

Your Guide to the

Lunch Line

Delicious & Nutritious!

How to Choose a Reimbursable Lunch in Middle School

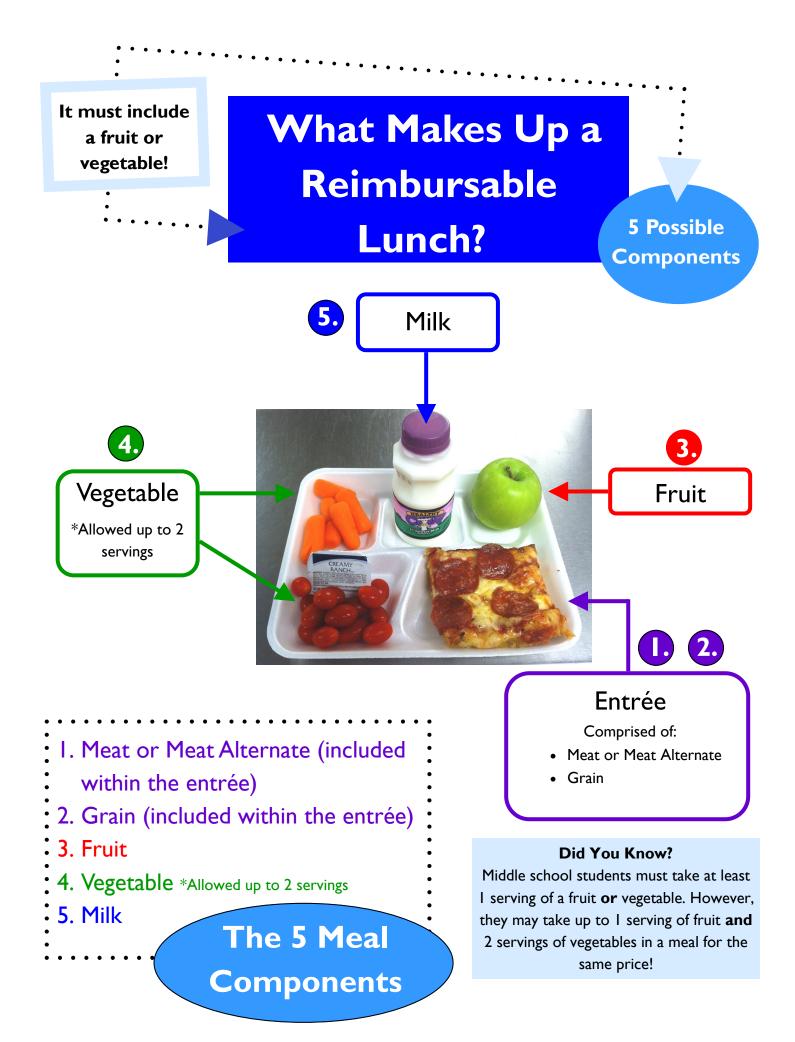


What are the Goals of the National School Lunch Program?

- Safeguard the health & well being of the nation's children
- Encourage domestic consumption of nutritious agricultural foods
- Give children an understanding of the relationship between proper eating habits & good health

Olentangy Schools 7840 Graphics Way Lewis Center, Ohio 43035 What is a Reimbursable Lunch?

- The National School Lunch Program allows schools to receive money & foods from the U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) for each meal served.
- To receive the money and food schools must serve lunches meeting Federal requirements regarding nutrient content and portion sizes.
- A complete meal, meeting the requirements, allows a school to receive benefits and is referred to as a "reimbursable lunch".



A student needs 3 out of 5 components in order for a meal to be reimbursable. I of these 3 components must be a fruit or vegetable.



Meat/Meat Alternate
Grain
Fruit
Vegetable
Milk



I. Fruit 2. Vegetable 3. Milk



Meat /Meat Alternate 2. Grain
Fruit



I. Meat/Meat Alternate
S. Fruit
Vegetable
Milk

All of these are considered a reimbursable lunch!

Why Choose a Reimbursable Meal?

Benefits for Students:

- Students learn how to build a balanced meal, a lifelong skill important for healthy living.
- Research shows when a child's nutritional needs are met, the child is more attentive in class, has better attendance, & fewer disciplinary problems.
- USDA research shows children who participate in National School Lunch Programs eat healthier compared to those who do not participate.
- School districts participating in the National School Lunch Program are required to have a wellness policy which addresses obesity, promotes healthy eating, and encourages physical activity among students.

Benefits for the School:

- The National School Lunch Program provides cash reimbursements, on a per meal basis, to schools providing free & reduced price lunches to eligible children.
- Schools receive USDA commodity foods for each lunch served.



Benefits for Parents:

- School lunch offers parents a convenient way to provide a nutritious lunch for their children at the lowest possible price.
- If all the components of the meal were purchased separately, it would cost \$5.50, but when purchased as a reimbursable meal it is available for \$2.75. This will save you \$13.75 per week. That is over \$470 saved over the whole school year!

Grains

- Grains are made up of carbohydrates, which are an important energy source for the nervous system & red blood cells.
- Soluble fibers, found in grains, have been shown to lower cholesterol levels & blood glucose levels. This reduces the risk of cardiovascular disease & diabetes.
- Insoluble fibers, found in grains allow foods to move through the intestine faster. This can lower the risk of constipation, diverticular disease, & colon cancer
- Repeated studies have shown whole grains can reduce the risk of stroke, type 2 diabetes, heart disease, as well as improve weight management.

Milk

- Milk is a great source of calcium, which is needed for lifelong healthy bones and teeth.
- Calcium is important for young people because 90% of bone

The Fantastic Five!

The 5 Components of a Meal Help Build a Strong Body & Mind

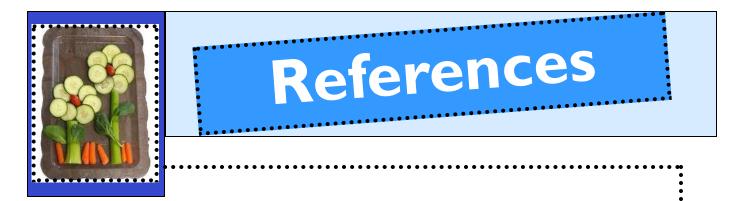
Fruits & Vegetables

- Fruits & vegetables provideessential vitamins & minerals,& other nutrients that areimportant for growth.
- Fruits & vegetables are a good source of fiber which promotes healthy digestion & may help prevent colon cancer.
- Most fruits & vegetables are naturally low in fat & calories & keep you feeling full longer.
- Eating fruits & vegetable has been shown to reduce the risk of certain chronic disease. These diseases include stroke, type 2 diabetes, some types of cancer, & heart disease.



Meat ...

- Meat is a valuable source of protein. Proteins provide structural support to vital body tissues and structures.
- Proteins also support the immune system.
- Meat & soy are the only foods that contain all 9 essential amino acids the body needs.



http://www.fns.usda.gov/cnd/lunch/aboutlunch/NSLPFactSheet.pdf

http://frac.org/federal-foodnutrition-programs/national-school-lunch-program/

http://frac.org/newsite/wp-content/uploads/2009/09/cnnslp.pdf

http://www.cdc.gov/nutrition/everyone/fruitsvegetables/index.html

http://www.cdc.gov/nutrition/everyone/fruitsvegetables/results/women.html?

age=22&gender=female&activity=sed

http://www.wholegrainscouncil.org/whole-grains-101/what-are-the-health-benefits

http://www.nichd.nih.gov/milk/prob/bone.cfm

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