



Report Card Family Guide: Grade 5

Manteca Unified Families,

We value working together to support your child’s education and growth. MUSD has created the Standards Based Report Card (SBRC) as an effective communication tool between you and your child's teacher regarding your child’s progress toward mastering state grade-level standards throughout the school year. These standards identify what students should know and be able to do by the end of the grade level.

This **Report Card Family Guide** has been specially designed to support MUSD families with understanding your child’s report card and how you can support learning from home. One of the most impactful ways a parent/family can support is by encouraging a love of learning. Families can do this by being excited and interested about what their child is learning in class.

In this document you will find:

- Important learning standards in each subject or area for the grade level
- Guidance for families about ways they can support their child’s learning
- Additional resources for families

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Overview of the Report Cards

The MUSD purpose of the standards-based report card is to clearly communicate student performance toward grade-level standards and expectations to our families. A standards-based report card is designed to provide accurate information about student performance and growth in meeting the standard. In other words, rather than focusing on a percentage or number of points obtained, standards-based reporting focuses on student understanding or competency in each standard.

All MUSD students in grades TK-6 receive marks in the following areas: Habits of Success, English Language Arts, History/Social Studies, Mathematics, Science, Physical Education, Visual and Performing Arts, and Technology. Students who are English Language Learners receive additional marks indicating their progress in learning English Language Development Standards.

Standards-Based Report Card Marks

On the Standards-Based report card, students receive marks indicating their current level of progress toward end-of-year expectations for grade-level standards. Marks on the report card are reported as the following letter abbreviations **EX, PR, AP, BE** for each of the four proficiency scale levels. Refer to the chart below to view the proficiency marks and descriptions.



MUSD K-6 Proficiency Scale	
Exceeded (EX)	Student has demonstrated mastery of grade level standards and is able to extend and apply concepts with a greater depth of understanding to new situations.
Proficient (PR)	Student demonstrates mastery of grade-level standards.
Approaching (AP)	Student shows basic understanding and is progressing toward mastery of the grade level standard.
Beginning (BE)	Student is beginning to demonstrate understanding but is not yet meeting grade-level standards.
Insufficient (IN)	Student has not demonstrated enough evidence to assess the grade-level standards.

Goal Setting with Your Child's Teacher

What is the purpose of the Goal Setting Conference?

The Goal Setting Conference provides an opportunity to establish relationships between students, teachers, and families based on feedback and support. Goal setting helps students take ownership of their learning. These conferences differ from a traditional parent-teacher conference, which only allows for discussion after teaching and learning have taken place.

Teachers share information based on the individual student such as anecdotal records, participation, work samples, formative assessments, MAP student profile data, and other relevant data.

Effective goal setting engages students in understanding how learning is measured. Student-owned goal setting, undertaken through a diversity of teaching styles and approaches, is a critical strategy to assist students in becoming lifelong learners.

Before the Goal Setting Conference:

- Make sure you have a scheduled conference time. If you need to cancel the scheduled time, contact the teacher to schedule a different time.
- Review your child's work.
- Talk with your child about their progress in school.
- Think about your child's strengths and challenges.
- Make a list of questions about your child's development and ways you and the teacher can help your child with some of their challenges. Examples: Is my child at the level they should be at this point in the school year? In what areas is my child excelling? How is their attendance? What can I do to help my child with upcoming work?
- Think about ways you would like to be involved in your child's learning, so you can discuss them with the teacher.

At the Goal Setting Conference:

- Be prepared for a two-way conversation to learn about your child's social and emotional and academic progress at school. This is also an opportunity for the teacher to learn about what your child is like at home. When you tell the teacher about your child's skills, interests, needs and dreams, the teacher can help your child more.







- Ask to see data about your child’s attendance and academic progress at school.
- Make a goal and a plan with your child's teacher to ensure your child's success.
- Write down the things you and the teacher will do to support your child.
- Schedule another time to talk if you need to continue the conversation past the allotted amount of time.
- Ask your child's teacher how best to communicate with them.

After the Goal Setting Conference:

- Talk with your child about what you learned.
- Follow up with the teacher about your child’s development and the plan that was created during the conference.

Habits of Success

At MUSD, we believe in the importance of developing students who are knowledgeable and have the attributes to be successful learners. Therefore, our goals for students include demonstration of attributes and academic performance. The Habits of Success are behaviors that lead to one’s success as a student and as a productive member of society.

 <p>Follow School rules, routines, and class expectations.</p>	 <p>Prepared, organized, and on task.</p>
 <p>Completes assignments on time.</p>	 <p>Respects and collaborates well with others</p>

Additional Resources for Families

- Toolkits for parents for each age level can be found in English and Spanish at: parenttoolkit.com
- Social-Emotional Learning information can be found at: casel.org/social-and-emotional-learning



English Language Arts

Students will continue to build the connections of reading, writing and language. In reading, they continue to analyze text by making inferences, comparing narratives (stories) of the same genre for topic and theme, and considering how point of view influences the narrative. They determine two or more main ideas and analyze multiple accounts of the same event. Fifth graders use structure purposely depending on their audience and purpose in writing. They write multi-paragraph opinion pieces, use academic vocabulary and illustrations in their informative writing, and use literary techniques like dialogue and pacing to develop their characters in stories. They will deliver an opinion speech with supporting reasons.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Reported English Language Arts Standards	
Reading Foundational Skills	Read and comprehend at grade level. Read on-level text with accuracy, rate, and expression to support comprehension.
Reading Literature	Quote text explicitly when explaining and drawing inferences from literature.
	Determine the theme of a story or text with supporting details; summarize the text.
	Determine the meaning of words and phrases in context, including figurative language.
	Understand that a writer's point of view changes how events are described
Reading Informational Text	Quote text explicitly when explaining and drawing inferences from informational text.
	Determine the main idea of a text with supporting details; summarize the text.
Writing	Write an opinion, informative, and/or narrative text with a clear topic, supporting details, use of linking words or phrases, and provides a conclusion.
	Produce clear and coherent writing (including multi-paragraph texts) in which the development and organization are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.
Language	Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words using a variety of strategies.
Speaking & Listening	Participate effectively in different types of collaborative discussions with diverse people about topics, texts, and issues.
	Deliver a clear and well-paced oral report on a given topic. Use logical sequence and factual details to support the main idea or theme.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Ask your child to retell a story in their own words or say what they learned from reading.
- Engage in activities that prompt discussions about the significance of information: read together and analyze main ideas, set goals, organize information, and play games that encourage ranking based on importance.
- Take trips to the library and get involved in library events.
- Write daily! Journal daily or find interesting magazine pictures and make up a story to go with it.
- Find new unfamiliar words in a book and discuss the meaning.
- Use technology to help build your child's interest in reading. There are several websites where students can read books or articles online or research topics that interest them.

Additional Resources for Families

- Visit [Seek Common Ground Family Guides](#)



- Visit SORA, our MUSD online digital library. Access through Student Portal in Office 365 or download for free from the Apple or Google Play Store.
- Use Exact Path, a free online learning tool with personalized instruction powered by MAP Assessment data. Learn more at [Exact Path - Manteca Unified School District \(mantecaused.net\)](http://mantecaused.net)

English Language Development

The English Language Development (ELD) section on the report card is only completed for students who are identified as English Language Learners. The ELD section includes statements from the California English Language Development Standards, which describe the key knowledge, skills, and abilities that students who are learning English as a new language need to access, engage with, and achieve grade-level academic content.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Reported ELD Standards	
Exchange Information and Ideas	Contribute to class, group, and partner discussions, including sustained dialogue, by following turn-taking rules, asking relevant questions, affirming others, and adding relevant information
Listening Actively	Demonstrate active listening of read-alouds and oral presentations by asking and answering detailed questions
Reading/Viewing Closely	Explain ideas, events, processes, and text relationships (e.g., compare/contrast, cause/effect, and problem/solution) based on close reading of a variety of grade-level texts and viewing of multimedia and Use knowledge of morphology (e.g., affixes, roots, and base words), linguistic context, and reference materials to determine the meaning of unknown words on familiar and new topics
Oral Presentation	Plan and deliver longer oral presentations on a variety of topics and content areas (e.g., providing an opinion speech on a current event, reciting a poem, recounting an experience, explaining a science process)
Writing (Understanding Text Structure)	Apply a growing understanding of how different text types are organized to express ideas (e.g., how a narrative is organized sequentially with predictable stages versus how opinions/arguments are structured logically around reasons and evidence) to comprehending texts and writing texts
Writing (Understanding cohesion)	Apply a growing understanding of language resources for referring the reader back or forward in text (e.g., how pronouns or synonyms refer back to nouns in text) to comprehending texts and writing texts. Apply a growing understanding of how ideas, events, or reasons are linked throughout a text using a variety of connecting words or phrases (e.g., for example, in the first place, as a result) to comprehending texts.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Take a family outing, such as programs at public libraries and recreational centers, where they can interact with English-speaking children.
- Actively encourage friendships with English-speaking peers.
- Borrow books from the local public library.

Additional Resources for Families

- Click link to find ideas for [How parents can support English language learning](#)
- Visit MUSD’s English Language Development webpage: [English Language Development - Manteca Unified School District \(mantecaused.net\)](http://mantecaused.net)



Summative English Language Proficiency Assessments for California (ELPAC)

In addition to reporting on ELD standards each trimester, all English language learners are required by the state of California to be assessed annually using the ELPAC to report progress on English Language acquisition. This test is called the English Language Proficiency Assessment for California (ELPAC). The Summative ELPAC is taken each spring.

What is the purpose of the Summative ELPAC?

- To assess English Language Development in English learners in Transitional Kindergarten through twelfth grade.
- To check their progress in learning English each year.

What does the Summative ELPAC cover?

The Summative ELPAC covers listening, speaking, reading, and writing for all grades tested. The Summative ELPAC is based on California English language development standards, adopted by the State Board of Education.

When do families receive the results?

For the spring administration of the Summative ELPAC, results are available in Q Parent Connect to families each Fall.

For students new to California, the Initial ELPAC is administered in the fall. It is the required state test for English Language Proficiency (ELP) that is given to students whose primary language is a language other than English. The purpose of the Initial ELPAC is to determine the English proficiency of students entering California schools for the first time. Identifying students who need help learning in English is important, so students get the support they need to do well in school while receiving instruction in all school subjects. The initial results are given to parents in the fall and these students will also be assessed in spring with the Summative ELPAC.

Additional Resources for Families

- More information can be found on the CA Department of Education ELPAC Resource page at cde.ca.gov/ta/tg/ep



History/Social Studies

Students learn about the development of the United States up until 1850 beginning with the First Nations (Native American tribes), to explorers, to colonialism, the American Revolution, to the formation of the United States, and more.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Reported History-Social Science Standards
Analyze and understand the people and the key events that took place from the development of the United States to 1850.
Use primary and secondary sources to identify how economical, technological, and social advancements shaped the United States.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Explore your local region together. Many places offer free community events for families.
- Visit parks, historical sites, and local museums.
- Learn together about local heroes, landmarks, and historical and cultural events.
- Look for opportunities in everyday places to use maps and charts.
- Talk to your child about elections so they can learn about government.
- Share the primary sources of your family. Ask a family or community member to tell his/her stories and share any letters, journals or photographs that connect to the community.

Additional Resources for Families

- For events and information about National Parks: [nps.gov](https://www.nps.gov)
- For events and information about the California State Parks: parks.ca.gov
- Visit the Manteca Historical Museum: themantecamuseum.org
- Visit the San Joaquin County Historical Museum: sanjoaquinhistory.org

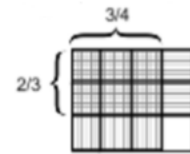


Mathematics

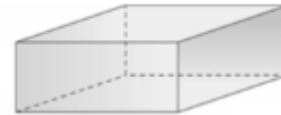
Being prepared for the 21st-century workforce requires being able to do more than simply compute or carry out procedures. Students need conceptual understanding and procedural fluency and must know how, why, and when to apply this knowledge to answer questions and solve problems. They need to be able to reason mathematically and communicate their reasoning effectively to others. Therefore, the way your child learns about math may look different from the way math has been taught previously. The Common Core State Standards provide a framework for broadening what it means to do and learn math.

Grade 5 math focuses most heavily on three critical content areas:

1. 1. Developing proficiency with addition and subtraction of fractions and developing understanding of the multiplication of fractions and division of fractions in limited cases (unit fractions divided by whole numbers and whole numbers divided by unit fractions).
 - a. Using equivalent fractions as a strategy to add and subtract
 - b. Applying and extending previous understandings of and division to multiply and divide fractions.
2. Extending division to two-digit divisors, integrating decimal the place value system, developing understanding proficiency with numbers and decimals.
 - a. Deepening understanding of the place value system.
 - b. Performing operations with multi-digit whole numbers with decimals to hundredths.
3. Developing understanding of volume.
 - a. Understanding concepts of volume and relating volume to multiplication and addition.



fractions.
multiplication
fractions into
whole



and

The following report card standards are aligned to the CA Grade 5 critical areas for math.

Fifth graders will

Grade 5 Reported Mathematics Standards	
Operations & Algebraic Thinking	Write, record, and evaluate expressions with numbers using parentheses (), brackets [], or braces {}.
Numbers & Operations Base Ten	Fluently multiply multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm.
	Understand, illustrate, and explain the process of dividing multi-digit whole numbers.
	Understand, illustrate, and explain the process of dividing decimals to the hundredths.
Number & Operations in Fractions	Add and subtract fractions with unlike denominators in variety of problems using numbers sense to estimate and assess the reasonableness of answers.
	Interpret the dividend of fractions and mixed numbers using models or equations and solve real world problems.
	Interpret the product of fractions and mixed numbers using models or equations.
Measurement & Data	Relate volume to the operations of multiplication and addition to solve real world problems utilizing formulas.
Geometry	Identify and graph real world problems using ordered pairs in the first quadrant of a coordinate plane.
	Classify two-dimensional figures in a hierarchy based on properties.



What Can Families Do to Support Student?

- In MUSD, we use critical thinking questions in the classroom to help students connect learning across subjects. Practicing thinking strategies both at school and at home is important for helping your child develop problem-solving, decision-making, and learning skills. We encourage you to use some of these questions at home!
 - Draw on Background Knowledge: What does this remind you of? Have you seen a problem like this before? What do you already know about this problem?
 - Ask Questions: What do you need to find or solve for in this problem? What do you think this problem is asking?
 - Visualize: Can you draw a picture of what is happening? What tools can you use to help solve this problem? How could you represent this in another way? How does that image help you understand?
 - Monitor for Meaning: What part of the problem are you having trouble with? What did you learn from this problem that you can use in the future? What's confusing? What makes sense?
- Show that you have a growth mindset about math: Even if you struggle with math, you can show your child that you are excited to learn about what they are doing.
- Make math fun and engaging for your child. For example, notice with your child situations in day-to-day life that use equal groups and arrays.

Additional Resources for Families

- Common Core State Standards for mathematics: www.thecorestandards.org/Math
- Common Core State Standards for mathematics in Spanish: commoncore-espanol.sdcoe.net
- Parent guides by grade level in English and Spanish: [Parents/Padres / Homepage \(cgcs.org\)](http://Parents/Padres / Homepage (cgcs.org))
- Math Pathways [Parent Tool Kit](#): Track and support your child's progress | *NBC News/Education*
- Use Exact Path, a free online learning tool with personalized instruction powered by MAP Assessment data in reading, language arts, and math. Learn more at [Exact Path - Manteca Unified School District \(mantecausd.net\)](http://Exact Path - Manteca Unified School District (mantecausd.net))



Science

Manteca Unified students are taught science in the classroom following the Next Generation Science Standards (NGSS). The NGSS offers a greater focus on science and engineering practices: what real scientists and engineers do as a part of their work. The emphasis on practices, rather than solely on memorizing scientific facts, better prepares students for future opportunities within the fields of science and engineering and allows all students to become more scientifically literate citizens who can think critically about issues that matter, from healthcare to the environment. The four practices included on the report card are: Asking Questions, Developing and Using Models, Planning and Conducting Investigations, and Designing Solutions.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Reported NGSS SEP Standards
Ask questions that can be investigated and predict reasonable outcomes.
Use or develop scientific models to explore and test scientific principles or phenomenon.
Plan and conduct investigations, with support, to collect data that explains a phenomenon or test a solution.
Engage in arguments based on evidence.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Check with your child's teacher about volunteering for hands-on science in the classroom or science related field trips.
- Get outside together, taking time to notice, appreciate, and wonder about surroundings.
- Engage in family-friendly science experiments at home.
- Ask open-ended questions: Take time to encourage thoughtful answers. *“Tell me about what you built, made, created.” “What do you think caused it to change?” “Can you think of a different way to do it?” “Can you describe what happened?”*

Additional Resources for Families

- More information regarding the Next Generation Science Standards: <https://www.nextgenscience.org/resources/ngss-parent-guides>
- At-home science experiments: [70 Easy Science Experiments Using Materials You Already Have \(weareteachers.com\)](http://weareteachers.com)



Physical Education

Physical Education is a content area in which your child will participate in a variety of activities focusing on motor skills, movement patterns, physical fitness, goal setting, healthy lifestyle choices, and positive social interactions. Physical Education is an instructional program, which differs from recess, free play, recreational sports, and athletics. PE Specialists and Classroom Teachers work in collaboration to provide high-quality instruction that supports students to become confident, active, and healthy lifelong movers.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Physical Education Standards
Locomotor Skills: Uses appropriate pacing whole running for distance.
Manipulative Skills: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a. Catch a thrown ball above the head, at chest/ waist level, and below waist level using hands and correct hand placement. b. Use hand or foot dribbles with directional control within a skill or small-sided game.
Exhibit personal responsibility and safe behaviors while engaging in physical activities with respect for self, others, and facilities.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Schedule something active 3-5 times a week
 - Take a walk around your neighborhood
 - Play frisbee in the park
 - Ride bikes or walk with your child to school
 - Hike and explore local trails
- Focus on activities the whole family can do together, and keep the activities fun rather than competitive
- Join family-friendly fitness classes at a local gym or community center
- Lead an active lifestyle and encourage your child to join
- Practice locomotor skills at home, which are physical actions that allow a person to move from one location to another – movements such as walking, running, hopping, skipping and leaping for example.

Additional Resources for Families

- For ways to get active: letsmove.gov/get-active
- For family fitness activities: [20 Family Fitness Ideas Beyond the Gym | Performance Health](#)



Visual & Performing Arts

Visual and performing arts are an essential part of learning in the 21st century. In TK-6 classrooms, arts education can be uniquely integrated with state standards. This integration allows teachers to deepen students' understanding in various subjects by incorporating dance, music, theatre, visual arts, and media arts into their lessons.

Fifth graders will:

Grade 5 Reported Visual & Performing Arts
Create and present content using a variety of art forms.
Explain, respond, and connect to a variety of art forms using content-specific vocabulary.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Encourage your child to sing, play music, dance, draw, paint, and play imaginary games with friends, siblings, or by themselves
- Take your child to art exhibits at school, in museums, online, and more
- Talk to your child about visual and performing arts they experience and give them plenty of time to think about: *What's going on in this picture? What's going on in this performance? What do you see that makes you say that? What more can we/you find?*
- Make sure your child participates in performances and arts-related programs.
- Join your school's ARTS committee and provide support with field trips and other arts-related activities
- Talk to your child's classroom teacher and share what their interests are at home.

Additional Resources for Families

- Ways to get artistic at home: [38 Visual Arts Activities For Elementary Students: Exploration Of Colors, Shapes, And Artistry - Teaching Expertise](#)
- Visit The Haggin Museum: [Haggin Museum – Go on an adventure](#)



Technology

Grade-level technology skills are integrated across subject areas. The skills identified for each grade level align with the state standards for Mathematics, English Language Arts, History/Social Studies, and Science as well as skills required to take online assessments such as the Smarter Balanced Assessment Consortium’s (SBAC) Compute Adaptive Assessments. Grade-level technology skills also include Digital Citizenship.

Fifth graders will:

Grade K-6 Reported Technology Standards
Digital Citizenship
Demonstrates grade-appropriate technology skills.

What Can Families Do to Support Students?

- Build a family media plan that balances time with and without devices.
- Create screen-free times and places in your home, such as meals and bedtime.
- Have regular discussions as a family about your online activities.
- Talk about social media and being safe online.

Additional Resources for Families

- [Kids & Tech: 12 Tips for Parents in the Digital Age - HealthyChildren.org](#)
- [45+ Technology Activities for Kids: Computer Science, Coding, and Tech Fun! - Our Family Code](#)



FAQ for Grading Students w/ Individualized Education Plans (IEPs)

1. Do teachers provide Progress Reports* on IEP Goals as well as a Standards-Based Report Card**?

Yes. A student's family should be notified of their student's progress on IEP goals. If a student with a disability is participating in the general education curriculum, the student must receive a report card that reflects their progress.

NOTE: *The student's IEP goals are not the basis for their grades on Report Cards.*

2. Who provides the grades on a student's Standards-Based Report Card?

The teacher of record is responsible for providing grades on the report card and may do so in consultation with a student's other teachers. The Special Education teacher is responsible for providing Progress Reports on IEP goals and may do so in consultation with a student's General Education teacher. Additionally, the Special Teacher provides Progress Reports on IEP goals to families at the same time as the report card (i.e. at the end of each trimester).

3. Should the teacher indicate on a report card that the student has a disability?

No. The nature of a student's disability should not be named or identified on a report card. Nor should the students' specialized instructional setting or services be described. In a report card, ONLY student performance on the curriculum should be noted.

4. Do accommodations affect grades (Proficiency Levels) on a Report Card?

No. Accommodations do NOT affect Report Card grades. An accommodation is a change to the teaching or testing procedures, student response, or other attributes to provide a student with access to information and to create an equal opportunity to demonstrate knowledge and skills. An accommodation does not fundamentally alter or lower the standard or expectation of the course, standard or test.

5. How does behavior, attendance, and task completion factor into a student's grade?

Standards based grading is based on mastery of standards. Therefore, behavior, attendance, and incomplete work should not be incorporated into a student's grade.

***Progress Reports** indicate progress on the IEP goals designed to designate necessary learning for a student to access and progress in the general education curriculum.

****Report Cards** provide measures of a student's progress in the general education curriculum and are provided to parents to indicate their child's progress or level of achievement in specific classes, course content, or curriculum.

Adapted from Riverside SELPA "Guidelines for Grading Students with Disabilities" p. 10-20

