Marietta City Schools					
2023–2024 District Unit Planner					
IB Psychology Yr 2					
Unit 4: IB Exam Paper 3 Review			13.5 Hours		
Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): What will students learn? Students will review for P3- how to evaluate qualitative psychological research, use concepts and apply critical thinking skills in research methodology.					
Unit Description and texts					
This unit will consist of a review for Paper 3, to include: format, qualitative vs. quantitative methodology, sampling methods, ethical considerations, and other issues including generalizability, credibility and bias.					
Text: Popov, Alexey, Lee Parker, & Darren Seath (2017). <i>IB Psychology Course Companion, 2nd Edition</i> . Oxfor			(
Transfer goals/Skills	Approaches	to learning	g (ATL)		
Skills:	Category: Research				
Students' thinking	Cluster:				
Research	Skill Indicator:				
Communication					
Details:	Details: While researching/reviewing thinking skills as they discuss and refle				
While researching/reviewing studies, students will apply critical thinking skills as they discuss and reflect on the limitations of the research and see the value of using metacognitive ability. In small groups, students will come up with fictitious studies that will demonstrate qualitative research methods	see the value of using metacognitive ability. In small groups, students will come up with fictitious studies that will demonstrate qualitative research methodology.				

Content/skills/concepts	Learning process
Students will know the following content:	Small group/pair work
Review of all material from Year 1 for Paper 3, to include: format, qualitative vs. quantitative	PowerPoint lecture/notes
methodology, sampling methods, ethical considerations, and other issues including generalizability,	Individual presentations
credibility and bias.	Group presentations
	Student lecture/leading
Types of qualitative research methods and their key characteristics:	Interdisciplinary learning
Types of qualitative research:	(Keep pedagogical approaches used during the unit. Aim for a variety of
naturalistic observations	approaches to help facilitate learning. Delete those not used and this
covert and overt observations	statement)
participant and non-participant observations	
interviews	Details: All activities and resources to be posted to Schoology by teacher prior
semi-structured interviews	to teaching the lesson
unstructured interviews	
structured interview	Others:
focus group interviews	
Content analysis	
ground theory	
Case study	
Triangulation methods Different Sampling techniques used in qualitative research	
Ethical Considerations in reporting results of a study and applying the findings Validity in qualitative research methods	
Avoiding biases in qualitative methods	
Transferability in qualitative research methods. the equivalent of generalizability in	
quantitative methods	
Students will develop the following skills:	
Literacy Skills:	
L9-10RHSS6; L9-10RHSS8; L11-12WHST1; L11-12WHST2	
Identifying experimental versus non-experimental methods	
Identify and describe sampling techniques used in a stimulus	
Identify and explain additional research methods, such as: triangulation,	
experimental research, correlational study, naturalistic observations and	
interview	
Describe ethical considerations in reporting the results AND explain additional	
ethical considerations that could be taken into account when applying the	
findings to a study.	

Published: 8, 2024 Resources, materials, assessments not linked to SGO or unit planner will be reviewed at the local school level.

Discuss how a researcher could ensure that the results of the s Discuss how the researcher in the study could avoid bias Discuss the possibility of generalizability/transferring the finding		
Students will grasp the following	ng concepts:	
 Qualitative research methods are guided by a research questic Applying sampling methods in qualitative research methods, si convenience/opportunity, volunteer/self-selected, purposive snowball sampling Applying and explaining additional research methods, such as: experimental research, correlational study, naturalistic obser Credibility, validity, factors affecting credibility, such as: triangu Biases and ways to avoid them through triangulation, sampling replication and reflexivity Explain how Ethical considerations were applied and additional 	uch as: random, sampling and triangulation, vations, interviews lation, sampling, controls, and replication g, controls,	
mentioned. Explain factors influencing generalizability/transferability findir another population or another context.	ngs of the study to	
Language and Learning	TOK Connections	CAS connections

Language and Learning	TOK Connections	CAS connections		
Scaffolding for new learning Acquisition of new learning through practice Demonstrating Proficiency Details: Building background knowledge through the student's mother tongue, when necessary, and if applicable. Students will acquire new learning through several scaffolding mediums, such as, but not limited to visual aids, small collaborative group assignments, and individual interactive activities. While students acquire new learning, they will also read and use research studies to develop analytical and critical thinking skills. Students will demonstrate proficiency skills through a stimulus example as listed in the resources for this unit section.	Areas of knowledge The knowledge framework Details: Students will make three connections of the six recommended AOKs in TOK: natural sciences, human sciences, and ethics. Students will be able to effectively examine these AOKs through several knowledge framework features, such as: scope, motivation and applications specific terminology and concepts These framework features will shape the AOKs.	Creativity Activity Service (Keep those used during the unit. Aim for a variety of approaches to help facilitate learning. Delete those not used and this statement) Details:		
Essential Understandings and Questions				
Factual: What are the key differences between Qualitative and Quantitative data?				

Published: 8, 2024 Resources, materials, assessments not linked to SGO or unit planner will be reviewed at the local school level.

Conceptual: W	ny is triangulation important in qualitative re	search? How does it affect the credibility of the study?				
Debatable: To what extent can Case Studies provide data unavailable through other methods?						
	Common Assessment Tasks List of formative and summative assessments.					
DP Assessments	Assessment Objectives	Formative Assessments 3 Short Practice Paper 3's:	Summative Assessments			
Assessments		Case Study: Domestic Violence	Practice Paper 3 (one for each class)			
		Experiment: Exercise & Memory				
		Observation: Play at McDonald's				
		Learning Experiences				
		Add additional rows below as needed.				
	Topic or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation All information included by PLC in the differentiation box is the responsibility and ownership of the local school to review and approve per Board Policy IKB			
Paper 3 Format	& considerations	Discuss: Paper 3 Guidance				
-		Inthinking Review of Basic Concepts				
& Review of Bas	sic Concepts					
Qualitative vs. Quantitative: Methodologies & Ethics		Powerpoint Presentation				
		InThinking Experimental Designs Revision Activity				
Qualitative vs. (Quantitative: Sampling, Credibility & Bias	Powerpoint Presentation				
	InThinking Sampling Review Activity					
Practice P3		Case Study: Domestic Violence Experiment: Exercise & Memory				
		Observation: Play at McDonald's				
		Content Resources				
Additional supp	oorts in this unit should include:	**Note: All students have access to the InThinking.com website resou	rces using individual login information**			
Avoiding Bias P	resentation					
Ensuring Credib	ility Presentation					

Published: 8, 2024 Resources, materials, assessments not linked to SGO or unit planner will be reviewed at the local school level.

Generalizability Presentation

Case Studies and Case Studies Presentation

Interviews and Qualitative Methodology-Interviews Presentation

Observations and Observation Techniques Presentation Pt 1 and Pt 2