CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT JUNE 30, 2016

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES AND SINGLE AUDIT ATTACHMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	PAGE
Table of Contents	2-4
Transmittal Letter	5
Report Distribution List	6
Independent Auditors' Report	<i>7</i> -9
Required Supplementary Information:	
Management Discussion and Analysis	10-21
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Position	22-23
Statement of Net Activities	24
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	25
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	27
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	28-29
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Fund	30
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Change in Fund Net Position - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Fund	31

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES AND SINGLE AUDIT ATTACHMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	PAGE
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Fund - Food Service Fund	32
Statement of Net Position - Fiduciary Fund - Agency Fund	33
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	34-59
Required Supplementary Information:	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures & Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual The Schedule of Funding Progress for Other Post-Employment Benefits The Schedule of Proportionate Share of PSERS Net Pension Liability The Schedule of PSERS Contributions	60-61
Other Supplementary Information:	
Supplemental Schedule I - Statement of Changes in Net Position - Fiduciary Funds - Agency Fund	62
Supplemental Schedule II - Statement of Additions and Deductions - Classes and Clubs	63
Supplemental Schedule III - Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Reserve for Capital Improvements	64
Supplemental Schedule IV - Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Change in Reserve for Capital Projects	65
Single Audit Attachments:	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards for the Year Ended June 30, 2016	66-69
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters, Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	70-71
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for each Major Program and Internal Control over Compliance Required by Uniform Guidance	72-73

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY INDEX TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULES AND SINGLE AUDIT ATTACHMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	<u>Page</u>
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	74
Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings and Internal Control Weaknesses	75
Control in Carrioscos	, 5

ROBERT ROSSI & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ROBERT L. ROSSI, C.P.A. ROBERT T. ARVONIO, C.P.A. PETER D. ARVONIO, JR., C.P.A. ROBERT A. HANIS, C.P.A. 299 MAIN ST. 2ND FLR OLYPHANT, PA 18447-2326 TEL. (570) 876-2300 - FAX (570) 876-5153 Website: www.rrco.net

SALVATORE A. NOLE, JR., C.P.A. JOSEPH E. ROSSI, C.P.A. SEAN J. GRASSI, C.P.A. RALPH R. MORRIS, III, C.P.A.

February 7, 2017

Board of Directors Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County

We have performed the Single Audit of the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016, and have enclosed the single audit report package.

The single audit was done to fulfill the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. It entailed: 1. An audit of the basic financial statements and Supplementary Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards - Governmental Entity and our opinion thereon; 2. A review of Compliance and Internal Controls over Financial Reporting Based on an audit of Financial Statements performed in accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards and 3. A review of compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal controls over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance.

Robert Rossi + CO

REPORT DISTRIBUTION LIST

Office of the Budget Bureau of Audits Bell Tower - Strawberry Square, 6th Floor Harrisburg, Pennsylvania 17101

1 Copy

Federal Audit Clearing House 1201 E 10th Street Jeffersonville, Indiana 47132 Attn: Single Audit Clearing House

1 Copy

Scranton Lackawanna Human Development Agency

Attn: Ryan McKeown Head Start Office 321 Spruce Street Scranton, Pennsylvania 18503

1 Copy

ROBERT ROSSI & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

 ROBERT L. ROSSI, C.P.A.
 299 MAIN S

 ROBERT T. ARVONIO, C.P.A.
 OLYPHANT, F

 PETER D. ARVONIO, JR., C.P.A.
 TEL. (570) 876-2300 S

299 MAIN ST. 2ND FLR OLYPHANT, PA 18447-2326 TEL. (570) 876-2300 - FAX (570) 876-5153 Website: www.rrco.net

SALVATORE A. NOLE, JR., C.P.A. JOSEPH E. ROSSI, C.P.A. SEAN J. GRASSI, C.P.A. RALPH R. MORRIS, III, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

February 7, 2017

ROBERT A. HANIS, C.P.A.

To the Board of Directors
Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and the schedule of funding progress for other post-employment benefits, the schedule of proportionate share of PSERS net pension liability, the schedule of PSERS contributions analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 10 thru 21 and 60 thru 61 to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's basic financial statements. The introductory section and non-major fund financial statement is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual non-major fund financial statement schedule and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual non-major fund financial statement and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statement as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated February 7, 2017, on our consideration of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

The discussion and analysis of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's (CTC) financial performance provides an overall review of the CTC's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. This discussion and analysis is intended to provide a narrative summary of the financial performance of the CTC as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of CTC's financial performance.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information between the current year and the prior year is included in the MD&A.

OVERVIEW OF THE SCHOOL

The Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County is a joint venture of eight public school districts in Lackawanna County, Pennsylvania organized under the Public School Code of Pennsylvania. The school provides career and technical training programs for high school students who are residents of participating school districts, non-participating school districts on a tuition basis, and adults enrolled in various Continuing Education programs operated at the facility. CTC is located within the City of Scranton, and is governed by its Joint Operating Committee consisting of one member from each of eight participating member school districts. The participating districts include: Carbondale Area, Dunmore, Forest City Regional, Mid Valley, Lakeland, North Pocono, Scranton City and Valley View. The school also trains students from non-participating school districts, which include Abington Heights, Lackawanna Trail, Wallenpaupack and Riverside.

MISSION STATEMENT

It is the mission of the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County to provide those who have a specific career objective, and have expressed a desire for career and technical education, with the skills and knowledge needed for entry level employment commensurate with the requirements of industry or a post-secondary educational experience. Further, as a continuing education resource, we at the Career Technology Center shall maintain, develop, augment and pioneer programs to benefit those who can profit from life-long learning. An educated workforce is the key to a successful and productive society. The Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County (CTCLC) is dedicated to developing that workforce.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

General Fund

The School's net position increased by \$ 1,033,454 as a result of this year's operations. The net position of our Governmental activities increased by \$ 1,033,505 and the net position of our business type activities decreased by \$ 51. The largest source of revenue comes from the school districts to support the secondary education programs and totaled \$ 4,756,951 for 2015 - 2016, an increase of \$ 1,019,302 from 2014 - 2015. Of this increase, \$ 927,060 was from the 2013 - 2014 and 2014 - 2015 fund balances that were allowed to be retained by the School. The following formula is used to calculate member and non-member district costs: "Current operating expenditures shall be allocated to and paid by each of the participating school districts based upon the district average of the last 4 years of ADM as compared to the total 4 year average of ADM's of all participating school districts. The 4 years will begin with the year immediately prior to the ensuing budget year, and backwards 3 years beyond that year. The ADM's of the year immediately prior will be based upon estimated ADM's as of April 1 of that year, and the other 3 years will be based upon audited ADM's. No adjustments will be made to the payments of the districts once the budget is approved, and the amount calculated will be the maximum payment each district will make for that budget year. The net per pupil cost for nonmember districts will be based on the average ADM's as calculated by this formula utilizing the actual ADM's of the non-participating district. Non-participating districts may also be charged additional tuition.

Capital Reserve Funds – The CTC operates a Capital Reserve Fund for the purpose of funding capital projects, equipment purchases and equipment upgrades to the facility and instructional programs. The largest revenue in this fund is from the retention of the General Fund operating fund balances, allowed to be retained by the participating Districts, and other revenue is derived from the sale of school assets. This fund is set up in order to alleviate additional charge-backs to the districts for funding of capital projects at the CTC.

Capital Project Fund - The CTC operates a Capital Projects Fund for the purpose of funding the CTC renovation project. The revenue from the fund is derived from the CTC 2012 Bond issue and funds the current CTC construction project. Estimated cost of the project is \$18.1 million and includes a total renovation of the school. Payments to the contractors are made from this account which is under control of the trustee, Community Bank (First Liberty Bank) after application is made to the State Public Building Authority. The project has essentially been completed.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Debt Service Fund - The CTC Debt Service Fund is a fund required by our 2012 CTC Bond Issue agreement. Revenue from the fund is derived from the debt service payments made by eight participating school districts of the Joint Operating Committee. These payments are made to the fund semi-annually before February 15 and August 15 of each year through 2032 to the Community Bank (First Liberty Bank), the bond trustee. The trustee makes payments to the bond holders on February 15 and August 15 of each year through 2032.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three components - Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information.

The basic financial statements include two types of statements that present the financial information of CTC in different ways:

- The first two statements of the basic financial statements are government-wide financial statements. These statements consist of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The government-wide financial statements provide both short-term and long-term information about CTC's overall financial status.
- The remaining basic financial statements consist of fund financial statements. These
 statements focus on individual components, or funds, of CTC and provide a more
 detailed presentation of CTC's operations. The governmental funds statements
 present how general CTC services were financed in the short-term as well as what
 remains for future spending.
- The proprietary funds statements present both short-term and long-term information about the activities that CTC operates similar to a business. For CTC, this is our Food Service Fund. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about financial relationships where the CTC acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources in question belong.

The financial statements also include *notes* that provide a more detailed explanation of some of the information in the financial statements. Following the basic financial statements is CTC's required supplementary information that provides more detailed data.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

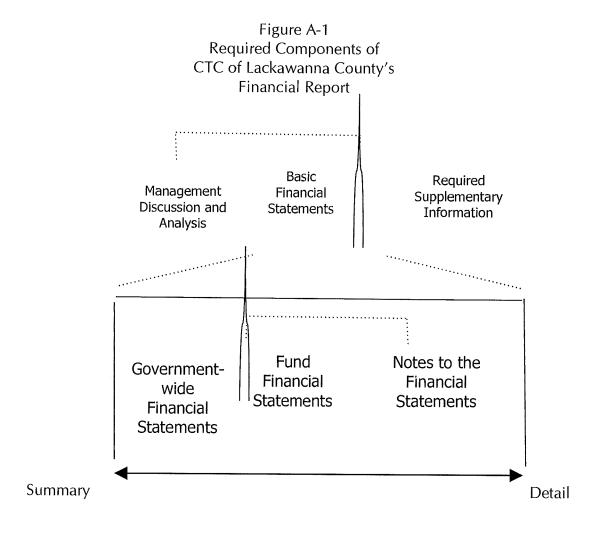


Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of CTC's financial statements, including the portion of CTC they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Figure A-2
Major Features of CTC of Lackawanna County's
Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Government	Fu	nd Financial Stateme	nts
	Wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire CTC (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of CTC that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration, and community services	Activities CTC operates similar to private business – Food Service	Instances in which CTC is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources – Student Activities Classes and Clubs
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net assets Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Reporting the School as a Whole - Government Wide Statements

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The government-wide statements report financial information about CTC of Lackawanna County using accounting methods similar to the accounting used by private-sector companies. The *Statement of Net Position* includes all of CTC's assets and liabilities utilizing the full accrual basis of accounting. The *Statement of Activities* accounts for all of CTC's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report CTC of Lackawanna County's net position and changes in them. CTC's net position represents the difference between its assets and liabilities. CTC's net position is one way to measure its financial position, or financial health, over time. Increases or decreases in CTC's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively. In assessing CTC's overall financial health, other non-financial factors must be considered, such as the financial health of the member districts, facility conditions, and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of CTC are divided into two categories:

- Governmental Activities Most of CTC's basic services are reported here, such as instruction, administration, support services, depreciation and debt service fund. Contributions from the member school districts and state and federal government subsidies and grants are the primary funding sources for these activities.
- Business-type Activities CTC operates a food service operation and charges fees to students and staff to help it cover all or most of the cost of the food services it provides.

Reporting the School's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, or major funds, of CTC – not CTC as a whole. Some funds are required to be reported as major funds by State law and by other requirements. CTC has three types of funds that use different accounting approaches are:

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Reporting the School's Most Significant Funds (Continued)

• Governmental funds – Most of CTC's basic services are reported here, and focus on changes in financial resources, rather than upon net income determination. These funds are reported using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. These funds provide a detailed short-term view of CTC's operations and the basic services it provides. The information reported in the governmental funds helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance CTC's operations. The relationship (or differences) between the governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and the governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included in the financial statements.

The governmental funds that are considered to be major funds of CTC are the General Fund (required by GASB Statement No. 34 to be reported as a major fund), the Capital Reserve Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund. The Debt Service Fund is considered to be a non-major fund

 Proprietary funds – These funds account for CTC's activities that are similar to private sector business operations, and focus on the determination of net income and financial position.

When CTC charges customers for services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units in CTC – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. CTC has the Food Service Fund as a proprietary fund, which is considered an enterprise funds. The information reported for this enterprise fund is the same information we report for the business-type activities reported in the government-wide statement. However, the fund level statements provide more detailed information on the enterprise funds, such as cash flows.

The Food Service Fund is required by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Labor, Education and Community Services (LECS) Comptroller's Office to be reported as a major fund.

• Fiduciary funds - CTC is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some student activity funds. All of CTC's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from CTC's government-wide financial statement because CTC cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CTC AS A WHOLE

Table A-1
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016
Net Assets

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business Type Activities			tivities	Total Primary Government				%
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015	Chg
Current Assets	\$	2,015,526	\$	1,781,650	\$	(14,077)	\$	(11,505)	\$	2,001,449	\$	1,770,145	13.1%
Restricted Assets		706,748		2,886,185		0		0		706,748		2,886,185	-75.5%
Capital Assets	_	21,964,852	_	20,364,088		14,359		11,727		21,979,211	_	20,375,815	<u>7.9%</u>
Total Assets	\$	24,687,126	\$	25,031,923	\$	282	\$	222	\$	24,687,408	\$	25,032,145	<u>-1.4%</u>
			_					•	_			•	
Deferred Outflow of Resources	\$	1,144,310	\$	698,637	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,144,310	\$	698,637	63.8%
Current Liabilities	\$	2,106,355	\$	2,240,771	\$	211	\$	99	\$	2,106,566	\$	2,240,870	-6.0%
Restricted Liabilities		47,137		611,738		0		0		47,137		611,738	-92.3%
Long Term Liabilities		25,737,940	_	25,431,288		0		0	_	25,737,940	_	25,431,288	1.2%
Total Liabilities	\$	27,891,432	\$	28,283,797	\$	211	\$	99	\$	27,891,643	\$	28,283,896	<u>-1.4%</u>
v.													
Deferred Inflow of Resources	\$	542,013	\$	1,082,277	\$	0	\$	0	\$	542,013	\$	1,082,277	-49.9%
		.						,	_				
Net Position													
Invested In Capital Assets	\$	6,578,413	\$	5,684,560	\$	14,359	\$	11,726	\$	6,592,772	\$	5,696,286	15.7%
Restricted for Capital Repl		614,120		2,229,048		0		0		614,120		2,229,048	-72,4%
Restricted for Capital Project		911,791		543,633		0		0		911,791		543,633	100.0%
Restricted for Debt Service		80		15		0		0		80		15	100.0%
Unrestricted		(10,706,413)		(12,092,770)		(14,288)		(11,603)		(10,720,701)		(12,104,373)	<u>-11.4%</u>
Total Net Position	\$	(2,602,009)	\$	(3,635,514)	\$	71	\$	123	\$	(2,601,938)	\$	(3,635,391)	<u>-28.4%</u>

Changes in Entity-wide Net Position

The results of this year's operations are presented in CTC's Statement of Activities. Expenses are reported in the first column of the statement. Specific charges for services and operating grants and contributions that directly relate to specific categories of expenses are applied against the expenses to determine the amount of CTC's activities that are supported by other general revenues.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

Changes in Entity-wide Net Position (Continued)

The following table takes the information reported on that statement, modifying the format slightly for discussion purposes, in order to present the total revenues and expenses for the year:

Table A-2
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016
Changes in Net Position

		Governmer	ital A	ctivities		Business Ty	/pe Act	tivities		Total Primar	y Gov	vernment
		2016		2015		2016		2015		2016		2015
Revenues												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	971,489	\$	1,107,590	\$	48,346	\$	35,543	\$	1,019,835	\$	1,143,133
Operating grants and contributions		1,137,198		1,018,495		75,700		50,485		1,212,898		1,068,980
Capital grants and contributions		85,047		65,912		0		0		85,047		65,912
General Revenues:										·		•
State grants and subsidies		471,183		422,180		0		0		471,183		422,180
Investment earnings		2,535		15,025		69		6		2,604		15,031
Receipts From Member Districts AVTS		5,710,513		4,644,307		0		0		5,710,513		4,644,307
Rentals and Miscellaneous		23,340		16,262		0		0		23,340		16,262
Total Revenues	\$	8,401,305	\$	7,289,771	\$	124,115	\$	86,034	\$	8,525,420	\$	7,375,805
Expenses												
Instruction	\$	3,517,779	\$	3,140,614	\$	0	\$	0	\$	3,517,779	\$	3,140,614
Support services		2,728,162		2,490,201		0		0		2,728,162		2,490,201
Unallocated Depreciation		557,683		330,882		0		0		557,683		330,882
Interest on Long Term Debt		465,069		471,101		0		0		465,069		471,101
Facility Acquisition, Construction,												
Improvement Services		10,501		21,149		0		0		10,501		21,149
Other Administrative		68,004		53,070		0		0		68,004		53,070
Food/Production services		0		0		144,768		126,204		144,768		126,204
Total Expenses	<u>\$</u>	7,347,198	<u>\$</u>	6,507,017	\$	144,768	\$	126,204	\$	7,491,966	\$	6,633,221
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets Before Transfers	\$	1,054,107	\$	782,754	\$	(20,653)	\$	(40,170)	\$	1,033,454	\$	742,584
Transfers		(20,602)		(39,938)		20,602		39,938		0		0
Increase (Decrease) in Net Assets	\$	1,033,505	\$	742,816	\$	(51)	\$	(232)	\$	1,033,454		742,584
Net Position Beginning Change in Accounting Principle		(3,635,514)		4,650,374		122		354		(3,635,392)		4,650,728
Net Position Ending	\$	(2,602,009)	\$	(9,028,704) (3,635,514)	\$	<u>0</u> 71	\$	<u>0</u> 122	\$	(2,601,938)	\$	(9,028,704) (3,635,392)
Tot I doction Ename	<u> </u>		÷	,,,	-				<u>*</u>	(=,001,000)	Ψ	(5,055,552)

The largest source of program revenues for the CTC consists of charges for services and operating grants and contributions for operation of its continuing education class to adults of \$ 588,888 in 2015- 2016 compared to \$ 678,885 in 2014 - 2015, contributions from non-member districts of \$ 382,601 in 2015 - 2016 compared to \$ 428,705 in 2014 - 2015, and operating grants and subsidies, the largest of which is represented by state funding for

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)
June 30, 2016

Changes in Entity-wide Net Position (Continued)

social security and retirement subsidies of \$ 594,778 in 2015 – 2016 compared to \$ 479,547 in 2014 – 2015 and federal funding from the Carl D. Perkins Vocational and Technical Education grant totaling \$ 416,127 in 2015 - 2016 compared to \$ 391,906 in 2014 - 2015.

The largest source of general revenue for CTC consists of contributions from eight member districts of \$ 5,710,513. Included in the revenue figure is \$1,336,163, which represents the fourth and fifth payment on the CTC 2012 Bond Issue. The payment was made by eight participating districts to the Debt Service Account. The \$ 5,710,513 amount accounts for approximately 68% of total governmental activities revenues. This percentage demonstrates the reliance that CTC places on the contributions received from its member districts.

The second largest source of general revenues for CTC consists of State grants and subsidies, which is \$ 471,183 for the State Vocational Subsidy for Secondary Programs. This is an increase from the prior year of \$49,003.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL'S FUNDS

As of June 30, 2016, CTC's General Fund reported a fund balance of \$ 401,891 which is shown as net in Due (to)/from Other Governmental Units in the Notes to Financial Statements.

In Government Activities, Instruction Expenses increased from \$ 3,140,614 in 2015 to \$ 3,517,779 while Support Services Increased \$ 237,961 to 2,728,162. Of the total increase of \$ 615,126, salaries and corresponding employee benefits accounted for \$ 236,655 or 38% of the overall increase.

Historically, the Joint Operating Committee of the CTC allows for the transfer of fund balances to the Capital Reserve Fund. As stated earlier, this fund is set up for capital projects, equipment upgrades and equipment purchases for the school. By transferring the funds to reserve, school districts avoid being periodically assessed for capital improvements at the CTC.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Statement of Revenue and Expenditures, Budget and Actual show a comparison of budget vs. actual and include a column for Variance with Budget. Total Revenue received in the General Fund was \$ 669,869 over budget, while total Expenditures in the General Fund were \$ 44,074 under budget. As discussed above, \$ 927,060 of the revenue increase was from the transfer in from the member districts of this amount \$ 200,000 remained in the general fund and the remainder was transferred to the capital reserve fund.

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

General Fund Budgetary Highlights (Continued)

Vocational Education Programs ended with a positive expenditure budgetary variance of \$ 79,073. The categories included in this total cover instructional costs for secondary students served by the CTC. Adult Education programs ended with a nominal positive expenditure variance of \$ 281. Total Support Services showed a negative expenditure variance of \$ 40,530.

CAPITAL ASSETS

As of June 30, 2016, CTC had \$ 27,948,470 invested in capital assets compared to \$ 12,606,845 as of June 30, 2015.

Table A-3
Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2016
Capital Assets– Net of Depreciation

Governmental Activities	Total Assets	Accumulated Depreciation	Balance Net of Depreciation		
Land	\$ 195,444	\$ 0	\$ 195,444		
Land Improvements	103,456	8,122	95,334		
Buildings	24,881,176	5,165,714	19,715,462		
Fixtures and Equipment	4,429,986	2,471,374	1,958,612		
• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 29,610,062	\$ 7,645,210	\$ 21,964,852		

LONG TERM DEBT

Summary of CTC Long Term Debt for the year ended June 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Additions	Amortization (Accretion)	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2016	Due Within One Year
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$15,950,000	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 725,000	\$ 15,225,000	\$ 735,000
Amortization / Accretion	754,488	0	(154,556)	0	599,932	0
Capitalized Lease	204,088	0	0	28,461	175,627	29,474
TOTALS	<u>\$16,908,576</u>	\$ 0	<u>\$ (154,556)</u>	\$ 753,461	\$ 16,000,559	\$ 764,474

Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A)

June 30, 2016

LONG TERM DEBT (Continued)

CTC of Lackawanna County entered into a lease agreement with the State Public Building Authority (SPBA) as lessee in order to finance the planning and construction of a renovation project for the CTC Building project. Principal Amount on the bond is \$17,170,000, 1 to 5% aggregate principal amount. Interest is payable On February 15 and August 15 each year from 2013 through 2032. Detailed information on the bond issue can be found in Note 8 of the Notes to the Financial Statement. The Bonds carry a Moody's Rating of A2 and S&P rating of AA.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND THE 2015 - 2016 BUDGET

CTC has a prepared General Fund Operating Budget for the next school year, or the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017. The total 2016 - 2017 General Operating Budget represents an increase of \$72,180 or 1.13% from the total 2015 - 2016 General Operating Budget. The member district's costs for 2016-2017 decreased by \$1,216 over 2015 - 2016. The member district increase differs from the budgetary level due to differences in revenue from non-member districts, state/federal revenue, and self-sustaining program changes.

The 2016 - 2017 General Operating Budget represents a sincere effort of the Joint Operating Committee and the administrative staff to provide a quality program of career and technical education, and to demonstrate fiscal responsibility in an era of constrained resources.

CONTACTING THE CTC FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, parents, students, customers, investors, creditors, and taxpayers of our member districts with a general overview of the CTC financial operations and to show the Joint Operating Committee's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or wish to request additional financial information, please contact James McHale, Chief Financial Officer, Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County, 3201 Rockwell Avenue, Scranton, PA 18508; Telephone: 570-346-8471 EXT 194, Fax: 570-342-4251 or E-mail: jmchale@ctclc.edu.

Respectfully submitted:

James McHale, Chief Financial Officer

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		vernmental Activities		SINESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	-	TOTAL
ASSETS						
Cash State Subsidy Receivable Federal Subsidy Receivable Interfund Receivables Inventory Other Receivables Restricted Assets Cash Accrued Interest Receivable Capital Assets: Land & Land Improvements	\$	1,513,220 206,444 101,573 77,239 0 117,050 706,623 125	\$	50,263 374 7,377 (75,215) 3,124 0	\$ _.	1,563,483 206,818 108,950 2,024 3,124 117,050 706,623 125
Buildings Furniture and Equipment Accumulated Depreciation		24,881,176 4,429,986 (7,645,210)		0 135,166 (120,807)		24,881,176 4,565,152 (7,766,017)
TOTAL ASSETS DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	24,687,126	<u>\$</u>	282	\$	24,687,408
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions Prepaid Bond Insurance Cost	\$ 	1,031,842 112,468	\$	0	\$	1,031,842 112,468
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	1,144,310	\$	0	\$	1,144,310

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

		VERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		INESS-TYPE CTIVITIES	 TOTAL
LIABILITIES				•	
Accrued Salary and Benefits	\$	566,904	\$	0	\$ 566,904
Accounts Payable		151,111		211	151,322
Intergovernmental Payable		224,325		0	224,325
Federal Subsidy Payable		27,275		0	27,275
Payroll Deductions Payable		34,65 <i>7</i>		0	34,657
RACP Grant Temporary Funding Member Districts		113,861		. 0	113,861
Accrued Interest Expense		223,748			223,748
Current Portion Capitalized Lease Payable		29,474		0	29,474
Current Portion Lease Revenue Bonds Payable		<i>7</i> 35,000		0	735,000
Payable From Restricted Assets:					
Construction Payables		<i>47,</i> 13 <i>7</i>		. 0	<i>47,</i> 13 <i>7</i>
Noncurrent Liabilities:					
Post Employment Retirement Benefits		647,694		0	647,694
Pension Obligation Payable		9,659,314			9,659,314
Capitalized Lease Payable		146,153		0	146,153
Lease Revenue Bonds Payable		15,089,932			15,089,932
Accumulated Compensated Absences		194,847		0	 194,847
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	27,891,432	\$	211	\$ 27,891,643
DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES					
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	\$	511,000	\$	0	\$ 511,000
Unearned Revenue		31,013		0	 31,013
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES	\$	542,013	\$	0	\$ 542,013
COMMITMENTS					
NET POSITION					
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	\$	6,578,413	\$	14,359	\$ 6,592,772
Restricted For:	•	•	•	•	
Reserve For Capital Project		614,120		0	614,120
Reserve For Capital Replacement		911,791		. 0	911,791
Reserve For Debt Service		80		0	80
Unreserved		(10,706,413)		(14,288)	(10,720,701)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(2,602,009)	\$. 71	\$ (2,601,938)

. CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA, COUNTY STATEWENT OF NET ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

				PROGRA	PROGRAM REVENÚES			,	E C	NET (EXPENSES) REVENUES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS	VENUES A	9 .s		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	EXPENSES	CFA	CHARGE FOR SERVICES	9 8 P	OPERATING GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	CAPITAL GRANTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS	GRANTS ID IUTIONS	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	· TYPE		TOTAL	
Governmental Activities: Instruction: Vocational Education Programs Adult Education Programs	\$ 2,751,368	49	382,601	٠,	581,037	44	85,047	\$ (1,7	(1,702,683)	44	0.0	44	(1,702,683)	
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL EXPENDITURES	£77,712,6 · . \$	ب	971,489	40	790,500	٠,	85,047	\$ (1,6	(1,670,743)	44		\$	(1,670,743)	
Support Services Guidance Instructional Support Administrative Services Pupil Health Services Business Services Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services	\$ 171,545 295,985 809,360 117,022 328,232 1,006,018	€4	00000	₩.	18,393 137,220 78,679 13,134 32,498	44	00000	\$	(153,152) (158,765) (730,681) (103,888) (295,734)	.	000000	44	(153,152) (158,765) (730,681) (103,888) (295,734)	
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	\$ 2,728,162	64	0	٠,	346,698	65	0	\$ (2,3	(2,381,464)	٠	0	€4	(2,381,464)	
Other Expenditures Unallocated Depreciation Facility Acquisition Construction	\$ \$57,683	₩.	0	•	٥	~	0	₹	(557,683)	₩	0	₩	(557,683)	
improvement Services Interest on Long - Term Debt Other Administrative	10,501 465,069 68,004		000		0 0 0		000	- g -	(10,501) (465,069) (68,004)		000		(10,501) (465,069) (68,004)	
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	\$ 1,101,257	6	0	64	0	69	0	\$ (1,7	(1,101,257)	t s	0	₩.	(1,101,257)	
TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 7,347,198	49	971,489	\$	1,137,198	€	85,047	\$ (5,1	(5,153,464)	8	0	₩.	(5,153,464)	
Business-Type Activities:		٠												
Food Service	\$ 144,768	44	48,346	49	75,700	64	٥	\$	0	4	(20,722)	•	(20,722)	
TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	\$ 7,491,966	65	1,019,835	€	1,212,898	64	85,047	\$ (5,1	(5,153,464)	49	(20,722)	٠,	(5,174,186)	
General Revenues: Grant, Subsidies, and Contributions Not Restricted Receips From Member District - AVTS Investment Earnings Rent of School Pacilities Rent of School Pacilities Transfers	icled							\$ 5.7	471,183 5,710,513 2,535 1,000 22,340 (20,602)	₩ 7	0 69 0 0 0 20,602	us.	471,183 5,710,513 2,604 1,000 22,340	
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES, SPECIAL ITEMS, AND	ITEMS, AND TRANSFERS							\$ 6,1	6,186,969	\$	20,671	49	6,207,640	
Change In Net Position								\$	1,033,505	6 4	(51)	6 4>	1,033,454	
Net Position – Beginning of Year			•					(3,6	(3,635,514)		122		(3,635,392)	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR								\$ (2,6	(2,602,009)	\$	71	۰۶	(2,601,938)	

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2016

	 GENERAL FUND	CAPI	TAL PROJECTS FUND	CAP	ITAL RESERVE FUND	N-MAJOR FUND	GOV	TOTAL 'ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS								•
Cash State Subsidy Receivable Federal Subsidy Receivable Interfund Receivables Other Receivables	\$ 920,010 206,444 101,573 77,239 117,050	\$	0 0 0 0	\$	593,210 0 0 409,077 0	\$ 0 0 0 0	\$	1,513,220 206,444 101,573 486,316 117,050
Restricted Assets: Cash Accrued Interest Receivable	 0	·	661,132 125		45,411 0	 80 0		706,623 125
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 1,422,316	\$	661,257	\$	1,047,698	\$ 80	\$	3,131,351
LIABILITIES & FUND BALANCE								
Accrued Salary and Benefits Accounts Payable Interfund Payables Federal Subsidy Payable Intergovernmental Payable Unearned Revenue Payroll Deductions Payable RACP Grant Temporary Funding Member Districts	\$ 566,904 129,065 409,077 27,275 224,325 31,013 34,657	\$	0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	0 22,046 0 0 0 0 0	\$ 0 0 0 0 0 0	\$	566,904 151,111 409,077 27,275 224,325 31,013 34,657 113,861
Payable From Restricted Assets: Construction Payables	 0		47,137		0	 0		47,137
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 1,422,316	\$	47,137	\$	135,907	\$ 0	\$	1,605,360
FUND BALANCE .								
Restricted For Capital Projects Fund Capital Reserve Fund Debt Service	\$ 0 0 0	\$	614,120 · 0 0	\$	0 911,791 0	\$ 0 0 80	\$	614,120 911,791 80
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	\$ 0	\$	614,120	\$	911,791	\$ 80	\$	1,525,991
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ 1,422,316	\$	661,257	\$	1,047,698	\$ ` 80	\$	3,131,351

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds		\$ 1,525,991
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position differs because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The total cost of the assets is and the accumulated depreciation is	\$ 29,610,062 (7,645,210)	21,964,852
Governmental funds report the effects of bond insurance cost when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized		112,468
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future reporting periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		520,842
Long-Term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-Term liabilities at June 30, 2016 consist of		· .
Post retirement employment benefits Pension obligation payable	\$ (647,694) (9,659,314)	
Capitalized lease payable Lease revenue bonds payable Accrued interest expense	(175,627) (15,824,932) . (223,748)	•
Compensated absences	(194,847)	(26,726,162)
NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (2,602,009)

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND 8ALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	GE	NERAL FUND	CAP	ITAL PROJECTS FUND	CAF	PITAL RESERVE FUND	1	NON-MAJOR FUND	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUE										
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	. \$	4,891,520 1,277,301 894,940	\$	766 0 . 0	\$	\$50 0 0	\$	1,336,228 0 0	\$	6,229,064 1,277,301 894,940
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	7,063,761	\$	766	\$	550	\$	1,336,228	\$	8,401,305
EXPENDITURES										
Instruction										
Vocational Education Programs Adult Education Programs	\$ —	2,858,260 725,428	\$	0	\$	187,076 585	\$ —	0	\$	3,045,336 726,013
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL EXPENDITURES	\$	3,583,688	\$	0	\$	187,661	\$	0	\$	3,771,349
Support Services										
Guidance Instructional Support Administrative Services Pupil Health Services 8 usiness Services Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services Other Administrative	\$	162,048 283,083 783,177 105,749 320,290 998,855 47,658	\$	0 0 0 0 0	\$	0 6,752 0 0 15,251 124,786 8,800	\$	0 0 1,000 0 0 0	\$	162,048 289,835 784,177 105,749 335,541 1,123,641 56,458
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	\$	2,700,860	\$	0	\$	155,589	\$	1,000	\$	2,857,449
Other Expenditures										•
Facility Acquisition, Construction, Improvement Services Debt Service	\$	0 35,150	\$	1,616,797 0	\$	10,500 0	\$	0 1,33 <u>6,163</u>	\$	1,627,297 1,371,313
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	\$	35,150	\$	1,616,797	\$	10,500	\$	1,336,163	\$	2,998,610
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	6,319,698	\$	1,616,797	\$	353,750	\$	1,337,163	\$	9,627,408
excess of revenues (under)/over expenditures	\$	744,063	\$	(1,616,031)	\$	(353,200)	\$	(935)	\$	(1,226,103)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Operating Transfer In (Out)	\$	(744,063)	\$	1,103	\$	721,358	\$	1,000	\$	(20,602)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	\$	(744,063)	\$	1,103	\$	721,358	\$	1,000	\$. (20,602)
Excess of Revenue and Other Financing Sources over Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	\$	0	\$	(1,614,928)	\$	368,158	\$	65	\$	(1,246,705)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		0		2,229,048		543,633		15		2,772,696
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	\$	0	\$	614,120	<u>\$</u>	911,791	\$	80	\$	1,525,991

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$ (1,246,705)
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities differs because:		
Capital outlays are reported in government funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays		
exceeds depreciation in the period is as follows:		
Capital Outlays	\$ 2,158,447	
Depreciation	 (557,683)	1,600,764
In the statement of activities, post employment benefits are provided for when the liability is incurred at its net present value. In governmental funds however, the actual amount paid during the year is reported as an expenditure. This amount represents the change in the net present value		
calculation of GASB 45 & 47 Post Employment		,
Retirement Benefits.		(40,854)
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension liability is measured a year before the School's report date. Pension expense, which is the change in the net pension liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, is reported in the Statement of Activities. Pension Expense Pension Contributions	\$ (916,999) 726,842	(190,157)
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also governmental funds report the effects of issuance cost, premiums, and discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position. The effect of these transactions in the statement of activities is shown below: Bond Premium Accretion Lease Revenue Bond Principal Payments Prepaid Bond Insurance Cost Amortization	\$ 154,556 725,000 (7,211)	000 200
Capitalized Lease Principal Payments	 28,461	900,806

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In the statement of activities, accrued interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. Whereas, in the governmental funds interest expense is recognized as an expenditure when it is due. The additional interest accrued in the statement of activities over the amount due is shown here.

5,438

In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In governmental funds however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. This amount represents the difference between the amount earned versus the amount used.

4,213

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 1,033,505

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE FUND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS

Cash State Subsidy Receivable Federal Subsidy Receivable Inventory Capital Assets: Furniture And Equipment Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 50,263 374 7,377 3,124 135,166 (120,807)	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 75,497
LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable Interfund Payables	\$ 211 75,215	•
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 75,426
NET POSITION		
Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt Unreserved - Undesignated	\$ 14,359 (14,288)	
TOTAL NET POSITION	•	\$ 71

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE FUND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

REVENUE

Food Sales Other Food Service Revenue	\$ 43,776 4,570	
TOTAL REVENUE		\$ 48,346
EXPENSES	,	
Food Costs Salaries and Wages Employee Benefits Contracted Services Other Expenses Depreciation Expense	\$ 62,091 61,433 8,244 9,919 12 3,069	. 1
TOTAL EXPENSES		 144,768
NET OPERATING LOSS		\$ (96,422)
NON-OPERATING REVENUES Federal and State Subsidies Interest Income	\$ 75,700 69	
TOTAL NON-OPERATING REVENUE		 75,769
NET LOSS BEFORE OPERATING TRANSFER		\$ (20,653)
OPERATING TRANSFERS General Fund Capital Reserve Fund	\$ 14,900 5,702	
TOTAL OPERATING TRANSFERS		20,602
NET LOSS		\$ (51)
Net Position at Beginning of Year		 122
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR		\$ 71

[&]quot;See Accompanying Notes and Independent Auditors' Report"

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND - FOOD SERVICE FUND BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:

•		
Cash Received From Users Cash Payments To Employees For Service	\$ 48,459 (61,433)	
Cash Payments To Suppliers For Goods And Services	 (96,868)	
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		\$ (109,842)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Federal and State Subsidies Advances From General Fund	\$ 66,93 <i>7</i> 20,602	
Net Cash Provided By Non-Capital Financing Activities		8 7, 539
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Earnings On Investments	\$ 69	
Net Cash Used In Investing Activities		 (5,633)
Net Increase in Cash		\$ (27,936)
Cash at Beginning of Year		 78,199
CASH AT END OF YEAR		\$ 50,263
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME TO NET CASH USED IN OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Loss Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Loss To Net Cash		\$ (96,422).
Used In Operating Activities Depreciation Donated Commodities		3,069 7,736
Changes in assets and liabilities (Increase)/Decrease in Inventory		(1,113)
Increase/(Decrease) In Accounts Payable		. 111
Increase/(Decrease) in Interfund Payables		 (23,223)
Net Cash Used In Operating Activities		\$ (109,842)

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - AGENCY FUND JUNE 30, 2016

ASSETS

Cash Other Receivables	\$ 34,328 2,500	
TOTAL ASSETS		\$ 36,828
LIABILITIES		
Due To Specific Student Activity Groups	\$ 34,804	
Interfund Payables	2,024	
TOTAL LIABILITIES		\$ 36,828

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and reporting policies of the School District relating to the funds included in the accompanying basic financial statements conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to state and local governments. Generally accepted accounting principles for local governments include those principles prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants in the publication entitled State and Local Governments – Audit and Accounting Guide and by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (when applicable). The significant accounting policies of the School are described below.

Reporting Entity: Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County is the basic level of government which has financial accountability and control over all activities relating to the vocational-technical education in Lackawanna County. The Board receives funding from local, state, federal government and other sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding sources. However, the Board is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by the GASB pronouncement. Each member district appoints one of their elected board members to the Board. The board has decision making authority, revenue setting authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations and primary accountability for fiscal matters. In addition, there are no component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 14 which are included in the School's reporting entity.

The reporting entity of the School is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, as amended by GASB Statement 39, Determining Component Units. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District has no component units.

<u>Basis of Presentation:</u> Government-wide Financial Statements: The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services.

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations; they usually come from exchange or exchange-like transactions. All other revenues are non-operating. Operating expenses can be tied specifically to the production of the goods and services, such as materials and labor and direct overhead. Other expenses are non-operating.

Fund Financial Statements: Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be separate accounting entities. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditure/expenses. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the School or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- b. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

- 1. Governmental Fund Type
 - a. The General Fund is the General Operating Fund of the School and accounts for all revenues and expenditures of the School not encompassed within other funds. This is a budgeted fund, and any fund balance/ (deficit) is reimbursed to/due from various school districts. The General Fund is always classified as a major fund.

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. The Capital Reserve Fund, an unbudgeted fund, accounts for specific sales and purchases of capital projects. The School has classified this fund as a major fund.
- c. The Capital Project Fund, an unbudgeted fund, accounts for the planning and construction of the Schools 2012 Capital Building Project as described in Note 8. The School has classified this fund as a major fund.
- d. The Debt Service Fund, an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs, and is classified as a non-major fund.
- 2. Proprietary Fund Type The Food Service Fund, an unbudgeted fund, is used to account for the operations of a School cafeteria that provides lunches to students for the purpose of making a profit. The Pennsylvania Department of Education has mandated that the Food Service Fund is always classified as a major fund.
- 3. Fiduciary Fund Type The Student Activities Fund, an unbudgeted agency fund, is used to account for activities of student groups and other types of activities requiring clearing accounts. This fund has no equity, assets equal liabilities, and does not include revenues and expenditures for general operation of the School. Since the resources in the Fiduciary Funds cannot be used for school operations, they are not included in the Government-wide financial statements.

<u>Measurement Focus:</u> On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

a. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- b. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- c. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

<u>Basis of Accounting:</u> In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when "measurable and available". Measurable means knowing or being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or within sixty days after year end. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

All proprietary funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. The School does not attempt to allocate "overhead" costs to the food service fund such as utilities, janitorial service and insurance, etc., nor does the Food Service Fund recognize a cost for the building space it occupies.

<u>Grant Funds</u>: Grant Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provision of the Grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received they are recorded as unearned revenue until earned.

<u>Inventories:</u> The cost of donated commodities in the food service inventory represents the value assigned by the United States Department of Agriculture. Purchased inventories in the Food Service Fund are stated at cost on a first-in, first-out basis.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

<u>Investment in Capital Assets:</u> The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment (fixed assets) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

•	Buildings & Improvements	20-50 years
•	Site Improvements	20 years
•	Machinery and Equipment	5-20 years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

<u>Long-Term Debt:</u> The accounting treatment of long-term debt depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

All long-term debt to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term debt consists primarily of bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. The accounting for proprietary fund is the same in the fund statements as it is in the government-wide statements.

Bond Insurance costs are amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using the straight line method. Bond discounts are amortized over the terms of the respective bonds using a method that approximates the effective interest method.

<u>Budgets:</u> Budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The official budget for the General Fund was formally adopted by the School Board Joint Committee on August 20, 2015 at a duly advertised meeting.

Once the budget is approved, it can be amended at the Function and Fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the board at their regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end as dictated by law.

<u>Cash and Cash Equivalents:</u> For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the proprietary fund type considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

Interfund Receivables and Payables: During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods and services type transactions are classified as "due to and from other funds". Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivables and payables". Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds". Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

<u>Use of Estimates:</u> The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

<u>Net Position:</u> Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and liabilities. Net position

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt excludes unspent debt proceeds. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the School or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.

GASB Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position and GASB Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities were implemented during the year ended June 30, 2014. These statements incorporate deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, as defined by GASB Concepts Statement No. 4, into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure of net position, formerly net assets. The Statement of Net Position now reports the following components: assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position, when applicable.

<u>Pensions:</u> For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS) and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms investments are reported at fair value.

Equity Classifications:

Government-wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted net position Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. Unrestricted net position All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Note 1 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Equity

Beginning with fiscal year 2011, Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County implemented GASB Statement 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact;
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposed by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

Interfund Transfers

Permanent reallocation of resources between funds of the reporting entity are classified as interfund transfers. For the purposes of the Statement of Activities, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments

The Public School Code authorizes the School to invest in U.S. Treasury bills, short-term obligations of the U.S. Government or its agencies or instrumentalities, savings or time deposit accounts provided such deposits are insured or collateralized by obligations of the United States of America, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or their agencies or instrumentalities provided such deposits are backed by the full faith and credit of such entities.

Note 2 - Cash and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk

All school funds except for the Capital Project Fund described below are invested in Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund. All assets contained in the fund are invested in accordance with Title 24 of the Pennsylvania Statutes Article 4, Section 440.1 (2001). Each school district or government agency owns shares of the fund, which invests the pooled assets. Since the fund has the characteristics of a mutual fund, it would not be

reported by risk category in accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement.

Capital Project Custodial Credit Risk

In connection with the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County Lease Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012 as discussed in Note 8, the Trust Indenture between the State Public School Building Authority (SPSBA) and Community Bank, National Association established a Project Fund into which shall be deposited the amount of proceeds from the sale of the Bonds for the purpose of paying the Cost of the Capital Project. The monies in the Project Fund are to be held by the Trustee in trust, and secured and invested in securities meeting the requirement of clause (a), (b), or (c) of the definition of qualified Investments, or secured as provided by law for trust deposits. After completion of the Capital Project funds shall be retained in or transferred to the Revenue Fund and credited against the payment obligations of the School under its Sublease agreement. As the project is winding down, the monies are in Federated Treasury Obligations Fund.

Credit Risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligation.

Interest Rate Risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. To extent practical, investments are matched with anticipated cash flows.

Concentration of Credit Risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the School's investments in a single issuer.

For investments, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty the School will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities in the possession of an outside party.

Note 3 - Federal and State Subsidy Receivable

Federal and State Subsidy Receivable at June 30, 2016 consists of federal and state sponsored subsidy programs in which the expenditure was made but the corresponding receipts were not received or the receipt was received and the corresponding expenditure was not made as of June 30, 2016.

	FEDERAL	STATE	TOTAL
GENERAL FUND:			·
Perkins, Federal	\$ 63,304	\$ O	\$ 63,304
Workfare Investment Act	<i>77</i> 5	0	<i>77</i> 5
LPN FSEOG	9,840	Ò	9,840
LPN Pell Grants	9,31 <i>7</i>	0	9,31 <i>7</i>
LPN Direct Student Loans	18,33 <i>7</i>	0	18,33 <i>7</i>
Retirement Subsidy	0	16 <i>7,</i> 2 <i>7</i> 5	16 <i>7,</i> 2 <i>7</i> 5
State Training Subsidy, LPN	0	6,282	6,282
Social Security Subsidy	0	<u>32,887</u>	32,887
Sub Total	<u>\$ 101,573</u>	\$ 206,444	\$ 308,017
FOOD SERVICE FUND: National School Lunch Program	<u>\$ 7,377</u>	\$ 374	\$ 7,751
TOTAL FEDERAL AND STATE SUBSIDY RECEIVABLE AT JUNE 30, 2016	<u>\$ 108,950</u>	<u>\$ 206,818</u>	\$ 315,768
GENERAL FUND: Perkins, Federal Prior Year	<u>\$ 27,275</u>	<u>\$ 0</u>	\$ 27,275

Note 4 - Inventories

Inventories at June 30, 2016 are summarized as follows:

Food Service: Inventories at June 30, 2016 consist of the following:

Purchased Food	\$	1,896
Donated Commodities		1,228
Total	<u>\$_</u>	<u>3,124</u>

Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	Balance	Additions	Deletions	Balance
Governmental Activities Historical Cost				
Land	\$ 195,444	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 195,444
Construction In Progress	15,826,132	ş 0 0	_(15,826,132)	ъ 195,444 0
Total At Historical Cost Not Being Depreciated	\$16,021,576	\$ 0	\$ (15,826,132)	\$ 195,444
Site Improvements	\$ 68,791	\$ 72,580	\$ (37,915)	\$ 103,456
Building & Improvements	7,898,907	16,982,269	0	24,881,1 <i>7</i> 6
Furniture & Equipment	3,959,196	929,730	(458,940)	4,429,986
Total At Historical Cost Being Depreciated	<u>\$11,926,894</u>	\$17,984,579	\$ (496,855)	\$29,414,618
TOTAL HISTORICAL COST	\$27,948,470	\$17,984,579	<u>\$ (16,322,987)</u>	\$29,610,062
Lord Laborator				
Less Accumulated Depreciation: Site Improvements	4 (42.112)	ф (2.00г)	4 250-	
Building & Improvements	\$ (42,112)	\$ (3,925)	\$ 37,915	\$ (8,122)
Furniture & Equipment	(4,828,428) (2,713,842)	(337,286) (216,472)	0 458,940	(5,165,714) (2,471,374)
1		(210,472)	430,540	(2,471,374)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$ (7,584,382)	\$ (557,683)	\$ 496,855	\$ (7,645,210)
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES, CAPITAL ASSETS NET	\$20,364,088	\$17,426,896	\$ (15,826,132)	\$21,964,852
Business Activities				
Historical Cost				
Machinery & Equipment	\$ 129,464	\$ 5,702	\$ 0	\$ 135,166
, ,		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
TOTAL HISTORICAL COST	<u>\$ 129,464</u>	\$ 5,702	\$ 0	\$ 135,166
Less Accumulated Depreciation:				
Machinery & Equipment	<u>\$ (117,738)</u>	\$ (3,069)	\$ 0	\$ (120,807)
TOTAL ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	\$ (117,738)	\$ (3,069)	\$ 0	¢ (120.907)
TO MENTED SET RESI, THOR	Ψ (117,730)	ψ (3,003)	\$ 0	<u>\$ (120,807)</u>
TOTAL CAPITAL ASSETS, NET	\$20,375,814	<u>\$17,429,529</u>	<u>\$ (15,826,132</u>)	\$21,979,211
Depreciation expense was charged to Government	ntal Activities as fo	llows:		
		Unallocated		\$ 55 <i>7</i> ,683
		Total Depreciation	on Evnense	\$ 557,683
		. our Depreciation	on Expense	Ψ 337,003

The School has entered into contracts for construction, as follows:

	Project Authorization	Expended to Date	Commitment		
Building Capital Improvement	\$17,628,987	\$17,341,613	\$ 287,314		

Note 6 - Compensated Absences

The School is obligated to accumulate unused sick days for each employee covered under the terms of a union contract. The total allowable sick days per school year which can be accumulated to the extent unused is twelve (12). The maximum allowance number of sick days accumulated for compensation and payable upon termination is 150 days for professional, support staff and maintenance staff and 180 days for administration. As provided in the current union agreement, compensation will be at a rate of \$65 per day for professional employees, \$35 per day for clerical, and \$70 per day for maintenance employees. Administrative employees are compensated for unused sick days based upon the terms of their respective employment contracts. The provision for compensated absences represents the total accumulated sick days unpaid as of June 30, 2016 based on the applicable per day rate. At June 30, 2016 aggregate liability for unused sick pay is \$194,847.

Note 7 - Inter-Government Receivables/ (Payable)

The School currently is receiving payments from eight (8) area school districts participating in the Lackawanna County Area-Vocational Technical Program. The School is also receiving payments from various non-participating school districts for such programs in the form of tuition. Such payments received are used to fund the various vocational-technical programs offered by the School.

The amounts charged to individual school districts are computed annually based on budgeted revenues and expenditures and are billed based on the average of the four prior years actual enrollments. The amount of such billings charged to the school districts during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 amounted to \$3,849,181 of which \$121,229 was due and reflected as a receivable at June 30, 2016 and is reflected in the accompanying Balance Sheet under the heading Inter-Governmental Receivable/(Payable) in the General Fund.

The amount of any excess of actual revenues over/under actual expenditures are billed/reimbursed to the various school districts based on actual enrollment. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 actual revenues exceeded actual expenditures in the amount of \$401,891 which is to be reimbursed to the member districts.

At June 30, 2016 the balance of the amounts due to other governmental units consists of the following:

	DUE (TO) / FROM MEMBER DISTRICTS		OM OTHER GOVER NON - MEMBER DISTRICTS			NTAL UNIT
Accrued & Unpaid from June 30, 2016	\$	121,229	\$	56,33 <i>7</i>	\$	1 <i>77,</i> 566
Amount of Excess Actual Revenue Over Expenditures at June 30, 2016 Due to School Districts Based on Actual Enrollment						
Actual Enforment					-	(401,891)
Total Inter-Governmental Receivables/(Payable) at June 30, 2016					\$	(224,325)

Note 8 – Long Term Debt

Capital Lease: In 2011 the School entered into an Equipment Lease Agreement to purchase a printing press. The lease requires monthly payments of \$2,929. The lease rate is 3.50%, maturity December 2021.

Minimum future lease payments under capital lease as of June 30, 2016.

	June 30	<u>Principal</u>		<u>Interest</u>		Total
	2017	\$	29,474	\$	5,677	\$ 35,151
	2018		30,522		4,629	35,151
	2019		31,607		3,544	35,151
	2020		32,732		2,419	35,151
	2021		33,896		1,255	35,151
	2022		17,396		179	 17,575
Total Future Minimum Lease Payments		\$	175,627	\$	17,703	\$ 193,330
Amount Representing Interest						 (17,703)
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments						\$ 175,627
The Cost of the Asset						\$ 296,222
The Accumulated Depreciation through June 30, 2016						 (88,867)
The Net Book Value						\$ 207,355

In October 2012, the School as owner and lessor entered into a lease agreement with the State Public School Building Authority (SPSBA) as lessee in order to finance the planning, construction, and purchase of the Capital Project and has developed a plan of financing which will include the following:

- a.) The leasing by the School to the SPSBA pursuant to the lease of the Premise and existing educational facilities, together with the Capital Projects collectively referred to as the leased property.
- b.) The issuance of State Public School Building Authority Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County Lease Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012 by the SPSBA in the principal amounts of \$ 17,170,000 to finance the cost of the Capital Project. The Bonds are to be secured under and pursuant to a Trust Indenture between the SPSBA and Community Bank National Association D/B/A First Liberty Bank & Trust, as Trustee, and the scheduled payments of the principal of and interest on such 2012 Bonds when due to be guaranteed by Assured Guaranty Municipal Corp.
- c.) The subleasing of the Leased Property by the SPSBA to the School and Participating Member Districts. Eight (8) out of nine (9) of the Member Districts entered into the Sublease Agreement. The sublease provides for the payment of rentals adequate to meet the debt service requirements and assigned the Sublease by SPSBA to the Trustee as security under the Indenture.

Note 8 – Long Term Debt (Continued)

d.) The proceeds of the sale of the 2012 Bonds, after payment of all expenses of issuance and other expenses relating to the transaction, shall be made available to the School, the same constituting rent due from SPSBA under the Lease to enable the School to carry out the Capital Project. All cost, expenses, and charges whatsoever arising in respect to the Leased Property after the payment of rent to the Trustee shall be the sole and complete responsibility of the School for the term of the lease.

The SPSBA issued \$17,170,000, 1.0% to 5.0% aggregate principal amount, State Public School Building Authority, Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County Lease Revenue Bonds, Series of 2012. The Bonds are dated the date of delivery thereof maturing or subject to mandatory sinking fund redemption, in various principal amounts on February 15 of the years 2013 through 2032. Interest is payable on February 15 and August 15, beginning February 15, 2013. The Bonds are subject to mandatory and optional redemption prior to their stated dates of maturity as follows:

OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

In the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided in the Indenture, the Bonds stated to mature on and after February 21, 2021 are subject to redemption prior to maturity at the option of the SPSBA, at the direction of the School, in any order of maturity either as a whole, or in part, at any times on or after August 15, 2020, and, if in part, by lot within a maturity, at a redemption price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest to the date fixed for redemption.

MANDATORY REDEMPTION

In the manner and upon the terms and conditions provided in the Indenture, the Bonds stated to mature on February 15, 2032 are subject to mandatory redemption, in part, prior to maturity, by lot within a maturity, at a redemption price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest thereon, to the dates fixed for redemption, on August 1 of the years and amounts set forth in the Indenture.

EXTRAORDINARY OPTIONAL REDEMPTION

The Bonds shall be subject to redemption prior to maturity, in whole or in part at any time, in any order of maturity selected by the School, and within any maturity by lot, upon payment of a redemption price equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the principal amount, plus accrued interest to date of redemption but only in the event that all or a portion of the School Facilities financed or refinanced with the proceeds of the Bonds are condemned, sold under threat of condemnation, damaged, or destroyed and it is

Note 8 – Long Term Debt (Continued)

determined by the School that repair or reconstruction is not desirable, practical, or financially feasible from and to the extent of insurance proceeds, condemnation award, or proceeds of sale in lieu of condemnation payable to the School and deposited for such purposes with the Trustee.

Minimum Future Payments Under Lease Revenue Bonds as of June 30, 2015.

June 30,	<u>Principal</u>	Interest	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 735,000	\$ 596,663	\$ 1,331,663
2018	750,000	581,963	1,331,963
2019	<i>77</i> 0,000	563,213	1,333,213
2020	795,000	540,113	1,335,113
2021	820,000	516,263	1,336,263
2022 - 2026	4,545,000	2,127,638	6,672,638
2027 - 2031	5,540,000	1,129,650	6,669,650
2032	1,270,000	63,500	1,333,500
	\$ 15,225,000	\$ 6,119,003	\$21,344,003

The following summarizes the changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2016

	Balance July 1, 2015	Ado	ditions	mortization Accretion)	Re	etirements	Balance June 30, 2016		ue Within One Year
Lease Revenue Bonds	\$15,950,000	\$	0	\$ 0	\$	725,000	\$15,225,000	\$	735,000
Amortization / Accretion	754,488		0	(154,556)		0	599,932		0
Capitalized Lease	204,088		0	 0	_	28,461	175,627	_	29,474
TOTALS	\$ 16,908,576	\$	0	\$ (154,556)	\$	753,461	\$ 16,000,559	\$	764,474

Note 9 – RACP Grant Temporary Funding Member Districts

The School entered into a contract with Lackawanna County for a roof replacement and masonry restoration project. The funding for this project was received from the nine Member Districts and a Redevelopment Assistance Grant Agreement RACP Grant in the amounts of \$1,015,002 and \$1,000.000 respectively. The permanent funding from the Member Districts of \$1,015,002 was received in fiscal year 2011-2012. The temporary funding from the Member Districts is recorded as a current liability in the Statement of Net Position. The temporary funds will be returned to the Member Districts when the grant is received. The cash for the RACP Grant is held in escrow by Lackawanna County on behalf of the School and is disbursed by Lackawanna County directly to the vendors. In September 2013, eighty eight percent (88%) of the temporary funding was returned to the member districts. The grant is the final stages and is awaiting final audit and approval by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Note 10 - Commitments

<u>Plan Description:</u> PSERS is a governmental cost-sharing multi-employer defined benefit plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.psers.state.pa.us.

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefits Provided: Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with at least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes. Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of 3 years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than 92 with a minimum of 35 years of service. Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten vears of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

Contributions:

Member Contributions: Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 6.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983, and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute at 6.25% (Membership Class T-C) or at 7.50% (Membership Class T-D) of the member's qualifying compensation.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before July 1, 2011, contribute 7.50% (automatic Membership Class T-D). For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002.

Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011, automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.3% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a "shared risk" provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future fiscal years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.5% and 9.5% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3% and 12.3%.

Employer Contributions: The school districts' contractually required contribution rate for fiscal year ended June 30, 2016 was 25.00% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the District were \$726,842 for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension:

At June 30, 2016, the District reported a liability of \$9,659,314 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 to June 30, 2015. The District's proportion of the new pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2015, the District's proportion was .0223 percent which was an increase of .0009 from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2016, the District recognized pension expense of \$916,999. At June 30, 2016, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			ed Outflows Resources
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	\$	0	\$	40,000
Net difference between projected				
and actual investment earnings	\$	0	\$	20,000
Changes in proportions		305,000		451,000
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	\$	726,842	<u>\$</u>	0
	\$	1,031,842	<u>\$</u>	511,000

\$726,842 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:

2017	\$121,000
2018	121,000
2019	121,000
2020	(157,000)
2021	0
Thereafter	0

<u>Actuarial assumptions:</u> The total pension liability as of June 30, 2015 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2105 using the following actuarial assumptions, applies to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.50%, includes inflation at 3.00%
- Salary increases Effective average of 5.50%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3.00%, real wage growth of 1% and merit or seniority increases of 1.50%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back 3 years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back 7 years for males and 3 years for females.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintain a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

	Target	Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	22.5%	4.8%
Private markets (equity)	15.0%	6.6%
Private real estate	12.0%	4.5%
Global fixed income	7.5%	2.4%
U.S. long treasuries	3.0%	1.4%
TIPS	12.0%	1.1%
High yield bonds	6.0%	3.3%
Cash	3.0%	0.7%
Absolute return	10.0%	4.9%
Risk parity	10.0%	3.7%
MLPs/Infrastructure	5.0%	5.2%
Commodities	8.0%	3.1%
Financing (LIBOR)	(14.0%)	1.1%
	100%	

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2015.

Note 10 - Commitments (Continued)

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes</u> in the discount rate

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate.

		Current	
	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	6.50%	<u> 7.50%</u>	8.50%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$11,906,000	\$9,659,000	\$7,771,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

Operating Leases: The School has entered into various leases for copiers for terms of 63 months and 48 months and maturities to January 2017. The leases require monthly payments of \$2,805 and \$113 and requires the lessor to be responsible for all repairs. Total rent expense for the year ended June 30, 2016 was \$20,426.

The future minimum lease payments required as of June 30, 2016 under operating leases that have initial non-cancelable lease terms exceeding one year are as follows:

June 30, 2017 \$ 789

Termination Benefit Payable: For the year ended June 30, 2016 the school has adopted GASB-47 accounting for termination benefits.

The school is providing group insurance healthcare termination benefits to one employee. The termination benefits end April, 2026.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

Annual termination benefits of \$12,857 have been projected to increase at an annual rate of 5.00% and have been discounted to 4.25% estimated yield on investments expected to be used to figure the benefits.

Beginning of year net present value	\$ 99,991
Payment benefits made during school year	(12,85 <i>7</i>)
Change in present value of benefits	 (16,450)
End of year net present value	\$ 70,684

Post - Employment Healthcare Plan:

Plan description: The School administers a Single-Employer Plan that covers current and former employees as follows:

Professional employees retiring under any of the retirement provisions of PSERS and have at least twenty (20) years of service with the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County and/or Lackawanna County Area Vocational-Technical School are eligible for benefits. Health insurance benefits are paid in full from age 55 until eligible for Medicare (generally age 65). Spousal benefits are available at his or her own expense. Before age 55, coverage is provided but at employees own expense. No dental or vision coverage is available.

Act 93 administrators and Non-Contracted personnel retiring under any of the retirement provisions of PSERS are eligible for benefits. Medical, dental and vision benefits are paid by Plan Sponsor if elect PPO coverage, otherwise, must pay the difference. Spousal coverage is provided at no charge while the retiree is eligible.

The former Administrative Director and former Chief Financial Officer upon meeting the terms of their respective individual contracts are eligible for benefits. Medical, dental, and vision benefits are paid in full, until Medicare eligible. Spouse coverage is provided. Coverage is based on the terms of the current active coverage as described in the teacher's agreement and any other administrative agreements.

Administrative Director: Same as coverage for Administrators. Coverage paid in full, except there is maximum family vision reimbursement of \$500, and out-of-pocket medical, vision, and dental expenses up to \$2,000 per year are reimbursed.

All other employees not included in the above groups or those employees who are included but do not meet the eligibility requirements may be eligible for continued health coverage at his or her own expense under Acts 110 and 43, until reaching Medicare eligibility or until covered by other insurance.

Funding Policy: The required contributions are based upon the pay as you go financing requirements.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The School's annual post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based upon the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following tables shows the components of the School's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount contributed to the Plan in relation to the ARC, and changes in the School's net OPEB obligation.

Annual Required Contribution	\$ 189,288
Interest on Net OPEB Obligation	20,274
Adjustment to Annual Required Contribution	 <u>(47,527</u>)
Annual OPEB Cost (Expense)	\$ 162,035
Contributions Made	 (91 <u>,</u> 874)
Increase in Net OPEB Obligation	\$ 70,161
Net OPEB Obligation - Beginning of Year	 506,849
Net OPEB Obligation - End of Year	\$ 577,010

			Net OPEB
Fiscal Year	Annual OPEB	Percentage	Obligation or
Ending	Cost	Contributed	(Asset)
06/30/14	\$ 130,406	46.10%	\$ 452,610
06/30/15	\$ 126,817	27.20%	\$ 506,849
06/30/16	\$ 162,035	56.70%	\$ 577,010

Schedule of Funding Process

		Act	uarial		ι	Infunded			
	Actuarial	Va	lue of	Actuarial	/	Actuarial		Annual	
	Valuation	P	lan	Accrued		Liability		Covered	Ratio of UAL
	Date	A	ssets	Liability		(UAL)	Funded Ratio	Payroll	to Payroll
•	04/30/16	\$	0	\$ 995,456	\$	995,456	0.00%	\$ 2,381,079	41.81%

The projection of future benefit payments for an ongoing plan involves estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Note 10 – Commitments (Continued)

The following assumptions were made:

Post Retirement Mortality for Healthy and Disabled: The RP-2000 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, sex-distinct fully generational projected using scale BB2D. For disabled lives, the RP-2000 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table without projection is used.

Pre-Retirement Mortality: The RP-2000 Non-Annuitant Mortality Table, sex-distinct, fully generational projected using scale BB2D.

Discount rate 4.0%

Marital Status: 75% of active participants are assumed to have a covered spouse at retirement. The husband is assumed to be two years older than wife.

Participation: 100% of teachers, Administrators, and Non-Contracted personnel who would meet the retirement criteria for continued medical coverage are assumed to elect the coverage. Of those assumed to be married, 50% are assumed to cover their spouse. 0% of active employees who have waived coverage are assumed to opt back in before retirement. 0% of retirees who waived coverage are assumed to opt back in. 0% of employees and spouses eligible for Act 110/Act 43 only are assumed to elect coverage.

Trend: Blended rates for future inflation for medical and prescription drug benefits range from 8.0% for the current year down to 4.0% for years after 2082.

Aging Factors: Actual gross starting cost for medical and prescription drugs are developed at each age by taking the claims cost and spreading it using age factors between 2.0% for participant's age 20-30 years old and to a high of 4.0% for participants aged 41-60 years old. Dental and vision cost will increase 4.0% per year.

Amortization Period: Average future working lifetime of active members in the plan (14 years for actuarial accrued liability established on April 1, 2013)

Amortization Method: Level dollar, closed amortization

Amortization Cost Method: Entry age normal, level dollar

Actuarial Value of Plan Assets: The School does not accumulate assets in a dedicated trust, or an equivalent arrangement, therefore the actuarial value of plan assets is zero.

Administrative Expenses: Estimated administrative expenses are included in the development of per capita claims costs.

Note 11 - Interfund Receivable/Payable

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016 consist of the following individual fund Receivables and Payables:

	Receivable	<u>Payable</u>
General Fund:		
Food Service Fund	\$ <i>7</i> 5,215	\$ O
Student Activity Fund	2,024	0
Capital Reserve	0	409,077
Student Activity Fund		
General Fund	0	2,024
Capital Reserve Fund		
General Fund	409,077	0
Food Service Fund:		
General Fund	0	<u>75,215</u>
	\$486,316	<u>\$486,316</u>

Note 12 Operating Transfer In/Out

Operating transfer at June 30, 2016 consist of the following individual operating transfers in and out:

	Transfer In	<u>Transfer Out</u>
General Fund:		
Capital Reserve Fund	\$ O	\$727,060
Cafeteria Fund	0	14,900
Capital Projects Fund	0	1,103
Debt Service Fund	0	1,000
Cafeteria Fund:		
General Fund	14,900	0
Capital Reserve Fund	5,702	0
Capital Project Fund		
General Fund	1,103	0
Debt Service Fund		
General Fund	1,000	0
Capital Reserve Fund:		
General Fund	727,060	0
Cafeteria Fund	0	5,702
	<u>\$749,765</u>	<u>\$749,765</u>

Note 13 Subsequent Events

Pursuant to ASC 955, subsequent events were evaluated through February 7, 2017, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

Note 14 New Accounting Pronouncements

Statement No. 74 of the Governmental Accounting and Standards Board Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans and Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for governments whose employees are provided with OPEB, as well as for certain nonemployee governments that have a legal obligation to provide financial support for OPEB provided to the employees of other entities. This Statement replaces Statements No. 43, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans. It also includes requirements for defined contribution OPEB plans that replace the requirements for those OPEB plans in Statement No.25, Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans, as amended, Statement 43, and Statement No. 50, Pension Disclosures. Statement No. 74 is effective for financial statements for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2016. Earlier application is encouraged. Statement No. 75 is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. Statement No. 74 will be effective for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017 and Statement No. 75 will be effective for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2018.

Statement No. 77 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Tax Abatement Disclosures. This Statement requires governments that enter into tax abatement agreements to disclose information about the agreements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged. Statement No. 77 will be effective for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Statement No. 78 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans The objective of this Statement is to address a practice issue regarding the scope and applicability of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. This issue is associated with pensions provided through certain multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans and to state or local governmental employers whose employees are provided with such pensions. Prior to the issuance of this Statement, the requirements of Statement 68 applied to the financial statements of all state and local governmental employers whose employees are provided with pensions through pension plans that are administered through trusts that meet the criteria in paragraph 4 of that Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Earlier application is encouraged. Statement No. 78 will be effective for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

Note 14 New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Statement No. 82 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Pension Issues an amendment of GASB Statements No. 67, No. 68, and No. 73 The objective of this Statement is to address certain issues that have been raised with respect to Statements No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, and no. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68. Specifically, this Statement addresses issues regarding (1) the presentation of payroll-related measures in required supplementary information (2) the selection of assumptions and the treatment of deviations from the guidance in an Actuarial Standard of Practice for financial reporting purposes, and (3) the classification of payments made by employers to satisfy employee (plan member) contribution requirements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2016, except for the requirements of this Statement for the selection of assumptions in a circumstance in which an employer's pension liability is measured as a date other than the employer's most recent fiscal year-end. circumstance, the requirements for the selection of assumptions are effective for that employer in the first reporting period in which the measurement date of the pension liability is on or after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged. Statement No. 82 will be effective for Fiscal year ending June 30, 2017.

The School has not yet determined the effect of the adoption of the aforementioned GASB Statements on its Financial Statements.

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	BUDGET ORIGINAL & FINAL		ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS)		VARIANCE WITH BUDGET	
REVENUE						
Local Sources	\$	4,460,403	\$	4,891,520	\$	431,117
State Sources Federal Sources		1,053,109		1,277,301		224,192
redefal sources	-	880,260		894,940		14,680
TOTAL REVENUE	\$	6,393,772	<u>\$</u>	7,063,761	\$	669,989
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Vocational Education Programs	\$	2,937,333	\$	2,858,260	\$	79,073
Adult Education Programs		725,709		725,428		281
TOTAL INSTRUCTIONAL EXPENDITURES	\$	3,663,042	\$	3,583,688	\$	79,354
Support Services						
Guidance	\$	156,463	\$	162,048	\$	(5,585)
Instructional Support		267,939		283,083		(15,144)
Administrative Services		757,284		783,177		(25,893)
Pupil Health Services		109,270		105,749		3,521
Business Services		325,843		320,290		5,553
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services		1,018,531		998,855		19,676
Other Administrative		25,000		47,658		(22,658)
TOTAL SUPPORT SERVICES	\$	2,660,330	\$	2,700,860	\$	(40,530)
Other Expenditures						
Debt Service	<u>\$</u>	40,400	\$	35,150	\$	5,250
TOTAL OTHER EXPENDITURES	\$	40,400	\$	35,150	\$	5,250
	1		*	<u> </u>	<u>*</u>	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	6,363,772	<u>\$</u>	6,319,698	\$	44,074
excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	30,000	\$	744,063	\$	714,063
Other Financing Uses						
Operating Transfer Out	\$	30,000	\$	744,063	\$	714,063
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING USES	\$	30,000	\$	744,063	\$	714,063
Excess of Expenditures and Other Financing Uses						
over Revenues	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year		0		0		0
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	<u>\$</u>	0	\$	0	\$	0

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED)

		FOR THE YE	AR ENDED JUNE 3	30, 2016		
	Sch			Postemployment Be		
		Most Recent Valua	ation and Two (2) F	Preceeding Valuation	ons	
Actuarial Valuation Date	Actuarial Value of Plan Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability	Unfunded Actuarial Liability (UAL)	Funded Ratio	Annual Covered Payroll	Ratio of UAL to Payroll
30-Apr-16	\$ 0	\$ 995,456	\$ 995,456	0.00%	\$ 2,381,079	41.81%
30-Apr-13	\$ 0	\$ 868,174	\$ 868,174	0.00%	\$ 2,225,809	39.00%
30-Jun-10	\$ 0	\$ 1,013,995	\$ 1,013,995	0.00%	\$ 2,939,985	34.49%
				Net Pension Liabili		
	A 16	en (10) Year Schedi	ule Determined As	of The Measureme	ent Date	
Fiscal Year Ended Measurement Date One (1) Year Prior Than Fiscal Year 30-Jun-15	The Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of the Collective NPL 0.0223%	The Employer's Proportion (Amount) of the Collective NPL \$ 9,659,000	The Employer's Covered- Employee Payroll \$ 2,873,695	The Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) Of The Collective NPL as a Percentage Of The Employer's Covered- Employee Payroll 336.1178%	The Plan's Fiduciary Net Position As A Percentage of the Total Pension Liability 54.3573%	
50-jun-1 -1	0.021470		, ,		37.230270	
	A.T. (10) V		hedule Of PSERS C			
	The Statutorily Or Contractually Required	The Amount Of Contributions Recognized By the Plan In Relation To The Statutorily Or Contractually Required	The Difference Between Statutorilly Or Contractually Required Contributions and The Amount of Contributions	The Employer's Covered-	The Amount of Contributions Recognized By The Plan In Relation To the Statutorily Or Contractually Required Contribution As A Percentage Of The Employer's Covered-	
Fiscál Year End 30-Jun-16	Employer Contributions \$ 726,842	Employer Contributions \$ 726,842	Recognized By The Plan \$ 0	Employee Payroll \$ 2,907,368	Employee Payroll 25.0000%	

[&]quot;See Accompanying Independent Auditors' Report"

\$ 2,873,695

20.1468%

578,958

578,958

30-Jun-15

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE I - STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND - AGENCY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

ADDITIONS:

Activity Revenues Supplemental Schedule II Interest Income	\$ 41,362 46	
total additions		\$ 41,408
DEDUCTIONS:		
Activity Expenditures Supplemental Schedule II	\$ 42,823	
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS		 42,823
DEFICIENCY OF ADDITIONS UNDER DEDUCTIONS		\$ (1,415)

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE II - STATEMENT OF ADDITIONS AND DEDUCTIONS CLASSES AND CLUBS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CLUB NAME OR ACTIVITY	revenues		INTER-CLUB TRANSFERS IN		TRA	R-CLUB NSFERS DUT	expenditures	
Ambassador	\$	276	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
Auto Technology	Ψ	1,633	Ψ	0	4	72	*	706
Building Trades		1,033		0		16		0
Carpentry		254		0		16		253
Child Care		152		0		108		0
Collision Repair		319		0		0		323
Commercial Art		0		0		16		. 0
Computer Information Technology		677		0		105		456
Cosmetology		11,185		0		373		10,881
Culinary Arts		150		0		295		150
Graphic Communication		501		0		0		230
Health Occupations		3,595		0		214		1,116
LPN		21,525		0		0		25,696
Service Occupation		328		0		0		328
Scholarship		0		0		0		600
Skills USA		711		1,231		0		2,024
Trowel Trade		40		0		16		60
Howel Hade		70					-	
	\$	41,362	\$	1,231	\$	1,231	\$	42,823

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE III - STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN RESERVE FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

Local Sources:			
Interest Income	\$ 550		
Total Revenue, Local Sources		\$	550
Other Financing Sources:		÷	
Operating Transfer from General Fund Total Revenue, Other Financing Sources	\$ 727,060		727,060
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES		\$	727,610
EXPENDITURES			
Equipment Purchases, Service Occupations Equipment Purchases, Technical Programs Equipment Purchases, Trade & Ind. Programs. Equipment Purchases, Adult Education Programs. Equipment Purchases, Adult LPN Programs. Equipment Purchases, Audio Visual Equipment Purchases, Business Office Equipment Purchase, Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services Equipment Purchases, Other Equipment Purchases, RACP Grant	\$ 17,224 56,789 113,063 285 300 6,752 15,251 124,786 8,800 10,500	\$	353,750
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		Φ	333,730
OTHER FINANCING USES Operating Transfer To Cafeteria Fund	\$ 5,702		
Total Other Financing Uses			5,702
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		\$	359,452
REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		\$	368,158
Reserve For Capital Improvements, Beginning of Year			543,633
RESERVE FOR CAPITAL IMPROVEMENTS, END OF YEAR		\$	911,791

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SUPPLEMENTAL SCHEDULE IV - STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN RESERVE FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES

Local Sources:		
Interest Income	\$ 766	
Total Revenue, Local Sources		\$ 766
Other Financing Sources:		
Operating Transfers From General Fund Total Revenue, Other Financing Sources	\$ 1,103	 1,103
total revenues and other financing sources		\$ 1,869
expenditures		
Facility Acquisition, Construction, Improvement Services	\$ 1,616,797	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		 1,616,797
REVENUE AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES UNDER EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES		\$ (1,614,928)
Reserve For Capital Projects, Beginning of Year		 2,229,048
RESERVE FOR CAPITAL PROJECTS, END OF YEAR		\$ 614,120

				FOR THE FISCAL	FOR THE FISCAL TEAK ENDED JOINE 39, 2010	20, 2010	ACCRITED OR		ACCRUED OR
	SRC. CODE	FEDERAL SRC. CFDA CODE NUMBER	PASS-THRU. GRANTOR'S NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING/ ENDING	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMT.	TOTAL RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR	(DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JULY 1, 2015	REVENUE RECOG- EXPEND. NIZED AMOUNT	(DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JUNE 30, 2016
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION									
STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS CLUSTER SEOG Grants D 84. Pell Grants D 84. Direct Student Loans D 84.	RAMS CLU D D D	J5TER 84.007 84.063 84.268	Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016 07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016 07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016	000	\$ 8,064 264,699 599,802	\$ 8,064 15,921 118,794	\$ 9,840 \$ 9,840 (258,095 258,095 (499,345 499,345	(1)(6) \$ 9,840 (1)(6) 9,317 18,337
TOTAL STUDENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE PROGRAMS CLUSTER	: PROGRA!	MS CLUSTER	~		0	\$ 872,565	\$ 142,779	\$ 767,280 \$ 767,280	\$ 37,494
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: Secondary Vocational Instruction Secondary Vocational Instruction		84.048 84.048	380-150024 380-160027	07/01/2014 - 06/30/2015 07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016	\$ 427,177 419,458	\$ 71,523 352,823	\$ 71,523	\$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0	\$ 0 (1)
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION					\$ 846,635	\$ 1,296,911	\$ 214,302	\$ 1,183,407 \$ 1,183,407	\$ 100,798
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE									
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER Passed Through the Pennsylvania Department of Education: National School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Passed Through the Pennsylvania		10.553	∀ /Z Z/Z	07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016 07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016	₹ Ż Z	\$ 7,373	\$ 728	\$ 7,370 \$ 7,370 57,261 \$7,261	\$ 725 6,652
Department of Agriculture: National School Lunch Program		10.555	Y/Z	07/01/2015 - 06/30/2016	Y'X	7,736 (2)) (728) (3)	7,237 7,237	(4) (1,227) (5)
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER	AND CHIL	.D NUTRITIC	ON CLUSTER		Z/Z	\$ 71,396	\$ 5,678	\$ 71,868 \$ 71,868	\$ 6,150

ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) EXPEND. REVENUE AT AMOUNT JUNE 30, 2016	8 \$ 1,198 \$ 0	\$ 5,000 \$ 1,128	
REVENUE RECOG- NIZED	\$ 1,198	\$ 5,000 1,128 1,128 3,847 3,847 1,163 1,16	7,163 1,163 1,756 1,756 3,538 3,538
ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JULY 1, 2015	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	000000
ACCR (DEF REVE	₩	↔	
TOTAL RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR	1,198	5,000 1,128 1,128 3,847 3,847 3,847 1,147 5,000 5,000 1,263 4,151 1,163	1,163 1,163 1,163 1,756 1,163 3,538
RE 30, 201	₩	₩	
TOR THE FISCAL FEAR ENDED JOINE 39, 2013 TO PROGRAM OR REC PUNG AWARD AMT. FOR T	1,198	5,000 5,000	000 's
PRC AW	₩	₩	
GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING/ ENDING	03/07/2016 - 06/30/2016	12/02/2014-03/20/2016 12/02/2014-03/20/2016 12/02/2014-03/20/2016 12/02/2014-03/20/2016 12/02/2014-03/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016 08/25/2015-12/20/2016	03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 03/07/2016-06/20/2017 12/02/2014-03/20/2016 03/07/2016-06/20/2017
PASS-THRU. GRANTOR'S NUMBER	·	15-AD-14 14-AD-57 14-AD-61 14-AD-61 15-AD-16 15-AD-10 15-AD-68 15-AD-63 15-AD-64 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-67 15-AD-60 15-AD-60 15-AD-60 15-AD-60 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09 05Y-15-09	05Y-15-22 05Y-15-24 05Y-15-17 05Y-15-21 14-DW-37 15-DW-54
FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	17.258	17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.258 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259	17.259 17.259 17.259 17.259 17.278 17.278
SRC. CODE 1	_		
	U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WIA CLUSTER Passed Through the Trehab Center and Susquehanna County Workforce Investment Act WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT	Passed Through the Lackawanna County Career Link: WORKFORCE INVESTMENT ACT WIA Adult Program WIA Adult Advities WIA Youth Activities	WIA Youth Activities WIA Youth Activities WIA Youth Activities WIA Youth Activities WIA Dislocated Worker Formula Grants

	SRC. CODE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	FEDERAL PASS-THRU. SRC. CFDA GRANTOR'S CODE NUMBER NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING/ ENDING	PROGRAM OR AWARD AMT.	TOTAL RECEIVED FOR THE YEAR	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JULY 1, 2015	REVENUE RECOG- NIZED	EXPEND. AMOUNT	ACCRUED OR (DEFERRED) REVENUE AT JUNE 30, 2016	
Passed Through the Pocono Counties Workforce Investment Act:											
WORKFORCE INVE5TMENT ACT WIA Adult Program WIA Adult Program WIA Youth Activities		17.258 17.258 17.259	W14-014 W15-025 W15-001	12/02/2014-03/16/2016 03/07/2016-06/03/2016 8/25/2015-11/20/2015	5,000 5,000 3,050	1,128 1,263 3,050	000	1,128 1,263 3,050	1,128 1,263 3,050	000	
TOTAL WIA CLUSTER					\$ 194,248	\$ 93,215	\$	\$ 93,990	\$ 93,990	\$ 775	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF LABOR					\$ 194,248	\$ 93,215	\$	\$ 93,990	\$ 93,990	\$ 775	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE					\$ 1,040,883	\$ 1,461,522	\$ 219,980	\$ 1,349,265 \$ 1,349,265	\$ 1,349,265	\$ 107,723	

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR-ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

			Ž.	FOR THE FISCAL TEAR-ENDED JOINE SO, 2010	NDED JUINE 30, A	2	ACCRUED OR			ACC	ACCRUED OR
	SRC.	FEDERAL CFDA	FEDERAL PASS-THRU. CFDA GRANTOR'S	GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING/	TOTAL PROGRAM OR RECEIVED FOR	TOTAL RECEIVED FOR	(DEFERRED) REVENUE AT	REVENUE RECOG-	EXPEND.	(DE REV	(DEFERRED) REVENUE AT
1	CODE	NUMBER	NUMBER NUMBER	ENDING	AWARD AMT.	THE YEAR	JULY 1, 2015	NIZED	AMOUNT	NO.	JUNE 30, 2016
PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION School Lunch Program	z		N/A 07	07/01/2015 06/30/2016	N/A	\$ 3,279	\$ 318	\$ 3,335	\$ 3,335	\$	374
total school lunch program from Pennsylvania department of education	PENNSYLV	ANIA DEPAF	STMENT OF EDUC	ATION	Y/Z	\$ 3,279	\$ 318	\$ 3,335	\$ 3,335	\$	374
TOTAL PENNSYLVANIA ASSISTANCE					N/A	\$ 3,279	\$ 318	\$ 3,335	\$ 3,335	٠٠)	374
FOOTNOTES:											٠
(1) Identification of 40% rule: Total Federal Expenditures;	\$ 1,349,265 × 40%	ı	Programs selected for test:	for test:	SEOG Grants, CFDA #84.007 PELL Grants, CFDA #84.063 Direct Student Loans, CFDA #84.268	DA #84.007 0A #84.063 pars_CFDA #84	268	\$ 9,840 258,095 499,345			
	\$ 539,706							\$767,280	\$767,280 / 1,349,265	ll C	56.87%

- Principles, and Audit requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of operations of the Career Technology center of Lackawanna County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows (2) Total amount of commodities received from the Department of Agriculture.
 (3) Beginning inventory at July 1, 2015
 (4) Total amount of commodities used.
 (5) Ending inventory at June 30, 2016
 (6) Includes -O- in Administrative Allowance expense.
 (7) BASIS OF PRESENTATION - The accompanying schedule of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the Career Technology under programs of the Federal Government for the year ended June 30, 2016. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost of the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna
 - (8) SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modofied accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (9) The Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County has elected not to use the ten (10%) percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance The Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County did not use any indirect cost in fiscal year ended June 30, 2016.

ROBERT ROSSI & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ROBERT L. ROSSI, C.P.A. ROBERT T. ARVONIO, C.P.A. PETER D. ARVONIO, JR., C.P.A. ROBERT A. HANIS, C.P.A. 299 MAIN ST. 2ND FLR OLYPHANT, PA 18447-2326 TEL. (570) 876-2300 - FAX (570) 876-5153 Website: www.rrco.net

SALVATORE A. NOLE, JR., C.P.A. JOSEPH E. ROSSI, C.P.A. SEAN J. GRASSI, C.P.A. RALPH R. MORRIS, III, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

February 7, 2017

Board of Directors Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements which collectively comprise the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 7, 2017.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on, the effectiveness of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of the internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given those limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sobet Rossi + CO

ROBERT ROSSI & CO. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

ROBERT L. ROSSI, C.P.A. ROBERT T. ARVONIO, C.P.A. PETER D. ARVONIO, JR., C.P.A. ROBERT A. HANIS. C.P.A. 299 MAIN ST. 2ND FLR OLYPHANT, PA 18447-2326 TEL. (570) 876-2300 - FAX (570) 876-5153 Website: www.rrco.net SALVATORE A. NOLE, JR., C.P.A. JOSEPH E. ROSSI, C.P.A. SEAN J. GRASSI, C.P.A. RALPH R. MORRIS, III, C.P.A.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

February 7, 2017

Board of Directors Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016. Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions to its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for the Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), and require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with The Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Career Technology Center of Lackawanna County's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Section 1- Auditors' Result Section

- (1) An unqualified opinion was expressed on the financial statements of the auditee.
- (2) The audit did not disclose, identify any deficiency in internal control over compliance that was considered to be a material weakness.
- (3) The audit did not disclose any noncompliance which is material to the financial statements of the auditee, as required to be reported in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- (4) The audit did not disclose a deficiency in internal control over major programs that was considered to be a material weakness.
- (5) An unqualified opinion was expressed on the auditee compliance for major programs.
- (6) The audit disclosed no audit findings that the auditor is required to report under section 510 (A) of OMB Circular A-133.
- (7) Identification of Major Programs is as follows:
 - (1) SEOG Grants CFDA #84.007
 - (2) Pell Grants CFDA #84.063
 - (3) Direct Student Loans CFDA #84.268
- (8) The dollar threshold used to distinguish Type A and Type B Programs as described in 2 CFR 2—Section 518 of the Uniform Guidance was \$750,000.
- (9) The auditee did not qualify as a low-risk auditee under section 2 CFR Section 520 of the Uniform Guidance.
- Section 2- Findings relating to the financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with Generally Accepted Governmental Auditing Standards is as follows:

None

Section 3- Findings and questioned costs for Federal Awards as defined in Section 310 (A) of OMB Circular A-133.

None

CAREER TECHNOLOGY CENTER OF LACKAWANNA COUNTY SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS AND INTERNAL CONTROL WEAKNESSES

INTERNAL CONTROLS RELATED TO FINDING AND QUESTIONED COST FOR FEDERAL AWARDS AS DEFINED IN SECTION 310A OF OMB CIRCULAR A-133

2015-1 Reporting of Final Completion Expenditure Report

The audit for the year ended June 30, 2015 noted that

- a.) The School is submitting its Final Expenditure Report based salary information upon current salary level but did not take into consideration what salaries where actual paid and eligible for reimbursement.
- b.) Benefits were based upon salary information used in item a above and not based upon actual salaries paid and eligible for reimbursement.
- c.) The School did not properly communicate with the PA Department of Education and in a timely fashion to obtain an extension of time to pay for eligible equipment and file a Final Expenditure Report.

The School has entered into an installment agreement with the Pennsylvania Department of Education to repay the disallowed Cost. As of June 30, 2016, the School owes the Pennsylvania Department of Education \$ 27,275 and such amount will be repaid in the 2016 – 2017 school year.