

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Celina Independent School District
Name of School District

Collin
County

043-903
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above-named school district were reviewed and (check one) X approved _____ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2016 at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of such school district on the 14th day of November , 2016.

/s/ Todd Snyder

/s/ Kelly Juergens

Signature of Board **Secretary**

Signature of Board **President**

If the Board of Trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is(are):
(attach list as necessary)

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158
Greenville, Texas 75404

**Unmodified Opinions on Basic Financial Statements Accompanied by Required Supplementary Information
and Other Information**

Independent Auditor's Report

Celina Independent School District
205 South Colorado
Celina, Texas 75009

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District as of June 30, 2016 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information:

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 6-10 and the Schedules contained in Exhibits G-1, G-2, & G-3 on pages 52-55 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial

reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information:

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Celina Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds contained in Exhibits H-1 & H-2 on pages 58-61 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining Statements for Nonmajor Governmental Funds are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The Texas Education Agency requires school districts to include certain information in the Annual Financial and Compliance Report in conformity with laws and regulations of the State of Texas. This information is in Exhibits identified in the Table of Contents as J-1, J-2, & J-3. We have applied certain limited procedures to this supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted on inquiries of management about methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standard*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 5, 2016 on our consideration of Celina Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Celina Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

/s/ Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.
Greenville, Texas

November 5, 2016

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, we, the administrators of Celina Independent School District, discuss and analyze the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2016. Please read it in conjunction with the District's Basic Financial Statements which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position decreased by \$371,240 as a result of this year's operations.
- The District's assets exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$2,325,890 which represents the District's total combined net position. Of this amount, \$681,808 (unrestricted net position) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of June 30, 2016, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$29,028,187 compared to \$8,917,056 for the last fiscal year. Included in this combined fund balance is unspent bond proceeds of \$18,034,535 in the Bond Construction Fund. The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$6,397,490 this fiscal year compared to \$5,805,276 the last fiscal year.
- The District's total tax rate for the 2015-2016 school year was \$ 1.64 with \$ 1.14 for maintenance & operation and \$ 0.50 for debt service.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 12 and 13). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements (starting on page 14) report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District or to external customers and how the sales revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the district.

The notes to the financial statements (starting on page 26) provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The combining statements for nonmajor funds contain even more information about the District's individual funds. These are not required by T.E.A. The section labeled Required Texas Education Agency Schedules contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 12. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs, such as tuition received from students from outside the district and grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues), and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, you should consider non-financial factors as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has one kind of activity:

- Governmental activities—All of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, tuition, fees, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 14 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the ESEA Title 1 Part A from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. The District's two kinds of funds—governmental and proprietary—use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. We describe the differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

- Proprietary funds—The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds (a category of proprietary funds) report activities that provide services for the District's other programs and activities—such as the District's self-insurance programs.

The District as Trustee

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position on page 25. We exclude these resources from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The District is presenting government-wide financial analysis in the form of current year data and prior year data and the changes in these accounts. Our analysis focuses on the net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased from \$2,697,130 last year to \$2,325,890 at June 30, 2016. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – decreased from \$3,032,942 last year to \$681,808 at June 30, 2016.

Changes in net position of the District's governmental activities were a \$509,349 decrease last year compared to a \$371,240 decrease at June 30, 2016.

Table I
Celina Independent School District
NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities 6/30/2016	Governmental Activities 6/30/2015	Net Change
Current and other assets	\$31,526,075	\$11,115,155	\$20,410,920
Capital assets	56,947,838	56,585,584	362,254
Other assets	358,190	486,359	(128,169)
Total assets	\$88,832,103	\$68,187,098	\$20,645,005
Deferred Outflows	\$2,179,526	\$457,158	\$1,722,368
Current and other liabilities	\$3,985,721	\$3,264,633	\$721,088
Long-term liabilities	\$80,578,689	\$60,585,743	19,992,946
Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	3,835,932	1,605,594	2,230,338
Total liabilities	\$88,400,342	\$65,455,970	\$20,714,034
Deferred Inflows	\$285,397	\$491,156	(\$205,759)
Net Position:			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(\$3,324,673)	(\$4,000,159)	\$675,486
Restricted	4,968,755	3,664,347	1,304,408
Unrestricted	681,808	3,032,942	(2,351,134)
Total net position	\$2,325,890	\$2,697,130	(\$371,240)

Table II
Celina Independent School District
CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 6/30/2016	Governmental Activities Yr Ended 6/30/2015	Net Change
Revenues:			
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$1,706,413	\$1,199,433	\$506,980
Operating grants and contributions	2,057,769	1,442,414	615,355
General Revenues:			
Maintenance and operations taxes	9,603,112	8,608,823	994,289
Debt service taxes	4,212,328	3,776,190	436,138
State aid - formula grants	9,822,235	8,694,076	1,128,159
Grants & Contributions not restricted to specific functions	202,939	88,129	114,810
Investment Earnings	109,864	39,738	70,126
Miscellaneous	886,591	234,129	652,462
Total Revenue	<u>\$28,601,251</u>	<u>\$24,082,932</u>	<u>\$4,518,319</u>
Expenses:			
Instruction, curriculum and media services	\$13,445,329	\$11,376,865	\$2,068,464
Instructional and school leadership	1,909,640	1,670,149	239,491
Student support services	1,810,564	1,730,807	79,757
Child nutrition	932,994	918,572	14,422
Co curricular activities	1,549,767	1,258,234	291,533
General administration	932,307	767,319	164,988
Plant maintenance, security & data processing	3,442,226	2,974,497	467,729
Debt services	4,466,181	3,373,737	1,092,444
Payments to fiscal agents	400,886	444,406	(43,520)
Other intergovernmental charges	87,228	77,695	9,533
Total Expenses	<u>\$28,977,122</u>	<u>\$24,592,281</u>	<u>\$4,384,841</u>
Increase in net position before transfers and special items	(\$375,871)	(\$509,349)	\$133,478
Transfers	0	0	0
Special Items - Gain on Asset Sale	4,631	0	4,631
Net position at Beginning of Fiscal Year	2,697,130	5,058,366	(2,361,236)
Prior Period Adjustment-Required by GASB 68		(1,851,887)	1,851,887
Net position at End of Fiscal Year	<u>\$2,325,890</u>	<u>\$2,697,130</u>	<u>(\$371,240)</u>

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in Exhibit C-3 on page 18) reported a combined fund balance of \$29,028,187 compared to \$8,917,056 for the last fiscal year. The District's General Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$592,214, ending the year with \$6,397,490. The District's Special Revenue Funds reported a fund balance increase of \$60, ending the year with \$79,403. The District's Debt Service Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$1,402,419, ending the year with \$4,280,488. The District's Capital Projects Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$81,903, ending the year with \$236,271. The District's Bond Construction Fund reported a fund balance increase of \$18,034,535, ending the year with \$18,034,535.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments included amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances (versus the amounts we estimated in June 2015) and amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the year ended June 30, 2016, the District invested \$2,633,897 in capital assets, consisting of land purchased, various facility improvements, construction in progress, technology equipment, a school bus, two suburbans, and a police vehicle.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u>			<u>Ending</u>
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Balance</u>
Land	\$3,661,092	\$600,164	\$0	\$4,261,256
Buildings & Improvements	67,171,473	144,782	0	67,316,255
Equipment	1,865,685	190,911	0	2,056,596
Vehicles	2,696,971	197,578	(15,900)	2,878,649
Construction in Progress	0	1,500,462	0	1,500,462
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>75,395,221</u>	<u>2,633,897</u>	<u>(15,900)</u>	<u>78,013,218</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(16,556,606)	(1,795,591)	0	(18,352,197)
Equipment	(1,048,822)	(206,702)	0	(1,255,524)
Vehicles	(1,204,209)	(269,350)	15,900	(1,457,659)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,809,637)</u>	<u>(2,271,643)</u>	<u>15,900</u>	<u>(21,065,380)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$56,585,584</u>	<u>\$362,254</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$56,947,838</u>

Debt:

At year-end June 30, 2016, the District had \$79,422,378 outstanding in bonds compared to \$59,264,004 last year. The District had \$1,156,310 outstanding in loans compared to \$1,321,740 last year. During the current fiscal year, the District issued Series 2015 & Series 2016 bonds totaling \$20,000,000 for construction and \$22,805,000 to early redeem older bonds totaling \$24,305,000. The net present value of savings on the refundings was \$3,866,468.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The District's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal-year 2016 budget, and tax rates. Several of those factors were the economy, the District's population growth, and unemployment. These factors were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2016. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$3,936,990. The District has added no major new programs or initiatives to the 2016 budget.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District's business office, at Celina Independent School District, 205 South Colorado, Celina, Texas.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016

EXHIBIT A-1

Data	Primary Government
Control Codes	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 24,303,236
1120 Current Investments	4,038,047
1220 Property Taxes Receivable (Delinquent)	330,947
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(4,280)
1240 Due from Other Governments	2,808,125
1410 Prepayments	50,000
Capital Assets:	
1510 Land	4,261,256
1520 Buildings, Net	48,964,058
1530 Equipment, Net	801,072
1540 Vehicles, Net	1,420,990
1580 Construction in Progress	1,500,462
1990 Other Assets	358,190
1000 Total Assets	88,832,103
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
1705 Deferred Outflow Related to TRS	2,179,526
1700 Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,179,526
LIABILITIES	
2110 Accounts Payable	555,747
2140 Interest Payable	1,599,059
2150 Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	1,231
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,565,221
2180 Due to Other Governments	15,377
2200 Accrued Expenses	146,765
2300 Unearned Revenue	102,321
Noncurrent Liabilities	
2501 Due Within One Year	1,159,233
2502 Due in More Than One Year	79,419,456
2540 Net Pension Liability (District's Share)	3,835,932
2000 Total Liabilities	88,400,342
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
2605 Deferred Inflow Related to TRS	285,397
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	285,397
NET POSITION	
3200 Net Investment in Capital Assets	(3,324,673)
3820 Restricted for Federal and State Programs	56,305
3850 Restricted for Debt Service	4,348,891
3860 Restricted for Capital Projects	236,271
3870 Restricted for Campus Activities	23,098
3890 Restricted for Other Purposes	304,190
3900 Unrestricted	681,808
3000 Total Net Position	\$ 2,325,890

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

EXHIBIT B-1

Data Control Codes	1	Program Revenues		6 Primary Gov. Governmental Activities
		3 Charges for Services	4 Operating Grants and Contributions	
	Expenses			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Primary Government:				
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES:				
11 Instruction	\$ 12,901,438	\$ 1,044,400	\$ 1,160,528	\$ (10,696,510)
12 Instructional Resources and Media Services	212,486	-	12,201	(200,285)
13 Curriculum and Staff Development	331,405	-	13,697	(317,708)
21 Instructional Leadership	85,122	-	2,719	(82,403)
23 School Leadership	1,824,518	65,690	116,532	(1,642,296)
31 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	531,785	-	35,596	(496,189)
33 Health Services	214,989	-	14,689	(200,300)
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,063,790	-	63,186	(1,000,604)
35 Food Services	932,994	438,855	416,305	(77,834)
36 Extracurricular Activities	1,549,767	112,324	47,765	(1,389,678)
41 General Administration	932,307	-	50,243	(882,064)
51 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,712,132	45,144	98,796	(2,568,192)
52 Security and Monitoring Services	252,057	-	853	(251,204)
53 Data Processing Services	478,037	-	24,660	(453,377)
72 Debt Service - Interest on Long Term Debt	4,186,856	-	-	(4,186,856)
73 Debt Service - Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	279,325	-	-	(279,325)
93 Payments related to Shared Services Arrangements	389,009	-	-	(389,009)
95 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	11,877	-	-	(11,877)
99 Other Intergovernmental Charges	87,228	-	-	(87,228)
[TP] TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	<u>\$ 28,977,122</u>	<u>\$ 1,706,413</u>	<u>\$ 2,057,769</u>	<u>(25,212,940)</u>
Data Control Codes	General Revenues:			
	Taxes:			
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes			9,603,112
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service			4,212,328
SF	State Aid - Formula Grants			9,822,235
GC	Grants and Contributions not Restricted			202,939
IE	Investment Earnings			109,864
MI	Miscellaneous Local and Intermediate Revenue			886,591
SI	Special Item - Gain on Asset Sale			4,631
TR	Total General Revenues and Special Items			<u>24,841,700</u>
CN	Change in Net Position			(371,240)
NB	Net Position - Beginning			<u>2,697,130</u>
NE	Net Position--Ending			<u>\$ 2,325,890</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Bond Construction
ASSETS			
1110 Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,887,728	\$ 3,661,329	\$ 18,447,472
1120 Investments - Current	3,421,161	616,886	-
1220 Property Taxes - Delinquent	233,113	97,834	-
1230 Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(3,015)	(1,265)	-
1240 Receivables from Other Governments	2,715,652	2,273	-
1410 Prepayments	50,000	-	-
1900 Other Assets	358,190	-	-
1000 Total Assets	<u>\$ 8,662,829</u>	<u>\$ 4,377,057</u>	<u>\$ 18,447,472</u>
LIABILITIES			
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 138,915	\$ -	\$ 392,290
2150 Payroll Deductions and Withholdings Payable	1,231	-	-
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,504,450	-	-
2170 Due to Other Funds	260,819	-	-
2180 Due to Other Governments	15,377	-	-
2200 Accrued Expenditures	114,449	-	20,647
2300 Unearned Revenues	71,123	31,198	-
2000 Total Liabilities	<u>2,106,364</u>	<u>31,198</u>	<u>412,937</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
2601 Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	158,975	65,371	-
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u>158,975</u>	<u>65,371</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES			
Nonspendable Fund Balance:			
3415 Long-Term Loans/Notes Receivable	304,190	-	-
Restricted Fund Balance:			
3450 Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	-	-
3470 Capital Acquisition and Contractual Obligation	-	-	18,034,535
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	4,280,488	-
Committed Fund Balance:			
3510 Construction	1,000,000	-	-
3525 Retirement of Loans or Notes Payable	1,156,310	-	-
3545 Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-
3600 Unassigned Fund Balance	3,936,990	-	-
3000 Total Fund Balances	<u>6,397,490</u>	<u>4,280,488</u>	<u>18,034,535</u>
4000 Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows & Fund Balances	<u>\$ 8,662,829</u>	<u>\$ 4,377,057</u>	<u>\$ 18,447,472</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	306,706	\$	24,303,235
	-		4,038,047
	-		330,947
	-		(4,280)
	90,200		2,808,125
	-		50,000
	-		358,190
<u>\$</u>	<u>396,906</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,884,264</u>
\$	8,792	\$	539,997
	-		1,231
	60,771		1,565,221
	-		260,819
	-		15,377
	11,669		146,765
	-		102,321
<u> </u>	<u>81,232</u>	<u> </u>	<u>2,631,731</u>
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>224,346</u>
<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<u>224,346</u>
	-		304,190
	56,305		56,305
	-		18,034,535
	-		4,280,488
	236,271		1,236,271
	-		1,156,310
	23,098		23,098
	-		3,936,990
<u> </u>	<u>315,674</u>	<u> </u>	<u>29,028,187</u>
<u>\$</u>	<u>396,906</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>31,884,264</u>

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CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2016

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 29,028,187
1 The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	245,070
2 Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in governmental funds. At the beginning of the year, the cost of these assets was \$75,395,221 and the accumulated depreciation was \$18,809,637. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable of \$59,264,003, and loans payable of \$1,321,740, are not due and payable in the current period, and, therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Accrued interest payable on long term debt of \$1,028,451 is not reflected in the fund financial statements, but is shown in the government-wide financial statements. In addition, Deferred Outflows of \$457,158, Deferred Inflows of \$491,156, and Net Pension Liability of \$1,605,594 are not shown in the fund financial statements, but are shown in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the beginning balances for capital assets (net of depreciation), long-term debt in the governmental activities, and deferred inflows, deferred outflows, & net pension liability, is to increase (decrease) net position.	(6,668,202)
3 Current year capital outlays of \$2,633,897 and long-term debt principal payments of \$1,435,551 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$84,491, amortization of bond premiums of \$50,282, and accrued interest payable of \$570,608, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of including the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	3,633,613
4 Included in the items related to debt is the recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability required by GASB 68 in the amount of \$2,230,338, a Deferred Resource Inflow related to TRS in the amount of \$205,759 and a Deferred Resource Outflow related to TRS in the amount of \$1,722,368. The net effect of these TRS amounts is to increase (decrease) net position.	(302,211)
5 The current year depreciation expense increases accumulated depreciation. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to decrease net position.	(2,271,643)
6 Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes of \$224,346 as revenue, reclassifying bond proceeds of \$21,563,270 as an increase in bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to increase net position.	(21,338,924)
19 Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,325,890

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Bond Construction
REVENUES:			
5700 Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 11,082,826	\$ 4,331,432	\$ 60,109
5800 State Program Revenues	10,411,540	255,576	-
5900 Federal Program Revenues	200,316	-	-
5020 Total Revenues	21,694,682	4,587,008	60,109
EXPENDITURES:			
Current:			
0011 Instruction	11,002,419	-	-
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	185,629	-	-
0013 Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	302,186	-	-
0021 Instructional Leadership	81,132	-	-
0023 School Leadership	1,526,902	-	-
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	471,795	-	-
0033 Health Services	187,066	-	-
0034 Student (Pupil) Transportation	877,111	-	-
0035 Food Services	-	-	-
0036 Extracurricular Activities	1,376,856	-	-
0041 General Administration	824,635	-	-
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,435,048	-	-
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	261,125	-	-
0053 Data Processing Services	535,216	-	-
Debt Service:			
0071 Principal on Long Term Debt	165,429	1,270,122	-
0072 Interest on Long Term Debt	38,433	2,424,318	-
0073 Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	-	279,325	-
Capital Outlay:			
0081 Facilities Acquisition and Construction	219,834	-	2,025,574
Intergovernmental:			
0093 Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	389,009	-	-
0095 Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	11,877	-	-
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	87,228	-	-
6030 Total Expenditures	20,978,930	3,973,765	2,025,574
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	715,752	613,243	(1,965,465)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):			
7901 Refunding Bonds Issued	-	23,319,176	-
7911 Capital Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	-	-	20,000,000
7912 Sale of Real and Personal Property	4,631	-	-
7915 Transfers In	-	-	-
7916 Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	-	3,063,270	-
8911 Transfers Out (Use)	(128,169)	-	-
8940 Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)	-	(25,593,270)	-
7080 Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(123,538)	789,176	20,000,000
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	592,214	1,402,419	18,034,535
0100 Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	5,805,276	2,878,069	-
3000 Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 6,397,490	\$ 4,280,488	\$ 18,034,535

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds	
\$	540,191	\$	16,014,558
	237,670		10,904,786
	558,147		758,463
	1,336,008		27,677,807
	388,302		11,390,721
	-		185,629
	-		302,186
	-		81,132
	70,774		1,597,676
	-		471,795
	-		187,066
	-		877,111
	841,226		841,226
	-		1,376,856
	-		824,635
	-		2,435,048
	-		261,125
	28,237		563,453
	-		1,435,551
	-		2,462,751
	-		279,325
	53,675		2,299,083
	-		389,009
	-		11,877
	-		87,228
	1,382,214		28,360,483
	(46,206)		(682,676)
	-		23,319,176
	-		20,000,000
	-		4,631
	128,169		128,169
	-		3,063,270
	-		(128,169)
	-		(25,593,270)
	128,169		20,793,807
	81,963		20,111,131
	233,711		8,917,056
\$	315,674	\$	29,028,187

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CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 20,111,131
The District uses internal service funds to charge the costs of certain activities, such as self-insurance and printing, to appropriate functions in other funds. The net income (loss) of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities. The net effect of this consolidation is to increase (decrease) net position.	31,566
Current year capital outlays of \$2,633,897 and long-term debt principal payments of \$1,435,551 are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but they should be shown as increases in capital assets and reductions in long-term debt in the government-wide financial statements. Accretion on capital appreciation bonds of \$84,491, amortization of bond premiums of \$50,282, and interest payable of \$570,608, are not reflected in the fund financial statements, but are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. The net effect of removing the current year capital outlays and debt principal payments is to increase (decrease) net position.	3,633,613
The implementation of GASB 68 required that certain expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These contributions made after the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year caused the change in the ending net position to increase in the amount of \$389,192. Contributions made before the measurement date of 8/31/2015 but during the current fiscal year also caused a increase in the change in net position in the amount of \$61,840. The District's proportionate share of TRS pension expense on the plan as a whole had to be recorded. The net pension expense, which includes the District's share, adjustments & differences, and amortization of inflows & outflows, decreased the change in net position by \$753,243. The impact of all these is to increase (decrease) the change in net position.	(302,211)
Depreciation is not recognized as an expense in governmental funds since it does not require the use of current financial resources. The net effect of the current year's depreciation is to increase (decrease) net position.	(2,271,643)
Various other reclassifications and eliminations are necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. These include recognizing unavailable revenue from property taxes as revenue, adjusting current year revenue of \$10,426 to show the revenue earned from the current year's tax levy, reclassifying bond proceeds of \$21,563,270 as an increase to bonds payable, and recognizing the liabilities associated with maturing long-term debt and interest. The net effect of these reclassifications and recognitions is to decrease net position.	(21,573,696)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ (371,240)</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Current Assets:	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1
Due from Other Funds	<u>260,819</u>
Total Assets	<u>260,820</u>
LIABILITIES	
Current Liabilities:	
Accounts Payable	<u>15,750</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>15,750</u>
NET POSITION	
Unrestricted Net Position	<u>245,070</u>
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 245,070</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
OPERATING REVENUES:	
Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 31,647
Total Operating Revenues	<u>31,647</u>
OPERATING EXPENSES:	
Other Operating Costs	81
Total Operating Expenses	<u>81</u>
Operating Income	31,566
Total Net Position - July 1 (Beginning)	<u>213,504</u>
Total Net Position - June 30 (Ending)	<u><u>\$ 245,070</u></u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

	Governmental Activities -
	Internal Service Fund
<u>Cash Flows from Operating Activities:</u>	
Cash Received from User Charges	\$ 4,457
Cash Payments for Insurance Claims	(4,457)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	-
Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	1
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$ 1
<u>Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash</u>	
<u>Provided by Operating Activities:</u>	
Operating Income:	\$ 31,566
Effect of Increases and Decreases in Current Assets and Liabilities:	
Decrease (increase) in Receivables	(27,190)
Increase (decrease) in Accounts Payable	(4,376)
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ -

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2016

	Agency Fund
<hr/>	
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 252,064
Total Assets	<u>\$ 252,064</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	\$ 9,624
Due to Student Groups	242,440
Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 252,064</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Note A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Celina Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas. It is governed by a seven member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and other authoritative sources identified in *Statement on Auditing Standards No. 69* of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants; and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

Pensions. The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

As of June 30, 2016, Celina Independent School District retrospectively and prospectively applied Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. GASB Statement No. 72 provides guidance for determining a fair value measurement for reporting purposes and applying fair value to certain investments and disclosures related to all fair value measurements.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of Trustees has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary public education within the jurisdiction of Celina Independent School District. The members of the Board of Trustees are elected by the public, have the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations. It also has the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District is not included in any other "governmental entity" as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") in its Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. There are no component units included within the reporting entity. The District receives funding from local, state, and federal governmental sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities are government-wide financial statements. They report information on all of the Celina Independent School District's nonfiduciary activities with most of the interfund activities removed. *Governmental activities* include programs supported primarily by taxes, state foundation funds, grants and other intergovernmental revenues. *Business-type activities* include operations that rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates how other people or entities that participate in programs the District operates have shared in the payment of the direct costs. The "charges for services" column includes payments made by parties that purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods or services provided by a given function or segment of the District. Examples include tuition paid by students not residing in the district, school lunch charges, etc. The "grants and contributions" column includes amounts paid by organizations outside the District to help meet the operational or capital requirements of a given function. Examples include grants under the Elementary and Secondary Education Act Title I. If revenue is not program revenue, it is general revenue used to support all of the District's functions. Property taxes are always general revenues.

Interfund activities between governmental funds, and between governmental funds and proprietary funds, appear as “due to & due from” on the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and Proprietary Fund Statement of Net Position, and as “other resources & other uses” on the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and on the Proprietary Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position. All interfund transactions between governmental funds and between governmental funds and internal service funds are eliminated on the government-wide statements. Interfund activities between governmental funds and fiduciary funds remain as “due to & due from” on the government-wide Statement of Activities.

The fund financial statements provide reports on the financial condition and results of operations for three fund categories - governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. Since the resources in the fiduciary funds cannot be used for District operations, they are not included in the government-wide statements. The District considers some governmental funds major and reports their financial condition and results of operations in a separate column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All other revenues and expenses are nonoperating.

3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements use the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as do the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets, current liabilities and fund balances are included on the balance sheet. Operating statements of these funds present net increases and decreases in current assets (i.e., revenues and other financing sources and expenditures and other financing uses).

The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available, and it recognizes expenditures in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable, except for unmatured interest and principal on long-term debt, which is recognized when due. The expenditures related to certain compensated absences and claims and judgments are recognized when the obligations are expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within 60 days after year-end.

Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept, that is, when they are both measurable and available. The District considers them available if they will be collected within 60 days of the end of the fiscal year. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available.

Grant funds are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant. Accordingly, when such funds are received, they are recorded as deferred revenues until related and authorized expenditures have been made. If balances have not been expended by the end of the project period, grantors sometimes require the District to refund all or part of the unused amount.

The Proprietary Fund Types and Fiduciary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus and utilize the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the accounting period in which they are earned and become measurable and expenses in the accounting period in which they are incurred and become measurable. Agency Funds apply the accrual basis of accounting, but do not have a measurement focus. The District applies all GASB pronouncements as well as the Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless these pronouncements conflict or contradict GASB pronouncements. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of

these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. The fund equity is segregated into net investment in capital assets, restricted net position, and unrestricted net position

4. Fund Accounting

The District's accounts are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts which are comprised of each fund's assets, liabilities, equity, revenues and expenditures.

The District reports the following **major** governmental funds:

General Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for resources financing the fundamental operations of the District, in partnership with the community, in enabling and motivating students to reach their full potential. All revenues and expenditures not required to be accounted for in other funds are included here. This is a budgeted fund and any fund balances are considered resources available for current operations. Fund balances may be appropriated by the Board of Trustees to implement its responsibilities

Debt Service Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt and other long-term debts for which a tax has been dedicated. This is a budgeted fund and a separate bank account is maintained for this fund. Any unused sinking fund balances are transferred to the General Fund after all of the related debt obligations have been met. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Bond Construction Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds from bonds to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities. It is considered major because its resources exceed 10% of the District's total resources.

Additionally, the District reports the following **nonmajor** fund types:

Governmental Fund Types:

Special Revenue Funds – These governmental funds are established to account for resources restricted to, or designated for, specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a Special Revenue Fund. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a Special Revenue Fund and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project periods. Project accounting is employed to maintain integrity of the various sources of funds.

The District's Food Service Fund is considered a special revenue fund since it meets the following criteria: (1) User fees are charged to supplement the National School Lunch Program, (2) The General Fund subsidizes the Food Service Program for all expenditures in excess of the National School Lunch Program, and (3) The District does not consider the Food Service Program completely self-supporting. Food Service fund balances are used exclusively for child nutrition program purposes.

Capital Projects Fund – This governmental fund is established to account for proceeds from other resources to be used for Board authorized acquisition, construction, or renovation, as well as, furnishing and equipping of major capital facilities.

Proprietary Funds:

Internal Service Fund – This fund is established to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to organizations inside the District on a cost reimbursement basis. The District's Internal Service Fund is for Workers Compensation Self-Insurance.

Fiduciary Funds:

Agency Funds – These funds are established to account for resources held for others in a custodial capacity. Financial resources for the Agency funds are recorded as assets and liabilities; therefore, these funds do not include revenues and expenditures and have no fund equity. The District's Agency Funds are for Student Activity Funds.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows for proprietary funds, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased. Cash and cash equivalents in the Internal Service fund was \$1 as of June 30, 2016.

6. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value. Fair value is the amount at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

7. Inventories

All inventories are valued at cost using the first in/first out (FIFO) method. The District purchases of supplies as expenditures. If any supplies are on hand at the end of the year, their cost is recorded as inventory and fund balance is reserved for the same amount.

8. Asset Capitalization and Useful Lives

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual unit cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Buildings, furniture, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	39-50
Building Improvements	15-40
Vehicles & Buses	5-10
Equipment	5-7

9. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit some employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

10. Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expenses when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognized bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of bonded debt issued plus the premiums/discounts received on the issuance of bonds are reported as other financing sources. The amounts of issuance costs are reported as expenditures.

11. Fund Balance

In accordance with GASB 54 and school board policy, the District is reporting its fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements in each of the following categories:

Non-spendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the School Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purposes unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated with the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and then unassigned fund balance.

As of June 30, 2016, the District's fund balances are classified as follows:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Bond Construction Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Non-spendable:					
Long Term Loans Receivable	\$304,190				\$304,190
Restricted for:					
State & Federal Grants				56,305	56,305
Capital Acquisition & Contractual Oblig.			18,034,535		18,034,535
Debt Service		4,280,488			4,280,488
Committed to:					
Construction	1,000,000			236,271	1,236,271
Retirement of Notes Payable	1,156,310				1,156,310
Campus Activity				23,098	23,098
Unassigned	3,936,990				3,936,990
Total Fund Balances	\$6,397,490	\$4,280,488	\$18,034,535	\$315,674	\$29,028,187

12. Functions

School Districts are required to report all expenses by function, except certain indirect expenses. General administration, data processing services, and other intergovernmental charges functions (data control codes 41, 53, and 99 respectively) include expenses that are indirect expenses of other functions. These indirect expenses are not allocated to other functions.

13. Restricted Assets

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted assets, it uses the restricted assets first whenever they will have to be returned if they are not used.

14. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. Texas Education Agency requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the Agency in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide data base for policy development and funding plans.

15. Risk Management – Claims and Judgments

In the normal course of operations, the District is exposed to risks of loss from a number of sources including fire and casualty losses, errors or omissions by board members and employees, and injuries to employees during the course of performing their duties. The District attempts to cover these losses by the purchase of insurance. Significant losses are covered by commercial insurance for property and liability programs. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the past three years.

Health Care Coverage

During the year ended June 30, 2016, employees of the District were covered by a uniform statewide health care program for public education employees. The District contributed \$300 per month, which includes \$75 per month which is reimbursed by the State of Texas, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, may authorize payroll withholdings to pay the remaining balance of the premium for employee coverage and/or dependents. All contributions/premiums were paid to the statewide health care program. The Plan was authorized by House Bill 3343 and is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS).

Workers Compensation Coverage

The District has entered into an agreement with the Texas Educational Insurance Association to self-fund their workers compensation plan. The agreement is administered by Claims Administrative Services, Inc. Transactions related to the plan are accounted for in the Workers Compensation Insurance Fund (the "Fund"), an internal service fund of the District. The District makes all contributions to the fund. Claims Administrative Services, Inc. obtained excess loss insurance, which limited annual claims paid from the entire fund for the year ended June 30, 2016, to \$225,000 for any individual participant.

Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at June 30, 2016, are reflected as accounts and claims payable of the Fund. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the Fund as they become due.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2016</u>	<u>Year Ended June 30, 2015</u>
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year	\$20,126	\$24,415
Incurred claims (including IBNR's)	81	609
Claim payments	(4,457)	(4,898)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	<u>\$15,750</u>	<u>\$20,126</u>

16. Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note B. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net assets:

Exhibit C-2 provides the reconciliation between the fund balance for total governmental funds on the governmental fund balance sheet and the net assets for governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

One element of that reconciliation explains that capital assets are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in governmental funds. In addition, long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-2 is the inclusion of deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability related to TRS at the beginning of the year. The details for these elements are as follows:

<u>Capital Assets at the Beginning of the year</u>	<u>Historic Cost</u>	<u>Accumulated Depreciation</u>	<u>Net Value at the Beginning of the Year</u>	<u>Change in Net Position</u>
Land	\$3,661,092		\$3,661,092	
Buildings	67,171,473	(16,556,606)	50,614,867	
Equipment	1,865,685	(1,048,822)	816,863	
Vehicles	2,696,971	(1,204,209)	1,492,762	
Change in Net Position				\$56,585,584
Deferred Outflow related to TRS				\$457,158

<u>Long-term Liabilities at the Beginning of the year</u>	<u>Payable at the Beginning of the year</u>	
Bonds Payable	\$59,264,003	
Bond Interest Payable	1,028,451	
Loans Payable	1,321,740	
Change in Net Assets		(\$61,614,194)
Net Pension Liability		(\$1,605,594)
Deferred Inflow related to TRS		(\$491,156)
Net Adjustment to Net Position		(\$6,668,202)

Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the government-wide statement of activities:

Exhibit C-4 provides reconciliation between the net changes in fund balance as shown on the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances and the changes in net position of governmental activities as reported on the government-wide statement of activities.

One element of that reconciliation explains that current year capital outlays and debt principal payments are expenditures in the fund financial statements, but should be shown as increases in capital assets and decreases in long-term debt in the government-wide statements. Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is the current year adjustments to deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net pension liability related to TRS. These adjustments affect both the net position balance and the change in net assets. The details of these adjustments are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Adjustments to Changes in Net Position</u>	<u>Adjustments to Net Position</u>
<u>Current Year Capital Outlay</u>			
Land	\$600,164		
Buildings & Improvements	\$144,782		
Equipment	\$190,911		
Vehicles	197,578		
Construction in Progress	1,500,462		
Total Capital Outlay	<u>\$2,633,897</u>	\$2,633,897	\$2,633,897
Deferred Outflow related to TRS	\$1,722,368	\$1,722,368	\$1,722,368
<u>Debt Service Payments</u>			
Bond Principal	\$1,270,122		
Accretion on Capital Appreciation Bonds	84,491		
Amortization of Bond Premiums	50,282		
Bond Interest Payable	(570,608)		
Loan Principal	165,429		
Total Principal Payments	<u>\$999,716</u>	\$999,716	\$999,716
Net Pension Liability	(\$2,230,338)	(\$2,230,338)	(\$2,230,338)
Deferred Inflow related to TRS	<u>\$205,759</u>	\$205,759	\$205,759
Total Adjustment to Net Position		<u>\$3,331,402</u>	<u>\$3,331,402</u>

Another element of the reconciliation on Exhibit C-4 is described as various other reclassifications and eliminations necessary to convert from the modified accrual basis of accounting to accrual basis of accounting. This adjustment is the result of several items. The details for this element are as follows:

	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Adjustments to Changes in Net Position</u>	<u>Adjustments to Net Position</u>
<u>Adjustments to Revenue and Unavailable Revenue</u>			
Net Property Tax Revenue Adjustment	(\$10,426)	(\$10,426)	\$224,346
<u>Reclassify Bond Proceeds</u>			
Reclassify Bond Proceeds to Bonds Payable	(\$21,563,270)	(\$21,563,270)	(\$21,563,270)
Totals		<u>(\$21,573,696)</u>	<u>(\$21,338,924)</u>

Note C. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Budgetary Data

The Board of Trustees adopts an "appropriated budget" for the General Fund, Debt Service Fund and the Food Service Fund (which is included in the Special Revenue Funds). The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budgeted revenues and expenditures for each of these funds. The District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures. The General Fund Budget report appears in Exhibit G-1 and the other two reports are in Exhibit J-2 and J-3.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the governmental fund financial statements:

1. Prior to June 20, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget. At least ten days' public notice of the meeting must be given.
3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can only be amended at the function and fund level by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings. Each amendment must have Board approval. As required by law, such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year-end. Because the District has a policy of careful budgetary control, several amendments were necessary during the year. However, none of these were significant. Each budget is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year-end.

A reconciliation of fund balances for both appropriated budget and nonappropriated budget special revenue funds is as follows:

<u>June 30, 2016 Fund Balance</u>	
Appropriated Budget Funds - Food Service	\$56,305
Nonappropriated Budget Funds-Campus Activity	<u>23,098</u>
All Special Revenue Funds	<u><u>\$79,403</u></u>

Note D. Cash, Cash Equivalents, and Investments

District Policies and Legal and Contractual Provisions Governing Deposits and Investments:

The **Public Funds Investment Act** (Government Code Chapter 2256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires the District to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas and its agencies; (2) guaranteed or secured certificates of deposit issued by state and national banks domiciled in Texas, (3) obligations of states, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state having been rated as to investment quality not less than "A"; (4) no load money market funds with a weighted average maturity of 90 days or less; (5) fully collateralized repurchase agreements; (6) commercial paper having a stated maturity of 270 days or less from the date of issuance and is not rated less than A-1 or P-1 by two nationally credit rating agencies or one nationally recognized credit agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit; (7) secured corporate bonds rated not lower than "AA-" or the equivalent; (8) public funds investment pools; and (9) guaranteed investment contracts for bond proceeds investment only, with a defined termination date and secured by U.S. Government direct or agency obligations approved by the Texas Public Funds Investment Act in an amount equal to the bond proceeds. The Act also requires the District to have independent auditors perform test procedures related to investment practices as provided by the Act. Celina Independent School District is in substantial compliance with the requirements of the Act and with local policies.

Additional policies and contractual provisions governing investments for Celina Independent School District are specified below:

Credit Risk – To limit the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations, the District limits investments in certificates of deposits, no-load money market accounts, and public investment pools. As of June 30, 2016, the District's investments in public funds investment pools were rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk for Deposits – State law requires the District to contract with financial institutions in which funds will be deposited to secure those deposits with insurance or pledged securities with a fair value equaling or exceeding the amount on deposit at the end of each business day. The pledged securities must be in the name of the District and held by the entity or its agent. Since the District complies with this law, it has no custodial risk for deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk for Investments – To limit the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the District will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party the District requires counterparties to register the securities in the name of the District and hand them over to the District or its designated agent. This includes securities lending transactions. All of the securities are in the District's name and held by the District or its agent.

Concentration of Credit Risk – To limit the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, the District diversifies in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce the risk of loss resulting from over concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

Interest Rate Risk – To limit the risk of changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of investments, the District requires invested instruments maturities do not exceed one year from the time of purchase except when a longer maturity may be specifically authorized by the Board for a given investment provided legal limits are not exceeded.

Foreign Currency Risk – The District limits the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment or a deposit by not investing in foreign currency.

Fair Value Measurements:

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or its equivalent) as a practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy below.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the below hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements requires judgement and considers factors specific to each asset.

Celina Independent School District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2016:

Cash & Cash Equivalents of \$28,593,347 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

The District has no investments measured at the Net Asset Value (NAV) per Share or its equivalent.

Deposit Collateral Information

At June 30, 2016, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest bearing savings accounts) was \$26,677,004. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2016 and during the year ended June 30, 2016 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged deposit collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name, or by letters of credit.

In addition, the following is disclosed regarding coverage of combined balances on the date of highest deposit:

a. Depository: Independent Bank, McKinney, Texas

b. The highest combined balance of cash, savings, and time deposits accounts amounted to \$28,273,458 and occurred during the month of February 2016.

c. The market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combined balance on deposit was \$30,000,032.

d. Total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$500,000.

Note E. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property located in the District in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 31 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected.

The assessed value of the tax roll on January 1, 2015, upon which the tax levy for the 2016 fiscal year was based, was \$842,404,856. The tax rates assessed for the year ended June 30, 2016 to finance general fund operations and the payment of principal & interest on general obligation bonds were \$ 1.14 and \$ 0.50 per \$ 100 valuation, respectively, for a total of \$ 1.64 per \$ 100 valuation. Current year (including prior year delinquent) tax collections for the year ended June 30, 2016 were 101.48% of the tax levy.

Note F. Delinquent Taxes Receivable

Delinquent taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based on historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

Note G. Disaggregation of Receivables and Payables

Receivables at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	<u>Property Taxes</u>	<u>Due from Other Governments</u>	<u>Due from Other Funds</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total Receivables</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Fund	\$233,113	\$2,715,652	\$0	\$408,190	\$3,356,955
Debt Service Fund	97,834	2,273	0	0	100,107
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	0	90,200	0	0	90,200
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$330,947</u>	<u>\$2,808,125</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$408,190</u>	<u>\$3,547,262</u>
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$4,280	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,280

Payables at June 30, 2016, were as follows:

	<u>Accounts</u>	<u>Salaries & Benefits</u>	<u>Due to Other Funds</u>	<u>Due to Other Governments</u>	<u>Other</u>	<u>Total Payables</u>
Governmental Activities:						
General Fund	\$138,915	\$1,505,681	\$260,819	\$15,377	\$114,449	\$2,035,241
Debt Service Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0
Bond Construction Fund	392,290	0			20,647	412,937
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	8,792	60,771	0	0	11,669	81,232
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$539,997</u>	<u>\$1,566,452</u>	<u>\$260,819</u>	<u>\$15,377</u>	<u>\$146,765</u>	<u>\$2,529,410</u>
Amounts not scheduled for collection during the subsequent year	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0

Note H. Capital Asset Activity

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2016 was as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Retirements</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>
Land	\$3,661,092	\$600,164	\$0	\$4,261,256
Buildings & Improvements	67,171,473	144,782	0	67,316,255
Equipment	1,865,685	190,911	0	2,056,596
Vehicles	2,696,971	197,578	(15,900)	2,878,649
Construction in Progress	0	1,500,462	0	1,500,462
Totals at Historical Cost	<u>75,395,221</u>	<u>2,633,897</u>	<u>(15,900)</u>	<u>78,013,218</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & Improvements	(16,556,606)	(1,795,591)	0	(18,352,197)
Equipment	(1,048,822)	(206,702)	0	(1,255,524)
Vehicles	(1,204,209)	(269,350)	15,900	(1,457,659)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(18,809,637)</u>	<u>(2,271,643)</u>	<u>15,900</u>	<u>(21,065,380)</u>
Capital Assets, Net	<u>\$56,585,584</u>	<u>\$362,254</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$56,947,838</u>

Depreciation expense for the current year was charged to governmental functions as follows:

11 Instruction	\$1,081,237
12 Instructional Resources & Media Services	20,023
13 Curriculum & Instructional Staff Development	20,023
23 School Leadership	160,183
31 Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	40,046
33 Health Services	20,023
34 Student (Pupil) Transportation	329,419
35 Food Services	80,092
36 Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	140,161
41 General Administration	80,092
51 Plant Maintenance & Operations	240,275
52 Security & Monitoring Services	20,023
53 Data Processing Services	40,046
Total Depreciation Expense	<u>\$2,271,643</u>

Note I. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2016, was as follows:

	<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Reductions</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Amounts Due</u> <u>within One</u> <u>Year</u>
Governmental Activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	\$55,364,168	\$42,805,000	(\$25,575,122)	\$72,594,046	\$988,610
Accumulated Accretion on CABs	1,344,282	195,386	(279,878)	1,259,790	
Unamortized Bond Premiums	2,555,554	3,063,270	(50,282)	5,568,542	
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide	59,264,004	46,063,656	(25,905,282)	79,422,378	
Loans Payable	1,321,739	0	(165,429)	1,156,310	170,623
Total Governmental Activities	\$60,585,743	\$46,063,656	(\$26,070,711)	\$80,578,688	\$1,159,233

Note J. Bonds Payable & Debt Service Requirements

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide annual reports and material event notices to the State Information Depository of Texas (SID), which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indenture. Management has indicated that the District is in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions at June 30, 2016.

In the governmental fund financial statements, current requirements for principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the Debt Service Fund. The proceeds from the sale of bonds are shown in the governmental fund financial statements as Other Resources and principal payments are shown as expenditures.

A summary of changes in bonds for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Interest Rates Payable</u>	<u>Amounts of Original Issue</u>	<u>Interest Current Year</u>	<u>Beginning Amounts Outstanding 7/01/15</u>	<u>Issued</u>	<u>Retired</u>	<u>Ending Amounts Outstanding 6/30/16</u>
School Building Bonds-Series 2002	4.50-7.00%	10,200,000	\$4,163	\$185,000	\$0	(\$185,000)	\$0
School Building Bonds-Series 2004	3.60-5.00%	3,500,000	14,962	670,000	0	(670,000)	0
School Building Bonds-Series 2006	4.625-5.0%	12,835,000	173,125	6,925,000	0	(6,925,000)	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds-Series 2006	3.80-4.80%	2,581,051	279,878	1,854,552	0	(580,122)	1,274,430
School Building Bonds-Series 2007	4.00-4.50%	17,790,000	708,963	16,975,000	0	(16,975,000)	0
Capital Appreciation Bonds-Series 2007	4.23-4.36%	209,617	0	209,617	0	0	209,617
School Building Bonds-Series 2008	3.75-5.00%	10,000,000	394,612	9,335,000	0	(240,000)	9,095,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2010	2.00-4.00%	1,850,000	52,550	1,510,000	0	0	1,510,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2013	2.00-4.00%	8,460,000	255,919	8,305,000	0	0	8,305,000
Capital Appreciation Bonds - Series 2013	1.43-190%	290,000	0	290,000	0	0	290,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2014	3.00-5.00%	9,105,000	330,000	9,105,000	0	0	9,105,000
Unltd Tax Refunding Bonds - Series 2015	3.00-4.00%	9,265,000	210,416	0	9,265,000	0	9,265,000
Refunding/Building Bonds - Series 2016	3.00-5.00%	33,540,000	0	0	33,540,000	0	33,540,000
Total General Obligation Bonds			\$2,424,588	\$55,364,169	\$42,805,000	(\$25,575,122)	\$72,594,047
Accumulated Accretion on CABs				1,344,281	195,386	(279,878)	1,259,789
Unamortized Bond Premiums				2,555,554	3,063,270	(50,282)	5,568,542
Total Bonds Payable, Government-Wide Financials				\$59,264,004	\$46,063,656	(\$25,905,282)	\$79,422,378

During the current fiscal year, the District issued Series 2015 refunding bonds totaling \$9,265,000 to early redeem older bonds totaling \$9,330,000. The net present value of savings on the refunding was \$1,357,515.

Also, during the current fiscal year, the District issued Series 2016 refunding bonds totaling \$13,540,000 to early redeem Series 2007 bonds totaling \$14,975,000. The net present value of savings on the refunding was \$2,508,953.

A portion of the above bonds were capital appreciation bonds, commonly referred to as “premium compound interest bonds”. These bonds were issued at a discount to their par or maturity value and will accrete interest until maturity.

Summary information for the capital appreciation bonds is as follows:

<u>Series</u>	<u>Capital Appreciation Bonds</u>	
	<u>Stated Value</u>	<u>Accreted Value, 6/30/16</u>
2006	\$1,274,430	\$1,973,874
2007	\$209,617	\$1,646,920
2013	\$290,000	\$1,113,817

Debt service requirements for general obligation bonds are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>General Obligation Bonds</u>		<u>Total Requirements</u>
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2017	\$988,610	\$3,468,188	\$4,456,798
2018	1,095,621	3,358,535	4,454,156
2019	1,203,886	3,350,139	4,554,025
2020	1,606,379	3,004,565	4,610,944
2021	1,784,551	3,059,149	4,843,700
2022-2026	12,605,000	11,511,931	24,116,931
2027-2031	15,730,000	8,355,753	24,085,753
2032-2036	18,995,000	5,035,406	24,030,406
2037-2041	16,135,000	1,569,859	17,704,859
2042-Maturity	2,450,000	39,813	2,489,813
Totals	<u>\$72,594,047</u>	<u>\$42,753,338</u>	<u>\$115,347,385</u>

Note K. Long Term Notes and Capital Leases Payable

Long-Term Notes:

A summary of changes in long-term notes for the year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows:

<u>Date of</u> <u>Issue/Maturity</u>	<u>Purpose/Lawful</u> <u>Authority</u>	<u>Fund Payable</u> <u>From/Interest</u> <u>Rate</u>	<u>Current</u>		<u>Beginning</u> <u>Balance</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>Issued</u>	<u>Amount</u> <u>Retired</u>	<u>Ending</u> <u>Balance</u>
			<u>Year</u>	<u>Interest</u>				
06/10-6/20	Maintenance Tax/ TEC 45.108	General/3.00%	\$32,963		\$1,133,606	\$0	(\$141,882)	\$991,724
10/12-10/22	School Bus Loan/ TEC 34.005	General/3.00%	5,470		188,133	0	(23,547)	164,586
Totals			<u>\$38,433</u>		<u>\$1,321,739</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>(\$165,429)</u>	<u>\$1,156,310</u>

Debt service requirements for long-term notes are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Loans</u>		<u>Total Requirements</u>
	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	
2017	\$170,623	\$33,239	\$203,862
2018	175,872	27,990	203,862
2019	181,283	22,579	203,862
2020	186,815	17,047	203,862
2021	192,607	11,255	203,862
2022-Maturity	249,110	5,717	254,827
Totals	<u>\$1,156,310</u>	<u>\$117,827</u>	<u>\$1,274,137</u>

Capital Leases:

There were no capital leases outstanding during the year ended June 30, 2016.

Note L. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation and Sick Leave Benefits

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based upon their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State of Texas and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave does not vest, but accumulates and is recorded as an expenditure as it is used and paid.

A summary of changes in the accumulated sick leave and vacation leave liability follows:

	<u>Sick Leave</u>	<u>Vacation Leave</u>
Balance, July 1, 2015	\$0	\$0
Additions - New Entrants and Salary Increments	0	0
Deductions - Payments to Participants	0	0
Balance, June 30, 2016	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

Note M. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (TRS)

Plan Description. Celina Independent School District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2015 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2015.

<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Total</u>
Total Pension Liability	163,887,375,172
Less: Plan Fiduciary Position	<u>(128,538,706,212)</u>
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$35,348,668,960</u>
Net Position as a percentage of Total Pension Liability	78.43%

Benefits Provided. TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the

member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Contributions. Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 thru 2017. The 83rd Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 and 2015. The 84th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) established the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2016 and 2017.

	Contribution Rates	
	<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>
Member	6.7%	7.2%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	6.7%	6.7%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%
Celina ISD FY2016 Employer Contributions		\$ 451,034
Celina ISD FY2016 Member Contributions		\$ 956,958
Celina ISD FY2015 NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 689,487

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers including public schools are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding source or a privately sponsored source.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees, and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the August 31, 2015 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	8.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	8.00%
Inflation	2.5%
Salary Increases Including Inflation	3.5% to 9.5%
Payroll Growth Rate	2.5%
Benefit Changes During the Year	None
Ad hoc Employment Benefit Changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the four year period ending August 31, 2014 and adopted on September 24, 2015.

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. There was no change in the discount rate since the previous year. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 8%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2015 are summarized below:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Return Geometric Basis	Long-Term Expected Portfolio Real Rate of Return*
Global Equity			
U.S.	18%	4.6%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13%	5.1%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9%	5.9%	0.7%
Directional Hedge Funds	4%	3.2%	0.1%
Private Equity	13%	7.0%	1.1%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11%	0.7%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0%	1.8%	0.0%
Hedge Funds (Stable Value)	4%	3.0%	0.1%
Cash	1%	-0.2%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3%	0.9%	0.0%
Real Assets	16%	5.1%	1.1%
Energy and Natural Resources	3%	6.6%	0.2%
Commodities	0%	1.2%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	<u>5%</u>	<u>6.7%</u>	<u>0.3%</u>
Inflation Expectations			2.2%
Alpha			1.0%
Total	100%		8.7%

* *The Expected Contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.*

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis. The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (8%) in measuring the 2015 Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (7.0%)	Discount Rate (8.0%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (9.0%)
CISD's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	\$ 6,010,182	\$ 3,835,932	\$ 2,024,916

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2016, Celina Independent School District reported a liability of \$770,354 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to Celina Independent School District. The amount recognized by Celina Independent School District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with Celina Independent School District were as follows:

District's Proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 3,835,932
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>8,228,597</u>
Total	<u>\$12,064,529</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2015 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2014 thru August 31, 2015.

At August 31, 2015 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.000108517% which was an increase of 0.000048408% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2014.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation – The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period:

Economic Assumptions

1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.

9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.

10. Small adjustments were made to the retirement patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations.

11. Small adjustments to the disability patterns were made for members consistent with experience and future expectations. Two separate patterns were created based on whether the member has 10 years of service or more.

12. For members that become disabled in the future, it is assumed 20% of them will choose a 100% joint and survivor annuity option.

Actuarial Methods and Policies

13. The method of using celled data in the valuation process was changed to now using individual data records to allow for better reporting of some items, such as actuarial gains and losses by source.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the measurement period ending August 31, 2015, Celina Independent School District recognized pension expense of \$1,172,443 and revenue of \$1,172,443 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2016, Celina Independent School District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$20,651	\$147,418
Changes in actuarial assumptions	86,797	136,849
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	576,654	0
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,106,232	1,130
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	389,192	-
Total	\$495,888	\$285,397

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	Pension Expense Amount
2017	\$ 274,285
2018	274,285
2019	274,285
2020	396,969
2021	159,507
2022	125,606
Total	\$1,504,937

At June 30, 2016, the District reported Deferred Resource Outflows and Deferred Resource Inflows for the TRS pension plan as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Total net amounts as of August 31, 2015 Measurement Date	\$1,790,334	\$285,397
Contributions made subsequent to the Measurement Date	389,192	
Reported by District as of June 30, 2016	\$2,179,526	\$285,397

Note N. School District Retiree Health Plan (TRS-Care)

Plan Description – Celina Independent School District contributes to the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined postemployment health care plan administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. TRS-Care provides a health care coverage for certain persons (and their dependents) who retired under the Teacher Retirement System of Texas. The statutory authority for the program is Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575. Section 1575.052 grants the TRS Board of Trustees the authority to establish and amend basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants. The Teacher Retirement System of Texas issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TRS-Care. That report may be obtained by visiting the TRS website at www.trs.state.tx.us under the TRS Publications heading, by calling the TRS Communications Department at 1-800-223-8778, or by writing to the Communications Department of TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, Texas 78701.

Funding Policy – Contribution requirements are not actuarially determined but are legally established each biennium by the Texas Legislature. Texas Insurance Code Sections 1575.202, 203, and 204 establish state, active employee, and public school contributions, respectfully. Funding for free basic coverage is provided by the program based upon public school district payroll. Per Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575, the public school contribution may not be less than 0.25% or greater than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public school. Funding for optional coverage is provided by those participants selecting optional coverage. Contribution rates and amounts are shown in the table below for fiscal years 2016-2014.

Contribution Rates and Contribution Amounts

Year	Member Contributions		State Contributions		District Contributions	
	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount	Rate	Amount
2016	0.65%	\$87,302	1.000%	\$134,310	0.55%	\$73,871
2015	0.65%	\$78,753	1.000%	\$121,159	0.55%	\$66,637
2014	0.65%	\$73,106	1.000%	\$112,470	0.55%	\$61,859

Note O. Medicare Part D (TRS-Care)

Federal Government Retiree Drug Subsidy – The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. The allocation of these on-behalf payments is based on the ratio of a reporting entity's covered payroll to the entire payroll reported by all reporting entities. TRS based this allocation percentage on the completed report submissions by reporting entities for the month of May. State Contributions for Medicare Part D made on behalf of Celina Independent School District's employees were \$54,056, \$50,972, and \$30,118, respectively for fiscal years ended June 30, 2016, 2015, and 2014.

Note P. Due from Other Governments

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives entitlements from the State through the School Foundation and Per Capita Programs. Amounts due from federal and state governments as of June 30, 2016, are summarized below. All federal grants shown below are passed through the TEA and are reported on the combined financial statements as Due from State Agencies.

<u>Fund</u>	<u>State Entitlements</u>	<u>Federal Grants</u>	<u>Other Governments</u>	<u>Totals</u>
General Fund	\$2,710,471	\$0	\$5,181	\$2,715,652
Debt Service Funds	0	0	2,273	2,273
Special Revenue Funds	21,363	68,837	0	90,200
Totals	<u>\$2,731,834</u>	<u>\$68,837</u>	<u>\$7,454</u>	<u>\$2,808,125</u>

In addition to the above amounts, the District has a long-term receivable from the City of Celina for \$358,190, which is recorded as Other Assets on the balance sheet. The amount collected on this receivable during the current fiscal year was \$128,169. The amount collected on this receivable is transferred out to the Capital Projects Fund annually.

Note Q. Due to Other Governments

As of June 30, 2016, the District had \$15,377 due to Texas Education Agency for 2015-2016 state foundation revenue. The Texas Education Agency will deduct these amounts from 2016-2017 state revenues.

Note R. Unearned Revenue & Unavailable Revenue

Unearned revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end. Unavailable revenue is that portion of the net revenue receivable which is not expected to be collected within the first 60 days following the fiscal year end.

Unearned revenue and Unavailable revenue at June 30, 2016 consisted of the following:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Fund</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Unearned Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$71,123	\$0	\$31,198	\$102,321
Total Unearned Revenue	<u>\$71,123</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$31,198</u>	<u>\$102,321</u>
Unavailable Revenue:				
Property Tax Revenue	\$158,975	\$0	\$65,371	\$224,346
Total Unavailable Revenue	<u>\$158,975</u>	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$65,371</u>	<u>\$224,346</u>

Note S. Commitments and Contingencies

Litigation – The District may be subjected to loss contingencies arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the administration, the outcome of any lawsuits will not have a material adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements and accordingly no provision for losses has been recorded.

Grant Programs – The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs, which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at June 30, 2016 may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities related to compliance with rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying financial statements for such contingencies.

Construction – The District has construction in progress of \$1,500,462 as of June 30, 2016 for elementary school construction. The total cost of the construction project is projected to be \$20,338,655. There was retainage payable of \$20,647 as of June 30, 2016.

Note T. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Special Revenue Funds</u>	<u>Debt Service Fund</u>	<u>Capital Projects Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Property Taxes	\$9,745,185	\$0	\$4,274,232	\$0	\$14,019,417
Penalties, Interest, & Other Tax					
Related Income	102,257	0	41,346	0	143,603
Investment Income	32,635	0	15,854	61,375	109,864
Rent	45,144	0	0	0	45,144
Gifts & Bequests	846,259	0	0	0	846,259
Food Service Sales	0	438,855	0	0	438,855
Athletics	112,324	0	0	0	112,324
Other	199,022	65,690	0	34,380	299,092
Totals	\$11,082,826	\$504,545	\$4,331,432	\$95,755	\$16,014,558

Note U. Interfund Balances and Transfers In & Out

Interfund balances at June 30, 2016, consisted of the following amounts:

Due to Internal Service Fund from:

General Fund	<u>\$260,819</u>
Total Due to Internal Service Fund from Other Funds	<u>\$260,819</u>

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2016, consisted of the following individual amounts:

Transfers to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from:

General Fund	<u>\$128,519</u>
Total Transferred to Nonmajor Governmental Funds from Other Funds	<u>\$128,519</u>

Note V. Joint Ventures – Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in shared services arrangements for Special Education Services, with other school districts. The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, nor does the district have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to Celina Independent School District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the shared services arrangement.

Note W. Subsequent Events

In reviewing its financial statements, management has evaluated events subsequent to the balance sheet date through November 5, 2016, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
		Original	Final		
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 9,863,762	\$ 11,030,765	\$ 11,082,826	\$ 52,061
5800	State Program Revenues	10,590,364	10,614,557	10,411,540	(203,017)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	25,001	117,144	200,316	83,172
5020	Total Revenues	20,479,127	21,762,466	21,694,682	(67,784)
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011	Instruction	10,954,982	11,120,457	11,002,419	118,038
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	185,626	192,201	185,629	6,572
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	334,838	330,838	302,186	28,652
0021	Instructional Leadership	78,689	81,703	81,132	571
0023	School Leadership	1,496,216	1,542,965	1,526,902	16,063
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	480,754	510,921	471,795	39,126
0032	Social Work Services	52,791	-	-	-
0033	Health Services	219,848	219,848	187,066	32,782
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	1,208,983	936,426	877,111	59,315
0036	Extracurricular Activities	1,052,146	1,379,060	1,376,856	2,204
0041	General Administration	722,879	843,006	824,635	18,371
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,649,664	2,652,443	2,435,048	217,395
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	200,093	263,451	261,125	2,326
0053	Data Processing Services	596,433	564,075	535,216	28,859
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	-	165,430	165,429	1
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	-	38,433	38,433	-
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	70,000	288,115	219,834	68,281
Intergovernmental:					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Districts of SSA	382,995	403,893	389,009	14,884
0095	Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Prg.	16,000	16,000	11,877	4,123
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	73,000	87,300	87,228	72
6030	Total Expenditures	20,775,937	21,636,565	20,978,930	657,635
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(296,810)	125,901	715,752	589,851
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7912	Sale of Real and Personal Property	152,000	75,281	4,631	(70,650)
8911	Transfers Out (Use)	-	(128,169)	(128,169)	-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	152,000	(52,888)	(123,538)	(70,650)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	(144,810)	73,012	592,214	519,202
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	5,805,276	5,805,276	5,805,276	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 5,660,466	\$ 5,878,288	\$ 6,397,490	\$ 519,202

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

EXHIBIT G-2

	2016	2015
District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	0.000108517%	0.000060109%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$ 3,835,932	\$ 1,605,594
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) associated with the District	8,228,597	6,716,153
Total	<u>\$ 12,064,529</u>	<u>\$ 8,321,747</u>
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 12,115,891	\$ 11,247,016
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered-Employee Payroll	31.66%	14.28%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	78.43%	83.25%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the information on this schedule be data from the period corresponding with the periods covered as of the measurement dates of August 31, 2015 for Year 2016 and August 31, 2014 for 2015.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
FOR FISCAL YEAR 2016

EXHIBIT G-3

	2016	2015
Contractually Required Contribution	\$ 451,034	\$ 360,703
Contribution in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	451,034	360,703
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -0-	\$ -0-
District's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 13,431,041	\$ 12,115,891
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	3.36%	2.98%

Note: GASB 68, Paragraph 81 requires that the data in this schedule be presented as of the District's respective fiscal years as opposed to the time periods covered by the measurement dates ending August 31, 2014 for Fiscal Year 2015 and August 31, 2015 for Fiscal Year 2016.

Note: In accordance with GASB 68, Paragraph 138, only two years of data are presented this reporting period. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Changes of benefit terms.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions.

The following are changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected the measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

Economic Assumptions

1. The inflation assumption was decreased from 3.00% to 2.50%.
2. The ultimate merit assumption for long-service employees was decreased from 1.25% to 1.00%.
3. In accordance with the observed experience, there were small adjustments in the service-based promotional/longevity component of the salary scale.
4. The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.50% to 2.50%.

Mortality Assumptions

5. The post-retirement mortality tables for non-disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
6. The post-retirement mortality tables for disabled retirees were updated to reflect recent TRS member experience. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.
7. The pre-retirement mortality tables for active employees were updated to use 90% of the recently published RP-2014 mortality table for active employees. Mortality rates will be assumed to continue to improve in the future using a fully generational approach and Scale BB.

Other Demographic Assumptions

8. Previously, it was assumed 10% of all members who had contributed in the past 5 years to be an active member. This was an implicit rehire assumption because teachers have historically had a high incidence of terminating employment for a time and then returning to the workforce at a later date. This methodology was modified to add a more explicit valuation of the rehire incidence in the termination liabilities, and therefore these 10% are no longer being counted as active members.
9. There were adjustments to the termination patterns for members consistent with experience and future expectations. The termination patterns were adjusted to reflect the rehire assumption. The timing of the termination decrement was also changed from the middle of the year to the beginning to match the actual pattern in the data.

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COMBINING STATEMENTS

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING BALANCE SHEET
NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition
ASSETS					
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ (34,856)	\$ 108,997	\$ (11,486)	\$ (2,747)
1240	Receivables from Other Governments	54,604	-	11,486	2,747
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 19,748</u>	<u>\$ 108,997</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	16,887	43,884	-	-
2200	Accrued Expenditures	2,861	8,808	-	-
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>19,748</u>	<u>52,692</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
FUND BALANCES					
Restricted Fund Balance:					
3450	Federal or State Funds Grant Restriction	-	56,305	-	-
Committed Fund Balance:					
3510	Construction	-	-	-	-
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
3000	Total Fund Balances	<u>-</u>	<u>56,305</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 19,748</u>	<u>\$ 108,997</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

289 Summer School LEP	410 Instructional Materials Allotment	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	693 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ (17,135)	\$ 23,507	\$ 66,280	\$ 240,426	\$ 306,706
-	21,363	-	90,200	-	90,200
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,228</u>	<u>\$ 23,507</u>	<u>\$ 156,480</u>	<u>\$ 240,426</u>	<u>\$ 396,906</u>
\$ -	\$ 4,228	\$ 409	\$ 4,637	\$ 4,155	\$ 8,792
-	-	-	60,771	-	60,771
-	-	-	11,669	-	11,669
<u>-</u>	<u>4,228</u>	<u>409</u>	<u>77,077</u>	<u>4,155</u>	<u>81,232</u>
-	-	-	56,305	-	56,305
-	-	-	-	236,271	236,271
-	-	23,098	23,098	-	23,098
<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>23,098</u>	<u>79,403</u>	<u>236,271</u>	<u>315,674</u>
<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,228</u>	<u>\$ 23,507</u>	<u>\$ 156,480</u>	<u>\$ 240,426</u>	<u>\$ 396,906</u>

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN
FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		211 ESEA I, A Improving Basic Program	240 National Breakfast and Lunch Program	255 ESEA II, A Training and Recruiting	263 Title III, A English Lang. Acquisition
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ -	\$ 438,855	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State Program Revenues	-	24,916	-	-
5900	Federal Program Revenues	139,882	382,599	23,145	10,295
5020	Total Revenues	139,882	846,370	23,145	10,295
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
0011	Instruction	139,882	-	23,145	10,295
0023	School Leadership	-	-	-	-
0035	Food Services	-	841,226	-	-
0053	Data Processing Services	-	-	-	-
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	-	-	-
6030	Total Expenditures	139,882	841,226	23,145	10,295
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	-	5,144	-	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7915	Transfers In	-	-	-	-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-	5,144	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	-	51,161	-	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ -	\$ 56,305	\$ -	\$ -

289 Summer School LEP	410 Instructional Materials Allotment	461 Campus Activity Funds	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds	693 Capital Projects Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 65,690	\$ 504,545	\$ 35,646	\$ 540,191
-	212,754	-	237,670	-	237,670
2,226	-	-	558,147	-	558,147
2,226	212,754	65,690	1,300,362	35,646	1,336,008
2,226	212,754	-	388,302	-	388,302
-	-	70,774	70,774	-	70,774
-	-	-	841,226	-	841,226
-	-	-	-	28,237	28,237
-	-	-	-	53,675	53,675
2,226	212,754	70,774	1,300,302	81,912	1,382,214
-	-	(5,084)	60	(46,266)	(46,206)
-	-	-	-	128,169	128,169
-	-	(5,084)	60	81,903	81,963
-	-	28,182	79,343	154,368	233,711
\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,098	\$ 79,403	\$ 236,271	\$ 315,674

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REQUIRED TEXAS EDUCATION AGENCY SCHEDULES

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Last 10 Years	(1)	(2)	(3)
	Tax Rates		Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes
	Maintenance	Debt Service	
2007 and prior years	\$ 1.370000	\$ 0.379900	\$ 495,130,579
2008	1.040000	0.479000	585,850,156
2009	1.040000	0.500000	642,126,918
2010	1.040000	0.500000	652,209,018
2011	1.140000	0.500000	640,619,079
2012	1.140000	0.500000	639,590,629
2013	1.140000	0.500000	655,224,357
2014	1.140000	0.500000	691,409,202
2015	1.140000	0.500000	755,183,730
2016 (School year under audit)	1.140000	0.500000	842,404,856
1000 TOTALS			

(10) Beginning Balance 7/1/2015	(20) Current Year's Total Levy	(31) Maintenance Collections	(32) Debt Service Collections	(40) Entire Year's Adjustments	(50) Ending Balance 6/30/2016
\$ 43,771	\$ -	\$ 79	\$ 22	\$ (3,079)	\$ 40,591
4,778	-	-	-	-	4,778
11,995	-	305	146	-	11,544
12,825	-	651	313	(747)	11,114
15,374	-	18,242	8,001	28,967	18,098
15,047	-	18,705	8,204	29,630	17,768
19,574	-	24,170	10,601	28,761	13,564
39,307	-	41,411	18,163	33,936	13,669
206,338	-	162,406	71,231	48,447	21,148
-	13,815,440	9,479,216	4,157,551	-	178,673
<u>\$ 369,009</u>	<u>\$ 13,815,440</u>	<u>\$ 9,745,185</u>	<u>\$ 4,274,232</u>	<u>\$ 165,915</u>	<u>\$ 330,947</u>

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
 BUDGET AND ACTUAL - CHILD NUTRITION PROGRAM
 FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
		Original	Final		
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 469,362	\$ 469,362	\$ 438,855	\$ (30,507)
5800	State Program Revenues	24,427	24,427	24,916	489
5900	Federal Program Revenues	429,040	433,614	382,599	(51,015)
5020	Total Revenues	922,829	927,403	846,370	(81,033)
EXPENDITURES:					
0035	Food Services	922,829	927,403	841,226	86,177
6030	Total Expenditures	922,829	927,403	841,226	86,177
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	-	-	5,144	5,144
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	51,161	51,161	51,161	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 51,161	\$ 51,161	\$ 56,305	\$ 5,144

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE
BUDGET AND ACTUAL - DEBT SERVICE FUND
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts (GAAP BASIS)	Variance With Final Budget Positive or (Negative)
		Original	Final		
REVENUES:					
5700	Total Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 3,860,805	\$ 4,323,155	\$ 4,331,432	\$ 8,277
5800	State Program Revenues	-	218,376	255,576	37,200
5020	Total Revenues	3,860,805	4,541,531	4,587,008	45,477
EXPENDITURES:					
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long Term Debt	1,270,122	1,270,122	1,270,122	-
0072	Interest on Long Term Debt	2,441,140	2,441,140	2,424,318	16,822
0073	Bond Issuance Cost and Fees	283,000	283,000	279,325	3,675
6030	Total Expenditures	3,994,262	3,994,262	3,973,765	20,497
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(133,457)	547,269	613,243	65,974
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
7901	Refunding Bonds Issued	9,300,301	23,319,176	23,319,176	-
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	627,916	3,063,270	3,063,270	-
8940	Payment to Bond Refunding Escrow Agent (Use)	(9,792,916)	(25,593,270)	(25,593,270)	-
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	135,301	789,176	789,176	-
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	1,844	1,336,445	1,402,419	65,974
0100	Fund Balance - July 1 (Beginning)	2,878,069	2,878,069	2,878,069	-
3000	Fund Balance - June 30 (Ending)	\$ 2,879,913	\$ 4,214,514	\$ 4,280,488	\$ 65,974

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REPORTS ON COMPLIANCE & INTERNAL CONTROL

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Post Office Box 8158
Greenville, Texas 75404

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an
Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards***

Independent Auditor's Report

Celina Independent School District
205 South Colorado
Celina, Texas 75009

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Celina Independent School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 5, 2016.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Celina Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Celina Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Celina Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Celina Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

/s/ Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.

Morgan, Davis, & Company, P.C.
Greenville, Texas

November 5, 2016

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

Program/Item	Findings Description
Summary of Audit Results:	
Type of Report on Financial Statements	Unmodified
Control Deficiencies	None
Material Weaknesses Involving Control Deficiencies	None
Noncompliance Material to the Financial Statements	None

Findings Relating to the Financial Statements Which Are Required To Be Reported in Accordance with *Generally Accepted Government Auditing Standards*.

There are no findings related to financial statements which are required to be reported in accordance with *Generally Accepted Auditing Standards*.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no prior audit findings which required corrective action.

CELINA INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2016

(Prepared by the District's Administration)

There were no corrective actions necessary for the year ended June 30, 2016.

SCHOOLS FIRST QUESTIONNAIRE

Celina Independent School District

Fiscal Year 2016

SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	No
SF10	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	1,259,790
SF11	Net Pension Assets (1920) at fiscal year-end.	0
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (2540) at fiscal year-end.	3,835,932
SF13	Pension Expense (6147) at fiscal year-end.	302,211