Monona, Wisconsin

Financial Report

Year Ended 6/30/2022



Financial Statements and Supplementary Financial Information

Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Education Monona Grove School District Monona, Wisconsin

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monona Grove School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monona Grove School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining,
 on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison schedule - general fund, the schedules of the employer's proportionate share of the net pension and OPEB liability (asset) and employer contributions – Wisconsin Retirement System and LRLIF, the schedule of changes in the net OPEB liability and related ratios and employer contributions - OPEB, and the schedule of changes in the total pension liability and related ratios - Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension plan be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's

responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Financial Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining statements and schedule of charter school authorizer operating costs are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards and the State Single Audit Guidelines, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. In our opinion, the combining statements and the schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2023, on our consideration of the Monona Grove School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Wipfli LLP

Madison, Wisconsin

Wigger LLP

January 24, 2023

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

This section of the Monona Grove School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The District's overall financial position, as reflected in total net position is \$34,088,081.
- Net position increased \$3,181,893 during the year.
- In the governmental funds, the District's total fund balance decreased \$9,078,483 during the year. The General Fund balance decreased by \$901,864 and the Capital Projects fund balance decreased \$8,972,702 due to expenditures on construction projects.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are comprised of (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. In addition, other information supplementary to the basic financial statements is provided.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

- The government-wide financial statements are the *statement of net position* and *statement of activities*. These statements present an aggregate view of the District's finances in a manner similar to private-sector business. Both statements distinguish functions that are supported principally by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues, called *governmental activities*, from functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges called *business-type activities*. As of June 30, 2022, the District had no business-type activities.
- The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. This statement reports the cost of government functions and how those functions were financed for the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fund Financial Statements

- The District also produces *fund financial statements*. A fund is a grouping of related accounts used to maintain control over resources segregated for specific activities. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. Fund statements generally report operations in more detail than the government-wide statements and provide information that may be useful in evaluating a district's near-term financing requirements.
- There are two fund financial statements, the *balance sheet* and the *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances*. Generally, fund statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year.
- Because the focus of fund financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide statements, it is
 useful to make comparisons between the information presented. By doing so, readers may better understand
 the long-term implications of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund
 balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances
 provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.
- The District has two kinds of funds: *governmental* and *fiduciary*. The District maintains individual governmental funds (general, special revenue, debt service, and capital projects) as needed. The District has one *fiduciary fund*.
- Financial information is presented separately on both the *balance sheet* and the *statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances* for the general fund, capital projects fund, and debt service funds since these funds are considered to be major funds. Data for the remaining governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated column.
- The District serves as a trustee, or fiduciary, for various scholarship programs. The assets of these organizations and programs do not directly benefit nor are they under the direct control of the District. The District's responsibility is limited to ensuring the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes. *Fiduciary* activities are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.
- The District adopts an annual budget for all governmental funds. For financial statement reporting purposes, the general fund and special education fund are combined and reported as the general fund. A budgetary comparison statement for the general fund has been provided to demonstrate budget compliance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Notes to the Financial Statements

Type of inflow and

outflow information

- The *notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to the full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.
- The major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the activities reported and the type of information contained, are shown in the table below.

		Fund Financial Statement	
	Government-Wide	Governmental	Fiduciary
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds).	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instructional, support services, and community services.	Assets held by the District on behalf of someone else. Student and other organizations that have funds on deposit with the District are reported here.
Required financial statements	Statement of net position.	Balance sheet.	Statement of fiduciary net position.
	Statement of activities.	Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance.	Statement of changes in fiduciary net position.
Basis of accounting and measurement	Accrual accounting.	Modified accrual accounting.	Accrual accounting.
of focus	Economic resources focus.	Current financial resources focus.	Economic resources focus.
Type of asset and liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term, and long-term.	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term, and long-

All revenues and expenses

during the year,

regardless of when cash or

is paid.

year or soon thereafter.

No capital assets or long-

term liabilities included.

Revenues for which cash is

received during or soon

after the end of the year;

expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable. term. These funds do

not currently contain any

capital assets, although they can.

All additions or

deductions during the

year, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Analysis

The District as a Whole

Net position. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The District's assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$34,088,081 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position (\$27,741,607 or 84 percent) reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Monona Grove School District

Net Position

Governmental Activities		2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$	38,616,948	\$ 46,824,608
Capital assets		108,904,845	103,041,898
Total assets		147,521,793	149,866,506
Deferred outflows of resources		26,281,113	18,919,770
Long-term liabilities		99,083,507	103,019,640
Other liabilities		14,485,715	14,232,304
Total liabilities		111,569,222	117,251,944
Deferred inflows of resources		28,145,603	20,628,144
Net position:			
Net investment in capital assets		27,741,607	27,701,362
Restricted		15,111,730	11,698,235
Unrestricted		(8,765,256)	(8,493,409)
Total net position	Ş	34,088,081	\$ 30,906,188

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District as a Whole (Continued)

Monona Grove School District

Change in Net Position

Governmental Activities	2022	2021
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 4,872,197	\$ 3,650,786
Operating grants and contributions	7,905,404	5,915,415
General revenues:		
Property taxes	29,626,156	30,322,170
State aid-formula grants	18,026,256	17,239,060
Other	1,186,042	998,074
Total revenues	61,657,859	58,125,505
Expenses:		
Instruction	28,829,774	26,189,110
Pupil services	2,446,051	2,172,653
Instructional staff services	2,083,590	1,952,694
General administration	1,252,926	1,145,578
Building administration	3,262,064	2,964,070
Business services	14,380,404	8,976,666
Central services	1,496,137	1,303,200
Insurance	314,445	303,204
Other support services	1,983,978	1,285,705
Interest	2,426,597	2,711,991
Total expenses	58,475,966	49,004,871
Change in position	3,181,893	9,120,634
Net position - Beginning of year	30,906,188	21,785,554
Net position - End of year	\$ 34,088,081	\$ 30,906,188

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

The District as a Whole (Continued)

The District's total revenues were \$61,657,859 for the year ended June 30, 2022. Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for 77 percent of total revenue for the year. The remaining 23 percent came from operating grants and contributions, charges for services, and other general revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$58,475,966. The District's expenses are predominantly related to instruction (49 percent). The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 8 percent of total costs.

Governmental Funds

The District completed the year with a total governmental fund balance of \$14,778,672, which is \$9,078,483 less than last year's ending fund balance of \$23,857,155.

The capital projects fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$8,972,702. This was primarily due to the district's capital expenditures funded by a prior bond issuance.

The debt services fund had an increase in fund balance of \$136,686.

The general fund had a decrease in fund balance of \$901,864. This was primarily due to the district expenditures being over the budget amounts.

Revenues exceeded expenditures by \$659,397 for the other nonmajor governmental funds. These funds included the Special Revenue Gift Fund, the School Nutrition Services Fund, the Community Services Fund, and the Cooperative Program Fund.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's original budget for the general fund anticipated that expenditures and other financing uses would match revenues and other financing sources. The actual results for the year show a \$901,864 decrease.

Actual revenues were \$1,398,966 more than expected.

The actual expenditures were \$2,098,674 more than budget, mainly due to business services exceeding budget by \$1,554,844.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At the end of the 2022 fiscal year, the District had invested approximately \$140 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, and equipment. Additional information about capital assets can be found in Note 5. Total accumulated depreciation on these assets exceeded \$31 million for governmental activities.

Asset acquisitions for governmental activities totaled \$7,620,852.

The District recognized depreciation expense of \$1,757,905 for governmental activities.

Monona Grove School District

Capital Assets

Governmental Activities	2022	2021
Land	\$ 4,294,187	\$ 4,294,187
Construction in process	\$ 4,234,107 -	46,543,800
Buildings and improvements	128,004,570	74,790,613
Equipment	8,227,015	7,276,320
Accumulated depreciation	(31,620,927)	(29,863,022)
Total	\$ 108,904,845 \$	103,041,898

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$99,196,904 in bonds and other long-term debt outstanding. Additional information about the District's long-term obligations is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

Monona Grove School District

Outstanding Long-Term Liabilities

Governmental Activities	2022	2021
Bonds payable	\$ 77,440,000	\$ 80,530,000
Notes payable	1,615,000	1,615,000
Unamortized premiums	3,662,050	3,804,558
Supplemental pension liability	6,930,687	7,242,797
Other post-employment benefits-health	6,833,568	7,365,849
Other post-employment benefits-life	1,738,482	1,557,981
Compensated absences	863,720	903,455
	\$ 99,083,507	\$ 103,019,640

The District retired \$8,765,000 of general obligation bonds during 2021-22.

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The District continues to experience steady enrollment residential students and an increase through the school choice program. Enrollment will continue to be monitored closely. The District plans to complete an enrollment study by the end of the 2023 calendar year.

The District passed a \$57 million referendum to issue debt to build a new elementary school in Cottage Grove among other facility upgrades and maintenance during the 2018-2019 fiscal. The District issued this debt during the 2018-2019 fiscal year and construction continued through the 2021-22 fiscal year. The funds will be closed out during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

The District revenue limit will reflect the operational referendum that was renewed by voters in November 2020 for \$3.7 million. This increase in revenue limits will expire after the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

Property valuation continues to increase for the District due to development.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

Mark Powell, Director of Business Services, at (608) 316-1916 or mark.powell@mgschools.net.

Additional information about the District and its services can also be found on the District's website at www.mononagrove.org.



Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

June 30, 2022	G	iovernmental
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources		Activities
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	16,602,403
Accounts receivable		7,424,430
Prepaid items		151,401
Due from other governments		2,670,498
Total current assets		26,848,732
Noncurrent assets:		
Restricted net pension asset		11,768,216
Capital assets not being depreciated		4,294,187
Capital assets being depreciated, net		104,610,658
Total noncurrent assets		120,673,061
Total assets		147,521,793
Deferred outflows of resources		
Related to pensions/OPEB		26,281,113
Total deferred outflows of resources		26,281,113
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	173,802,906
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position		
Current liabilities:		
Short-term notes payable	\$	5,100,000
Accounts payable		1,775,385
Accrued payroll		4,388,986
Accrued interest		491,305
Due to fiduciary fund		60,302
Unearned revenue		669,737
Current portion of long-term obligations		4,255,000
Total current liabilities		16,740,715
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due in more than one year		94,828,507
Total liabilities		111,569,222
Deferred inflows of resources - Related to pensions/OPEB		28,145,603
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets		27,741,607
Restricted		15,111,730
Unrestricted		(8,765,256)
Total net position		34,088,081
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	173,802,906

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Program	ı Rev	venues	R	et (Expenses) evenues and Changes in Net Position
					Operating		Total
			Charges for		Grants and	G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses	Services	Cc	ntributions		Activities
Governmental activities:							
Instruction:							
Regular instruction	\$	19,450,325	\$ 4,334,478	\$	1,972,990	\$	(13,142,857)
Vocational instruction		1,595,209	-		13,753		(1,581,456)
Special education instruction		4,710,429	-		2,646,393		(2,064,036)
Other instruction		3,073,811	107,296		204,387		(2,762,128)
Total instruction		28,829,774	4,441,774		4,837,523		(19,550,477)
Support services:							
Pupil services		2,446,051	-		-		(2,446,051)
Instructional staff services		2,083,590	-		616,925		(1,466,665)
General administration		1,252,926	-		-		(1,252,926)
Building administration		3,262,064	-		-		(3,262,064)
Business services		14,380,404	312,352		2,450,956		(11,617,096)
Central services		1,496,137	-		=		(1,496,137)
Insurance		314,445	-		=		(314,445)
Other support services		1,983,978	118,071		-		(1,865,907)
Interest		2,426,597	-		-		(2,426,597)
Total support services		29,646,192	430,423		3,067,881		(26,147,888)
Total school district	\$	58,475,966	\$ 4,872,197	\$	7,905,404		(45,698,365)
General revenues:							
Property taxes:							
General purposes							22,300,935
Debt service							6,675,221
Community service							650,000
State and federal aids not restricted to s	oec	ific functions					18,026,256
Interest and investment earnings							25,981
Gain on sale of assets							15,823
Miscellaneous							1,186,042
Total general revenues							48,880,258
Change in net position							3,181,893
Net position - Beginning of year							30,906,188
Net position - End of year						\$	34,088,081

Fund Financial Statements

Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

				Capital		Debt		Non-Major		Total
		General Projects			Service	G	overnmental	G	overnmental	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
A										
Assets: Cash and investments	\$	0.275.027	۲	2,861,434	۲	2 240 502	۲	2 116 250	۲	16 602 402
Receivables:	Ş	9,375,027	Þ	2,801,434	\$	2,249,583	\$	2,116,359	\$	16,602,403
Taxes		7,424,430								7,424,430
Prepaid items		149,787		_		-		1,614		151,401
Due from other governments		2,415,724		_		-		254,774		2,670,498
Due from other funds		818,027		_		_		234,774		818,027
Due from other funds		010,027		<u> </u>						818,027
Total assets	\$	20,182,995	\$	2,861,434	\$	2,249,583	\$	2,372,747	\$	27,666,759
Liabilities:										
Short-term notes payable	\$	5,100,000	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,100,000
Accounts payable		453,714		1,307,622		-		14,049		1,775,385
Accrued payroll		4,276,374		-		-		112,612		4,388,986
Accrued interest		75,650		-		-		-		75,650
Due to other funds		811,031		-		67,298		-		878,329
Unearned revenue		535		-		-		669,202		669,737
Total liabilities		10,717,304		1,307,622		67,298		795,863		12,888,087
Fund balances:										
Nonspendable		149,787		-		-		1,614		151,401
Restricted		-		1,553,812		2,182,285		1,575,270		5,311,367
Unassigned		9,315,904		-		-		-		9,315,904
Total fund balances		9,465,691		1,553,812		2,182,285		1,576,884		14,778,672
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	20,182,995	\$	2,861,434	\$	2,249,583	\$	2,372,747	\$	27,666,759

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Total fund balances - Governmental funds		\$ 14,778,672
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position:		
Governmental capital assets	\$ 140,525,772	
Governmental accumulated depreciation	(31,620,927)	108,904,845
The supplemental pension, net pension and OPEB liability (asset) and the defe outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions a		

OPEB are only reported in the statement of net position:

Net pension asset

Supplemental pension liability

Net OPEB liability

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions (OPEB)

26 281 113

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB 26,281,113

Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB (28,145,603) (5,599,011)

Long-term liabilities and the related interest payable, including bonds and notes payable, are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Long-term liabilities reported in the statement of net position that are not reported in the fund's balance sheet are:

Compensated absences	(863,720)	(83,996,425)
Accrued interest	(415,655)	
Unamortized premiums	(3,662,050)	
Unamortized loss on refunding	-	
Bonds and notes payable	(79,055,000)	

Total net position - Governmental activities \$ 34,088,081

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Capital	Debt	Non-Major	Total
	General	Projects	Service	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 22,300,935	\$ -	\$ 6,675,221	\$ 650,000	\$ 29,626,156
Other local sources	675,975	12,345	5,519	536,163	1,230,002
Interdistrict sources	3,913,923	-	-	147,000	4,060,923
Intermediate sources	-	-	-	469,925	469,925
State sources	21,258,713	-	-	48,180	21,306,893
Federal sources	1,606,503	-	-	2,196,952	3,803,455
Other sources	1,079,290	-	-	81,215	1,160,505
Total revenues	50,835,339	12,345	6,680,740	4,129,435	61,657,859
Expenditures:					
Instruction:					
Regular instruction	20,874,551	56,581	-	145,108	21,076,240
Vocational instruction	1,510,392	-	-	199,634	1,710,026
Special instruction	5,050,319	-	-	-	5,050,319
Other instruction	3,140,517	-	-	135,928	3,276,445
Total instruction	30,575,779	56,581	-	480,670	31,113,030
Support services:					
Pupil services	2,585,462	-	-	26,790	2,612,252
Instructional staff services	1,811,418	-	-	379,461	2,190,879
General administration	1,124,828	-	-	144,493	1,269,321
Building administration	3,392,989	-	-	81,527	3,474,516
Business services	8,875,567	9,983,875	-	1,827,788	20,687,230
Central services	1,424,387	-	-	61,367	1,485,754
Insurance	314,041	-	-	404	314,445
Other support services	1,486,849	29,591	-	467,538	1,983,978
Total support services	21,015,541	10,013,466	-	2,989,368	34,018,375
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	8,765,000	-	8,765,000
Interest and fiscal charges	145,883	-	2,559,409	-	2,705,292
Total debt service	145,883	-	11,324,409	-	11,470,292
Total expenditures	51,737,203	10,070,047	11,324,409	3,470,038	76,601,697
Excess of revenues over (under)					
expenditures	(901,864)	(10,057,702)	(4,643,669)	659,397	(14,943,838)
Other financing sources:					
Bond proceeds	-	1,085,000	4,590,000	-	5,675,000
Bond premium	-	-	190,355	-	190,355
Total other financing sources	-	1,085,000	4,780,355	-	5,865,355
Net change in fund balances	(901,864)	(8,972,702)	136,686	659,397	(9,078,483)
Fund balances - Beginning of year	10,367,555	10,526,514	2,045,599	917,487	23,857,155
Fund balances - End of year	\$ 9,465,691	\$ 1,553,812	\$ 2,182,285	\$ 1,576,884	\$ 14,778,672

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds (from previous page)	\$ (9,078,483)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
The acquisition of capital assets is reported in the governmental funds as expenditures. However,	
for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities.	
Capital outlays reported in governmental fund statements \$ 7,620,852	
Depreciation expense reported in the statement of activities (1,757,905)	
Amount by which capital outlays are more than depreciation in the current year	5,862,947
Vested employee benefits are reported in the governmental funds when amounts are paid.	
The statement of activities reports the value of benefits earned during the year. This	
amount is the net effect of the changes in employee benefit accounts	3,219,089
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources, in the statement	
of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it due.	28,340
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental	
funds but increase long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	
Bond proceeds	(5,675,000)
Premium on issuance of bonds	(190,355)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is reported in the governmental funds as	
an expenditure, but is reported as a reduction in long-term debt in the statement of net	
position and does not affect the statement of activities.	
The amount of long-term debt principal payments in the current year	8,765,000
Amortization of discounts and premiums	 250,355
Change in net position - Governmental activities	\$ 3,181,893

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position June 30, 2022

	Empl	nployee Benefit	
		Trust	
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$	3,079,658	
Due from other funds		811,031	
Total assets	\$	3,890,689	
Liabilities:			
Due to other funds	\$	750,729	
Net position:			
Restricted for OPEB		470,152	
Restricted for pension		2,669,808	
Total net position		3,139,960	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	3,890,689	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Emp	loyee Benefit Trust
Additions:		
Employer contributions	\$	1,214,409
Deductions:		
Retiree benefit payments		750,729
Loss on investments		190,561
Total deductions		941,290
Change in net position		273,119
Net position - Beginning of year		2,866,841
Net position - End of year	\$	3,139,960

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Introduction

The financial statements of the Monona Grove School District (the "District") have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described below.

Reporting Entity

The Monona Grove School District is organized as a common school district. The District, governed by a seven-member elected school board, operates grades pre-kindergarten through 12 and is comprised of all or part of 6 taxing districts.

This report includes all of the funds of the District. The reporting entity for the District consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A legally separate organization should be reported as a component unit if the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable to the organization. The primary government is financially accountable if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and (1) it is able to impose its will on that organization or (2) there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or burdens on the primary government. The primary government may be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent on the primary government.

A legally separate, tax-exempt organization should be reported as a component unit of a reporting entity if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units, or its constituents; (2) the primary government is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the specific primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to that primary government. This report does not contain any component units.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the fiduciary funds. The fiduciary funds are only reported in the statements of fiduciary net position at the fund financial statement level.

The statement of net position and the statement of activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients for goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for a purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available. Depreciation expense that can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- General Fund This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial activity that is not accounted for and reported in another fund, including educational programs for students with disabilities.
- Debt Service Fund This fund accounts for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities, including amounts accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

 Capital Projects Fund – This fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The District accounts for assets accumulated from employer contributions used to pay for postemployment benefits in the Employee Benefit Trust Funds.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental fund statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when they become both measurable and available (susceptible to accrual). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 60 days after the end of the current fiscal year.

Expenditures are recognized when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the District may fund certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Therefore, when program expenses are incurred, both restricted and unrestricted net position may be available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by general revenues.

Deposits and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less and shares in the local government investment pool. The Debt Service Fund accounts for its transactions through separate and distinct bank and investment accounts as required by State Statutes. In addition, the Trust Fund uses separate and distinct accounts. All other funds share in common bank and investment accounts.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Deposits and Investments (Continued)

State Statutes permit the District to invest available cash balances, other than debt service funds, in time deposits (maturing in not more than three years) of authorized depositories, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, municipal obligations within Wisconsin, high-grade commercial paper, and the local government pooled investment fund administered by the state investment board. Available balances in the Debt Service Fund may be invested in obligations of the United States and the local government pooled investment fund administered by the State of Wisconsin Investment Board.

Donations to the District of securities or other property are considered trust funds and are invested as the donor specifies. In the absence of any specific directions, the District may invest the donated items in accordance with laws applicable to trust investments.

All investments are stated at fair market value, except for the investment in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative, which are reported on the amortized cost basis.

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A three-tier hierarchy prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include Level 1, defined as quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities; Level 2, defined as inputs other than quoted market prices in active markets that are either directly or indirectly observable; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The asset's or liability's fair value measurement within the hierarchy is based on techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

Receivables and Payables

All accounts receivable are shown at gross amounts and, where appropriate, are reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts. No allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds."

Prepaid Items

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond June 30.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 for capitalizing capital assets.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared no longer needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 15 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings and 5 to 30 years for equipment.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that does not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life is not capitalized.

Capital assets not being depreciated include land and construction in progress.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets, such as sidewalks and parking lots. Such items are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue consists of money received related to food deposits that have not been earned.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenses.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Accumulated Unpaid Sick Pay and Other Employee Benefit Amounts

District employees are granted vacation, compensatory time, and sick leave benefits in varying amounts in accordance with District policies. In the event of retirement, death or resignation of an employee, the District is obligated to pay for unused vacation and sick leave benefits not to exceed a maximum amount. All compensated absences are accrued when incurred in the district-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements.

Pensions - For purposes of measuring the net pension liability (asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement Systems (WRS) and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions (OPEB) Plan - The fiduciary net position of the Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the Net OPEB Liability, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Other Postemployment Benefits, OPEB Expense, and information about the fiduciary net position of the LRLIF and additions to/deductions from LRLIFs fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by LRLIF. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

The District also offers an OPEB plan for health insurance. The net other postemployment liability for this plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits and OPEB expense. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section of deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has deferred outflows related to pension, other postemployment benefit activity, and unamortized loss on refinancing.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents the acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has deferred inflows related to pension and other postemployment benefit activity.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first.

Fund Balances

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report aggregate amounts for five classifications of fund balances based on the constraints imposed on the use of these resources. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form - prepaid items or inventories or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

The spendable portion of the fund balance comprises the remaining four classifications: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

Restricted fund balance: This classification reflects the constraints imposed on resources either (a) externally by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed fund balance: These amounts can only be used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal resolutions of the Board of Education - the District's highest level of decision-making authority. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Education removes the specified use by taking the same type of action that imposed the original commitment. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned fund balance: This classification reflects the amounts constrained by the District's "intent" to be used for specific purposes, but the amounts are neither restricted nor committed. The Board of Education has the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Assigned fund balances include all remaining amounts (except negative balances) that are reported in governmental funds, other than the General Fund, that are not classified as nonspendable and are neither restricted nor committed.

Unassigned fund balance: This fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. It is also used to report negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use externally restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources - committed, assigned, and unassigned - in order as needed.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property Tax Levy

Under Wisconsin law, personal property taxes and first installment real estate taxes are collected by city, town, and village treasurers or clerks who then make proportional settlement with the school district and county treasurer for those taxes collected on their behalf. Second installment real estate taxes and delinquent taxes are collected by the county treasurer who then makes settlement with the city, town, village, and school districts before retaining any for county purposes.

The aggregate district tax levy is apportioned and certified by November 6 of the current fiscal year for collection to comprising municipalities based on the immediate past October 1 full or "equalized" taxable property values. As permitted by a collecting municipality's ordinance, taxes may be paid in full or two or more installments with the first installment payable the subsequent January 31 and a final payment no later than the following July 31. On or before January 15, and by the 20th of each subsequent month thereafter, the District may be paid by the collecting municipalities its proportionate share of tax collections received through the last day of the preceding month. On or before August 20, the county treasurer makes full settlement to the District for any remaining balance.

Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the period for which the taxes are levied. The 2021 tax levy is used to finance operations of the District's fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. All property taxes are considered due on January 1 when an enforceable lien is assessed against the property and the taxpayer is liable for the taxes. All taxes are collected within 60 days of June 30 and are available to pay current liabilities.

Note 2: Stewardship and Accountability

Limitation on School District Revenues

Wisconsin Statutes limit the amount of revenues school districts may derive from general school aids and property taxes unless a higher amount is approved by a referendum. This limitation does not apply to revenues needed for the payment of any general obligation debt service (including refinanced debt) authorized by either of the following:

- A resolution of the school board or by referendum prior to August 12, 1993
- A referendum on or after August 12, 1993

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3: Cash and Investments

The District's cash and investment balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Fair Value	
	Amount	Level	Average Maturity
Deposits with financial institutions	\$ 912,837	N/A	N/A
Cash on hand	3,167	N/A	N/A
Investments:			
Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative	15,686,399	N/A	<30 days average
Money market funds	341,242	Level 2	<30 days average
Mutual funds - equity	1,697,797	Level 1	N/A
Mutual funds - fixed income	1,040,619	Level 1	9.88 years
Total	\$ 19,682,061		

The District's cash and investment balances as shown in the basic financial statements are as follows:

Government-wide statement of net position	
Cash and investments	\$ 16,602,403
Fiduciary fund statement of net position	
Cash and investments	3,079,658
Total	\$ 19,682,061

Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk: Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2022, of the District's bank balance of \$912,837, \$250,000 was insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation, \$400,000 was covered by the State of Wisconsin Public Depository Guarantee Fund, and the remaining balance of \$262,837 was exposed to credit risk as uncovered and uncollateralized.

Investments

The District is a participant in the Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative (WISC) funds, which is authorized in Wisconsin Statute 66.0301 and are governed by a commission in accordance with the terms of an intergovernmental cooperation agreement. The WISC is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission (SEC) as an investment company. The WISC reports to participants on the amortized cost basis. WISC shares are bought and redeemed at \$1 based on the amortized cost of the investments in the pool. Participants in WISC have the right to withdraw their funds in total on one day's notice. The investments in WISC are not subject to the fair value hierarchy disclosures.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 3: Cash and Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk: The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. State Statute limits the maturity of fixed income securities to not more than seven years.

Credit Risk: State Statute limits investments in fixed income securities to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. Ratings are not required, or available, for the money market funds, mutual funds - equity, and mutual funds - fixed income. The Wisconsin Investment Series Cooperative has a credit rating of AAAm. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

Note 4: Interfund Balances and Activity

Interfund receivable and payable balances in the fund financial statements on June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Due From:	Due To: General Fund	Due To: Employee Benefit Trust Fund
Employee Benefit Trust	\$ 750,729 \$	
General Fund Debt Service Fund	67,298	811,031 -
Totals	\$ 818,027 \$	811,031

The purpose for interfund balances between the General Fund and Employee Benefit Trust is to account for contributions not yet paid and reimbursement of benefits paid. The purpose for the interfund balances between the General Fund and Debt Service Fund is to account for a prior year transfer not made between accounts. The amounts will be reimbursed in the subsequent fiscal year.

In the statement of net position, amounts reported in fund balance sheets as interfund balances have been eliminated within the governmental activities columns.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, were as follows:

		Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$	4,294,187 \$ 46,543,800	- 4,738,523	\$ - (51,282,323)	\$ 4,294,187 -
Total capital assets not being depreciated		50,837,987	4,738,523	(51,282,323)	4,294,187
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment		74,790,613 7,276,320	1,931,634 950,695	51,282,323 -	128,004,570 8,227,015
Total capital assets being depreciated		82,066,933	2,882,329	51,282,323	136,231,585
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment		(24,053,842) (5,809,180)	(1,477,916) (279,989)	- -	(25,531,758) (6,089,169)
Total accumulated depreciation		(29,863,022)	(1,757,905)	-	(31,620,927)
Total capital assets, being depreciated - Net of accumulated depreciation		52,203,911	1,124,424	51,282,323	104,610,658
Governmental activities capital assets - Net	\$	103,041,898 \$	5,862,947	\$ -	\$108,904,845
Depreciation expense was charged to governmen	tal a	ctivities as follov	vs:		
Regular instruction Vocational instruction Special education instruction Other instruction Pupil services Instructional staff services General administration Building Administrative Services Business services Central services					\$ 121,922 32,805 886 2,676 292 907 165,273 16,988 1,404,878 11,278
Total depreciation for governmental activities					\$1,757,905

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 6: Short-Term Notes Payable

The District issued tax and revenue anticipation promissory notes for working capital and operational cash flow needs pending receipt of the District's taxes and equalization aid allocations from the state government. The District issued a \$7,525,000 note dated October 8, 2020 with a maturity date of October 22, 2021 and an interest rate of 3.0%. The District issued a \$5,100,000 note dated October 7, 2021 with a maturity date of September 28, 2022 and an interest rate of 2.00%. Interest expended on short-term notes for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$145,883.

Short-term notes payable activity for the year ended June 30, 2022, was as follows:

Description	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Payments	Balance 06/30/22
Promissory note dated October 18, 2020 Promissory note dated September 28, 2021	\$ 7,525,000 \$ -	- \$ 5,100,000	7,525,000 \$ -	- 5,100,000
Total	\$ 7,525,000 \$	5,100,000 \$	7,525,000 \$	5,100,000

Note 7: Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations of the District are as follows:

	Balance 07/01/21	Additions	Reductions	Balance 06/30/22	nounts Due Vithin One Year
Bonds	\$ 80,530,000	\$ 5,675,000	\$ 8,765,000	5 77,440,000	\$ 4,255,000
Notes	1,615,000	-	-	1,615,000	-
Deferred amounts:					
Premium	3,804,558	190,355	332,863	3,662,050	-
Subtotals	85,949,558	5,865,355	9,097,863	82,717,050	4,255,000
Net OPEB Liability-Health	7,365,849	412,468	944,749	6,833,568	_
Net OPEB Liability-Life	1,557,981	180,501	-	1,738,482	_
Net Pension Liability-	1,007,001	100,501		1,730,102	
Supplemental	7,242,797	445,837	757,947	6,930,687	-
Compensated Absences	903,455	-	39,735	863,720	-
Totals	\$ 103,019,640	\$ 6,904,161	\$ 10,840,294	99,083,507	\$ 4,255,000

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt is secured by the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the District. Long-term debt will be retired by future property tax levies and resources accumulated in the debt service fund.

General obligation debt at June 30, 2022 is comprised of the following individual issues:

		Government	al Activities	
	Issue	Interest	Dates of	Balance
	Dates	Rates %	Maturity	06/30/22
GO Refunding Bonds	05/01/15	3.00-4.00%	05/01/35	\$ 1,735,000
GO School Improvement Bonds	05/06/19	3.00-1.00%	05/01/39	53,375,000
GO Promissory Notes	04/23/20	2.00%	04/01/25	1,615,000
G.O. Refunding Bonds	05/01/21	2.00-3.00%	05/01/33	4,590,000
G.O. School Improvement Bonds	03/16/22	1.00-2.00%	05/01/37	1,085,000
GO Refunding Bonds	05/01/21	1.00%-2.00%	05/01/28	16,655,000
Total general obligation debt				\$ 79,055,000

The 2021 equalized valuation of the District as certified by the Wisconsin Department of Revenue is \$2,845,107,435. The legal debt limit and margin of indebtedness as of June 30, 2022, in accordance with Section 67.03(1)(a) of the Wisconsin Statues, are as follows:

Legal debt limit (10% of \$2,845,107,435)	\$ 284,510,744
Deduct: Long-term debt applicable to debt margin	(79,055,000)
Add: Debt service fund assets available	2,182,285
Margin of indebtedness	\$ 207,638,029

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 7: Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation debt are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Year Ended June 30:	Principal	Interest	Totals
2023	\$ 4,255,000	2,359,206	\$ 6,614,206
2024	4,315,000	2,254,718	6,569,718
2025	5,990,000	2,201,268	8,191,268
2026	4,445,000	2,104,630	6,549,630
2027	3,795,000	2,030,231	5,825,231
2028-2032	21,450,000	7,359,202	28,809,202
2033-2037	24,250,000	4,079,643	28,329,643
2038-2042	10,555,000	543,025	11,098,025
	4		4 404 005 000
Totals	\$ 79,055,000	22,931,923	\$ 101,986,923

On May 1, 2021, the District issued \$4,590,000 in general obligation refunding bonds with interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 3.00%. The proceeds were used for a current refunding of \$4,690,000 of the 2014A GO Refunding Bond which had interest rates of 2.50 - 3.625%. The government did the current refunding of the bonds to reduce its total debt service payment over 12 years by \$393,100 and to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payment on the old and new debt) of \$317,258.

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligation bonds by placing the proceeds of new debt in an irrevocable trust to provide for the future debt service payments in the old debt. Accordingly, the trust account assets and liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. At June 30, 2022 \$12,425,000 of debt outstanding is considered defeased.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 8: Net Position

Net position reported on the government wide statement of net position at June 30, 2022:

Governmental Activities:		
Net investment in capital assets: Land and other nondepreciable assets Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Less: related long-term debt outstanding	\$	4,294,187 104,610,658 (81,163,238)
Less. Telated long term debt outstanding		(01,103,230)
Total net investment in capital assets	\$	27,741,607
Restricted:	.	11 700 210
Net pension asset Debt service	\$	11,768,216
Special revenue gifts		1,766,630 350,969
School nutrition services		901,896
Community services		324,019
Community services		324,013
Total restricted	\$	15,111,730
Unrestricted	\$	(8,765,256)
Governmental activities net position	\$	34,088,081
Note 9: Fund Balance		
Fund balance reported on the balance sheet - governmental funds at June 30, 2022:		
Nonspendable Fund Balance		
General fund - prepaid items	\$	149,787
Non-major governmental funds - prepaid items		1,614
Total nonspendable fund balance	\$	151,401
	·	
Restricted Fund Balance		
Debt service	\$	2,182,285
Capital projects		1,553,812
Special revenue gifts		350,969
School nutrition services		900,282
Community services		324,019
Total restricted fund balance	\$	5,311,367
Unassigned Fund Balance General fund	\$	9,315,904

Monona Grove School District Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government, and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, and expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement plan participants, if hired on or before 12/31/2016) are entitled to receive a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings, and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings periods. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at or after age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Monona Grove School District Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the "floor") set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

	Core Fund	Variable Fund
Year	Adjustment	Adjustment
2042	(7.0)0/	(7.0)0/
2012	(7.0)%	(7.0)%
2013	(9.6)%	9.0 %
2014	4.7 %	25.0 %
2015	2.9 %	2.0 %
2016	0.5 %	(5.0)%
2017	2.0 %	4.0 %
2018	2.4 %	17.0 %
2019	- %	(10.0)%
2020	1.7 %	21.0 %
2021	5.1 %	13.0 %

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for general category employees, including teachers, and executives and elected officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the executive and elected officials category was merged into the general employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$1,597,270 in contributions from the employer.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
		_
General (including teachers, executives,		
and elected officials)	6.50%	6.50%
Protective with Social Security	6.50%	12.00%
Protective without Social Security	6.50%	16.40%

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported an asset of \$11,768,216 for its proportionate share of the net pension asset. The net pension asset was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2020, rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net pension asset was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.14600432%, which was an decrease of 0.00102340% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (income) of \$(1,029,017).

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 19,010,959 \$	1,370,895
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	_	26,326,480
Change in assumptions	2,195,546	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	8,423	9,794
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	835,234	
	22.050.462.4	27 707 460
Total	\$ 22,050,162 \$	27,707,169

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

\$835,234 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources
2023	\$ (555,328)
2024	(3,189,448)
2025	(1,401,751)
2026	(1,345,714)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31,2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	December 31, 2020
Measurement date of net pension liability (asset)	December 31, 2021
Experience study	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020
	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age Normal
Asset valuation method	Fair value
Long-term expected rate of return	6.8%
Discount rate	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Postretirement adjustments*	1.7%

^{*}No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based on an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total Pension Liability changed from prior year, including the discount rate, long-term expected rate of return, post-retirement adjustment, price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The total pension liability for December 31, 2021, is based on a rollforward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2020, actuarial valuation.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets: The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns As of December 31, 2021

Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %
Asset Class	Allocation /6	Of Return /6	oi ketuiii /
Core fund:			
Global equities	52.0%	6.8%	4.2%
Fixed income	25.0%	4.3%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive assets	19.0%	2.7%	0.2%
Real estate	7.0%	5.6%	3.0%
Private equity/debt	12.0%	9.7%	7.0%
Total core fund	115.0%	6.6%	4.0%
Variable fund:			
U.S. equities	70.0%	6.3%	3.7%
International equities	30.0%	7.2%	4.6%
Total variable fund	100.0%	6.8%	4.2%

New England Pension Consultants Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.50%

Asset allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations.

The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. This results in an asset allocation beyond 100%. Currently, an asset allocation target of 15% policy leverage is used, subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 10: Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System (Continued)

Single Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 6.80% was used to measure the Total Pension Liability, as opposed to a discount rate of 7.0% for the prior year. This single discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% and a municipal bond rate of 1.84% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2021. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.). Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate of return on pension plan.

<u>Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.80%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	to Discount	Discount	to Discount
	Rate (5.80%)	Rate (6.80%)	Rate (7.80%)
			_
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability			

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Payables to the Pension Plan

(asset)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a payable of \$169,138 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan required for the year ended June 30, 2022.

8,350,384 \$ (11,768,216) \$(26,249,866)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund

Plan Description

The Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan. LRLIF benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF) and the Group Insurance Board have statutory authority for program administration and oversight. The plan provides postemployment life insurance benefits for all eligible employees.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Retiree Life Insurance Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Benefits Provided

The LRLIF plan provides fully paid up life insurance benefits for post-age 64 retired employees and pre-65 retirees who pay for their coverage.

Contributions

The Group Insurance Board approves contribution rates annually, based on recommendations from the insurance carrier. Recommended rates are based on an annual valuation, taking into consideration an estimate of the present value of future benefits and the present value of future contributions. A portion of employer contributions made during a member's working lifetime funds a postretirement benefit.

Employers are required to pay the following contributions based on employee contributions for active members to provide them with Basic Coverage after age 65. There are no employer contributions required for pre-age 65 annuitant coverage. If a member retires prior to age 65, they must continue paying the employee premiums until age 65 in order to be eligible for the benefit after age 65.

Contribution rates as of June 30, 2022, are as follows:

Coverage Type	Employer Contribution		
50% Postretirement coverage	40% of member contribution		
25% Post Retirement Coverage	20% of member contribution		

Member contributions are based upon nine age bands through age 69 and an additional eight age bands for those age 70 and over. Participating employees must pay monthly contribution rates per \$1,000 of coverage until the age of 65 (age 70 if active). The member contribution rates in effect for the year ended December 31, 2021, are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Attained Age	Basic	Supplemental
Under 30	\$ 0.05	\$ 0.05
30-34	0.06	0.06
35-39	0.07	0.07
40-44	0.08	0.08
45-49	0.12	0.12
50-54	0.22	0.22
55-59	0.39	0.39
60-64	0.49	0.49
65-69	0.57	0.57

^{*}Disabled members under age 70 receive a waiver-of-premium benefit.

During the reporting period, the LRLIF recognized \$6,020 in contributions from the employer.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,738,482 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of December 31, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 rolled forward to December 31, 2021. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.29414100%, which was an increase of 0.01090900% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$242,852.

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEBs from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	88,436	
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on				
pension plan investments		22,619	-	
Change in assumptions		525,256	84,265	
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		103,211		
Total	\$	651,086	172,701	

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	C (In	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources	
2023	\$	111,969	
2024		109,345	
2025		97,945	
2026		105,809	
2027		53,317	

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	January 1, 2021
Measurement date of net OPEB liability (asset)	December 31, 2021
Experience study	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020,
	Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
20 year tax-exempt municipal bond yield	2.06%
Long-term expected rate of return	4.25%
Discount rate	2.17%
Salary Increases:	
Inflation	3.00
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. Based on this experience study, actuarial assumptions used to measure the Total OPEB Liability changed from the prior year, including the price inflation, mortality and separation rates. The Total OPEB Liability for December 31, 2021 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets: The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. Investments for the LRLIF are held with Securian, the insurance carrier. Interest is calculated and credited to the LRLIF based on the rate of return for a segment of the insurance carrier's general fund, specifically 10-year A-Bonds (as a proxy, and not tied to any specific investment). The overall aggregate interest rate is calculated using a tiered approach based on the year the funds were originally invested and the rate of return for that year. Investment interest is credited based on the aggregate rate of return and assets are not adjusted to fair market value. Furthermore, the insurance carrier guarantees the principal amounts of the reserves, including all interest previously credited thereto.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Local OPEB Life Insurance Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns

As of December 31, 2021

Asset Class	Index	Target Allocation	Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
US Intermediate Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Interim Credit	45%	1.68%
US Long Credit Bonds	Bloomberg US Long Credit	5%	1.82%
US Mortgages	Bloomberg US MBS	50%	1.94%
Inflation			2.30%
Long-term expected rate of return			4.25%

The long-term expected rate of return remained unchanged from the prior year at 4.25%. The long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The expected inflation rate increased from 2.20% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.30% as of December 31, 2021.

Single Discount Rate: A single discount rate of 2.17% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability for the current year, as opposed to a discount rate of 2.25% for the prior year. The significant change in the discount rate was primarily caused by the decrease in the municipal bond rate from 2.12% as of December 31, 2020 to 2.06% as of December 31, 2021. The Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive members. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the single equivalent rate that results in the same actuarial present value as the long-term expected rate of return applied to benefit payments, to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to make projected benefit payments, and the municipal bond rate applied to benefit payment to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through December 31, 2036.

The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made according to the current employer contribution schedule and that contributions are made by plan members retiring prior to age 65.

Long-Term

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 11: Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (Continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate: The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 2.17%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.17%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.17%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	to Discount	Discount	to Discount
	Rate (1.17%)	Rate (2.17%)	Rate (3.17%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 2,358,493	\$ 1,738,482	\$ 1,271,949

Note 12: Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

<u>Plan description</u> - Qualifying Administrators and Teachers are provided with a stipend/supplemental pension. This stipend is a single employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the District. Supplemental pension benefits are funded on a pay as you go basis. There are no assets accumulated in a trust.

<u>Benefits Provided</u> - The District provided eligible Tier 1 Teachers retiring by the end of 2015-2016 with 403(b) contributions upon their retirement. These contributions were based upon the retiree's highest annual salary amount less their monthly/annual expected Social Security benefit at age 62. The 403(b) contributions are paid out monthly over a number of years based on the retiree's retirement age. A Teacher who retired at age 62 or older did not receive any 403(b) payment/contribution.

Teachers in Tier 2 who are eligible to retire between the 2016-2017 and 2026-2027 school years will receive monthly 403(b) contributions from the District upon retirement in an amount and duration based upon the year they first become eligible to retire. Teachers in Tier 1 who did not retire by the end of the 2015-2016 year will automatically become eligible for the Tier 2 benefit and are guaranteed the maximum benefit amount. Teachers in Tier 2 who do not retire by 2027 are guaranteed the amount for which they were eligible had they retired in Tier 2.

Teachers in Tier 3 who are eligible to retire after the 2026-2027 school year receive a \$1,500 per year contribution to an irrevocable account after the completion of one year of service. The contributions are transferred into a 403(b) account after completion of the 10th year of service.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> - At June 30, 2020, the date of the last actuarial valuation, there were 60 active plan members and 14 inactive plan members currently receiving benefits.

<u>Contributions</u> - Contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation. The actuarially determined contribution is comprised of the service cost plus the portion of the net pension liability to be amortized in the valuation year. The District is not contractually required to make a contribution to the Trust. During the reporting period, the District did not make any contributions.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12: Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020
Measurement date	June 30, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal (level percent of salary)
Inflation	2.00%
Discount Rate	2.25%

Actuarial Assumptions

Based on an experience study conducted in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement

System (WRS) experience from 2015-17. Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted

Mortality Assumptions Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using

the MP-2018 fully generated

improvement scale (multiplied 60%)

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 2.25%. This rate is equivalent to the Bond Buyer GO 20-year AA Bond Index published by the Federal Reserve as of the week of the measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that the plan would continue to be funded on a pay-as-you-go basis.

	Increase (Decrease)
Changes in Total Pension Liability	Total Pension Liability (a)
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$ 7,242,797
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Benefit payments	288,159 157,678 (757,947)
Net changes	(312,110)
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$ 6,930,687

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 12: Single-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the district reported deferred outflows of resources and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience Changes of assumption or other inputs Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan	\$	450,823 219,305	\$ - 42,910	
investments Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		- 1,166,178	-	
Total	\$	1,836,306	\$ 42,910	

\$1,166,178 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30	C (Ir	Net Deferred Outflows (Inflows) of Resources	
2023	\$	200,231	
2024		224,112	
2025		202,875	
2025		_	

<u>Sensitivity of the total pension liability to changes in the discount rate.</u> The table below presents the total pension liability of the District as well as what the total pension liability would be if it were to be calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.25%) that the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(1.25%)	Rate (2.25%)	(3.25%)
Total pension liability	\$ 7,171,799	\$ 6,930,687 \$	6,689,902

Pension expense. For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$646,067.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13: Other Postemployment Benefits

<u>Plan description</u> - The District provides other post-employment benefits (OPEB) for its employees through a single-employer retiree plan that provides postemployment health and dental insurance benefits to retiree's at least age 55 with a minimum of 10 years of service and subject to the rule of 70 (Upon retirement, the District will contribute the same benefit level and premium percentages of the medical and dental premiums at the time of the retiree's last semester of teaching in the District until age 70). Benefits and eligibility are established and amended by the Board of Education.

<u>Employees covered by benefit terms</u> - At June 30, 2020, the date of the latest actuarial valuation, there were 399 active plan members and 99 inactive plan members receiving OPEB benefits. The Plan is closed to new entrants.

<u>Contributions</u> -There is no requirement for any employee or employer contributions for funding of the plan. During the reporting period, the District made \$934,869 in contributions to the Trust.

<u>Actuarial assumptions</u> - The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial valuation date June 30, 2020 Measurement date June 30, 2021

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (level percent of salary)

Inflation 2.00% Discount Rate 2.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down

to 5.0%, and level thereafter

Actuarial Assumptions Based on an experience study conducted

in 2018 using Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) experience from 2015-17

Mortality Assumptions Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table adjusted

for future mortality improvements using

the MP-2018 fully generated

improvement scale (multiplied 60%)

<u>Discount rate</u> - The discount rate of 2.25% was used in calculating the District's OPEB liabilities (based upon all projected payments discounted at a long-term expected rate of return of 5.00%). This rate was based upon the District's asset allocation and expected nominal return as of June 30, 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

	Increase (Decrease)					
Changes in Net OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Plan F Liability Net F		n Fiduciary t Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a)-(b)		
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	7,780,344	\$	414,495 \$	7,365,849	
Changes for the year:				-	-	
Service cost		244,660		-	244,660	
Interest		167,808		-	167,808	
Contributions - Employer		-		934,869	(934,869)	
Net investment income		-		9,880	(9,880)	
Benefit payments		(889,092)		(889,092)	-	
Net changes		(476,624)		55,657	(532,281)	
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	7,303,720	\$	470,152 \$	6,833,568	

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (1.25%) or 1 percentage point higher (3.25%) than the current rate:

	1	.%	Current	1%
		rease 25%) R	Discount late (2.25%)	Increase (3.25%)
Net OPEB liability	\$ 7,1	142,753 \$	6,833,568 \$	6,541,999

The following presents the District's net OPEB liability calculated using the health care cost trend rate of 6.5% decreasing to 5.0%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using the health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.5% decreasing to 4.0%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.5% decreasing to 6.0%) than the current rate:

		Health Care Cost					
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase				
	(5.5% decreasing	(6.5% decreasing	(7.5% decreasing				
	to 4.0%)	to 5.0%)	to 6.0%)				
Net OPEB liability	\$ 6,426,855	\$ 6,833,568	\$ 7,295,215				

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$519,732.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 13: Other Postemployment Benefits (Continued)

At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ - ¢	222,823
Changes in assumptions	930,390	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings		
on OPEB plan investments	2,139	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	811,030	
Total	\$ 1,743,559 \$	222,823

\$811,030 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources
2023	\$ 112,163
2024	97,570
2025	98,053
2026	101,873
2027	101,880
Thereafter	198,167

Note 14: Reconciliation of Deferred Outflows and Inflows

The tables below reconciles the deferred outflows and inflows from the Notes to the financial statements:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Employee Retirement Plans - Wisconsin Retirement System Other Postemployment Benefits - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund	\$ 22,050,162 \$ 651,086	5 27,707,169 172,701
Supplemental Pension Plan Other Postemployment Benefits - Healthcare Plan	1,836,306 1,743,559	42,910 222,823
Total	\$ 26,281,113 \$	·

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 15: Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There was no significant reduction in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal 2022.

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Budgeted		Variance With
	Amounts		Variance With Final Budget
	Original	•	Positive
	and Final	Actual	(Negative)
	allu Fillal	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 22,300,935	\$ 22,300,935	\$ -
Other local sources	396,773	634,615	237,842
Interdistrict sources	3,800,000	3,913,923	113,923
State sources	19,362,672	19,466,420	103,748
Federal sources	737,500	804,163	66,663
Other sources	202,500	1,079,290	876,790
Total revenues	46,800,380	48,199,346	1,398,966
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular instruction	19,678,138	20,718,878	(1,040,740)
Vocational instruction	1,581,318	1,510,392	70,926
Other instruction	3,357,577	3,140,517	217,060
Total instruction	24,617,033	25,369,787	(752,754)
Support services:			
Pupil services	1,424,842	1,444,686	(19,844)
Instructional staff services	1,369,506	1,343,995	25,511
General administration	1,169,451	1,124,828	44,623
Building administration	3,272,699	3,392,989	(120,290)
Business services	6,857,572	8,412,416	(1,554,844)
Central services	1,443,987	1,415,957	28,030
Insurance	320,034	314,041	5,993
Other support services	1,652,633	1,486,849	165,784
Total support services	17,510,724	18,935,761	(1,425,037)
Debt service			
Interest	225,000	145,883	79,117
Total expenditures	42,352,757	44,451,431	(2,098,674)
Excess of revenues over (under)			
expenditures	4,447,623	3,747,915	(699,708)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers out	(4,447,623)	(4,649,779)	(202,156)
Net change in fund balance	-	(901,864)	(901,864)
Fund balance - Beginning of year	10,367,555	10,367,555	<u> </u>
Fund balance - End of year	\$ 10,367,555	\$ 9,465,691	\$ (901,864)

See accompanying notes to budgetary comparison schedule.

Monona Grove School District Notes to Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Note 1: Budgetary Information

Budgets are adopted each fiscal year for all funds in accordance with Section 65.90 of the Wisconsin Statutes, using the budgetary accounting basis prescribed by the Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction (DPI). The legally adopted budget and budgetary expenditure control are exercised at the two-digit subfunction level in the General Fund and at the function level for all other funds. Reported budget amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by School Board resolution.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- Based upon requests from District staff, District administration recommends budget proposals to the School Board.
- The School Board prepares a proposed budget including proposed expenditures and the means of financing them for the July 1 through June 30 fiscal year.
- A public notice is published containing a summary of the budget and identifying the time and place where a public hearing will be held on the proposed budget.
- Pursuant to the public budget hearing, the School Board may make alterations to the proposed budget.
- Once the School Board (following the public hearing) adopts the budget, no changes may be made in the
 amount of tax to be levied or in the amount of the various appropriations and the purposes of such
 appropriations unless authorized by a 2/3 vote of the entire School Board.

Appropriations lapse at year-end unless authorized as a carryover by the School Board. The portion of fund balance representing carryover appropriations is reported as an assigned fund balance.

Notes to the Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund (Continued)

Note 2: Budgetary Comparisons

GAAP requires a budgetary comparison for the General Fund and each major special revenue fund.

Required comparisons are between the final budget and actual on a budgetary basis. The "original budget" represents the budget as approved by the school board after it sets the tax to be levied for the fiscal year. The "final budget" is the "original budget" adjusted for any budget amendments approved by the school board during the fiscal year and up to the time the financial statements are ready to be issued. The "actual on a budgetary basis" excludes the revenues, expenditures, and other financing sources/(uses) of the special education fund, which is treated as a special revenue fund for budgetary purposes. The following schedule reconciles the "budgetary basis" revenues and expenditures of the budgetary comparison schedule - general fund to the governmental funds - statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances:

	General Fund			
	Actual on Budgetary Basis	Special Education Fund	General Fund Actual on GAAP Basis	
Revenues	\$ 48,199,346 \$	2,635,993	\$ 50,835,339	
Expenditures	(44,451,431)	(7,285,772)	(51,737,203)	
Other financing sources (uses)	(4,649,779)	4,649,779		
Net change in fund balance	\$ (901,864) \$	-	\$ (901,864)	

Note 3: Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the General Fund had expenditures in excess of appropriations for the following two-digit subfunction categories:

			Actual Over
	Budget	Actual	Budget
Regular instruction	\$ 19,678,138 \$	20,718,878	1,040,740
Pupil services	1,424,842	1,444,686	19,844
Building administration	3,272,699	3,392,989	120,290
Business services	6,857,572	8,412,416	1,554,844

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System

Last 10 Years*

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Last 10 Calendar Years*

Measurement Date December 31,	District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	District's Covered Payroll	Districts Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of it's Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2021	0.14600432 %	\$ (11,768,216)	\$ 24,944,413	(47.18)%	106.02 %
2020	0.14702772	(9,179,144)	24,779,283	(37.04)	105.26
2019	0.14588226	(4,703,910)	23,223,049	(20.26)	102.96
2018	0.14355700	5,107,303	22,682,029	22.52	96.45
2017	0.13787600	(4,093,712)	21,537,571	(19.01)	102.93
2016	0.13303030	1,096,488	19,901,262	5.51	99.12
2015	0.13093500	2,127,664	18,533,379	11.48	98.20
2014	0.13106500	(3,219,319)	18,318,844	(17.57)	102.74

Schedule of the Employer Contributions Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS)

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Year Ended June 30,	Co	ontractually Required Intributions In the Fiscal Period	Relati Cont Re	butions in ion to the ractually quired ributions	Contribu Deficie (Exces	ncy	Payroll f	c's Covered or the Fiscal Year	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	1,597,270	\$	1,597,270	¢	_	Ś	24,129,977	6.62 %
2022	Ų	1,627,467	Ą	1,627,467	Y	_	Ą	24,110,590	6.75
2021		1,549,599		1,549,599				23,282,993	6.66
		, ,		, ,		-		, ,	
2019		1,519,988		1,519,988		-		21,253,121	7.15
2018		1,464,556		1,464,556		-		20,168,909	7.26
2017		1,313,488		1,313,488		-		18,805,070	6.98
2016		1,261,720		1,261,720		-		17,262,429	7.31
2015		1,282,542		1,282,542		-		17,003,562	7.54

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Wisconsin Retirement System

Last 10 Years*

Notes to the Schedules:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in WRS.

Changes of assumptions: Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the post-retirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

^{*}These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions:

Year Ended June 30, 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2019	December 31, 2018	December 31, 2017	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age
		Frozen Entry Age Level	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age Level
	Frozen Entry Age Level	Percent of Payroll-	Level Percent of	Level Percent of	Percent of Payroll-
	Percent of Payroll-Closed	Closed Amortization	Payroll-Closed	Payroll-Closed	Closed Amortization
Amortization Method:	Amortization Period	Period	Amortization Period	Amortization Period	Period
			30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from	30 Year closed from
	30 Year closed from date	30 Year closed from date	date of participation	date of participation	date of participation in
Amortization Period:	of participation in WRS	of participation in WRS	in WRS	in WRS	WRS
	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed	Five Year Smoothed
Asset Valuation Method:	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)	Market (Closed)
Actuarial Assumptions					
Net Investment Rate of Return:	5.4%	5.4%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%
Weighted based on assumed rate for:					
Pre-retirement:	7.0%	7.0%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%
Salary Increases					
Wage Inflation:	3.0%	3.0%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%
Post-retirement Benefit Adjustments*:	1.9%	1.9%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions (continued):

Year Ended June 30, 2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Retirement Age:	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2018 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2015-2017.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2015 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2012 - 2014.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2018 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 60%).	WRS experience adjusted for future mortality	Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%).	Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience adjusted for future mortality improvements using the MP-2015 fully generational improvement scale (multiplied by 50%).

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions (continued):

Year Ended June 30, 2022	2016	2015	2014	2013			
Valuation Date:	December 31, 2014	December 31, 2013	December 31, 2012	December 31, 2021			
Actuarial Cost Method:	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age	Frozen Entry Age			
				Level Percent of Payroll-			
	Level Percent of Payroll-Closed	Level Percent of Payroll-	Level Percent of Payroll-	Closed Amortization			
Amortization Method:	Amortization Period	Closed Amortization Period	Closed Amortization Period	Period			
				30 Year closed from			
	30 Year closed from date of	30 Year closed from date of	30 Year closed from date of	date of participation in			
Amortization Period:	participation in WRS	participation in WRS	participation in WRS	WRS			
	Five Year Smoothed Market	Five Year Smoothed Market	Five Year Smoothed Market	Five Year Smoothed			
Asset Valuation Method:	(Closed)	(Closed)	(Closed)	Market (Closed)			
Actuarial Assumptions							
Net Investment Rate of Return:	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%	5.5%			
Weighted based on assumed rate for:							
Pre-retirement:	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%	7.2%			
Post-retirement:	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%			
Salary Increases							
Wage Inflation:	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%	3.2%			
Seniority/Merit:	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%	0.1%-5.6%			
Post-retirement Benefit Adjustments*:	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%	2.1%			

Significant methods and assumptions used in calculating Wisconsin Retirement System Actuarially Determined Contributions (continued):

Year Ended June 30, 2022	2016	2015	2014	2013
Retirement Age:	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2012 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2009 - 2011.	Experience based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2009 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2006 - 2008.
Mortality:	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) immortality	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) in mortality	Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table. The rates based on actual WRS experience projected to 2017 with scale BB to all for future improvements (margin) in mortality	Wisconsin Projected Experience Table - 2005 for women and 90% of the Wisconsin Projected Experience Table - 2005 for men.

^{*}No post-retirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience, and other factors. Value is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the post-retirement discount rate.

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Last 10 Years*

Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Measurement Date December 31,	District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability					
2021 2020 2019 2018 2017	0.29414100 % 0.28323200 0.27982600 0.27154000 0.25011000	\$ 1,738,482 1,557,981 1,191,554 700,665 752,476	\$ 17,694,000 16,343,000 16,310,000 15,706,000 10,517,841	9.83 % 9.53 7.31 4.46 7.15	29.57 % 31.36 37.58 48.69 44.81					
Schedule of the Employer Contributions Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)										

Last 10 Fiscal Years*

Year Ended June 30,	Red Contr for th	ractually quired ibutions ne Fiscal eriod	Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contributions		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		District's Covered Payroll for the Fiscal Period	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll		
2022	\$	6,020	\$	6,020	\$	_	\$ 19,419,355	0.0310 %		
2021	Ψ	5,647	Ψ	5,647	Ψ	_	18,216,129	0.0310		
2020		5,058		5,058		-	16,326,500	0.0310		
2019		6,241		6,241		-	13,111,921	0.0476		
2018		5,773		5,773		-	12,128,151	0.0476		

Schedules of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Employer Contributions - Local Retiree Life Insurance Fund (LRLIF)

Last 10 Years*

Notes to the Schedules:

Changes of benefit terms: There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in LRLIF.

Changes of assumptions: In addition to the rate changes detailed in the tables above, the State of Wisconsin Employee Trust Fund Board adopted economic and demographic assumption changes based on a three year experience study performed for the Wisconsin Retirement System. These assumptions are used in the actuarial valuations of OPEB liabilities (assets) for the retiree life insurance programs and are summarized below.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2021 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table.

The assumption changes that were used to measure the December 31, 2018 total OPEB liabilities, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 5.00% to 4.25%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table.

^{*}These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending - June 30,		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017
Measurement Date - June 30,		2021	2020			2019		2018	2017		2016
Total OPEB Liabilty											
Service cost	\$	244,660	\$	151,004	\$	140,765	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
Interest		167,808		262,715		301,523		291,609	292,111		328,838
Differences between expected and											
actual experience				(253,742)		-		(33,049)	-		-
Changes in assumptions or other input				694,226		81,955		529,403	(191,245)		-
Benefit payments		(889,092)		(1,008,984)		(1,118,675)	(1,180,170)	(1,832,278)	((1,273,853)
Net Change in OPEB Liability		(476,624)		(154,781)		(594,432)		(392,207)	(1,731,412)		(945,015)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		7,780,344		7,935,125		8,529,557		8,921,764	10,653,176		1,598,191
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	7,303,720	\$	7,780,344	\$	7,935,125	\$	8,529,557	\$ 8,921,764	\$1	.0,653,176
Plan Fiduciary Net Position											
Contributions - employer	\$	934,869	\$	1,055,988	\$	1,153,451	\$	-	\$ 1,421,352	\$	1,311,256
Net investment income		9,880		31,664		13,843		21,265	87,998		25,179
Benefit payments		(889,092)		(1,008,984)		(1,118,675)	(1,180,170)	(1,832,278)		(1,273,853)
Adjustment - Note 1				-		-	(1,656,639)	-		-
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		55,657		78,668		48,619		2,815,544)	(322,928)		62,582
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - beginning		414,495		335,827		287,208		3,102,752	3,425,680		3,363,098
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - ending	\$	470,152	\$	414,495	\$	335,827	\$	287,208	\$ 3,102,752	\$	3,425,680
Not ODED Linkility	Ļ	C 022 FC0	۲,	7 205 040	ب	7 500 200	٠.	0 242 240	ć F 010 013	۲	7 227 400
Net OPEB Liability	>	6,833,568	>	7,365,849	\	7,599,298	\$ ·	8,242,349	\$ 5,819,012	\	7,227,496
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage	,										
of the total OPEB liability	•	6.44%		5.33%		4.23%		3.37%	34.78%		32.16%
of the total of LB hability		0.4470		3.33/0		4.23/0		3.37/0	34.78%		32.10/0
Covered employee payroll	\$2	3,021,517	\$	23,021,517	\$	22,006,622	\$2	2,006,622	\$22,006,622	\$2	2,006,622
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Net OPEB liability as a percentage											
of covered employee payroll		29.68%		32.00%		34.53%		37.45%	26.44%		32.84%

Note 1 - It was discovered that the District's Fund 73 is not funded solely for the OPEB plan. Rather, the District has also been using the trust for their actively-funded benefit plan. This adjustment helps align the end of year balance with the monies specifically earmarked for the OPEB plan as of June 30, 2018.

^{*} These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years. Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions - OPEB

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending	Actuarially Determined Contribution	Actual Contribution	Contribution Covere Deficiency Employ (Excess) Payrol	ee of Covered
6/30/2022 6/30/2021 6/30/2020 6/30/2019	\$ 1,149,643 1,149,643 1,149,643 1,149,643	\$ 811,030 934,869 1,088,063 1,153,451	\$ 338,613 \$ 23,021 214,774 23,021 61,580 23,021 (3,808) 22,006	,517 4.06% ,517 4.73%
6/30/2018 6/30/2017	1,578,157 1,578,157	- 1,421,352	1,578,157 22,006 156,805 22,006	•

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation date: 6/30/2020

Method and assumptions used to determine contributions rates:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Amortization method	10 year Level %
Asset valuation method	Market value
Inflation	2.0 percent
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.50% decreasing by 0.10% per year down to 5.00%,
	and level thereafter.
Discount rate	2.25 percent
Actuarial assumptions	Based on an experience study conducted in 2018 using
	Wisconsin Retirement (WRS) experience from
	2015-17
Mortality assumptions	Mortality rates were based on the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality
	Table adjusted for future mortality improvements using the
	MP-2018 fully generated improvement scale (multiplied 60%)

^{*} These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years.

Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Schedule of Changes in Total Pension Liability and Related Ratios - Single Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Last 10 Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ending - June 30,		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017
Measurement Date - June 30,		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016
Total Pension Liabilty												
Service cost	\$	288,159	\$	260,522	\$	242,629	\$	299,309	\$	320,865	\$	320,865
Interest		157,678		217,410		232,972		213,283		186,167		183,495
Differences between expected and												
actual experience				648,856		-		184,525		-		-
Changes in assumptions or other input				313,671		62,203		(57,085)		(143,291)		-
Benefit payments		(757,947)		(558,203)		(537,095)		(448,680)		(480,765)		(349,878)
Net Change in Pension Liability		(312,110)		882,256		709		191,352		(117,024)		154,482
Total Pension liability - beginning	7	,242,797	6	5,360,541	6	5,359,832	(6,168,480	6	5,285,504	6	5,131,022
Total Pension liability - ending	\$6	,930,687	\$7	7,242,797	\$6	5,360,541	\$6	6,359,832	\$6	5,168,480	\$6	5,285,504
Covered employee payroll	\$3	,890,060	\$3	3,890,060	\$3	3,910,064	\$3	3,910,064	\$4	4,586,763	\$4	1,586,763
Net pension liability as a percentage												
of covered payroll		178.16%		186.19%		162.67%		162.65%		134.48%		137.04%

^{*} These schedules are intended to present information for the last 10 years.

Additional information will be presented as it becomes available.

Supplementary Financial Information

Combining Balance Sheet - General Fund June 30, 2022

	General Operating Fund	Special Education Fund	Total General Fund
Assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ 9,185,799	\$ 189,228	\$ 9,375,027
Receivables:			
Taxes	7,424,430	-	7,424,430
Prepaid items	149,787	-	149,787
Due from other governments	1,646,957	768,767	2,415,724
Due from other funds	818,027		818,027
Total assets	\$ 19,225,000	\$ 957,995	\$ 20,182,995
Liabilities:			
Short-term notes payable	\$ 5,100,000	\$ -	\$ 5,100,000
Accounts payable	398,018	55,696	453,714
Accrued payroll	3,526,225	750,149	4,276,374
Accrued interest	75,650	-	75,650
Due to other funds	658,881	152,150	811,031
Unearned revenue	535	-	535
Total liabilities	9,759,309	957,995	10,717,304
Fund balances:			
Nonspendable	149,787	-	149,787
Unassigned	9,315,904	-	9,315,904
Total fund balances	9,465,691	-	9,465,691
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 19,225,000	\$ 957,995	\$ 20,182,995

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General Operating Fund	Special Education Fund	Total General Fund
Revenues:			
Property taxes	\$ 22,300,935	\$ -	\$ 22,300,935
Other local sources	634,615	41,360	675,975
Interdistrict sources	3,913,923	-	3,913,923
State sources	19,466,420	1,792,293	21,258,713
Federal sources	804,163	802,340	1,606,503
Other sources	1,079,290	-	1,079,290
Total revenues	48,199,346	2,635,993	50,835,339
Expenditures:			
Instruction:			
Regular instruction	20,718,878	155,673	20,874,551
Vocational instruction	1,510,392	-	1,510,392
Special instruction	-	5,050,319	5,050,319
Other instruction	3,140,517	-	3,140,517
Total instruction	25,369,787	5,205,992	30,575,779
Support services:			
Pupil services	1,444,686	1,140,776	2,585,462
Instructional staff services	1,343,995	467,423	1,811,418
General administration	1,124,828	-	1,124,828
Building administration	3,392,989	-	3,392,989
Business services	8,412,416	463,151	8,875,567
Central services	1,415,957	8,430	1,424,387
Insurance	314,041	-	314,041
Other support services	1,486,849	-	1,486,849
Total support services	18,935,761	2,079,780	21,015,541
Debt service:			
Interest	145,883	-	145,883
Total debt service	145,883	-	145,883
Total expenditures	44,451,431	7,285,772	51,737,203
Excess of revenues over (under)			_
expenditures	3,747,915	(4,649,779)	(901,864)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Transfers in	-	4,649,779	4,649,779
Transfers out	(4,649,779)	-	(4,649,779)
Total other financing sources	(4,649,779)	4,649,779	-
Net change in fund balances	(901,864)	-	(901,864)
Fund balances - Beginning of year	10,367,555	-	10,367,555
Fund balances - End of year	\$ 9,465,691	\$ -	\$ 9,465,691

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2022

	Special School Revenue Nutrition Gift Services Fund Fund		Cooperative Program Fund		Community Service Fund		Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds	
Assets: Cash and investments	\$ 355,548	\$	1,022,047	\$	373,168	\$	365,596	\$ 2,116,359
Prepaid items Due from other governments	-		1,614 69,675		- 185,099		-	1,614 254,774
Total assets	\$ 355,548		\$1,093,336		\$558,267	\$	365,596	\$2,372,747
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued payroll Unearned revenue	\$ 4,579 - -	\$	974 62,384 128,082	\$	7,357 9,790 541,120	\$	1,139 40,438 -	\$ 14,049 112,612 669,202
Total liabilities	4,579		191,440		558,267		41,577	795,863
Fund balances: Nonspendable Restricted	- 350,969		1,614 900,282		-		- 324,019	1,614 1,575,270
Total fund balances	350,969		901,896		-		324,019	1,576,884
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 355,548	\$	1,093,336	\$	558,267	\$	365,596	\$ 2,372,747

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Revenue Gift Fund		School Nutrition Services Fund	Cooperative Program Fund		Community Service Fund		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
Revenues:									
Property taxes	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	650,000	\$	650,000
Other local sources		226,755	183,848		-		125,560		536,163
Interdistrict sources		-	-	147	,000		-		147,000
Intermediate sources		-	-	469	,925		-		469,925
State sources		-	48,180		-		-		48,180
Federal sources		-	2,196,952		-		-		2,196,952
Other sources		79,138	2,077		-		-		81,215
Total revenues		305,893	2,431,057	616	,925		775,560		4,129,435
Expenditures: Instruction:									
Regular instruction		111,408	-	33	,700		-		145,108
Vocational instruction		-	-	199	,634		-		199,634
Other instruction		135,928	-		-		-		135,928
Total Instruction:		247,336	-	233	,334		-		480,670
Support services:									
Pupil services		26,790							26,790
Instructional staff services		2,084	-	377	,377		-		379,461
General administration		=	-		2		144,491		144,493
Building administration		-	-		101		81,426		81,527
Business services		2,258	1,674,762	5	,707		145,061		1,827,788
Central services		-	-		-		61,367		61,367
Insurance		-	-		404		-		404
Other support services		-	-		-		467,538		467,538
Total support services		31,132	1,674,762	383	,591		899,883		2,989,368
Total expenditures		278,468	1,674,762	616	,925		899,883		3,470,038
Net change in fund balances		27,425	756,295		-		(124,323)		659,397
Fund balances - Beginning of year		323,544	145,601				448,342		917,487
Fund balances - End of year	\$	350,969	\$ 901,896	\$	-	\$	324,019	\$	1,576,884

Schedule of Charter School Authorizer Operating Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Operating Activity	WUFAR Object Code	Cost
Employee salaries	100	\$ 508,696
Employee benefits	200	235,070
Purchased services	300	68,338
Non-capital objects	400	44,006
Capital outlay	500	33,128
Pupil dues and fees	900	2,797
Total		\$ 892,035

Other Reports



Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Education Monona Grove School District Monona, Wisconsin

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Monona Grove School District (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 24, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a material weaknesses.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2022-001 to be a material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Responses to Finding

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP

January 24, 2023 Madison, Wisconsin

Wippei LLP



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance and the State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines

Board of Education Monona Grove School District Monona, Wisconsin

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal and State Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We have audited the Monona Grove School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* and the *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration, that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. The District's major federal and state programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal and state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal and State Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (the "Uniform Guidance"); and the *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines*, issued by the Wisconsin Department of Administration. Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal and state program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal and state programs

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, the Uniform Guidance, and the *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal or state program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, Government Auditing Standards, the Uniform Guidance, and the State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and the *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal or state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit the attention of those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance and the *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Wipfli LLP January 24, 2023

Wiffei LLP

Madison, Wisconsin

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor Agency/Pass Through Agency/Program Title	·		Accrued Revenue Cash 7/1/2021 Received		Expenditures	Accrued Revenue 6/30/2022	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE							
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction							
Child Nutrition Cluster							
COVID-19 School Breakfast Program	10.553	2022-133675-DPI-SB-546	\$ -	\$ 644,758	\$ 670,373	\$ 25,615	
COVID-19 National School Lunch Program	10.555	2022-133675-DPI-NSL-547	-	1,358,669	1,402,729	44,060	
Donated Food Commodities	10.555	2022-133675-DPI-NSL-547		123,850	123,850	<u>-</u>	
Total AL 10.555			-	1,482,519	1,526,579	44,060	
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			-	2,127,278	2,196,952	69,674	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR							
Passed through Workforce Development Board of South Central WI							
WIA Youth Activities - WIOA Cluster	17.259	573-5000	22,083	80,339	103,620	45,364	
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION							
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction							
ESEA Title I - Basic Grant	84.010	2022-133675-DPI-TIA-141	86,648	86,648	82,428	82,428	
Special Education Cluster							
IDEA Flow Through	84.027	2022-133675-DPI-FLOW-341	411,072	452,477	898,578	857,173	
Preschool Entitlement	84.173	2022-133675-DPI-PRESCH-347	8,298	8,253	15,845	15,890	
Total Special Education Cluster			419,370	460,730	914,423	873,063	
Title III-A Eng Language	84.365	2022-133675-DPI-TIIIA-391	12,604	12,189	12,101	12,516	
ESEA Title II-A Teacher/Principal	84.367	2022-133675-DPI-TIIA-391 2022-133675-DPI-TIIA-365	13.706	17.707	42,528	38,527	
Title IV-A-Student Support and Acad Enrich Grants	84.424	2022-133675-DPI-TIVA-381	14,282	14,282	9,619	9,619	
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425D	2021-133675-DPI-ESSERF-160	385	16,988	16,603	0,019	
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund	84.425R	2022-133675-DPI-ESSERFII-163	-		429,716	429,716	
Total COVID-19 ESSER Fund	52511		385	16,988	446,319	429,716	

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor Agency/Pass Through Agency/Program Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Accrued Revenue 7/1/2021	Cash Received	Expenditures	Accrued Revenue 6/30/2022
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION (CONTINUED)						
Passed through CESA #3						
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	2022-133675-DPI-CTE-400	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,753	\$ 13,753
Total U.S. Department of Education			546,995	608,544	1,521,171	1,459,622
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES						
Passed through Wisconsin Department of Health Services						
Medical Assistance Program Cluster	93.778	N/A		33,572	33,572	-
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$569,078	\$2,849,732	\$ 3,855,315	\$1,574,661

See Independent Auditor's Report.

See Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

Schedule of State Financial Assistance Year Ended June 30, 2022

Grantor Agency/Pass Through Agency/Program Title	State I.D. Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Accrued Revenue 7/1/2021	Cash Received	Expenditures	Accrued Revenue 6/30/2022
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION						
Special Education and School Age Parents	255.101	565523-100	\$ -	\$ 1,784,642	\$ 1,784,642	\$ -
State Lunch	255.102	565523-107	-	26,237	26,237	-
Common School Fund	255.103	565523-104	-	151,178	151,178	-
Transportation Aid	255.107	565523-102	-	54,646	54,646	-
General Equalization	255.201	565523-116	234,468	15,929,937	15,695,469	-
State Breakfast Program	255.344	565523-108	-	21,943	21,943	-
Early College Credit Program	255.445	565523-178	-	164	164	-
Educator Effective Eval Sys Grants Public	255.940	565523-154	-	-	23,360	23,360
Per Pupil Aid	255.945	565523-113	-	2,330,622	2,330,622	-
Assessments of Reading Readiness	255.956	565523-166	-	4,825	4,825	-
Aid For Special Education Transition Grant BBL	255.960	565523-168	-	7,651	7,651	-
Total Wisconsin Department of Public Instruction			234,468	20,311,845	20,100,737	23,360
WISCONSIN DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE						
State Tax Exempt Aids	835.109	N/A	925,523	1,205,704	1,205,704	925,523
WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT BOARD OF SOUTH CENTRAL V	<u> WISCONSIN</u>					
Youth Apprenticeship	20.445(7)(b)	573-5001	52,467	59,732	147,000	139,735
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF STATE FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 1,212,458	\$ 21,577,281	\$ 21,453,441	\$ 1,088,618

See Independent Auditor's Report.

See Notes to Schedule of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance.

Notes to the Schedules of Expenditures of Federal Awards and State Financial Assistance

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedules of expenditures of federal awards and state financial assistance include the federal and state award activity of the District under programs of the federal and state government for the year ended June 30, 2022. The information in these schedules is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance") and *State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines*. Because the schedules present only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to, and does not, present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the District. Expenditures reported on the schedules are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedules represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Note 2: De Minimis Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3: Special Education and School Age Parents Program

2021-2022 eligible costs under the State Special Education Program are \$6,484,835.

Note 4: Subrecipients

The District does not have subrecipients or subrecipient expenditures.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified? Yes Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

Identification of major federal programs:

Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

AL Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
10.553 and 10.555	Child Nutrition Cluster
84.425	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs	\$750,000

No

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results (Continued)

State Financial Assistance

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified? No Significant deficiency(ies) identified? No

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs: Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in

accordance with the State of Wisconsin Single Audit Guidelines? No

Identification of major state programs:

State ID Number	Name of State Program						
	Special Education and School Age						
255.101	Parents						
255.201	General Equalization						
255.945	Per Pupil Aid						

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

2022-001: Account Reconciliations

Criteria - A timely reconciliation of balance sheet accounts is an important internal control activity performed by management to determine that the stated account balances are accurate and adequately supported.

Condition - We noted that bank and investment reconciliations were not completed until more than two months after year end and accounts payable amounts were not reversed from the prior year.

Cause - Due to a turnover in Business Office staff, the reconciliations were not completed in a timely manner.

Effect - If account reconciliations are not performed timely, the probability that material errors or fraudulent activity will occur and go undetected greatly increases.

Recommendation - We recommend the District perform timely account reconciliations for all bank accounts.

Management's Response - We agrees with the finding and will perform account reconciliations in a more timely manner in the future.

Section III - Federal and State Findings and Questioned Costs

None.

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Section IV - Other Issues

Date

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January 24, 2023

Summary Schedule of Prior Year's Findings and Questioned Costs

Year Ended June 30, 2022

Financial Statement Findings

2021-001: Account Reconciliations - This finding was repeated as 2022-001 this year.