

# Student Code of Conduct

**2024-2025**



*Inspiring Students Through Innovative Education*

[www.forneyisd.net](http://www.forneyisd.net)

Adopted by the Forney ISD Board of Trustees  
August 5, 2024

# Table of Contents

## Student Code of Conduct

Accessibility

Purpose

## School District Authority and Jurisdiction

Threat Assessment and Safe and Supportive School Team

Searches

Reporting Crimes

Security Personnel

Parent Defined

Participating in Graduation Activities

Unauthorized Persons

## Standards for Student Conduct

## Standards for Student Dress

## General Conduct Violations

Disregard for Authority

Mistreatment of Others

Property Offenses

Possession of Prohibited Items

Possession of Telecommunications or other Electronic Devices

Illegal, Prescription, and Over-the-Counter Drugs

Misuse of Technology Resources and the Internet

Safety Transgressions

Miscellaneous Offenses

## Discipline Management Techniques

Techniques

Prohibited Aversive Techniques

## Listing of Offenses and Consequences by Level

Level I Offenses

Level I Disciplinary Options

Level II Offenses

[Level II Disciplinary Options](#)

[Level III Offenses](#)

[Level III Disciplinary Options](#)

[Level IV Serious Offenses](#)

[Level IV Disciplinary Options](#)

[Level V Mandatory Removal](#)

[Level V Mandatory Expulsion](#)

[Students with Disabilities](#)

[Notification](#)

[Appeals](#)

[Removal from the School Bus](#)

[Removal from the Regular Educational Setting](#)

[Routine Referral](#)

[Formal Removal](#)

[Returning Student to Classroom](#)

[Out-of-School Suspension](#)

[Misconduct](#)

[Process](#)

[Coursework During Suspension](#)

[Disciplinary Alternative Education Program \(DAEP\) Placement](#)

[Discretionary Placement: Misconduct That May Result in DAEP Placement](#)

[Mandatory Placement: Misconduct That Requires DAEP Placement](#)

[Sexual Assault and Campus Assignments](#)

[Process](#)

[Conference](#)

[Consideration of Mitigating Factors](#)

[Placement Order](#)

[DAEP at Capacity](#)

[Coursework Notice](#)

[Length of Placement](#)

[Exceeds One Year](#)

[Exceeds School Year](#)

[Exceeds 60 Days](#)

[Appeals](#)

[Restrictions During Placement](#)

[Placement Review](#)

[Additional Misconduct](#)

[Notice of Criminal Proceedings](#)

[Withdrawal During Process](#)

[Newly Enrolled Students](#)

[Emergency Placement Procedure](#)

[Transition Services](#)

[Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses](#)

[Registered Sex Offenders](#)

[Review Committee](#)

[Newly Enrolled Student](#)

[Appeal](#)

[Certain Felonies](#)

[Hearing and Required Findings](#)

[Length of Placement](#)

[Placement Review](#)

[Newly Enrolled Students](#)

[Expulsion](#)

[Discretionary Expulsion: Misconduct That May Result in Expulsion](#)

[Any Location](#)

[At School, Within 300 Feet, or at a School Event](#)

[Within 300 Feet of School](#)

[Property of Another District](#)

[While in DAEP](#)

[Mandatory Expulsion: Misconduct that Requires Expulsion](#)

[Under Federal Law](#)

[Under the Penal Code](#)

[Under Age Ten](#)

[Process](#)

[Hearing](#)

[Board Review of Expulsion](#)

[Expulsion Order](#)

[Length of Expulsion](#)

[Withdrawal During Process](#)

[Additional Misconduct](#)

[Restrictions During Expulsion](#)

[Newly Enrolled Students](#)

[Emergency Expulsion Procedures](#)

[DAEP Placement of Expelled Students](#)

[Transition Services](#)

[GLOSSARY](#)

# FORNEY INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

## Student Code of Conduct

### Accessibility

If you have difficulty accessing the information in this document because of disability, please contact the FISD Administration Office at 469-762-4100.

### Purpose

The Student Code of Conduct ("Code of Conduct"), as required by Chapter 37 of the Texas Education Code, provides methods and options for managing student behavior, preventing and intervening in student discipline problems, and imposing discipline.

The law requires the district to define misconduct that may—or must—result in a range of specific disciplinary consequences, including removal from a regular classroom or campus, out-of-school suspension, placement in a disciplinary alternative education program (DAEP), placement in a juvenile justice alternative education program (JJAEP), or expulsion from school.

This Code of Conduct has been adopted by the Forney ISD Board of Trustees and developed with the advice of the district-level committee. It provides information to parents and students regarding standards of conduct, consequences of misconduct, and procedures for administering discipline. This Code of Conduct remains in effect during summer school and at all school-related events and activities outside of the school year until the board adopts an updated version for the next school year.

In accordance with state law, the Code of Conduct shall be posted at each school campus or shall be available for review at the office of the campus principal and the campus disciplinary officers. Additionally, the Code of Conduct shall be posted on the district's website. Parents shall be notified of any conduct violation that may result in a student being suspended, placed in a DAEP or JJAEP, expelled, or taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under Chapter 37 of the Education Code.

Because the Code of Conduct is adopted by the district's board of trustees, it has the force of policy. In the event of a conflict between the Code of Conduct and the Student Handbook, the Code of Conduct shall prevail.

**Please Note:** The discipline of students with disabilities who are eligible for services under federal law (Individuals with Disabilities Education Act and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973) is subject to the provisions of those laws.

## School District Authority and Jurisdiction

School rules and the district's authority to administer discipline apply whenever the interest of the district is involved, on or off school grounds, in conjunction with or independent of classes and school-sponsored activities.

The district has disciplinary authority over a student:

1. During the regular school day;
2. While the student is traveling on district transportation;
3. During lunch periods in which a student is allowed to leave campus;
4. At any school-related activity, regardless of time or location;
5. For any school-related misconduct, regardless of time or location;
6. When retaliation against a school employee, board member, or volunteer occurs or is threatened, regardless of time or location;
7. When a student engages in cyberbullying, as provided by Education Code 37.0832;
8. When criminal mischief is committed on or off school property or at a school-related event;

9. For certain offenses committed within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line;
10. For certain offenses committed while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity of another district in Texas;
11. When the student commits a felony, as provided by TEC 37.006 or 37.0081; and
12. When the student is required to register as a sex offender.

## **Threat Assessment and Safe and Supportive School Team**

Campus administrators will work closely with the campus threat assessment and safe and supportive school team to implement the district's threat assessment policy and procedures, as required by law, and shall take appropriate disciplinary action in accordance with the Code of Conduct.

## **Searches**

District officials may conduct searches of students, their belongings, and their vehicles in accordance with state and federal law and district policy. Searches of students shall be conducted in a reasonable and nondiscriminatory manner. Refer to the district's policies at FNF(LEGAL) and FNF(LOCAL) for more information regarding investigations and searches.

The district has the right to search a vehicle driven to school by a student and parked on school property whenever there is reasonable suspicion to believe it contains articles or materials prohibited by the district.

Desks, lockers, district-provided technology, and similar items are the property of the district and are provided for student use as a matter of convenience. District property is subject to search or inspection at any time without notice.

## **Reporting Crimes**

The principal and other school administrators as appropriate shall report crimes as required by law and shall call local law enforcement when an administrator suspects a crime has been committed on campus.

## **Security Personnel**

The board utilizes School Based Law Enforcement (SBLE) officers to ensure the security and protection of students, staff, and property. In accordance with law, the board has coordinated with the campus administration and other district employees to ensure appropriate law enforcement duties are assigned to these persons. Provisions addressing the various types of security personnel can be found in the CKE policy series. The law enforcement duties of School Based Law Enforcement officers are linked [HERE](#).

## **“Parent” Defined**

Throughout the Code of Conduct and related discipline policies, the term “parent” includes a parent, legal guardian, or other person having lawful control of the child.

## **Participating in Graduation Activities**

The district has the right to limit a student's participation in graduation activities for violating the district's Code of Conduct.

Participation might include a speaking role, as established by district policy and procedures.

Students eligible to give the opening and closing remarks at graduation shall be notified by the campus principal. Notwithstanding any other eligibility requirements, in order to be considered eligible, a student shall not have engaged in any misconduct that resulted in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion during the semester immediately preceding graduation.

The valedictorian and salutatorian may also have speaking roles at graduation. No student shall be eligible to have such a speaking role if they are engaged in any misconduct that resulted in an out-of-school suspension, removal to a DAEP, or expulsion during the semester immediately preceding graduation.

Only students who are graduating and who hold one of the following positions of honor based on the neutral criteria shall be eligible to use the limited public forum: class officers and the top ten percent. A student who shall otherwise

have a speaking role in the graduation ceremony is ineligible to give the opening and closing remarks. Students who are eligible shall be notified and given an opportunity to volunteer. Students are not eligible to volunteer if they were in a disciplinary placement during any part of the spring semester.

The names of the eligible students who volunteer shall be randomly drawn. The student whose name is drawn first shall give the opening and the student whose name is drawn second shall give the closing.

The topic of the opening and closing remarks shall be related to the purpose of the graduation ceremony and to the purpose of marking the opening and closing of the event; honoring the occasion, the participants, and those in attendance; bringing the audience to order; and focusing the audience on the purpose of the event. FNA(LOCAL)

## Unauthorized Persons

In accordance with Education Code 37.105, a school administrator or district police officer shall have the authority to refuse entry or eject a person from district property if the person refuses to leave peaceably on request and:

1. The person poses a substantial risk of harm to any person; or
2. The person behaves in a manner that is inappropriate for a school setting and persists in the behavior after being given a verbal warning that the behavior is inappropriate and may result in refusal of entry or ejection.

Appeals regarding refusal of entry or ejection from district property may be filed in accordance with policies FNG(LOCAL) or GF(LOCAL), as appropriate. However, the timelines for the district's grievance procedures shall be adjusted as necessary to permit the person to address the board in person within 90 calendar days, unless the complaint is resolved before a board hearing

See [DAEP – Restrictions During Placement](#) for information regarding a student assigned to DAEP at the time of graduation.

## Standards for Student Conduct

Each student is expected to:

- Demonstrate courtesy, even when others do not.
- Behave in a responsible manner.
- Exercise self-discipline.
- Attend all classes regularly and on time.
- Bring appropriate materials and assignments to class.
- Meet district and campus standards of grooming and dress including wearing ID badges.
- Obey all campus and classroom rules.
- Respect the rights and privileges of students, teachers and other district staff and volunteers.
- Respect the property of others, including district property and facilities.
- Cooperate with or assist the school staff in maintaining safety, order and discipline.
- Adhere to the requirements of the Student Code of Conduct.

## Dress and Grooming (All Grade Levels)

The Forney Independent School District has a student dress code policy for all grades and all campuses. The dress code gives the district a positive and distinctive identity and reflects the values of the schools and community. All students are required to wear the appropriate dress each day except for those days designated as non-dress code days at the discretion of the school administrators.

The use of a school dress code is established to improve student self-esteem, bridge socio-economic differences among students, and promote positive behavior, thereby enhancing school safety and improving the learning environment.



If the campus administrator determines that a student's grooming or clothing violates the school's dress code, the student will be given an opportunity to correct the problem at school. If not corrected, the student may be assigned to in-school suspension for the remainder of the day, until the problem is corrected, or until a parent or designee brings an acceptable change of clothing to the school. Repeated offenses may result in more serious disciplinary action in accordance with the **Student Code of Conduct** [FNCA(LOCAL)].

## **Shirts, Blouses, Turtlenecks, Sweatshirts, Vests, Sweaters, Outerwear**

### **ACCEPTABLE**

#### **Color:**

Solid color shirts.

#### **Style:**

Collared knit button or snap polo shirt.

Dress style, button only shirts/blouses with long or short sleeves.

Turtlenecks.

Sweatshirts, vests, and sweaters must be solid color and appropriately sized in the shoulders, sleeves, and length; and must be worn over acceptable shirts, blouses, or turtlenecks.

#### **General:**

Logos or labels on shirts must be no larger than 1½ by 1½ inches.

All shirts and blouses must be fastened no lower than 4 inches from the top of the collar.

Outerwear such as windbreakers, fleece, sweaters, or sweatshirt-type jackets or pullovers must adhere to all acceptable guidelines. All other jackets/coats must be taken off and stored properly upon entering the building. Spirit outerwear in the appropriate school colors acknowledging the school or mascot in which the student attends is acceptable. No hoods inside the building are permitted at any time.

Polo or Button up Shirts or Outerwear without a hood in solid colors representing a recognized Forney ISD school organization may be worn with approval by the Principal.

### **UNACCEPTABLE**

Visible stripes, checks, lettering, wording, or other designs.

Sleeveless.

Thermal type shirts.

T-shirts.

Zippered shirts or blouses.

Hooded sweatshirts or outerwear.

Hats, caps, bandanas, or other non-religious head coverings worn inside the school building.

Leather, suede, vinyl, corduroy, and denim materials (not including outerwear).

## **Slacks, Shorts, Capri Pants**

### **ACCEPTABLE (All Grade Levels)**

**Color:** Khaki, Navy Blue, Black (solid, single colors).

#### **Style:**

Pleated or flat front casual slacks, Capri pants or walking-style shorts.

Hem of shorts should be no more than 3 inches above the knee (in both front and back).

Slacks must be worn at the waist, and be properly hemmed or cuffed.

Logos or labels on slacks must be no larger than 1½ by 1½ inches.

Slit at bottom of slacks must have finished edges and be no longer than 3 inches.

Shorts may have a kick-pleat or slit which opens no higher than 3 inches above the top of the knee (in both front and back).

***ACCEPTABLE (PK-4th Grade only)***

Skirts, skorts, and jumpers' length must be no more than 3 inches above the top of the knee cap (in both front and back).

Skirts, skorts, and jumpers may have a kick-pleat or slit which opens no higher than 3 inches above the top of the knee (in both front and back).

Jumpers can be V-neck, square neck, or round neck.

Acceptable shirt, blouse, or turtleneck must be worn under a jumper at all times.

***UNACCEPTABLE***

Baggy-style legged slacks.

Holes in clothing.

Cargo or Carpenter style pants.

Soccer or boxer style shorts, wind shorts/pants, athletic shorts/pants, sweat shorts/pants, spandex (except in PE/Athletics, Cheer, or Drill classes only).

Dresses.

Overall pants, overall shorts, overall jumpers, and coveralls.

Leather, suede, vinyl, corduroy, and denim materials; brads or studs.

**Shoes, Hose/Tights, Leggings**

***ACCEPTABLE***

**Hose/Tights/Leggings** - Solid, single colors. Must be worn under shorts (and skirts, or jumpers for PreK-4th grade)

**Shoes** - Students are required to wear a matching pair of shoes that are acceptable and appropriate for the school setting..

***UNACCEPTABLE***

Stripes, checks, lettering, wording, or other designs on hose, tights, or leggings.

House shoes.

Tie or fringe belts.

**General Guidelines that Apply to All Students**

Spandex, nylon, or stretch-type materials are not allowed.

Clothing can be no more than one size larger than the student's measurements; nor may the garment be too tight.

Hats, caps, bandanas, or other non-religious head coverings are not to be worn inside the school building.

Hooded sweatshirts or any outerwear with hoods are not permitted.

Clothing items cannot be worn in any way that reflects gang affiliation, conceals contraband, or creates a distraction.

All clothing must be properly hemmed and/or have finished edges.

Undershirts must be one of the approved solid colors, with no printing or designs.

Sufficient underclothing is required.

**Hair**

Facial hair must be well-groomed and neat in appearance with no unnatural hair colors.

Hair rollers are not allowed.

No extreme modes of hair design are allowed.

Unnatural hair coloring such as green, purple, etc. is prohibited.

Hair should be kept clean and neatly groomed at all times.

Hair at no time should be in the student's eyes.

Hair and eyebrows may not have cut-out designs or etchings.

### **Jewelry and Other Accessories**

Excessive makeup and/or jewelry are not allowed.

Tattoos, whether temporary or permanent, must be appropriate for the school setting and not otherwise offensive or disruptive to the individual's school or work environment. Any tattoo that does not meet these standards must be covered on request by an administrator.

Jewelry used in conjunction with body piercing (such as nose rings or tongue studs) are prohibited.

Students are not to wear sun shades or sunglasses in school unless they provide a note from their physician stating the need to do so.

Chains are not permitted.

Any clothing that is not specifically addressed as acceptable is unacceptable, for example; midriff sweaters, wristbands, boas, fur fringe, etc...

**Administrators will have complete and final judgment on all matters concerning interpretation of the student dress code. Matters concerning appearance and dress not specifically covered in dress code policy shall be within the discretion of the administration.**

In case of severe financial hardship, parents may contact their child's school by phone, mail, or in person to request assistance.

### **Alternative/Interim Student Dress Code**

This policy is only for new students to the district and students with school board approved opt-out requests. New students moving into the district have ten (10) calendar days to comply with the uniform policy. Students in the process of opt-out appeal [See FNCA (LOCAL) and FNG (LOCAL) for process and timelines.] must comply with alternative/interim student dress code guidelines. All other students must be in compliance with the student uniform policy guidelines.

Students are expected to dress and groom themselves so as not to:

- Lead school officials reasonably to believe that such dress or grooming will disrupt, interfere with, disturb, or detract from school activities; or
- Create a hazard to the student's own health or safety or to the health or safety of others.

Immodest or distracting dress or appearance of any type is not permitted. This is not confined to clothing, but also includes fads in hairstyles, makeup, or other attractions that would, in the opinion of the principal, tend to promote student disruption, jeopardize student conduct, or otherwise interfere with the educational process. (Clothing containing offensive slogans, symbols, logos, and other suggestive or controversial designs is not allowed.)

Students will keep themselves neatly groomed and dressed and will keep their hair neat and clean. Grooming and dress that will disturb, interfere with, or detract from school activities will not be allowed. Neatly groomed and dressed shall be defined as dress and grooming that is standard and conforms to local community and school district etiquette and decorum. It is within these principles that FISD will enforce the following dress code items, specifically but not limited to:

#### ***Shirts, Blouses, and Turtlenecks***

These articles must be collared and are to be fastened no lower than 4 inches from the top of the collar.

All tops (etc.) should cover the back, shoulders, and stomach. No skin is to show at the waist.

Un-hemmed or sleeveless tops, and tank tops are not acceptable.

No t-shirts are allowed.

Logos or labels on shirts must be no larger than 1½ by 1½ inches.

No lettering, wording, or graphics other than school spirit logos/wording on shirts, blouses, or turtlenecks.

### ***Slacks, Dresses, Culottes, Skorts and Shorts***

Slacks are to be full length and worn at the waist. Shorts must be worn at the waist.

Shorts must fall between the bottom of the knee and no more than 3 inches above the knee (in both front and back) except in physical education classes.

Athletic and soccer type shorts (with or without a logo) are not allowed (except in P. E.); only walking shorts are permissible with a belt.

Spandex, wind shorts, wind pants, or warm-ups are not permissible.

Dresses, skirts, culottes, skorts, and similar attire must fall between the bottom of the knee and no more than 3 inches above the knee (in front and back).

Logos and labels must be no larger than 1½ inches by 1½ inches.

No denim material is permitted.

### **Head and Footwear**

Hats, caps, bandanas, hoods or other non-religious head coverings shall not be worn inside the school building.

Students must wear appropriate shoes at all times. House shoes are not allowed.

### **General Appearance of All Clothing**

Frayed, cut off, or tattered clothing containing holes is not allowed, even in P. E. classes.

Student attire should be modest and appropriate in length, fit, and design.

Sufficient underclothing is required.

Clinging or transparent clothing is unacceptable.

Shirts and blouses must be fastened no lower than 4 inches from the top of the collar.

Clothing may be NO more than one size larger than the student's measurements.

### **Guidelines That Apply to ALL Students**

#### **Extracurricular Dress Code**

With respect to any extracurricular activities, the administrator, in conjunction with the sponsor, coach, or other person in charge of such activity, may regulate the dress and grooming of participating students. Such regulation may include denying the student permission to participate in the extracurricular activity or to go on extracurricular trips.

**Compliance:** If a student attends school in violation of this uniform policy, disciplinary steps as outlined in the Student Handbook and Code of Conduct will be taken.

#### **Non-Uniform Days**

Administrator(s) shall have authority to waive up to 10 days the wearing of the student uniform or Alternative/Interim Student Dress Code for certain days, parts of days, special events, or special activities. Students who choose not to participate in the special days are expected to wear the standard student uniform.

**Fundraising:** Students will not be required to donate funds directly to a non-profit organization, fundraising event, or other charitable cause to be allowed to participate in a non-uniform day. Students are allowed to donate funds and/or participate in a fund raising activity to reach a specific fundraising goal that will allow all students at the school to participate in a non-uniform day. The non-uniform day will count as one of the ten (10) days allowed during the school year.

**Special Assistance:** In case of severe financial hardship, parents may contact their child's school by phone, mail, or in person to request assistance when financially unable to purchase the standard student uniform. Special note—having a child on the free-reduced lunch program does not automatically qualify the family for assistance.

**Final Authority:** Administrators will have complete and final judgment on all matters concerning interpretation of the dress code. Matters concerning appearance and dress not specifically covered above shall be within the discretion of the administration.

**Opt-out Provision for New Students:** The following procedure shall be followed if the parent or guardian desires to exempt his/her child from the uniform policy in accordance with Board Policy FNCA (Local) and FNG (Local):

Request by mail or in person a "Request for Exemption from the Student Uniform Requirement" and "Questions to Determine Bona Fide Religious and/or Philosophical Uniform Objections" forms. These documents can be obtained at the student's school site.

Within ten (10) calendar days of enrollment, complete the application for exemption in full and submit it to the designated campus administrator at the student's school.

Meet with the designated administrator to discuss the uniform policy and the nature of the objections to the policy. The purposes of this meeting include (a) ensuring parental understanding of the reasons for and goals of the uniform policy, (b) verifying the accuracy of the information on the application, (c) preventing fraud and misrepresentation.

Meet with a designated district administrator to discuss the nature of the parental objection(s) to the policy.

Students who are denied an opt-out exemption by the board will have fourteen (14) calendar days from the date of ruling to come into compliance.

**Opt-Out Provision for Currently Enrolled Students:** The following procedure shall be followed if the parent or guardian desires to exempt his/her child who is currently enrolled in Forney ISD from the uniform policy in accordance with Board Policy FNCA (Local) and FNG (Local):

Request by mail or in person a "Request for Exemption from the Student Uniform Requirement" and "Questions to Determine Bona Fide Religious and/or Philosophical Uniform Objections" forms. These documents can be obtained at the student's school site.

The "Request for Exemption from the Student Uniform Requirement" and "Questions to Determine Bona Fide Religion and/or Philosophical Uniform Objections" forms must be completed and submitted to the campus administration at the student's school by the last day of instruction of each school calendar year for the following school year.

Meet with the designated administrator to discuss the uniform policy and the nature of the objections to the policy. The purposes of this meeting include (a) ensuring parental understanding of the reasons for and goals of the uniform policy, (b) verifying the accuracy of the information on the application, (c) preventing fraud and misrepresentation.

Meet with a designated district administrator to discuss the nature of the parental objection(s) to the policy.

Opt-outs are granted for the current school calendar year only and must be applied for annually.

Students who are denied an opt-out exemption will have fourteen (14) calendar days from the date of ruling to come into compliance.

**Evaluation:** CPOC, DEIC, or a designated committee shall maintain the right to make recommendations to the board based on evaluation results or perceived needs for change.

## General Conduct Violations

The categories of conduct below are prohibited at school, in vehicles owned or operated by the district, and at all school-related activities, but the list does not include the most severe offenses. In the subsequent sections on **Out-of-School Suspension, DAEP Placement, Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses, and Expulsion**, those offenses that require or permit specific consequences are listed. Any offense, however, may be severe enough to result in **Removal from the Regular Educational Setting** as detailed in that section.

### Disregard for Authority

Students shall not:

- Fail to comply with directives given by school personnel (insubordination).
- Leave school grounds or school-sponsored events without permission.

- Disobey rules for conduct in district vehicles.
- Refuse to accept discipline or consequence assigned by a teacher or principal.

### **Mistreatment of Others**

Students shall not:

- Use profanity or vulgar language or make obscene gestures.
- Fight or scuffle. (For assault, see **DAEP--Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses**.)
- Participate in hazing. (See **glossary**.)
- Engage in bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists. (See **glossary** for all four terms.)
- Coerce an individual to act through the use of threat of force.
- Commit extortion or blackmail.
- Threaten a district student, employee, or volunteer including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Engage in inappropriate verbal, physical, or sexual contact directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, or volunteer.
- Engage in sexual or gender-based harassment or sexual abuse, whether by word, gesture, or any other conduct directed toward another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer.
- Engage in inappropriate or indecent exposure of private body parts.
- Engage in conduct that constitutes dating violence. (See **glossary**.)
- Record the voice or image of another without the prior consent of the individual being recorded or in any way that disrupts the educational environment or invades the privacy of others.
- Release or threaten to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.

### **Property Offenses**

Students shall not:

- Steal from students, staff, or the school.
- Damage or vandalize property owned by others. (For felony criminal mischief, see **DAEP--Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses**.)
- Deface or damage school property, including textbooks, technology
- and electronic resources, lockers, furniture, and other equipment, with graffiti or by other means.
- Commit or assist in a robbery or theft, even if it does not constitute a felony according to the Penal Code. (For felony robbery, aggravated robbery, or theft see **DAEP--Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses**.)
- Enter, without authorization, district facilities that are not open for operations.

### **Possession of Prohibited Items**

Students shall not possess or use:

- Fireworks of any kind, smoke or stink bombs, or any other pyrotechnic device;
- A razor, box cutter, chain, or any other object used in a way that threatens or inflicts bodily injury to another person;
- A "look-alike" weapon that is intended to be used as a weapon or could reasonably be perceived as a weapon;
- An air gun or BB gun;
- Ammunition;
- A hand instrument designed to cut or stab another by being thrown;
- A firearm silencer or suppressor;
- Knuckles;

- A location-restricted knife;
- A club;
- A firearm;
- A stun gun;
- A pocket knife or any other small knife;
- Mace or pepper spray;
- Pornographic material;
- Tobacco products, cigarettes; e-cigarettes; and any component, part, or accessory for an e-cigarette device;
- Matches or a lighter;
- A laser pointer, unless it is for an approved use; or
- Any articles not generally considered to be weapons, including school supplies, when the principal or designee determines a danger exists.

\*For weapons and firearms, see **DAEP--Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses**. In many circumstances, possession of these items is punishable by mandatory expulsion under federal or state law.

### **Possession of Telecommunications or other Electronic Devices**

Students' cell phones must be turned off during school hours unless given explicit permission from a school staff member.

- Use of cell phones or any device capable of capturing images is prohibited in locker rooms or restroom areas while at school or at a school related or school-sponsored event.

If a student uses a telecommunications device during the school day, the device will be confiscated. See Failure to Comply with Prohibited Electronic Devices (below) for sanctions.

- Confiscated telecommunications devices that are not retrieved will be disposed of after the notice required by law. [See policy FNCE for more information.]
- Any disciplinary action for multiple offenses will be in accordance with the Student Code of Conduct. The district is not responsible for damaged, lost, or stolen telecommunications devices.

### **Failure to Comply with Prohibited Electronic Devices**

- 1st offense
  - Device confiscated and returned to student for a \$15 fee
- 2nd offense
  - Device confiscated and returned to parent for a \$15 fee
- 3rd offense and subsequent offenses
  - Device confiscated and returned to parent for \$15 fee with additional sanctions assigned by administrator

### **Illegal, Prescription, and Over-the-Counter Drugs**

Students shall not:

- Possess, use, give or sell alcohol or an illegal drug. (Also see **DAEP Placement and Expulsion** for mandatory and permissive consequences under state law.)
- Possess or sell seeds or pieces of marijuana in less than a usable amount.
- Possess, use, give, or sell paraphernalia related to any prohibited substance. (See **glossary** for "paraphernalia.")
- Possess, use, abuse, or sell look-alike drugs or attempt to pass items off as drugs or contraband.
- Abuse the student's own prescription drug, give a prescription drug to another student, or possess or be under the influence of another person's prescription drug on school property or at a school-related event. (See **glossary** for "abuse.")
- Abuse over-the-counter drugs. (See **glossary** for "abuse.")

- Be under the influence of prescription or over-the-counter drugs that cause impairment to the body or mind. (See **glossary** for “under the influence.”)
- Have or take prescription drugs or over-the-counter drugs at school other than as provided by district policy.

## **Misuse of Technology Resources and the Internet**

Students shall not:

- Violate policies, rules, or agreements signed by the student or the student’s parent regarding the use of technology resources.
- Use the internet or other electronic communications to threaten or harass district students, employees, board members, or volunteers, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Send, post, deliver, or possess electronic messages that are abusive, obscene, sexually oriented, threatening, harassing, damaging to another’s reputation, or illegal, including cyberbullying and “sexting,” either on or off school property, if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.
- Attempt to access or circumvent passwords or other security-related information of the district, students, or employees, or upload or create computer viruses, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Attempt to alter, destroy, or disable district technology resources including, but not limited to computers and related equipment, district data, the data of others, or other networks connected to the district’s system, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment.
- Use the internet or other electronic communication to engage in or encourage illegal behavior or threaten school safety, including off school property if the conduct causes a substantial disruption to the educational environment or infringes on the rights of another student at school.

## **Safety Transgressions**

Students shall not:

- Throw objects that can cause bodily injury or property damage.
- Discharge a fire extinguisher without valid cause.
- Make false accusations or perpetrate hoaxes regarding school safety.
- Engage in any conduct that school officials might reasonably believe will substantially disrupt the school program or incite violence.
- Engage in verbal (oral or written) exchanges that threaten the safety of another student, a school employee, or school property.
- Possess published or electronic material designed to promote or encourage illegal behavior or that could threaten school safety.

## **Miscellaneous Offenses**

Students shall not:

- Gamble.
- Falsify records, passes, or other school-related documents.
- Engage in actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Violate dress and grooming standards as communicated in the **Student Handbook and Code of Conduct**.
- Repeatedly violate other communicated campus or classroom standards of behavior.
- Engage in academic dishonesty, which includes cheating or copying the work of another student, plagiarism, and unauthorized communication between students during an examination.



The district may impose campus or classroom rules in addition to those found in the Code of Conduct. These rules may be posted in classrooms or given to the student and may or may not constitute violations of the Code of Conduct.

## Discipline Management Techniques

Discipline shall be designed to improve conduct and to encourage students to adhere to be responsible members of the school community. Disciplinary action shall draw on the professional judgment of teachers and administrators and on a range of discipline management techniques, including restorative practices. Discipline shall be based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, the effect of the misconduct on the school environment, and statutory requirements.

### Techniques

The following discipline management techniques may be used alone, in combination, or as part of progressive interventions for behavior prohibited by the Code of Conduct or by campus or classroom rules:

- Verbal correction, oral or written.
- Cooling-off time or a brief "time-out" period, in accordance with law.
- Seating changes within the classroom or vehicles owned or operated by the district.
- Temporary confiscation of items that disrupt the educational process.
- Rewards or demerits.
- Behavioral contracts.
- Counseling by teachers, school counselors, or administrative personnel.
- Parent-teacher conferences.
- Restorative practices.
- Grade reductions for cheating, plagiarism, and as otherwise permitted by policy.
- Detention, including outside regular school hours. (Before a student under 18 is assigned to detention outside regular school hours, notice shall be given to the student and the parent/guardian should be notified to inform him or her so that transportation arrangements can be planned.)
- Sending the student to the office, other assigned area, or to in-school suspension (ISS).
- Assignment of school duties, such as cleaning or picking up litter.
- Withdrawal of privileges, such as participation in extracurricular activities, eligibility for seeking and holding honorary offices, or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.
- Penalties identified in individual student organizations' extracurricular standards of behavior.
- Restriction or revocation of district transportation privileges.
- School-assessed and school-administered probation.
- Out-of-school suspension, as specified in the **Out-of-School Suspension** section of this Code.
- Placement in a DAEP, as specified in the **DAEP** section of this Code.
- Expulsion and/or placement in an alternative educational setting, as specified in the **Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses** section of this Code.
- Expulsion, as specified in the **Expulsion** section of this Code.
- Referral to an outside agency or legal authority for criminal prosecution in addition to disciplinary measures imposed by the district.
- Behavior coaching.
- Anger management classes.
- Mediation (victim-offender).
- Classroom circles.
- Family group conferencing.

- Other strategies and consequences as determined by school officials.

## **Prohibited Aversive Techniques**

Aversive techniques are prohibited for use with students and are defined as techniques or interventions intended to reduce the reoccurrence of a behavior by intentionally inflicting significant physical or emotional discomfort or pain. Aversive techniques include:

- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain.
- Using techniques designed or likely to cause physical pain by shock or any procedure involving pressure points or joint locks.
- Directed release of noxious, toxic, or unpleasant spray, mist, or substance near a student's face.
- Denying adequate sleep, air, food, water, shelter, bedding, physical comfort, supervision, or access to a restroom facility.
- Ridiculing or demeaning a student in a manner that adversely affects or endangers the learning or mental health of the student or constitutes verbal abuse.
- Employing a device, material, or object that immobilizes all four of a student's extremities, including prone or supine floor restraint.
- Impairing the student's breathing, including applying pressure to the student's torso or neck or placing something in, on, or over the student's mouth or nose or covering the student's face.
- Restricting the student's circulation.
- Securing the student to a stationary object while the student is standing or sitting.
- Inhibiting, reducing, or hindering the student's ability to communicate.
- Using chemical restraints.
- Using time-out in a manner that prevents the student from being able to be involved in and progress appropriately in the required curriculum or any applicable individualized education program (IEP) goals, including isolating the student by the use of physical barriers.
- Depriving the student of one or more of the student's senses, unless the technique does not cause the student discomfort or complies with the student's IEP or behavior intervention plan (BIP).

## **Listing of Offenses and Consequences by Level**

### **Level I Offenses**

Level I acts of misconduct include repeated infractions of classroom management procedures or rules or other misconduct that disrupts the educational process. The following is a list of most common types of Level I behavior infractions:

1. Refusing to follow classroom rules.
2. Being tardy to class.
3. Refusing to participate in classroom activities or fulfill assignments.
4. Failing to bring appropriate materials to class.
5. Possessing and/or using nuisance items.
6. Using prohibited electronic device(s).
7. Eating, drinking, or gum chewing in an undesignated area.
8. Disrupting the orderly classroom process.
9. Running, making excessive noise or other disruptions in halls, buildings, classrooms, or other supervised settings.
10. Violating dress code (including not wearing appropriate face coverings or ID badges).
11. Receiving parking violations.

### **Level I Disciplinary Options**

In no rank order, any one or combination of these consequences will be applied:

1. Teacher/student, counselor/student or administrator/student conference.

2. Parent conference call.
3. In-class disciplinary action or assignment such as, but not limited to: verbal correction, change of seat, rewards or demerits, behavioral contracts, or point deductions using systems for conduct grades.
4. Withdrawal of student privileges.
5. Detention.
6. Confiscation of nuisance items or materials.
7. Confiscation of prohibited items.
8. Supervised campus service assignment.
9. Required correction in attire or appearance.
10. School-assigned period of probation.
11. Restorative practices.

### **Level II Offenses**

When a student's behavior does not change as a result of action taken on Level I and the student is being seen for a second time in the principal's office for repeated Level I infractions, the student is moved to Level II for discipline purposes. Examples of Level II offenses include, but are not limited to:

1. Disrespect to authority.
2. Failing to comply with directions given by school personnel.

### **Level II Disciplinary Options**

In no rank order, any one or combination will be applied:

1. Any Level I consequence.
2. Saturday School.
3. ISS placement.
4. Mandatory Parent/Guardian Conference.

### **Level III Offenses**

Level III acts of misconduct include those student infractions which are somewhat more serious than those in Levels I and II in their effect on the orderly process of the school program. Examples of misconduct include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Cheating or copying the work of another student.
2. Leaving the classroom, school grounds, or school-sponsored events without permission. (Truant)
3. Cutting class or other scheduled activity.
4. Using profane, obscene, indecent, or racially or ethnically offensive language, verbally or written, and/or gestures to other students.
5. Altering school records, documents, or forgery of a name on school documents.
6. Vandalizing or defacing school property.
7. Having excessive absences or tardies.
8. Engaging in acts of inappropriate familiarity with other students.
9. Repeated use of prohibited electronic device(s).
10. Throwing or irresponsible use of objects that can cause bodily injury or damage to property.
11. Possessing or using tobacco products, on school property at any time or while attending an off-campus school related activity.
12. Exhibiting any unacceptable or unwanted physical contact whether or not injury occurs.
13. Driving recklessly in an automobile.
14. Gambling.
15. Possessing, using, or distributing non-alcoholic beers, wines, or other liquors.

16. Possessing a soft air gun.
17. Possessing live ammunition.
18. Repeating any Level II offense or having a new violation while being disciplined for a Level II offense.

### **Level III Disciplinary Options**

In no rank order, any one or combination of the following will be applied:

1. Any Level I or Level II consequence.
2. Confiscation of prohibited items.
3. Grade penalty for copying or cheating and/or a written assignment related to offense.
4. Exclusion from extracurricular activities.
5. Restoration and/or restitution as applicable.
6. Referral to law enforcement personnel.

### **Level IV Serious Offenses**

Level IV offenses include those acts of misconduct that seriously disrupt the educational process, endanger or seriously affect other students, or violate the law. Examples include, but are not limited to the following:

1. Any repeated offense of Level III or having a new violation while being disciplined for a Level III offense.
2. Repeated acts of disobedience or disorderly behavior that may cause a disruption in school, endanger or seriously affect the health and safety of others.
3. Oral or written threats to do bodily harm to others or to the property of others (harassment).
4. Interfering with school authorities or school programs to include, but not limited to, boycotts, sit-ins, or trespassing.
5. Fighting is defined as a physical conflict between two or more individuals. **A fight has occurred if a student who is attacked strikes back.** To avoid penalty, a student under attack should seek to detach himself/herself from the situation and get school personnel.
6. Stealing, robbery, or burglary.
7. Extortion, coercion, or blackmail (Obtaining money, objects, or favors from unwilling person(s)).
8. Using profane, obscene, indecent, immoral, or offensive language and/or gestures directed toward school personnel.
9. Failure to comply with assigned disciplinary consequences.
10. Possessing a device, object, or substance that could cause bodily harm to individuals in any school setting.
11. Failure to report to school personnel the knowledge of an event, device, object, or substance that could cause bodily harm to individuals in any school setting.
12. Possession, use, or distribution of any substance represented to be a drug or alcohol.
13. Sexual misconduct, and/or sexual harassment.
14. Hazing.
15. Gang-related behavior, attire, activity, or gang membership.
16. Possession of drug paraphernalia.
17. Major vandalism to district property.
18. Posting or distributing unauthorized communicative materials on school premises.
19. Placing or discharging fireworks.
20. Pledges to join, solicit membership in a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang as defined in TEC 37.121.
21. Possession or distribution of pornographic materials.
22. Distribution of over-the-counter or prescription medications to other students and/or ingestion of such medications received from other students.

23. Criminal trespass.
24. Continuing to engage in serious or persistent misbehavior that violates the code of conduct or DAEP classroom rules after being placed in an alternative education program for disciplinary reasons (Possible Expulsion).
25. Engaging in criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03, if the conduct is punishable as a felony, whether committed on or off of school property or at a school-related activity, (intentionally or knowingly damage to school property resulting in a loss of \$1,500 or more) (Possible Expulsion).
26. Simple Assault (Class C Assault).
27. Any unwanted physical contact with injury.
28. Electronically modifying school records.
29. Retaliation against another student.
30. Tampering or falsifying a drug test, screening or searches.
31. Involvement in a public school fraternity, sorority, or secret society, including participating as a member or pledge, or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang.
32. Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
33. Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
34. Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.

#### **Level IV Disciplinary Options**

In no rank order, any one or combination of the following will be applied:

1. Teacher/student, administrator/student or parent conference call.
2. Restorative practices.
3. Suspension from school not to exceed three days at a time.
4. Citation by law enforcement personnel.
5. ISS (includes assignment for students under the age of 10).
6. Reassignment of classes.
7. Disciplinary Alternative Education Program Placement.
8. Mandatory Parent/Guardian Conference.
9. Community service projects.

#### **Level V Mandatory Removal**

A student **must** be placed in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) if the student:

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school. (See **glossary**.)
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:
  - Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
  - Commits an assault (see **glossary**) under Penal Code 22.01(a) (1).
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of a controlled substance, or dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony offense. (School-related felony drug offenses are addressed in **Expulsion** section of the Code). (See **glossary** for "under the influence" "controlled substance," and "dangerous drug.")
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana or THC. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision.

- ❑ Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of alcohol.
- ❑ Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- ❑ Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses or uses an e-cigarette.
- ❑ Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure. (See **glossary**)
- ❑ Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense of harassment against an employee under Penal Code 42.07 (a)(1), (2), (3), or (7).
- Engages in expellable conduct and is six to nine years of age.
- Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
- Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the **Expulsion** section of this Code).
- Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 (see **glossary**) of the Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event and:
  1. The student receives deferred prosecution (see **glossary**),
  2. A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct (see **glossary**), or
  3. The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief (see the **glossary**) that the student engaged in the conduct.

### Level V Mandatory Expulsion

A student **must** be expelled under federal or state law for any of the following offenses that occur on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

Bringing to school or possessing at school, including any setting that is under the district's control or supervision for the purpose of a school activity, a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See **glossary**).

***Note:** Mandatory expulsion under the federal Gun Free Schools Act does not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle or to firearms used in activities approved and authorized by the district when the district has adopted appropriate safeguards to ensure student safety.*

- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person the following, in the manner prohibited by Penal Code 46.02:
  - A handgun, defined by state law as any firearm designed, made, or adapted to be used with one hand. (See **glossary**.) *Note:* A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs at an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; while participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored, shooting competition or a shooting sports activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department; or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department. [See policy FNCG(LEGAL).]
  - A location-restricted knife, as defined by state law. (See **glossary**.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined in state law. (See **glossary**.)
- Behaving in a manner that contains the elements of the following offenses under the Penal Code:
  - Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
  - Arson. (See **glossary**.)
  - Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
  - Indecency with a child.
  - Aggravated kidnapping.

- Aggravated robbery.
- Manslaughter.
- Criminally negligent homicide.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
- Behavior punishable as a felony that involves the selling, giving or delivering to another person, possessing, using, or being under the influence of a controlled substance or a dangerous drug.
- Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer combined with one of the above-listed mandatory expulsion offenses.

## **Students with Disabilities**

The discipline of students with disabilities is subject to applicable state and federal law in addition to the Code of Conduct. In the event of any conflict, the district shall comply with federal law. For more information regarding discipline of students with disabilities, see policy FOF(LEGAL).

In accordance with the Education Code, a student who receives special education services may not be disciplined for conduct meeting the definition of bullying, cyberbullying, harassment, or making hit lists (see **glossary**) until an Admission, Review, and Dismissal (ARD) committee meeting has been held to review the conduct.

In deciding whether to order suspension, DAEP placement, or expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the district will take into consideration a disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct.

For information regarding students with disabilities, suspension, expulsion, and DAEP, refer to the Notice of Procedural Safeguards, Rights of Parents of Students with Disabilities on our district website, <http://www.forneyisd.net>.

## **Notification**

A campus administrator shall promptly notify a student's parent by phone or in person of any violation that may result in in-school or out-of-school suspension, placement in a DAEP, placement in a JJAEP, or expulsion. The administrator shall also notify a student's parent if the student is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer under the disciplinary provisions of the Education Code.

A good faith effort shall be made to provide written notice of the disciplinary action to the student, on the day the action was taken, for delivery to the student's parent. If the parent has not been reached by telephone or in person by 5:00 p.m. of the first business day after the day the disciplinary action was taken, the administrator shall send written notification by U.S. Mail. If the administrator is not able to provide notice to the parent, the principal or designee shall provide the notice.

Before the principal or appropriate administrator assigns a student under 18 to detention outside regular school hours, notice shall be given to the student's parent to inform him or her of the reason for the detention and permit arrangements for necessary transportation.

## **Appeals**

Questions from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the teacher or campus administration as appropriate. Appeals or complaints regarding the use of specific discipline management techniques should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG (LOCAL). A copy of the policy may be obtained from the principal's office, the central administration office or through Policy OnLine at the following address: <http://www.forneyisd.net>.

The district shall not delay a disciplinary consequence while a student or parent pursues a grievance. In the instance of a student who is accused of conduct that meets the definition of sexual harassment as defined by Title IX, the district will comply with applicable federal law, including the Title IX formal complaint process. See policies FFH(LEGAL) AND (LOCAL).

## **Removal from the School Bus**

A bus driver may refer a student to the transportation director's office or to the campus administration office to maintain effective discipline on the bus. The transportation director or campus administration must employ additional

discipline management techniques, as appropriate, which can include restricting or revoking a student's bus riding privileges.

To transport student's safely, the vehicle operator must focus on driving and not be distracted by student misbehavior. Therefore, when appropriate disciplinary management techniques fail to improve student behavior or when specific misconduct warrants immediate removal, the transportation director or campus administrator may restrict or revoke a student's transportation privileges, in accordance with law.

## Removal from the Regular Educational Setting

In addition to other discipline management techniques, misconduct may result in removal from the regular educational setting in the form of a routine referral or a formal removal.

### Routine Referral

A routine referral occurs when a teacher sends a student to the campus administrator's office as a discipline management technique. The campus administrator shall employ alternative discipline management techniques, including progressive interventions. A teacher or administrator may remove a student from class for behavior that violates this Code of Conduct to maintain effective discipline in the classroom.

### Formal Removal

A teacher may also initiate a formal removal from class if:

1. The student's behavior has been documented by the teacher as repeatedly interfering with the teacher's ability to teach the class or with other students' ability to learn; or
2. The behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that the teacher cannot teach, and the students in the classroom cannot learn.

Within three school days of the formal removal, the campus administrator shall schedule a conference with the student's parent, the student, the teacher who removed the student from class, and any other appropriate administrator.

At the conference, the appropriate administrator shall inform the student of the alleged misconduct and the proposed consequences. The student shall have an opportunity to respond to the allegations.

When a student is removed from the regular classroom by a teacher and a conference is pending, the campus administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom.
- ISS.
- Out-of-school suspension..
- DAEP.

A teacher or administrator **must** remove a student from class if the student engages in behavior that under the Education Code requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP or expelled. When removing for those reasons, the procedures in the subsequent sections on DAEP or expulsion shall be followed.

### Returning Student to Classroom

A student who has been formally removed from class by a teacher for conduct against the teacher containing the elements of assault, aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault may not be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent.

A student who has been formally removed by a teacher for any other conduct may be returned to the teacher's class without the teacher's consent if the placement review committee determines that the teacher's class is the best or only alternative available.

## Out-of-School Suspension

### Misconduct

Students may be suspended for any behavior listed in the Code of Conduct as a general conduct violation, DAEP offense, or expellable offense.



The district shall not use out-of-school suspension for students in grade 2 or below unless the conduct meets the requirements established in law.

A student below grade 3 or a student who is homeless shall not be placed in out-of-school suspension unless, while on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property, the student engages in:

- Conduct that contains the elements of a weapons offense, as provided in Penal Code Section 46.02 or 46.05;
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault, sexual assault, aggravated assault, or aggravated sexual assault, as provided by the Penal Code; or
- Selling, giving or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, an alcoholic beverage, or a controlled substance or dangerous drugs as defined by federal or state law.

The district shall use a positive behavior program as a disciplinary alternative for students below grade 3 who commit general conduct violations instead of suspension or placement in a DAEP. The program shall meet the requirements of law.

## **Process**

State law allows a student to be suspended for no more than three school days per behavior violation, with no limit on the number of times a student may be suspended in a semester or school year.

Before being suspended a student shall have an informal conference with the appropriate campus administrator, who shall inform the student of the alleged misconduct and give the student an opportunity to respond to the allegation before the administrator makes a decision.

The campus administrator shall determine the number of days of a student's suspension, not to exceed three school days.

In deciding whether to order out-of-school suspension, the administrator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see **glossary**),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care) or
6. A student's status as homeless.

The appropriate administrator shall determine any restrictions on participation in school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular and cocurricular activities.

## **Coursework During Suspension**

The district shall ensure a student receives access to coursework for foundation curriculum courses while the student is placed in in-school or out-of-school suspension, including at least one method of receiving this coursework that doesn't require the use of the internet.

A student removed from the regular classroom to ISS or another setting, other than a DAEP, will have an opportunity before the beginning of the next school year to complete each course the student was enrolled in at the time of removal. The district may provide the opportunity by any method available, including a correspondence course, another distance learning option, or summer school. The district will not charge the student for any method of completion provided by the district.

# **Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) Placement**

The DAEP shall be provided in a setting other than the student's regular classroom. An elementary school student may not be placed in a DAEP with a student who is not an elementary school student.

For purposes of DAEP, elementary classification shall be kindergarten – grade 5 and secondary classification shall be grades 6 – 12.

Summer programs provided by the district shall serve students assigned to a DAEP separately from those students who are not assigned to the program.

A student who is expelled for an offense that otherwise would have resulted in a DAEP placement does not have to be placed in a DAEP in addition to the expulsion.

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus administrator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see **glossary**),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct.
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

### **Discretionary Placement: Misconduct That May Result in DAEP Placement**

A student **may** be placed in a DAEP for behaviors prohibited in the General Conduct Violations section of this Code.

#### **Misconduct Identified in State Law**

In accordance with state law, a student **may** be placed in a DAEP for any one of the following offenses:

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or of a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Involvement in a public school fraternity, sorority or secret society, including participating as a member or pledge or soliciting another person to become a pledge or member of a public school fraternity, sorority or secret society, or gang. (See **glossary**.)
- Involvement in criminal street gang activity. (See **glossary**.)
- Criminal mischief not punishable as a felony.
- Assault (no bodily injury) with threat of imminent bodily injury.
- Assault by offensive or provocative physical contact.

In accordance with state law, a student **may** be placed in a DAEP if the superintendent or the superintendent's designee has reasonable belief (see **glossary**) that the student has engaged in conduct punishable as a felony, other than aggravated robbery or those listed as offenses in Title 5 (see **glossary**) of the Penal Code, that occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event, if the student's presence in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers or will be detrimental to the educational process.

The campus administrator **may** place a student in a DAEP for off-campus conduct for which DAEP placement is required by state law if the administrator does not have knowledge of the conduct before the first anniversary of the date the conduct occurred.

### **Mandatory Placement: Misconduct That Requires DAEP Placement**

A student **must** be placed in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP) if the student:

- Engages in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school. (See **glossary**.)
- Commits the following offenses on school property or within 300 feet of school property as measured from

any point on the school's real property boundary line, or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Engages in conduct punishable as a felony.
  - Commits an assault (see **glossary**) under Penal Code 22.01(a) (1).
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of a controlled substance, or dangerous drug in an amount not constituting a felony offense. (School-related felony drug offenses are addressed in **Expulsion** section of the Code). (See **glossary** for "under the influence" "controlled substance," and "dangerous drug.")
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of marijuana or THC. A student with a valid prescription for low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision.
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person an alcoholic beverage; commits a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol, or possesses, uses, or is under the influence of alcohol.
  - Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
  - Sells, gives, or delivers to another person or possesses or uses an e-cigarette.
  - Behaves in a manner that contains the elements of the offense of public lewdness or indecent exposure. (See **glossary**)
  - Engages in conduct that contains the elements of an offense of harassment against an employee under Penal Code 42.07 (a)(1), (2), (3), or (7).
- Engages in expellable conduct and is six to nine years of age.
  - Commits a federal firearms violation and is younger than six years of age.
  - Engages in conduct that contains the elements of the offense of retaliation against any school employee or volunteer on or off school property (Committing retaliation in combination with another expellable offense is addressed in the **Expulsion** section of this Code).
  - Engages in conduct punishable as aggravated robbery or a felony listed under Title 5 (see **glossary**) of the Penal Code when the conduct occurs off school property and not at a school-sponsored or school-related event and:
    4. The student receives deferred prosecution (see **glossary**),
    5. A court or jury finds that the student has engaged in delinquent conduct (see **glossary**), or
    6. The superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief (see the **glossary**) that the student engaged in the conduct.

## **Sexual Assault and Campus Assignments**

A student shall be transferred to another campus if:

- The student has been convicted of continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual or convicted of or placed on deferred adjudication for sexual assault or aggravated sexual assault against another student on the same campus; and
- The victim's parent or another person with the authority to act on behalf of the victim requests that the board transfer the offending student to another campus.

If there is no other campus in the district serving the grade level of the offending student, the offending student shall be transferred to a DAEP.

## **Process**

Removals to a DAEP will be made by a campus administrator.

## **Conference**

When a student is removed from class for a DAEP offense, the appropriate administrator shall schedule a conference within three school days with the student's parent, the student, and, in the case of a teacher removal, the teacher.

At the conference, the appropriate administrator shall provide the student:

- Information, orally or in writing, of the reasons for the removal:
- An explanation of the basis for the removal; and
- An opportunity to respond to the reasons for the removal.

Following valid attempts to require their attendance, the district may hold the conference and make a placement decision regardless of whether the student or the student's parent attends the conference.

### **Consideration of Mitigating Factors**

In deciding whether to place a student in a DAEP, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the campus administrator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see **glossary**),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

### **Placement Order**

After the conference, if the student is placed in a DAEP, the campus administrator shall write a placement order. A copy of the DAEP placement order and information for the parent or person standing in parental relation to the student regarding the process for requesting a full individual and initial evaluation of the student for purposes of special education services shall be sent to the student and the student's parent.

Not later than the second business day after the conference, the board's designee shall deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the placement order and all information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the student is placed in the DAEP and the length of placement is inconsistent with the guidelines included in this Code, the placement order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

### **DAEP at Capacity**

If a DAEP is at capacity at the time the campus administrator is deciding placement for conduct related to marijuana, THC, an e-cigarette, alcohol, or an abusable volatile chemical, the student shall be placed in ISS then transferred to a DAEP for the remainder of the period if space becomes available before the expiration of the period of the placement.

If a DAEP is at capacity at the time the campus administrator is deciding placement for a student who engaged in violent conduct, a student placed in a DAEP for conduct related to marijuana, THC, an e-cigarette, alcohol, or an abusable volatile chemical may be placed in ISS to make a position in the DAEP available for the student who engaged in violent conduct. If a position becomes available in a DAEP before the expiration of the period of the placement for the student removed, the student shall be returned to a DAEP for the remainder of the period.

### **Coursework Notice**

The parent or guardian of a student placed in DAEP shall be given written notice of the student's opportunity to complete, at no cost to the student, a foundation curriculum course in which the student was enrolled at the time of removal and which is required for graduation. The notice shall include information regarding all methods available for completing the coursework.

### **Length of Placement**

The campus administrator shall determine the duration of a student's placement in a DAEP.

The duration of a student's placement shall be determined case by case based on the seriousness of the offense,

the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misconduct, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The maximum period of DAEP placement shall be one calendar year, except as provided below.

Unless otherwise specified in the placement order, days absent from a DAEP shall not count toward fulfilling the total number of days required in a student's DAEP placement order.

The district shall administer the required pre- and post-assessments for students assigned to DAEP for a period of 90 days or longer in accordance with established district administrative procedures for administering other diagnostic or benchmark assessments.

### **Exceeds One Year**

Placement in a DAEP may exceed one year when a review by the district determines that the student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees.

The statutory limitations on the length of a DAEP placement do not apply to a placement resulting from the board's decision to place a student who engaged in the sexual assault of another student so the students are not assigned to the same campus.

### **Exceeds School Year**

Students who are in a DAEP placement at the end of one school year may be required to continue that placement at the start of the next school year to complete the assigned term of placement.

For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond the end of the school year, the campus administrator or the board's designee must determine that:

1. The student's presence in the regular classroom or campus presents a danger of physical harm to the student or others; or
2. The student has engaged in serious or persistent misbehavior (see **glossary**) that violates the district's Code of Conduct.

### **Exceeds 60 Days**

For placement in a DAEP to extend beyond 60 days or the end of the next grading period, whichever is sooner, a student's parent shall be given notice and the opportunity to participate in a proceeding before the board or the board's designee.

### **Appeals**

Questions from parents regarding disciplinary measures should be addressed to the campus administration.

Student or parent appeals regarding a student's placement in a DAEP should be addressed in accordance with policy FNG(LOCAL). A copy of this policy may be obtained from the principal's office, central administration office, or through Policy On-Line at the following address: [www.forneyisd.net](http://www.forneyisd.net).

Appeals shall begin at Level I with the campus principal.

The district shall not delay disciplinary consequences pending the outcome of an appeal. The decision to place a student in a DAEP cannot be appealed beyond the board.

### **Restrictions During Placement**

The district does not permit a student who is placed in a DAEP to participate in any school-sponsored or school-related extracurricular or co-curricular activities, including seeking or holding honorary positions and/or membership in school-sponsored clubs and organizations.

A student placed in a DAEP will not be provided transportation unless they are a student with a disability who is entitled to transportation in accordance with the student's individualized education program (IEP) or Section 504 plan.

For seniors who are eligible to graduate and are assigned to a DAEP at the time of graduation, the placement in the

program will continue through graduation, and the student shall not be allowed to participate in the graduation ceremony and related graduation activities unless otherwise specified in the DAEP placement order.

## **Placement Review**

A student placed in a DAEP shall be provided a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus administrator or the board's designee, at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall be given the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus. The student may not be returned to the classroom of a teacher who removed the student without that teacher's consent.

## **Additional Misconduct**

If during the term of placement in a DAEP the student engages in additional misconduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus administrator may enter an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

## **Notice of Criminal Proceedings**

When a student is placed in a DAEP for certain offenses, the office of the prosecuting attorney shall notify the district if:

1. Prosecution of a student's case was refused for lack of prosecutorial merit or insufficient evidence, and no formal proceedings, deferred adjudication (see **glossary**), or deferred prosecution will be initiated; or
2. The court or jury found a student not guilty or made a finding that the student did not engage in delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision, and the case was dismissed with prejudice.

If a student was placed in a DAEP for such conduct, on receiving the notice from the prosecutor, the superintendent or designee shall review the student's placement and schedule a review with the student's parent not later than the third day after the superintendent or designee receives notice from the prosecutor. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the review.

After reviewing the notice and receiving information from the student's parent, the superintendent or designee may continue the student's placement if there is reason to believe that the presence of the student in the regular classroom threatens the safety of other students or teachers.

The student or the student's parent may appeal the superintendent's decision to the board. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal. In the case of an appeal, the board shall, at the next scheduled meeting, review the notice from the prosecutor and receive information from the student, the student's parent, and the superintendent or designee, and confirm or reverse the decision of the superintendent or designee. The board will make a record of the proceedings.

If the board confirms the decision of the superintendent or designee, the student and the student's parent may appeal to the Commissioner of Education. The student may not be returned to the regular classroom pending the appeal.

## **Withdrawal During Process**

When a student violates the district's Code of Conduct in a way that requires or permits the student to be placed in a DAEP and the student withdraws from the district before a placement order is completed, the campus administrator may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order. If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or a subsequent school year, the district may enforce the order at that time, less any period of the placement that has been served by the student during enrollment in another district. If the campus administrator or the board fails to issue a placement order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings and issue a placement order.

## **Newly Enrolled Students**

The district shall decide on a case-by-case basis whether to continue the placement of a student who enrolls in the district and was assigned to a DAEP in an open enrollment charter school or another district. The district may place the student in the district's DAEP or a regular classroom setting.

When a student enrolls in the district with a DAEP placement from a district in another state, the district has the right to place the student in DAEP to the same extent as any other newly enrolled student if the behavior committed is a reason for DAEP placement in the receiving district.

State law requires the district to reduce a placement imposed by a district in another state that exceeds one year so that the total placement does not exceed one year. After a review, however, the placement may be extended beyond a year if the district determines the student is a threat to the safety of other students or employees or the extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

### **Emergency Placement Procedure**

When an emergency placement is necessary because the student's behavior is so unruly, disruptive, or abusive that it seriously interferes with classroom or school operations, the student shall be given oral notice of the reason for the action. Not later than the tenth day after the date of the placement, the student shall be given the appropriate conference required for assignment to a DAEP.

### **Transition Services**

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services to a student returning to the regular classroom from an alternative education program, including a DAEP. See policy FOCA (LEGAL) for more information.

## **Placement and/or Expulsion for Certain Offenses**

This section includes two categories of offenses for which the Education Code provides unique procedures and specific consequences.

### **Registered Sex Offenders**

Upon receiving notification in accordance with state law that a student is currently required to register as a sex offender, the district must remove the student from the regular classroom and determine appropriate placement unless the court orders JJAEP placement.

If the student is under any form of court supervision, including probation, community supervision, or parole, the student shall be placed in DAEP for at least one semester.

If the student is not under any form of court supervision, the placement may be in the DAEP for one semester or placed in a regular classroom. The student may not be placed in the regular classroom if the board or its designee determines that the student's presence:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
3. Is not in the best interest of the district's students.

### **Review Committee**

At the end of the first semester of a student's placement in an alternative educational setting and before the beginning of each school year for which the student remains in an alternative placement, the district shall convene a committee, in accordance with state law, to review the student's placement. The committee shall recommend whether the student should return to the regular classroom or remain in the placement. Absent a special finding, the board or its designee must follow the committee's recommendation.

The placement review of a student with a disability who receives special education services must be made by the ARD committee.

### **Newly Enrolled Student**

If a student enrolls in the district during a mandatory placement as a registered sex offender, the district may count any time already spent by the student in a placement or may require an additional semester in an alternative placement without conducting a review of the placement.

## **Appeal**

A student or the student's parent may appeal the placement by requesting a conference between the board or its designee, the student, and the student's parent. The conference is limited to the factual question of whether the student is required to register as a sex offender. Any decision of the board or its designee is final and may not be appealed.

## **Certain Felonies**

Regardless of whether DAEP placement or expulsion is required or permitted by one of the reasons in the DAEP Placement or Expulsion sections, in accordance with Education Code 37.0081, a student may be expelled and placed in either DAEP or JJAEP if the board or campus administrator makes certain findings and the following circumstances exist in relation to aggravated robbery or a felony offense under Title 5 (see **glossary**) of the Penal Code. The student must have:

- Received deferred prosecution for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been found by a court or jury to have engaged in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been charged with engaging in conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense;
- Been referred to a juvenile court for allegedly engaging in delinquent conduct for conduct defined as aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense; or
- Received probation or deferred adjudication or has been arrested for, charged with, or convicted of aggravated robbery or a Title 5 felony offense.

The district may expel the student and order placement under these circumstances regardless of:

1. The date on which the student's conduct occurred,
2. The location at which the conduct occurred,
3. Whether the conduct occurred while the student was enrolled in the district, or
4. Whether the student has successfully completed any court disposition requirements imposed in connection with the conduct.

## **Hearing and Required Findings**

The student must first have a hearing before the board or its designee, who must determine that in addition to the circumstances above that allow for the expulsion, the student's presence in the regular classroom:

1. Threatens the safety of other students or teachers,
2. Will be detrimental to the educational process, or
3. Is not in the best interest of the district's students.

Any decision of the board or the board's designee under this section is final and may not be appealed.

## **Length of Placement**

The student is subject to the placement until:

1. The student graduates from high school,
2. The charges are dismissed or reduced to a misdemeanor offense, or
3. The student completes the term of the placement or is assigned to another program.

## **Placement Review**

A student placed in a DAEP or JJAEP under these circumstances is entitled to a review of his or her status, including academic status, by the campus administrator or board's designee at intervals not to exceed 120 days. In the case of a high school student, the student's progress toward graduation and the student's graduation plan shall also be reviewed. At the review, the student or the student's parent shall have the opportunity to present arguments for the student's return to the regular classroom or campus.



## Newly Enrolled Students

A student who enrolls in the district before completing a placement under this section from another school district must complete the term of the placement.

## Expulsion

In deciding whether to order expulsion, regardless of whether the action is mandatory or discretionary, the district will take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see **glossary**),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care), or
6. A student's status as homeless.

## Discretionary Expulsion: Misconduct That May Result in Expulsion

Some of the following types of misconduct may result in mandatory placement in a DAEP, whether or not a student is expelled. (See **DAEP Placement**)

### Any Location

A student **may** be expelled for:

- Engaging in bullying that encourages a student to commit or attempt to commit suicide.
- Inciting violence against a student through group bullying.
- Releasing or threatening to release intimate visual material of a minor or a student who is 18 years of age or older without the student's consent.
- Conduct that contains the elements of assault under Penal Code 22.01 (a) (1) in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer.
- Criminal mischief, if punishable as a felony.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of one of the following offenses against another student: :
  - Aggravated assault.
  - Sexual assault.
  - Aggravated sexual assault.
  - Murder.
  - Capital Murder.
  - Criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
  - Aggravated robbery.
- Breach of computer security. (See **glossary**)
- Engaging in conduct relating to a false alarm or report (including a bomb threat) or a terroristic threat involving a public school.

### At School, Within 300 Feet, or at a School Event

A student **may** be expelled for committing any of the following offenses on or within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school's real property boundary line or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of marijuana, a controlled substance, or a dangerous drug. A student with a valid prescription for

low-THC cannabis as authorized by Chapter 487 of the Health and Safety Code does not violate this provision. (See **glossary** for “under the influence.”)

- Selling, giving, or delivering to another person or possessing, using, or being under the influence of any amount of alcohol; or committing a serious act or offense while under the influence of alcohol.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of an offense relating to abusable volatile chemicals.
- Engaging in conduct that contains the elements of assault under Section 22.01(a) (1) against an employee or a volunteer.
- Engaging in deadly conduct. (See **glossary**.)

### **Within 300 Feet of School**

A student **may** be expelled for engaging in the following conduct while within 300 feet of school property, as measured from any point on the school’s real property boundary line:

- Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
- Arson. (See **glossary**.)
- Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
- Indecency with a child.
- Aggravated kidnapping.
- Manslaughter.
- Criminally negligent homicide.
- Aggravated robbery.
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
- Felony controlled substance or dangerous drug offenses, not including THC.
- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student’s person a handgun or a location-restricted knife, as these terms are defined by state law. (See **glossary**)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined by state law. (See **glossary**)
- Possession of a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See **glossary**)

### **Property of Another District**

A student **may** be expelled for committing any offense that is a state-mandated expellable offense if the offense is committed on the property of another district in Texas or while the student is attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity of a school in another district in Texas.

### **While in DAEP**

A student **may** be expelled for engaging in documented serious misbehavior that violates the district’s Code of Conduct, despite documented behavioral interventions while placed in a DAEP. For purposes of discretionary expulsion from a DAEP, serious misbehavior means:

1. Deliberate violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Penal Code 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
  - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07,
  - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08,
  - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03,
  - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152, or
  - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a) (1) of a student or district employee.

## **Mandatory Expulsion: Misconduct that Requires Expulsion**

A student **must** be expelled under federal or state law for any of the following offenses that occur on school property or while attending a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property:

### **Under Federal Law**

Bringing to school or possessing at school, including any setting that is under the district's control or supervision for the purpose of a school activity, a firearm, as defined by federal law. (See **glossary**).

**Note:** Mandatory expulsion under the federal Gun Free Schools Act does not apply to a firearm that is lawfully stored inside a locked vehicle or to firearms used in activities approved and authorized by the district when the district has adopted appropriate safeguards to ensure student safety.

### **Under the Penal Code**

- Unlawfully carrying on or about the student's person the following, in the manner prohibited by Penal Code 46.02:
  - A handgun, defined by state law as any firearm designed, made, or adapted to be used with one hand. (See **glossary**.) *Note:* A student may not be expelled solely on the basis of the student's use, exhibition, or possession of a firearm that occurs at an approved target range facility that is not located on a school campus; while participating in or preparing for a school-sponsored, shooting competition or a shooting sports activity that is sponsored or supported by the Parks and Wildlife Department; or a shooting sports sanctioning organization working with the department. [See policy FNCG(LLEGAL).]
  - A location-restricted knife, as defined by state law. (See **glossary**.)
- Possessing, manufacturing, transporting, repairing, or selling a prohibited weapon, as defined in state law. (See **glossary**.)
- Behaving in a manner that contains the elements of the following offenses under the Penal Code:
  - Aggravated assault, sexual assault, or aggravated sexual assault.
  - Arson. (See **glossary**.)
  - Murder, capital murder, or criminal attempt to commit murder or capital murder.
  - Indecency with a child.
  - Aggravated kidnapping.
  - Aggravated robbery.
  - Manslaughter.
  - Criminally negligent homicide.
  - Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual.
  - Behavior punishable as a felony that involves the selling, giving or delivering to another person, possessing, using, or being under the influence of a controlled substance or a dangerous drug.
  - Engaging in retaliation against a school employee or volunteer combined with one of the above-listed mandatory expulsion offenses.

### **Under Age Ten**

When a student under the age of ten engages in behavior that is expellable behavior, the student shall not be expelled, but shall be placed in a Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP). A student under age six shall not be placed in a DAEP unless the student commits a federal firearm offense.

### **Process**

If a student is believed to have committed an expellable offense, the appropriate administrator shall schedule a hearing within a reasonable time. The student's parent shall be invited in writing to attend the hearing. Until a hearing can be held, the administrator may place the student in:

- Another appropriate classroom.

- ISS
- Out-of-school suspension.
- A Disciplinary Alternative Education Program (DAEP).

### **Hearing**

A student facing expulsion shall be given a hearing with appropriate due process. The student is entitled to:

1. Representation by the student's parent or another adult who can provide guidance to the student and who is not an employee of the district,
2. An opportunity to testify and to present evidence and witnesses in the student's defense, and
3. An opportunity to question the witnesses called by the district at the hearing.

After providing notice to the student and parent of the hearing, the district may hold the hearing regardless of whether the student or the student's parent attends.

The Board of Trustees delegates to the superintendent or designee authority to conduct hearings and expel students.

### **Board Review of Expulsion**

After the due process hearing, the expelled student may request the board review the expulsion decisions. The student or parent must submit a written request to the superintendent within seven days after receipt of the written decision. The superintendent must provide the student or parent written notice of the date, time, and place of the meeting at which the board will review the decision.

The board shall review the record of the expulsion hearing in a closed meeting. The board may also hear a statement from the student or parent and from the board's designee.

The board shall consider and base its decision on evidence reflected in the record and any statements made by the parties at the review. The board shall make and communicate its decision orally at the conclusion of the presentation. Consequences shall not be deferred pending the outcome of the hearing.

### **Expulsion Order**

Before ordering the expulsion, the board or campus administrator shall take into consideration:

1. Self-defense (see **glossary**),
2. Intent or lack of intent at the time the student engaged in the conduct,
3. The student's disciplinary history,
4. A disability that substantially impairs the student's capacity to appreciate the wrongfulness of the student's conduct,,
5. A student's status in the conservatorship of the Department of Family and Protective Services (foster care),  
or
6. A student's status as homeless.

If the student is expelled, the board or its designee shall deliver to the student and the student's parent a copy of the order expelling the student.

Not later than the second business day after the hearing, the superintendent or designee shall deliver to the juvenile court a copy of the expulsion order and the information required by Section 52.04 of the Family Code.

If the length of the expulsion is inconsistent with the guidelines included in the Student Code of Conduct, the expulsion order shall give notice of the inconsistency.

### **Length of Expulsion**

The length of an expulsion shall be based on the seriousness of the offense, the student's age and grade level, the frequency of misbehavior, the student's attitude, and statutory requirements.

The duration of a student's expulsion shall be determined on a case-by-case basis. The maximum period of

expulsion is one calendar year, except as provided below:

An expulsion may not exceed one year unless, after review, the district determines that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or to district employees; or
2. Extended expulsion is in the best interest of the student.

State and federal law require a student to be expelled from the regular classroom for a period of at least one calendar year for bringing a firearm, as defined by federal law, to school. However, the superintendent may modify the length of the expulsion on a case-by-case basis.

Students who commit offenses that require expulsion at the end of one school year may be expelled into the next school year to complete the term of expulsion.

### **Withdrawal During Process**

When a student's conduct requires or permits expulsion from the district and the student withdraws from the district before the expulsion hearing takes place, the district may conduct the hearing after sending written notice to the parent and student.

If the student then re-enrolls in the district during the same or subsequent school year, the district may enforce the expulsion order at that time, less any expulsion period that has been served by the student during enrollment in another district.

If the campus administrator or the board fails to issue an expulsion order after the student withdraws, the next district in which the student enrolls may complete the proceedings.

### **Additional Misconduct**

If during the expulsion, the student engages in additional conduct for which placement in a DAEP or expulsion is required or permitted, additional proceedings may be conducted, and the campus administrator or the board may issue an additional disciplinary order as a result of those proceedings.

### **Restrictions During Expulsion**

Expelled students are prohibited from being on school grounds or attending school-sponsored or school-related activities during the period of expulsion.

No district academic credit shall be earned for work missed during the period of expulsion unless the student is enrolled in a JJAEP or another district-approved program.

### **Newly Enrolled Students**

The district shall decide on a case-by-case basis the placement of a student who is subject to an expulsion order from another district or an open enrollment charter school upon enrollment in the district.

If a student expelled in another state enrolls in the district, the district may continue the expulsion under the terms of the expulsion order, may place the student in a DAEP for the period specified in the order, or may allow the student to attend regular classes if:

1. The out-of-state district provides the district with a copy of the expulsion order, and
2. The offense resulting in the expulsion is also an expellable offense in the district in which the student is enrolling.

If a student is expelled by a district in another state for a period that exceeds one year and the district continues the expulsion or places the student in a DAEP, the district shall reduce the period of the expulsion or DAEP placement so that the entire period does not exceed one year, unless after a review it is determined that:

1. The student is a threat to the safety of other students or district employees; or
2. Extended placement is in the best interest of the student.

## Emergency Expulsion Procedures

When an emergency expulsion is necessary to protect persons or property from imminent harm, the student shall be given verbal notice of the reason for the action. Within ten days after the date of the emergency expulsion, the student shall be given appropriate due process required for a student facing expulsion.

## DAEP Placement of Expelled Students

The district may provide educational services to any expelled student in a DAEP; however, educational services in the DAEP must be provided if the student is less than ten years of age.

## Transition Services

In accordance with law and district procedures, campus staff shall provide transition services for a student returning to the regular classroom from placement in an alternative education program, including a DAEP or JJAEP. See policies FOCA (LEGAL) and FODA (LEGAL) for more information.

# GLOSSARY

The glossary provides legal definitions and locally established definitions, and is intended to assist in understanding terms related to the Student Code of Conduct.

**Abuse** is improper or excessive use.

**Aggravated robbery** is defined in part by Penal Code 29.03(a) as when a person commits robbery and:

1. Causes serious bodily injury to another;
2. Uses or exhibits a deadly weapon; or
3. Causes bodily injury to another person or threatens or places another person in fear of imminent bodily injury or death, if the other person is:
  - a) 65 years of age or older; or
  - b) a disabled person.

**Armor-piercing ammunition** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as handgun ammunition used in pistols and revolvers and designed primarily for the purpose of penetrating metal or body armor.

**Arson** is defined in part by Penal Code 28.02 as a crime that involves:

1. Starting a fire or causing an explosion with intent to destroy or damage:
  - a. Any vegetation, fence, or structure on open-space land; or
  - b. Any building, habitation, or vehicle:
    - i. Knowing that it is within the limits of an incorporated city or town;
    - ii. Knowing that it is insured against damage or destruction;
    - iii. Knowing that it is subject to a mortgage or other security interest;
    - iv. Knowing that it is located on property belonging to another;
    - v. Knowing that it has located within it property belonging to another; or
    - vi. When the person starting the fire is reckless about whether the burning or explosion will endanger the life of some individual or the safety of the property of another;
2. Recklessly starting a fire or causing an explosion while manufacturing or attempting to manufacture a controlled substance if the fire or explosion damages any building, habitation, or vehicle; or
3. Intentionally starting a fire or causing an explosion and in so doing:
  - a. Recklessly damaging or destroying a building belonging to another, or
  - b. Recklessly causing another person to suffer bodily injury or death.

**Assault** is defined in part by Penal Code 22.01 as intentionally, knowingly, or recklessly causing bodily injury to another; intentionally or knowingly threatening another with imminent bodily injury; or intentionally or knowingly causing physical contact with another that can reasonably be regarded as offensive or provocative.

**Breach of Computer Security** includes knowingly accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system without the effective consent of the owner as defined in Penal Code 33.02, if the conduct involves accessing a computer, computer network, or computer system owned by or operated on behalf of a school district; and the

student knowingly alters, damages, or deletes school district property or information; or commits a breach of any other computer, computer network, or computer system.

**Bullying** is defined in Section 37.0832 of the Education Code as a single significant act or a pattern of acts by one or more students directed at another student that exploits an imbalance of power and involves engaging in written or verbal expression, expression through electronic means, or physical conduct that:

1. Has the effect or will have the effect of physically harming a student, damaging a student's property, or placing a student in reasonable fear of harm to the student's person or of damage to the student's property;
2. Is sufficiently severe, persistent, or pervasive enough that the action or threat creates an intimidating, threatening, or abusive educational environment for a student;
3. Materially and substantially disrupts the educational process or the orderly operation of a classroom or school; or
4. Infringes on the rights of the victim at school.

Bullying includes cyberbullying. (See below.) This state law on bullying prevention applies to:

1. Bullying that occurs on or is delivered to school property or to the site of a school-sponsored or school-related activity on or off school property;
2. Bullying that occurs on a publicly or privately owned school bus or vehicle being used for transportation of students to or from school or a school-sponsored or school-related activity; and
3. Cyberbullying that occurs off school property or outside of a school-sponsored or school-related activity if the cyberbullying interferes with a student's educational opportunities or substantially disrupts the orderly operation of a classroom, school, or school-sponsored or school-related activity.

**Chemical dispensing device** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of dispensing a substance capable of causing an adverse psychological or physiological effect on a human being. A small chemical dispenser sold commercially for personal protection is not in this category.

**Club** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as an instrument specially designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with the instrument, and includes but is not limited to a blackjack, nightstick, mace, and tomahawk.

**Controlled Substance** means a substance, including a drug, an adulterant, and a dilutant, listed in Schedules I through V or Penalty Group 1, 1-A, 1-B, 2, 2-A, 3 or 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes the aggregate weight of any mixture, solution, or other substance containing a controlled substance. The term does not include hemp, as defined by Agriculture Code 121.001, or the tetrahydrocannabinols (THC) in hemp.

**Criminal Street Gang** is defined by Penal Code 71.01 as three or more persons having a common identifying sign or symbol or an identifiable leadership who continuously or regularly associate in the commission of criminal activities.

**Cyberbullying** is defined by Education Code 37.0832 as bullying that is done through the use of any electronic communication device, including through the use of a cellular or other type of telephone, a computer, a camera, electronic mail, instant messaging, text messaging, a social media application, an internet website, or any other internet-based communication tool.

**Dangerous drug** is defined by Health and Safety Code 483.001 as a device or drug that is unsafe for self-medication and that is not included in Schedules I through V or Penalty Groups 1 through 4 of the Texas Controlled Substances Act. The term includes a device or drug that federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription or restricts to use by or on the order of a licensed veterinarian.

**Dating Violence** occurs when a person in a current or past dating relationship uses physical, sexual, verbal, or emotional abuse to harm, threaten, intimidate, or control another person in the relationship. Dating violence also occurs when a person commits these acts against a person in a marriage or dating relationship with the individual who is or was once in a marriage or dating relationship with the person committing the offense, as defined by Section 71.0021 of the Family Code.

**Deadly conduct** under Penal Code 22.05 occurs when a person recklessly engages in conduct that places another in imminent danger of serious bodily injury, such as knowingly discharging a firearm in the direction of an individual, habitation, building, or vehicle.

**Deferred adjudication** is an alternative to seeking a conviction in court that may be offered to a juvenile for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

**Deferred prosecution** may be offered to a juvenile as an alternative to seeking a conviction in court for delinquent conduct or conduct indicating a need for supervision.

**Delinquent conduct** is conduct that violates either state or federal law and is punishable by imprisonment or confinement in jail. It includes conduct that violates certain juvenile court orders, including probation orders, but does not include violations of traffic laws.

**Discretionary** means that something is left to or regulated by a local decision maker.

**E-cigarette** means an electronic cigarette or any other device that simulates smoking by using a mechanical heating element, battery, or electronic circuit to deliver nicotine or other substances to the individual inhaling from the device or a consumable liquid solution or other material aerosolized or vaporized during the use of an electronic cigarette or other device described by this provision. The term includes any device that is manufactured, distributed, or sold as an e-cigarette, e-cigar, or e-pipe or under another product name or description and a component, part, or accessory for the device, regardless of whether the component, part, or accessory is sold separately from the device.

**Explosive weapon** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any explosive or incendiary bomb, grenade, rocket, or mine and its delivery mechanism that is designed, made, or adapted for the purpose of inflicting serious bodily injury, death, substantial property damage, or for the principal purpose of causing such a loud report as to cause undue public alarm or terror.

**False Alarm or Report** under Penal Code 42.06 occurs when a person knowingly initiates, communicates, or circulates a report of a present, past, or future bombing, fire, offense, or other emergency that they know is false or baseless and that would ordinarily:

1. Cause action by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
2. Place a person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury; or
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation of a building, room, or place of assembly.

**Firearm is defined by federal law** (18 U.S.C. 921(a)) as:

1. Any weapon (including a starter gun) that will, is designed to, or may readily be converted to expel a projectile by the action of an explosive;
2. The frame or receiver of any such weapon;
3. Any firearm muffler or firearm silencer, defined as any device for silencing, muffling, or diminishing the report of a portable firearm; or
4. Any destructive device, such as any explosive, incendiary or poison gas bomb, or grenade.

Such a term does not include an antique firearm.

**Graffiti** includes markings with paint, an indelible pen or marker, or an etching or engraving device on tangible property without the effective consent of the owner. The markings may include inscriptions, slogans, drawings, or paintings.

**Handgun** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as any firearm that is designed, made, or adapted to be fired with one hand.

**Harassment** includes:

1. Conduct that meets the definition established in district policies DIA (LOCAL) and FFH (LOCAL);
2. Conduct that threatens to cause harm or bodily injury to another person, including a district student, employee, board member, or volunteer; is sexually intimidating; causes physical damage to the property of another student; subjects another student to physical confinement or restraint; or maliciously and substantially harms another student's physical or emotional health or safety as defined in Education Code 37.001(b)(2); or



3. Conduct that is punishable as a crime under Penal Code 42.07, including the following types of conduct if carried out with the intent to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, or embarrass another:
  - a. Initiating communication and, in the course of the communication, making a comment, request, suggestion, or proposal that is obscene, as defined by law;
  - b. Threatening, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the threat, to inflict bodily injury on the person or to commit a felony against the person, a member of the person's family or household, or the person's property;
  - c. Conveying, in a manner reasonably likely to alarm the person receiving the report, a false report, which is known by the conveyor to be false, that another person has suffered death or serious bodily injury;
  - d. Causing the telephone of another to ring repeatedly or making repeated telephone communications anonymously or in a manner reasonably likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, embarrass, or offend another;
  - e. Making a telephone call and intentionally failing to hang up or disengage the connection;
  - f. Knowingly permitting a telephone under the person's control to be used by another to commit an offense under this section;
  - g. Sending repeated electronic communications in a manner reasonably likely to harass, annoy, alarm, abuse, torment, embarrass, or offend another;
  - h. Publishing on an internet website, including a social media platform, repeated electronic communications in a manner reasonably likely to cause emotional distress, abuse, or torment to another person, unless the communications are made in connection with a matter of public concern, as defined by law; or
  - i. Making obscene, intimidating, or threatening telephone calls or other electronic communications from a temporary or disposable telephone number provided by an internet application or other technological means.

**Hazing** is defined by Education Code 37.151 as an intentional, knowing, or reckless act, on or off campus, by one person alone or acting with others, directed against a student for the purposes of pledging, initiation into, affiliation with, holding office in, or maintaining membership in a student organization if the act meets the elements in Education Code 37.151, including:

1. Any type of physical brutality;
2. An activity that subjects the student to an unreasonable risk of harm or that adversely affects the student's mental or physical health, such as sleep deprivation, exposure to the elements, confinement to small spaces, calisthenics, or consumption of food, liquids, drugs, or other substances;
3. An activity that includes, causes, or requires the student to perform a duty or task that violates the Penal Code; and
4. Coercing a student to consume a drug or alcoholic beverage in an amount that would lead a reasonable person to believe the student is intoxicated.

**Hit list** is defined in Education Code 37.001(b)(3) as a list of people targeted to be harmed, using a firearm, a knife, or any other object to be used with intent to cause bodily harm.

**Improvised explosive device** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a completed and operational bomb designed to cause serious bodily injury, death, or substantial property damage that is fabricated in an improvised manner using nonmilitary components.

**Indecent exposure** is defined by Penal Code 21.08 as an offense that occurs when a person exposes the person's anus or any part of the person's genitals with intent to arouse or gratify the sexual desire of any person, and is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

**Intimate visual material** is defined by Civil Practices and Remedies Code 98B.001 and Penal Code 21.16 as visual material that depicts a person with the person's intimate parts exposed or engaged in sexual conduct. "Visual material" means any film photograph, videotape, negative, or slide of any photographic reproduction or any other physical medium that allows an image to be displayed on a computer or other video screen and any image transmitted to a computer or other video screen.

**Location-restricted knife** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a knife with a blade over five and one-half inches.

**Knuckles** means any instrument consisting of finger rings or guards made of a hard substance and designed or adapted for inflicting serious bodily injury or death by striking a person with a fist enclosed in the knuckles.

**Look-alike weapon** means an item that resembles a weapon but is not intended to be used to cause serious bodily injury.

**Machine gun** as defined by Penal Code 46.01 is any firearm that is capable of shooting more than two shots automatically, without manual reloading, by a single function of the trigger.

**Mandatory** means that something is obligatory or required because of an authority.

**Mandatory Parent/Guardian Conference** - If a student is placed on a mandatory parent/guardian conference, a parent/guardian must accompany the student to school the next school day for a conference. Student absences, caused by the student's failure to appear with a parent or guardian, are considered unexcused absences. This type of suspension is not considered a disciplinary alternative education program nor does it constitute a removal from school. Parents will be notified in writing that a student has been placed on a mandatory parent/guardian conference, and the transportation department will be notified that the student is not to ride the bus to school.

**Paraphernalia** are devices that can be used for inhaling, ingesting, injecting, or otherwise introducing a controlled substance into the human body.

**Possession** means to have an item on one's person or in one's personal property, including, but not limited to:

1. Clothing, purse, or backpack;
2. A private vehicle used for transportation to or from school or school-related activities, including but not limited to an automobile, truck, motorcycle or bicycle;
3. Telecommunications or electronic devices; or
4. Any school property used by the student, including, but not limited to a locker or desk.

**Prohibited weapon** under Penal Code 46.05(a) means:

1. The following items unless registered with the U.S. Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms, and Explosives or otherwise not subject to that registration requirement or unless the item is classified as a curio or relic by the U.S. Department of Justice:
  - a. A machine gun;
  - b. A short-barrel firearm;
2. Armor-piercing ammunition;
3. A chemical dispensing device;
4. A zip gun;
5. A tire deflation device; or
6. An improvised explosive device.

**Public Lewdness** is defined by Penal Code 21.07 as an offense that occurs when a person knowingly engages in an act of sexual intercourse, deviate sexual intercourse, or sexual contact in a public place or, if not in a public place, is reckless about whether another is present who will be offended or alarmed by the act.

**Public school fraternity, sorority, secret society, or gang** means an organization composed wholly or in part of students that seeks to perpetuate itself by taking additional members from the students enrolled in school based on a decision of its membership rather than on the free choice of a qualified student. Educational organizations listed in Section 37.121(d) of the Education Code are excepted from this definition.

**Reasonable belief** is that which an ordinary person of average intelligence and sound mind would believe. Chapter 37 requires certain disciplinary decisions when the superintendent or designee has a reasonable belief that a student engaged in conduct punishable as a felony offense. In forming such a reasonable belief, the superintendent or designee may use all available information and must consider the information furnished in the notice of a student's arrest under Code of Criminal Procedure Article 15.27.

**Self-defense** is the use of force against another to the degree a person reasonably believes the force is immediately necessary to protect himself or herself.

**Serious misbehavior** means:

1. Deliberate or violent behavior that poses a direct threat to the health or safety of others;
2. Extortion, meaning the gaining of money or other property by force or threat;
3. Conduct that constitutes coercion, as defined by Section 1.07, Penal Code; or
4. Conduct that constitutes the offense of:
  - a. Public lewdness under Penal Code 21.07;
  - b. Indecent exposure under Penal Code 21.08;
  - c. Criminal mischief under Penal Code 28.03;
  - d. Hazing under Education Code 37.152; or
  - e. Harassment under Penal Code 42.07(a) (1) of a student or district employee.

**Serious or persistent misbehavior** includes but is not limited to:

- Behavior that is grounds for permissible expulsion or mandatory DAEP placement.
- Behavior identified by the district as grounds for discretionary DAEP placement.
- Actions or demonstrations that substantially disrupt or materially interfere with school activities.
- Refusal to attempt or complete school work as assigned.
- Insubordination.
- Profanity, vulgar language, or obscene gestures.
- Leaving school grounds without permission.
- Falsification of records, passes, or other school-related documents.
- Refusal to accept discipline assigned by the teacher or principal.

**Short-barrel firearm** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a rifle with a barrel length of less than 16 inches or a shotgun with a barrel length of less than 18 inches, or any weapon made from a rifle or shotgun that, as altered, has an overall length of less than 26 inches.

**Terroristic threat** is defined by Penal Code 22.07 as a threat of violence to any person or property with intent to:

1. Cause a reaction of any type to his or her threat by an official or volunteer agency organized to deal with emergencies;
2. Place any person in fear of imminent serious bodily injury;
3. Prevent or interrupt the occupation or use of a building, room, place of assembly, or place to which the public has access; place of employment or occupation; aircraft, automobile, or other form of conveyance; or other public place;
4. Cause impairment or interruption of public communications, public transportation, public water, gas or power supply, or other public service;
5. Place the public or a substantial group of the public in fear of serious bodily injury; or
6. Influence the conduct or activities of a branch or agency of the federal government, the state, or a political subdivision of the state (including the District).

**Tire deflation device** is defined in part by Penal Code 46.01 as a device, including a caltrop or spike strip, that, when driven over, impedes or stops the movement of a wheeled vehicle by puncturing one or more of the vehicle's tires.

**Title 5 felonies** are those crimes listed in Title 5 of the Penal Code that typically involve injury to a person and may include:

- Murder, manslaughter, or homicide under Sections 19.02-.05;
- Kidnapping under Section 20.03;
- Trafficking of persons under Section 20A.02;
- Smuggling or continuous smuggling of persons under Sections 20.05-.06;

- Assault under Sections 22.01;
- Aggravated assault under Section 22.02;
- Sexual assault under Section 22.011;
- Aggravated sexual assault under Section 22.021;
- Unlawful restraint under Section 20.02;
- Continuous sexual abuse of a young child or disabled individual under Section 21.02;
- Bestiality under Section 21.09;
- Improper relationship between educator and student under Section 21.12;
- Voyeurism under Section 21.17 ;
- Indecency with a child under Section 21.11;
- Invasive visual recording under Section 21.15;
- Disclosure or promotion of intimate visual material under Section 21.16;
- Sexual coercion under Section 21.18;
- Injury to a child, an elderly person, or a disabled person of any age under Section 22.04;
- Abandoning or endangering a child under Section 22.041;
- Deadly conduct under Section 22.05;
- Terroristic threat under Section 22.07;
- Aiding a person to commit suicide under Section 22.08.; and
- Tampering with a consumer product under Section 22.09,

[See FOC (EXHIBIT)]

**Under the influence** means lacking the normal use of mental or physical faculties. Impairment of a person's physical or mental faculties may be evidenced by a pattern of abnormal or erratic behavior, the presence of physical symptoms of drug or alcohol use, or by admission. A student "under the influence" need not be legally intoxicated to trigger disciplinary action.

**Use** means voluntarily introducing into one's body, by any means, a prohibited substance.

**Zip gun** is defined by Penal Code 46.01 as a device or combination of devices, not originally a firearm and is adapted to expel a projectile through a smooth-bore or rifled-bore barrel by using the energy generated by an explosion or burning substance.