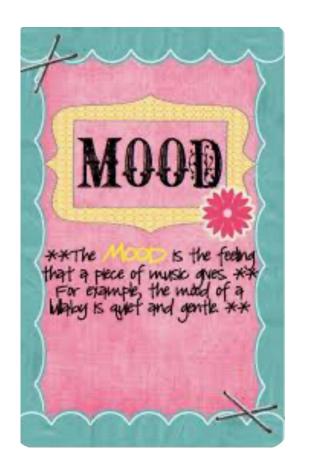


Let's read and write!



Reading Comprehension

Read the passage and answer the comprehension questions on your own paper. Be sure to use complete sentences!



What is Mood?

In literature, mood is a device an author uses that creates certain feelings for the reader. They do this through the text's setting, tone, theme, and the words they use.

Read the following paragraph.

The old porch creaked beneath Jamie's feet. She walked up to the front door and pushed it open, swatting cobwebs out of the way. She could see a rickety staircase to her right and a dark, hollow hallway to her left. The wind seemed to shriek through the boards of the dark house.

Answer the following question.

1. How does this text make you **FEEL** and why? Be sure and use some feeling words in your discussion.

What were some of the words that helped set the mood? List the words on a piece of paper to be submitted when we return to school.

The old porch creaked beneath Jamie's feet. She walked up to the front door and pushed it open, swatting cobwebs out of the way. She could see a rickety staircase to her right and a dark, hollow hallway to her left. The wind seemed to shriek through the boards of the dark house.

Write your name on your paper.
Number your paper from 1-9 and write your answers on your paper.
Follow the instructions outlined on the first page.

Directions: Read the passages and <u>underline</u> words and phrases that help set the mood. Write downood of the passage and explain your answer.	n the
1. Trey looked out the window. The rain was still pouring down. He threw his baseball glove on the outh with a sigh. The thunder cracked and his phone dinged. Trey picked up the phone. It was a message from his cousin: The game is cancelled because of the weather. Trey didn't reply to the nessage. He threw the phone back on his bed and rubbed his temples. The rain pattered on the row.	
What is the mood of this paragraph?	
My do you believe this? Explain your answer by referring to the text.	
2. Brett sweated in his chair. The clock in the classroom ticked loudly. Brett looked at the test que tagain. He had no clue what the answer was. His teacher paced around the room. Brett felt like the eacher was circling him, specifically him, not the rest of the class. "Remember, this test determin your future," the teacher said. Brett read the choices again but they all blurred into a meaningless coup. He could not concentrate. The clock kept ticking, and the second hand sounded like a butch cnife slamming down on a cutting board. "Time is running out," said the teacher. Brett's heart pout what is the mood of this paragraph? Why doyou believe this? Explain your answer by reterring to the text.	es word er's
8. Kiki the Cat licked her lips and stared at Bitty the Bird, who was singing a silly bird song in he Cartoon noises played in the background as the children watched TV. Kiki tiptoed to the edge of t citchen counter. Bitty kept singing, unaware of the creeping cat, but aware that she was protected metal birdcage. Kiki went for it. She sprang toward the birdcage, but as she did she slipped on sor nilk on the counter that the children had spilled. Kiki fell off the counter and landed in the trashe; did closed on the milk-covered kitty. Laughter played on the television. Bitty kept whistling.	he by the ne
What is the mood of this paragraph?	

4. We thought the game was over. The buzzer rang and we thought that we had lost, but then the referee blew the whistle. A foul was called and now Derrick had a chance to win the game for us. He stepped up to the free-throw line. The stadium, though filled with people, was completely silent. Everyone was still. Derrick dribbled the ball a couple times. He squared up on the line. Sweat beaded on his forehead. All

Mood Workshoot 1

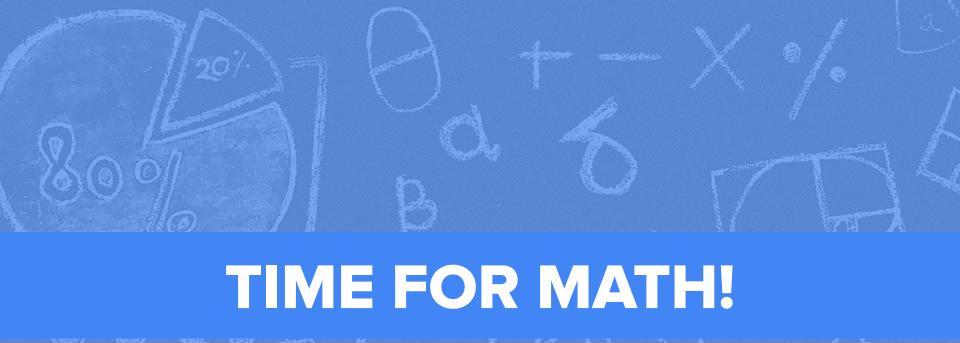
eyes were on Derrick.

What is the mood of this paragraph?

Why do you believe this? Explain your answer by referring to the text.

5. Katic cut out the construction paper heart with great care. Her hand moved with precision. This was not going to be an ordinary Valentines Day card. Katie was going to make it special. She went over the penciled letters with her nicest pen. Classical music played in the background. Katie made fancy cursive letters. Slowly, gently, she pasted the lace to the edges of the heart. Her mom was going to love this card as much as Katie loved her. It was almost complete, Just a few more special touches to 90.

wny do you believe this? Exp	Jain your answer by referring to the text.
don't care anymore," that someone would	test paper and threw it in the trash. He hit the bed with a crash and started crying, screamed Duncan in between sobs. He wished that somebody would check on him help him through this, but there was no one. He was home alone again. "What does ted. Nobody responded. The house was empty. Duncan's sobs echoed.
What is the mood of	
Why do you believe this? Exp	your mower by referring to the text.
wasted no time gettin while his wife made over the rows in his a got to get a move on	e to the sound of the rooster's crow. The sun was peaking over the horizon. Dave ng ready. He wanted to get to the field and start planting. The TV news prattled on coffee. He paid no mind to either. He was working out his strategy for today, goin nind. He had barely taken two bites of his toast when he grabbed his boots. "I've it," said Farmer Dave. His wife rolled her eyes and gave him a kiss. The day began
	this paragraph?
8. Thomas walked in heart. "Thomas? Are She gave Thomas a b smiled and said, "Yo	to the kitchen and the smell of fresh baked cookies filled his nose and lifted his you home already?" asked his mom. "Yeah, Mom, I've got some homework to do. ig warm hug and said, "I wanted to surprise you with some cookies." Thomcokies, with a great surprise. He took a bite of one and the gooey chocolate utid, Mom. What a great surprise. "Be took a bite of one and the gooey chocolate."
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8. Thomas walked in heart. "Thomas? Are She gave Thomas a t smiled and said, "Yo chips dissolved on hi What is the mood of	to the kitchen and the smell of fresh baked cookies filled his nose and lifted his you home already?" asked his mom. "Yeah, Mom, I've got some homework to do. ig warm hug and said, "I wanted to surprise you with some cookies." Thomas u did, Mom. What a great surprise." He took a bite of one and the goocy chocolate is tongue.



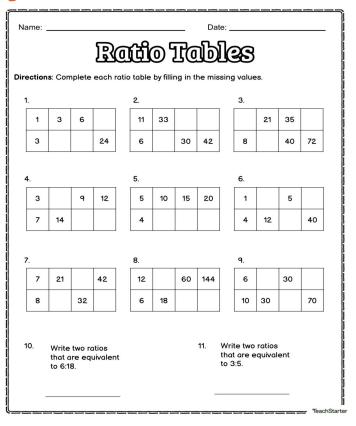


Math Time!

Review Ratio Tables from 6th grade. Make sure you go through the chart and determine how the drink mix correlates with the water.



Now let's complete the worksheet on paper to submit when you return to school.



Math Time!

It's your turn to solve some math word problems. Write you answers on a piece of paper.

- Maxwell had to take his car to the shop to get repaired. The original cost was going to be \$420. However, he found a coupon online for 15% off. What will Maxwell end up paying?
- 2. Scott is a realtor and sold a house in Colorado for \$445,000. He gets a 3% commission on the price of the house. How much did Scott make selling the house?
- 3. A performing arts show sells tickets for an upcoming performance. Their theater can seat 200 people. How many seats would be filled if they sold 85% of the tickets available?
- 4. Jovani has a marble collection. He has 8 blue marbles and 3 red marbles. What is the ratio of blue marbles to red marbles?
- 5. A town is hosting a 5K race. In this race, there are 122 women and 184 men. What is the ratio of the race for women to men?



TIME FOR SOCIAL STUDIES!



Let's review read about Africa.

All About Africa

The continent of **Africa** is the second largest on the Earth with a land area of about 12 million square miles, and the second most populous with nearly 1.1 billion people, which is about 15% of the world's population. There are 54 countries that make up this diverse continent

Africa is located mostly in the Eastern and Northern hemispheres surrounded by Europe to the north, the merging of the Indian and Atlantic Oceans to the south called the Horn of Africa, and across the Atlantic Ocean to the west is North and South America. On its northeast border rests Saudi Arabia and the rest of Asia.

On the continent of Africa are several bodies of water including the longest river in the world, the 4,258-mile long **Nile River**. The river begins in the country of Ethiopia and its mouth is in Egypt. In addition to the Nile is the second largest freshwater lake in the world, **Lake Victoria**, second only to Lake Superior in North America. Other major rivers in Africa include the Congo, Niger, and Zambezi, plus Lake Tanganyika and Lake Nyasa.

The terrain of Africa includes large mountains, tropical rainforests, grassy savannas and three large deserts-the **Sahara**, **Kalahari**, and **Namib**. The Sahara is the largest in the world, called the Sea of Sand, it is nearly the size of the United States. Most of Africa's climate is tropical and desert.

Africa includes mountainous regions as well such as the extensive Great Rift Valley, running south to north about 3,700 miles along the east coast from Mozambique to beyond Egypt into Israel. The tallest mountain in Africa is Mount Kilimanjaro, its peak always covered in snow, and the lowest elevation is the Dead Sea, below sea level.

Rainforests are limited with the **Congo** rainforest on the western coast being home to gorillas, chimpanzees, and elephants. There is also a population of forest dwellers, humans, called **pygmies**, estimated between 250,000 to 600,000 inhabitants, with adult men's average height of about 4 feet, 11 inches. Their origins date back over 60,000 years. The savannas of Africa are north and south of the rainforests and are areas of tall grasses, scattered trees, and bushes, and home to lions, tigers, giraffes, zebras, and elephants.

Of the 54 countries on Africa, the largest is Algeria, covering more than half the landmass of the continent; and its smallest is Seychelles, a nation of islands located in the Indian Ocean east of the mainland. The most populated country is Nigeria with over 185 million people. The fourth largest island in the world is Madagascar, found south of Seychelles, which is called the 'Red Island' due to the red color of its soil. It has a population of about 22 million people.

Finally, many people throughout the world visit Africa to experience Victoria Falls in the country of Zambia and Zimbabwe, which flows at double the rate of Niagara Falls. The Pyramids of Giza near Cairo, Egypt are famous landmarks, built around 2650 BC from 2.5 million blocks of limestone. Many people have experienced a close encounter with a mountain gorilla or golden monkey found in the Rwandan rainforest in Volcanoes National Park.

Africa has been known as the 'cradle of mankind' because it is the place where the first human beings evolved 5 to 10 million years ago. The fossils found in Africa indicate that modern humans spread from Africa to the rest of the world.

Directions: Answer questions 1-5 on paper to submit when you return to school.

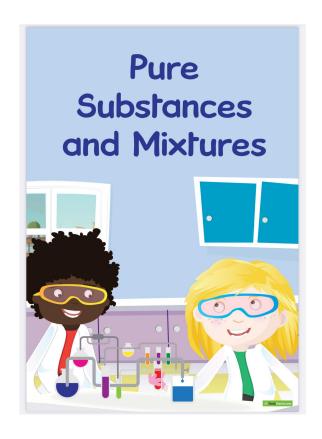
1) Which of the following two atmospheres of Earth can Africa be found?	5) Which of the following bodies of water is the
A: Northern and western	location of Madagascar?
B: Southern and western	location of Madagascar.
C: Eastern and southern	
O: Eastern and northern	A: Indian Ocean
2) Which of the following is most likely the coldest place in Africa?	B: Atlantic Ocean
A: Mount Kilimanjaro	C. Dagifia Ocean
B: Dead Sea	C: Pacific Ocean
C: Congo rainforest	O: Arctic Ocean
O: Lake Victoria	D. Arctic Ocean
3) All the following are deserts found in Africa EXCEPT:	6) Which of the following is NOT a river of Africa?
A: Namib	
B: Kalahari	O
C: Sahara	A: Congo
O: Madagascar	O =
4) Which of the following animals can be found in	○ B: Nyasa
both the rainforests and savannas of Africa?	O C Mile
A: Gorillas	○ C: Nile
B: Chimpanzees	O Di Congo
C: Elephants	O: Congo
O: Zebras	
1	

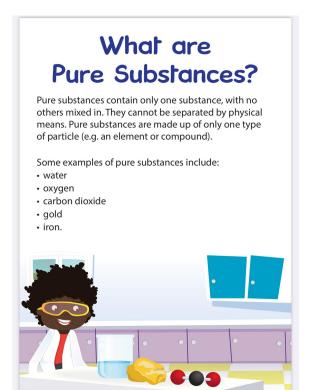


TIME FOR SCIENCE!



Please read about the Pure Substances and Mixtures.





What are Mixtures?

Mixtures are impure substances, made up of two or more substances mixed together. They can be separated by physical means. Mixtures are made up of substances that are not chemically joined.

Some examples of mixtures include:

- coffee
- salty water
- smog
- concrete
- cake.



What are Pure Substances?

Pure substances contain only one substance, with no others mixed in. They cannot be separated by physical means. Pure substances are made up of only one type of particle (e.g. an element or compound).

Some examples of pure substances include:

- water
- oxygen
- carbon dioxide
- gold
- iron.



Name:	Date:

Physical and Chemical Properties of Substances

All substances can be identified by the characteristics they possess.

Some of these characteristics can be observed without altering the chemical composition of the substance. These are called the **physical properties** of the substance. Physical properties may include:

color, odor, boiling point, melting point, freezing point, electrical conductivity, thermal conductivity, magnetism, opacity, malleability, density and hardness.

Some of these characteristics can only be observed when a substance is chemically transferred into another through a chemical reaction. These are called the **chemical properties** of the substance. Chemical properties may include:

flammability, heat of combustion, toxicity, reactivity with water, reactivity with oxygen, reactivity with acids, radioactivity, pH level and chemical stability.

If a substance experiences a change in any of its physical properties, this is referred to as a physical change. Examples of physical changes include painting a wall to change its color, melting gold to change its shape or running electricity through an electrical cord. During a physical change, the chemical composition of the substance does not change and no new substances are created. Physical changes are often reversible.

If a substance experiences a change through its chemical properties, this is referred to as a chemical reaction. Examples of chemical reactions include burning wood, frying an egg or the process of photosynthesis. During a chemical change, the chemical composition of the original substances changes and new substances are created. Chemical changes are often irreversible.



Complete the next two pages on paper to submit when you return.

	Vocab	ulary	
Match the definitions	with the correct terms fro	m the word bank belov	v.
Matter with a specific composition and specific properties			
Containing only one ty	pe of particle		
Containing two or mor	e substances that are not o	hemically joined	
The conditions in which	h matter exists; solid, liquid	d and gas	
A change of a substance	ce's state, without altering	chemical composition	-
Two or more substance	es combining to make a ne	w substance	
The characteristics of a	substance		
A mixture consisting of	f one substance completely	dissolved in another	
A substance that comp	letely dissolves into anoth	er to form a solution	
A substance that disso	lves another to form a solu	tion	
To incorporate comple	tely; to form a solution		
Capable of being disso	lved		
Incapable of being diss	solved		
Contains the maximum	n amount of solute capable	of being dissolved	
A mixture consisting of	f one substance that has no	ot dissolved in another	
property	pure	solution	state
physical change	mixture	substance	dissolve
insoluble	chemical reaction	solute	saturated
soluble	solvent	suspension	

Physical an	d Chen	nical Properties of
Substa	ances –	- Sorting Task
Task:		
In each of the following exampl	es, a substance	is undergoing change.
Decide whether the change occ	urring is a physi	ical change or a chemical reaction.
Write the example into the corr	ect column of t	he table below.
heating a frying pan, burn	ning a piece of v	vn, a nail rusting, stretching a piece of clay, vood, an ice cube melting, fireworks exploding, ng food, dissolving sugar in tea
Physical Changes		Chemical Reactions

✓ Teach Starter.com



WHOA! Good Job!