

Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2024 - 2025 School Report



Emanuel County
Swainsboro High School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Principal	Brandon Andrews
Team Member # 2	Assistant Prinicpals	Lindsey Sconyers and Gray Mendieta
Team Member # 3	Instructional Coach, Data Coach, Intervention Spec.	Selena Reynolds, Devin Schwabe, Alexandria Walden
Team Member # 4	Counselor, College and Career Coach	Befany Roberson, Angela Hooks
Team Member # 5	Media Center Specialist	Kelli Torpy
Team Member # 6	Math Teacher SILT	Cindy Brett
Team Member # 7	ELA Teacher SILT	Silvana Ibanez

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Science Dept, SILT	Alicia Hendrix
Team Member # 2	Social Studies, SILT	Jennifer Fitzner
Team Member # 3	CTAE/FineArts/JROTC SILT	Luci McNeely
Team Member # 4	Math Department Chair, OMT	Cindy Riner
Team Member # 5	Science Department Chair, OMT	Tiffany Strickland
Team Member # 6	Special Ed Department Chair, OMT	Charlean Love
Team Member # 7	Social Studies Department Chair, OMT	Angela Hooks
Team Member # 8	ELA Department Chair, OMT	Annie Smith
Team Member # 9	Health and PE Department Chair, OMT	Morgan Jersey
Team Member # 10	CTAE/FineArts/JROTC OMT	Faith Patrick

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the Planning and Preparation webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Parent	Terri Thomas McNeil
Stakeholder # 2	Parent	Ann Rogers
Stakeholder # 3	Parent	Todd Hooks
Stakeholder # 4	Parent	Ted Sconyers
Stakeholder # 5	Parent	Kim Brown
Stakeholder # 6	Parent	LaShanta Marion
Stakeholder # 7	Parent	LaTayla Tarver
Stakeholder # 8	Kylie Brown	Chiquita Smith

How will the team ensure that	Met with them, explained the process, presented data, and staff input
stakeholders, and in particular parents	then solicited stakeholder input.
and/or guardians, were able to provide	
meaningful input into the needs	
assessment process?	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

Curriculum Standard 1 -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction		
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	✓
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning. Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning. Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning. Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

Curriculum Standard 2 -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the required standards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	√
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1	-Provides a supportive and well -managed environment conducive to learning	
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 -Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 3 -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria align curriculum standards		ned to
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels.	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	_

Instruction Standard 4 -Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL). Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.	
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	✓
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.	

Instruction Standard 6	-Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning	
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	√
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7 -Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		ng targets
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.	
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.	✓
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not specific, timely, or understandable.	_

Instruction Standard 8 progress	-Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor	their own
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

Instruction Standard 9 -Provides timely, systematic, data -driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and	
	adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 -Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

Assessment Standard 3 -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor stuprogress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices		tudent
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.	
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	√
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard	Assessment Standard 4 -Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction	
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist. Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards		
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	√
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the <u>Effective Leadership webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1	-Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff	
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff. The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration,	
	internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and community stakeholders.	
2. Operational	Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	_

Leadership Standard 2	-Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learn	ing
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	√
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student learning.	

	Leadership Standard 3 -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instructio and professional learning practices	
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction,	
	and professional learning.	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	>
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

Leadership Standard 4 -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievemen		nt
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solvin		ng
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities. Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	√
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Leadership Standard 6 learning	-Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused	l on student
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	√
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7 -Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple sources		
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations.	
	A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
	Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their	√
4. Not Evident	performance. Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations.	
	Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 -Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual	
	needs is provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual	✓
	needs.	
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual	
	needs.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school cult guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.	
	The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.	√
	The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

Planning and Organization Standard 2 -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and implement a school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.	
	The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.	
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	✓
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

Planning and Organization Standard 3 -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes adjustments as needed		
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance.	
	Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance.	✓
	Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 -Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored. School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	✓
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 5 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedures to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	✓
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented. In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

Planning and Organization Standard 6 -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing		
safe, clean, and inviting learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed.	
2. Operational	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe.	
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	√
4. Not Evident	Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Professional Capacity webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		ng
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 -Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a varie of data		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families). Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	~
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Learning Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff enhance individual and collective performance		
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 -Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	✓
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 4 -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learn needs of the staff		
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	✓
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learning Standard 5 -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	✓
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 6 -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff pand student learning		practices
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively.	
	Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student learning.	
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	✓
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Family and Community Engagement webinar for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's KIDS COUNT for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school		
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
	Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.	
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	√
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented. Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

	Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being. Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.		
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.		
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	✓	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.		

Family and Community Engagement Standard 4 -Communicates academic expectations and current student		
achievement status to families		
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year.	√
	Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year.	
	Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations.	
	Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement		
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	√
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students		
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	✓
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the Supportive Learning Environment webinar for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1	-Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning	
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2	-Creates an academically challenging learning environment	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progress		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and	
	accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

School Culture Standard 1 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

School Culture Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and sense of community		ns and a
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 -Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students. The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and	
	strengths to prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	

School Culture Standa	ard 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students	
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	

School Culture Standard 5 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	
	The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	✓
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.	
	The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders.	√
	The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.	
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	_
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use? [examples: student perceptions about school climate issues (health survey, violence, prejudice, bullying, etc.); student/parent perceptions about the effectiveness of programs or interventions; student understanding of relationship of school to career or has an academic plan]

Perception data solicited from the team data discussions.

- School Instructional Leadership Team meeting minutes
- Organizational Management Team meeting minutes
- Combined SILT meeting discussions with teachers of End of Course tested subjects

Outside source perception data.

- Student Perception Data
- Support Department Interviews and Surveys for Teacher Perception
- Special Education Parent Survey Perception Data
- Teacher Professional Learning Perception Data
- Department surveys and Department SWOT analysis

What does the perception data tell you? (perception data can describe people's knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions, competencies; perception data can also answer the question "What do people think they know, believe, or can do?")

Strengths:

- Special education parents feel supported, informed, and engaged in their child's IEP process
- 1:1 Technology Initiative
- Teachers feel students like Google Classroom incorporated in the traditional classroom where they have access to face-to-face communication with their teacher
- Celebrating student success PBIS Initiatives
- Celebrating teacher success PBIS Initiatives
- Collaboration and Collaborative Planning
- Co-curricular student leadership development
- CTAE programs & real world preparations
- Professional Learning and Collaboration
- Professionalism
- Multi-Tiered Systems of Support processes have led to student growth; MAP test data has helped classroom teachers to plan targeted student-centered interventions
- Teacher leadership opportunities
- Teachers implementing literacy strategies to enhance content-specific vocabulary usage
- Collaboration between Support Department and Stafful
- Relationship between Support Department and teachers continues to meet the needs of individual teachers through differentiated professional learning opportunities with timely and appropriate feedback

Programs available to closely monitor student progress (data-driven culture) Publicizing school events, information, celebrations,

etc.Administrative supportProfessional development on Teacher Clarity with school wide expectations for usageUse of new digital resources to support opportunities for differentiation and data use to plan personalized instruction - Combined SILT and EOC meetingsWeaknesses:

- Students feel a need for social-emotional learning activities, soft-skill development, and academic advisement
- Classroom Management for new teachers
- Consistently documenting data usage (formative and summative)
- Documentation of parent communications
- Remediation and Acceleration
- Student behavior and student ownership of learning
- Consistency of expectations
- Scheduling: elective choices, Social Studies Department (teaching position needed), SPED
- An increase in the frequency of observations with timely and constructive feedback is needed

Opportunities:

- ABE modules
- Continue instructional technology usage
- Professional learning for effective uses of instructional technology and differentiation
- Professional learning for how to effectively use formative and summative assessment data to drive instruction
- Continue SPED training for instructional and support staff
- Developing student research and evidence-based writing norms
- Establishing protocols for documentation of data usage
- Explore ways to provide 1:1 technologies in non-core Classrooms
- Hard-working staff
- Professional Learning Personalized Learning and targeted interventions to promote student growth
- Implementation of teacher induction program
- Vertical Collaboration
- All staff becoming highly qualified in their content/specialties
- Rigor in grading across contents
- Digital programs available that allow students to self-monitor progress
- Professional learning and walkthroughs focused on Teacher Clarity
- Community partnerships (industry tours)
- School-wide expectations for classroom management are needed to expand on the ones already in place (ex: dress code, tardies, hall pass usage, etc.)
- Use of combined SILT and EOC meetings to include EOPA analysis
- More varied opportunities for family and community engagement are needed

Threats:

- Student apathy/attendance/tardiness to school
- Human Resources: Lack of paras, subs, maintenance protocols, and stipends
- Increased number of students who are reading significantly below grade level - impacts all content areas

What process data did you use?
(examples: student participation in school activities, sports, clubs, arts; student participation in special programs such as peer mediation, counseling, skills conferences; parent/student participation in events such as college information meetings and parent workshops)

The availability of this data has been limited in the 2022-2023 school term.

What does the process data tell you? (process data describes the way programs are conducted; provides evidence of participant involvement in programs; answers the question "What did you do for whom?")

n/a

What achievement data did you use?

Classroom performance data from formative assessments: digital programs, perception, etc.

MAP (Measurement of Academic Progress) Data

ELA, Math, Science, and Social Studies Unit Assessment Data

Analysis (summative)

RTI Data for Progress

Student Failure Reports

EOC (End of Course) Data Summary Sheets: Biology, American Literature, and US History

• Algebra Concepts and Connections data not available

Progress Monitoring for students with and IEP

What does your achievement data tell you?

We have significant learning gaps that vary among grade levels. Literacy and numeracy remains a weakness for our students. Unit data analysis in all core subjects show vocabulary, inferencing, and comprehension are identified as major weaknesses.

Our students struggle more with informational texts.

Ninth grade students have failed more classes than 10th, 11th or 12th grade students. Student failure data shows an increase in students who have failed the same course more than one time. Through the use of credit and unit recovery, the graduation rate is projected to show a slight increase.

EOC Achievement Data Analysis: (comparison from 2022-2023 to 2023-2024 school terms)

• American Literature - slight decrease in the number of students scoring in the distinguished range; slight increase in the learners

	scoring in the proficient range, decrease in developing learners, and increase in beginning learners Biology - decrease in distinguished level learners, increase and both proficient and developing, and a decrease in beginning level learners US History - substantial increase in distinguished level learners, increase in proficient, decrease in developing level learners, and a slight increase in beginning level learners
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 Reading levels (Lexile Scores) Literacy Socioeconomic Status IEP Migrant Race Ethnicity
• Ethnicity

What does the demographic data tell	The data shows that there is a great variance in achievement for
you?	students across all demographic groups identified.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the Identifying Needwebinar for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- We have a systematic, collaborative process for curriculum planning.
- Instructional training/professional learning to help with planning is an area of potential growth in all content areas Math and ELA departments collaboratively plan units based on new standards.
- Technology and Resources for teachers and students.
- Teachers feel that they are working in a safe and secure environment.
- Teachers are using the data. Student use of data is an area of growth when planning personalized instruction for our students. Teachers need more training on ways to effectively use data.
- Collaborative planning is a strength, but we could use more vertical collaboration with SMS and within departments.
- Transitioning rising 9th graders is an area for growth.
- Scheduling too many at-risk students grouped together and need more balanced classes.
- We could use more choices of electives.
- Helping students understand in importance of elective classes is an area of growth.
- There is a large turnover is some departments, but the changes are being seen an opportunity for growth in each department that is affected
- Designing content specific tiered instructional learning strategies is a need
- Due to student Lexile levels and MAP scores, literacy and numeracy skills need to be strengthened.
- Monitoring through observations and lesson plan reviews as well as informational feedback are needed for recently implemented Professional Development focuses and strategies.
- RTI interventions are providing extra assistance and the support needed to lessen the achievement gap identified from multiple data sources.

Effective Leadership:Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- Protect and respect class time.
- Inconsistency with behavior consequences dress code and phones are specific concerns
- Chronic tardiness and truancy continues to be a concern with both faculty and students.
- Effective scheduling continues to be any area for growth with a focus on meeting required class max and mins.
- More involvement and consistency in using the School Connect program is needed to help build relationships.
- Remove barriers to improve staff performance and student learning. Ex. cancelling unnecessary meetings, changing times; consistency in meeting schedule(s) is an area for growth.
- Communication about schoolwide expectations has shown an increase from the previous year, but remains an area for growth.
- Parent Communication interactive communication about school-wide expectations has been improved through the use of Kinvolved and social media outlets, but information needs to be shared in a more timely manner with all stakeholders. Ex:effectively communicate HOPE rigor requirements, academic, honor roll, student of the month, etc.
- Frontline has helped with substitutes, but we continue to have a shortage of subs and other Human Resources.
- Teachers are teaching using literacy standards. Vocabulary and close reads are a strength. Many courses are using writing assignments throughout their units.
- New teachers, especially those in TAPP need continued additional support.
- Student apathy remains a concern.
- Lesson planning needs refinement to include learning intentions and success criteria. Monitoring of the lesson planning process and postings must be consistent, i.e. planning template.
- Instructional leaders/Support Department focus primarily on a safe and secure positive learning environment and support teachers' focus on engaging and rigorous standards-based instruction; and create opportunities for teachers to serve as instructional leaders within the school by leading school-wide teams and committees to make decisions about curriculum, assessment, instruction, professional learning, and other resources.
- A school-wide instructional framework is in place. Teachers meet collaboratively to study and review curriculum expectations, plan unit instruction, develop common assessments, and review assessment data to personalize instruction.
- An organizational management team operates separately but in association with the school instructional leadership team to assist and support school administration/support department with the organization, operation, and use of school resources.
- A School Improvement Leadership Team along with the Instructional Coach and Administrative Team provide guidance that is used to develop and implement monthly action plans and monitor

implementation of actions and interventions identified by the school improvement plan and ensure attention to Georgia's College and Career Readiness Performance Indicators, all in association with Georgia's System of Continuous Improvement.

- Learning community designs are in place to promote educator effectiveness and increase student learning.
- Collaborative Planning Meetings (CPMs) Teachers meet weekly at the school level and the district level, via instructional coach/intervention specialist to collaboratively plan instruction, desegregate assessment data, and insure both instruction and assessment are balanced to curriculum standards and paced appropriately.
- Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) Teachers meet with the support department semi-monthly to develop the knowledge, skills, practices, and dispositions to increase student learning and to engage in peer walk-throughs. Leaders also engage in walk-throughs at the school and to ensure effective implementation of professional learning and provide constructive feedback ensure effective implementation of professional learning and provide constructive feedback.
- Improved instructional leadership is an ongoing professional learning opportunity.
- *Support Department Instructional Coach, College and Career Coach, and Intervention Specialist

Professional Capacity:Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- Professional learning is needed to more effectively utilize success criteria while utilizing available instructional resources.
- Continue professional learning for understanding exceptionalities of students with special needs; PL needed for IEP & 504 accommodations (understanding diagnoses and procedures).
- A floating department para professional could assist teacher in addressing learning needs.
- Continuous and intentional teacher induction is needed to support new teachers.
- The administrative team needs a consistent understanding of standard practices and buy-in across the board.
- Improve two-way communication between leadership and administrative teams (increase communication within departments to create a school wide buy-in for the policies and procedures in place).
- Professional learning related to pedagogy, supports, and interventions is evident, but needs to be continually developed and monitored with the support of an Instructional Coach and Intervention Specialist. The members of the Support Department assist in designing and facilitating content specific tiered instructional learning opportunities. Professional Learning Communities are differentiated based on individual teacher needs, feedback is personalized as well as timely, and teacher choice in professional learning opportunities is being utilized.

- Additional professional learning related specifically to literacy (including vocabulary, reading, and writing) is needed.
- Professional learning is needed on content specific differentiation and use of different data sources to drive instruction with fidelity.
- Collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.
- *Support Department Instructional Coach, College and Career Coach, and Intervention Specialist

Family and Community

Engagement:Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- A protocol for updating parent contact information is needed.
- Social media is an effective means for communicating with parents and community members.
- Student and parent contact via Kinvolved has been helpful.
- Roll-up 6th period class groups for extra-curricular contacts via Kinvolved .
- A variety of family engagement opportunities is made available to parents to assist them with knowing and understanding their child's learning goals and progress toward those goals, resources and opportunities are available to support their child's learning, high school graduation, and post-secondary options. Although these are advertised through various forms of media, family engagement activities are not well attended.
- Parent and stakeholder engagement in academic matters is a weakness; more interactive opportunities are needed- Lunch and Learn, parent nights with other events happening concurrently, etc. could help to increase family and community engagement/participation.
- Partnerships between local post-secondary institutions and industries are established and maintained to support student opportunities for success -industry tours, post-secondary institution tours, WBL parent night, Dual Enrollment parent nights, etc.
- A variety of co-curricular clubs and activities connect students, family, and staff to community service-learning opportunities.

Supportive Learning

Environment:Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Swainsboro High School:

- Utilize 504 Accommodation Plans, Response to Intervention (RTI), and Individualized Education Plans (IEP) as supports to meet students' needs. Paraprofessionals are also available to assist students with IEP as needed.
- Students complete state-level assessments and universal screenings, which are combined with grades to assist in determining the level of intervention needed for those students.
- Promote a positive learning environment by encouraging our students to learn through rigorous and relevant standards-based differentiated and personalized instruction. Teachers are expected to

engage in bell-to-bell instruction; clear rules and expectations are established from day one.

- Advisement curriculum to address social-emotional learning needs by grade level needs to be continued. Curriculum has been designed, but needs to be implemented with fidelity.
- PBIS used to promote a school climate where positive behavior is the norm is needed. A proactive effort needs to be made by the school's PBIS team and Intervention Specialist to determine when and where disruptive behaviors are most likely to occur through data analysis.
- A design or structure is needed to address student learning gaps. Staff will work with the Instructional Coach and Intervention Specialist to effectively use data to differentiate instruction.
- System and school student handbooks clarify student behavior expectations. The school safety plan complies with federal and state law and ensures procedures are in place to safeguard a safe and secure learning and work environment. The administrative team and Organizational Management Team are involved in the development, monitoring, and revision of these documents.
- There is a need for professional learning opportunities concerning success criteria so that students can use available data sources and digital resources to monitor their own progress.
- With the purchase of Read 180 and Math 180 curriculums, students with Lexile levels and RIT scores below grade-level norms can be placed in these classes and learning gaps addressed in a small group setting.

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the demographic and financial trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- There needs to be a practical balance of students receiving different support services.
- Our students have access to the following programs to address student learning needs: ESOL, Special Education, RTI, 21st Century Leaders, tutoring, credit recovery, work-based learning, parent involvement programs, school-based health services, Family Connections, Homelessness program, Migrant Education, Safe and Drug Free Schools, School Social worker(s), Alternative Education Programs, and Conflict Resolution Services.
- A major challenge to providing students full access to some of the above listed programs is transportation. Some students have difficulty attending programs such as after school tutoring, credit recovery, and/or work-based learning due to transportation.
- Our student population in certified programs is greater than the state average. When compared to the state average, we also have a greater percentage of students with disabilities, and our gifted enrollment is less.
- Multi-tiered systems of support (RTI) processes for the high school level is an area for growth statewide.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns		

Student Achievement:Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

- Curriculum and instruction includes various uses of technology and digital platforms. The the continued use of these platforms for learning need to be monitored for fidelity, and the data that these programs provide should be utilized to identify students' specific needs.
- Because of the small size of some subgroups and the fact that testing does not occur at the end of each year, small group growth data is somewhat difficult to track at the high school level, but a greater focus on subgroup data is warranted to ensure that students are receiving appropriate supports.
- Data related to ACT/SAT, HOPE GPA, and Dual-Enrollment is available; however, data surrounding student growth and achievement remains compromised.

work-based learning, parent involvement programs, school-based health services, Family Connections, Homelessness program, Migrant

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths Additional data sources need to be explored for special education and economically disadvantaged students. • Continued teacher training for those who teach English Learners is needed. Additional Kinvolved capabilities need to be understood and implemented where appropriate. • One-to-one technology is an ongoing area for improvement through upgrading and replacing outdated technology. • Swainsboro High School utilizes 504 Accommodation Plans, Response to Intervention (RTI), and Individualized Education Plans (IEP) as supports to meet students' needs. Paraprofessionals are available to assist students with IEPs as needed. SHS students complete state-level assessments and universal screenings, which are combined with grades to assist in determining the level of interventions needed. • Our students have access to the following programs to address student learning needs: ESOL, Special Education, RTI, progress monitoring, MAP, CTI, 21st Century Leaders, tutoring, credit recovery,

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Education, Safe and Drug Free Schools, School Social work,
Alternative Education Programs, and Conflict Resolution Services.

• Resource and inclusion teachers are assigned to a specific core content department and have common plan time with other teachers in their department which enables them to plan and modify instruction collaboratively.

Challenges

- Having too many IEP & 504 students are grouped together in classes.
- Teacher turnover continues to be a concern.
- Students with chronic attendance issues remains a concern.
- In looking at past student achievement data from 2022-2023, the following trends were observed :
- The most significant achievement gaps between black and white subgroups are in literature, science, and social studies; in previous years, the trend has been that the most significant gaps were in mathematics, science, and social studies.
- Hispanic subgroups for ELA, mathematics, and science these subgroups met the state subgroup performance targets, but not in social studies; this is consistent with years prior.
- In past years, the Economically Disadvantaged subgroup met State subgroup performance improvement targets in mathematics but not State subgroup performance targets in ELA, science, and social studies, and in 22-23, this subgroup did not meet subgroup improvement targets in any subject.
- In previous years, the white student subgroup met State subgroup performance targets in mathematics and social studies, however, they did not meet the target in any content area in 22-23.
- Our SWD student subgroup met the improvement target for math in 22-23, but not in any other core content area. In previous years, our SWD subgroup met the improvement target in ELA, but not any other core content area.
- More training on effective use of technology is desired.
- More training on IEP's and 504's is also desired.
- Deficiencies in literacy and numeracy continue to have an effect on

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

IDEA – Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the Identifying Need webinar for additional information and guidance.

our students' overall achievement; low literacy levels do not allow our students to understand complex texts across content areas.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Human and fiscal resources are needed. Data processes need to be fine-tuned to include more formative assessment data so that student learning loss may be identified earlier and more targeted interventions be put into place; the use of formative assessment data will allow for more personalized instruction to be used to address student learning gaps.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Worse
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	
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Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	To support literacy and numeracy development, impact student growth and achievement, and address learning loss, there is a need to provide professional learning designed to increase teacher capacity in the use of instructional technology resources and high effect-size strategies.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	No Change
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations	Teacher Clarityimplementation and training with the math and ELA departments
	as they roll out and build curriculum from Georgia's new standards.

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Overarching Need #3

Overarching Need	Advisement programs need to be used more effectively to plan, develop, and facilitate social-emotional learning, impact student growth and achievement, and graduation rate.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Worse
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be	Yes
Identified?	
Priority Order	3

Additional Considerations	There is a need to plan, develop, and effectively facilitate a social-emotional
	learning advisement curriculum.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - Human and fiscal resources are needed. Data processes need to be fine-tuned to include more formative assessment data so that student learning loss may be identified earlier and more targeted interventions be put into place; the use of formative assessment data will allow for more personalized instruction to be used to address student learning gaps.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for improved collaboration to ensure there are learning opportunities accessible to address learning loss, develop skill, achieve the content and learning priorities established for effective implementation for curriculum, assessment, and professional learning.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 Tech training (interactive boards, Infinite Campus, OnCourse) IEPs and 504s, i.e. student accommodations New Teacher Induction Para training Co-teaching Peer walkthroughs Teacher Clarity
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Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for both instructional and assessment data coaching to ensure the learning culture promotes research-based assessment and collaborative problem-solving strategies which creatively and inventively address student learning needs.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

	Additional Responses	Support department
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Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for expanded collaboration among administrators, the support department, and teachers to ensure individual and group performance is planned, implemented, and monitored as needed to address individual student learning gaps.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 RTI Paraprofessionals Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist Instructional Coach College and Career Coach
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Root Causes to be Addressed	Instructional resources are needed to enhance student learning enabling them to focus on mastery of prioritized standards and develop the skills needed to self-assess their individual performance.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 Instructional materials and Professional Learning opportunities Digital program use guides student learning and the development of self-assessment practices Teacher Clarity professional learning opportunities
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Root Causes to be Addressed	Technological and digital resources are needed to enhance instruction of grade-level standards, enrich students' self-directed learning opportunities, and improve teachers' professional practice and address learning gaps.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 Technology for student and teacher use Software options (i.e. Read 180 & Math 180) Support Department provides professional learning on best practices for use of digital resources
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Root Causes to be Addressed	Class size reduction is needed to enhance instructional effectiveness.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	Additional teachers and additional CTAE Elective courses.

Root Cause # 7

Root Causes to be Addressed	Resources are needed for art, band, chorus, foreign language, technology, health, and physical education to address the needs of a well-rounded child.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	Instructional SuppliesProfessional Learning Opportunities

Root Causes to be Addressed	Resources are needed to ensure a safe, orderly, and supportive (social and emotional) learning environment for all students and staff members.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education School and District Effectiveness Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	PBISDrug Awareness
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Overarching Need - To support literacy and numeracy development, impact student growth and achievement, and address learning loss, there is a need to provide professional learning designed to increase teacher capacity in the use of instructional technology resources and high effect-size strategies.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for additional professional learning to assist teachers with the effective use of instructional technology.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education School and District Effectiveness Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 Instructional Coach, College and Career Coach, and Intervention Specialist (Support Department) Interactive White Board Teacher Training Google Training for new teachers and differentiated professional learning for veteran teachers who would benefit
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Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for additional teacher and student technology resources to develop students' 21st Century/Soft/Essential skills.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 MATH 180 and READ 180 IXL MAP Unify Blooket EdPuzzle Quizizz Progress Learning (USA Test Prep) Common Lit No Red Ink Vocabulary.com Socrative CTI programs CTAE based programs (FBLA, FFA, FCCLA, etc). Pathway assessment training programs and/or resources
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Root Cause #3

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for professional learning and support to develop and monitor literacy and numeracy development thereby improving student achievement.
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education School and District Effectiveness Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

·	 Instructional Coach Intervention Specialist College and Career Coach Technology/Digital/Instructional Resources

Overarching Need - Advisement programs need to be used more effectively to plan, develop, and facilitate social-emotional learning, impact student growth and achievement, and graduation rate.

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Root Causes to be Addressed	There is a need for professional development to improve the implementation and facilitation of a social-emotional curriculum designed to focus on each students' social-emotional health.
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can	Yes
affect	
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
-	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged

Additional Responses	 Teachers as Advisors program Intervention Specialist College and Career Coach
	Instructional Coach



School Improvement Plan 2024 - 2025



Emanuel County Swainsboro High School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Emanuel County
School Name	Swainsboro High School
Team Lead	Brandon Andrews
Federal Funding Options to Be	Traditional funding (Federal funds budgeted separately)
Employed (SWP Schools) in	
this Plan (Select all that apply)	

- -			
Fac	ctors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)		
✓	Free/Reduced meal application		
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY		
√	Other (if selected, please describe below)Free meals are provided and will continue to be provided for students in the 2024-2025 academic year participating in extra-curricular activities extending beyond the daily school hours of 7:30 a.m 3:05 p.m. for students. Whether students are participating in tutorial program, CTSO organization, athletic curricular programs, and/or any extra curricular programs, healthy balanced nutrition will be required for them.		

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in CNA Section 3.2	Human and fiscal resources are needed. Data processes need to be fine-tuned to include more formative assessment data so that student learning loss may be identified earlier and more targeted interventions be put into place; the use of formative assessment data will allow for more personalized instruction to be used to address student learning gaps.
Root Cause # 1	Class size reduction is needed to enhance instructional effectiveness.
Root Cause # 2	Instructional resources are needed to enhance student learning enabling them to focus on mastery of prioritized standards and develop the skills needed to self-assess their individual performance.
Root Cause # 3	Resources are needed for art, band, chorus, foreign language, technology, health, and physical education to address the needs of a well-rounded child.
Root Cause # 4	Resources are needed to ensure a safe, orderly, and supportive (social and emotional) learning environment for all students and staff members.
Root Cause # 5	Technological and digital resources are needed to enhance instruction of grade-level standards, enrich students' self-directed learning opportunities, and improve teachers' professional practice and address learning gaps.
Root Cause # 6	There is a need for both instructional and assessment data coaching to ensure the learning culture promotes research-based assessment and collaborative problem-solving strategies which creatively and inventively address student learning needs.
Root Cause # 7	There is a need for expanded collaboration among administrators, the support department, and teachers to ensure individual and group performance is planned, implemented, and monitored as needed to address individual student learning gaps.
Root Cause # 8	There is a need for improved collaboration to ensure there are learning opportunities accessible to address learning loss, develop skill, achieve the content and learning priorities established for effective implementation for curriculum, assessment, and professional learning.
Goal	SHS will increase content mastery in EOC courses by 2% in one school year.
-	

Action Step	Teachers will participate in job-embedded professional learning with colleagues and facilitated by the Instructional and Data Coaches.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners

Subgroups	Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Professional Learning Agendas and Artifacts Sign-In Sheets Lesson Plans
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI population, MAP, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Principal Assistant Principals Support Department, i.e. Instructional Coach, Data Coach, and Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	Teachers will participate in in job-embedded collaboration with colleagues and the
	data coach to refine and monitor protocols for analyzing and using student
	learning data.
	CI-1 & 2 Planning for and delivering quality instruction
	CI-3 Monitoring student progress
	CI-4 Refining the instructional system
	EL-1 Creating and maintaining a climate and culture conducive to learning
	EL-2 Cultivating and distributing leadership
	EL-3 Ensuring high quality instruction in all classrooms
	EL-5 Driving improvement efforts
	PC-2 Developing staff

Action Step	PC-4 Ensuring staff collaboration
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title I, Part A SIG Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Effective Leadership Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Collaborative planning meeting agendas and minutes Assessment data and student work samples evidencing data analysis Data-analysis documentation including Unify and testing data, EOC student achievement and growth data and SLDS Digital Resources
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI progress monitoring, Digital Resources, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Principal, Assistant Principal, Instructional Coach, Data Coach, and Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with	
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based	
organizations, or any private	
entity with a demonstrated	
record of success is the LEA	
implementing in carrying out	
this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Observation data will monitor the implementation and effectiveness of professional learning, determine its impact on teacher practice and student learning, and provide timely and specific feedback. EL-1 Creating and maintaining a climate and culture conducive to learning EL-2 Cultivating and distributing leadership EL-3 Ensuring high quality instruction in all classrooms EL-5 Driving improvement efforts EL-1 Creating and maintaining a climate and culture conducive to learning EL-2 Cultivating and distributing leadership EL-3 Ensuring high quality instruction in all classrooms EL-5 Driving improvement efforts FCE 3 - Supporting student success
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Effective Leadership Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Observation Data
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI population, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Principal, Assistant Principals, Instructional Coach, Data Couch, Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist, and Classroom Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	The instructional coach, along side the Data Coach and Intervention Specialist, assigned to Swainsboro High School will facilitate the implementation of professional learning including extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching, and explicit teaching and modeling of the effective use of data processes. SLE-2 Developing and monitoring a system of supports SLE-3 Ensuring a student learning community
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Effective Leadership Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Instructional Coaching logs and artifacts Data Coach logs and artifacts Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist logs and artifacts
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI population, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Instructional Coach Data Coach Intervention Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	Digital learning resources will be used to provide individual supports for student learning. CI 4 - Refining the instructional system FCE 3 - Supporting student success
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title III, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Effective Leadership Professional Capacity Family and Community Engagement Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	School website evidence and artifacts Parent webinars Teacher sign-in sheets confirming module completion
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI population, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible Timeline for Implementation	Principal, Assistant Principal, Media Specialist, and Dept. Chairs Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	Leadership institutes and collaboratives, conferences, and book studies will be used by teachers, administrators, and the school leadership teams (OMT and SILT) to: - aide teachers, school leaders, and district leaders in establishing common goals, knowledge exchanges, and growth research-based learning, design experiences which allowing participants to practice skills in real time and receive targeted feedback from experts. - increase student engagement and boost creativity via inspiration, practical techniques, and innovative ideas and - develop school culture, improve organizational structures processes, and empower positive energetic mindset. PC 2 Develop staff EL 1 - Create and maintain a climate conducive to learning EL 5 - Drive improvement efforts SLE 3 - Develop a system of supports
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title I, Part A SIG Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Effective Leadership Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Meeting minutes and agendas Faculty meeting minutes/memos Book study artifacts
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis, MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI progress monitoring, and Formative Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, Leaders, and Leadership Teams
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with	GAEL, Instructional Coaches Consortium with Middle Georgia RESA
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based	
organizations, or any private	
entity with a demonstrated	
record of success is the LEA	
implementing in carrying out	
this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Teachers and school-level leaders will consistently gather, analyze, and used
	formative and summative assessment data.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Instructional Coach logs
Implementation	Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist logs
	Data Coach logs
Method for Monitoring	Student achievement data collected from EOCs, End of Pathway Completion
Effectiveness	Data, Unit Assessment Data Analysis, Final and Mid-Term Exams Data Analysis,
	MAP Assessment Data: SPED and RTI progress monitoring, and Formative
	Assessment Data
Position/Role Responsible	Instructional Coach
	Multi-Tiered Intervention Specialist
	Data Coach
	MTSS Paraprofessional
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with IHEs, business, Non-Profits, Community based organizations, or any private entity with a demonstrated record of success is the LEA implementing in carrying out this action step(s)?

IXL, Quizizz, MAP, Unify, Blooket, Progress Learning, Common Lit, No Red Ink, Socrative, READ 180 and MATH 180

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in CNA Section 3.2	To support literacy and numeracy development, impact student growth and achievement, and address learning loss, there is a need to provide professional learning designed to increase teacher capacity in the use of instructional technology resources and high effect-size strategies.
Root Cause # 1	There is a need for additional professional learning to assist teachers with the effective use of instructional technology.
Root Cause # 2	There is a need for additional teacher and student technology resources to develop students' 21st Century/Soft/Essential skills.
Root Cause # 3	There is a need for professional learning and support to develop and monitor literacy and numeracy development thereby improving student achievement.
Goal	Swainsboro High School teachers will increase the time spent on capacity in the use of instructional technology resources and high effect-size strategies by 10% within the 2024-2025 school term.

Action Step	Teachers will participate in professional learning to assist in the effective implementation and use of instructional technology.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Professional learning minutes, lesson plans, and agendas
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Observation data and perception data
Position/Role Responsible	Principal Assistant Principals Instructional Coach Data Coach Department Chair Media Specialist

Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly
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What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	Implementation of professional learning to support, develop, and monitor literacy and numeracy improvement strategies.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Professional Capacity
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Professional learning minutes, lesson plans, and agendas
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Observation data and perception data
Position/Role Responsible	Principal Assistant Principals Instructional Coach Data Coach Department Chair Media Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with		
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,		
Community based		
organizations, or any private		
entity with a demonstrated		
record of success is the LEA		
implementing in carrying out		
this action step(s)?		

Action Step	Teachers and students will use technology resources to develop students' 21st Century/Soft/Essential skills.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Family and Community Engagement Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Lesson Plans
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	End of pathway completion, WBL participation
Position/Role Responsible	21st Century Leaders Sponsors, CTI Coordinator, Instructional Coach, Data Coach, Intervention Specialist, CTAE, Graduation Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

Action Step	Purchase resources to support evidence base instruction and resources to
·	enhance curriculum.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
	Title III, Part A
	Title V, Part B
	IDEA
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Professional Learning Plan
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Observation data, perception data, walk-thoughs, TKES
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Principal
	Assistant Principals
	Instructional Coach
	Data Coach
	Department Chair
	Media Specialist
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.3 Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in CNA Section 3.2	lvisement programs need to be used more effectively to plan, develop, and cilitate social-emotional learning, impact student growth and achievement, and aduation rate.	
Root Cause # 1	There is a need for professional development to improve the implementation and facilitation of a social-emotional curriculum designed to focus on each students' social-emotional health.	
Goal	SHS will increase the amount of time spent in advisement addressing social and emotional learning to 50% by the end of the 2024-2025 school year.	

Action Step	SHS will implement professional development to improve the implementation and facilitation of a social-emotional curriculum designed to focus on each students' social-emotional health.	
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A Title V, Part B IDEA	
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities	
Systems	Professional Capacity Supportive Learning Environment	
Method for Monitoring Implementation	School Connect Lessons and artifacts	
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Perception data	
Position/Role Responsible	Instruction Coach, Counselors, Graduation Coach	
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly	

What partnerships, if any, with	
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based	
organizations, or any private	
entity with a demonstrated	
record of success is the LEA	
implementing in carrying out	
this action step(s)?	

Action Step	SHS will utilize graduation coach position to raise graduation rate.	
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A	
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged	
	Foster	
	Homeless	
	English Learners	
	Migrant	
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority	
	Student with Disabilities	
Systems	Effective Leadership	
	Supportive Learning Environment	
Method for Monitoring	Progress monitoring, achievement data	
Implementation		
Method for Monitoring	Perception data, CCRPI indicators	
Effectiveness		
Position/Role Responsible	Graduation Coach and Counselor	
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly	

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based
organizations, or any private
entity with a demonstrated
record of success is the LEA
implementing in carrying out
this action step(s)?

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.1 Stakeholders, Coordination of Activities, Serving Children, and PQ

Required Questions

1. In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders).

The development of the 2024-2025 school improvement plan encompassed a multi-step process. The 2024-2025 Schoolwide Improvement Plan is reviewed and monitored continually throughout the year. In March, members Organizational Management and School Improvement teams met collaboratively to review the 2024-2025 Title I School-wide Improvement Plan. Then in April, OMT and SILT leadership team members completed a SWOT survey and root cause analysis exercise where we identified the strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats within their respected departments. For comparison and analysis purposes, in May, members of the OMT and SILT teams collectively shared and completed a second SWOT analysis with buy-in from all faculty. This led the team to enhance their earlier root cause analysis and SWOT collectively and with fidelity. In late May, the leadership team members met and completed the Comprehensive Needs Assessment (CNA) to identify our greatest areas of need using the data collected from the department level analysis. The teams assessed the status of 2023-2024 goals, and brainstormed other strategies to assist with improving student achievement and encourage CCRPI gains. Consideration was given to Coherent Instructional Systems, Effective Leadership, Professional Capacity, Supportive Learning Environment, and Family and Community Engagement. With input from various stakeholders (including teachers, paraprofessionals, parents and business partners) this document which identifies specific goals was created. Given learning loss resulting from the FY20 and FY21 school closure, the influx of technology resources related to virtual learning strategies related to a data-driven culture, instructional technology having been adjusted, prior goals related to collaborative planning, professional learning, data disaggregation and usages are continued. Because literacy and numeracy is believed to affect many other needs, the literacy and numeracy goals are being continued. The team added an additional goal for the 2024-2025 school team to focus on our students' social-emotional Learning needs and development.

2. Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.

Swainsboro High School strives to employ teachers who meet professional qualifications. School administration works closely with the Human Resources Director to attract, select, and retain professionally qualified teachers. The Human Resources Director and Title I Director work to ensure all persons whose salaries are paid with Title I funds are professionally qualified at the time they are hired. Principals are responsible for recommending and assigning employees and assuring that they remain in subject areas in which they are professionally highly qualified.

We will provide instruction by professionally qualified teachers who

meet the standards established by the state of Georgia. Swainsboro High School provides a high-quality mentoring program for teachers new to the profession or to our system in employment years one, two, and three.

New teachers entering the profession through alternative certification receive training and support by experienced teachers in their content areas.

New teachers recruited through the GaTAPP have passed the GACE Basic Skills Assessment and as participants in the certification process complete course requirements under the guidance of Regional Educational Service Agencies. Their support team includes an administrator, mentor, System TAPP Coordinator, and TAPP Coordinator. Support team members observe, model, instruct, advice, critique, and help develop action plans for the candidate. New teachers recruited through Georgia Southern University's Masters of Arts in Teaching program have passed the GACE Basic Skills Assessment and, as participants in the certification process, complete master's degree course requirements under the guidance of Georgia Southern University. Their support team includes an administrator, mentor, System MAT Coordinator, and Georgia Southern University MAT Coordinator. Support team members observe, model, instruct, advice, critique, and help develop action plans for the candidate. To ensure teacher effectiveness, the Georgia Teacher Effectiveness System (TKES) is used to support the professional growth of all teachers, specifically, learning goals of proficient and exemplary teachers and the professional learning plans of those in need of improvement.

3. Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I school. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

The high percentage of students scoring below proficiency in all content areas requires a continued focus on student growth. We believe that while we cannot control where our students are performing when we get them, we will see improvement in academic achievement if we focus our energies on meeting them where they are and moving them to the next level. We are supporting our students through intentional instructional planning and instruction strategies driven by formative assessment and assessment data usage (Goals 1 and 2). As we increase our attention on foundational reading, vocabulary, and writing skills, we believe we will better address the needs of all students especially those most at risk students (Goal 3). Our Instructional Coach and Intervention Specialist will play key roles in providing the support needed to further staff and student improvement. The implementation of the College and Career Coach position for the 2024-2025 school term will help to further prepare our students to be college and career ready upon graduation from Swainsboro High School.

4. If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale (point system) that uses the objective criteria to rank all students.

Swainsboro High School strives to ensure the needs of all students, including low-income and minorities, are met.

Swainsboro High School provides instructional extension to at-risk students:

- Title VI, part B funded Edgenuity is used to provide credit recovery opportunities and when needed Title VI-B funded tutors are provided to assist with remediation blitzes for students not meeting standards
- Title VI, part B funded MAP and Unify testing software ensures standards-based student learning needs are identified so that they can be addressed.
- Assessment data, course grades, RTI intervention levels, and student work samples assist in identifying students in need so that remediation, content review, and skill practice can be provided.
- Remediation and skill practice is provided face-to-face and online (IXL) for students during the school year.
- During the month of June, online and face-to face remediation is provided for identified students.
- The parent resource center provides resources to ensure resources-- including technology-- are available to support at-risk students and their parents.

Additional resources from Title I and other sources used to support at-risk students include:

- Supplies and materials made readily available for teachers to engage students in a variety of learning activities, thereby increasing differentiated instruction and enabling projected-based connections between curricular concepts and applied learning;
- Extra high-interest reading materials to foster increased literacy;
- Research-based programs to support increased student learning in key areas, such as reading and writing, will be acquired to help address academic deficiencies in struggling learners;
- Title I teachers reduce class sizes. Instructionally, all teachers will support student learning by providing more opportunities for students to learn by reducing class size, which leads to more quality time with the teacher and less classroom disruptions.

Title II, part A Instructional Coach provides intensive and differentiated support. An Instructional Coach works with teachers to enhance teacher effectiveness by providing standards-based professional learning tied to research-based best practices; classroom observations with feedback as well as follow-up to support effective instruction and assessment strategy implementation.

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5. If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

Swainsboro High School partners with the Early Head Start program to provide services to student mothers and their infants and/or toddlers. The program is designed to help our teen mothers meet educational goals and become self-sufficient. Income eligibility is based on the federal poverty guidelines which are updated annually. Families who are homeless, eligible for TANF and SSI, and children in foster care are eligible without income restrictions.

Full-year center-based services are provided to infants and toddlers from six weeks of age to age three by caregivers trained in infant and toddler caregiving. While participating teen mothers work to graduate from high school, their infants and/and toddlers receive quality care from trained staff in an educational environment. Also, many parent engagement activities are provided throughout the year, including the opportunity for parents to check out children's books from classroom lending libraries and attend parenting workshops with a focus on family literacy. The program's emphasis on school readiness includes training sessions and opportunities for parents to identify school readiness goals for their children. Children with disabilities are identified and provided on-site services by Babies Can't Wait, Georgia's early intervention program which serves children from birth to age three.

6. If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; and lncreased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills.

Students transitioning from Swainsboro Middle School to Swainsboro High School participate in mentoring sessions and a school tour in the spring of each year. Rising 9th graders and their parents are invited to a transition night during which the students meet with counselors, administrative staff, and teacher advisors to learn about high school and register for their ninth grade year. In January of their ninth grade year, students and their parents are invited to a parent night at which transition information is presented again, and their first transcript is reviewed. Information is clarified and questions answered given student and parents first semester experiences.

7. Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

Swainsboro High School applies PBIS strategies in all school areas including instructional classrooms, transitional areas, and buses. We work to ensure behavior expectations for all students are consistent school-wide. The Emanuel County Schools Student Handbook and the Swainsboro High School Supplemental student handbook outlines our Code of Conduct. Particular attention is paid to African-American and Students with Disabilities subgroups due to a prior disproportionate

representation in discipline referrals. Classroom management and proactive discipline strategies support in conjunction with PBIS is provided to teachers to reduce the number of students being referred.
provided to teachers to reduce the number of students being referred.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8. Use the space below to provide	
additional narrative regarding the school's	
improvement plan.	

SWAINSBORO HIGH SCHOOL

689 South Main Street Swainsboro, Georgia 30401 Phone 478.237.2267 Fax 478.419.1134

Our mission is to foster a safe and respectful		

Befaney Roberson, Counselor Angela Hooks, Graduation Coach Kelli Torpy, Media Specialist Devin Schwabe, Data Coach

Brandon I. Andrews, Principal Grayson Mendieta, Assistant Principal/Athletic Director Lindsey Sconyers, Assistant Principal Selena Reynolds, Instructional Coach

Swainsboro High School Parent-Community Engagement Initiative

The Swainsboro High School community recognizes the importance of parent involvement to garner and reach individual student-achievement & success. Fully understanding the importance & criticalness of parental involvement, our teachers and support staff prioritize

our efforts to provide quality education to our children at Swainsboro High School. With intense effort & focus in implementing efficient strategies to improve student achievement, Swainsboro High School has established smart goal(s) to increase parent and community involvement within our school. As a primary community engagement component of increased effort for parental involvement, correspondence and activities are continued with Herrington Homestead Residential Facilities and Community in Schools.

Our parent involvement meetings are designed to provide parents with resources and valuable information essential to creating more effective and active involved child. Consistent and continued promise to provide our parents and community with various forms of communications such as: student handbooks, shared info. via social media, teacher accountability in contact logs, one to one counselor conferences, Kinvolved messages, emails, etc.

Open house meetings such as Dual Enrollment night and CTAE night will be conducted per semester to include parents in the planning process for the school program and enrichment of the SHS School-Parent Compact. As required by law, inform parents of the Emanuel County Schools Title I Plan is essential. Informing parents of the requirements and right(s) to be involved in the Title I program will benefit all family homes. Parent conference days will be conducted throughout the school term to inform parents of their student's progress and the plan for interventions when needed. Swainsboro High School will assist parents in understanding of the state's academic content standards and graduation requirements per GADOE. Information on state and local assessments used to measure student progress and the proficiency levels students are expected to meet and/or exceed will be shared with parents. Title I funds will be provided for transportation, childcare, and home visits as needed.

The school community will include a Parent Resource Center, strategically located at Swainsboro High School, to facilitate parent and community involvement in the school program. The Parent Resource Center will also provide parents with information, materials, resources, and training in order to help their children with their academic success. As two of our four initiaves in our School Improvement Plan, Literacy and Technology-enhanced item training will be provided, as appropriate, to foster parental involvement and increased student achievement. Through regular meetings, the center will provide the opportunity to volunteer and participate in the decision-making process by offering suggestions and receiving timely feedback to their suggestions.

Trainings will be conducted as needed to train parents in ways they can contribute to their child's progress. Efforts will be made to provide supportive and effective learning environments by collaborating with the ESOL Department and other pertinent departments to facilitate the translation of pertinent information for parents whose primary language is not English. Parents and students with disabilities will also be accommodated with the collaboration of the Special Education Department at the school and county levels. An annual survey will be sent to parents to gather their input. The data will be collected and submitted including all unsatisfactory comments regarding the school's plan to the LEA.

Swainsboro High School will implement and coordinate parental programs, creating & uniting ties within each and every child's village. As valuable asset in creating & building the ties within each child's village, parents will be offered an opportunity to receive professional development with teachers and school support staff. In addition, formal compacts between parents, school community, and students will be employed to specify everyone's role in reaching individual students' goals. Parent-teacher conferences will be held at least annually to relate

individual student's achievement to compact. Parents will be informed of their student's academic progress every 4.5 weeks, and a formal report card will be sent home every nine weeks. However, Emanuel County Schools provides a technology resource called Parent Portal, allowing parents monitor student assessment, discipline, and attendance.