SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

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FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT BUTLER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AND

OTHER INFORMATION REQUIRED BY OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET CIRCULAR A-133

WITH REPORTS OF

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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Mark C. Turnley

Certified Public Accountant

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To the Management and Board of Education Seneca Valley School District

Independent Auditor's Report

Report on Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Seneca Valley School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Seneca Valley School District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Seneca Valley School District as of June 30, 2015 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages iv-xiv and the defined benefit pension plan information on page 41, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Seneca Valley School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards required by Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated January 31, 2016 on my consideration of the Seneca Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Seneca Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mark C Turnley

Mark C. Turnley, CPA

January 31, 2016 New Brighton, Pennsylvania

INTRODUCTION

The discussion and analysis of the Seneca Valley School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the district's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. This discussion and analysis presents the district's financial performance as a whole. The financial statements and the notes to the basic financial statements provide a more detailed look at the finances for the 2014-2015 school year.

The Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is a requirement of the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) conforming to the model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. GASB 34 requires a comparison of certain information between the current year and the prior year.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2014-15 fiscal year are as follows:

- The District's total governmental and business-type activities liabilities and deferred inflows of resources exceeded total assets and deferred outflows of resources as of June 30, 2015 by \$113,100,367 (net position deficit). This was a decrease of \$133,774,536 over June 30, 2014. This decrease was mainly the result of the District's implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 'Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions'. The District is now required to recognize their proportionate share of the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) overall net pension obligation. For the Seneca Valley School District, this liability stands at \$139,252,120 for governmental activities and \$2,841,880 for business-type activities as of June 30, 2015.
- Total revenues were \$109,520,061 for all governmental funds (excluding other financing sources) of which the general fund accounted for \$109,503,413 worth of revenues.
- The School District had \$109,107,529 in expenditures for all governmental funds (excluding other financing uses) of which the general fund accounted for \$103,734,218 of those expenditures. In addition, the general fund transferred \$7,000,000 to the capital reserve fund during the 2014-2015 fiscal year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$23,567,546 of which \$104,054 is restricted for District debt obligations, \$5,500,000 was committed for anticipated retirement increases, \$9,677,492 was assigned for adoption of new texts and learning resources as well as anticipated healthcare cost increases, and the balance of \$8,250,000 was unassigned.

USING THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (GASB 34)

The Annual Financial Report consists of this Management Discussion and Analysis and a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. The statements are organized so that the reader can understand Seneca Valley School District as an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

USING THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (GASB 34) (Continued)

Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of the Financial Section are arranged and relate to one another:

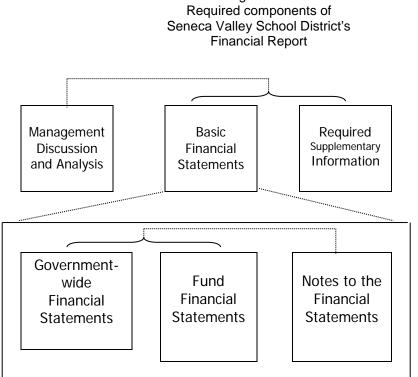


Figure A-1

USING THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT (GASB 34) (Continued)

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of Seneca Valley School District's									
	Government	-wide and Fund Financ	Fund Statements						
	Government- wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds					
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as education, administration and community services	Activities the District operates similar to private business – Food Services	Instances in which the District is the trustee or agent to someone else's resources – Scholarship and Activity Funds					
Required financial statements	Statement of net position Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance	Statement of net position Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position Statement of cash flows	Statement of fiduciary net position Statement of changes in fiduciary net position					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term					
Type of inflow- outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid					

Figure A-2

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets and liabilities, are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indication of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

To assess the overall health of the District, the reader needs to consider additional non-financial factors, such as changes in the District's property tax base and the performance of the students.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities All of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, student support, administration and community services. Property taxes, state and federal subsidies, and grants finance most of these activities.
- Business type activities –The District operates a food service operation and charges fees to students, staff and visitors to help it cover the costs of the food service operation.

Fund Financial Statements

The District's fund financial statements, which begin on Page 3, provide detailed information about the most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be reported separately by state law and by bond requirements.

Governmental funds – Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on the determination of financial position and change in financial position, not on income determination. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Proprietary funds – These funds are used to account for the District activities that are similar to business operations in the private sector; or where the reporting is on determining net income, financial position, changes in financial position, and a significant portion of funding through user charges. When the District charges customers for services it provides – whether to outside customers or to other units in the District – these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. The Food Service Fund is the District's proprietary fund and is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary funds - The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for some private purpose trust funds and student activity funds. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Net Position on Pages 11 and 12. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A comparative breakdown of assets, liabilities and net position of the District for the past two fiscal years is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 Net Position										
JUNE 30, 2015JUNE 30, 2015										
	GC	VERNMENTAL		SINESS-TYPE						
		ACTIVITIES	_	CTIVITIES	_	TOTAL		TOTAL		
Current Assets	\$	83,286,205	\$	1,471,844	\$	84,758,049	\$	41,362,077		
Capital Assets		76,493,824		195,091		76,688,915		77,734,777		
Deferred Outflows of Resources		14,016,992		250,596	_	14,267,588		2,023,826		
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED										
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	173,797,021	\$	1,917,531	\$	175,714,552	\$	121,120,680		
Current Liabilities	\$	18,650,238	\$	95,176	\$	18,745,414	\$	18,656,110		
Long-Term Liabilities		257,067,987		2,843,518		259,911,505		79,766,575		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,954,840		203,160		10,158,000		-		
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRE	<u> </u>		-		_		-			
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	285,673,065	\$	3,141,854	\$	288,814,919	\$	98,422,685		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	11,223,918	\$	195,091	\$	11,419,009	\$	9,290,675		
Restricted for Debt Service		140,054		-		140,054	-	3,075,447		
Restricted for Capital Reserve		7,033,103		-		7,033,103		152,095		
Unrestricted		(130,273,119)		(1,419,414)		(131,692,533)		8,155,952		
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$	(111,876,044)	\$	(1,224,323)	\$	(113,100,367)	\$	20,674,169		

Table A-1

The increase in deferred outflows of resources, long-term liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, along with the significant decrease in the District's net position is attributed to the aforementioned implementation of GASB Statement No. 68 which required the District to recognize their proportionate share of the Pennsylvania School Employees Retirement System (PSERS) overall net pension obligation, which for the Seneca Valley School District, totals \$139,252,130 for its governmental activities and \$2,841,880 for its business-type activities.

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on Page 2. All expenses are reported in the first column. Specific charges, grants, revenues and subsidies that directly relate to specific expense categories are represented to determine the final amount of the District's activities that are supported by other general revenues. The two largest general revenues are the Basic Education Subsidy provided by the State of Pennsylvania, and the local taxes assessed to community taxpayers.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (Continued)

The following Table A-2 takes the information from the Statement of Activities, rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues, expenses, and change to the net position for the past two fiscal years.

Table A-2 Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 Changes in Net Position

	JUNE 30, 2015						JUNE 30, 2014	
	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL			TOTAL
REVENUES		ACTIVITIES	ACTIVITIES					TOTAL
Program Revenues:								
Charges for Services	\$	1,777,468	\$	1,774,761	\$	3,552,229	\$	3,913,563
Grants and Contributions	Ψ	17,335,407	Ψ	969,432	Ψ	18,304,839	Ψ	16,256,893
General Revenues:		17,000,407		505,402		10,004,000		10,200,000
Property, Other Taxes		76,704,549		-		76,704,549		73,369,894
Grants, Subsidies and Contributions		13,285,084		_		13,285,084		13,285,006
Investment Earnings		57,461		990		58.451		46,113
Sale of Fixed Assets		57,401		3,284		3,284		10,800
Miscellaneous		360,092		5,204		360,092		397,835
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	109,520,061	\$	2,748,467	\$	112,268,528	\$	107,280,104
TOTAL REVENUES	Ψ	103,320,001	Ψ	2,740,407	Ψ	112,200,520	Ψ	107,200,104
EXPENSES								
Instruction	\$	68,334,206	\$	-	\$	68,334,206	\$	62,260,225
Instructional Student Support		6,768,966		-		6,768,966		5,141,305
Administrative and Financial Support		9,850,451		-		9,850,451		8,354,592
Operation and Maintenance of Plant		7,159,726		-		7,159,726		9,436,130
Pupil Transportation		6,843,508		-		6,843,508		6,273,002
Student Activities		1,820,393		-		1,820,393		1,664,991
Community Services		10,355		-		10,355		11,677
Interest on Long-term Debt		3,111,048		-		3,111,048		2,770,956
Transfer to Private Purpose Trust Fund		3,270,261		-		3,270,261		130,000
Food Services		-		2,766,040	\$	2,766,040		2,630,391
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$	107,168,914	\$	2,766,040	_	109,934,954	\$	98,673,269
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	2,351,147	\$	(17,573)		- 2,333,574	\$	8,606,835

The increase in expenses reflects again the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68. For the fiscal year 2014-2015, the District recognized additional pension expense in its governmental activities of \$3,541,811 not recognized in the previous fiscal year, and additional pension expense of \$72,282 in its business-type activities. See the District Funds section of this report for further explanation of the major variances from the prior year.

Table A-3 shows the District's eight largest functions - instructional programs, instructional student support, administrative, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation, student activities, community services, long-term debt, as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities) for the past two fiscal years. This table also shows the net costs offset by the other unrestricted grants, subsidies and contributions to show the remaining financial needs supported by local taxes and other miscellaneous revenues.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (Continued)

Table A-3 Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 Governmental Activities

	 JUNE 30, 2015				JUNE 30, 2014			
	TOTAL COST OF SERVICE		IET COST F SERVICE	TOTAL COST OF SERVICE			NET COST	
EXPENSES								
Instruction	\$ 68,334,206	\$	55,808,812	\$	62,260,225	\$	50,877,537	
Instructional Student Support	6,768,966		6,137,118		5,141,305		4,587,699	
Administrative and Financial Support	9,850,451		9,298,694		8,354,592		7,881,575	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	10,270,774		9,894,862		9,436,130		9,087,424	
Pupil Transportation	6,843,508		3,561,256		6,273,002		3,339,064	
Student Activities	1,820,393		1,316,319		1,664,991		1,202,171	
Community Services	10,355		10,355		11,677		11,677	
Interest on Long-term Debt/Refunds	3,270,261		2,028,623		2,770,956		1,504,128	
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 107,168,914	\$	88,056,039	\$	95,912,878	\$	78,491,275	
Less:								
Unrestricted Grants, Subsidies			13,285,084				13,285,006	
TOTAL NEEDS FROM LOCAL TAXES AND OTHER REVENUES		\$	74,770,955			\$	65,206,269	

Table A-4 reflects the activities of the Food Service program, the only Business-type activity of the District.

Table A-4 Fiscal Year ended June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 Business-Type Activities

	JUNE 30, 2015 TOTAL COST NET COST OF SERVICE OF SERVICE					JUNE DTAL COST F SERVICE	Ň	2014 ET COST SERVICE
EXPENSES Food Service	\$	2,766,040	\$	(21,847)	\$	2,630,391	\$	118,462
Investment Earnings Sale of Fixed Assets				990 3,284				991 10,800
TOTAL BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES NET INCOME <loss></loss>	S		\$	(17,573)			\$	130,253

While operating expenses increased \$135,649 (8.3%), operating revenues decreased \$4,660 (.17%) in 2014-2015.

THE DISTRICT FUNDS

At June 30, 2015, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$72,434,429 compared to \$29,138,583 for the year ended June 30, 2014. The main reason for the increase were bond proceed revenues from the District's Series of 2014 (\$10,000,000) and Series of 2015C (\$26,935,000) bond issues during the 2014-2015 fiscal year for capital improvements. The general fund balance decreased by \$1,269,370. The capital project fund balance increased by \$44,565,216. The following is additional information concerning revenues, expenses and fund balance.

REVENUES

The revenues received into the general fund during 2014-2015 came from three major sources: local, state, and federal revenues. Of total revenues, local revenues account for 72.4%, state revenues are 27.4% and federal revenues only .2%.

Local revenues can be grouped in two major categories, tax revenues and non-tax revenues. Local real estate tax accounted for 82.5% of total tax revenues and 78.5% of total local revenues in 2014-2015. Other forms of tax revenue include earned income tax, flat occupation assessment tax, real estate transfer tax and delinquent tax collections. Tax revenue increased in the 2014-2015 fiscal year by approximately \$3,328,279. The increase was most notable in current real estate tax collections, which increased by \$3,409,013. Non-tax revenues, including federal monies received through the intermediate unit, athletic admissions and fees, interest earnings, tuition from other PA school districts and other miscellaneous revenues accounted for 5% of total local revenues.

Basic education subsidy and special education subsidy are the two largest sources of state revenue with basic education subsidy providing 44.3% of the total and special education subsidy providing 11.7% of the total. Subsidies increased overall \$1,646,184 due to an increase in the retirement reimbursement monies of \$1,009,975, decrease in social security reimbursement of \$51,453, and an increase in the transportation subsidy of \$345,989.

Federal revenues accounted for just .2% of the total revenues, and decreased from 2013-2014 by \$4,355. This decrease was due to a reduction in ACCESS federal funding in the 2014-2015 fiscal year.

FUNCTION	REVENUES	VARIANCE FROM PRIOR YEAR	% CHANGE	AMOUNT OVER (UNDER) 2014-2015 BUDGET
Local Sources State Sources	\$ 79,297,009	\$ 3,354,376	4.2%	\$ 2,162,178
Federal Sources	29,985,923 220,481	1,646,184 (4,355)	5.5% -2.0%	168,653 (89,519)
TOTAL	\$109,503,413	\$ 4,996,205		\$ 2,241,312

THE DISTRICT FUNDS (Continued)

EXPENSES

The revenues received during the 2014-2015 fiscal year were used to pay general fund expenses of \$103,772,783 (excluding transfers). These expenses were categorized into five major functions: instruction, support services, non-instructional operations, construction/improvements, and other financing uses. Additionally the District expended \$2,235,307 for capital improvements funded through bond proceeds and its capital reserve fund.

The 2014-2015 general fund expenditures (excluding transfers and budgetary reserve) increased by \$6,687,894 or 6.89% from the past fiscal year mainly due to increases in retirement contributions and other employee benefits.

FUNCTION	 EXPENSES	-	ARIANCE FROM RIOR YEAR	% CHANGE	AMOUNT /ER (UNDER) 2014-2015 BUDGET
Instructional Services	\$ 63,931,765	\$	3,530,313	5.5%	\$ (3,086,955)
Support Services	28,768,345		3,007,981	10.5%	(1,465,705)
Non-instructional Services	1,689,956		81,806	4.8%	16,124
Construction/Site Improvements	7,890		(14,884)	-188.6%	(2,110)
Other Financing Uses/Debt Service	 9,374,827		82,678	0.9%	 (26,160)
TOTAL	\$ 103,772,783	\$	6,687,894		\$ (4,564,806)

GENERAL FUND BUDGET

During the fiscal year, the Board of School Directors (The Board) authorizes revisions to the original budget (transfers) to accommodate differences from the original budget to the actual expenditures of the District. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided on Page 7 of the financial statements.

The District applies for federal, state, and local grants and these grants cannot always be anticipated exactly during the budget development process.

The Budgetary Reserve includes amounts that may be used for unplanned opportunities and/or unexpected costs for improvements/repairs to the District. These amounts will only be appropriated into expenditure categories if the fiscal results of the current year warrant doing so and the Board approves such transfers.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At June 30, 2015, the District had \$76,688,915 invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deletions and depreciation) of \$1,045,862 from 2013-2014 which is as a result of depreciation expense exceeding new asset additions.

DEBT ADMINISTRATION

As of July 1, 2014 the District had total outstanding bond principal of \$73,260,000 on its General Obligation Bond Issues. During the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the District issued General Obligation Bonds, Series of 2014 in the amount of \$10,000,000 and Series A, B, and C of 2015 in the amount of \$27,195,000, \$1,960,000, and \$26,935,000 respectively. The District made payments against principal during the year of \$6,595,000, currently refunded GOB Series of 2005 in the amount of \$29,360,000, and currently refunded a portion of GOB Series A of 2010 in the amount of \$2,330,000. At June 30, 2015 the District had outstanding debt of \$101,065,000.

Other long-term obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave for specific employees of the District, as well as retirement incentive, retiree health insurance, and net pension obligations. More detailed information about our long-term liabilities is included in Notes 9, 10, and 12 to the financial statements.

MAJOR FINANCIAL ISSUES

The District has experienced significant growth over the last 10 years; however, current economic conditions have significantly slowed the rate of growth. The District continues to review the adequacy of facilities and plan for potential future needs.

Retirement contribution rates are projected by PSERS to increase rapidly from the current 21.4% to 34% by the year 2020. While recent legislation changing the PSERS program has slowed the rate of increase, significant increases are anticipated for the foreseeable future. Such increases would have a significant negative impact on District finances and therefore, educational programs. In an attempt to mitigate the short-term financial impact of the increase, the District has committed a portion of the fund balance to be applied to PSERS incrementally through 2022. District officials continue to closely monitor this issue.

At the time of this report, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania's elected officials have failed to approve a state budget for fiscal year 2015-16. Because of this, state subsidies to public school districts for 2015-16 are unknown at this time. The state has released partial funding (approximately 45%) based on 2014-15 amounts to assist school districts with cash flow issues. Because of Seneca Valley's low reliance on state funding as well as adequate fund balances, school district operations are not in jeopardy at this time.

The District currently has contracts in place with all bargaining units.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or wish to request additional financial information, please contact Ms. Lynn Burtner, Business Manager at (724) 452-6040 ext. 1615 or Mrs. Celeste R. Foley, Director of Accounting Services at (724) 452-6040 ext. 1622 or by mail at Seneca Valley School District, Administrative Office, 124 Seneca School Road, Harmony, PA, 16037-9134.

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

	Governmental Activities			siness-Type Activities		Total
ASSETS						
Current Assets:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	15,818,098	\$	1,300,048	\$	17,118,146
Investments		62,784,679		-		62,784,679
Taxes Receivable, net		209,110		-		209,110
Internal Balances		(31,342)		31,342		-
Due From Other Governments		4,366,007		83,955		4,449,962
Other Receivables		139,653		1,589		141,242
Inventories		-		54,910		54,910
Total Current Assets	\$	83,286,205	\$	1,471,844	\$	84,758,049
Noncurrent Assets:						
Land	\$	5,287,281	\$	-	\$	5,287,281
Site Improvements (net)		2,522,518		-		2,522,518
Building & Building Improvements (net)		66,272,194		-		66,272,194
Furniture & Equipment (net)		1,683,648		195,091		1,878,739
Infrastructure (net)		584,146		-		584,146
Construction in Progress		144,037		-		144,037
Total Noncurrent Assets	\$	76,493,824	\$	195,091	\$	76,688,915
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	159,780,029	\$	1,666,935	\$	161,446,964
Deferred Outflows of Resources:						
Deferred Interest on Refunding	\$	1,737,791	\$	_	\$	1.737.791
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension	Ψ	12,279,201	φ	250,596	ψ	12,529,797
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$	14,016,992	\$	250,596	\$	14,267,588
Total Deletted Outnows of Resources	\$	14,010,992	ð	250,596	ð.	14,207,300
TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED						
OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	173,797,021	\$	1,917,531	\$	175,714,552
LIABILITIES						
Current Liabilities:						
Accounts Payable	\$	2,007,641	\$	-	\$	2,007,641
Accrued Interest	•	1,063,462	•	-	•	1,063,462
Accrued Salaries and Benefits		8,366,174		_		8,366,174
Payroll Deductions and Withholdings		454,159		_		454,159
Bonds Payable - Current Portion		6,735,000				6,735,000
Unearned Revenues		14,940		24,621		39,561
Other Current Liabilities						,
Total Current Liabilities	\$	8,862 18,650,238	\$	70,555 95,176	\$	79,417 18,745,414
Noncurrent Liabilities:	•	400 400 477	•		•	400 400 477
Bonds Payable - Long-Term Portion (Net)	\$	102,106,477	\$	-	\$	102,106,477
Compensated Absences		790,001		1,638		791,639
Net Pension Liability		139,252,120		2,841,880		142,094,000
Net OPEB Obligation	<u> </u>	14,919,389	- <u>-</u>	-	<u> </u>	14,919,389
Total Noncurrent Liabilities	\$	257,067,987	\$	2,843,518	\$	259,911,505
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	275,718,225	\$	2,938,694	\$	278,656,919
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	\$	9,954,840	\$	203,160	\$	10,158,000
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	9,954,840	\$	203,160	\$	10,158,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND DEFERRED						
INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	285,673,065	\$	3,141,854	\$	288,814,919
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
NET POSITION						
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	11,223,918	\$	195,091	\$	11,419,009
Restricted for Retirement of Debt		140,054		-		140,054
Restricted - Capital Reserve Fund		7,033,103		-		7,033,103
Unrestricted		(130,273,119)		(1,419,414)		(131,692,533)
TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$	(111,876,044)	\$	(1,224,323)	\$	(113,100,367)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	173,797,021	\$	1,917,531	\$	175,714,552
······	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	<u> </u>	,

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

			Program Revenues	6		(Expense) Revenue hanges in Net Posit	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 68,334,206	\$ 1,259,445	\$ 11,265,949	\$ -	\$ (55,808,812)		\$ (55,808,812)
Instructional Student Support	6,768,966	-	631,848	-	(6,137,118)		(6,137,118)
Administrative and Financial Support Services	9,850,451	-	551,757	-	(9,298,694)		(9,298,694)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	7,159,726	138,578	237,334	-	(6,783,814)		(6,783,814)
Pupil Transportation	6,843,508	-	3,282,252	-	(3,561,256)		(3,561,256)
Student Activities	1,820,393	379,445	124,629	-	(1,316,319)		(1,316,319)
Community Services	10,355	-	-	-	(10,355)		(10,355)
Capital Outlay	3,111,048	-	-	-	(3,111,048)		(3,111,048)
Interest on Long-Term Debt/Refunds	3,270,261			1,241,638	(2,028,623)		(2,028,623)
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 107,168,914	\$ 1,777,468	\$ 16,093,769	\$ 1,241,638	\$ (88,056,039)		\$ (88,056,039)
Business-Type activities:							
Food Service	\$ 2,766,040	\$ 1,774,761	\$ 969,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (21,847)	\$ (21,847)
Total Business-Type Activities	\$ 2,766,040	\$ 1,774,761	\$ 969,432	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (21,847)	\$ (21,847)
Total Primary Government	\$ 109,934,954	\$ 3,552,229	\$ 17,063,201	\$ 1,241,638	\$ (88,056,039)	\$ (21,847)	\$ (88,077,886)
	General Revenues:						
	Taxes:	Levied for Genera	Durnagaa (nat)		\$ 62,607,029	\$ -	\$ 62,607,029
		Specific Purposes	• • • •		\$ 02,007,029 12,878,518	φ -	\$ 02,007,029 12,878,518
	Basic Subsidy	Specific Fulposes	5			-	
	Property Tax Relie	of Dovimont			13,285,084 1,219,002	-	13,285,084 1,219,002
	Investment Earnir	•			57,461	990	58,451
	Sale of Fixed Ass	0			57,401	3,284	3,284
	Miscellaneous Inc				360,092	3,204	360,092
	Total General Reven				\$ 90,407,186	\$ 4,274	\$ 90,411,460
	Change in Net Po				\$ 2,351,147	\$ (17,573)	\$ 2,333,574
	Net Position (Deficit) –		(hateta		(114,227,191)	(1,206,750)	φ 2,333,374 (115,433,941)
	Net Position — June		,		(111,876,044)	(1,200,750) \$ (1,224,323)	(113,100,367)
					Ψ (111,070,044)	Ψ (1,227,323)	Ψ (113,100,307)

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	(GENERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	GOV	TOTAL ERNMENTAL FUNDS
ASSETS:	\$	9 794 00F	¢	7,033,103	\$	15 919 009
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments	Ф	8,784,995	\$		Ф	15,818,098
Taxes Receivable, net		20,763,795 209,110		42,020,884		62,784,679 209,110
Due From Other Funds		111,431		-		111,431
Due From Other Governments		4,366,007		-		4,366,007
Other Receivables		4,300,007		-		4,368,007 139,653
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	34,374,991	\$	49,053,987	\$	83,428,978
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: LIABILITIES: Accounts Payable Due To Other Funds Accrued Salaries and Benefits Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	\$	1,820,537 142,773 8,366,174 454,159	\$	187,104 - - -	\$	2,007,641 142,773 8,366,174 454,159
Unearned Revenues		14,940		-		14,940
Other Current Liabilities		8,862		-		8,862
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	10,807,445	\$	187,104	\$	10,994,549
FUND BALANCES:						
Restricted	\$	140,054	\$	7,033,103	\$	7,173,157
Committed	Ŧ	5,500,000	÷	-	Ŷ	5,500,000
Assigned		9,677,492		41,833,780		51,511,272
Unassigned		8,250,000		-		8,250,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$	23,567,546	\$	48,866,883	\$	72,434,429
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	34,374,991	\$	49,053,987	\$	83,428,978

EXHIBIT D

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 72,434,429
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of assets is \$155,754,528, and the accumulated depreciation is \$79,260,704	4.	76,493,824
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicab to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	le	
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions		12,279,201
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions		(9,954,840)
Long term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period, and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Bonds Payable, Net	\$ 107,103,686	
Accrued Interest on Debt	1,063,462	
Accrued Compensated Absences	790,001	
Net Pension Liability	139,252,120	/
Net OPEB Obligation	14,919,389	 (263,128,658)
TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		\$ (111,876,044)

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	GE	NERAL FUND		CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS	GO	TOTAL VERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$	79,297,009	\$	16,648	\$	79,313,657
State Sources		29,985,923		-		29,985,923
Federal Sources		220,481		-		220,481
Total Revenue	\$	109,503,413	\$	16,648	\$	109,520,061
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction	\$	63,931,765	\$	-	\$	63,931,765
Support Services	Ŧ	28,768,345	Ŧ	796,199	Ŧ	29,564,544
Noninstructional Services		1,689,956				1,689,956
Capital Outlay		7,890		2,235,307		2,243,197
Debt Service		9,336,262		2,341,805		11,678,067
Total Expenditures	\$	103,734,218	\$	5,373,311	\$	109,107,529
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue		· · ·		· · ·	, <u> </u>	· · ·
over Expenditures	\$	5,769,195	\$	(5,356,663)	\$	412,532
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating Transfers Out	\$	(7,000,000)	\$	-	\$	(7,000,000)
Operating Transfers In		-	·	7,000,000		7,000,000
Refund Prior Year Receipts		(38,565)		-		(38,565)
Transfer to Escrow Account - Refunded Bonds		-		(30,075,561)		(30,075,561)
Bond Proceeds		-		66,090,000		66,090,000
Bond Premiums		-		6,907,440		6,907,440
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(7,038,565)	\$	49,921,879	\$	42,883,314
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(1,269,370)	\$	44,565,216	\$	43,295,846
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2014		24,836,916		4,301,667		29,138,583
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2015	\$	23,567,546	\$	48,866,883	\$	72,434,429

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT <u>RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENT FUNDS</u> STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES <u>TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES</u> <u>FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015</u>

TOTAL NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	\$ 43,295,846
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense (\$3,599,568) exceeded capital outlays (\$2,528,121) during the fiscal year.	(1,071,447)
Proceeds from long-term debt obligations are recorded as revenues in the governmental funds. However, in the statement of net position, these proceeds and related bond issue costs are recognized as long-term liabilities and contra-liabilities.	(66,090,000)
Governmental funds report district pension contributions as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense.	(3,541,811)
Repayment of bond and lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.	38,285,000
Bond discount costs are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, these costs are capitalized and amortized over the life of the related debt obligation as interest expense.	57,102
Deferred interest on bond refundings is recognized in the government-wide financial statements when bonds are refunded and amortized over the life of the bond issue as interest expense.	(286,035)
Bond premiums are reported in governmental funds as revenues. However, in the statement of activities, this amount is capitalized and is accreted over the life of the bond issue as interest expense.	(6,476,079)
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	120,578
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - compensated absences and retiree benefits - are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (paid). This is the amount by which compensated absences and retiree health benefits earned exceeded the amount paid.	(1,942,007)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 2,351,147

Variance with

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE, BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		Final Budget Positive			
		Original		Final	(Bu	dgetary Basis)	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Local Sources	\$	77,134,831	\$	77,134,831	\$	79,297,009	\$	2,162,178
State Sources		29,817,270		29,817,270		29,985,923		168,653
Federal Sources		310,000		310,000		220,481		(89,519)
Total Revenues	\$	107,262,101	\$	107,262,101	\$	109,503,413	\$	2,241,312
EXPENDITURES								
Regular Programs	\$	49,562,823	\$	47,685,029	\$	45,432,024	\$	2,253,005
Special Programs		15,233,120		15,812,506		15,368,901		443,605
Vocational Programs		3,151,681		3,146,319		2,932,332		213,987
Other Instructional Programs		358,866		374,866		198,508		176,358
Pupil Personnel Services		2,647,482		2,784,482		2,754,364		30,118
Instructional Staff Services		2,059,587		2,755,632		2,608,935		146,697
Administrative Services		6,462,730		6,393,394		5,879,230		514,164
Pupil Health		938,438		955,823		905,590		50,233
Business Services		2,730,109		627,695		577,036		50,659
Operation & Maintenance of Plant Services		6,683,233		7,257,961		6,976,919		281,042
Student Transportation Services		7,032,905		7,116,905		6,829,811		287,094
Central Services		-		92,102		74,704		17,398
Other Support Services		130,000		2,250,056		2,161,756		88,300
Student Activities		1,702,507		1,653,832		1,679,601		(25,769)
Community Services		20,000		20,000		10,355		9,645
Capital Outlay		25,000		10,000		7,890		2,110
Debt Service (Principal & Interest)		9,274,857		9,336,857		9,336,262		595
Total Expenditures	\$	108,013,338	\$	108,273,459	\$	103,734,218	\$	4,539,241
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues		,				,		.,,
over Expenditures	\$	(751,237)	\$	(1,011,358)	\$	5,769,195	\$	6,780,553
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Operating Transfers Out	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(7,000,000)	\$	(7,000,000)
Refund Prior Year Receipts	+	-	*	(13,000)	*	(38,565)	*	(25,565)
Budgetary Reserve		(750,000)		(476,879)		(,) -		476,879
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	(750,000)	\$	(489,879)	\$	(7,038,565)	\$	(6,548,686)
	•	<i></i>	•				•	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	(1,501,237)	\$	(1,501,237)	\$	(1,269,370)	\$	231,867
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2014		17,544,596		17,544,596		24,836,916		7,292,320
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2015	\$	16,043,359	\$	16,043,359	\$	23,567,546	\$	7,524,187
TOTE DALANCE VOILE 00, 2010	Ψ	10,0-10,000	Ψ	10,0-0,000	Ψ	20,007,040	Ψ	1,027,107

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND JUNE 30, 2015

	FOOD SERVICES		
ASSETS			
Current Assets:			
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	1,300,048	
Due from General Fund		142,773	
Due from Other Governments		83,955	
Acounts Receivables		1,589	
Inventories TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$	54,910 1,583,275	
IOTAL CORRENT ASSETS	\$	1,303,275	
Noncurrent Assets:			
Furniture and Equipment (Net)	\$	195,091	
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS	\$	195,091	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,778,366	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:			
Deferred Outflows of Resources.	\$	250,596	
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	250,596	
TOTAL ASSETS & DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	2,028,962	
LIABILITIES Current Liabilities: Due to Other Funds Due to Students Unearned Revenues	\$	111,431 70,555 24,621	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	206,607	
Neverwent Liebilities.			
Noncurrent Liabilities: Compensated Absences	\$	1,638	
Net Pension Liability	Ψ	2,841,880	
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	\$	2,843,518	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$	3,050,125	
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred Inflows Related to Pension	\$	203,160	
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	203,160	
		· · · ·	
TOTAL LIABILITIES & DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	3,253,285	
NET POSITION			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	195,091	
Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION (Deficit)	\$	(1,419,414) (1,224,323)	
	Ψ	(1,227,020)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF	~		
RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION	\$	2,028,962	

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	FOO	D SERVICES
OPERATING REVENUES		
Food Services Revenue	\$	1,774,761
Total Operating Revenues	\$	1,774,761
OPERATING EXPENSES	•	
Salaries	\$	979,289
Employee Benefits		399,674
Purchased Professional Services		4,183
Purchased Property Services		152,415
Other Purchased Services		8,632
Supplies		1,156,237
Equipment		27,590
Dues and Fees		851
Depreciation Expense		37,169
Total Operating Expenses	\$	2,766,040
OPERATING INCOME/(LOSS)	\$	(991,279)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		
Earnings on Investments	\$	990
State Sources	Ψ	210,118
Federal Sources		759,314
Sale of Fixed Assets		3,284
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	\$	973,706
Total Nonoperating Nevenues (Expenses)	Ψ	575,700
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(17,573)
NET POSITION (Deficit) - JULY 1, 2014 (Restated)		(1,206,750)
NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2015 (Deficit)	\$	(1,224,323)

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	S	FOOD
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Cash Received from Users Cash Payments to Employees for Services Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	\$	1,775,055 (1,328,096) (1,014,205)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(567,246)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
State Sources	\$	210,049
Federal Sources Net Cash Provided (Used) by Non-Capital Financing Activities	\$	574,173 784,222
		<u> </u>
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Capital Outlay	\$	(62,755)
Proceeds from Sale of Assets	-	3,284
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Capital and Related Financing Activities	\$	(59,471)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Earnings on Investments	\$	990
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Investing Activities	\$	990
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	158,495
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JULY 1, 2014		1,141,553
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - JUNE 30, 2015	\$	1,300,048
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(991,279)
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		
TO NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Depreciation and Donated Commodities		219,304
Accrual of GASB 68 Pension Expense		72,282
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable		(1,589)
(Increase) Decrease in Inventories		8,304
(Increase) Decrease in Advances to Other Funds		127,975
Increase (Decrease) in Advances from Other Funds Increase (Decrease) in Unearned Revenues		(7,167) 3,804
Increase (Decrease) in Compensated Absences		1,120
Total Adjustments	\$	424,033
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	(567,246)

NONCASH NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

During the year, the District received \$182,135 of food commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	P	RIVATE JRPOSE ST FUNDS		CTIVITY FUNDS
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	125,507	\$	248,100
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	125,507	\$	248,100
LIABILITIES Other Current Liabilities TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ \$	-	\$ \$	248,100 248,100
NET POSITION Unrestricted TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ \$	125,507 125,507		

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS		
ADDITIONS			
Interest	\$	1	
Refund Prior Year Expenses		100	
DEDUCTIONS			
Scholarships Awarded		(100)	
Other Deductions		(3,205)	
	¢	(0,00,4)	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	\$	(3,204)	
NET POSITION - JULY 1, 2014		128,711	
NET POSITION - JUNE 30, 2015	\$	125,507	

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Seneca Valley School District was established under the authority of an act of the state legislature that designated a school board as the governing body. The District serves the following municipalities:

Cranberry Township Forward Township Jackson Township Lancaster Township Callery Borough Evans City Borough Harmony Borough Seven Fields Borough Zelienople Borough

The School District operates under a locally-elected nine member Board form of government and provides educational services as mandated by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania and selected federal agencies. The Board of Education has complete authority over the operations and administration of the School District's activities.

The financial statements of the Seneca Valley School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). During the 2014-2015 year, the School District adopted the provisions of Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, 'Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions' and GASB Statement No. 71, 'Pension Transition for Contributions made Subsequent to the Measurement Date, an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 68'. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are as follows:

REPORTING ENTITY

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the Seneca Valley School District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the School District. As defined by GASB Statement No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the School District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the School District. Based on the application of these criteria, the Seneca Valley School District has no component units.

The School District is associated with two jointly governed organizations (Note 11) and one public entity risk pool (Note 13). These organizations are:

- Jointly Governed Organizations: Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV Butler County Area Vocational Technical School
- Public Entity Risk Pool: Midwestern Health Combine

BASIS OF PRESENTATION

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – The statement of net position (Exhibit A) and the statement of activities (Exhibit B) display information about the School District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government, except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between those activities of the School District that are governmental and those that are considered business-type activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF PRESENTATION (Continued)

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. That is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliations, (Exhibits D and F), with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities (Exhibit B) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the District's business-type activities (food service operations) and for each function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, and grants, subsidies and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which the business-type activity or government function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Fund financial statements report detailed information about the School District. The focus of governmental and enterprise fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Major funds represent the School District's most important funds and are determined based on percentages of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. For the Seneca Valley School District, the General Fund is always considered a major fund. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are segregated and presented in a single column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental fund types are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets and current liabilities, and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

All proprietary fund types are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the School District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus.

FUND ACCOUNTING

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations during the year. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain School District functions or activities. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. Fund categories are defined as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND ACCOUNTING (Continued)

<u>Governmental Funds</u> – Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the School District's major funds. The District currently does not have any non-major governmental funds:

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

GENERAL FUND - The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not required to be accounted for in some other fund. The General Fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended according to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public School Code.

CAPITAL PROJECT FUND - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for financial resources used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of capital facilities and other assets financed through the issuance of general obligation bonds. This Fund includes Capital Reserve Fund monies transferred from the General Fund restricted for capital purposes as restricted by the Municipal Code Section 1431 or the Pa. Public School Code Section 690.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - used to account for activities similar to those found in the private sector, where the determination of net income is necessary and useful to sound financial administration. Goods or services from such activities can be provided either to outside parties (enterprise funds) or to other departments or agencies within the school district (internal service funds). The School District's major and sole enterprise fund is its Food Service Fund, which accounts for the financial transactions related to the food service operations of the District.

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. The fiduciary fund category is split into four classifications: pension trust funds, investment trust funds, private-purpose trust funds and agency funds. Trust funds are used to account for assets held by the School District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments and are therefore not available to support the School District's own programs. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measuring income or any other results from operations. The School District maintains two private purpose trust fund. One private purpose trust fund accounts for student scholarships and is funded through the Music Scholarship Fund. The second private purpose trust fund account is for compensatory education expenses for an individual special needs student established to comply with an administrative adjudication and was funded by a one-time transfer of monies from the School District's General Fund during the 2013-14 fiscal year. The School District also maintains an Agency Fund which accounts for various student organization activity accounts administered by the District on behalf of the various student organizations.

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Government funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary and fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND MEASUREMENT FOCUS (Continued)

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the School District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Revenue resulting from non-exchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, includes property taxes, grants and contributions. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants and contributions are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be 'available' before it can be recognized.

The management of the Seneca Valley School District has determined that the revenues most susceptible to accrual (measurable and available) at June 30, 2015 under the modified accrual basis are **1**) delinquent real estate taxes collected by the District within 60 days following the close of the fiscal year, **2**) certain Act 511 taxes, **3**) federal and state subsidies earned in the fiscal year 2014-2015, and **4**) other miscellaneous revenues earned in fiscal year 2014-2015 but received subsequent to June 30, 2015. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the 'available' period have been reported as 'deferred inflows of resources'.

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. The primary expenditures deemed susceptible to accrual at June 30, 2015, are those for which the Board of Education's intention was to expense these items as budgeted for the 2014-2015 official budget, and for which the District has incurred an obligation during 2015, but has not paid as of June 30, 2015.

Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds but are included as part of expenses in the government-wide statement of activities. Unused donated commodities are reported as unearned revenue.

BUDGETS

In June of 2014, the Seneca Valley School District adopted its fiscal year June 30, 2015 annual budget for the general fund totaling \$108,763,338 in accordance with the provisions of the Pennsylvania School Code. The budget is prepared utilizing the modified accrual method of accounting. Budgetary transfers among various expenditure line items can be performed by the District, as approved by the Board of Education, only during the last nine months of the fiscal year. The original and adjusted budgetary amounts are reflected in these financial statements (Exhibit G). All annual appropriations of the general fund lapse at fiscal year end.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purposes of these basic financial statements, cash and cash equivalents include amounts in demand deposit accounts and any other highly liquid, short-term investments, with original maturity terms of less than three months.

INVESTMENTS

Investments include certificates of deposit with original maturity terms in excess of three months, deposits pooled for investment purposes with the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF). Investments are stated at fair value. State statutes authorize the School District to invest in:

- I. U.S. Treasury Bills.
- **II.** Short-term obligations of the United States Government of its agencies or instrumentalities
- **III.** Deposits in savings accounts, time deposits and share accounts of institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation and National Credit Union Share Insurance Fund.
- IV. Obligations of the United States of America, the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania or any political subdivision of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, or any of their agencies or instrumentalities backed by the full faith and credit of the governmental units.
- V. Shares of an investment company registered under the Investment Company Act of 1940, and registered under the Securities Act of 1933.
- VI. Any investment authorized by 20 Pa. C.S. Ch. 73 relating to fiduciaries investments.

Pooled investments (PLGIT and PSDLAF) do not operate under the provisions of the Public School Code. These investments are authorized under the Intergovernmental Cooperation Act of 1972.

SHORT-TERM INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds for goods provided or services rendered. These receivables and payables are classified as 'due from/to other funds' on the governmental funds balance sheet. For the purposes of the government-wide statement of net position, governmental interfund receivables and payables have been eliminated. Amounts due between governmental activities and business-type activities, if any, are presented as off-setting internal balances on the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

INVENTORIES

Inventories on the government-wide statement of net position (Exhibit A) and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H) are recorded at a combination of actual cost and fair value on a first-in first-out basis. This inventory consists of purchased food and supplies and donated commodities from the U.S. Department of Agriculture as part of the food service program. The School District does not inventory the cost of such items as books and supplies, but rather records these items as expenditures in the governmental funds and an expense in the government-wide statement of activities at the time of purchase.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

General capital assets are those assets not specifically related to activities reported in the proprietary funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position. Capital assets used by the proprietary fund are reported in both the business-type activity column of the government-wide statement of net position and on the proprietary fund statement of net position.

All capital assets are recorded at cost (or estimated historical cost). Donated fixed assets are recorded at fair value at the time of receipt. The School District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The cost of infrastructure is included as part of site improvements in the government-wide statement of net position. Routine repair and maintenance costs that do not add to the value of the asset or extend its useful life are charged as an expense in the government-wide statement of activities.

All reported capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

CATEGORY	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	BUSINESS TYPE ACTIVITIES
Site Improvements	20 years	N/A
Buildings and Improvements	30 Years	N/A
Furniture and Equipment	5-20 years	5-12 years
Vehicles	8 Years	N/A

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets purchased by governmental funds are recorded as expenditures in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E). The results of capitalizing fixed assets net of depreciation on the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, as opposed to recording these same assets as an expenditure in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E), is reflected in the required reconciliations of fund balance to net position (Exhibit D) and the changes in fund balances to the changes in net position (Exhibit F).

LONG-TERM DEBT FINANCING COSTS

Bond issue costs are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements in the year paid. The School District paid \$796,199 in bond issuance and discount costs during the 2014-2015 fiscal year related to General Obligation Bonds Series of 2014 and Series A, B, and C of 2015.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

COMPENSATED ABSENCES

The School District reports compensated absences in accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, 'Accounting for Compensated Absences'. Sick leave benefits are accrued as a liability for teachers at the time of superannuation retirement, or retirement with 25 years of public school service and the age of 55 years, at the rate of \$40 per day if the District is notified prior to November 1 for mid-year or March 1 for year-end retirements. Teachers are eligible for \$15 per unused sick day severance with 7 years of District service and 75 days' notice. Secretaries with 10 years of service with the district are reimbursed for unused sick days at the rate of \$22 per day (\$27 per day at the time of superannuation or any retirement under PSERS). Paraprofessionals with 10 years of service with the district are reimbursed for unused sick days at the rate of \$13 per day (\$18 per day at the time of superannuation or any retirement under PSERS).

Custodians with at least ten consecutive years of service to the District are reimbursed at the rate of \$38 per day, provided written notice of retirement is made no later than September 1 of the last school year of service or at least 90 days prior to retirement (\$28 per day if employee does not meet notification requirements). Administrators with 8 years of service with the District are reimbursed for unused sick days at the rate of \$10 per day (\$25 per day at the time of superannuation retirement with less than 90 calendar days' notice to the District, \$35 per day if notice is received by November 15). Act 93 participants with 8 years of service with the District days at the rate of \$50 per day (\$100 per day at the time of superannuation retirement 15).

The entire compensated absences liability of \$791,639 is shown as a non-current liability in the governmentwide statement of net position. For governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recorded as expenditures when paid rather than accrued when earned as the likelihood of payment in the immediate fiscal year with available expendable resources is not assured.

PENSIONS

For the purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS), and additions to/deductions from PSERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investment assets are reported at fair value. More information on pension activity is included in Note 10.

ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. For the business-type activities, these obligations and all similar obligations are reported again on the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H).

In general, payables and accrued liabilities that will be paid from governmental funds are reported on the governmental fund financial statements regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, the non-current portion of compensated absences and retiree health benefits that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they will be paid with current, expendable, available financial resources. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been paid with current available financial resources.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (Continued)

Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. The District's General Fund is typically used to liquidate long-term liability obligations.

The results of recognizing these long-term obligations as liabilities on the government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities, as opposed to recording these same obligations as an expenditure in the fund financial statements (Exhibit E) only when paid, is reflected in the required reconciliations of fund balance to net position (Exhibit D) and the changes in fund balances to the changes in net position (Exhibit F).

UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned Revenue arises when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them. This occurs when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the School District has a legal claim to the resources, the unearned revenue liability is removed and revenue is recognized.

DEFERRED OUTFLOWS AND INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets and liabilities, the statement of net position and/or the balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows and/or inflows of resources. These separate financial statement elements represent a decrease and/or increase in net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow and/or inflow of resources (expense/expenditure or income/revenue) in the current period.

NET POSITION

Net position is classified into three categories according to external donor or legal restrictions or availability of assets to satisfy District obligations. Net position is classified as follows:

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This component of net position consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by the outstanding balances of debt that is attributable to the acquisition, construction and improvement of the capital assets, plus deferred outflows of resources less deferred inflows of resources related to those assets.
- Restricted Net Position This component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows related to those assets.
- Unrestricted Consists of net position that does not meet the definition of 'restricted' or 'net investment in capital assets'

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the School District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

FUND EQUITY

In the Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds (Exhibit C) fund balances are reported in specific categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on any entity's fund balance more transparent in accordance with GASB No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory) or are required to be maintained intact
- Restricted fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and high levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation. As of June 30, 2015, the District has \$140,054 restricted for debt service obligations, and \$7,033,103 of capital reserve funds restricted in accordance with the Municipal Code Section 1431 or the Pa. Public School Code Section 690.
- Committed fund balance amounts constrained to specific purposes by the School District itself, using its highest level of decision-making authority; to be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School District takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint. At June 30, 2015, the District committed \$5,500,000 of the General Fund balance for the purpose of mitigating the budgetary impact of increasing PSERS rates.
- Assigned fund balance amounts the School District intends to use for a specific purpose; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. At June 30, 2015, management of the Seneca Valley School District has assigned \$9,677,492 of the General Fund balance for adoption of new texts and learning resources as well as anticipated healthcare cost increases, and \$41,833,780 of the Capital Project Fund balance for capital related acquisitions and improvements.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose

Act 48 of 2003 prohibits school districts from increasing real property taxes unless the school district has adopted a budget for such school year that includes an estimated ending unassigned fund balance which is not more than a specified percentage of the district's total budgeted expenditures. For the Seneca Valley School District, estimated ending unassigned fund balance must not exceed 8% of total budgeted expenditures. The District's unassigned General Fund balance at June 30, 2015 was approximately 7.1% of its 2015-2016 budgeted expenditures.

The School District establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund. The Board of Education has given authority to assign fund balance to the Business Manager.

When expenditures/expenses are incurred for purposes for which unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) resources are available, and amounts in any of these unrestricted classifications could be used, it is the District's general policy to spend the committed resources first, followed by assigned amounts and then unassigned amounts.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the District's management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary fund. For the Seneca Valley School District, these revenues are food service charges for lunch and breakfast service. Operating expenses are the necessary costs incurred to provide the aforementioned food service. Non-operating revenues of the District's food service proprietary fund are 1) investment earnings, 2) state and federal subsidies, including donated commodities, received from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, and 3) sale of fixed assets. The District did not have non-operating expenses during the fiscal year.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

CASH DEPOSITS:

At June 30, 2015, the Seneca Valley School District had the following carrying values on its cash and cash equivalents accounts:

	BANK	CARRYING
	BALANCE	VALUE
General Fund	\$ 8,729,718	\$ 8,644,941
General Fund - Restricted	140,054	140,054
Capital Project Funds	7,033,103	7,033,103
Enterprise Fund	1,433,808	1,300,048
Private Purpose Trust Funds	125,507	125,507
Agency Funds	251,141248,1	
	\$ 17,713,331	\$ 17,491,753

The difference between the bank balance and carrying value represents year-end reconciling items such as deposits in transit and outstanding checks. The Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage threshold for government accounts is \$250,000 per official custodian. This coverage includes checking and savings accounts, money market deposits accounts, and certificates of deposit.

Custodial Credit Risk:

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a separate policy for custodial credit risk in addition to the requirements of State Law. As of June 30, 2015, \$17,073,277 of the School District's bank balance total is exposed to custodial credit risk as this amount represents uninsured deposits collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution or by its trust department or agent, but not in the School District's name. In accordance with Act Number 72-1971 Session of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, the aforementioned deposits, in excess of \$250,000, are collateralized by securities pledged to a pooled public funds account with the Federal Reserve System. General Fund cash restricted represents funds held by Wilmington Trust at June 30, 2015 to pay the District's debt service obligations.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

INVESTMENTS:

The fair value and maturity term of the District's investments as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Fair Value		No Stated Maturity	1 Month to 1 Year		
Governmental:						
PSDLAF	\$	62,760,931	\$ 11,105,931	\$	51,655,000	
Outstanding Checks		(15,101)	 (15,101)		-	
	\$	62,745,830	\$ 11,090,830	\$	51,655,000	
PLGIT		38,849	38,849		-	
	\$	62,784,679	\$ 11,129,679	\$	51,655,000	

The purpose of the Pennsylvania Local Government Investment Trust (PLGIT) and the Pennsylvania School District Liquid Asset Fund (PSDLAF) is to enable their available funds for investments authorized under the Intergovernmental cooperation Act of 1972. The funds operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2(a)7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The funds use amortized cost to report net position to compute share prices. These funds maintain net asset values of \$1 per share. Accordingly, the fair value of the position in these funds is the same as the value of these shares.

Custodial Credit Risk:

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral security that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments in PLGIT and PSDLAF are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The School District does not have a specific policy that would limit its investment choices to those with certain credit ratings.

Interest Rate Risk:

The District has no formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. At June 30, 2015, the District's certificates of deposit investments with PSDLAF have maturity terms of 1-12 months.

Credit Risk:

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The District has no formal policy, in addition to the requirements of the Pennsylvania School Code that limits its investment choices based on credit ratings by nationally recognized rating organizations. As of June 30, 2015, PLGIT was rated A-1+ and PSDLAF was rated AAAm by the Standard & Poors nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

NOTE 3 - PROPERTY TAXES

The Seneca Valley School District levies property taxes July 1 of each fiscal year. The tax millage assessment for the 2014-2015 fiscal year was 116.45 mills, which represents \$116.45 of revenue for every \$1,000 of assessed property value. Taxpayers are entitled to a 2% discount if taxes are paid prior to October 1. Collections beginning December 1 are assessed a 10% penalty. Tax collectors are required under Act 169 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to submit a reconciliation of their tax duplicate to the District by January 15th of the year following levy. Unpaid taxes are submitted to Butler County Tax Claim Bureau for collection (See Note 14).

The final tax collector reconciliations reflected \$971,657 in unpaid 2014 property taxes, which represent 1.52% of the total assessed property taxes (\$63,718,061) for the current fiscal year.

Taxes receivable are comprised of the following at June 30, 2015:

Real Estate Transfer Taxes	\$ 182,712
Wage Taxes	22,899
Local Services Taxes	 3,499
	\$ 209,110

NOTE 4 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The amount of 'due from other governments', as reflected on the government-wide statement of net position (Exhibit A), the governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit C), and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H), is comprised of the following:

	 ERNMENTAL	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Glade Run Tuition	\$ 1,661,365	\$	-	
Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV	529,750		-	
Tuition from other LEA's	37,850		-	
Miscellaneous	23,272		-	
Commonwealth of Pennsylvania:				
State Subsidies	2,102,010		9,189	
Federal Pass-Through Grants	 11,760		74,766	
	\$ 4,366,007	\$	83,955	

NOTE 5 - INTER-FUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES/TRANSFERS

Inter-fund receivables and payables as reflected on the governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit C) are operating funds due to the General Fund from the District's Food Service Fund and monies due the Food Service Fund from the General Fund for subsidies deposited to the General Fund account. These inter-fund obligations have been eliminated in the government-wide statement of net position. At June 30, 2015 the General Fund owed the Food Service Fund a net amount of \$31,342 for subsidy payments less bills paid on behalf of Food Service Fund. The General Fund transferred \$7,000,000 to the Capital Reserve Fund to assist with various capital expenses throughout the District.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of the governmental and business-type fixed asset activity for the 2014-2015 fiscal year was as follows:

		Balance 7/1/2014		Additions	De	eductions		Balance 6/30/2015
Governmental Activities								
Land	\$	5,182,287	\$	104,994	\$	-	\$	5,287,281
Site Improvements		4,840,057		924,394		-		5,764,451
Buildings & Building Improvements		128,719,039		1,734,757		-		130,453,796
Furniture and Equipment		12,417,252		281,750		-		12,699,002
Infrastructure		1,405,961		-		-		1,405,961
Construction in Progress		661,812		144,037		661,812		144,037
	\$	153,226,408	\$	3,189,932	\$	661,812	\$	155,754,528
Less: Accumulated depreciation Site Improvements Buildings Furniture and Equipment Infrastructure Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ \$ \$	(3,052,196) (61,131,684) (10,694,061) (783,195) (75,661,136) 77,565,272	\$ \$ \$	(189,738) (3,049,918) (321,292) (38,620) (3,599,568) (409,636)	\$ \$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$ \$	(3,241,934) (64,181,602) (11,015,353) (821,815) (79,260,704) 76,493,824
Business-Type Activities Furniture and Equipment Less: Accumulated Depreciation	\$	806,503 (636,997)	\$	62,754 (37,169)	\$	-	\$	869,257 (674,166)
Business-Type Activities								
Capital Assets, Net	\$	169,506	\$	25,585	\$	-	\$	195,091

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 328,782
Instructional Student Support	52,711
Administrative and Financial Support Services	40,738
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services	43,361
Building Acquisition/Construction/Improvement	3,098,384
Student Activities	35,592
	\$ 3,599,568

NOTE 7 - OTHER RECEIVABLES

The amount of 'other receivables', as reflected on the government-wide statement of net position (Exhibit A), the governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit C), and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H), is comprised of the following:

	 RNMENTAL	 ESS-TYPE IVITIES
AJ Myers - Fuel	\$ 46,976	\$ -
School Claims - Medical/Dental/Vision/PSERS	67,267	-
Highmark Insurance	5,706	-
Band Boosters - Uniforms	5,000	-
Miscellaneous	14,704	1,589
	\$ 139,653	\$ 1,589

NOTE 8 - UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue as of June 30, 2015, as reflected on the government-wide statement of net position (Exhibit A), the governmental funds balance sheet (Exhibit C), and the proprietary fund statement of net position (Exhibit H), is comprised of the following:

	 RNMENTAL TIVITIES	BUSINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES		
Monsanto Grant	\$ 5,534	\$	-	
Allegheny Intermediate Unit	4,000		-	
Advance Placement Testing	2,131		-	
Act Aspire Testing	3,275		-	
Donated Commodities Inventory	 -		24,621	
	\$ 14,940	\$	24,621	

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES A OF 2007

In November 2007, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2007 in the amount of \$15,325,000 for the purpose of currently refunding of the School District's General Obligation Bonds, Series AA of 1998, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on February 15 and August 15 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between 4.0 and 5.0% with maturity scheduled for February 15, 2020. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES A & B 2010

In July of 2010, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series A & B of 2010 in the amount of \$3,255,000 and \$1,290,000 respectively. The purpose of the bonds was to pay the School District's portion of the Butler County Area Vocational-Technical School project, to fund certain capital projects within the School District, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. In April of 2015, the District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series B of 2015 which currently refunded a portion of General Obligation Bonds – Series A of 2010. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on April 1 and October 1 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between 2.6 and 3.8% with maturity scheduled for April 1, 2023. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES OF 2011

In November of 2011, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2011 in the amount of \$9,895,000. The purpose of the bonds was to currently refund the School District's Series of 2007 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on January 1 and July 1 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between .35 and 3% with maturity scheduled for January 1, 2023. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES A, B, AND C OF 2012

In April of 2012, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series A, B, and C of 2012 in the amount of \$1,635,000, \$1,595,000, and \$1,560,000 respectively. The purpose of Series A of 2012 was to currently refund the School District's Series B of 2002 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The purpose of Series B of 2012 was to advance refund the School District's Series B of 2012 was to advance refund the School District's Series B of 2003 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The purpose of Series C of 2012 was to advance refund the School District's Series C of 2012 was to advance refund the School District's Series of 2004 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. The Series A and B interest rates range between .50% and 2.4% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2022. The Series C interest rates range between .50% and 2.0% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2020. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES D OF 2012

In October of 2012, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series D of 2012 in the amount of \$5,155,000. The purpose of the bonds was to provide the School District with the funds required for the costs of acquiring and constructing renovations, repairs, replacements and improvements to and of various components of District capital facilities, purchasing equipment for School District programs, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between 1.0 and 2.25% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2024. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES OF 2013

In April of 2013, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2013 in the amount of \$8,875,000. The purpose of the bonds was to currently refund the School District's Series A of 2003 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on April 1 and October 1 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between .35 and 2% with maturity scheduled for October 1, 2017. The bonds are not subject to mandatory or optional redemption prior to their stated dates of maturity.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES OF 2014

In November of 2014, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series of 2014 in the amount of \$10,000,000. The purpose of the bonds was to provide the School District with funds for various capital projects within the School District and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. The bond issue interest rates range between 2.45 and 2.6% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2025. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

GENERAL OBLIGATION BONDS – SERIES A, B, AND C OF 2015

In April of 2015, the Seneca Valley School District issued General Obligation Bonds – Series A, B, and C of 2015 in the amount of \$27,195,000, \$1,960,000, and \$26,935,000 respectively. The purpose of Series A of 2015 was to currently refund the School District's Series of 2005 General Obligation Bonds, and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The purpose of Series B of 2015 was to currently refund a portion of the School District's Series C of 2015 was to provide the School District with funds for various capital improvements within the School District and payment of the costs of the issuance of the Bonds. The bonds were issued in denominations of \$5,000 with interest payable on March 1 and September 1 each year through maturity. The Series A and B interest rates range between 1.5% and 5.0% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2027 respectively. The Series C interest rates range between 3.25 and 5.0% with maturity scheduled for March 1, 2030. The bonds provide for early redemption options as detailed in the official statement of issue.

SERIES												
2007A		2010A	2	2010B		2011		2012A		2012B		
PRINCIPAL	PR	INCIPAL	PR	INCIPAL	PR	PRINCIPAL		RINCIPAL F		RINCIPAL	PRINCIPAL	
\$ 1,320,000	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	\$	150,000	\$	155,000	\$	150,000		
1,380,000		5,000		5,000		160,000		160,000		160,000		
1,435,000		5,000		5,000		160,000		160,000		160,000		
1,495,000		5,000		5,000		160,000		170,000		165,000		
1,560,000		5,000		5,000		170,000		170,000		165,000		
		880,000	1	,245,000	8	3,895,000		355,000		345,000		
\$ 7,190,000	\$	905,000	\$1	,270,000	\$ 9	9,695,000	\$ ´	1,170,000	\$ ^	1,145,000		
	PRINCIPAL \$ 1,320,000 1,380,000 1,435,000 1,495,000 1,560,000	PRINCIPAL PR \$ 1,320,000 \$ 1,380,000 \$ 1,435,000 1,495,000 1,560,000 -	PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL \$ 1,320,000 \$ 5,000 1,380,000 5,000 1,435,000 5,000 1,495,000 5,000 1,560,000 5,000 - 880,000	PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PR \$ 1,320,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 1,380,000 5,000 \$ 1,435,000 5,000 \$ 1,495,000 5,000 \$ 1,560,000 5,000 \$ - 880,000 1	2007A 2010A 2010B PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL \$ 1,320,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 1,380,000 5,000 \$ 5,000 1,435,000 5,000 \$ 5,000 1,495,000 5,000 \$ 5,000 1,560,000 5,000 \$ 5,000 - 880,000 1,245,000	2007A 2010A 2010B PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL \$ 1,320,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	2007A 2010A 2010B 2011 PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL \$ 1,320,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 5,000 \$ 150,000 1,380,000 5,000 5,000 160,000 1,435,000 5,000 5,000 160,000 1,495,000 5,000 5,000 160,000 1,560,000 5,000 5,000 170,000 - 880,000 1,245,000 8,895,000	2007A 2010A 2010B 2011 PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL	2007A 2010A 2010B 2011 2012A PRINCIPAL \$155,000 \$150,000 \$155,000 \$155,000 \$160,000 160,000 160,000 160,000 160,000 160,000 160,000 160,000 170,000 170,000 170,000 170,000 170,000 355,000 <th>2007A 2010A 2010B 2011 2012A PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL</th>	2007A 2010A 2010B 2011 2012A PRINCIPAL PRINCIPAL		

A summary of the Seneca Valley School District's general obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2015 is as follows:

	SERIES											
YEAR END JUNE 30,	PF	2012C RINCIPAL	_	012D NCIPAL	PR	2013 INCIPAL	F	2014 PRINCIPAL	Р	2015A RINCIPAL		015B NCIPAL
2016	\$	230,000	\$	5,000	\$ 3	3,080,000	\$	5,000	\$	1,630,000	\$	-
2017		230,000		5,000	3	3,430,000		5,000		860,000		-
2018		195,000		5,000		905,000		5,000		3,690,000		-
2019		190,000		5,000		-		5,000		4,710,000		-
2020		195,000		5,000		-		5,000		3,705,000		-
2021-2025		-	5,	120,000		-		9,975,000		7,210,000		-
2026-2030		-		-		-		-		5,390,000	1,9	960,000
	\$	1,040,000	\$5,	145,000	\$7	7,415,000	\$	10,000,000	\$	27,195,000	\$ 1,9	960,000

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

YEAR END JUNE 30,	 2015C PRINCIPAL	 INTEREST	 TOTAL
2016	\$ -	\$ 3,062,516	\$ 9,797,516
2017	-	3,401,825	9,801,825
2018	-	3,264,094	9,989,094
2019	-	3,087,480	9,997,480
2020	-	2,816,905	8,801,905
2021-2025	-	10,838,693	44,863,693
2026-2030	 26,935,000	 4,163,963	 38,448,963
	\$ 26,935,000	\$ 30,635,476	\$ 131,700,476

In connection with the School District's various general obligation bond issues, the District paid approximately \$350,281 in bond discount costs. These costs are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bond issue. The unamortized amount of bond discount totaling \$200,514 is reflected in the governmental activities column on the government-wide statement of net position as a reduction to the long-term portion of bonds payable. Amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$28,972. This amount is included as part of interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities.

The School District's various general obligation bond issues were issued at premiums totaling \$10,838,732. The un-accreted amount of bond premiums totaling \$7,976,992 is added to the long-term portion of bonds payable on the government-wide statement of net position. Premium accretion for the year ended June 30, 2015 was \$431,361. This amount is included as part of interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities.

In connection with certain of the School District's current and prior year bond refundings, the District entered into irrevocable trust agreements with the Bond Trustees to purchase U.S. Government Securities in an amount sufficient to fully service the defeased bond indebtedness as it matures or is called. For financial reporting purposes, this prior debt is considered defeased and therefore removed as a liability from the District's financial statements. The difference between the remaining outstanding balance of the defeased bonds at the time of refunding and the reacquisition price (amount deposited with escrow agent for refunding purposes) is considered 'deferred interest on refunding' and is being amortized over the life of the new bond issue. The annual amortization of this deferred interest is reflected as a component of interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities. The remaining unamortized portion of this deferred interest totaling \$1,737,791 is reflected as a deferred outflow of resources of the government-wide statement of net position.

NOTE 9 - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

The following represents the changes in the District's long-term liabilities during the 2014-2015 fiscal year:

	Balance 7/1/2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2015	Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 73,260,000	\$ 66,090,000	\$ 38,285,000	\$ 101,065,000	\$ 6,735,000
Compensated Absences	579,811	404,586	192,758	791,639	-
Net Pension Liability	142,094,000	-	-	142,094,000	-
Net OPEB Liability	13,188,090	1,731,299	-	14,919,389	
	\$ 229,121,901	\$ 68,225,885	\$ 38,477,758	\$ 258,870,028	\$ 6,735,000

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN

The Seneca Valley School District participates in the Public School Employees' Retirement System (PSERS). PSERS is a component unit of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. A brief description of the plan, and summary of the plan's provisions, are as follows:

Plan Description:

Name of Plan: Public School Employees' Retirement System (the System)

Type of Plan: Governmental cost-sharing multiple-employer defined-benefit plan that provides retirement benefits to public school employees of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania. The members eligible to participate in the System include all full-time public school employees, part-time hourly public school employees who render at least 500 hours of service in the school year, and part-time per diem public school employees who render at least 80 days of service in the school year in any of the reporting entities in Pennsylvania.

Authority: The contribution policy is established in the Public School Employees' Retirement Code.

Annual Financial Report: The System issues a *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR)* that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the plan. A copy of the report may be obtained by writing to Beth Girman, Office of Financial Management, Public School Employees' Retirement System, 5 N 5th Street, Harrisburg PA 17101-1905 or by emailing Beth at <u>bgirman@pa.gov</u>. The CAFR is also available on the Publications page of the PSERS website, <u>www.psers.state.pa.us</u>.

Benefits Provided:

PSERS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Members are eligible for monthly retirement benefits upon reaching (a) age 62 with a least 1 year of credited service; (b) age 60 with 30 or more years of credited service; or (c) 35 or more years of service regardless of age. Act 120 of 2010 (Act 120) preserves the benefits of existing members and introduced benefit reductions for individuals who become new members on or after July 1, 2011. Act 120 created two new membership classes, Membership Class T-E (Class T-E) and Membership Class T-F (Class T-F). To qualify for normal retirement, Class T-E and Class T-F members must work until age 65 with a minimum of three years of service or attain a total combination of age and service that is equal to or greater than ninety two with a minimum of thirty-five years of service.

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefits Provided: (Continued)

Benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service. For members whose membership started prior to July 1, 2011, after completion of five years of service, a member's right to the defined benefits is vested and early retirement benefits may be elected. For Class T-E and Class T-F members, the right to benefits is vested after ten years of service.

Participants are eligible for disability retirement benefits after completion of five years of credited service. Such benefits are generally equal to 2% or 2.5%, depending upon membership class, of the member's final average salary (as defined in the Code) multiplied by the number of years of credited service, but not less than one-third of such salary nor greater than the benefit the member would have had at normal retirement age. Members over normal retirement age may apply for disability benefits.

Death benefits are payable upon the death of an active member who has reached age 62 with at least one year of credited service (age 65 with at least three years of credited service for Class T-E and Class T-F members) or who has at least five years of credited service (ten years for Class T-E and Class T-F members). Such benefits are actuarially equivalent to the benefit that would have been effective if the member had retired on the day before death.

Contribution Rates:

Member Contributions - Active members who joined the System prior to July 22, 1983, contribute at 5.25% (Membership Class TC) or at 6.5% (Membership Class TD) of the member's qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System on or after July 22, 1983 and who were active or inactive as of July 1, 2001, contribute 6.25% (Membership Class TC) or at 7.5% (Membership Class TD) of the members qualifying compensation. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2001 and before June 1, 2011, contribute at 7.5% (automatic Membership Class TD).

For all new hires and for members who elected Class T-D membership, the higher contribution rates began with service rendered on or after January 1, 2002. Members who joined the System after June 30, 2011 automatically contribute at the Membership Class T-E rate of 7.5% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. All new hires after June 30, 2011, who elect Class T-F membership, contribute at 10.30% (base rate) of the member's qualifying compensation. Membership Class T-E and Class T-F are affected by a 'shared risk' provision in Act 120 of 2010 that in future years could cause the Membership Class T-E contribution rate to fluctuate between 7.50% and 9.50% and Membership Class T-F contribution rate to fluctuate between 10.3%.

Employer Contributions - Contributions required of employers are based upon an actuarial valuation. For fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the rate of employer's contribution was 21.40% of covered payroll. The 21.40% is comprised of a pension contribution rate of 20.50% for pension benefits and .90% for healthcare insurance premium assistance. For the governmental funds and proprietary fund, Seneca Valley School District pension expense (includes health care component) for the three most recent fiscal years is as follows:

	DISTRICT					
YEAR	EXPENSE					
2014-2015	\$	10,038,468				
2013-2014		7,757,190				
2012-2013		5,681,492				

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported a liability of \$142,094,000 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was calculated utilizing the employer's one-year reported covered payroll as it relates to the total one-year reported covered payroll. At June 30, 2014, the School District's proportion was .3590%, which was an increase of .0082% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the School District recognized additional pension expense of \$3,614,093 (excludes health care component of .90%) in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) as a result of implementing GASB Statement No. 68.

At June 30, 2015, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows f Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and				
actual experience	\$ -	\$	-	
Changes in assumptions	-		-	
Net difference between projected and				
actual investment earnings	-		10,158,000	
Changes in proportions	2,705,000		-	
Difference between employer				
contributions and proportionate share				
of total contributions	343,890		-	
Contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	 9,480,907		-	
	\$ 12,529,797	\$	10,158,000	

The \$12,529,797 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended	
June 30,	 Amount
2016	\$ (1,888,000)
2017	(1,888,000)
2018	(1,888,000)
2019	98,000

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions:

The total pension liability as of June 30, 2014 was determined by rolling forward the System's total pension liability as of the June 30, 2013 actuarial valuation to June 30, 2014 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

- Actuarial cost method Entry Age Normal level % of pay
- Investment return 7.50%, includes inflation at 3%
- Salary increases Effective average of 5.5%, which reflects an allowance for inflation of 3%, real wage growth of 1%, and merit or seniority increases of 1.5%
- Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Annuitant Tables (male and female) with age set back three (3) years for both males and females. For disabled annuitants the RP-2000 Combined Disabled Tables (male and female) with age set back seven (7) years for males and three (3) years for females

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2013 valuation were based on the experience study that was performed for the five-year period ending June 30, 2010. The recommended assumption changes based on this experience study were adopted by the Board at its March 11, 2011 Board meeting, and were effective beginning with the June 30, 2011 actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Investment Asset Allocation:

The pension plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested plan assets is established and may be amended by the Board. Plan assets are managed with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the pension.

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Expected Real Rate of Return
Public markets global equity	19%	5.00%
Private markets (equity)	21%	6.50%
Private real estate	13%	4.70%
Global fixed income	8%	2.00%
U.S. long treasuries	3%	1.40%
TIPS	12%	1.20%
High yield bonds	6%	1.70%
Cash	3%	0.90%
Absolute return	10%	4.80%
Risk parity	5%	3.90%
MLPs/Infrastructure	3%	5.30%
Commodities	6%	3.30%
Financing (LIBOR)	-9%	1.10%
	100%	

NOTE 10 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Investment Asset Allocation: (Continued)

The above was the Board's adopted asset allocation policy and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:

The following presents the net pension liability, calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

		1% Decrease		rrent Discount	1%
				Rate	Increase
		6.50%		7.50%	 8.50%
School District's proportionate share	e of				
the net pension liability	\$	177,244,000	\$	142,094,000	\$ 112,087,000

Pension plan fiduciary net position:

Detailed information about PSERS' fiduciary net position is available in PSERS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be found on the System's website at www.psers.state.pa.us.

The allocation of the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows, as stated on Exhibits A and H, are as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities	siness-Type Activities	Total		
Net Pension Liability	\$	139,252,120	\$ 2,841,880	\$	142,094,000	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pension		12,279,201	250,596		12,529,797	
Deferred Inflows Related to Pension		9,954,840	203,160		10,158,000	

NOTE 11 – JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

MIDWESTERN INTERMEDIATE UNIT IV

The Seneca Valley School District participates with 26 other School Districts located in the Counties of Butler, Lawrence and Mercer in the Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV (IU IV). The IU IV was established in 1971 by Act 102 of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania to function as a regional educational service agency for 27 school districts, as well as nonpublic schools and other institutions, located within the aforementioned counties. The IU IV provides services relative to curriculum development, continuing education, educational planning, instructional materials, pupil personnel, state and federal agency liaison and managerial oversight. The Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV is governed by a thirteen (13) member board appointed by the 27 participating school districts on a rotating basis. The School District contributed \$137,592 to IU IV through state subsidy withholdings for the year-ended June 30, 2015. Midwestern Intermediate Unit IV issues separate financial statements annually which can be obtained by contacting the IU IV directly.

BUTLER COUNTY AREA VOCATIONAL TECHNICAL SCHOOL

The Seneca Valley School District, in conjunction with six other Western Pennsylvania School Districts, fund the operating and capital budget of the Butler County Area Vocational Technical School. The technical school is designed to teach students trade related professions. Each district's share of the operating budget is based on its' average daily membership. Each district's share of the capital budget is based on the ratio of the district's market valuation to the total market valuation of all participating districts. The Butler County Area Vocational Technical School issues separate financial statements annually which can be obtained by contacting the Vo-Tech directly.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION

PLAN DESCRIPTION

The Seneca Valley School District provides post-retirement healthcare benefits, for eligible employees, and their spouse, who elect early retirement.

The single-employer retiree benefit plan ('the Plan') was established by the authority of the collective bargaining agreements between the Seneca Valley School District Board of Education and the various unions. The program entitles eligible employees to health care benefits during the period between retirement and either attaining age 65 or becoming eligible for Medicare benefits.

Any increase in the premium costs for the aforementioned insurance that occurs after retirement, shall be borne by the retired employee. The plan is unfunded and does not issue a publicly available financial report. These benefits are accounted for in accordance with GASB Statement No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-employment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

FUNDING POLICY

The contribution requirements of plan members and the School District are negotiated between the District and the union representatives and may be amended by the Seneca Valley Board of Education. The plan is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, i.e. premiums are paid to fund the health care benefits provided to current retirees. There are no assets that have been segregated and restricted to provide for retiree medical benefits. During the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the Seneca Valley School District contributed \$1,213,515 for 95 participants. Total retiree contributions made by plan members were \$390,984 for the year ending June 30, 2015.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

ANNUAL OPEB COST AND NET OPEB OBLIGATION

The District's annual other post-employment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years.

The following show the components of the Seneca Valley School District's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the plan and changes in the Seneca Valley School District's net OPEB obligation:

Annual required contribution	\$ 3,781,363
Interest on net OPEB obligation	593,464
Adjustment to annual required contribution	 (809,637)
Annual OPEB cost (expense)	3,565,190
Contributions made (estimate)	 (1,833,891)
Increase in net OPEB obligation	1,731,299
Net OPEB obligation at July 1, 2014	 13,188,090
Net OPEB obligation at June 30, 2015	\$ 14,919,389

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS

The District's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of the annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation is as follows:

FISCAL YEAR ENDED	A	NNUAL OPEB COST	PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTED	NET OPEB OBLIGATION
2015	\$	3,565,190	24%	\$ 14,919,389
2014		3,653,459	28%	13,188,090
2013		3,686,925	33%	11,251,170
2012		3,195,109	35%	9,209,471

As of March 1, 2014, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the District unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) was \$35,187,296. The annual payroll for active employees covered by the plan in the actuarial valuation was \$40,486,161 for a ratio of UAAL to covered payroll of 86.9%.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the health care cost trend. Actuarial amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the school district are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, as shown below, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION (Continued)

FUNDED STATUS AND FUNDING PROGRESS (Continued)

	(/	A)		(B)		(B-A) (UAAL)	(A/E	3)	(C)	(B-A)/C
						UNFUNDED				UAAL AS A
ACTUARIAL			-		1	ACTUARIAL			00/5050	% OF
		JE OF	_			ACCRUED	FUND		COVERED	COVERED
DATE	A55	ETS		LIABILITY		LIABILITY	RAT		PAYROLL	PAYROLL
3/1/14	\$	-	\$	35,187,296	\$	35,187,296	0%	\$	40,486,161	86.9%
3/1/12		-		34,060,922		34,060,922	0%	D	38,803,256	87.8%
3/1/10		-		26,675,396		26,675,396	0%	D	39,424,446	67.7%
3/1/08		-		26,594,066		26,594,066	0%	þ	36,352,857	73.2%

ACTUARIAL METHODS AND ASSUMPTIONS

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used to include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The March 1, 2014 actuarial valuation report utilized the Unit Credit Actuarial Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included a 4.5% investment rate of return (net of administrative expenses), which is a blended rate of the expected long-term investment returns on plan assets and on the employer's own investments calculated based on the funded level of the plan at the valuation date. The UAAL, if any, is being amortized as a level dollar amount over 30 years. The remaining amortization period at June 30, 2015 was 29 years.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT

GENERAL INSURANCE CLAIMS

The Seneca Valley School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to tort; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims for these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

NOTE 13 - RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

HEALTH INSURANCE

The Seneca Valley School District is a member of the Midwestern Health Combine. The Consortium is a public entity risk pool designed to administer health and medical insurance risks on a pooled risk basis. The Consortium elected to finance these health care benefits using a self-insured approach known as an Administrative Service Contract (ASC) arrangement. Under this arrangement, the consortium contracts for an insurer (Highmark Blue Cross/Blue Shield) to settle the payment for benefits at their provider discounted contract amounts plus a fee for administration rather than paying for benefits at non-discounted claims rates.

The Reschini Group performs billing and collection services for the Consortium's deposit (medical) and premium (supplemental) amounts. Billing administration is provided through Crown Benefits Administration who also monitors and submits to Highmark all enrollment and eligibility changes for all coverages. Contributions from participating schools are determined annually in advance by the Consortium's operating committee. These contributions are based on amounts required to fund anticipated benefits and claims, as well as operational costs. The monthly payments of each member are determined by the terms of the medical benefit chosen by such members.

Participating school districts are permitted to withdraw from the Consortium, and are entitled to a vested interest in the Consortium fund balance after settlement of all claims related to that district over a period of 12 months from the date of withdrawal. As of June 30, 2015, the Consortium net position available for benefits reflected a deficit balance of \$555,561. During the 2014-2015 fiscal year, the Seneca Valley School District contributed \$11,002,324 to the Midwestern Health Combine.

NOTE 14 - CONTINGENCIES

STATE AND FEDERAL SUBSIDIES

The Seneca Valley School District state and federally funded programs are subject to audit by various governmental agencies. The District is potentially liable for any expenditure disallowed by the results of these audits. Management is not aware of any items of noncompliance which would result in the disallowance of program expenditures.

SALE OF TAX CLAIMS

On July 1, 2011, the Seneca Valley School District sold its outstanding delinquent real estate tax liens through June 30, 2011 to the Northwest Pennsylvania Incubator Association (NPIA). The District has continued to sell its outstanding delinquent real estate tax liens through June 30, 2015. NPIA borrowed the necessary funds from Firstrust Savings Bank. Section 3.02 of the agreement of sale between the District and NPIA provides for a mandatory repurchase clause by the District in the event of default by NPIA on its loan obligation to Firstrust Savings Bank. In the event of default, the District would be responsible for the outstanding balance due Firstrust Savings Bank by NPIA.

NOTE 15 – RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

Effective July 1, 2014, the Seneca Valley School District implemented Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements No. 68 and 71, which require the accounting for unfunded pension liability for the PSERS plan (Note 10). Accordingly, the School District's net position as of July 1, 2014 was restated as follows:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		 ISINESS-TYPE ACTIVITIES	TOTALS
NET POSITION AS PREVIOUSLY REPORTED 6/30/14	\$	19,158,757	\$ 1,515,412	\$ 20,674,169
NET PENSION LIABILITY (MEASUREMENT DATE) 6/30/13		(140,731,920)	(2,872,080)	(143,604,000)
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS - DISTRICTS CONTRIBUTIONS MADE DURING FISCAL YEAR 2013-2014		7,345,972	 149,918	 7,495,890
TOTAL PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT		(133,385,948)	 (2,722,162)	 (136,108,110)
NET POSTION AS RESTATED JULY 1, 2014	\$	(114,227,191)	\$ (1,206,750)	\$ (115,433,941)

NOTE 16 – PENDING GASB PRONOUNCEMENTS

In February of 2015, the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued Statement No. 72, 'Fair Value Measurement and Application'. The primary objective of this Statement is to clarify the definition of fair value, establish general principles for measuring fair value and enhances disclosure about fair value measurements. The provisions of this Statement are effective for Seneca Valley School District's June 30, 2016 financial statements.

In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 74, 'Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans'. The primary objective of this Statement is to address reporting by governments that provide Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) to their employees. The provisions of this Statement are effective for Seneca Valley School District's June 30, 2017 financial statements.

In June of 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, 'Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pension.' The primary objective of this Statement is to replace GASB 45 with a requirement to report a liability on the financial statements for the OPEB that governments provide to employees. The provisions of this Statement are effective for Seneca Valley School District's June 30, 2018 financial statements.

In June of 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, 'The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments'. The primary objective of this Statement is to reduce the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP from the four categories under GASB Statement No. 55. The provisions of this Statement are effective for Seneca Valley School District's June 30, 2016 financial statements.

The effects of the implementation of these standards on Seneca Valley School District's financial statements have not yet been determined.

NOTE 17 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Seneca Valley School District evaluated its June 30, 2015 financial statements for subsequent events through the date of the 'Independent Auditor's Report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. The Seneca Valley School District is not aware of any subsequent events that would require recognition or disclosure in the financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN JUNE 30, 2015

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS:

June 30,	 2015	 2014	 2013
Contractually required contributions	\$ 10,038,468	\$ 7,757,190	\$ 5,681,492
Contribution in relation to the contractually required contribution	(10,038,468)	(7,757,190)	(5,681,492)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 47,317,622	\$ 45,819,197	\$ 45,022,245
Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	21.22%	16.93%	12.62%

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY:

As of the measurement date of June 30,	2013
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.3508%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 143,604,000
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 45,022,245
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	318.96%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	54.49%

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT <u>COMBINING BALANCE SHEET</u> <u>CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS</u> <u>JUNE 30, 2015</u>

	CAPITAL RESERVE FUND			TOTAL NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
ASSETS:						
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 7,033,103	\$	-	\$	7,033,103	
Investments	-		42,020,884		42,020,884	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 7,033,103	\$	42,020,884	\$	49,053,987	

LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES

LIABILITIES:			
Accounts Payable	\$ -	\$ 187,104	\$ 187,104
TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ -	\$ 187,104	\$ 187,104
FUND BALANCES:			
Restricted	\$ 7,033,103	\$ -	\$ 7,033,103
Assigned	-	41,833,780	41,833,780
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,033,103	\$ 41,833,780	\$ 48,866,883
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 7,033,103	\$ 42,020,884	\$ 49,053,987

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

		CAPITAL RESERVE FUND		OTHER CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS		TOTAL CAPITAL PROJECT FUNDS
REVENUES						
Local Sources	\$	788	\$	15,860	\$	16,648
Total Revenue	\$	788	\$	15,860	\$	16,648
EXPENDITURES						
Support Services	\$	-	\$	796,199	\$	796,199
Debt Service		-		2,341,805		2,341,805
Capital Outlay		119,780		2,115,527		2,235,307
Total Expenditures	\$	119,780	\$	5,253,531	\$	5,373,311
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenue						
over Expenditures	\$	(118,992)	\$	(5,237,671)	\$	(5,356,663)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating Transfers In	\$	7,000,000	\$	-	\$	7,000,000
Transfer to Escrow Account	Ŧ	-	Ŧ	(30,075,561)	Ŧ	(30,075,561)
Bond Proceeds & Premiums		-		72,997,440		72,997,440
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		7,000,000		42,921,879		49,921,879
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	6,881,008	\$	37,684,208	\$	44,565,216
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2014		152,095		4,149,572		4,301,667
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2015	\$	\$ 7,033,103		\$ 41,833,780		48,866,883

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT CASH SUMMARY - ACTIVITIES FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

	BALANCE 6/30/2014		F	RECEIPTS	DISB	JRSEMENTS	BALANCE 6/30/2015		
Senior High Activity Fund Middle School Activity Fund	\$	146,849 50,730	\$	239,741 299,362	\$	218,702 295,139	\$	167,888 54,953	
Intermediate School Activity Fund		22,861		39,328		36,930		25,259	
	\$	220,440	\$	578,431	\$	550,771	\$	248,100	

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT

INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY OFFICE OF MANAGEMENT AND BUDGET (OMB) CIRCULAR A-133

Mark C. Turnley

Certified Public Accountant

Certified Public Accountant

1000 3rd Avenue New Brighton, Pennsylvania 15066 (724) 384-1081 FAX (724) 384-8908

NDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Management and Board of Education Seneca Valley School District

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standard* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Seneca Valley School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Seneca Valley School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated January 31, 2016.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered the Seneca Valley School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca Valley School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca Valley School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Seneca Valley School District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified. To the Board of Education Seneca Valley School District

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Seneca Valley School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

This purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Seneca Valley School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Seneca Valley School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mark & Tuentey

Mark C. Turnley Certified Public Accountant

January 31, 2016 New Brighton, Pennsylvania Certified Public Accountant

1000 3rd Avenue New Brighton, Pennsylvania 15066 (724) 384-1081 FAX (724) 384-8908

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Management and Board of Education Seneca Valley School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Seneca Valley School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Seneca Valley School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. Seneca Valley School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirement of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Seneca Valley School District's major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Seneca Valley School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination on Seneca Valley School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Seneca Valley School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Pennsylvania Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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To the Board of Education Seneca Valley School District

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of Seneca Valley School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Seneca Valley School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Seneca Valley School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a rederal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mark & Turnley

Mark C. Turnley Certified Public Accountant

January 31, 2016 New Brighton, Pennsylvania

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FEDERAL GRANTOR / PROJECT TITLE	FUNDING SOURCE	FEDERAL CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH GRANTOR NUMBER	GRANT PERIOD BEGINNING / ENDING DATE			TOTAL RECEIVED THIS PERIOD		ACCRUED (DEFERRED) REVENUE JULY 1		D)		EXPENDITURES		ACCRUED DEFERRED) REVENUE JUNE 30	
U.S. Department of Education:																
Passed through Midwestern Interme	diate Unit #4:															
IDEA	Indirect	84.027	062-150003	7/1/14-6/30/15	\$ 1,105,732	\$	762,248	\$	-	\$	1,105,732	\$	1,105,732	(1) \$	343,484	
IDEA	Indirect	84.027	062-140003	7/1/13-6/30/14	1,278,120	+	365,447	+	365,447	+	-	Ŧ	-	(-) +	-	
IDEA - Section 619	Indirect	84.173	131-150004	7/1/14-6/30/15	8,417		-				8,417		8,417	(1)	8,417	
IDEA - Section 619	Indirect	84.173	131-140004	7/1/13-6/30/14	7,424		7,424		7,424		-, -			• •	-, -	
IDEA Cluster Subtotal					,	\$	1,135,119	\$	372,871	\$	1,114,149	\$	1,114,149	\$	351,901	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION	ON					\$	1,135,119	\$	372,871	\$	1,114,149	\$	1,114,149	\$	351,901	
									,	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		, ,	· <u> </u>	<u>, </u>	
U.S. Department of Health and Huma																
Passed through Pa. Dept. of Public	Welfare:															
Title 19		93.778	044-007411	7/1/14-6/30/15	N/A	\$	6,947	\$	-	\$	13,188	\$	13,188	\$	6,241	
Title 19		93.778	044-007411	7/1/13-6/30/14	N/A		10,977		10,977		-		-	· _	-	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH	AND HUMAN SE	ERVICES				\$	17,924	\$	10,977	\$	13,188	\$	13,188	\$	6,241	
U.S. Department of Agriculture: Passed through Pa. Dept. of Educati National School				-////				•				<u>^</u>				
Lunch Program	Indirect	10.555	N/A	7/1/14-6/30/15	N/A	\$	451,289	\$	-	\$	516,584	\$	516,584	\$	65,295	
Lunch Program	Indirect	10.555	N/A	7/1/12-6/30/14	N/A		63,414		63,414		-		-		-	
Breakfast Program	Indirect	10.553	N/A	7/1/14-6/30/15	N/A		51,125		-		60,595		60,595		9,470	
Breakfast Program	Indirect	10.553	N/A	7/1/13-6/30/14	N/A		8,346		8,346		-		-		-	
Value of USDA Donated Comm. TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF AGRICUL	Indirect TURE	10.555	N/A	7/1/14-6/30/15	N/A	\$	182,135 756,309	*	(30,719) 41,041	**	188,233 765,412	\$	188,233 765,412	\$	(24,621) 50,144	
U.S. Department of Defense: Department of Army ROTC	Direct	N/A	N/A	7/1/14-6/30/15	N/A	\$	60,349	\$		\$	65,868	\$	65,868	\$	5,519	
Department of Army ROTC	Direct	N/A N/A	N/A N/A	7/1/13-6/30/14	N/A N/A	φ	5,471	φ	- 5,471	φ	03,000	φ	05,000	Φ	5,519	
TOTAL DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE		IN/A	IN/A	7/1/13-0/30/14	N/A	\$	65,820	\$	5,471	\$	65,868	\$	65,868	\$	5,519	
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE						\$	1,975,172	\$	430,360	\$	1,958,617	\$	1,958,617	\$	413,805	
		#	 Reconciliation with federal subsidy confirmation: Per above School Lunch/Breakfast matching state subsidy Donated commodities IDEA - MWIU #4 Title 19 Medical Assistance - ACCESS 				1,975,172 72,256 (182,135) (1,135,119) (17,924) 281,885			** R *** R	otal USDA Co epresents beg epresents enc enotes Major	ginning ding in	g inventory - 7 ventory - 6/30			
			Department of	_	(65,820)											

Per confirmation

\$ 928,315

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS JUNE 30, 2015

NOTE 1 - FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the activity of all federal award programs of the Seneca Valley School District.

NOTE 2 - BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the accrual method of accounting. Under this method, grant revenue is recognized to the extent expenditures are incurred. Expenditures are recognized when the liability for the expenditure is incurred rather than when the disbursement is actually made.

NOTE 3 - RELATIONSHIP TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal financial award revenues are included in the financial statements as 'local source' and 'federal source' revenues.

NOTE 4 – FEDERAL GRANTS RECEIVABLE

Federal grants receivable are included as part of 'due from other governments' in Exhibit A, C, and H as referenced in Note 4 to the Financial Statements. Unearned federal grant revenue is included as part of 'unearned revenue' on Exhibit H and is referenced in Note 8 to the Financial Statements.

NOTE 5 - NON-CASH ASSISTANCE

The Seneca Valley School District received donated commodities from the Department of Agriculture in connection with its food service program. The amount of non-cash assistance expended in the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards reflects the fair market value of the commodities used during the 2014-2015 fiscal year.

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- **1.** The audit report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of the Seneca Valley School District.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to internal controls over financial reporting were disclosed in the 'Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards'.
- **3.** No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of the Seneca Valley School District were disclosed during the audit.
- **4.** No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs are reported in the 'Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance required by OMB Circular A-133'.
- **5.** The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Seneca Valley School District expresses an unmodified opinion.
- 6. The programs tested as major programs include:

U.S. Department of Education:

- IDEA CFDA #84.027
- IDEA Section 619 CFDA #84.173
- 7. The Threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 8. Seneca Valley School District does qualify as a low-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

None

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAM AUDIT

None

SENECA VALLEY SCHOOL DISTRICT STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

There were no findings in the audit report of the Seneca Valley School District for the year ended June 30, 2014, dated February 10, 2015.