TACIT	YS	Marietta City Schools			
		2024–2025 District	Unit Planner		
Accelerated Physical Science					
Unit title	Properties of Matter	MYP year	3	Unit duration (hrs)	15 Hours
Mactoring Contant and Skills through INOUIRY (Establishing the nurness of the Unit): What will students logra?					

Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): What will students learn?

GA DoE Standards
<u>Standards</u>
SPS5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to compare and contrast the phases of matter as they relate to atomic and molecular function. a. Ask questions to compare and contrast models depicting the particle arrangement and motion in solids, liquids, gasses, and plasmas. b. Plan and carry out investigations to identify the relationships among temperature, pressure, volume, and density of gasses in closed systems. (Clarification statement: Using specific gas laws to perform calculations is beyond the scope of this standard; emphasis should focus on the conceptual understanding of the behavior of gasses rather than calculations.)
SPS7. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain transformations and flow of energy within a system. d. Analyze and interpret data to explain the flow of energy during phase changes using heating/cooling curves.
<ul> <li>MCS Gifted Standards:</li> <li>MCS.Gifted.S1A. Formulate thought-provoking questions to guide in depth research.</li> </ul>

- MCS.Gifted.S1B. Devise and manage a research plan.
- MCS.Gifted.S4A. Develop skills and techniques associated with effective verbal and non-verbal communication, adjusting for a given audience or task.

# Prior Student Knowledge: (REFLECTION – PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

S4E3. Obtain, evaluate and communicate information to demonstrate the water cycle.

a. Plan and carry out investigations to observe the flow of energy in water as it changes states from solid (ice) to liquid (water) to gas (water vapor) and changes from gas to liquid to solid.

In fifth grade, students investigate the following:

S5P1. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain the differences between a physical change and a chemical change. a. Plan and carry out investigations of physical changes by manipulating, separating, and mixing dry and liquid materials. b. Construct an argument based on observations to support a claim that physical changes in the state of water are due to temperature changes, which cause small particles that cannot be seen to move differently. c. Plan and carry out an investigation to determine if a chemical change occurred based on observable evidence (color, gas, temperature change, odor, new substance produced). These students have not been exposed to the 8 th Science GSE that lay the foundation for the high school Physical Science standards.

#### **Concepts/Skills to be Mastered by Students**

- Matter
- Structure of atoms and elements
- Thermal Energy
- Gas Laws
- Energy Transformations
- Heating/Cooling Curves

#### Key Vocabulary: (KNOWLEDGE & SKILLS)

Pure substance, element, compound, homogeneous mixture, heterogeneous mixture, charge, physical properties, chemical properties, physical change, chemical change, density, pressure, volume, temperature, kinetic energy, solid, liquid, gas, plasma, melting point, boiling point, freezing/melting, condensation/evaporation, sublimation, deposition, heating/cooling curves

#### Year-Long Anchoring Phenomena: (LEARNING PROCESS)

How does matter and energy interact within the universe?

#### **Unit Phenomena (LEARNING PROCESS)**

How can we use our understanding of particle arrangement and Gas Laws to explain why certain objects can explode due to different temperatures or altitudes?

## Possible Preconceptions/Misconceptions: (REFLECTION - PRIOR TO TEACHING THE UNIT)

Students may struggle to discern between pure substances: elements, molecules, and compounds. Students often come with a basic understanding of solids, liquids, and gases. Students may have difficulty interpreting the plateaus of heating/cooling curves. Students may struggle to visualize and model the relationship between pressure and volume.

Key concept	Related concept(s)	Global context	
Systems and system models (MYP/CCC) Systems are sets of interacting or interdependent components. Systems provide structure and order in human, natural and built environments. Systems can be static or dynamic, simple or complex.	Transformation	Scientific and Technical Innovation Students will explore the natural world and its laws; the interaction between people and the natural world; how humans use their understanding of scientific principles; the impact of scientific and technological advances on communities and environments; the impact of environments on human activity; how humans adapt environments to their needs.	
Statement of inquiry			
Scientific and technical advancements have led to the development of models to make sense of changes in systems.			
Inquiry questions			
Factual:			

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What are the differences between solids, liquids, gasses, and plasma? What relationships exist between temperature, volume, and pressure?

# Conceptual:

How is matter classified? How do physical properties describe matter? Why is density a physical property of matter? How do physical changes (of state) and chemical changes of matter compare? How do the states of matter compare in energy and particle motion? How do I interpret graphs of P vs. T, V vs. T, and P vs. V?

## Debatable:

Given a scenario, what are some factors that could cause the implosion or explosion of a substance?

MYP Objectives	Assessment Tasks		
What specific MYP <u>objectives</u> will be addressed during this unit?	<b>Relationship</b> between summative assessment task(s) and statement of inquiry:	List of common formative and summative assessments.	
Science: Criterion A: Knowing and Understanding i. describe scientific knowledge ii. apply scientific knowledge to solve problems set in familiar and unfamiliar situations iii. analyze information to make scientifically supported judgments Criterion B: i. describe a problem or question to be tested by a scientific investigation	SOI: Scientific and technical advancements have led to the development of models to make sense of changes in systems. Students are required to demonstrate their understanding of SPS5 and SPS7.d., which includes the motion and particle arrangement of solids, liquids, and gasses; the behavior of gasses when certain variables are altered; and the interpretation of heating/cooling curves as a substance changes state, through the completion of a multiple-choice, standards-aligned unit assessment that mimics the GA Milestones. The assessment requires students to analyze and interpret models and graphs in order to identify key scientific concepts as well as the relationships between specific variables.	Formative Assessment(s): CFA: States of Matter Summative Assessment(s): Properties of Matter Unit Assessment Paper I and Paper II	

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Criterion C: Processing and			
Evaluating			
Evaluating			
i. present collected and			
transformed data			
ii. interpret data and describe			
results using scientific			
reasoning			
5			
Criterion D: Reflecting on the			
Impacts of Science			
iii analo ai antifia lan ana an			
in. apply scientific language			
effectively			
Approaches to learning (ATL)			
Category: Self-Management			
Cluster: Organization			
Skill Indicator: Bring necessary equipment and supplies to class.			

<u>Learning Experiences</u> Add additional rows below as needed.			
Objective or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation	
SPS5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to compare and contrast the phases of matter as they relate to atomic and molecular function. a. Ask questions to compare and contrast models depicting the particle arrangement and motion in solids, liquids, gasses, and plasmas.	States of Matter Project	<ul> <li>Discovery Education High School Chemistry Science Techbook</li> <li>NGSS Case Studies for Differentiated Learners</li> <li>Next Generation Science Standards: "All Standards, All Students"</li> <li>Extensions – Enrichment Tasks/Projects</li> </ul>	
SPS5. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to compare and contrast the phases of matter as they relate to atomic and molecular function.	<ul> <li>Lab: Elaborating on Gas Laws Using Syringes</li> <li>Gas Laws Scenarios</li> </ul>	All information included by PLC in the differentiation box is the responsibility and ownership of the local school to review and approve per Board Policy IKB.	

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b. Plan and carry out investigations to identify the relationships among temperature, pressure, volume, and density of gasses in closed systems.		Task-Specific Differentiation <ul> <li>Modeling</li> </ul>	
<ul><li>SPS7. Obtain, evaluate, and communicate information to explain transformations and flow of energy within a system.</li><li>d. Analyze and interpret data to explain the flow of energy during phase changes using heating/cooling curves.</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Analyzing and Interpreting Heating/Cooling Curves</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Graphic Organizers</li> <li>Extended Learning</li> <li>Mode/Method of Presentation</li> <li>Type of Product</li> </ul>	
Discovery Education High School Chemistry Science Techbook			
Holt Science Spectrum Physical Science Textbook			
PhET: States of Matter; Gases Intro			
GaDOE Instructional Segment: The Case of the Exploding Chip Bag			
Boiling Ice Lab Data Set			