school attendance law before court action is initiated. Please call (386) 255-6475, extension 38356, immediately upon receipt of this letter and set a time to discuss your child's attendance improvement plan.

Failure to appear and/or complete the items listed in the Attendance Contract will be recorded and may be used against you in any criminal proceeding the state institutes.

Please give this matter your immediate attention.

Sincerely,

Spencer S. Hathaway Managing Assistant State Attorney

Cc: Melissa Burke, Attendance Court Liaison Volusia County Schools 1250 Reed Canal Road, EDC-Portable 5 Port Orange, FL 32129

	The S	School Distr School S			unty	
COUNTY SCHOOLS	A	TTENDAN	ICE RE	EFERRAI		The PULLS LINE
Student:		Studen	t ID:		Birth Date:	Age:
School:			Grade:		_ ESE Exceptionality	:
Homeless: Yes 🔲 N	No 🔲 Uni	anown 🔲 I	informa	tion:		
DCF Involvement: Yes 🛄 N	do 🔲 Unl	anown 🔲 I	informa	tion:		
DJJ Involvement: Yes 🔲 N	To Uni	mown 📙 I	informa	tion:		
Agency Involvement : Yes 🔲 🕅		cnown 🔲 1	nforma	tion:		
Date(s) of PST Attendance Meet Did a parent/guardian attend th Was an Attendance Contract an	ing or IEP : e attendanc	Review Mee e meeting?	ting for Yes 🔲	Attendan No 🔲	ce:	
	Letter Ty				Date(s) Sent	
5 Unexcused Absen						
10 Unexcused Abse						
*Doctor Verification Unexcused Tardies			absence	25)		
Other Attendance L				_		
*Required						
Parent/Guardian Contact Typ	e I	)ate(s)	By	Whom	Outco	me
Telephone						
Email						
Face to Face			<u> </u>			
Other Attendance Correspondence	e					
Interventions Attempt	ted	Yes/N	ío	Date(s)	Information	Outcome
Student/School Staff Conference	s/Contacts	Yes 🔲 1	No 🔲			
Attendance Contract with Studen	-		No 🔲			
Exploration of Educational Optio	ns	Yes 🔲 1	_			
Individual/Group Counseling			No 🔲			
Mentoring Tutoring		Yes 1 Yes 1				
Curriculum/Class Changes			No 🔲			
Community Agency Referral		Yes 🔲 1				
Reported Student to DHSMV (ag	es 14-18)	Yes 🔲 1	No 🔲			
Additional information:						
School Contact Person:			1111e	:	Extens	10h:
Referral Date for School Social W	ork Services	s:				
The Attendance Referral Pack ✓ PST Meeting Invitatio ✓ PST 5 or ESE Request ✓ PST 6 A/H Minutes or	n Letter or for Assista	IEP Meetin; nce			hich are accessible in F	'ocus:

SOCIAL .

	OLUSIA	A	Questi	Housing onnaire		Date: Code: Initial	R	ta Eutry U
que PR	estions below will assis	st us in deter	ress the requirements mining if your student r E ONE FORM PER FA	may qualify for addition	nal educational suppo	ort service	s. <u>PLE/</u>	ASE
1	How many other ch	ildren/vouth	is are in your househ	old (even if not enr	olled in school)?			
	Names of Students needed, use an add a. Name of Studen	ditional shee		2) or not enrolled in	school, including t	hose age	s 1-4 (	lf
	First Name	MI	Last Name	Birth Date	Grade	School		
	b. Other Children/	Youth in Yo	our Household (even	if not enrolled in scl	hool):			
	First Name	MI	Last Name	Birth Date	Grade	Schoo	l	
	First Name	MI	Last Name	Birth Date	Grade	Schoo	ol	
3.	Parent's, Guardian'	s, or Unacc	ompanied Youth's N	ame (Print):				
	a. Street Address	(Location)	of House):					
			ress:					
	e. Telephone:		Cell Phon	ie:	Work	phone: _		
	The undersigned of	ertifies the	at the information p	rovided is accurat	e.			
	Parent's, Guardiar	n's, or Una	ccompanied Youth	s Signature:		Dat	e:	
			box to answer "Yes"					
	TTIME RESIDENCE	appropriate				YES	NO	CODE
	ly family lives in an em		ransitional shelter (e.g.			120		A
			other persons due to lo	ss of housing, econom	nic hardship, or a			В
	milar reason; doubled		porary trailer park or c			1		
s	iy lamily is living in a c			ampground due to lac	k of alternative			
si 3. M ai	dequate accommodati	ons, public s	pace, abandoned build	ing, substandard hous	sing, bus or train			D
si 3. M a st	dequate accommodati tation, public or private	ons, public s place not de	pace, abandoned build esigned for or ordinarily	ing, substandard hous	sing, bus or train			D
si 3. M ai st ai	dequate accommodati tation, public or private ccommodation for hun	ons, public s place not de nan beings o	pace, abandoned build esigned for or ordinarily	ing, substandard hous y used as a regular sle	sing, bus or train eeping			D
si 3. M av st av 4. M 5. A	dequate accommodati tation, public or private ccommodation for hun ly family lives in a hote child/youth in my hom	ons, public s e place not de nan beings o el or motel du ne is under 1	pace, abandoned build esigned for or ordinarily r similar settings.	ing, substandard hous v used as a regular sle adequate accommod unaccompanied youth	sing, bus or train eeping ations. (youth not in the			
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si ai ai 4. M 5. A pl 6. A pl 5.	dequate accommodati tation, public or private ccommodation for hun ly family lives in a hote child/youth in my hom hysical custody of a pa child/youth in my hom hysical custody of a pa lf you marked "Yes" to	ons, public s e place not de nan beings o el or motel du ne is under 14 arent or guan ne is 16 years arent or guan o any questio Major) (D)	pace, abandoned build esigned for or ordinarily r similar settings. le to lack of alternative 8 years of age and an u dian) or I am an unacco s of age or older and ar dian) or I am an unacco ms above, please indic Earthquake	ing, substandard hous y used as a regular sle unaccompanied youth ompanied youth under n unaccompanied you ompanied youth 16 ye ate the cause by plac (E) oreclosure (M) ym (S)	sing, bus or train eeping (youth not in the r the age of 16 years. th (youth not in the ears of age or older. ing an "X" in the appr	opriate bo (F) melessner		E U C