CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>Exhibit</u>		Page
	Certificate of Board	3
	Independent Auditors' Report	4
	Management's Discussion and Analysis	6
	Basic Financial Statements	
	Government Wide Statements:	
A-1	Statement of Net Position	12
B-1	Statement of Activities	13
	Governmental Fund Financial Statements:	
C-1	Balance Sheet	14
C-2	Reconciliation for C-1	17
C-3	Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	18
C-4	Reconciliation for C-3	21
	Proprietary Fund Financial Statements:	
D-1	Statement of Net Position	22
D-2	Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position	23
D-3	Statement of Cash Flows	24
	Notes to the Financial Statements	25
	Required Supplementary Information	
G-1	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	51
G-2	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (TRS)	52
G-3	Schedule of District Contributions to TRS Pension Plan	54
G-4	Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (TRS)	56
G-5	Schedule of District's Contributions to the TRS OPEB Plan	58
	Notes to Required Supplemental Information	60
	Supplementary Information-Combining Statements	
	Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	
H-1	Combining Balance Sheet	62
H-2	Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	66
	Supplementary Information-Required Texas Education Agency Schedules	
J-1	Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable	72
J-2	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Child Nutrition Fund	74
J-3	Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Debt Service Fund	75
J-4	State Compensatory Education and Bilingual Program Expenditures	76
	Federal Awards Section	
	Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other	
	Matters Based on an audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with	
	Government Auditing Standards	78
	Report on Compliance for each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control over	
	Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by	
	the Uniform Guidance	80
	Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	82
	Schedule of Status of Prior Findings	83
	Corrective Action Plan	84
K-1	Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	85
	Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	86
L-1	Schools First Questionnaire	87

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Celina Independent School District Name of School District	<u>Collin</u> County	043-903 CoDist. Number
Twine of School Bistrict	County	CO. Dist. Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual fina	ancial reports of the abov	e-named school district were
reviewed and (check one) X approved	disapproved for the year	ended June 30, 2023 at a meeting
of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the	<u>13th</u> day of <u>Nove</u>	<u>ember</u> , 2023.
/s/ Kelly Juergens	/s/ Jeff Gravley	
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board	l President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' repo (attach list as necessary)	ort, the reason(s) for disa	pproving it is(are):

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information and Supplementary Information

Independent Auditor's Report

Celina Independent School District 205 South Colorado Celina, Texas 75009

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District as of June 30, 2023 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* (GAS), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered to be in the aggregate that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Governmental Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Governmental Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
 in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal
 control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1 through G-5 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2, the Texas Education Agency required schedules contained in Exhibits J-1 through J-4 and L-1, and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards on Exhibit K-1, as required by Title 2 *U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds, the Texas Education Agency required schedules, and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas November 5, 2023

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Celina Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position increased by \$11,625,289 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's assets and deferred outflows exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,953,537 which represents the District's total combined net position.
- · As of June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$90,621,920 compared to \$58,319,068 for the last fiscal year. Included in this combined fund balance is unspent bond proceeds of \$60,193,268 in the Bond Construction Funds. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$11,618,605 this fiscal year compared to \$10,027,216 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2022-2023 school year was \$ 1.4235 with \$ 0.9235 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.5000 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 25) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities of from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the ESEA Title I Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- · Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These funds use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.
- · Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased from \$(2,671,752) last year to \$8,953,537 at June 30, 2023. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from \$69,841,752 last year to \$40,442,078 at June 30, 2023.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$6,370,468 increase last year compared to a \$11,625,289 increase at June 30, 2023.

Table I Celina Independent School District NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 6/30/2023	Governmental Activities 6/30/2022	Net Change
Current and other assets	\$102,361,345	\$66,470,582	\$35,890,763
Capital assets	262,973,711	224,258,893	38,714,818
Total assets	\$365,335,056	\$290,729,475	\$74,605,581
Deferred Outflows	\$9,323,688	\$5,138,117	\$4,185,571
Current and other liabilities	\$14,481,417	\$10,810,501	\$3,670,916
Long-term liabilities	\$344,125,589	\$265,804,473	78,321,116
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	\$10,192,426	\$3,668,427	6,523,999
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	5,901,978	8,269,176	(2,367,198)
Total liabilities	\$374,701,410	\$288,552,577	\$81,992,032
Deferred Inflows	\$5,485,214	\$9,986,767	(\$4,501,553)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(\$50,773,955)	(\$86,225,101)	\$35,451,146
Restricted	19,285,414	13,711,723	5,573,691
Unrestricted	40,442,078	69,841,626	(29,399,548)
Total net position	\$8,953,537	(\$2,671,752)	\$11,625,289

Table II Celina Independent School District CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 6/30/2023	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 6/30/2022	Net Change
Revenues:			_
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$2,799,982	\$1,901,951	\$898,031
Operating grants and contributions	4,084,525	2,924,596	1,159,929
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	27,610,693	20,083,052	7,527,641
Debt service taxes	14,945,862	10,672,005	4,273,857
State aid - formula grants	8,113,407	11,169,879	(3,056,472)
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	1,024,212	728,380	295,832
Investment Earnings	3,692,572	400,053	3,292,519
Miscellaneous	4,422,066	6,138,683	(1,716,617)
Total Revenue	\$66,693,319	\$54,018,599	\$12,674,720
Expenses: Instruction, curriculum and media services Instructional and school leadership Student support services Child nutrition Co curricular activities General administration Plant maintenance, security & data processing	\$23,771,030 2,868,523 3,608,311 1,901,229 3,494,032 1,797,288 6,087,170	\$22,312,873 2,497,494 3,298,164 1,531,516 2,824,105 1,598,841 4,983,895	\$1,458,157 371,029 310,147 369,713 669,927 198,447 1,103,275
Debt services	11,215,619	8,363,467	2,852,152
Payments to fiscal agents	45,534	33,657	11,877
Other intergovernmental charges	266,498	204,119	62,379
Total Expenses	\$55,055,234	\$47,648,131	\$7,407,103
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	\$11,638,085	\$6,370,468	\$5,267,617
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items-Loss on Disposal of Assets	(12,796)	0	(12,796)
Net position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	(2,671,752)	(9,042,220)	6,370,468
Net position at End of Fiscal Year	\$8,953,537	(\$2,671,752)	\$11,625,289

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 18) reported a combined fund balance of \$90,621,920 compared to \$58,319,068 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$1,591,389, ending the year with \$11,618,605. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a combined fund balance increase of \$132,098, ending the year with \$1,224,437. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$5,097,445, ending the year with \$17,585,610. The District's Bond Construction Funds reported a fund balance combined increase of \$25,481,920, ending the year with \$60,193,268.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June 2022) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District invested \$44,296,762 in capital assets, consisting of land, construction in progress, miscellaneous facility improvements, vehicles, and various equipment & furnishings.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 was as follows:

	Beginning			
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Land	\$33,412,957	\$9,054,266	\$0	\$42,467,223
Buildings & Improvements	149,002,218	63,978,989	0	212,981,207
Equipment	11,076,527	4,044,551	0	15,121,078
Vehicles	4,925,105	1,101,467	0	6,026,572
Right-to-Use Assets-Equipment	175,590	214,713	(159,483)	230,820
Subscription-Based IT Arrangments	47,238	0	0	47,238
Construction in Progress	69,160,291	(34,097,224)	0	35,063,067
Totals at Historical Cost	267,799,926	44,296,762	(159,483)	311,937,205
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(35,329,543)	(3,807,766)	0	(39,137,309)
Equipment	(5,009,538)	(1,324,390)	0	(6,333,928)
Vehicles	(3,115,908)	(291,564)	0	(3,407,472)
Right-to-Use Assets-Equipment	(38,806)	(58,900)	35,246	(62,460)
Subscription-Based IT Arrangments	0	(22,325)	0	(22,325)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43,493,795)	(5,504,945)	35,246	(48,963,494)
Capital Assets, Net	\$224,306,131	\$38,791,817	(\$124,237)	\$262,973,711
Debt:	=======================================			

At year-end June 30, 2023, the District had \$329,450,685 outstanding in bonds compared to \$265,615,986 last year. The District also had \$0 outstanding in loans compared to \$50,577 last year, \$169,837 in lease liability compared to \$137,639 last year, \$23,650 in SBITA liability compared to \$47,238 last year. During the fiscal year, the District issued \$60,470,000 in Series 2022 bonds. The new bonds are payable over the next 30 years at 5.00% interest.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2023 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2023. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$11,618,605. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2024 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Celina Independent School District, 205 South Colorado, Celina, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Data	Primary Government
Control	Governmental
Codes	Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 42,201,525
1120 Current Investments	55,739,658
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	1,765,001
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(17,583)
1240 Due from Other Governments	2,672,744
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	42,467,223
1520 Buildings, Net	173,843,898
1530 Equipment, Net	8,787,150
1540 Vehicles, Net	2,619,100
1550 Right-to-Use Leased Assets, Net	168,360
1553 SBITA Assets, Net	24,913
1580 Construction in Progress	35,063,067
1000 Total Assets	365,335,056
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS Pension	5,411,602
1706 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS OPEB	3,912,086
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	9,323,688
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	257,710
2140 Interest Payable	4,409,294
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	2,736,874
2180 Due to Other Governments	4,602,648
2200 Accrued Expenses	2,039,097
2300 Unearned Revenue	435,794
Noncurrent Liabilities:	
Due Within One Year: Loans, Note, Leases, etc.	4,454,910
Due in More than One Year:	
Bonds, Notes, Loans, Leases, etc.	325,189,262
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	10,192,426
Net OPEB Liability (District's Share)	5,901,978
2000 Total Liabilities	360,219,993
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS Pension	915,227
2606 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS OPEB	4,569,987
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,485,214
NET POSITION	·
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Lease Assets Restricted:	(50,773,955)
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	714,478
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	18,060,977
3870 Restricted for Campus Activities	509,959
3900 Unrestricted	40,442,078
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 8,953,537

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net

Data				Program R	evenues	(Position
		1		3	4	_	6
Control Codes		Expenses	•	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions		Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
Primary Government:							
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:							
11 Instruction	\$	22,967,954	\$	132,632	3,260,662	\$	(20,574,660)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	*	260,866	•	-	6,510		(254,356)
13 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		542,210		-	35,584		(506,626)
21 Instructional Leadership		453,253		-	12,918		(440,335)
23 School Leadership		2,415,270		-	78,407		(2,336,863)
31 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		1,562,446		-	552,557		(1,009,889)
33 Health Services		391,724		-	10,507		(381,217)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation		1,654,141		-	56,698		(1,597,443)
35 Food Services		1,901,229		1,125,295	777,155		1,221
36 Extracurricular Activities		3,494,032		1,451,380	25,790		(2,016,862)
41 General Administration		1,797,288		-	38,461		(1,758,827)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		4,826,323		90,675	212,222		(4,523,426)
52 Security and Monitoring Services		481,592		-	3,661		(477,931)
53 Data Processing Services		779,255		-	13,393		(765,862)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long-Term Debt		10,942,096		-	-		(10,942,096)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		273,523		-	-		(273,523)
93 Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangement	ts	30,554		-	-		(30,554)
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.		14,980		-	-		(14,980)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges		266,498				_	(266,498)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	\$	55,055,234	\$	2,799,982	4,084,525		(48,170,727)
Codos	eral Revenu	es:					
MT				General Purposes	3		27,610,693
DT		Taxes, Levied		Debt Service			14,945,862
		Formula Grant					8,113,407
		Contributions :	not F	Restricted			1,024,212
	Investment	C					3,692,572
				nediate Revenue			4,422,066
S2 Spec	cial Item - L	oss on Dispos	al of	Asset			(12,796)
TR T	otal Genera	l Revenues & S	Speci	ial Items		_	59,796,016
CN		Change in N	let P	osition			11,625,289
NB Net	Position - I	Beginning					(2,671,752)
NE Net	Position - I	Ending				\$	8,953,537

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data Contro	ol		10 General	50 Debt Service	60 Bond
Codes			Fund	Fund	Construction
	SETS	Ф	12 075 702	Φ 17.651.01 2	Φ 0.700.100
1110 1120	Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments - Current	\$	13,875,702 3,476,040	\$ 17,651,812	\$ 9,709,188 52,263,618
1220	Property Taxes - Delinquent		1,186,429	578,572	<i>52,203,016</i> -
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes		(11,819)		_
1240	Due from Other Governments		2,077,791	26,643	-
1000	Total Assets	\$	20,604,143	\$ 18,251,263	\$ 61,972,806
LIA	ABILITIES	===			
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	205,589	\$ -	\$ -
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		2,556,197	-	-
2170	Due to Other Funds		313,635	-	=
2180	Due to Other Governments		4,509,803	92,845	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures		225,704	-	1,779,538
2300	Unearned Revenue		255,540	138,326	-
2000	Total Liabilities		8,066,468	231,171	1,779,538
DE	FERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		919,070	434,482	-
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		919,070	434,482	-
	ND BALANCES Restricted Fund Balance:				
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-	-	-
3470	Capital Acquisition and Contractural Obligation		-	17.505.(10	60,193,268
3480 3490	Retirement of Long-Term Debt Other Restricted Fund Balance		-	17,585,610	-
3600	Unassigned Fund Balance		11,618,605	- -	-
3000	Total Fund Balances		11,618,605	17,585,610	60,193,268
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	\$	20,604,143	\$ 18,251,263	\$ 61,972,806

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
\$ 964,708	\$ 42,201,410
-	55,739,658
-	1,765,001
-	(17,583)
 568,310	 2,672,744
\$ 1,533,018	\$ 102,361,230
\$ 52,121	\$ 257,710
180,677	2,736,874
-	313,635
-	4,602,648
33,855	2,039,097
 41,928	 435,794
308,581	10,385,758
-	1,353,552
-	1,353,552
714,478	714,478
-	60,193,268
-	17,585,610
509,959	509,959
	11,618,605
1,224,437	90,621,920
\$ 1,533,018	\$ 102,361,230

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EXHIBIT C-2

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. 2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$267,799,206, and the accumulated depreciation was \$43,493,795. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$265,615,986, loans payable of \$50,578, lease liability of \$137,909, and \$BITA liability of \$47,238, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$33,333,244 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but its shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), & long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to increase (decrease) net position. 3 Current year capital outlays of \$44,296,762 and long-term debt principal payments of \$3,585,510 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. 4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These	Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 90,621,920
reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$267,799,926, and the accumulated depreciation was \$43,493,795. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$265,615,986, loans payable of \$50,578, lease liability of \$137,909, and SBITA liability of \$47,238, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$3,333,244 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), & long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to increase (decrease) net position. 3 Current year capital outlays of \$44,296,762 and long-term debt principal payments of \$3,585,510 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Amortization of bond premiums of \$714,065, and accrued interest payable of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. 4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$1,353,552 as revenue, and reclassifying bond proceeds of \$67,988,764, lease proceeds of \$214,713, and net cost of asset disposal of \$12,796. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognizions is to increase (decrease) net position. 5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, i	insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.	313,750
\$3,585,510 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Amortization of bond premiums of \$714,065, and accrued interest payable of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position. 4 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$1,353,552 as revenue, and reclassifying bond proceeds of \$67,988,764, lease proceeds of \$214,713, and net cost of asset disposal of \$12,796. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase(decrease) net position. 5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. 6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,192,426, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$915,227, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$5,411,602. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position. 7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$267,799,926, and the accumulated depreciation was \$43,493,795. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$265,615,986, loans payable of \$50,578, lease liability of \$137,909, and SBITA liability of \$47,238, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$3,333,244 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), & long-term debt in the governmental activities, is to	(44,878,824)
accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$1,353,552 as revenue, and reclassifying bond proceeds of \$67,988,764, lease proceeds of \$214,713, and net cost of asset disposal of \$12,796. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase(decrease) net position. 5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. 6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,192,426, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$915,227, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$5,411,602. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position. 7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,912,086. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	\$3,585,510 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Amortization of bond premiums of \$714,065, and accrued interest payable of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital	47,520,287
the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position. 6 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,192,426, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$915,227, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$5,411,602. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position. 7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,912,086. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$1,353,552 as revenue, and reclassifying bond proceeds of \$67,988,764, lease proceeds of \$214,713, and net cost of asset disposal of \$12,796. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase(decrease) net	(66,862,721)
required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,192,426, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$915,227, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$5,411,602. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position. 7 The District is required to recognize its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability required by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,912,086. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.		(5,504,945)
by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,912,086. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is to increase (decrease) net position.	required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$10,192,426, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$915,227, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$5,411,602. The net effect of including the net pension liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows,	(5,696,051)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 8,953,537	by GASB 75 in the amount of \$5,901,978, a deferred resource inflow in the amount of \$4,569,987, and a deferred resource outflow in the amount of \$3,912,086. The net effect of including the net OPEB liability, deferred resource inflows, and deferred resource outflows, is	(6,559,879)
	19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 8,953,537

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Bond Construction
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	30,019,033 \$ 9,909,403 89,183	15,960,775 235,064	\$ 3,986,688 - 125,222
5020 Total Revenues		40,017,619	16,195,839	4,111,910
EXPENDITURES:				
Current:				
0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services 0065 Debt Service: 0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities 0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities 0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		21,852,739 204,099 517,977 502,450 2,382,210 1,247,220 388,173 1,475,601 - 2,177,421 1,784,958 4,471,122 438,614 722,568 145,509 4,910	3,440,000 10,575,202 273,523	- - - - - - - - - - -
Capital Outlay: 0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction		13,340	-	43,629,990
Intergovernmental: 0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA 0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg. 0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges		30,554 14,980 266,498		
Total Expenditures		38,640,943	14,288,725	43,629,990
 1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): 7911 Capital Related Debt Issued 7913 Proceeds of Right-to-Use Lease 7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds 	_	1,376,676 - 214,713	201,567 - 2,988,764	(39,518,080) 60,470,000 - 4,530,000
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		214,713	3,190,331	65,000,000
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances 0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	_	1,591,389 10,027,216	5,097,445 12,488,165	25,481,920 34,711,348
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	11,618,605 \$	17,585,610	\$ 60,193,268

Other	Total
Governmental	Governmental
Funds	Funds
2 227 716	¢ 52.204.212
\$ 2,327,716 235,566	
	10,380,033
3,249,889	3,464,294
5,813,171	66,138,539
1,862,285	23,715,024
2,579	206,678
29,652	547,629
2,070	504,520
26,883	2,409,093
530,227	1,777,447
3,120	391,293
22,625	1,498,226
1,849,327	1,849,327
1,160,103	3,337,524
8,546	1,793,504
180,816	4,651,938
773	439,387
2,067	724.635
2,007	724,033
_	3,585,509
_	10,580,112
_	273,523
-	43,643,330
-	30,554
-	14,980
	266,498
5,681,073	102,240,731
132,098	(36,102,192)
-	60,671,567
-	214,713
	7,518,764
-	68,405,044
132,098	32,302,852
1,092,339	58,319,068
\$ 1,224,437	\$ 90,621,920

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CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT C-4

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 32,302,852
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	17,649
Current year capital outlays of \$44,296,762 and long-term debt principal payments of \$3,585,510 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Amortization of bond premiums of \$714,065, and accrued interest payable of \$1,076,050, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	47,520,287
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue of \$975,396 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, and reclassifying bond proceeds of \$67,988,764 lease proceeds of \$214,713, and net cost of asset disposal of \$12,796. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(67,240,877)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to increase (decrease) net position.	(5,504,945)
Current year changes due to GASB 68 increased revenues in the amount of \$505,469, but also increased expenses in the amount of \$1,085,725. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(580,256)
Current year changes due to GASB 75 increased revenues in the amount of \$1,127,652, but also increased expenses in the amount of \$6,238,231. The impact of these items is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	5,110,579
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 11,625,289

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities -	_
	Internal Service Fund	
ASSETS		
Current Assets:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 11	15
Due from Other Funds	313,63	35
Total Assets	313,75	50
NET POSITION		
Unrestricted Net Position	313,75	50
Total Net Position	\$ 313,75	50

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE NEAR PRINCED HAVE 20, 2022

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities -	
	Internal Service Fund	
OPERATING REVENUES:		
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 18,875	
Total Operating Revenues	18,875	
OPERATING EXPENSES:		
Other Operating Costs	1,226	
Total Operating Expenses	1,226	
Operating Income	17,649	
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	296,101	
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 313,750	

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities -	
		Internal rvice Fund
Cash Flows from Operating Activities: Cash Received from User Charges Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	\$	4,205 (4,539)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities		(334)
Net Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		(334) 449
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	115
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash		
<u>Used for Operating Activities:</u> Operating Income:	\$	17,649
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (increase) in Receivables Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable		(14,670) (3,313)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$	(334)

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Celina Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources identified in GASB Statement No. 76, and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resource measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

A. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees is elected by the public and has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. Therefore, the District is a financial reporting entity as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements consist of government-wide statements, including a statement of net position and a statement of activities, and fund financial statements, which provide a more detailed level of financial information.

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all the Celina Independent School District nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, State foundation funds, grants, and other intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act. If a revenue is not a program revenue, it is a general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Property taxes are always general revenues.

The District reports all direct expenses by function in the Statement of Activities. Direct expenses are those clearly identifiable within a function. Depreciation expense is specifically identified by function and is included in the direct expense to each function.

Interfund activities between governmental funds appear as due to/due from on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and as other resources and other uses on the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as due to/due from on the government-wide

Statement of Activities. Since Internal Service Funds support the operations of governmental funds, they are consolidated with the governmental funds in the government-wide financial statements. The expenditures of governmental funds that create the revenues of internal service funds are eliminated to avoid "grossing up" the revenues and expenses of the District as a whole.

Fund Financial Statements - The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for two fund categories - governmental, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenditures from nonoperating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are nonoperating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor or direct overhead. Other expenses are nonoperating.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. All assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources associated with the operation of the District are included on the Statement of Net Position. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All governmental fund financial statements are accounted for using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities, and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance report the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations with a brief explanation to better identify the relationship between government-wide statements and the governmental fund statements. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. For this purpose, the District considers revenues available of they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. It recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgements are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Revenues – **Exchange Transactions** – Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On the modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded when the exchange takes place and in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current year and are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. Fir the District, the phrase "available for exchange transactions" means expected to be received within 60 days of the year-end.

Revenues – Non-exchange Transactions – Non-exchange transactions in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and donations. On the government-wide financial statements, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. On the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions also must be available (i.e., collected within 60 days) before it can be recognized in the governmental funds.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the "susceptible-to-accrual" concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers revenues available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the fund Statement of Net Position. The net position is segregated into invested in capital assets net of related debt, restricted net assets, and unrestricted net assets.

Expenditures/Expenses – On the accrual basis of accounting (government-wide financial statements), expenses are recognized at the time there are incurred. On the modified accrual basis (fund financial statements), expenditures generally are recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred and due, if measurable.

D. Fund Accounting

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund – The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – The District accounts for resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental funds in a debt service fund.

Bond Construction Fund – The District accounts for the Bond financial resources used for the acquisition, renovation, and construction of major capital projects in this fund.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Funds – Revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis are accounted for in an internal service fund. The District's Internal Service Fund is the Workers Comp Self Insurance Fund. This fund is aggregated in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Changes in Net Position.

E. Encumbrance Accounting

The District employs encumbrance accounting, whereby encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders and contracts. An encumbrance represents a commitment of Board appropriation related to unperformed contracts for goods and services. The issuance of a purchase order or the signing of a contract creates an encumbrance but does not represent an expenditure for the period, only a commitment to expend resources. Appropriations lapse at June 30 and encumbrances outstanding at that time are either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2023 that were subsequently provided for in the next year's budget for the General Fund.

F. Other Accounting Policies

1. **Cash Equivalents** - For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, the District considers highly liquid investments to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

- 2. Inventories Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at FIFO cost and they include consumable maintenance, instructional, and office items. Supplies are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and initially recorded as an expense. Inventory and expenditures are adjusted periodically subsequent to inventory counts.
- 3. Receivables and Payables All trade and property tax receivables are shown at face value. The property tax receivable allowance is shown at various rates based upon historical trends of outstanding property taxes receivable as of June 30, 2023.
- 4. Long-term Debt In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds. Amounts recorded as long-term debt represent obligations that will be met by future revenue resources that are not available as of the current balance sheet date.

The District implemented GASB 96 for reporting subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) during this reporting period. The SBITA liability is calculated as the present value of the reasonably certain expected payments to be made over the term of the SBITA and the interest included in the lease payment is recorded as an expense. To be accounted for as a SBITA, the SBITA must meet the definition of a long-term liability provided in GASB 96 and must meet capitalization level set by the District. The SBITA asset is measured as the SBITA liability plus any capitalized expenditures incurred in the initial implementation stage. The asset is amortized using straight-line amortization method over the term of the SBITA arrangement. With GASB 96, the initial measure of a new SBITA arrangement is reported in the governmental funds as other resources during the current period.

- 5. Vacation and Sick Leave Vacations are to be taken within the same year they are earned, and any unused days at the end of the year are forfeited. Therefore, no liability has been accrued in the accompanying basic financial statements. Employees of the District are entitled to sick leave based on category/class of employment. Sick leave is allowed to be accumulated but does not vest. Therefore, no liability exists for unused sick leave.
- 6. Capital Assets Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment and right-to-use lease assets are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Classification	Useful Life
Buildings	15-50 years
Building Improvements	15-50 years
Vehicles & Buses	5-10 years
Equipment	5-7 years

The District has no restriction on any capital assets.

- 7. **Due From/Due To Other** Funds Interfund receivables and payables arise from interfund transactions and are recorded in all affected funds in the period in which transactions are executed in the normal course of operations. See Note III-E for detailed discussion of interfund receivables and payables.
- 8. Net Position/Fund Balance:

Net position on the government-wide Statement of Net Position includes the following:

<u>Net Investment in Capital Assets</u> reports the difference between capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent bond proceeds that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those capital assets.

<u>Restricted for Federal and State Grant Programs</u> is the component of net position restricted to be spent for specific purposes prescribed by federal and state granting agencies.

<u>Restricted for Debt Service</u> is the component of net position that is restricted for payment of debt service by constraints established by bond covenants.

Restricted for Campus Activities is the component of net position that is restricted for campus activities.

Restricted for Scholarships is the component of net position that is restricted for scholarships.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> is the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows that is not invested in capital assets or restricted for specific purpose.

Net position represents the difference between assets plus deferred outflow of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflow of resources. Net investment is capital assets consists of cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowing used for the acquisition, construction, or improvements of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislature adopted by the district or through external restrictions imposed by creditor, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net positions are reported as unrestricted.

Fund balances on the governmental funds' Balance Sheet include the following:

<u>Non-spendable fund balance</u> is the portion of the gross fund balance that is not expendable because it is either not in spendable form or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted fund balance includes amounts restricted for a specific purpose by the provider (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. Debt service resources are to be used for future servicing of the District's bonded debt and are restricted through debt covenants. Capital projects bond funds are restricted by the bondholders for the specific purpose of capital projects and capital outlays. Federal & State grant resources are restricted pursuant to the mandates of the granting agency.

<u>Committed fund balance</u> is that portion of fund balance that is committed to a specific purpose by the District's Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by Board action. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the constraint by exercising the same type of action originally used to commit the funds.

<u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the difference between the total fund balance and the total of the non-spendable, restrict, and committed fund balances and can be utilized for any legal purpose. This portion of the total fund balance in the General Fund is available to finance operating expenditures.

- **9.** Control Totals The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a Statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.
- **10. Total Columns on Combined Financial Statements** These total columns do not purport to present financial position, results of operations, or cash flows in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.
- 11. District's Policy as to Defining Operating & Non-operating Revenues of Proprietary Funds Operating revenues are generally defined as those which originate through the ongoing activities of the fund. In contrast, non-operating revenues include, but are not limited to; capital expenditures, transfers, investing and financing activities.
- 12. Application of Restricted or Unrestricted Resources When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which committed, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first from committed funds, then unassigned funds, as need, unless the Board of Trustees has provided otherwise it its commitment actions.

- **13. Grant Fund Accounting** The Special Revenue Fund includes programs that are financed on a project grant basis. These projects have grant periods that can range from less than twelve months to in excess of three years. Grants are recorded as revenues when earned, which the District considers to be earned to the extent expenditures have been incurred, the District has met all eligibility requirements, and funds are available.
- **14. Estimates and Assumptions** The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.
- **15. Deferred Outflows of Resources** In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other postemployment benefits are reported as deferred outflows of resources on the government-wide statement of net position.
- **16. Deferred Inflows of Resources** In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has one type of item which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Uncollected property taxes which are assumed collectible are reported in this category on the balance sheet for governmental funds. They are not reported in this category on the government wide statement of net position. Certain deferred charges related to TRS pension and other post-employment benefits are reported as deferred inflows on the government-wide statement of net position.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE & ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 in RSI and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the general-purpose financial statements:

- 1. Prior to June 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board. Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year.
- 4. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end. A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and non-appropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget & nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

\$714,478
509,959
\$1,224,437

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS & ACCOUNT GROUPS

Note A. DEPOSITORY CONTRACT LAW

The funds of the District must be deposited under the terms of a contract, contents of which are set out in the Depository Contract Law. The depository bank places approved pledged securities for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

At June 30, 2023, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts) was \$42,201,525 and \$55,739,658 in Texpool investment accounts. At June 30, 2023 and during the year then ended, the District's combined deposits **were fully insured** by FDIC insurance or collateralized with securities held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

Depository information required to be reported to the Texas Education Agency is as follows:

- a. Depository: Independent Bank, McKinney, Texas
- b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$46,220,930, and occurred during the month of May 2023.
- c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$55,026,219.
- d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2023:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$42,201,525 are valued at cost (Level 1 inputs).

Texpool Investment accounts of \$55,739,658 are valued at cost (Level 1 inputs).

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (PFIA) (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy, which must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities, repurchase agreements, and certain other investments. The investments owned at fiscal year-end are held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

In compliance with the PFIA, the District has adopted a deposit and investment policy, which address the following risks:

<u>Credit Risk</u> is the risk that a security issuer may default on an interest or principal payment. The District controls and monitors this risk by purchasing quality rated instruments that have been evaluated by nationally recognized agencies such as Standards and Poor's (S&P) or Moody's Investor Service.

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution or counterparty (e.g., brokerdealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover its deposits, value of its investments, or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The PFIA, the District's investment policy, and Government Code Chapter 2257 "Collateral for Public Funds" contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits and investments. The District's funds are deposited and invested under terms of a depository contract with amounts greater that the FDIC coverage protected by approved pledged securities held on behalf of the District.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> is the risk associated with holding investments that are not pools and full faith credit securities. These risks are controlled by limiting the percentages if these investments in the District's portfolio.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that interest rates will rise and an investment in a fixed-income security will decrease in value. Interest rate risk is reduced by diversifying, investing in securities with different durations, and laddering maturity dates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by limiting the weighted average maturity of its investment portfolio to less than one year from the time of purchase.

<u>Foreign Currency Risk</u> is the potential for loss due to fluctuations in exchange rates. The District's policy does not allow for any direct foreign investments, and therefore the District is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Note B. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the school fiscal year.

The assessed value of the roll as of the end of the fiscal year was \$2,989,571,829. The tax rates levied for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, to finance General Fund operations and the payment of principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt were \$0.9235 and \$0.5000 per \$100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$1.4235 per \$100 valuation. Current year tax collections for the period ended June 30, 2023, were 103.58% of the levy and 100.09% in the prior year.

Note C. DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note D. DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Available School Fund.

Receivables due from other governments as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

<u>Fund</u>	State Grants	Federal Grants	Other Governments	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund	\$2,028,569	\$0	\$49,222	\$2,077,791
Debt Service Funds	0	0	26,643	26,643
Special Revenue Funds	5,141	563,169	0	568,310
Totals	\$2,033,710	\$563,169	\$75,865	\$2,672,744

Note E. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following individual receivables & payables:

Due to Internal Service Fund from:

General Fund \$313,635

Total Due to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds \$313,635

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2023, consisted of the following individual amounts:

None

Note F. CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE, & SBITA ASSETS

A summary of changes in capital assets, right-to-use & SBITA assets for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u>			
	Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Land	\$33,412,957	\$9,054,266	\$0	\$42,467,223
Buildings & Improvements	149,002,218	63,978,989	0	212,981,207
Equipment	11,076,527	4,044,551	0	15,121,078
Vehicles	4,925,105	1,101,467	0	6,026,572
Right-to-Use Assets-Equipment	175,590	214,713	(159,483)	230,820
Subscription-Based IT Arrangements	47,238	0	0	47,238
Construction in Progress	69,160,291	(34,097,224)	0	35,063,067
Totals at Historical Cost	267,799,926	44,296,762	(159,483)	311,937,205
Less accumulated depreciation for:				_
Buildings & Improvements	(35,329,543)	(3,807,766)	0	(39,137,309)
Equipment	(5,009,538)	(1,324,390)	0	(6,333,928)
Vehicles	(3,115,908)	(291,564)	0	(3,407,472)
Right-to-Use Assets-Equipment	(38,806)	(58,900)	35,246	(62,460)
Subscription-Based IT Arrangements	0	(22,325)	0	(22,325)
Total accumulated depreciation	(43,493,795)	(5,504,945)	35,246	(48,963,494)
		_		
Capital Assets, Right-to-Use & SBITA Assets, Net	\$224,306,131	\$38,791,817	(\$124,237)	\$262,973,711

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	\$2,815,226
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	52,134
13 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	52,134
21 Instructional Leadership	52,134
23 School Leadership	312,803
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	208,535
33 Health Services	52,134
34 Student (Pupil) Transporation	447,965
35 Food Services	208,535
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	417,070
41 General Administration	208,535
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	521,338
52 Security & Monitoring Services	52,134
53 Data Processing Services	104,268
Total Depreciation Expense	\$5,504,945

Note G. LONG-TERM DEBT

A summary of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

	Beginning				Amounts Due within One
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Year
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$241,855,000	\$60,470,000	(\$3,440,000)	\$298,885,000	\$4,355,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums	23,760,986	7,518,764	(714,065)	30,565,685	_
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide	265,615,986	67,988,764	(4,154,065)	329,450,685	
Loans Payable	50,578	0	(50,578)	0	
Right-to-Use Leases Payable	137,909	214,713	(182,785)	169,837	76,260
Subscription-based IT Arrangements Payable	47,238	0	(23,588)	23,650	23,650
Total Governmental Activities	\$265,851,711	\$68,203,477	(\$4,411,016)	\$329,644,172	\$4,454,910

Bonds

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2023.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Description	Interest Rates Payable	Amounts of Original Issue	Interest Current Year	Beginning Amounts Outstanding 7/01/22	Issued	Retired	Ending Amounts Outstanding 6/30/23
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds -		-					
Series 2013	2.00-4.00%	8,460,000	249,319	8,305,000	0	(440,000)	7,865,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2014	3.00-5.00%	9,105,000	218,750	7,110,000	0	(575,000)	6,535,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2015	3.00-4.00%	9,265,000	358,856	9,190,000	0	(15,000)	9,175,000
Refunding/Building Bonds -							
Series 2016	3.00-5.00%	33,540,000	1,162,406	30,995,000	0	(1,015,000)	29,980,000
Refunding/Building Bonds - Series 2016A	2.50-5.00%	22,465,000	716,725	20,600,000	0	(620,000)	19,980,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds -							
Series 2018	2.50-5.00%	22,760,000	1,067,525	22,350,000	0	(215,000)	22,135,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds - Series 2019	4.00-5.00%	35,760,000	1,470,400	35,760,000	0	(390,000)	35,370,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds - Series 2020	4.00-5.00%	35,195,000	1,384,900	35,195,000	0	0	35,195,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2020	2.50%	930,000	18,688	810,000	0	(125,000)	685,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds - Series 2021	3.00-5.00%	71,540,000	2,163,925	71,540,000		(45,000)	71,495,000
Unltd Tax Building Bonds -		. ,,	,,-	. ,,		(-))	. , ,
Series 2022	5.00%	60,470,000	1,763,708	0	60,470,000	0	60,470,000
Total General Obligation		, ,			, ,		
Bonds			\$10,575,202	\$241,855,000	\$60,470,000	(\$3,440,000)	\$298,885,000
Unamortized Bond Premiums				23,760,986	7,518,764	(714,065)	30,565,685
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide Financials				\$265 (15 DOC	¢77,000,774	(04.154.075)	\$220 A50 C05
Government-wide Financials				\$265,615,986	\$67,988,764	(\$4,154,065)	\$329,450,685

On Exhibit C-3, page 18, the Capital Related Debt Issued for Debt Service was for accrued interest on bond proceeds. This was shown in account 7911 in the Debt Service Fund.

Debt service requirements for bonds are as follows:

	Bonds		
Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements
2024	\$4,355,000	\$11,674,912	\$16,029,912
2025	5,465,000	11,475,181	16,940,181
2026	5,830,000	11,224,850	17,054,850
2027	6,090,000	10,961,625	17,051,625
2028	6,365,000	10,685,719	17,050,719
2029-2033	36,310,000	48,949,219	85,259,219
2034-2038	44,630,000	40,952,166	85,582,166
2039-2043	54,385,000	31,977,097	86,362,097
2044-2048	64,630,000	20,924,450	85,554,450
2049-Maturity	70,825,000	6,912,075	77,737,075
Total Bonds	\$298,885,000	\$205,737,294	\$504,622,294

Loans

A summary of changes in loans for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

Date of Issue/Maturity	Purpose/Lawful Authority	Fund Payable From/Interest Rate	Current Year Interest	Beginning Balance	Amount Issued	Amount Retired	Ending Balance	
09/12-09/22	Maintenance Tax/ TEC 45.108 School Bus Loan/	General/3.00%	\$333	\$43,378	\$0	(\$43,378)		\$0
10/12-10/22	TEC 34.005	General/3.00%	\$55	\$7,199	\$0	(\$7,199)		0
Totals			\$388	\$50,577	\$0	(\$50,577)		\$0

Debt service requirements for loans are as follows:

None

Right-to-Use Lease Arrangements

On 11/01/21, the District entered into a 36-month lease for copiers. The lease was payable in 36 equal monthly payments of \$4,639 per month. The present value of the lease payments at inception was \$159,753. The effective rate of interest was 3.18%. On 10/01/22, these copiers were returned to the lessor and a new lease contract was entered into.

On 11/01/21, the District entered into a 36-month lease for USB readers. The lease is payable in 36 equal monthly payments of \$468 per month. The present value of the lease payments at inception was \$16,107. The effective rate of interest was 3.18%.

On 10/01/22, the District entered into a 36-month lease for copiers. The lease is payable in 36 equal monthly payments of \$6,245 per month. The present value of the lease payments at inception was \$214,713. The effective rate of interest was 3.18%.

A summary of the Right-to-Use Lease Arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Discount Rate	Original Lease Liability	Interest Current Year	Amounts Outstanding 7/01/22	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Retired</u>	Ending Amounts Outstanding 6/30/23
Lease for Copiers	3.18%	159,753	74	125,013	0	(125,013)	0
Lease for USB Readers	3.18%	16,107	325	12,626	0	(5,297)	7,329
Lease for Copiers	3.18%	214,713	3,998	0	214,713	(52,205)	162,508
Total Leases			\$4,397	\$137,639	\$214,713	(\$182,515)	\$169,837

In the above table, the amount retired of \$125,013 includes principal payments of \$13,842 and forgiveness of debt of \$111,171 because the lessor took back the old copiers before the lease matured and the District entered into a new lease, which is the third one in this table. The loss on disposal of assets is shown as a Special Item on Exhibit B-1, which as the forgiveness of debt minus the net cost of assets disposed of.

Debt service requirements for right-to-use lease liabilities are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements
2024	\$76,260	\$4,299	\$80,559
2025	74,941	1,871	76,812
2026	18,636	99	18,735
2027	0	0	0

Right-to-Use Lease Arrangements

 2027
 0
 0
 0

 2028
 0
 0
 0

 2029-Maturity
 0
 0
 0

 Totals
 \$169,837
 \$6,269
 \$176,106

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements

On 7/23/21, the District entered into a 3 year arrangement for Skyward Student Attendance software. The SBITA is payable in 3 annual payments of \$23,713 per year. The present value of the SBITA payments at inception was \$70,951. The effective rate of interest was 3.18%.

A summary of the Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements for the year ended June 30, 2023 is as follows:

				<u>Beginning</u>				
		<u>Original</u>		Amounts				Ending Amounts
	Discount	Lease	Interest	Outstanding				Outstanding
<u>Description</u>	Rate	<u>Liability</u>	Current Year	7/01/22	<u>Issued</u>	<u> </u>	<u>Retired</u>	6/30/23
Skyward Student Attendance								
Software	3.18%	70,951	125	47,238		0	(23,588)	23,650
								_
Total Leases			\$125	\$47,238		\$0	(\$23,588)	\$23,650

Debt service requirements for SBITA liabilities are as follows:

	SBITA Arrangements		
Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	Total Requirements
2024	\$23,650	\$63	\$23,713
2025	0	0	0
2026	0	0	0
2027	0	0	0
2028	0	0	0
2029-Maturity	0	0	0
Totals	\$23,650	\$63	\$23,713

Note H. DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS

As of June 30, 2023, the District owed \$4,509,803 to Texas Education Agency for 2022-2023 state foundation revenue settle-up and \$92,845 for 2022-2023 EDA state revenue settle-up. The Texas Education Agency will deduct these amounts from the District's 2023-2024 state revenues.

Note I. UNEARNED REVENUE & UNAVAILABLE REVENUE

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue		
	General Fund	<u>Fund</u>	Debt Service Fund	<u>Totals</u>
Unearned Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$255,540	\$0	\$138,326	\$393,866
Supply Chain Assistance	0	36,702	0	36,702
Instructional Materials Allotment	0	5,226	0	5,226
Total Unearned Revenue	\$255,540	\$41,928	\$138,326	\$435,794
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$919,070	\$0	\$434,482	\$1,353,552
Total Unavailable Revenue	\$919,070	\$0	\$434,482	\$1,353,552

Note J. REVENUE FROM LOCAL AND INTERMEDIATE SOURCES

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

		Special Revenue	Debt Service	Capital Projects	
	General Fund	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Fund</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Property Taxes	\$28,663,094	\$0	\$15,415,306	\$0	\$44,078,400
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax					
Related Income	169,007	0	112,042	0	281,049
Investment Income	567,444	11,041	433,427	2,679,660	3,691,572
Gifts & Bequests	100,338	0	0	0	100,338
Rent	90,675	0	0	0	90,675
Food Service Sales	0	1,125,296	0	0	1,125,296
Athletics	155,430	0	0	0	155,430
Co-curricular	0	1,188,422	0	0	1,188,422
Other	273,045	2,957	0	1,307,028	1,583,030
Totals	\$30,019,033	\$2,327,716	\$15,960,775	\$3,986,688	\$52,294,212

Note K. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the current fiscal year, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There are no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

The District offers all employees health care coverage under the TRS Active Care insurance plan, which is a statewide health coverage program for public education employees established by the 77th Texas Legislature. The District contributed \$417 per month per enrolled employee to the Plan, and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay the additional cost of premiums for themselves and dependents.

CAS Workers Compensation Coverage

The District was self-funded for workers compensation insurance and has an interlocal agreement with Claims Administration Services, Inc. (CAS) to serve as the District's third-party administrator. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Self Insurance Fund, an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. Claims Administrative Services, Inc. obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended June 30, 2023, to \$350,000 for any individual participant. At June 30, 2023, the District's unpaid claims totaled \$0, which includes incurred but not reported claims. The liability is based on the requirements of GASB Statement No. 10, which requires that a liability for claims be reported if information obtained prior to the issuance of the financial statements

indicates that it is probable that a liability has been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Because actual claim liabilities depend on such complex factors as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards, the process used in computing the claims liability does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Claims are reevaluated periodically to take into consideration recently settled claims, the frequency of claims, and other economic and social factors

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	Year Ended June 30, 2022	Year Ended June 30, 2023
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$4,029	\$3,313
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	193	1,226
Claim payments	(909)	(4,539)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$3,313	\$0

TASB Workers Compensation Coverage

During the year ended June 30, 2023, Celina ISD met its statutory workers compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund. The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher-than-expected claims cost through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2022, the Fund carries a discounted reserve of \$50,647,775 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not reported. For the year-ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

TASB Auto, Liability, & Property Programs

During the year ended June 30, 2023, Celina ISD participated in the following Risk Management Fund Programs:

Auto Liability, Auto Physical Damage, Privacy & Information Security, Property, and School Liability

The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability, and Property programs. The terms and limits of stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Fund anticipates that Celina ISD has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2022, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Litigation and Contingencies

The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

State and Federal Programs

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustments by the grantor agencies. Therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2023 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Construction Commitments

The District was obligated at June 30, 2023, under contracts for two elementary school projects. The construction in progress for these projects totaled \$35,063,067 as of June 30, 2023, including retainage payable for these projects totaling \$1,779,538. The outstanding construction commitments associated with these projects including retainage payable totaled approximately \$39,901,597 as of June 30, 2023.

Note L. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Plan Description. Celina Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about_publications.aspx: by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.T

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefit to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provision for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6 percent of the member's annual

compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6 percent and not more than 10 percent of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025. Contribution rates can be found in the TRS 2022 ACFR, Note 11, on page 85.

The following table shows contribution rates by type of contributor for the fiscal years 2022 and 2023, and the contributions by type of contributions reported by TRS which were received by TRS during the measurement year (TRS FY 2022). These are included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net pension liability.

Contribution Rates

_	2022	 2023
Member	8.00%	8.00%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	7.75%	8.00%
Employers	7.75%	8.00%
District's Measurement Year Employer Contribution	ons	\$ 801,127
District's Measurement Year Member Contribution	IS	\$ 723,411
District's Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf Co.	ntributions	\$ 1,373,466

The actual contributions made by the district during the reporting period (the district's FY 2023) were \$ 978,179 for the district and \$ 2,143,430 made by the plan members employed by the district.

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge and employer is subject to:

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.7 percent of the
 members's salary beginning in fiscal year 2022, gradually increasing to 2 percent in fiscal year 2025. This surcharge
 amount is 1.80% for fiscal year 2023.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Net Pension Liability

Components of the net pension liability of the plan as of August 31, 2022 are disclosed below: (From TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report 2022, p. 86.)

Table 11.E.1: Net Pension Liability					
Components of Liability		Amount			
Total Pension Liability	\$	243,553,045,455			
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(184,185,617,196)			
Net Pension Liability	\$	59,367,428,259			
Net Position as Percentage of Total Pension Liability		75.62 %			

Actuarial Assumptions.

Roll Forward - The total pension liability in the August 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions: *Actuarial Assumptions can be found in the 2022 TRS ACFR, Note 11, page 87.*

Table 11.F.1: Actuarial Methods and A	ssumptions
Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2022	3.91% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax- exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period (100 years)	2121
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2021. For a full description of these assumptions please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 12, 2021.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 7.00 percent was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.00 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55 percent of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00 percent. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2022 (see page 54 of the TRS ACFR) are summarized below:

Table 3.A.1: Asset Allocations		Laws Tarry Francis 1	Francisco Contributi
Asset Class	Target Allocation %**	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity	•		
USA	18.00 %	4.60 %	1.12 %
Non-US Developed	13.00	4.90	0.90
Emerging Markets	9.00	5.40	0.75
Private Equity*	14.00	7.70	1.55
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00	1.00	0.22
Absolute Return*	0.00	3.70	0.00
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00	3.40	0.18
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00	4.10	0.94
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00	5.10	0.37
Commodities	0.00	3.60	0.00
Risk Parity	8.00	4.60	0.43
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00	3.00	0.01
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00)	3.60	(0.05)
Inflation Expectation			2.70
Volatility Drag****			(0.91)
Expected Return	100.00 %		8.19 %
*Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.			
**Target allocations are based on the FY2022 policy mod	el.		
***Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (,		
****The volatility drag results from the conversion between	een arithmetic and geometric me	ean returns.	

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following table presents the District's net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, and what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in	Current Single	1% Increase in
	Discount Rate	Discount Rate	Discount Rate
	(6.00%)	(7.00%)	(8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the			
net pension liability:	\$ 15,855,549	\$ 10,192,426	\$ 5,602,197

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District reported a liability of \$10,192,426 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Celina Independent School District. The amount recognized by Celina Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Celina Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 10,192,426
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	17,474,065
Total	\$ 27,666,491

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and rolled forward to August 31, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 through August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was .000171683798% compared to .000144049358% as of August 31, 2021.

Changes In Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

Changes in Benefits - There were no changes in benefits.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,670,322 and revenue of \$1,670,322 for support provided by the State in the Government Wide Statement of Activities.

At June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources: (The amounts shown below will be he cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined.)

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 147,789	\$ 222,214
Changes in actuarial assumptions	1,899,181	473,329
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	1,006,979	
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,516,632	219,684
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	841,021	
Contitioutions paid to TKS subsequent to the measurement date		
Total	\$ 5,411,602	\$ 915,227

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to pensions will be recognized by the district in pension expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	Pension Expense Amount			
2024	\$ 959,217			
2025	592,193			
2026	329,899			
2027	1,443,665			
2028	330,380			
Thereafter				

Note M. DEFINED OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Net OPEB Liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cast account.

Plan Description. The Celina Independent School District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the internet at http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided. TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are presented in the following table:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare	Non-Medicare				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200				
Retiree and Spouse	529	689				
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408				
Retiree and Family	1.020	999				

Contributions. Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public or charter school. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor which were reported for the district by TRS for the measurement year. These were included in the calculation of the district's proportionate share of the net TRS-Care liability.

Contribution Rates

	<u>2022</u>
Active Employee	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%
Employers	0.75%
Federal/private Funding Remitted by	1.25%
Employers	
District's Measurement Year Employer Contributions	\$ 202,453
District's Measurement Year Member Contributions	\$ 64,908
District's Measurement Year NECE On-Behalf	\$ 246,961
Contributions	

The actual contributions made by the district during the reporting period (the district's FY 2023) were \$ 228,924 for the district and \$ 174,157 made by the plan members employed by the district.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$83 million in fiscal year 2022 from the Federal Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) to help defray COVID-19-related health care costs during fiscal year 2022.

Actuarial Assumptions. The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2021. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2022. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions;

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographics assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2021 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2022.

Rates of Mortality
Rates of Retirement
Rates of Termination

Rates of Disability
General Inflation
Wage Inflation

The active mortality rates were based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the mortality projection scale MP-2018.

Table 9.F.1: Actuarial Methods and A	ssumptions
Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2021 rolled forward to August 31, 2022
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.91% as of August 31, 2022
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

From 2022 TRS ACFR, Note 9, page 77.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50 percent for Medicare retirees and 7.25 percent for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.25 percent for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25 percent over a period of 13 years.

Discount Rate. A single discount rate of 3.91 percent was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This was an increase of 1.96 percent in the discount rate since the previous year. The Discount Rate can be found in the 2023 TRS ACFR on page 77. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was used for the long-term rate of return and was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability:

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.91%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.91%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.91%)
District's proportionate share of the			
Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 6,958,900	\$ 5,901,978	\$ 5,045,736

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis - The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the Net			
OPEB Liability:	\$ 4,863,257	\$ 5,901,978	\$ 7,248,547

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs. At June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District reported a liability of \$5,901,978 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with Celina Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 5,901,978
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	7,199,486
Total	\$13,101,464

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2021 thru August 31, 2022.

At August 31, 2022 the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was .000246490852% compared to the .000214369160% as of August 31, 2021.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms: There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,021,665) and revenue of \$(1,021,665) for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2023, Celina Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred Inflows of
	Outflows of	Resources
	Resources	
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experience	\$ 328,129	\$ 3,735,744
Changes in actuarial assumptions	898,988	4,916,878
Net Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		4,082,699
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	2,490,983	64
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	193,986	
Total	\$3,912,086	\$12,735,385

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows (not including the deferred contribution paid subsequent to the measurement date) of resources related to OPEBs will be recognized by the district in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31:	OPEB Expense Amount				
2024	\$ (1,088,619)				
2025	(1,088,556)				
2026	(838,275)				
2027	(499,434)				
2028	(691,751)				
Thereafter	(1,108,382)				

Note N. MEDICARE PART D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Celina Independent School District's employees were \$145,223, \$99,168, and \$94,613, respectively for fiscal years ended June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021.

Note O. JOINT VENTURES - SHARED SERVICE ARRANGEMENTS

The District participates in shared services arrangements for various educational services, with the Region X Education Service Center. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Celina Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note P. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through November 5, 2023, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. On September 14, 2023, the District issued Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2023 totaling \$99,470,000 to finance continuing construction projects. The bonds will be payable over the next 30 years at 5.00% interest.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

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CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control		D 1 (1A)			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget		
Codes		Budgeted Amounts Original Final					Positive or (Negative)		
REVENUES:		o riginur						(Tregative)	
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	24,102,207 14,755,322 65,000	\$	29,256,380 9,940,322 77,427	\$	30,019,033 9,909,403 89,183	\$	762,653 (30,919) 11,756	
5020 Total Revenues		38,922,529		39,274,129		40,017,619		743,490	
EXPENDITURES:					-				
Current:									
0011 Instruction		22,887,907		22,632,866	2	21,852,739		780,127	
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		265,051		251,151		204,099		47,052	
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Developmen	ıt	488,480		570,380		517,977		52,403	
0021 Instructional Leadership		207,209		509,209		502,450		6,759	
0023 School Leadership		2,496,925		2,459,925		2,382,210		77,715	
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	3	1,429,738		1,333,888		1,247,220		86,668	
0033 Health Services		386,313		410,313		388,173		22,140	
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		2,147,005		1,597,094		1,475,601		121,493	
0036 Extracurricular Activities		1,667,209		2,193,224		2,177,421		15,803	
0041 General Administration		1,694,667		1,823,767		1,784,958		38,809	
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		3,960,975		4,572,442		4,471,122		101,320	
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		481,085		481,085		438,614		42,471	
0053 Data Processing Services Debt Service:		768,983		768,983		722,568		46,415	
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		123,200		146,600		145,509		1,091	
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities Capital Outlay:		2,200		4,925		4,910		15	
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction Intergovernmental:		30,000		30,000		13,340		16,660	
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of	SSA	35,000		35,000		30,554		4,446	
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Pr		16,000		16,000		14,980		1,020	
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	_	247,000		272,000		266,498		5,502	
6030 Total Expenditures		39,334,947		40,108,852	3	38,640,943		1,467,909	
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(412,418)		(834,723)		1,376,676		2,211,399	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):									
7913 Proceeds of Right-to-Use Lease	_	-		214,713		214,713		-	
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(412,418)		(620,010)		1,591,389		2,211,399	
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		10,027,216		10,027,216		10,027,216		-	
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	9,614,798	\$	9,407,206	\$	11,618,605	\$	2,211,399	

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	F	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022		FY 2022 Plan Year 2021		FY 2021 Plan Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.000171684%		0.000144049%		0.000132338%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	10,192,426	\$	3,668,427	\$	7,087,738
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		17,474,065		7,414,305		14,867,876
Total	\$	27,666,491	\$	11,082,732	\$	21,955,614
District's Covered Payroll	\$	22,980,328	\$	20,475,071	\$	18,460,077
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		44.35%		17.92%		38.40%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		75.62%		88.79%		75.54%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2022 for year 2023, August 31, 2021 for year 2022, August 31, 2020 for year 2021, August 31, 2019 for year 2020, August 31, 2018 for year 2019, August 31, 2017 for year 2018, August 31, 2016 for year 2017, August 31, 2015 for year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for year 2015.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

_							
	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	_]	FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017	 FY 2017 Plan Year 2016	 FY 2016 Plan Year 2015	 FY 2015 Plan Year 2014
	0.000138593%		0.000144073%	0.00013082%	0.000121599%	0.000108517%	0.000060109%
\$	7,204,480	\$	7,930,152	\$ 4,182,903	\$ 4,595,036	\$ 3,835,932	\$ 1,605,594
	12,929,135		13,915,571	7,845,838	8,911,136	8,228,597	6,716,153
\$	20,133,615	\$	21,845,723	\$ 12,028,741	\$ 13,506,172	\$ 12,064,529	\$ 8,321,747
\$	16,669,685	\$	16,201,841	\$ 14,632,893	\$ 13,431,041	\$ 12,115,891	\$ 11,247,016
	43.22%		48.95%	25.82%	34.21%	31.66%	14.28%
	75.24%		73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PENSIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

	 2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 978,179 \$	715,429 \$	607,262
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	978,179	715,429	607,262
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	- \$	-
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,792,894 \$	22,980,328 \$	20,475,071
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	3.65%	3.11%	2.97%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P20.183 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

 2020	2019		2018	·	2017	·	2016	2015
\$ 535,418	\$ 464,062	\$	477,843	\$	503,193	\$	451,034	\$ 360,703
535,418	464,062		477,843		503,193		451,034	360,703
\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
\$ 18,460,077	\$ 16,669,685	\$	16,201,841	\$	14,632,893	\$	13,431,041	\$ 12,115,891
2.90%	2.78%)	2.95%	,	3.44%		3.36%	2.98%

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

]	FY 2023 Plan Year 2022	 FY 2022 Plan Year 2021	 FY 2021 Plan Year 2020
District's Proportion of the Net Liability (Asset) for Other Postemployment Benefits		0.000246491%	0.000214369%	0.000210183%
District's Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	5,901,978	\$ 8,269,176	\$ 7,990,017
State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Associated with the District		7,199,486	11,078,854	10,736,667
Total	\$	13,101,464	\$ 19,348,030	\$ 18,726,684
District's Covered Payroll	\$	22,980,328	\$ 20,475,071	\$ 18,460,077
District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		25.90%	40.39%	43.28%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability		11.52%	6.18%	4.99%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 states that the information on this schedule should be determined as of the measurement date. The amounts for FY 2023 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2022. The amounts reported for FY 2022 are for measurement date August 31, 2021. The amounts reported for FY 2021 are for the measurement date of August 31, 2020. The amounts for FY 2020 are for the measurement date August 31, 2019. The amounts for FY 2019 are for the measurement date August 31, 2018. The amounts for FY 2018 are based on the August 31, 2017 measurement date.

This schedule shows only the years for which this information is available. Additional information will be added until 10 years of data are available and reported.

I	FY 2020 Plan Year 2019	 FY 2019 Plan Year 2018	F	FY 2018 Plan Year 2017
	0.000204909%	0.000205873%		0.000192585%
\$	9,690,421	\$ 10,279,431	\$	8,374,786
	12,876,400	14,708,474		12,245,914
\$	22,566,821	\$ 24,987,905	\$	20,620,700
\$	16,669,685	\$ 16,201,841	\$	14,632,893
	58.13%	63.45%		57.23%
	2.66%	1.57%		0.91%

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS FOR OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS FOR FISCAL YEAR 2023

	 2023	2022	 2021
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 228,924 \$	190,760	\$ 166,130
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	228,924	190,760	166,130
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ - \$	-	\$
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 26,792,894 \$	\$ 22,980,328	\$ 20,475,071
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.85%	0.83%	0.81%

Note: GASB Codification, Vol. 2, P50.238 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31 of the preceding year.

Information in this schedule should be provided only for the years where data is available. Eventually 10 years of data should be presented.

 2020	 2019	 2018
\$ 158,449	\$ 163,602	\$ 135,605
158,449	163,602	135,605
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$ 18,460,077	\$ 16,669,685	\$ 16,201,841
0.86%	0.98%	0.84%

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

A. Notes to Schedules for the TRS Pension

Changes of Benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

Changes of Assumptions.

There was a change in the actuarial assumptions. The primary change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25 percent to 7.00 percent.

B. Notes to Schedules for the TRS OPEB Plan

Changes in Benefits.

There were no changes in benefits.

Changes in Assumptions.

The single discount rate changed from 1.95 percent as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91 percent as of August 31, 2022. This change decreased the total OPEB liability.

Lower participation rates and updates to health care trend rate assumptions were also factors that decreased the total OPEB liability.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION COMBINING STATEMENTS

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

Data	 211	224 IDEA		225		240 Nation 1
Control	SEA I, A	Part B				National eakfast and
Codes	ic Program	Formula	IDEA Part B Preschool 3,306) \$ (335) 2,794 335 5,488 \$ - - \$ - 3,037 - 3,451		nch Program	
ASSETS						
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (10,939)\$	(56,306)	\$	(335)	\$	842,127
1240 Due from Other Governments	24,414	82,794		335		-
1000 Total Assets	\$ 13,475 \$	26,488	\$	=	\$	842,127
LIABILITIES						
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ - \$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	11,657	23,037		-		74,986
2200 Accrued Expenditures	1,818	3,451		-		15,961
2300 Unearned Revenue	-	-		-		36,702
2000 Total Liabilities	13,475	26,488		-		127,649
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted Fund Balance:						
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-		-		714,478
3490 Other Restricted Fund Balance	-	-		-		-
3000 Total Fund Balances	 	-	_	-		714,478
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 13,475 \$	26,488	\$	-	\$	842,127

	255	263	279		281		282		283		284		285
	ESEA II, A	Title III, A	TCLAS		ESSER II		ESSER III		ESSER		IDEA		IDEA
	Training and	English Lang.	ESSER III-ARP		CRRSA		ARP	S	upplemental		Part B		Part B
_	Recruiting	Acquisition	Grant		Grant		Grant		Grant	Fo	ormula-ARP	P	reshool-ARP
¢.	(22,522)	e (2.294)	. e (20.295)	\ C	(101.57()	¢.	(29, 420)	¢	(122.470)	¢.		¢	
\$	(23,522) 23,522	\$ (3,284) 3,289	` '		(101,576) 101,695	Э	(28,430) 80,569	Þ	(132,470) 212,786	Þ	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$ 5	\$ -	\$	119	\$	52,139	\$	80,316	\$	-	\$	-
\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	52,121	\$		\$	-	\$	-
	- -	5	-		119		18		68,456 11,860		-		-
_			<u>-</u>		=		-		-		-		-
_		5	-		119	_	52,139		80,316		-		
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
_	-	-	-	_	-		-	_	-		=	_	
\$	-	\$ 5	\$ -	\$	119	\$	52,139	\$	80,316	\$	-	\$	-

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

		288	2	89		397		410
Data		ESSA	ELC Re	eopening	A	dvanced	Inst	ructional
Control		Title IV	School	s Grant	P	lacement	M	aterials
Codes		Part A	Schoo	l Health	In	centives	Al	lotment
ASSETS								
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	(316)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,226
1240 Due from Other Governments		3,480		-		-		-
1000 Total Assets	\$	3,164	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,226
LIABILITIES								
2110 Accounts Payable	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable		2,541		-		-		-
2200 Accrued Expenditures		623		-		-		-
2300 Unearned Revenue		-		-		-		5,226
2000 Total Liabilities		3,164		-		-	_	5,226
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted Fund Balance:								
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction		-		-		-		-
3490 Other Restricted Fund Balance		-		-		-		-
3000 Total Fund Balances	_	-	-	-		-		-
4000 Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	3,164	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,226

-	429	461		Total
TCL	AS-GR	Campus		Nonmajor
S	State	Activity	G	overnmental
G	irant	Funds		Funds
\$	(5,141)	\$ 509,959	\$	964,708
	5,141	-		568,310
\$	-	\$ 509,959	\$	1,533,018
\$	-	\$ -	\$	52,121
	-	-		180,677
	-	-		33,855
	-	-		41,928
	-	=		308,581
	=	-		714,478
	-	509,959		509,959
	-	509,959		1,224,437
\$	_	\$ 509,959	\$	1,533,018

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		211	224	225	240
Data	E	SEA I, A	IDEA	IDEA	National
Control	In	nproving	Part B	Part B	Breakfast and
Codes	Bas	ic Program	Formula	Preschool	Lunch Program
REVENUES:					
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	- \$	- \$	-	\$ 1,128,253
5800 State Program Revenues		-	-	-	57,354
5900 Federal Program Revenues		131,010	514,733	4,448	740,706
5020 Total Revenues	<u> </u>	131,010	514,733	4,448	1,926,313
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011 Instruction		131,010	210,413	4,448	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services		-	-	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development		-	-	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership		-	-	-	-
0023 School Leadership		-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		-	304,320	-	-
0033 Health Services		-	-	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation		-	-	-	-
0035 Food Services		-	-	-	1,836,163
0036 Extracurricular Activities		-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration		-	-	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations		-	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services		-	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services			<u> </u>		
6030 Total Expenditures	-	131,010	514,733	4,448	1,836,163
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance		-	-	-	90,150
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)			-	-	624,328
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	•	- \$	_	\$ 714,478

Tra	EEA II, A sining and secruiting - 26,309 26,309	Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition \$ - 21,167 21,167	TCLAS ESSER III-ARP Grant \$ - \$	ESSER II CRRSA Grant - \$ - 313,392	ESSER III ARP Grant -	ESSER Supplemental Grant	IDEA Part B Formula-ARP	IDEA Part B Preshool-ARP
Re	- 5 - 26,309	Acquisition \$ - 21,167	Grant \$ - \$	Grant - \$	Grant -	Grant	Formula-ARP	Preshool-ARP
	- S - 26,309	Acquisition \$ - 21,167	Grant \$ - \$	- \$ -	- -	Grant		
\$	26,309	21,167	137,327	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
\$	26,309	21,167	137,327	-	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
				313,392	-	_		
				313,392			-	-
	26,309	21,167	137,327		623,491	601,073	9,644	
				313,392	623,491	601,073	9,644	
	26,309	21,167	-	276,580	445,183	546,974	9,644	-
	-	_	-	-	2,579	-	-	-
	-	-	-	24,000	1,552	4,100	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,070	-	-	-
	-	-	-	9,237	17,646	-	-	-
	-	-	137,327	-	88,580	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	3,120	-	-	-
	-	-	-	2,522	20,103	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	13,164	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,588	-	-	-
	-	-	-	1,053	7,493	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	16,573	49,999	-	-
	-	-	-	-	773	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	2,067	-	-	-
	26,309	21,167	137,327	313,392	623,491	601,073	9,644	-
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	<u>-</u>	-	-		-			
\$	- 9	\$ -	\$ - \$	- \$	_	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5920 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services 6030 Total Expenditures	288 ESSA Title IV Part A	114,24	Placement Incentives \$ - 872	167,162
Control Codes REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	Title IV Part A 12,345	Schools Gran School Health \$ - 114,24 114,24	\$ - 872 44 872	Materials Allotment \$ - 167,162
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	Part A 12,345 12,345	\$ - 114,24	\$ - 872 44 872	\$ - 167,162
REVENUES: 5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 10021 Instructional Leadership 10023 School Leadership 10031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 10033 Health Services 10034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 10035 Food Services 10036 Extracurricular Activities 10041 General Administration 10051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 10052 Security and Monitoring Services 10053 Data Processing Services	- - 12,345 12,345	\$ - - 114,24 114,24	\$ - 872 44 - 44 872	\$ - 167,162
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 10021 Instructional Leadership 10023 School Leadership 10031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 10034 Health Services 10035 Food Services 10036 Extracurricular Activities 10041 General Administration 10051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 10052 Security and Monitoring Services 10053 Data Processing Services	12,345	114,24 114,24	872 	167,162
5800 State Program Revenues 5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 10021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0034 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	12,345	114,24 114,24	872 	167,162
5900 Federal Program Revenues 5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0034 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	12,345	114,24	- 44 872	167,162
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	12,345	114,24	872	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
EXPENDITURES: Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Current: 0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	12,345 - - - -	- - - -	872 - - -	167,162 - - - -
0011 Instruction 0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	12,345	- - - -	872 - - - -	167,162 - - -
10012 Instructional Resources and Media Services 10013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development 10021 Instructional Leadership 10023 School Leadership 10031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 10033 Health Services 10034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 10035 Food Services 10036 Extracurricular Activities 10041 General Administration 10051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 10052 Security and Monitoring Services 10053 Data Processing Services	12,345 - - - -	- - - -	872 - - -	167,162 - - - -
Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development Instructional Leadership School Leadership Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services Health Services Student (Pupil) Transportation Food Services Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services	- - -	- - -	- - -	- - -
0021 Instructional Leadership 0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	- - -	- - -	- -	- - -
0023 School Leadership 0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	_	-
 0033 Health Services 0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services 	_			
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation 0035 Food Services 0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	_	-	-	-
 Food Services Extracurricular Activities General Administration Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services 	-	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities 0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0041 General Administration 0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations 0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
 Facilities Maintenance and Operations Security and Monitoring Services Data Processing Services 	-	-	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services 0053 Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	-	114,24	-	-
-	-	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	-			
	12,345	114,24	872	167,162
1200 Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	_			
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)				

429		461	Total
TCLAS-	GR	Campus	Nonmajor
State		Activity	Governmental
Grant		Funds	Funds
\$	- \$	1,199,463	\$ 2,327,716
10),178	-	235,566
		-	3,249,889
10),178	1,199,463	5,813,171
10),178	-	1,862,285
	-	-	2,579
	-	-	29,652
	-	-	2,070
	-	-	26,883
	-	-	530,227
	-	-	3,120
	-	-	22,625
	-	-	1,849,327
	-	1,157,515	1,160,103
	-	-	8,546
	-	-	180,816
	-	-	773 2,067
1(),178	1,157,515	5,681,073
		1,137,313	3,001,073
	-	41,948	132,098
-		468,011	1,092,339
\$	- \$	509,959	\$ 1,224,437

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SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	(1)	(3) Assessed/Appraised		
Last 10 Years	Tax F	Value for School		
	M aintenance	Debt Service	Tax Purposes	
2014 and prior years	\$ 1.140000	\$ 0.500000	\$ 691,409,202	
015	1.140000	0.500000	755,183,730	
016	1.140000	0.500000	842,404,856	
017	1.140000	0.500000	983,381,713	
018	1.140000	0.500000	1,147,298,532	
019	1.140000	0.500000	1,366,566,491	
020	1.048900	0.500000	1,561,013,634	
021	0.983200	0.500000	1,772,181,351	
022	0.940900	0.500000	2,134,433,800	
023 (School year under audit)	0.923500	0.500000	2,989,571,829	

8000 Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.115, Tax Code

TOTALS

1000

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2022	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2023	
\$ 28,194 \$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (6,532)	\$ 21,662	
-	-	-	-	-	-	
3,563	-	-	-	-	3,563	
6,480	-	369	162	265	6,214	
8,196	-	3	1	-	8,192	
63,005	-	237,098	103,990	347,818	69,735	
68,218	-	443,562	194,545	958,799	388,910	
86,758	-	379,301	180,809	918,133	444,781	
286,692	-	269,105	136,852	517,257	397,992	
-	42,556,555	27,333,656	14,798,947	-	423,952	
\$ 551,106 \$	42,556,555	\$ 28,663,094	\$ 15,415,306	\$ 2,735,740	\$ 1,765,001	

\$ 58,852

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
Codes	Original		Final		(Negative)		
REVENUES:							
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources5800 State Program Revenues5900 Federal Program Revenues	\$	400,000 43,918 333,970	\$	1,125,203 46,685 761,719	\$ 1,128,253 57,354 740,706	\$	3,050 10,669 (21,013)
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES: Current:		777,888		1,933,607	1,926,313		(7,294)
Food ServicesFacilities Maintenance and Operations		1,155,143 114,459		1,902,046 20,372	1,836,163		65,883 20,372
6030 Total Expenditures		1,269,602		1,922,418	1,836,163		86,255
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		(491,714)		11,189	90,150		78,961
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		624,328		624,328	624,328		-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)		132,614	\$	635,517	\$ 714,478	\$	78,961

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts			Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)		Variance With Final Budget Positive or	
		Original		Final				(Negative)
REVENUES:								
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources 5800 State Program Revenues		12,917,238	\$	15,927,238 235,000	\$	15,960,775 235,064	\$	33,537 64
5020 Total Revenues EXPENDITURES:		12,917,238		16,162,238		16,195,839		33,601
Debt Service:								
0071 Principal on Long-Term Liabilities		3,790,744		3,441,488		3,440,000		1,488
0072 Interest on Long-Term Liabilities		8,811,494		10,575,202		10,575,202		-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees		315,000		315,000		273,523		41,477
6030 Total Expenditures		12,917,238		14,331,690		14,288,725		42,965
1100 Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures		-		1,830,548		1,907,114		76,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued		-		201,567		201,567		-
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds		-		2,988,764		2,988,764		-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		-		3,190,331		3,190,331		
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances		-		5,020,879		5,097,445		76,566
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)		12,488,165		12,488,165		12,488,165		
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$	12,488,165	\$	17,509,044	\$	17,585,610	\$	76,566

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAMS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$1,052,898
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$1,071,642
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs	
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?	Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$245,898
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$332,148

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Celina Independent School District 205 South Colorado Celina, Texas 75009

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas November 5, 2023

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Post Office Box 8158 Greenville, Texas 75404

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance; and Report on Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Required by Uniform Guidance

Independent Auditor's Report

Celina Independent School District 205 South Colorado Celina, Texas 75007

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Celina Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Celina Independent School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Celina Independent School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Celina Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (GAS); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibility under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with relevant ethical requirements related to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and to express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during or audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that have not been identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/ Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis & Company, P.C. Greenville, Texas November 5, 2023

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Summary of Auditor's Results:

The type of report we issued on whether the financial statements of Celina Independent School District were prepared in accordance with GAAP as an unmodified opinion.

With respect to internal control over financial reporting, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

We noted no noncompliance material to the financial statements,

With respect to internal control over major federal programs, we identified no material weaknesses and we reported no significant deficiencies.

The type of report we issued on compliance for major programs was an unmodified opinion.

We disclosed no audit findings which the auditor is required to report in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).

We identified the following major programs:

COVID-19 ESSER II-CRRSA Grant, Assistance Listing #84.425D

COVID-19 ESSER III-ARP Grant, Assistance Listing #84.425D

COVID-19 TCLAS High Quality After School Grant, Assistance Listing #84.425U

COVID-19 TCLAS ESSER III Grant, Assistance Listing #84.425U

COVID-19 ESSER Supplemental Grant, Assistance Listing \$84.425U

The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.

The auditee does not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

Financial Statements Findings:

There are no findings related to financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs:

There are no findings or questioned costs related to federal awards which are required to be reported by 2 CFR 200.516(a).

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior audit findings which required corrective action.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no corrective actions necessary for the year ended June 30, 2023.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

(1)	(2)	(2)	(4)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
FEDERAL GRANTOR/	Federal	Pass-Through	F 1 1
PASS-THROUGH GRANTOR/ PROGRAM or CLUSTER TITLE	Assistance Listing No.	, , ,	Federal Expenditures
	Listing No.	Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through Texas Education Agency ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	23610101057950	\$ 131,010
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	22660001043903	59,288
*IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027	23660001043903	455,445
*IDEA, Part B, Formula - (ARP)	84.027 X	22535001043903	9,644
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.027			524,377
*IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173	23661001043903	4,448
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			528,825
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365 A	23615002057950	21,167
ESEA, Title II, Part A, Teacher Principal Training	84.367 A	23694501057950	26,309
ESSAm Title IV, Part A	84.424 A	23680101057950	12,345
COVID-19-ESSER II-CRRSA Grant	84.425D	21521001057950	313,392
COVID-19-ESSER III-ARP Grant COVID-19-TCLAS High Quality After School	84.425 D 84.425 U	21528001057950 215280587110028	495,524 127,967
COVID-19-TCLAS High Quanty After School COVID-19-TCLAS ESSER III Grant	84.425U	215280387110028	137,327
COVID-19-18SER Supplemental Grant	84.425U	21528043057950	601,073
Total Assistance Listing Number 84.425	01.1250	213200 1303 7330	1,675,283
Total Passed Through Texas Education Agency			2,394,939
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			2,394,939
TOTAL 0.5. DETARTMENT OF EDUCATION			2,394,939
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			
Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			
ELC Reopening Schools-School Health	93.323	N/A	114,244
Total Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission			114,244
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			114,244
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			
*School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402301	102,596
*National School Lunch Program - Cash Assistance	10.555	71302301	481,389
*National School Lunch Prog Non-Cash Assistance	10.555	N/A	84,659
*Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	N/A	67,289
Total Assistance Listing Number 10.555			633,337
*USDA Emergency Operational Cost Reimbursement	10.559	N/A	4,773
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			740,706
Total Passed Through the Texas Department of Agriculture			740,706
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			740,706
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,249,889
*Clustered Programs			
Ciustorea i Togranis			

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES ON ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

- 1. For all federal programs, the District uses the fund types specified in Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Special revenue funds are used to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by a grantor. Federal and state financial assistance is generally accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund.
- 2. The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The Governmental Fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All Federal grant funds were accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund or, in some instances, in the General Fund which are Governmental Fund type funds. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities and the fund balance are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases and decreases in net current assets. The modified accrual basis of accounting is used for the Governmental Fund types. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available, and expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest on General Long-Term Debt, which is recognized when due, and certain compensated absences and claims and judgments, which are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Federal grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant, and, accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as unearned revenues until earned.
- 3. The District must submit to the pass-through entity no later than 90 calendar days (or an earlier date as agreed upon by the pass-through entity and the District) after the end date of the period of performance, all financial, performance, and other reports as required by the terms and conditions of the Federal award. The Federal awarding agency or pass-through entity may approve extension when requested and justified by the non-Federal entity, as applicable (2 CFR 200.344(a)). Unless the Federal awarding agency of pass-through entity authorizes an extension, a non-Federal entity must liquidate all financial obligations incurred under the Federal award no later than 120 calendar days after the end date of the period of performance as specified in the terms and conditions of the Federal award. (2 CFR 200.344(b)).
- 4. Indirect cost reimbursement for federal programs for this fiscal year was received in the amount of \$0.
- 5. Assistance Listing numbers for commodity assistance are the Assistance Listing numbers of the programs under which USDA donated the commodities.

6. Reconciliation Information:

Amount reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal awards	\$ 3,249,889
SHARS revenue reported in the General Fund	76,756
E-Rate revenue reported in the General Fund	12,427
E-Rate revenue reported in the Bond Construction Fund	125,222
Federal Program Revenue Reported on Exhibit C-3	\$ 3,464,294

SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If there was a warrant hold not cleared in 30 days, then not timely.)	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? (Yes even if cleared within 30 days.)	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules in effect at the fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end.	0