

**FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - REGULATORY BASIS  
AND REPORTS OF INDEPENDENT AUDITORS'**

**DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma**

**JUNE 30, 2013**

**Audited by**

**WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.  
SHAWNEE, OK**

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

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# **WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants**

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

The Honorable Board of Education  
Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying combined fund type and account group financial statements of the Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003, Tulsa County, Oklahoma (School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the School's regulatory financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### **Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to error or fraud. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles**

As described in Note 1, the financial statements are prepared by the School on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, to comply with the requirements of the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The effects on the financial statements of the variances between the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1 and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, although not reasonably determinable, are presumed to be material.

### **Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles**

In our opinion, because of the significance of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Adverse Opinion on U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph do not present fairly, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the financial position of the School as of June 30, 2013, or the changes in its financial position for the year then ended.

### **Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements referred to above do not include the general fixed asset account group, which is a departure from the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. The amount that should be recorded in the general fixed asset account group is not known.

### **Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting**

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion on Regulatory Basis of Accounting" paragraph, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the assets, liabilities, and fund balance arising from regulatory basis transactions of each fund type and account group of the School as of June 30, 2013, and the revenues collected, expenditures paid and encumbered, and budgetary results, for the year ended on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### **Other Matters**

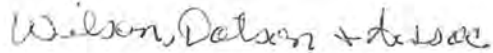
#### *Other Information*

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School's combined financial statements. The combining financial statements listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the combined financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Nonprofit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the combined financial statements.

The combining financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the combined financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the combined financial statements or to the combined financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the combined financial statements as a whole on the regulatory basis of accounting described in Note 1.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2014, on our consideration of the School's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma  
January 22, 2014

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

COMBINED STATEMENT OF ASSETS, LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS  
ALL FUND TYPES  
JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>GOVERN- MENTAL FUND TYPES</u>	<u>FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES</u>	<u>ACCOUNT GROUP</u>	<u>TOTALS</u>
	<u>GENERAL</u>	<u>AGENCY FUNDS</u>	<u>GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT</u>	<u>(MEMORANDUM ONLY)</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>				
Cash	\$ 658,509	39,167	-	697,676
Amounts to be provided for retirement of general long-term debt	-	-	24,974	24,974
	<u>\$ 658,509</u>	<u>39,167</u>	<u>24,974</u>	<u>722,650</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES</u>				
Liabilities				
Warrants payable	\$ 247,805	-	-	247,805
Encumbrances	66,428	-	-	66,428
Funds held for school organizations	-	39,167	-	39,167
Long-term debt:				
Capital leases	-	-	24,974	24,974
Total liabilities	<u>314,233</u>	<u>39,167</u>	<u>24,974</u>	<u>378,374</u>
 Fund Balances				
Unassigned	<u>344,276</u>	-	-	<u>344,276</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 658,509</u>	<u>39,167</u>	<u>24,974</u>	<u>722,650</u>

The notes to the combined financial statements - regulatory basis are an integral part of this statement.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

**COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - REGULATORY BASIS - ALL GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013**

	GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES
	GENERAL
Revenues collected:	
Local sources	\$ 71,444
State sources	4,387,541
Federal sources	<u>618,094</u>
Total revenues collected	<u>5,077,079</u> —
Expenditures:	
Instruction	2,455,052
Support services	2,281,696
Operation of non-instruction services	328,831
Bank fees and cash charges	<u>2,888</u>
Total expenditures	<u>5,068,467</u> —
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	8,612 ←
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	<u>38,314</u>
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	46,926
Fund balance, beginning of year	<u>297,350</u>
Fund balance, end of year	<u>\$ 344,276</u> ←

The notes to the combined financial statements - regulatory basis are an integral part of this statement.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

**COMBINED STATEMENT OF REVENUES COLLECTED, EXPENDITURES  
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL -  
REGULATORY BASIS - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013**

	GENERAL FUND		
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	ACTUAL
Revenues collected:			
Local sources	\$ 21,757	21,757	71,444
State sources	4,151,668	4,278,450	4,387,541
Federal sources	503,343	503,343	618,094
Total revenues collected	4,676,768	4,803,550	5,077,079
Expenditures:			
Instruction	2,368,650	2,490,373	2,455,052
Support services	2,276,671	2,281,696	2,281,696
Operation of non-instruction services	328,797	328,831	328,831
Bank fees and cash charges	-	-	2,888
Total expenditures	4,974,118	5,100,900	5,068,467
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures before adjustments to prior year encumbrances	(297,350)	(297,350)	8,612
Adjustments to prior year encumbrances	-	-	38,314
Excess of revenues collected over (under) expenditures	(297,350)	(297,350)	46,926
Fund balance, beginning of year	297,350	297,350	297,350
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	-	344,276

The notes to the combined financial statements - regulatory basis are an integral part of this statement.



DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accompanying financial statements of the Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003, Tulsa County, Oklahoma (the "School") conform to the regulatory basis of accounting, which is an other comprehensive basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education and conforms to the system of accounting authorized by the State of Oklahoma. Accordingly, the accompanying financial statements are not intended to present financial position and results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The School's accounting policies are described in the following notes that are an integral part of the School's financial statements.

**A. Reporting Entity**

The School is a corporate body for public purposes created under Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes and accordingly is a separate entity for operating and financial reporting purposes. The School is part of the public school system of Oklahoma under the general direction and control of the State Board of Education and is financially dependent on state of Oklahoma support. The general operating authority for the public school system is the Oklahoma School Code contained in Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The School is also a 501(c)(3) organization as determined by the Internal Revenue Service.

In evaluating how to define the School, for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The basic, but not the only, criterion for including a potential component unit within the reporting entity is the governing body's ability to exercise oversight responsibility. The most significant manifestation of this ability is financial interdependency. Other manifestations of the ability to exercise oversight responsibility include, but are not limited to, the selection of governing authority, the designation of management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and accountability for fiscal matters. A second criterion used in evaluation potential component units is the scope of public service. Application of this criterion involves considering whether the activity benefits the School and/or its citizens, or whether the activity is conducted within the geographic boundaries of the School and is generally available to its patrons. A third criterion used to evaluate potential component units for inclusion or exclusion from the reporting entity is the existence of special financing relationships, regardless of whether the School is able to exercise oversight responsibilities. Based upon the application of these criteria, there are no potential component units included in the School's reporting entity, however, the School does have related parties.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus

The accounts of the School are organized and operate on the basis of funds and account groups. A fund is an independent fiscal accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements. The account groups are reporting devices to account for certain assets and liabilities of the governmental funds not recorded directly in other funds.

The School has the following fund types and account groups:

**Governmental funds** are used to account for most of the School's general activities and general long-term debt account group, including the collection and disbursement of earmarked monies (special revenue funds), the acquisition or construction of fixed assets (capital projects funds), and the servicing of general long-term debt (debt service funds). Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied. All governmental type funds are accounted for using the Regulatory (Statutory) basis of accounting. All revenues from all sources, including entitlements, grants, and shared revenues are recognized when they are received rather than earned.

Expenditures are generally recognized when encumbered or reserved rather than at the time the related liability is incurred. Compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Fiduciary type funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. These practices differ from generally accepted accounting principles.

Governmental funds include the following fund type:

General fund – is the primary operating fund of the School. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balances are considered as resources available for use. Major revenue sources include state and federal funding. Expenditures include all costs associated with the daily operations of the schools except for programs funded for building repairs and maintenance, school construction, and debt service on bonds and other long-term debt. The General Fund also accounts for federal and state financed programs where restricted monies must be expended for specific programs. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity for the various sources of these funds.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

B. Measurement Focus – cont'd

**Fiduciary funds** are used to account for assets held on behalf of outside parties, including other governments, or on behalf of other funds within the School. The terms "nonexpendable" and "expendable" refer to whether or not the School is under an obligation to maintain the trust principal. Agency funds generally are used to account for assets that the School holds on behalf of others as their agent and do not involve measurement of results of operation.

Agency fund – is custodial in nature and does not present results of operations or has a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the cash basis of accounting. This fund is the School Activities Fund which is used to account for monies collected principally through fundraising efforts of the students and donations. This is an unbudgeted fund. The administration is responsible, under the authority of the Board, of collecting, disbursing and accounting for these activity funds. These funds have no equity, assets are equal to liabilities, and do not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the School.

**Account Groups** are not funds and consist of a self-balancing set of accounts used only to establish accounting control over long-term debt and general fixed assets.

General Long-Term Debt Account Group – is used to account for all long-term debt of the Schools, which is offset by the amount to be provided in future years to complete retirement of the debt principal.

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation

The School prepares its financial statements in a presentation format that is prescribed by the Oklahoma State Department of Education. This format is essentially the generally accepted form of presentation used by state and local governments prior to the effective date of GASB Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements-Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments* with certain modifications. This format differs significantly from that required by GASB 34.

The financial statements are essentially prepared on the basis of cash receipts and disbursements modified as required by the regulations of the Oklahoma State Department of Education as follows:

- Encumbrances represented by purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded as expenditures when approved.
- Investments are recorded as assets when purchased.
- Inventories of school supplies are recorded as expenditures and not as assets.
- Warrants payable are recorded as liabilities when issued.
- Long-term debt is recorded in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group and not in the basic financial statements.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

C. Basis of Accounting and Presentation – cont'd

- Compensated absences are recorded as an expenditure when paid and not recorded as a liability.

This regulatory basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which require revenues to be recognized when they become available and measurable, or when they are earned, and expenditures or expenses to be recognized when the related liabilities are incurred for governmental fund types; and, when revenues are earned.

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures

1. Deposits and Investments

State statutes govern the School's investment policy. Permissible investments include direct obligations of the United States Government and Agencies; certificates of deposit of savings and loan associations, and bank and trust companies; and savings accounts or savings certificates of savings and loan associations, and trust companies. Collateral is required for demand deposits and certificates of deposit for all amounts not covered by federal deposit insurance. Investments are stated at cost. The School invests entirely in certificates of deposit, U. S. Treasury Securities, and participates in the Secured Investment Program of Oklahoma State School Boards Association, as authorized by Oklahoma Statutes Title 62, Section 348.

2. Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The School's financial instruments include cash and investments. The School's estimate of the fair value of all financial instruments does not differ materially from the aggregate carrying values of its financial instruments recorded in the accompanying balance sheet. The carrying amount of these financial instruments approximates fair value because of the short maturity of these instruments.

3. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Interfund Transactions

Interfund transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund or expenditures/expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund are recorded as expenditures/

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. Non-recurring or non-routine permanent transfers of equity are reported as residual equity transfers.

5. Inventories

Inventories consist of minimal amounts of expendable supplies held for consumption. The value of consumable inventories at year-end is not material to the School's financial statements. The cost of inventories are recorded as expenditures when encumbered and purchased rather than when consumed.

6. Fixed Assets

The School has not maintained a record of its general fixed assets, and accordingly, a General Fixed Asset Account Group required by the regulatory basis of accounting prescribed by the Oklahoma State Board of Education is not included in the financial statements. General fixed assets purchased are recorded as expenditures in the various funds at the time of purchase.

7. Compensated Absences

The School provides vacation and sick leave benefits in accordance with Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes, Article 6-104, which provides for annual sick leave and personal business days. School policy allows certified employees to accumulate such days to a maximum number of days. None of the benefits are payable upon retirement or death. Accrued vacation and sick leave benefits are not reflected in the financial statements because such statements are prepared on the regulatory basis of accounting. This practice differs from generally accepted accounting principles.

8. Long-term Obligations

The School reports certain lease obligations not expected to be financed with current available financial resources in the general long-term debt account group.

9. Fund Balance Classifications

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report the hierarchy of fund balances. The hierarchy is based primarily on the degree of spending constraints placed upon use of resources for specific purposes versus availability of appropriation. An important distinction that is made in reporting fund balance is between amounts that are considered *nonspendable* (i.e. fund balance associated with assets that are *not in spendable form*, such as inventories or prepaid items, long-term portions of loans and note receivables, or items that are legally required to be maintained intact (such as the

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd

D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd

corpus of a permanent fund)) and those that are *spendable* (such as fund balance associated with cash, investments or receivables).

Amounts in the *spendable* fund balance category are further classified as *restricted*, *committed*, *assigned* or *unassigned*, as appropriate.

Restricted Fund Balance – The fund balance should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either:

- Externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or
- Imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance – The fund balance should be reported as committed for amounts that are useable only for specific purposes by formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority. Such amounts are not subject to legal enforceability (like restricted amounts), but cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government removes or changes the limitation by taking action similar to that which imposed the commitment.

Assigned Fund Balance – The fund balance should be reported as assigned for amounts that are *intended* to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the governing body itself, or a subordinated high-level body or official who the governing body has delegated the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining spendable amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds *other than the general fund*, that are neither restricted nor committed, and amounts in the general fund that are intended to be used for specific purposes in accordance with the provisions of the standard.

Unassigned Fund Balance – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund. This classification represents amounts that have not been assigned to other funds, and that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the general fund.

10. Local Revenues

Local sources of revenues include reimbursements and contributions.

11. State Revenues

Revenues from state sources for current operations are primarily governed by the state aid formula under the provisions of Article XVIII, Title 70, Oklahoma Statutes. The State

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

**D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd**

Board of Education administers the allocation of state aid funds to school districts based on information accumulated from the districts. For purposes of funding, a charter school is considered a site within the school district in which the charter school is located. A charter school is to receive from the sponsoring district, the state aid revenue generated by its students for the applicable year, less up to 5% of the total, which may be retained by the sponsoring school district as a fee for the administrative services rendered.

After review and verification of reports and supporting documentation, the State Department of Education may adjust subsequent fiscal period allocations of money for prior year errors disclosed by review. Normally, such adjustments are treated as reductions or additions of revenue of the year when the adjustment is made.

The School receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical educational programs. State Board of Education rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be expended only for the program for which the money is provided and require that the money not expended as of the close of the fiscal year be carried forward into the following year to be expended for the same categorical programs. The State Department of Education requires that categorical educational program revenues be accounted for in the general fund.

**12. Federal Revenues**

Federal revenues consist of revenues from the federal government in the form of operating grants or entitlements. An operating grant is a contribution to be used for a specific purpose, activity or facility. A grant may be received either directly from the federal government or indirectly as a pass through from another government, such as the state. Entitlement is the amount of payment to which the School is entitled pursuant to an allocation formula contained in applicable statutes. Any federal revenues received by the School would be apportioned to the general fund,

**13. Memorandum Only – Total Columns**

Total columns on the combined financial statements are captioned "memorandum only" because they do not represent consolidated financial information and are presented only to facilitate analysis. The columns do not present information that reflects financial position or results of operations in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Inter-fund eliminations have not been made in the aggregation of this data.

**14. Resource Use Policy**

It is the School's policy for all funds that when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted resources, including fund balances, are available, the School considers restricted amounts to be spent first before any unrestricted amounts

**DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma**

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013**

**1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – cont'd**

**D. Assets, Liabilities, Fund Balances, Revenue and Expenditures – cont'd**

are used. Furthermore, it is the School's policy when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned resources, including fund balances, are available, the School considers committed amounts to be spent first, followed by assigned amounts and lastly unassigned amounts.

**2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY**

**Budgetary Information**

The School is required by state law to prepare an annual budget. Under current Oklahoma Statutes, a formal Estimate of Needs (Budget) is required for all funds except for trust and agency funds. Budgets are presented for all funds that include the originally approved budgeted appropriations for expenditures and final budgeted appropriations as adjusted for supplemental appropriations and approved transfers between budget categories. The annual Estimate of Needs, when approved by the Board and subsequently filed with the County Clerk and approved by the County Excise Board becomes the legal budget. Supplemental appropriations, if required, were made during the year and are reflected on the budget vs. actual presentations shown as original budget and final budget.

The 2012-13 Estimate of Needs was amended by the following supplemental appropriation:

Fund	Supplemental Appropriations	Original Appropriations	Final Appropriations
General	\$ <u>126,782</u>	<u>4,974,118</u>	<u>5,100,900</u>

This amendment was approved by the Board of Education.

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. Encumbrance accounting – under which purchase orders and other commitments of resources are recorded as expenditures of the applicable fund – is utilized in all Governmental Funds of the School. Purchase orders or contracts document encumbrances for goods or purchased services. Under Oklahoma law, unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.



DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS

Deposits and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk

Exposure to custodial credit risk related to deposits exists when the School holds deposits that are uninsured and uncollateralized; collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or by its trust department or agent but not in the School's name; or collateralized without a written or approved collateral agreement. Exposure to custodial credit risk related to investments exists when the School holds investments that are uninsured and unregistered, with securities held by the counterparty or by its trust department or agent but not in the School's name.

The School's policy as it relates to custodial credit risk is to secure its uninsured deposits with collateral, valued at no more than market value, at least at a level of 100 percent of the uninsured deposits and accrued interest thereon. The investment policy and state law also limits acceptable collateral to U.S. Treasury and agency securities and direct obligations of the state, municipalities, counties, and school Schools in the state of Oklahoma, surety bonds, and letters of credit. As required by Federal 12 U.S.C.A., Section 1823(e), all financial institutions pledging collateral to the School must have a written collateral agreement approved by the board of directors or loan committee.

At June 30, 2013 the School held deposits of approximately \$700,015 at financial institutions. The School's cash deposits, including interest-bearing accounts, were entirely covered by in Federal Depository Insurance (FDIC) or direct obligations of the U.S. Government insured or collateralized with securities held by the District or by its agent in the School's name.

Investment Credit Risk

The School has no investment policy that limits its investment choices other than the limitations of state law that generally authorize investment in:

1. Direct obligations of the U.S. government, its agencies and instrumentalities to which the full faith and credit of the U.S. government is pledged, or obligations to the payment of which the full faith and credit of the State is pledged.
2. Certificates of deposit of banks when such certificates of deposits are secured by acceptable collateral for the deposit of public monies.
3. Savings accounts or saving certificates to the extent that such accounts or certificates are fully insured by the United States government.
4. Repurchase agreements that have underlying collateral including obligations of the United States government, its agencies and instrumentalities, or the State of Oklahoma.
5. County, municipal or school debt obligations for which an ad valorem tax may be levied.
6. Money market funds regulated by the SEC and in which investments consist of the investments of obligations of the United States, its agencies and instrumentalities.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

3. DETAILED NOTES CONCERNING THE FUNDS – cont'd

Deposits and Investments – cont'd

7. Warrants, bonds or judgments of the school.
8. Qualified pooled investment programs through an interlocal cooperative agreement formed pursuant to applicable law and to which the board of education has voted to be a member, the investments of which consist of those items specified in paragraphs 1 through 7 above, as well as obligations of the United States agencies and instrumentalities.
9. Any other investment that is authorized by law.

Investment credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation. The School has no formal policy limiting investments based on credit rating. Unless there is information to the contrary, obligations of the U.S. government or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government are not considered to have credit risk and do not require disclosure of credit quality.

The School had no investment credit risk as of June 30, 2013, as defined above.

Investment Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The School discloses its exposure to interest rate risk by disclosing the maturity dates of its various investments. The School had no investment interest rate risk as defined above.

Concentration of Investment Credit Risk

Exposure to concentration of credit risk is considered to exist when investments in any one issuer represent a significant percent of total investments of the School. Investments issued or explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government and investments in mutual funds, external investment pools, and other pooled investments are excluded from this consideration. The School places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer.

At June 30, 2013, the School had no concentration of credit risk as defined above.

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT

General long-term debt of the School consists of capital leases. The School has entered into lease agreements for financing the acquisition of computer equipment. These leases qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes since the titles transfer at the end of the lease terms.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

4. GENERAL LONG-TERM DEBT – cont'd

As described in Note 1 to the financial statements, the School does not record fixed assets in the financial statements. Consistent with this, the School has not recorded the aforementioned assets as assets in the general fixed asset account group. The School has recorded the liability for future lease payments in the general long-term debt account group.

The School executed a lease for computer equipment on August 12, 2010 with Dell Financial Services. The lease calls for thirty-six (36) monthly payments of \$432 each. Total payments under this lease are \$15,541.

The School executed a lease for computer equipment on November 10, 2010 with Dell Financial Services. The lease calls for thirty-six (36) monthly payments of \$478 each. Total payments under this lease are \$17,216.

The School executed a lease for computer equipment on October 2, 2012 with Dell Financial Services. The lease calls for sixty (60) monthly payments of \$472 each. Total payments under this lease are \$28,346.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Capital Leases		Total Requirements
	Principal	Interest	
2014	\$ 7,592	392	7,984
2015	5,349	321	5,670
2016	5,348	321	5,669
2017	5,348	321	5,669
2018	1,337	80	1,417
Total	\$ 24,974	1,435	26,409

Interest paid on general long-term debt during the current year totaled \$500.

The following is a summary of the changes in general long-term debt transaction of the School for the fiscal year

	Balance July 1, 2012	Additions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2013
Leases	\$ 16,633	26,742	18,401	24,974

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – REGULATORY BASIS  
June 30, 2013

**5. OTHER INFORMATION**

**A. Risk Management**

The School is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; or acts of God. The School purchases commercial insurance to cover these risks, including general and auto liability, property damage, and public officials liability. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

**B. Contingent Liabilities**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the School expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

**C. Employee Retirement System and Plan**

The School has chosen not to participate in the Oklahoma Teachers' Retirement System.

**D. Surety Bonds**

The activity fund custodian is bonded by Merchants Bonding Company, bond number OK 88880 for the penal sum of \$10,000, term beginning March 1, 2013 and ending March 1, 2014.

The independent treasurer is bonded by Merchants Bonding Company, bond number OK 109908 for the penal sum of \$100,000, term beginning May 1, 2013 and ending May 1, 2014.

The board treasurer is bonded for the Discovery Schools of Tulsa by Merchants Bonding Company, bond number OK 88875 for the penal sum of \$10,000, term beginning March 1, 2013 and ending March 1, 2014.

**E. Related Parties**

The Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003, Dove Science Academy No. E-005 and Dove Science Elementary No. E-013 are all governed by the same Board of Education. In addition, these schools are all a part of the Sky Foundation, Inc. which was established in Stillwater, Oklahoma. The Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003 made \$624,000 in lease payments to the Sky Foundation, Inc. during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

**F. Subsequent Events**

Subsequent events have been evaluated through January 22, 2014, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

COMBINING STATEMENT OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES - REGULATORY BASIS  
ALL FIDUCIARY FUND TYPES  
JUNE 30, 2013

	<u>AGENCY FUND</u> <u>ACTIVITY FUND</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>	
Cash	<u>\$ 39,167</u>
 <u>LIABILITIES</u>	
Liabilities	
Funds held for school organizations	<u>\$ 39,167</u>

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES -  
REGULATORY BASIS - AGENCY FUNDS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

<u>ASSETS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>7-01-12</u>	<u>ADDITIONS</u>	<u>TRANSFERS/ ADJUST.</u>	<u>DEDUCTIONS</u>	<u>BALANCE</u> <u>6-30-13</u>
Cash	\$ 32,836	101,691	-	95,360	39,167
<u>LIABILITIES</u>					
Funds held for school organizations:					
DST School Activity	\$ 12,547	14,311	-	15,418	11,440
DST Uniforms	4,691	15,555	-	8,913	11,333
DST Music Club	-	22,033	-	21,831	202
DST Field Trip	-	7,769	-	7,516	253
DST Donation	100	836	-	-	936
DSA Tulsa Activity	15,298	-	-	918	14,380
DSA Tulsa Uniforms	200	14,332	-	14,256	276
DSA Tulsa Fundraiser	-	8,244	-	8,171	73
DSA Tulsa Fee	-	1,491	-	1,481	10
DSA Tulsa Yearbook	-	3,866	-	3,821	45
DSA Tulsa Field Trip	-	13,040	-	13,035	5
DSA Tulsa Donation	-	214	-	-	214
 TOTAL LIABILITIES	 \$ 32,836	 101,691	 -	 95,360	 39,167

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS - REGULATORY BASIS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

Federal Grantor/Pass Through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass Through Grantor's Project Number	Approved Amount	Balance at July 1, 2012	Receipts	Expenditures	Balance at June 30, 2013
<b><u>U.S. Department of Education:</u></b>							
<u>Passed Through State Department of Education</u>							
Title I*	84.010	511	\$ 259,306	-	251,430	251,430	7,876
Title IIA, Teacher and Principal Training and Recruitment *	84.367	541	24,117	-	-	17,585	6,532
IDEA-B Flow Through	84.027	621	138,279	-	135,886	137,964	315
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173	641	916	-	-	916	-
Sub Total			<u>422,618</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>387,316</u>	<u>407,895</u>	<u>14,723</u>
<b><u>U.S. Department of Agriculture:</u></b>							
<u>Passed Through State Department of Human Services:</u>							
National School Lunch Program *	10.555	763			201,241	201,241	
School Breakfast Program *	10.553	764			29,537	29,537	
Sub Total					<u>230,778</u>	<u>230,778</u>	
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			<u>\$ 422,618</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>618,094</u>	<u>638,673</u>	<u>14,723</u>

\* Major programs

# **WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants**

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS**

The Honorable Board of Education  
Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the fund type and account group financial statements, regulatory basis, of the Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003, Tulsa County, Oklahoma (School), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School's combined financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2014. The report on these financial statements was adverse because the School has elected to prepare its financial statements on the basis of the financial reporting provisions of the Oklahoma State Department of Education, which is a material departure from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion regarding the presentation of the financial statements referred to above in conformity with the prescribed basis of accounting was qualified due to the omission of the general fixed asset account group.

### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



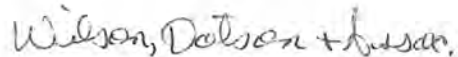
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma  
January 22, 2014

# **WILSON, DOTSON & ASSOCIATES, P.L.L.C.**

**Certified Public Accountants**

Members

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants

Oklahoma Society of Certified Public Accountants

## **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133**

The Honorable Board of Education  
Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

### **Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

We have audited the Discovery Schools of Tulsa No. G-003, Tulsa, Tulsa County, Oklahoma's (School's), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the School's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013. The School's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

### **Management's Responsibility**

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to its federal programs.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the School complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2013.

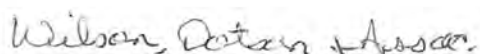
## Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the School is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control over compliance.

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Wilson, Dotson & Associates, PLLC

Shawnee, Oklahoma  
January 22, 2014

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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**Section I – Summary of Auditors’ Results**

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*Financial Statements*

Type of auditors’ report issued:	Adverse →
Internal control over financial reporting:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None reported
• Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?	No

*Federal Awards*

Internal control over major programs:	
• Material weakness(es) identified?	No
• Significant deficiency(ies) identified not considered to be material weakness(es)?	None reported
Type of auditors’ report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unqualified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in Accordance with section 510(a) of OMB Circular A-133?	No

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Numbers

84.010  
84.367  
  
10.555  
10.553

Name of Federal program or Cluster

Title I  
Title IIA, Teacher and Principal Training  
and Recruitment  
National School Lunch Program  
School Breakfast Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$300,000
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Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No
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DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

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**Section II – Findings Related to Financial Reporting**

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There were no material weaknesses or instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

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**Section III – Findings Related to Federal Awards Compliance**

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There were no findings or questioned costs, or material weakness or reportable conditions in internal control that are required to be reported.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS  
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

There were no prior year findings or questioned costs.

DISCOVERY SCHOOLS OF TULSA NO. G-003  
Tulsa County, Oklahoma

SCHEDULE OF ACCOUNTANTS' PROFESSIONAL LIABILITY INSURANCE AFFIDAVIT  
FOR THE YEAR ENDING JUNE 30, 2013

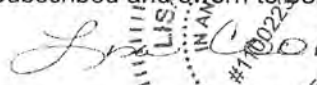
State of Oklahoma        )  
                                  )ss  
County of Pottawatomie )

The undersigned auditing firm of lawful age, being first duly sworn on oath says that said firm had in full force and effect Accountants' Professional Liability Insurance in accordance with the "Oklahoma Public School Audit Law" at the time of audit contract and during the entire audit engagement with the Discovery Schools of Tulsa for the audit year 2012-13.

Wilson, Dotson & Associates, P.L.L.C.  
Auditing Firm

by   
Authorized Agent

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22<sup>nd</sup> day of January, 2014.

  
  
Notary Public (Commission #11002236)  
My commission expires March 10, 2015