PARENT RESOURCE FOLDER

Bulloch County Sex Education & Human Trafficking Awareness Grades 6-9 2024-2025 LESSON# **GRADE 6 GRADE 7 GRADE 8** GRADE 9 1 Staying Healthy for a Lifetime Everybody's Got Body Parts Reproduction and Pregnancy Review of the Reproductive Part One - Female System 2 Everybody's Got Body Parts Saying No Pregnancy Part Two - Male Values and Decision-Making Female Reproductive System & All Menstrual Cycle and Pregnancy Birth Control Methods Abstinence: What's in it for me? 3 About Periods Reproduction and Teen Setting and Respecting Effective Communication 4 Strategies Pregnancy Boundaries Male Reproductive System YVP YVP Communication Strategies Setting and Respecting 5 Puberty Protecting Your Health: Boundaries Understanding and Preventing YVP YVP STDs Choosing Abstinence Preventing STDs Birth Control Methods 6 Healthy Relationships. STD Facts Rules of Dating Preventing HIV and Other STDs 7 Resisting Sexual Pressure HIV Facts Being Smart: Staying Safe Online **Understanding Romantic** Healthy Relationships and the 8 Prevention of Teen Dating Violence Relationships YVP

Communicating about a Sensitive

Topic

Human Trafficking

Awareness

Sexual Harassment and Bullying

Prevention

YVP

Human Trafficking

Awareness

Building a Community

Free of Sexual Violence

YVP

Human Trafficking Awareness

Healthy vs Unhealthy

Relationships

Human Trafficking

Awareness

9

10

LESSON 1

HS (Abs PSH) #7 Review of the Reproductive System

Standard 1: Core Concepts- Content

Describe male and female sexual and reproductive systems including body parts and their functions

Review of the Reproductive System

Overview

This lesson reviews reproductive anatomy and physiology, including how pregnancy happens. After taking a pretest to assess their current knowledge, students review the organs and functions of the male and female reproductive systems.

Time: 45-60 minutes

National Health Education Standards

Standard 1: Comprehending Concepts Performance Indicator 1.12.1: Predict how healthy behaviors can affect health status.

Note: Instruction can be expanded or the material quickly reviewed, depending on students' current level of knowledge and understanding.

Lesson Objectives

Students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the organs of the male and female reproductive systems.
- 2. Describe the functions of the male and semale reproductive
- 3. Summarize the relationship between the menstrual cycle and becoming pregnant.

LESSON 2

FLASH #3 Pregnancy

Standard 1: Core Concepts
Standard 3: Accessing Information

Identify the laws related to reproductive and sexual health care services (i.e., contraception, pregnancy options, safe surrender policies, prenatal care)

Describe the signs of pregnancy

Access medically accurate information about pregnancy and pregnancy options

Pregnancy

Summary

The teacher uses visuals to describe the main processes related to pregnancy. The class brainstorms the early signs of pregnancy and discusses local pregnancy testing resources. The lesson concludes with a game to review content.

Student Learning Objectives

The student will be able to ...

- 1. Identify the laws related to reproductive and sexual health care services.
- 2. Describe the signs of pregnancy.
- 3. Describe prenatal practices that can contribute to or threaten a healthy pregnancy.
- 4. Access medically accurate information about pregnancy, pregnancy options and prenatal care services.

*Reinforce abstinence as the only guaranteed way to prevent pregnancy.

Lesson Timing

Warm up	Bell work + 2 minutes
Purpose of lesson	3 minutes
Process of conception	5 minutes
Early signs of pregnancy and testing	8 minutes
9 Months of pregnancy	7 minutes
Review game	22 minutes
Exit ticket	3 minutes
Total	50 minutes

Family Homework: Talking about Pregnancy

All Family Homework is optional. Students may complete Individual Homework instead.

Purpose: Family Homework is a chance to share your beliefs about sexuality and relationships, and the beliefs of your family, culture or religion.

Directions: Student will do the homework with a family member or trusted adult who is like family. Find a quiet place where the two of you can talk privately for 5-10 minutes. Please follow these guidelines:

- · It is okay for either of you to skip a question.
- What you discuss will not be shared with anyone else, unless you give one another permission to share it.
- Take turns asking questions. When it is your turn to listen, try to understand the other person's response.

Ask the adult: What information did you receive about pregnancy when you were in school?

Ask the student: Tell me about some of the things you discussed in class today, including the following terms: trimester, conception and fertilization.

Adults who have been pregnant can share stories of the pregnancy with the student.

	10.		
	 	10.2	

LESSON 3

HS (Abs PSH) #9 Abstinence: What's in it for Me?

Standard 4: Interpersonal Communication

Demonstrate ways to communicate decisions about whether or when to engage in sexual behaviors

Abstinence: What's in It for Me?

Overview

In this lesson, students begin to define and explore the concept of sexual abstinence and consider how it can apply to their lives. After discussing the various choices people can make, they examine the potential negative consequences of becoming sexually active. They work in pairs to brainstorm benefits of being abstinent, and to come up with solutions for challenges to an abstinence choice. Then they consider a variety of ways teens can express feelings of sexual attraction toward others and evaluate which of these ways are safe and healthy and support the choice to be abstinent.

Time: 60-90 minutes

National Health Education Standards

Standard 1: Comprehending Concepts Performance Indicator 1.12.1: Predict how healthy behaviors can affect health

Performance Indicator
1.12.7: Compare and
contrast the benefits of
and barriers to practicing a
variety of healthy behaviors.
Performance Indicator
1.12.9: Analyze the
potential severity of injury
or illness if engaging in
unhealthy behaviors.

Lesson Objectives

Students will be able to:

- 1. Describe benefits of sexual abstinence.
- 2. Summarize safe ways to express feelings of sexual attraction.
- **3.** Justify why sexual abstinence is the safest, most effective risk avoidance method of protection from HIV, other STDs and pregnancy.

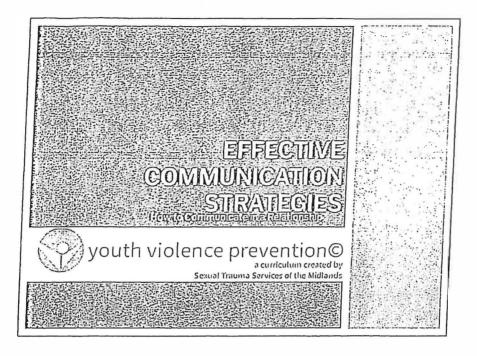
Definition of Sexual Abstinence

Sexual abstinence is choosing not to engage in any sexual activity that can result in pregnancy or a sexually transmitted disease (STD).

In Bulloch County Schools, abstinence until the fidelity of marriage is emphasized as a community value and is an important aspect of a healthy lifestyle.

LESSON 4

Effective Communication Strategies
YVP



Teacher Notes:

Lesson Time: 60 minutes

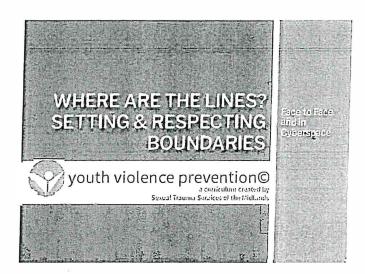
Purpose: Heighten awareness of personal communication strengths and weaknesses; introduce principles of conflict resolution and review using 'I' statements to express emotions and feelings in relationships; practice emotional regulation skills and effective communication skills; increase perception that clear and effective communication is important to building healthy relationships and strong decision-making skills.

LESSON 5

Setting and Respecting Boundaries

YVP

Lesson 9.5 - Setting and Respecting Boundaries



Lesson Time: 60 minutes

Purpose: Explore physical, personal, and emotional boundaries: identify personal boundaries, and discuss interpersonal aspects that help form boundaries, such as emotional, familial, spiritual, relational, and school rules: introduce methods by which individuals can be aware of boundary violations and promotes a secure sense of responsibility for personal safety on and off-line.

LESSON 6

FLASH #10 Birth Control Methods

Standard 3: Accessing Information

Access medically accurate information about contraceptive methods, including abstinence and condoms

Birth Control Methods

Summary

Small groups are each assigned to write a info-mercial for a different method of birth control, using *Birth Control Fact Sheets* for reference. The small groups take turns performing their 2-minute info-mercial for the class, while observers identify two important points about each method and its effectiveness on the *Info-mercial Walchers Worksheet*. The class summarizes main points after each Info-mercial. The lesson concludes by having students evaluate the "best method," justifying their conclusions with accurate medical information.

Student Learning Objectives

The student will be able to ...

- 1. Summarize how to prevent pregnancy and STDs.
- 2. Summarize the importance of using birth control and condoms correctly and consistently.
- 3. Explain the value of using condoms at the same time as another form of birth control.
- 4. Explain the importance of contraceptive counseling and services if having vaginal sex.
- 5. Define emergency contraception and how it works.
- Evaluate the effectiveness of using condoms and birth control in preventing pregnancy and the spread of STDs and HIV.
- 7. Explain how to consistently and correctly apply a male condom and a female condom. *Explain how abstinence is the only guaranteed way to prevent pregnancy and STDs.

Lesson Timing

Warm up	Bell work + 2 minutes	
Purpose of lesson	2 minutes	
Birth control effectiveness exercise	3 minutes	* * ** ***
Birth control info-mercials and wrap-up	40 minutes	
Video of Condom Demonstrations	5 minutes	
Exit ticket	3 minutes	
Total	53 minutes	

Family Homework: Talking about Birth Control Methods

All Family Homework is optional. Students may complete Individual Homework instead.

Purpose: Family Homework is a chance to share your beliefs about sexuality and relationships, and the beliefs of your family, culture or religion.

Directions: Student will do the homework with a family member or trusted adult who is like family. Find a quiet place where the two of you can talk privately for 5-10 minutes. Please follow these guidelines:

- It is okay for either of you to skip a question.
- What you discuss will not be shared with anyone else, unless you give one another permission to share it.
- Take turns asking questions. When it is your turn to listen, try to understand the other person's response.

Ask the adult: Tell me about our family's, culture's or religion's beliefs about birth control.

Ask each other: How do you personally feel about people using birth control to prevent pregnancy?

	-1	
	T 36	

LESSON 7

FLASH #11 Preventing HIV and other STDs

Standard 1: Core Concepts- Content

Evaluate the effectiveness of abstinence, condoms, and other safer sex methods in preventing the spread of STDs, including HIV

Preventing HIV and Other STDs

Summary

Students complete sentence stems on graffiti sheets to learn key concepts about STDs, including transmission, consequences and prevention. The lesson concludes with students setting personal goals that will help them avoid getting or giving an STD.

Student Learning Objectives

The student will be able to ...

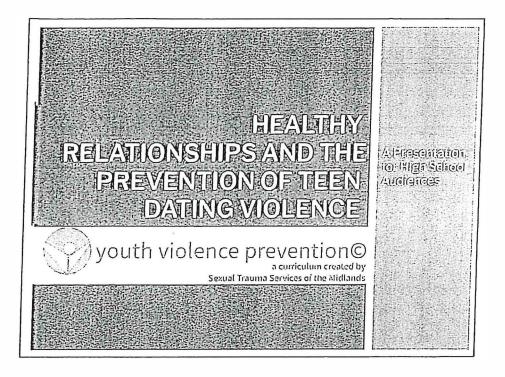
- 1. Describe common symptoms of and treatments for STDs, including HIV.
- 2. Explain the importance of STD and HIV testing and counseling if sexually active.
- 3. Develop a plan to attain a personal goal to avoid or reduce the risk of contracting an STD.
- 4. Make a commitment to practice healthy sexual behaviors.

Lesson Timing

,		
Warm up	Bell work + 2 minutes	
Purpose of lesson	1 minute	
Graffiti sheet activity	25 minutes	
Journaling activity	10 minutes	
Exit licket	3 minutes	
Total	50 minutes	

LESSON 8

Healthy Relationships and the Prevention of Teen Dating Violence
YVP



Healthy Relationships and the Prevention of Teen Dating Violence

Purpose: Be able to differentiate between a healthy versus an unhealthy relationship and identify signs of unhealthy relationships; increase awareness of effects an unhealthy relationship can have on self-esteem and well-being; consider healthy responses to challenging scenarios that might occur with relationships.

THE FOUR D's of BYSTANDER INTERVENTION

A proactive bystander is an individual who accepts personal responsibility for a situation and intervenes to ensure the well-being and/or safety of others.

Consider your position in the situation, your own personal safety, weigh the benefits and consequences of intervening, and choose the best method to intervene.

(D1) DISTRACT:

Distraction is a subtle and creative way to intervene. Distract either the harasser or the target with conversation unrelated to the harassment to derail and deescalate the situation. Examples: Ask for directions; Pretend you know one of them

D2) DELEGATE:

Bring in a 3rd party to help, possibly someone with more perceived authority. Examples: Alert a store manager, bus driver, or someone else to help intervene.

D3 DIRECT:

Respond directly to the aggressor or physically intervene if necessary. Be confident, assertive, calm.
Examples: walk up directly ask them to stop their behavior.

(D4) DELAY:

If you can't intervene in the moment, you can check in with the person being harassed afterwards to see if you can do anything to support them, illustrating that they are not alone. Examples: "Is everything okay? Is there anything I can do?" "Is there someone we can call?"

Source: Information for this resource was derived from original content developed by the American Friends Service Committee, 1501 Cherry Street, Philadelphia, PA 19102

BYSTANDER INTERVENTION PROTOCOL

Bystander intervention is necessary to create and promote a safe, respectful and welcoming community.

Steps to Intervention:

- 1. Notice the event
- 2. Interpret the event as problematic
- 3. Assume personal responsibility
- 4. Take action

Steps to Intervention:

- 1. Notice the event
- 2. Interpret the event as problematic
- 3. Assume personal responsibility
- 4. Take action

Barriers:

Oftentimes, there are barriers to intervening. These barriers are rooted in fear and can be:

- Physical (you don't want to get into a fight)
- Emotional (you don't want to ruin the mood)
- Social (you don't want to confront someone of a higher status)

Proactive Bystander Toolbox:

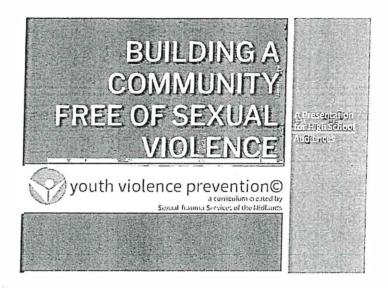
Some things to consider when deciding the best way to intervene:

- Tone willingness to appeal to the potential offender should be based on the urgency of the situation
- Social distance consider your relationship with potential perpetrator/survivor
- Intersectionality What do you have in common? How can you use these commonalities to make an intervention more effective?

Source: Information for this resource was derived from original content developed by the American Friends Service Committee, 1501 Cherry Street, Philadelphia, PA 19102

LESSON 9

Building a Community Free of Sexual Violence
VVP



Building a Community Free of Sexual Violence

Purpose: Increase knowledge of sexual assault and victims' rights, and how to be a positive bystander; Identify prevalence and statistics about the crimes and demographics of victims and survivors; increase awareness about prevention efforts.

- Define sexual consent and key elements of each of the definitions.
- Brainstorm specific examples of actions that would show the presence or absence of consent and reinforce the importance of verbal consent.

LESSON 10

Human Trafficking Awareness RRR

Human Trafficking Awareness

Lesson Objectives

- 1. Define Human Trafficking Labor and Sex Trafficking
- 2. Describe strategies traffickers employ to recruit youth.

G

STEP 1:

"Today we are going to be talking about an important topic that may be sensitive for some. Let's review a few ground rules to ensure everyone feels safe during our discussion today." (Show slide 2)

u

Be respectful of self and others at all times.

Use I statements only.

Please do not share personal information or stories.

Think, about who your trusted adult is.

HUMAN TRAFFICKING HOTLINE

If you are a victim of human trafficking and need immediate help or if you suspect a potential trafficking situation, call the National Human Trafficking Hotline at

1-888-373-7888

Or send a text to BeFree (233733)



Be aware of the signs and report any suspicions or concerns that a child is being sexually exploited to your local police, and call the

National Center for Missing and Exploited Children's Hotline

1-800-THE-LOST (1-800-843-5678)

