

Science/S.S. – Sixth Grade 2024-25 First Quarter

SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES
Week 1, Aug 5-9	Introduction to GRAPES
	I
	Foundations of Human Civilization
	6.01 Identify the meaning of time designations
	and abbreviations used by historians, including:
	BC / BCE AD / CE Circa (c. or ca), decades,
	centuries
	6.04 Identify and explain the importance of the
	following key characteristics of civilizations:
	Culture, Government, Religion, Social structure,
	Stable food supply, Technology, Writing
Week 2, Aug 12-16	6.02 Describe the characteristics of the
	nomadic hunter-gatherer societies, including
	I their use of: Basic hunting weapons, Fire,
	Shelter, Tools
	6.03 Explain the impact of the Agricultural
	Revolution, including: Barter economy,
	Domestication of plants and animals,
	Emergence of permanent settlements, Food
	surpluses, Labor specialization, New sources of clothing and shelter
	I I Ancient Mesopotamia
	6.05 Identify and locate geographical features
	of ancient Mesopotamia, including:
	Black Sea, Euphrates River, Mediterranean Sea,
	Persian Gulf, Tigris River, Zagros Mountains
	6.06 Explain how geographic and climatic
	features led to the region being known as the
	Fertile Crescent.
	6.07 Explain how irrigation, silt, metallurgy,
	production of tools, use of animals, slave labor,

 	
	and inventions such as the wheel, sail, and plow led to advancements in agriculture.
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	6.11 Identify important achievements of the
	Mesopotamian civilization, including
	cuneiform, clay tablets, and ziggurats, and
	identify the Epic of Gilgamesh as the oldest
	written epic.
Week 3, Aug 19-23	6.08 Analyze how advancements in agriculture
	in Sumer led to economic growth, expansion of
	trade and transportation, and the emergence
	of independent city-states.
	6.09 Explain the basic concepts of monarchy
	and empire, and identify Mesopotamia as the
	regional location of the world's first empire.
	6.10 Explain the concept of polytheism and its
	presence in Mesopotamia, with respect to
	beliefs about the relationship of deities to the
	natural world and their importance in everyday
	life.
	6.12 Analyze the impact of the introduction of
	written law in the Code of Hammurabi, and
	explain its basic principles of justice.
	Assessment (6.01-6.12) THURSDAY
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Friday: Science Pre-Assessment]
Week 4, Aug 26-30	1
6.LS2.4 Using evidence from climate data, draw	! !
conclusions about the patterns of abiotic and	I
biotic factors in different biomes, specifically the	I
tundra, taiga, deciduous forest, desert, grasslands,]
rainforest, marine, and freshwater ecosystems.	:
6.LS2.3 Draw conclusions about the transfer of	ı
energy through a food web and energy pyramid in	I -
an ecosystem.	! !

Week 5, Sept 3-6 (4-day week) 6.LS2.2 Determine the impact of competitive, symbiotic, and predatory interactions in an ecosystem.	
Assessment (6.LS2.2-4)	I I -
 6.LS2.1 Evaluate and communicate the impact of environmental variables on population size. 6.LS2.7 Compare and contrast auditory and visual methods of communication among organisms in relation to survival strategies of a population. 	
Week 6, Sept 9-13	
Continue 6.LS2.7	1
6.LS2.6 Research the ways in which an ecosystem	I
has changed over time in response to changes in	1
physical conditions, population balances, human	
interactions, and natural catastrophes.	I
6.LS2.5 Analyze existing evidence about the effect of a specific invasive species on native populations	
in Tennessee and design a solution to mitigate its	I
impact. (Research and Project)	1
Assessment (6.LS2.1-7)	I
Week 7, Sept 16-20	<u> </u>
6.LS4.1 Explain how changes in biodiversity would]
impact ecosystem stability and natural resources.	i
6.LS4.2 Design a possible solution for maintaining	<u> </u>
biodiversity of ecosystems while still providing	! !
necessary human resources without disrupting environmental equilibrium.	- I
6.ETS1.1 Evaluate design constraints on solutions for	I -
maintaining ecosystems and biodiversity.	!
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Assessment (6.LS4.1-2, 6.ETS1.1)	I

Ancient Egypt Week 8, Sept 23-27 ■ 6.13 Identify and locate geographical features of ancient Egypt, including: Mediterranean Sea, Nile Delta, Nile River, Red Sea, The regions of Upper and Lower Egypt, The Sahara **6.16** Explain the polytheistic religion of ancient ■ Egypt, with respect to beliefs about the afterlife, the reasons for mummification, and the use of pyramids ■ 6.14 Explain how agricultural practices impacted life and economic growth in ancient Egypt, including the use of irrigation and I development of a calendar. 6.18 Analyze the achievements of ancient Egyptian civilization, including: hieroglyphics, ■ papyrus, and the pyramids and Sphinx at Giza. **6.15** Explain the structure of ancient Egyptian society, including: Relationships between ■ groups of people, How social classes were organized by occupation, Positions of pharaohs as god/kings, Role of slaves District S.S. Checkpoint Assessment 1 **District Science Checkpoint Assessment 1** Week 9, Sept 30-Oct 4 ■ 6.17 Analyze the impact of key figures from Re-testing in Groups **Data Conferences** ancient Egypt, including: Growth under the leadership of Queen Hatshepsut and her ■ economic policies, Ramses the Great's military conquests leading to growth of the kingdom, Significance of the discovery of Tutankhamun's ■ tomb on the understanding of ancient Egypt **6.19** Examine the cultural diffusion of ancient Egypt with surrounding civilizations through ■ trade and conflict, including its relationship with Nubia. Assessment (6.13-6.19)



Science/S.S. – Sixth Grade 2024-25 Second Quarter

SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES
Week 1, Oct 14-18 6.ESS2.1 Gather evidence to justify that oceanic convection currents are caused by the sun's transfer of heat energy and differences in salt concentration leading to global water movement. 6.ESS2.2 Diagram convection patterns that flow due to uneven heating of the earth.	
Week 2, Oct 21-25 6.ESS2.2 continued 6.ESS2.3 Construct an explanation for how atmospheric flow, geographic features, and ocean currents affect the climate of a region through heat transfer. Assessment: (6.ESS2.1-3)	
Week 3, Oct 28-Nov 1 6.ESS2.4 Apply scientific principles to design a method to analyze and interpret the impact of humans and other organisms on the hydrologic cycle. 6.ESS2.6 Explain how relationships between the movement and interactions of air masses, high and low pressure systems, and frontal boundaries result in weather conditions and severe storms.	I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I

Week 4, Nov 4-8 (4-day week) **6.ESS2.5** Analyze and interpret data from weather conditions, weather maps, satellites, and radar to predict probable local weather patterns and conditions. Assessment 6.ESS2.1-6 Ancient Israel Week 5, Nov 11-15 **6.20** Identify and locate geographical features ■ of ancient Israel, including: Dead Sea, Jerusalem Jordan River, Mediterranean Sea, Red Sea, Sinai Peninsula ■ 6.21 Describe the development of the ancient Israelites, and explain the reasons for their movements from Mesopotamia to Canaan ■ (later called Israel), from Canaan to Egypt, and from Egypt back to Canaan. 6.22 Describe the origins and central features of ■ Judaism: Key Person(s): Abraham, Moses; Sacred Texts: The Tanakh (i.e., Hebrew Bible); Basic Beliefs: monotheism, Ten ■ Commandments, emphasis on individual worth and personal responsibility 6.23 Identify the importance of Saul as the first ■ king of Israel, David as the second king who founded Jerusalem as the capital, and

I temple.

Empire.

Solomon as the third king who built the first

6.24 Summarize the breakup of the Kingdom of Israel, Babylonian captivity, and the return of the Jews to their homeland under the Persian

Week 6, Nov 18-22	Assessment (6.20-6.24)
	Ancient Greece 6.39 Identify and locate geographical features of ancient Greece, including: Asia Minor, Athens, Macedonia, Mediterranean Sea, Peloponnesian peninsula, Sparta 6.40 Analyze how the geographical features of ancient Greece, including its mountainous terrain and access to the Mediterranean Sea, contributed to its organization into city-states, role in maritime trade, & colonies in the Med. 6.41 Examine the concept of the polis in Greek city-states, including the ideas of: citizenship, civic participation, and the rule of law. 6.42 Explain the basic concepts of direct democracy and oligarchy. Assessment (6.39-6.42)
	6.43 Explain the characteristics of the major Greek city-states of Athens and Sparta, including: Advantages of each geographic location, Approaches to education, Practice of slavery, Status of women, Styles of government 6.44 Analyze the causes and consequences of the Persian Wars, including the role of Athens and its cooperation with Sparta to defend the Greek city-states.

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Week 9, Dec 9-13	<u> </u>
	the Peloponnesian Wars, including how the
	growing political conflict between Athens and
	Sparta led to war and left the city-states open
	■ to conquest by the Macedonians.
	6.46 Explain the polytheistic religion of ancient
	Greece, with respect to beliefs about the
	■ humanlike qualities of the deities, their
	importance in everyday life, & the emergence
	of the Olympic Games to honor Zeus.
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	Assessment (6.43-6.46)
	6.47 Explain the historical significance of ancient Greek literature, including how the Iliad and the Odyssey provide insight into the life of the ancient Greeks.
	District S.S. Checkpoint Assessment 2
Week 10, Dec 16-20 (4.5-day week)	<u> </u>
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District Science Checkpoint Assessment 2	ı
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Re-testing in Groups	! !
Data Conferences	•



Science/S.S. – Sixth Grade 2024-25 Third Quarter

SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES
Week 1, Jan 7-10 (4-day week)	 6.48 Examine the influence of ancient Greek philosophers (e.g., Aristotle, Plato, and Socrates) and their impact on education and society in Greece. 6.49 Describe the purposes of major Greek architecture, including the Parthenon and the Acropolis. 6.50 Explain the unification of the Greek city-states by Macedonia, and analyze the impact of Alexander the Great and the diffusion of Hellenistic culture. Assessment 6.48-6.50
Week 2, Jan 13-17 6.ESS3.1 Differentiate between renewable and nonrenewable resources by asking questions about their availability and sustainability. 6.ESS3.2 Investigate and compare existing and developing technologies that utilize renewable and alternative energy resources. 6.ESS3.3 Assess the impacts of human activities on the biosphere including conservation, habitat management, species endangerment, and extinction.	
Week 3, Jan 21-24 (4-day week) Assessment (6.ESS3.1-3) 6.PS3.1 Analyze the properties and compare sources of kinetic, elastic potential, gravitational potential, electric potential, chemical, and thermal energy. 6.PS3.2 Construct a scientific explanation of the transformations between potential and kinetic energy	

Week 4, Jan 27-31

6.PS3.2 continued

- **6.ETS1.2** Design and test different solutions that impact energy transfer.
- **6.PS3.3** Analyze and interpret data to show the relationship between kinetic energy and the mass of an object in motion and its speed.
- **6.PS3.4** Conduct an investigation to demonstrate the way that heat (thermal energy) moves among objects through radiation, conduction, or convection.

Week 5, Feb 3-7

Assessment (6.PS3.1-4, 6.ETS1.2)

Ancient Rome

- 6.51 Identify and locate the geographical features of ancient Rome, including:
 Constantinople, Italian Alps, Italian Peninsula,
 Mediterranean Sea, Rome, Tiber River
 6.52 Analyze how the geographical location of ancient Rome contributed to its political and economic growth in the Mediterranean region and beyond.
- 6.53 Describe the government of the Roman
 Republic, including: Branches of government,
 Checks and balances, civic participation,
 Representative democracy, the rule of law,
 and the Twelve Tables

Week 6, Feb 10-14	6.54 Describe the class system of ancient
	■ Rome, including the role of patricians,
	plebeians, and slaves in Roman society.
	I Assessment 6.51-6.54
	 6.55 Describe the characteristics of Julius Caesar's rule, including: Leadership in the military, Popularity amongst plebeians, Role as dictator for life, Assassination 6.56 Analyze the influence of Augustus Caesar, including the establishment of the Roman Empire and its political, geographic, and economic expansion during the Pax Romana.
Week 7, Feb 18-21 (4-day week)	 6.56 continued 6.57 Analyze how innovations in engineering and architecture contributed to Roman expansion, including the role of: Aqueducts, Arches, Bridges, The Colosseum, Domes, Roads, Sanitation 6.58 Explain the polytheistic religion of ancient Rome, with respect to beliefs about the humanlike qualities of the deities and their importance in everyday life.
Week 8, Feb 24-28	 Assessment 6.55-6.58 6.59 Describe the origins and central features of Christianity: Key Person(s) Jesus, Paul, Sacred Texts: The Bible, Basic Beliefs: monotheism, sin and forgiveness, eternal life, Jesus as the Messiah 6.60 Explain the expulsion of the Jews from their homeland by the Romans, which began the Jewish diaspora. 6.61 Explain the division of the Roman Empire into East and West, and identify the later establishment of Constantinople as the capital by Constantine.

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Week 9, Mar 3-7	!
District Science Checkpoint Assessment 3	1
Re-testing in Groups Data Conferences	1
Data Conferences	6.62 Analyze the fall of the Western Roman
	■ Empire, including difficulty governing its large
	territory, political corruption, economic
	instability, and attacks by Germanic tribes, and
	■ identify the continuation of the Eastern Roman
	Empire as the Byzantine Empire.
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	Unit Assessment (6.59-6.62)
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	District Social Studies Checkpoint Assessment 3
Quarter 4, Week 1, Mar 10-14	I Ancient India
Spiral Science Warm-ups	6.25 Identify and locate geographical features
	of ancient India, including: Ganges River,
	Himalayan Mountains, Indian Ocean, Indus
	River, Monsoon winds, Subcontinent of India
	6.26 Explain the emergence of the Harappan
	civilization in the Indus River Valley as an early
	agricultural civilization, and describe its
	achievements, including: Architecture built with
	bricks, Arranging roads into a series of
	grid-systems, Sanitation and sewer systems
	6.27 Describe the social structure of the caste
	system, and explain its effect on everyday life
	in ancient India.



Science/S.S. – Sixth Grade 2024-25 Fourth Quarter

SCIENCE	SOCIAL STUDIES
Week 2, Mar 24-28	6.28 Describe the origins and central features of
Spiral Science Warm-ups	Hinduism: Key Person(s): origins in Aryan
	traditions, Sacred Texts: The Vedas, Basic Beliefs:
	dharma, karma, reincarnation, and moksha
	6.29 Describe the origins and central features of
	Buddhism: Key Person(s): Siddhartha Gautama
	(Buddha), Sacred Texts: Tripitaka, Basic Beliefs:
	Four Noble Truths, Eightfold Path, Nirvana
	6.30 Identify the long-lasting intellectual
	traditions that emerged during the late empire
	of ancient India, including: medical education,
	medical techniques, and mathematics (e.g.,
	Hindu-Arabic numerals).
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	Unit Assessment (6.25-6.30)
Week 3, Mar 31-Apr 3 (4-day week)	Ancient China
Spiral Science Warm-ups	6.31 Identify and locate geographical features
	of ancient China, including: Gobi Desert,
	Himalayan Mountains, Pacific Ocean, Plateau
	of Tibet, Yangtze River, Yellow River
	6.32 Analyze the influence of geographic
	features on the origins of ancient Chinese
	civilization in the Yellow River Valley, and
	explain how China's geography helped create
	a unique yet diverse cultural identity that was
	isolated from the rest of the world.
	6.33 Describe how the size of ancient China
	made governing difficult and how the
	concepts of the mandate of heaven and
	Legalism emerged as solutions to this problem.
	6.34 Identify the political and cultural problems
	prevalent in the time of Confucius and how the
	philosophy of Confucianism and The Analects

 emphasized the concepts of kinship, order, and hierarchy to address these problems. 6.35 Explain the significance of the unification of ancient China into the first Chinese empire by Qin Shi Huangdi, beginning the Qin Dynasty.
 6.36 Explain how the implementation of the philosophy of Confucianism led to the political success and longevity of the Han Dynasty. 6.37 Explain the major accomplishments of the Han Dynasty, including: the magnetic compass, paper making, porcelain, silk, and woodblock printing. 6.38 Describe how the desire for Chinese goods influenced the creation of The Silk Road and initiated cultural diffusion throughout Eurasia, including the introduction of Buddhism into ancient China.
Assessment (6.31-6.38) I I I

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Week 10, May 19-23 (4.5-day week)	_
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STEM PBL/Project/Enrichment	1
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