Infraction	Theft - Burglary or Break	Theft - Burglary or Breaking and Entering* (Second or Third Degree)							
Definition	<ul> <li><i>A.R.S. 13-1507.</i> Burglary in the second degree; classification</li> <li>A person commits burglary in the second degree by entering or remaining unlawfully in or on a residential structure with the intent to commit any theft or any felony therein; burglary in the second degree is a Class 3 felony.</li> <li><i>A.R.S. 13-1506.</i> Burglary in the third degree by:</li> <li>1. Entering or remaining unlawfully in, on a nonresidential structure, or in a fenced commercial or residential yard with the intent to commit any theft or any felony therein.</li> </ul>								
					2. Making entry into any part of a motor vehicle by means of manipulation key or master key, with the intent to commit any theft or felony in the motor vehicle.				
					Board Policy	5-305			
					Grade Level	K-2	3-5	6-8	9-12
	Minimum Consequence	Loss of privilege, detention	Loss of privilege, detention, restitution	Long-term suspension, MPD Referral	10 days suspension, long-term suspension, MPD Referral				
Maximum Consequence	Restitution, 1-3 days suspension, MPD Referral	1-5 days suspension, long-term suspension, MPD Referral	10 days suspension, expulsion, MPD Referral	10 days suspension, expulsion, MPD Referral					
Infraction	Theft - Extortion*								
Definition	A.R.S. 13-1804. Theft by extortion; classification								
	A person commits theft by extortion by knowingly obtaining or seeking to obtain property or services b means of a threat to do in the future any of the following:								
	1. Cause physical injury to anyone by means of a deadly weapon or dangerous instrument.								
	2. Cause physical injury to anyone except as provided in paragraph 1 of this subsection.								
	3. Cause damage to property.								
	4. Engage in other conduct constituting an offense.								
	5. Accuse anyone of a crime or bring criminal charges against anyone.								
	6. Expose a secret or an asserted fact, whether true or false, tending to subject anyone to hatred, contempt or ridicule or to impair the person's credit or business.								
	7. Take or withhold action as a public servant or cause a public servant to take or withhold action.								
	8. Cause anyone to part with any property.								
Board Policy	5-305								
Grade Level	K-2	3-5	6-8	9-12					
Minimum Consequence	Conference, loss of privilege	Conference, loss of privilege, detention	5-10 days suspension, long-term suspension, MPD Referral	5-10 days suspension, long- term suspension, MPD Referral					
Maximum Consequence	Detention	1-5 days suspension, long-term suspension, MPD Referral	10 days suspension, long-term suspension, expulsion, MPD Referral	10 days suspension long-term suspension, expulsion, MPD Referral					
Infraction	Theft - Petty Theft								
Definition		Arizona law does not differentiate between petty and grand theft, but school administrators may want to consider thefts under \$100 as petty.							
Board Policy	5-305								
Grade Level	K-2	3-5	6-8	9-12					
Minimum Consequence	Conference, verbal or written apology, loss of privilege	Conference, written apology, loss of privilege, detention	3-5 days suspension, MPD Referral	3-5 days suspension restitution, MPD Referral					