

**LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT
SCHOOL DISTRICT**

**ANNUAL FINANCIAL
REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED**

AUGUST 31, 2020

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MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors
Lumberton Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lumberton Independent School District as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lumberton Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lumberton Independent School District, as of August 31, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-9 and 41, 52-53 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing

the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lumberton Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 10, 2020, on our consideration of the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, Texas
December 10, 2020

In this section of the Annual Financial Report, we, the managers of the Lumberton Independent School District (the District), discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 2, and the District's Basic Financial Statements that begin on page 10.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position was \$25,282,830 at August 31, 2020.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$1,558,075 less than the \$43,141,769 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The general fund reported a fund balance this year of \$13,617,440. Of this amount, \$13,617,440 is for unrestricted use by the District.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements include three components: (1) management's discussion and analysis (this section), (2) the basic financial statements, and (3) required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities that provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the current fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) as opposed to business-type activities that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objects. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the District's most significant funds, *not* the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- **Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains several individual governmental funds organized according to their type. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental fund is the General Fund. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget. The Texas Education Agency also requires the District to present a budgetary comparison statement for one of its special revenue funds (food service) and the debt service fund.

- **Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 15-16.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19-40 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on page 41-49 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Our analysis focuses on the Net Position (Table I) and Changes in Net Position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

The District's combined net position were \$25,282,830 at August 31, 2020. (See Table I)

Table I
Lumberton Independent School District
Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	Change
Current and Other Asset	\$ 54,423,332	\$ 15,206,083	\$ 39,217,249
Capital Assets	36,182,942	32,755,552	3,427,390
Total Assets	90,606,274	47,961,635	42,644,639
Deferred Outflow - Pension	3,647,698	4,743,535	(1,095,837)
Deferred Outflow - OPEB	1,624,416	974,504	649,912
Total Deferred Outflows	5,272,114	5,718,039	(445,925)
Long-term Liabilities	61,744,699	23,087,639	38,657,060
Other Liabilities	2,402,708	1,793,040	609,668
Total Liabilities	64,147,407	24,880,679	39,266,728
Deferred Inflow - Pension	1,446,307	607,643	838,664
Deferred Inflow - OPEB	5,001,844	3,846,619	1,155,225
Total Deferred Inflows	6,448,151	4,454,262	1,993,889
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(6,576,168)	29,685,567	(36,261,735)
Restricted	37,564,405	1,239,219	36,325,186
Unrestricted	(5,705,407)	(6,580,053)	874,646
Total Net Position	\$ 25,282,830	\$ 24,344,733	\$ 938,097

Approximately (\$6.6) million of the District's net position represent investments in capital assets net of related debt. The (\$5.7) million of unrestricted net position represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues were \$43.1 million. A portion, 30 percent, of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes, 58 percent comes from grants and contributions, while only 11 percent relates to charges for services and operating grants, and the remaining 1 percent relates to investment earnings and other miscellaneous revenue.

Total Cost of all programs and services was \$41,583,694. The net position of the District's governmental activities for the current year increased by \$1,558,075 (see Table II on page 7 of this report).

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
AUGUST 31, 2020

Key elements of the governmental activities of the District are reflected in the following table.

Table II
Lumberton Independent School District
Statement of Activities

	Governmental Activities		
	2020	2019	Change
Revenues			
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services	\$ 2,255,765	\$ 2,427,501	\$ (171,736)
Operating Grants and Contributions	2,834,816	5,364,332	(2,529,516)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	12,948,970	13,384,134	(435,164)
Grants and Contributions	24,960,322	20,201,466	4,758,856
Investment Earnings	141,896	169,873	(27,977)
Miscellaneous	-	12,800	(12,800)
Total Revenue	<u>43,141,769</u>	<u>41,560,106</u>	<u>1,581,663</u>
Expenses			
Instruction	25,023,526	21,270,405	3,753,121
Instrucitonal Resources and Media	395,615	316,210	79,405
Curriculu/ Instructional Development	270,057	98,765	171,292
Instructional Leadership	491,456	658,037	(166,581)
School Leadership	2,132,739	2,016,954	115,785
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation	1,613,674	1,369,963	243,711
Health Services	361,086	268,527	92,559
Student Transportation	1,328,954	1,331,775	(2,821)
Food Services	1,672,207	1,849,085	(176,878)
Extracurricular Activities	1,257,054	1,189,298	67,756
General Adminsitration	1,163,083	981,766	181,317
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,786,128	3,508,541	277,587
Security and Monitoring Services	301,454	263,370	38,084
Data Processing Services	431,425	445,855	(14,430)
Community Services	35,717	-	35,717
Debt Services - Interest	283,372	71,129	212,243
Debt Services - Bond Issuance Cost	1,000	1,000	-
Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangem	638,984	583,683	55,301
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed Prog	26,481	26,481	-
Other Intergovernmental Charges	369,682	379,164	(9,482)
Total Expenses Governmental Activities	<u>41,583,694</u>	<u>36,630,008</u>	<u>4,953,686</u>
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>1,558,075</u>	<u>4,930,098</u>	<u>(3,372,023)</u>
Net Position - Beginning	24,344,733	19,414,635	4,930,098
Prior Period Adjusmtnet	(619,977)	-	-
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 25,282,830</u>	<u>\$ 24,344,733</u>	<u>\$ 1,558,075</u>

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented on page 12) reported a combined fund balance of \$51.2 million, which is an increase from last year.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget a number of times. These budget items fall into three categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were provided shortly after the school year began. The second category involved moving funds from program areas that did not need or use all of the resources originally appropriated to them. The third category involved changes in state program revenues.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

There were budget amendments for the 2019-2020 school year required to meet various needs throughout the District approved by the Board of Trustees.

CAPITAL ASSET AND LONG-TERM DEBT ACTIVITY

Capital Assets. At August 31, 2020 the District had \$36.2 million (net of depreciation) invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment used for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents a net decrease of \$1,509,308 (including additions and deductions) over last year.

**Lumberton Independent School District
 Capital Assets
 Governmental Activities**

	August 31, 2020	August 31, 2019
Land	\$ 591,954	\$ 591,954
Buildings and Improvements	72,259,124	72,198,705
Equipment	11,575,371	10,944,115
Construction in Progress	4,491,725	-
Totals at Historical Cost	88,918,174	83,734,774
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		
Buildings and Improvements	(42,580,550)	(40,730,580)
Equipment	(10,154,682)	(5,311,944)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(52,735,232)	(46,042,524)
Net Capital Assets	\$ 36,182,942	\$ 37,692,250

Long-Term Debt. At year-end, the District had \$3.00 million in general obligation debt at a coupon interest rate of 1.0% to 2.69% outstanding at year-end. The District's general obligation bonds carried the highest possible rating, according to national rating agencies.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEW YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2020 budget and tax rate. One of those factors continues to be the economy and the unknown election results and the increasing of the local homestead exemption that will decrease the district's property value. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$13.6 million which is more than the final amended budget of 2021. If these estimates are realized, the District's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to increase by the close of 2020-2021 school year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the District's Superintendent, 121 S Main Street, Lumberton, TX 77657.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2020

EXHIBIT A-1

Data Control Codes	Primary Government Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 51,866,714
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	1,046,824
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(157,024)
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,555,861
1290 Other Receivables, Net	110,957
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	591,954
1520 Buildings, Net	29,678,574
1530 Furniture and Equipment, Net	1,420,689
1580 Construction in Progress	4,491,725
1000 Total Assets	90,606,274
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	3,647,698
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	1,624,416
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,272,114
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	207,935
2140 Interest Payable	27,709
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,969,308
2177 Due to Fiduciary Funds	5,076
2180 Due to Other Governments	110,748
2190 Due to Student Groups	32,670
2200 Accrued Expenses	48,925
2300 Unearned Revenue	337
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501 Due Within One Year	1,300,000
2502 Due in More Than One Year	41,322,611
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	7,944,679
2545 Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	11,177,409
2000 Total Liabilities	64,147,407
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	1,446,307
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	5,001,844
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,448,151
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	(6,576,168)
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	963,749
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	650,301
3860 Restricted for Capital Projects	35,950,355
3900 Unrestricted	(5,705,407)
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 25,282,830

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

EXHIBIT B-1

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues		6
Codes	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 25,023,526	\$ 91,922	\$ 1,632,845	\$ (23,298,759)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	395,615	-	-	(395,615)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	270,057	-	-	(270,057)
21 Instructional Leadership	491,456	-	33,538	(457,918)
23 School Leadership	2,132,739	1,299,442	51,934	(781,363)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,613,674	-	414,147	(1,199,527)
33 Health Services	361,086	-	-	(361,086)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,328,954	-	-	(1,328,954)
35 Food Services	1,672,207	725,828	702,352	(244,027)
36 Extracurricular Activities	1,257,054	126,873	-	(1,130,181)
41 General Administration	1,163,083	-	-	(1,163,083)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,786,128	11,700	-	(3,774,428)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	301,454	-	-	(301,454)
53 Data Processing Services	431,425	-	-	(431,425)
61 Community Services	35,717	-	-	(35,717)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt	283,372	-	-	(283,372)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	1,000	-	-	(1,000)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	638,984	-	-	(638,984)
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	26,481	-	-	(26,481)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	369,682	-	-	(369,682)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>\$ 41,583,694</u>	<u>\$ 2,255,765</u>	<u>\$ 2,834,816</u>	<u>(36,493,113)</u>
Data Control Codes	General Revenues:			
	Taxes			
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes			12,363,095
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service			585,875
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants			21,150,251
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted			3,810,071
IE	Investment Earnings			141,895
TR	Total General Revenues			<u>38,051,187</u>
CN	Change in Net Position			1,558,074
NB	Net Position - Beginning			24,344,733
PA	Prior Period Adjustment			(619,977)
NE	Net Position - Ending			<u>\$ 25,282,830</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,918,721	\$ 3,757,281	\$ 35,950,355
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	968,050	78,774	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(145,208)	(11,816)	-
1240 Due from Other Governments	1,461,224	-	-
1260 Due from Other Funds	4,324,530	-	-
1290 Other Receivables	110,957	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 16,638,274</u>	<u>\$ 3,824,239</u>	<u>\$ 35,950,355</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 94,238	\$ -	\$ -
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,734,039	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	322,540	3,108,653	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	-	-	-
2190 Due to Student Groups	32,670	-	-
2200 Accrued Expenditures	36,144	-	-
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>2,219,631</u>	<u>3,108,653</u>	<u>-</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	801,203	65,285	-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>801,203</u>	<u>65,285</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	650,301	-
Committed Fund Balance:			
3510 Construction	-	-	35,950,355
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	13,617,440	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>13,617,440</u>	<u>650,301</u>	<u>35,950,355</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 16,638,274</u>	<u>\$ 3,824,239</u>	<u>\$ 35,950,355</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$ 2,240,357	\$ 51,866,714
-	1,046,824
-	(157,024)
94,637	1,555,861
129,614	4,454,144
-	110,957
<u>\$ 2,464,608</u>	<u>\$ 58,877,476</u>
\$ 113,697	\$ 207,935
235,269	1,969,308
1,028,027	4,459,220
110,748	110,748
-	32,670
12,781	48,925
337	337
<u>1,500,859</u>	<u>6,829,143</u>
-	866,488
<u>-</u>	<u>866,488</u>
963,749	963,749
-	650,301
-	35,950,355
-	13,617,440
<u>963,749</u>	<u>51,181,845</u>
<u>\$ 2,464,608</u>	<u>\$ 58,877,476</u>

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
 AUGUST 31, 2020

EXHIBIT C-2

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	51,181,845
1 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$83,852,693 and the accumulated depreciation was (\$51,097,141). In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation) and long-term debt in the governmental activities is to increase net position.		29,679,519
2 Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase net position.		(34,508,806)
3 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68. At the beginning of the year, the net position related to TRS was a Deferred Resource Outflow in the amount of \$4,743,535, a Deferred Resource Inflow in the amount of \$607,643 and a net pension liability in the amount of \$8,475,814. The impact of this on Net Position is (4,339,922). Changes from the current year reporting of the TRS plan resulted in a decrease in net position in the amount of (\$1,403,366). The combination of the beginning of the year amounts and the changes during the year resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position in the amount of (\$5,743,288).		(5,743,288)
4 The District participates in the TRS-Care plan for retirees through TRS. The District's share of the TRS plan resulted in a net OPEB liability of \$11,177,409, a deferred outflow of \$1,624,416 and a deferred inflow of \$5,001,844. This resulted in a difference between the ending fund balance and the ending net position of (14,554,837).		(14,554,837)
5 The 2020 depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.		(1,638,091)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.		866,488
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	25,282,830

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital Projects
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 12,558,405	\$ 624,340	\$ 26,510
5800 State Program Revenues	23,153,601	58,845	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	330,175	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	<u>36,042,181</u>	<u>683,185</u>	<u>26,510</u>
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	20,124,922	-	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	351,414	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	238,039	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	224,730	-	-
0023 School Leadership	1,761,871	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	624,478	-	-
0033 Health Services	314,303	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,484,482	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,148,456	-	-
0041 General Administration	1,032,039	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,563,996	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	342,836	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	444,556	-	-
0061 Community Services	32,985	-	-
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	480,000	585,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	41,405	378,466	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	500	500	-
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	300	-	4,491,425
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	638,984	-	-
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	26,481	-	-
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	369,682	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>33,246,459</u>	<u>963,966</u>	<u>4,491,425</u>
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>2,795,722</u>	<u>(280,781)</u>	<u>(4,464,915)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued	-	360,516	37,429,484
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	-	2,985,786
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>-</u>	<u>360,516</u>	<u>40,415,270</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	2,795,722	79,735	35,950,355
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	11,441,695	570,566	-
1300 Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	(619,977)	-	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	<u>\$ 13,617,440</u>	<u>\$ 650,301</u>	<u>\$ 35,950,355</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	Other Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	2,030,726	\$ 15,239,981
	892,345	24,104,791
	1,942,471	2,272,646
	4,865,542	41,617,418
	2,022,421	22,147,343
	-	351,414
	-	238,039
	211,110	435,840
	95,285	1,857,156
	751,935	1,376,413
	-	314,303
	-	1,484,482
	1,487,333	1,487,333
	-	1,148,456
	2,361	1,034,400
	-	3,563,996
	-	342,836
	-	444,556
	-	32,985
	-	1,065,000
	-	419,871
	-	1,000
	-	4,491,725
	-	638,984
	-	26,481
	-	369,682
	4,570,445	43,272,295
	295,097	(1,654,877)
	-	37,790,000
	-	2,985,786
	-	40,775,786
	295,097	39,120,909
	668,652	12,680,913
	-	(619,977)
\$	963,749	\$ 51,181,845

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

EXHIBIT C-4

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 39,120,909
Current year capital outlays and long-term debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the 2020 capital outlays and debt principal payments is to decrease net position.	(34,508,806)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(1,638,091)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying the proceeds of bond sales, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	106,649
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$1,291,176 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$2,694,542. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a decrease in the amount of \$1,403,366.	(1,403,366)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$126,525 but also increased expenditures in the amount of \$245,746. The net effect on the change in the ending net position was a decrease in the amount of \$119,221.	(119,221)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,558,074

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2020

	Custodial Fund
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 173,736
Due from Other Funds	5,116
Total Assets	<u>178,852</u>
LIABILITIES	
Due to Other Funds	38
Due to Student Groups	178,814
Total Liabilities	<u>178,852</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lumberton Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in **GASB Statement No. 76**, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Lumberton Independent School District applies Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Board of Trustees (the "Board") is elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

During the fiscal year 2020, the District adopted GASB Statement 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for OPEB which improves the usefulness of financial reports of employer governments whose employees are provided with other post-employment benefits (OPEB). Adoption of GASB 75 required a prior period adjustment to the report the effect of GASB 75 retroactively. The amount of the prior period adjustment is a reduction in beginning net position of \$17,922,980. The entire prior period adjustment is attributable to Governmental Activities. The restated beginning net position for the Governmental Activities is \$12,807,460.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Lumberton Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Taxes are always general revenues.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due froms on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due froms on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. The District considers all revenues available if they are collectible within 60 days after year end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible to accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them "available" if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors some times require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

Agency Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting but do not have a measurement focus as they report only assets and liabilities.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

D. FUND ACCOUNTING

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

1. **The General Fund** – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Governmental Funds:

1. **Special Revenue Funds** – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.
2. **Debt Service Funds** – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.
3. **Capital Projects Funds** – The proceeds from long-term debt financing and revenues and expenditures related to authorized construction and other capital asset acquisitions are accounted for in a capital projects fund.
4. **Permanent Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that the principal may not be expended and where the income may only be used for purposes that support the District's programs. The District has no Permanent Funds.

Proprietary Funds:

5. **Enterprise Funds** – The District's activities for which outside users are charged a fee roughly equal to the cost of providing the goods or services of those activities are accounted for in an enterprise fund. The District has no enterprise funds.
6. **Internal Service Funds** – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District has no internal service funds.

Fiduciary Funds:

7. **Private Purpose Trust Funds** – The District accounts for donations for which the donor has stipulated that both the principal and the income may be used for purposes that benefit parties outside the District. The District has no Private Purpose Trust Funds.

Scholarship fund – The District has a Private Purpose Trust Fund to track scholarship monies for students.

8. **Agency Funds** – The District accounts for resources held for others in a custodial capacity in agency funds. The District's Agency Fund is list.

Student Activities - The student activities fund is used to record funds held for student organizations.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

E. OTHER ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.
2. In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

3. Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Buildings, furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Infrastructure	50
Vehicles	10
Office Equipment	10
Computer Equipment	10

4. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable if the amounts cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to remain intact. Restrictions of fund balance are for amounts that are restricted to specific purposes by an external entity (creditors, grantors, governmental regulations) or the restriction is imposed by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation. Commitments of fund balance represent amounts that can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by the District's Board. Assignments of fund balance are amounts set aside by the District's Superintendent or his designee with the intent they be used for specific purposes.
5. Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Cont'd

6. When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.
7. In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources related to TRS.
8. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. The District reports deferred inflows related to TRS.
9. The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.
10. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY DATA

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund which is included in the Special Revenue Funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J4 and J5.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

1. Prior to August 20 the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY Cont'd

3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant.
4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Cash Equivalents

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits State law requires governmental entities to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the governmental entity and held by the entity or its agent. Since the district complies with this law, it has no custodial credit risk for deposits.

Foreign Currency Risk The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by limiting all deposits denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all deposits.

As of August 31, 2020, the following are the District's cash and cash equivalents with respective maturities and credit rating:

<u>Name</u>	<u>Maturity</u>	<u>Ratings</u>	<u>Book Value</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents	N/A	N/A	\$ 52,040,450	\$ 55,346,941	100.00%
Totals			<u>\$ 52,040,450</u>	<u>\$ 55,346,941</u>	<u>100.00%</u>

Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Investments

Compliance with the Public Funds Investment Act

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Statutes authorize the entity to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas; (3) obligations of states, agencies, counties, cities and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than an "A"; (4) No load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally recognized credit rating agencies OR one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the entity to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Lumberton Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Lumberton Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations the District limits investments to the top ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs). As of August 31, 2020, the district's investments were rated AAA.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the district and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities in securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer, the District limits investments to less than 5% of its total investments. The District further limits investments in a single issuer when they would cause investment risks to be significantly greater in the governmental activities, individual major funds, aggregate non-major funds and fiduciary fund types than they are in the primary government. Usually this limitation is 20%.

Interest Rate Risk This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year-end, the District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as means of managing exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Foreign Currency Risk for Investments The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment by limiting all investments denominated in a foreign currency to less than 5% of all investments.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below. In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgment and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

As of August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District did not have any investments subject to the fair value measurement.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

D. INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

As of August 31, 2020, the District's interfund balances were as follows:

<u>Receivable Fund</u>	<u>Payable Fund</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Description</u>
General Fund	General Fund	259,800	Short-term loan
General Fund	Special Revenue	57,621	Short-term loan
Special Revenue	Special Revenue	73,191	Short-term loan
Special Revenue	General Fund	954,838	Short-term loan
Debt Service	General Fund	3,108,654	Short-term loan
General Fund	Custodial Fund	5,116	Short-term loan
		<u>\$ 4,459,220</u>	

Interfund transfers are defined as "flow of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without requirement of repayment." The District did not have any interfund transfers during the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

E. CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended August 31, 2020, was as follows:

	9/1/2019	Additions	Retirements	8/31/2020
Capital Assets, Not Depreciated				
Land	\$ 591,954	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 591,954
Construction in Progress	-	4,491,725	-	4,491,725
Total Capital Assets, Not Depreciated	<u>\$ 591,954</u>	<u>\$ 4,491,725</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 5,083,679</u>
Capital Assets, Depreciated				
Buildings & Improvements	72,259,124	-	-	72,259,124
Furniture and Equipment	11,001,615	573,756	-	11,575,371
Total Capital Assets, Depreciated	<u>83,260,739</u>	<u>573,756</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>83,834,495</u>
Less: Accumulated Depreciation				
Buildings & Improvements	(41,263,942)	(1,316,608)	-	(42,580,550)
Equipment	(9,833,199)	(321,483)	-	(10,154,682)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	<u>(51,097,141)</u>	<u>(1,638,091)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(52,735,232)</u>
Governemental Activities Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$ 32,755,552</u>	<u>\$ 3,427,390</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 36,182,942</u>

Depreciation was allocated as follows:

Function Description	Amount
Instruction	\$ 1,001,818
Instruction Resources and Media Services	15,844
Curriculum Development and Instructional Staff Development	1,032
Instruction Leadership	19,651
School Leadership	83,733
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	62,058
Social Work Services	14,171
Health Services	66,930
Student (Pupil) Transportation	67,059
Food Services	51,780
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	46,638
General Administration	160,689
Plant Maintenance and Operations	15,457
Security and Monitoring Services	20,044
Data Processing Services	1,486
Totals	<u>\$ 1,628,390</u>

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

F. BONDS AND LONG-TERM NOTES PAYABLE

Bonded indebtedness of the District is reflected in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. Current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund.

A summary of changes in general long-term debt for the year ended August 31, 2020 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue (millions)	Balance			Balance 8/31/2020	Due in One Year
			9/1/2019	Increase	Decrease		
Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	1.0-2.0%	5.65	\$ 1,190,000	\$ -	\$ (585,000)	\$ 605,000	605,000
Maintenance Bond, Series 2012	1.0-2.5%	2.59	1,015,000	-	(330,000)	685,000	340,000
Maintenance Bond, Series 2016	2.21%	0.95	800,000	-	(150,000)	650,000	155,000
Unlimited Tax Building, Series 2020	2.0-5.0%	37.79	-	37,790,000	-	37,790,000	200,000
Total			3,005,000	37,790,000	(1,065,000)	39,730,000	1,300,000
Other District Obligations:							
Premium on Bonds			43,324	2,985,786	(136,499)	2,892,611	-
Total Other Obligations			43,324	2,985,786	(136,499)	2,892,611	-
Total District Obligations			\$ 3,048,324	\$ 40,775,786	\$ (1,201,499)	\$ 42,622,611	\$ 1,300,000

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at August 31, 2020.

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	Principal	Interest	Total
2021	1,300,000	1,420,053	2,720,053
2022	1,480,000	1,325,752	2,805,752
2023	1,165,000	1,236,216	2,401,216
2024	1,235,000	1,195,588	2,430,588
2025-2029	5,640,000	5,330,475	10,970,475
2030-2034	7,465,000	3,819,775	11,284,775
2035-2039	8,745,000	2,530,125	11,275,125
2040-2044	10,165,000	1,114,275	11,279,275
Thereafter	2,225,000	33,375	2,258,375
	\$ 39,420,000	\$ 18,005,634	\$ 57,425,634

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

G. ACCUMULATED UNPAID VACATION AND SICK LEAVE BENEFITS

The District does not accrue unpaid sick leave benefits.

H. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description. Lumberton Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension benefits are established or amended under the authority of the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and by the Legislature in the Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefits. State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the Legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as supplemental payment to the retirees. In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increases from the state, participating employers and active employees to make the pension fund actuarially sound. These increases immediately made the pension fund actuarially sound and the legislature approved funding for a 13th check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas Legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same. SB12 in the 86th Legislature set higher contribution rates for fiscal year 2020 and fiscal year 2021. Beginning September 1, 2019, all employers are required to pay the Public Education Employer contribution of 1.5%. This "surcharge" was previously only charged to employers not participating in social security. Contribution Rates can be found in the TRS 2019 CAFR, Note 11, on page 76.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

	Contribution Rates	
	2019	2020
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.8%	7.5%
Employers	6.8%	7.7%
District's 2020 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 1,516,876
District's 2020 FY Member Contributions		\$ 1,717,640
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 1,075,965

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (including public schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- Employers must contribute 1.5% of the member's salary ("Public Education Employer Surcharge").

Actuarial Assumptions.

Roll Forward - A change was made in the measurement date of the total pension liability for the 2019 measurement year. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2018. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2019.

The total pension liability is determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarial methods and assumptions were selected by the Board of Trustees based upon analysis and recommendations by the System's actuary. The Board of Trustees has sole authority to determine the actuarial assumptions used for the Plan. The actuarial methods and assumptions were primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three-year period ending August 31, 2018 and were adopted in July 2018.

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP 2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The following table discloses the assumptions that were applied to this measurement period.

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	7.25%
Long-term expected Rate	7.25%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2018	2.63% - Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2116
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05% including inflation
Ad hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate. The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates set by the Legislature during the 2019 legislative session. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payment of current plan members.

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	New Target Allocation**	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return***
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.00%	18.00%	6.40%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	13.00%	6.30%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	9.00%	7.30%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.00%	-	-
Private Equity	13.00%	14.00%	8.40%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries****	11.00%	16.00%	3.10%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.00%	5.00%	4.50%
Absolute Return (Including Credit Sensitive Investments)	-	-	-
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds*****	3.00%	-	-
Real Estate	14.00%	15.00%	8.50%
Energy and Natural Resources	5.00%	6.00%	7.30%
Commodities	0.00%	-	-
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.00%	8.00%	5.8/6.5%*****
Asset Allocation Leverage Cash	1.00%	2.00%	2.50%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	6.00%	2.70%
Expected Return			7.23%

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

- * FY 2019 Target Allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2018
- ** New target allocation based on the Strategic Asset Allocation dated 10/1/2019
- *** 10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%
- **** New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds
- ***** 5.8% (6.5%) return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability. The discount rate can be found in the 2019 TRS CAFR, Note 11, page 77.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 12,212,126	\$ 7,944,679	\$ 4,487,223

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District reported a liability of \$7,944,679 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Lumberton Independent School District. The amount recognized by Lumberton Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Lumberton Independent School District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 7,944,679
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	15,980,706
Total	<u>\$ 23,925,385</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .015283188% which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0001155047% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2018.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – Assumptions, methods, and plan changes which are specific to the Pension Trust Fund were updated from the prior year's report. The Net Pension Liability increased significantly since the prior measurement date due to a change in the following actuarial assumptions:

- The total pension liability as of August 31, 2019 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2018 valuation.
- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907 percent and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25 percent as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,075,965 and revenue of \$1,075,965 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities

At August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	33,375	275,852
Changes in actual assumptions	2,464,830	1,018,584
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	79,774	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	742,263	151,871
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	327,456	-
Total	\$ 3,647,698	\$ 1,446,307

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Pension Expense
2021	\$ 564,152
2022	460,833
2023	433,445
2024	373,958
2025	117,211
Thereafter	(75,664)

I. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Plan Description. The Lumberton Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

Components of the net OPEB liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	Total
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 48,583,247,239
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,292,022,349
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 47,291,224,890
Net Position as a percentage of total OPEB Liability	2.66%

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension system. Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may pay premiums to participate in the high-deductible health plans. Eligible Non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system.

The General Appropriations Act passed by the 86th Legislature included funding to maintain TRS Care premiums at their current level through 2021. The 86th legislature also passed SB 1682 which requires TRS to establish a contingency reserve in the TRS-Care fund equal to 60 days of expenditures.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium rates Effective January 1, 2018 - Dec. 31, 2018			
	Medicare		Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse	529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468		408
Retiree and Family	1,020		999

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is .65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25 percent or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2019. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

	Contribution Rates	
	2019	2020
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federa/private Funding Remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
District's 2020 FY Employer Contributions		\$ 167,303
District's 2020 FY Member Contributions		\$ 144,995
Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 222,882

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, they are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability Incidence	

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2018 Rolled forward to August 31, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	2.63% as of August 31, 2019
Aging Factors	Based on Plan Specific Experience
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 50% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% - 9.05%
Ad-hoc Post Employment Benefit Changes	None

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The impact of the Cadillac Tax that is returning in fiscal year 2023, has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.30 percent.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2019 TRS CAFR on page 70. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (2.63%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (1.63%)	Discount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.63%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 13,494,719	\$ 11,177,409	\$ 9,364,599

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 9,118,138	\$ 11,177,409	\$ 13,935,887

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District reported a liability of \$11,177,409 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Lumberton Independent School District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 11,177,409
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	14,852,277
Total	<u>\$ 26,029,686</u>

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III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2019 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2018 thru August 31, 2019.

At August 31, 2019 the employer's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0236352711% compared to the .0123159% as of August 31, 2018. This is an increase of 0.0113193711%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the Total OPEB liability (TOL).
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$391,445 and revenue of \$391,445 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2020, Lumberton Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	548,347	1,829,064
Changes in actual assumptions	620,818	3,006,449
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,206	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	263,482	166,331
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	190,563	-
Total	\$ 1,624,416	\$ 5,001,844

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	OPEB Expense
2021	\$ (607,557)
2022	(607,557)
2023	(607,947)
2024	(608,170)
2025	(608,111)
Thereafter	(528,651)

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

I. HEALTH CARE COVERAGE - RETIREES AND ACTIVE EMPLOYEES

Medicare Part D. The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2020, 2019, and 2018 the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$108,528, \$75,938, and \$60,802 respectively. The information for the year ended August 31, 2016 is an estimate provided by the Teacher Retirement System. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

J. UNAVAILABLE/UNEARNED REVENUE

Unavailable revenue at year end consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total
Property Taxes	801,203	65,285	866,488
Total Unavailable Revenue	<u>\$ 801,203</u>	<u>\$ 65,285</u>	<u>\$ 866,488</u>

K. DUE FROM STATE AGENCIES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of August 31, 2020, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

	State Entitlements	Federal Grants	Total
General Fund	1,461,224	-	1,461,224
Special Revenue	-	94,637	94,637
	<u>\$ 1,461,224</u>	<u>\$ 94,637</u>	<u>\$ 1,555,861</u>

L. LITIGATION

None.

M. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 10, 2020, the date the financial statements were available to be issued

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS AND ACCOUNT GROUPS Cont'd

N. FUND BALANCE

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Non-Spendable includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints. The District has \$0 classified as Non-Spendable
- Restricted includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has \$1,614,050 classified as Restricted.
- Committed includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at year-end. The district has \$35,950,355 classified as Committed.
- Assigned includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. The District has \$0 classified as Assigned.
- Unassigned includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds. The District has \$13,617,440 classified as Unassigned.

The elected board of trustees, for the entity, has the authority to commit, assign, and restrict fund balances. In some instances a restriction is a result of meeting contractual or otherwise legal requirements, for example debt service requirements contained in the bond covenant.

O. SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District is the fiscal agent for three Shared Service Arrangements (SSA) which provide educational services to member districts in addition to the District, other member districts include Kountze ISD and West Hardin ISD. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts and federal and state sources provide the funding of the fiscal agent.

According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District accounts for the SSA's in the following funds and expenditures are as follows:

	313	437
	Idea B Formula	Plan A Special Education
Lumberton ISD	366,976	606,342
Kountze ISD	241,035	288,628
West Hardin ISD	203,220	217,215
	<u>\$ 811,231</u>	<u>\$ 1,112,185</u>

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 12,013,000	\$ 12,148,000	\$ 12,558,405	\$ 410,405
5800 State Program Revenues	21,440,897	21,835,897	23,153,601	1,317,704
5900 Federal Program Revenues	302,984	302,984	330,175	27,191
5020 Total Revenues	33,756,881	34,286,881	36,042,181	1,755,300
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction	20,218,648	20,603,770	20,124,922	478,848
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	334,597	351,518	351,414	104
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	224,043	238,043	238,039	4
0021 Instructional Leadership	214,737	224,737	224,730	7
0023 School Leadership	1,783,428	1,778,878	1,761,871	17,007
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	592,908	624,208	624,478	(270)
0033 Health Services	277,438	314,438	314,303	135
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,492,985	1,492,435	1,484,482	7,953
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,103,013	1,151,915	1,148,456	3,459
0041 General Administration	977,478	1,037,478	1,032,039	5,439
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	3,928,571	3,848,571	3,563,996	284,575
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	472,900	472,900	342,836	130,064
0053 Data Processing Services	504,445	504,445	444,556	59,889
0061 Community Services	24,300	46,155	32,985	13,170
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	521,905	480,000	480,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	41,405	41,405	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	500	500	-
Capital Outlay:				
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	2,078,857	300	2,078,557
Intergovernmental:				
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	638,985	638,985	638,984	1
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	26,500	26,500	26,481	19
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	420,000	420,000	369,682	50,318
6030 Total Expenditures	33,756,881	36,375,738	33,246,459	3,129,279
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	(2,088,857)	2,795,722	4,884,579
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	11,441,695	11,441,695	11,441,695	-
1300 Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-	-	(619,977)	(619,977)
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 11,441,695	\$ 9,352,838	\$ 13,617,440	\$ 4,264,602

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.015283188%	0.015398693%	0.015584532%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 7,944,679	\$ 8,475,814	\$ 4,983,094
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	15,980,706	17,370,039	10,576,797
Total	<u>\$ 23,925,385</u>	<u>\$ 25,845,853</u>	<u>\$ 15,559,891</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,307,006	\$ 20,154,932	\$ 19,834,445
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	0.36%	0.42%	0.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

<u>FY 2017 Plan Year</u>	<u>FY 2016 Plan Year</u>	<u>FY 2015 Plan Year 2014</u>
0.015925171%	0.0157073%	0.0079287%
\$ 6,017,885	\$ 5,552,321	\$ 2,117,866
12,745,349	1,245,556	-
<u>\$ 18,763,234</u>	<u>\$ 6,797,877</u>	<u>\$ 2,117,866</u>
\$ 17,427,812	\$ 12,145,556	\$ 10,705,014
-	-	-
83.25%	78.43%	83.25%

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 534,930	\$ 530,386	\$ 518,743
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	534,930	530,386	518,743
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,307,006	\$ 20,154,932	\$ 19,834,445
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.39%	2.63%	2.62%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

	2017	2016	2015
\$	554,344	\$ 505,754	\$ 446,598
	554,343	505,754	446,598
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -
\$	19,427,812	\$ 19,006,120	\$ 17,783,133
	2.85%	2.66%	2.51%

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits	0.023635271%	0.0123159%	0.023504662%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 11,177,409	\$ 11,563,501	\$ 10,221,296
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District	14,852,277	16,864,831	14,890,954
Total	<u>\$ 26,029,686</u>	<u>\$ 28,428,332</u>	<u>\$ 25,112,250</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,307,005	\$ 20,154,932	\$ 19,834,445
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	50.11%	57.00%	52.00%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. Therefore the amounts reported for FY 2020 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)
 TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
 FOR FISCAL YEAR 2020

	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 167,745	\$ 165,846	\$ 148,758
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(167,745)	(165,846)	(148,758)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 22,307,005	\$ 20,154,932	\$ 19,834,445
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.75%	0.82%	0.75%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

A. Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule

Reconciliation of Budget to GAAP Basis

	General Fund
	<hr/>
Sources/Inflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 34,286,881
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
None	-
	<hr/>
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 34,286,881</u>
Uses/outflows of resources	
Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 36,375,738
Differences - budget to GAAP:	
Expenditures for debt payments that are recognized for budgetary purposes but are reductions in liabilities for GAAP statements	(480,000)
Capital purchases that are expenditures for budgetary purposes but are additions to capital assets for GAAP statements	(2,078,857)
	<hr/>
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 33,816,881</u>

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the Total Pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of Assumptions.

There were no changes in the actuarial assumptions used in the determination of the Total Pension liability during the measurement period.

The single discount rate was a blended rate of 6.907% as of August 31, 2018 and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.

With the enactment of SB 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits.

There were no changes of benefit terms during the measurement period that affected the Total OPEB liability.

Changes in Assumptions.

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 3.69 percent as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63 percent as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the TOL.
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience. This change increased the TOL.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70 percent to 65 percent. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75 percent to 50 percent. 25 percent of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the TOL.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20 percent to 15 percent. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20 percent to 10 percent. These changes decreased the TOL.

T.E.A. REQUIRED SCHEDULES

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Last 10 Years Ended August 31	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2011 and prior years	Various	Various	\$ 2,457,297,404
2012	1.040000	0.122500	894,559,054
2013	1.040000	0.120000	930,111,120
2014	1.040000	0.120000	96,807,586
2015	1.040000	0.120000	1,036,056,034
2016	1.040000	0.120000	1,019,888,434
2017	1.040000	0.120000	1,072,493,401
2018	1.040000	1.120000	1,123,713,035
2019	0.970000	0.045000	1,152,449,884
2020 (School year under audit)	0.970000	0.045000	1,269,912,177
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 9/1/2019	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 8/31/2020
\$ 204,673	\$ -	\$ 3,843	\$ 351	\$ (16,645)	\$ 183,834
33,440	-	518	61	(934)	31,927
49,844	-	672	78	(932)	48,162
45,321	-	1,427	165	(1,392)	42,337
60,152	-	3,363	388	(1,437)	54,964
66,351	-	5,662	653	(1,279)	58,757
91,501	-	8,962	1,034	(1,088)	80,417
133,739	-	17,355	2,003	(3,059)	111,322
279,016	-	110,442	5,124	(150)	163,300
-	12,889,609	12,038,572	558,490	(20,743)	271,804
<u>\$ 964,037</u>	<u>\$ 12,889,609</u>	<u>\$ 12,190,816</u>	<u>\$ 568,347</u>	<u>\$ (47,659)</u>	<u>\$ 1,046,824</u>

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 994,530	\$ 994,530	\$ 731,284	\$ (263,246)
5800 State Program Revenues	-	63,277	64,254	977
5900 Federal Program Revenues	889,723	826,446	638,098	(188,348)
5020 Total Revenues	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,433,636</u>	<u>(450,617)</u>
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0035 Food Services	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,487,333</u>	<u>396,920</u>
6030 Total Expenditures	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,884,253</u>	<u>1,487,333</u>	<u>396,920</u>
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	(53,697)	(53,697)
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	305,259	305,259	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 305,259</u>	<u>\$ 251,562</u>	<u>\$ (53,697)</u>

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

Data Control Codes	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
	Original	Final		
REVENUES:				
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 574,815	\$ 940,314	\$ 624,340	\$ (315,974)
5800 State Program Revenues	16,272	16,272	58,845	42,573
5020 Total Revenues	591,087	956,586	683,185	(273,401)
EXPENDITURES:				
Debt Service:				
0071 Principal on Long-Term Debt	603,450	585,000	585,000	-
0072 Interest on Long-Term Debt	-	383,449	378,466	4,983
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	500	500	-
6030 Total Expenditures	603,450	968,949	963,966	4,983
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(12,363)	(12,363)	(280,781)	(268,418)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):				
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued	-	-	360,516	360,516
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	(12,363)	(12,363)	79,735	92,098
0100 Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	-	570,566	570,566	-
3000 Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ (12,363)	\$ 558,203	\$ 650,301	\$ 92,098

REPORTS ON INTERNAL CONTROLS AND COMPLIANCE

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors
Lumberton Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lumberton Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Lumberton Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 10, 2020.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Lumberton Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, Texas
December 10, 2020

MITCHELL T. FONTENOTE

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT, INC.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors
Lumberton Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Lumberton Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Lumberton Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020. Lumberton Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Lumberton Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Lumberton Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Lumberton Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Lumberton Independent School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the Lumberton Independent School District, is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Lumberton Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mitchell T Fontenote CPA, Inc.

Port Neches, Texas
December 10, 2020

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
 AUGUST 31, 2020

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1 Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

_____ Yes X None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted:

_____ Yes X No

2 Federal and State Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

_____ Yes X No

Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

_____ Yes X None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance?

_____ Yes X None Reported

Identification of major federal and state programs:

<u>CFDA #</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>
84.027	Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Federal \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

 X Yes _____ No

B. Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required to be Reported in Accordance With Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards.

There are no findings to be reported.

C. Findings and Questioned Costs for Federal and State Awards.

There are no findings and questioned costs to be reported.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
AUGUST 31, 2020

None.

None.

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2020

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/ PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education</u>			
ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	20610101100907	\$ 281,537
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	206600011009076000	853,196
*IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	84.027	206600121009076000	58,146
Total CFDA Number 84.027			911,342
*SSA - IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	186610011009076000	20,034
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			931,376
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006100907	25,998
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367A	20694501100907	28,795
Title I SIP Academy Grant	84.377A	17610740100907	10,500
Texas Hurricane Homeless	84.938B	19513701100907	16,493
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	20680101100907	9,674
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			1,304,373
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,304,373
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
<u>Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services</u>			
Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC	93.778		330,175
Total Passed Through Texas Dept of Human Services			330,175
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			330,175
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
<u>Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture</u>			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401901	131,653
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71301901	506,444
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			638,097
Total Passed Through the State Department of Agriculture			638,097
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			638,097
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 2,272,645

*Clustered Programs

LUMBERTON INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
AUGUST 31, 2020

- For all Federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance generally is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds.

With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.

- The period performance for federal grant funds for the purpose of liquidation of outstanding obligations made on or before the ending date of the federal project period extended 90 days beyond the federal project period ending date, in accordance with provisions in Section H, Period of Performance of Federal Funds, Part 3, Uniform Guidance Compliance Supplement.
- CFDA numbers for commodity assistance are the CFDA numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.
- Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$0.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Lumberton Independent School District

Fiscal Year 2020

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	