Marietta City Schools 2024–2025 District Unit Planner						
World History (on-level and honors)						
Unit title	Unit titleUnit 2: Classical Mediterranean Societies & EmpiresMYP year5Unit duration (hrs)15 hours					

Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): What will students learn?

GA DoE Standards SSWH2 Identify the major achievements of Chinese and Indian societies to 500 CE/AD. a. Describe the development of Indian civilization, include: the rise and fall of the Maurya and Gupta Empires. b. Describe the development of Chinese civilization under Zhou, Qin, and Han. c. Explain the development and impact of Hinduism and Buddhism on India, and Confucianism on China. d. Explain how geography contributed to the movement of people and ideas, including: Silk Roads and Indian Ocean Trade. SSWH3 Examine the political, philosophical, and cultural interaction of Classical Mediterranean societies from 700 BCE/BC to 400 CE/AD. a. Compare the origins and structure of the Greek polis, the Roman Republic, and the Roman Empire. b. Identify the ideas and impact of important individuals, include: Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, Alexander the Great, Julius Caesar, and Augustus Caesar. c. Analyze the impact of Greek and Roman culture, politics, and technology. d. Describe polytheism in the Greek and Roman world. e. Explain the origins and diffusion of Christianity in the Roman world. f. Analyze the factors that led to the collapse of the Western Roman Empire. SSWH4 Analyze impact of the Byzantine and Mongol empires. a. Describe the relationship between the Roman and Byzantine Empires, include: the importance of Justinian and Empress Theodora.

b. Analyze the impact Byzantium had on Kiev, Moscow, and the Russian Empire.

c. Explain the Great Schism (East-West Schism) of 1054 CE/AD.

d. Explain the decline of Byzantium and the impact of the fall of Constantinople in 1453 CE/AD.

e. Describe the impact of the Mongols on Russia, China, and the Middle East, include: the role of Chinggis (Genghis) Khan in developing the Mongol Empire.

Concepts and Skills to be Mastered by Students:

Information Processing Skills:

1. compare similarities and differences

6. identify and use primary and secondary sources

7. interpret timelines, charts, and tables

8. identify social studies reference resources to use for a specific purpose

16. check for consistency of information

Map and Globe Skills:

6. use map key/legend to acquire information from historical, physical, political, resource, product, and economic maps

10. compare maps of the same place at different points in time and from different perspectives to determine changes, identify trends, and generalize about human activities

11. compare maps with data sets (charts, tables, graphs) and /or readings to draw conclusions and make generalizations

SS Reading Standards 6-8:

L9-10RHSS3: Analyze in detail a series of events described in a text; determine whether earlier events caused later ones or simply preceded them.

L9-10RHSS9: Compare and contrast treatments of the same topic in several primary and secondary sources.

SS Writing Standards 6-8:

L9-10WHST1: Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content

L9-10WHST2: Write informative/explanatory texts, including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes.

Key Terms:

Collapse of Western Roman Empire; Relationship between Roman & Byzantine Empire; Great Schism of 1054 CE/AD (4c) Decline of Byzantium & Fall of Constantinople; Religious development & diffusion; Development, structure, & impact of Greek & Roman governments; Development of the Mongol Empire; Famous Greeks & Romans; Importance of Justinian & Empress Theodora; Role of Chinggis (Genghis) Khan; Constantinople, Kiev, & Moscow; Cultural diffusion; Trade Networks; Byzantine/Russian Relations; Impact of Mongol Expansion; Relationship between Byzantine & Roman empires

Key conc	ept	Related concept(s)	Global context	
Systems are sets of interacting or i components. Systems provide strunatural, and built environments. So dynamic, simple, or complex	icture and order in human,	Growth Power Culture	Identities and Relationships Students will explore identity; beliefs and values; human relationships including, communities and cultures; what it means to be human.	
		Statement of Inquiry		
SOI: The rise of early civilizations	and the emerging social comp	lexity of populous societies caused the need for structures w	vithin society to provide order and stability.	
		Inquiry questions		
Factual • What is an empire? • What caused the rise of the Mediterranean Empires? • What factors can lead to the end of an empire? Conceptual • How are the Mediterranean Empires similar and different? • How did the Mediterranean Empires influence one another? • How did the leaders of the Mediterranean Empires lead to the success and/or failure of them? Debatable • To what extent did the Mediterranean Empires become progressively better over time? • To what extent is an empire a reflection of its leaders?				
MYP Objectives	Assessment Tasks On Level Course			
What specific MYP <u>objectives</u> will be addressed during this unit?	Relationship betw	veen summative assessment task(s) and statement of inquiry	r: List of common formative and summative assessments.	

Criterion B: Investigating an empire with proper research skills Criterion C: Communicating your ideas clearly in a proper brochure format	 Brochure of an Empire Students chose one of the following empires (Persia, Rome, Greece, Mogol, Byzantine, Alexander the Great Empire) and research information related to the standard and statement of inquiry to create brochure which should include: why your empire is unique and different from other places persuasion as to why people should visit your empire any other factual information that provides information about the empire 	Formative Assessment(s): Classical Mediterranean Societies & Empires CFA Summative Assessment(s): Ancient Greece ESOL Assessment Classical Mediterranean Societies & Empires Multiple Choice Assessment Classical Mediterranean Societies and Empires Summative 2020	
MYP Objectives	Assessment Tasks Honors Level Course		
What specific MYP <u>objectives</u> will be addressed during this unit?	Relationship between summative assessment task(s) and statement of inquiry:	List of common formative and summative assessments.	
Criterion B: Investigating Criterion C: Communicating	DBQ 1 Fall of Rome Document Analysis Form Fall of Rome Feudal Europe	Formative Assessment(s): Summative Assessment(s): Classical Mediterranean Societies and Empires Summative 2020 Empire Brochure	
Approaches to learning (ATL)			
Category: Communication Cluster: Exchanging Thoughts, messages, and information Skill Indicator: Negotiate ideas and knowledge with peers and teachers			

Category: Research Cluster: Transfer Skills Skill Indicator: Combine knowledge, understanding and skills to create products or solutions

Learning Experiences On-Level Course Add additional rows below as needed			
Objective or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation	
SSWH3 Examine the political, philosophical, and cultural interaction of Classical Mediterranean societies from 700 BCE/BC to 400 CE/AD. SSWH4 Analyze impact of the Byzantine and Mongol empires.	How do we recognize an empire? This collaborative activity allows students to investigate early historical empires and their characteristics.	 ELL differentiation content: simplify text, word walls, graphic organizers, framed sentences. process: chunking, group work in their native language, music videos with subtitles, hands-on manipulatives, think-pair-share product: modify test procedures for ELs, use notes during tests, non verbal means for assessments, such as: collages, posters, draw a piece of art, build a diagram, make a timeline, etc. Repeat/clarify directions note-taking assistance, frequent checks for understanding, re-teach when needed, praise and positive comments, binders/graphic organizers/checklist to help with understanding of information and organization, provide study guides for unit assessments, reminders of academic and behavioral expectations, pre-teach/review vocabulary, small group testing when 	

		appropriate, read-aloud of test/assessments when required and appropriate, extended time for task/assignment/test completion when appropriate and required (50% & 100%).
SSWH3 Examine the political, philosophical, and cultural interaction of Classical Mediterranean societies from 700 BCE/BC to 400 CE/AD. a. Compare the origins and structure of the Greek polis, the Roman Republic, and the Roman Empire. b. Identify the ideas and impact of important individuals, include: Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, Alexander the Great, Julius Caesar, and Augustus Caesar. c. Analyze the impact of Greek and Roman culture, politics, and technology.	Roman Republic: Your Legal Rights Activity For this activity, students play the role of aRoman lawmaker. The Republic confronts crises at every turn. Involved in politics, your job is to enact laws that are fair, that treat all citizens equally and, of course, that keep the Republic from falling apart.	 ELL differentiation content: simplify text, word walls, graphic organizers, framed sentences. process: chunking, group work in their native language, music videos with subtitles, hands-on manipulatives, think-pair-share product: modify test procedures for ELs, use notes during tests, non verbal means for assessments, such as: collages, posters, draw a piece of art, build a diagram, make a timeline, etc. Repeat/clarify directions note-taking assistance, frequent checks for understanding, re-teach when needed, praise and positive comments, binders/graphic organizers/checklist to help with understanding of information and organization, provide study guides for unit assessments, reminders of academic and behavioral expectations, pre-teach/review vocabulary, small group testing when appropriate, read-aloud of test/assessments when required and appropriate, extended time for task/assignment/test completion when appropriate and required (50% & 100%).

SSWH2 Identify the major achievements of Chinese and Indian societies to 500 CE/AD.	<u>Classical Empires timeline</u> Students work in collaborative groups to display the similarities and differences among the four empires of their choice. This activity also integrates empires and civilizations from Unit 1	
SSWH3 Examine the political, philosophical,		
and cultural interaction of Classical		
Mediterranean societies from 700 BCE/BC to		
400 CE/AD.		
SSWH4 Analyze impact of the Byzantine and Mongol empires.		

Learning Experiences Honors Course Add additional rows below as needed			
Objective or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation All information included by PLC in the differentiation box is the responsibility and ownership of the local school to review and approve per Board Policy IKB.	
 SSWH3 Examine the political, philosophical, and cultural interaction of Classical Mediterranean societies from 700 BCE/BC to 400 CE/AD. a. Compare the origins and structure of the Greek polis, the Roman Republic, and the Roman Empire. b. Identify the ideas and impact of important individuals, include: Socrates, Plato, Aristotle, Alexander the Great, Julius Caesar, and Augustus Caesar. 	Ancient Rome Interactive Notebook		

 c. Analyze the impact of Greek and Roman culture, politics, and technology. d. Describe polytheism in the Greek and Roman world. e. Explain the origins and diffusion of Christianity in the Roman world. 			
f. Analyze the factors that led to the collapse of the Western Roman Empire.			
	Content Resou	irces	
On-Level Course		Honors Level Course	
(From 2021-22 Planner)		(From 2021-22 Planner)	
How do we recognize an empire? Introductory Lesson for Empires SSWH3		Ancient Rome Interactive Notebook	
Greece Vocabulary Chart and Activity SSWH3		DBQ 1 Fall of Rome Document Analysis Form Fall of Rome	
Ancient Greece Reading and Vocabulary Activity SSWH3	(English and Spanish)	Feudal Europe	
<u>What is a city-state reading activity</u> SSWH3		DBQ 2 Bubonic Plague Bubonic Plague	
<u>Getting to Know Ancient Greece Webquest</u> SSWH3			
<u>Getting to Know Ancient Greece</u> <u>Athens TedEd Video</u> SSWH3a			
<u>Sparta TedEd Video</u> SSWH3a			

Athens Sparta T Chart Activity SSWH3a	
Rome Vocabulary Activity SSWH3	
Ancient Rome Geography PPT - ESOL SSWH3a and MAGS 6&10	
Roman Republic: Your Legal Rights Activity SSWH3	
Rome Think Tac Toe SSWH3bcf	
Life in Rome TedEd Video SSWH3ac	
Roman Soldier TedEd Video SSWH3ac	
Killing Julius Caesar TedEd Video SSWH3ab	
<u>Caesar Augustus TedEd Video</u> SSWH3b	
Fall of Rome DBQ SSWH3f	
Fall of Rome Scaffold Reading Q&A (Spanish and English) SSWH3f	
Greece and Rome DBQ (link is to something owned by another school system.) SSWH3	
<u>Christianity and the Roman Empire Notes</u> SSWH3e	

Rome Webquest SSWH3	
Rise and Fall of the Byzantine Empire TedEd Video SSWH4ad	
The Byzantine Empire Reading Activity (Spanish and English) SSWH4ac	
Emperor Justinian and the Byzantine Empire SSWH4ac	
Walls of Constantinople TedEd video SSWH4ac	
Hagia Sophia TedEd Video SSWH4a	
Mongol Empire Notes SSWH4e	
Mongolian Empires Cloze Notes SSWH4e	
Mongol Image Activity SSWH4e	
Rise and Fall of the Mongols TedEd Video SSWH4e	
Mongol Queen Daily Life SSWH4e	
<u>History V Khan TedEd Video</u> SSWH4e	