

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION ELBERTON, GEORGIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 (Including Independent Auditor's Reports)



# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

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SECTION I

FINANCIAL



# **DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS**

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 24, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Elbert County Board of Education

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elbert County Board of Education (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

# Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2018, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions,* as amended by GASB Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The School District restated beginning net position for the effect of GASB Statement No. 75. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

# Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and required supplementary information listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for the purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The Schedule of *Expenditures of Federal Awards* is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2

U. S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated July 24, 2019 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A copy of this report has been filed as a permanent record in the office of the State Auditor and made available to the press of the State, as provided for by Official Code of Georgia Annotated section 50-6-24.

Respectfully submitted,

Thears thiff

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

# INTRODUCTION

Our discussion and analysis of the Elbert County School District's (School District) financial performance provides an overview of the School District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the School District's financial performance; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the School District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2018 are as follows:

- On the government-wide financial statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the School District exceeded assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$21.23 million. This overage is due to the GASB No. 68 implementation and pension plan reporting as well as the GASB No. 75 implementation and OPEB plan reporting.
- The School District had \$34.54 million in expenses relating to governmental activities; only \$23.21 million of these expenses are offset by program specific charges for services, grants and contributions. General revenues (primarily property and sales taxes) of \$13.13 million were utilized to provide for these programs with the result that net position was increased by \$1.80 million.
- As stated above, general revenues accounted for \$13.13 million or 36.14% of all revenues totaling \$36.34 million. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services, grants and contributions accounted for the rest.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of three parts; management's discussion and analysis, the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two levels of statements that present different views of the School District. These include the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the School District presenting both short-term and long-term information about the School District's overall financial status.

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the School District, reporting the School District's operation in more detail. The governmental funds statements disclose how basic services are financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the School District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others. The fund financial statements reflect the School District's most significant funds. In the case of the Elbert County School District, the general fund and capital projects fund are the most significant funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements. Additionally, other supplementary information (not required) is also presented that further supplements understanding of the financial statements.

# **Government-wide Statements**

The government-wide financial statements are basically a consolidation of all of the School District's operating funds into one column called governmental activities. In reviewing the government-wide financial statements, a reader might ask the question, are we in a better financial position than last year? The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities provides the basis for answering this question. These financial statements include all School District's assets and liabilities and uses the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position and any changes in net position. The change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the School District as a whole, the financial position of the School District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the results of many factors, including those not under the School District's control, such as the property tax base, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities reflects the School District's governmental activities.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The School District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions during the fiscal year. However, the fund financial statements presented in this report provide detail information about only the School District's significant or major funds.

**Governmental Funds**: Most of the School District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using the modified accrual method of accounting which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the School District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reconciled to the financial statements.

**Fiduciary Funds**: The School District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for assets that belong to others, such as school clubs and organizations within the principals' accounts and a private purpose trust. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The School District excludes these activities from the government-wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

# Financial Analysis of the School District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

#### Table 1 Net Position

	Governmental Activities		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	
	2018		2017 (1)
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$ 10,613,377	\$	11,191,157
Capital Assets, Net	27,393,993	•	27,638,201
Total Assets	38,007,370		38,829,358
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Outflow for Pension Plan	4,592,619		7,389,192
Deferred Outflow for OPEB Plans	1,051,504		
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,644,123		7,389,192
Liabilities			
Current and Other Liabilities	2,611,854		3,948,404
Long-Term Liabilities	58,160,264		34,499,332
Total Liabilities	60,772,118		38,447,736
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred Inflows for Pension Plan	1,851,332		1,726,290
Deferred Inflows for OPEB Plans	2,261,960		
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4 4 4 2 2 0 2		1 700 000
Total Deferred Innows of Resources	4,113,292	•	1,726,290
Net Position			
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	24,115,872		23,608,088
Restricted	1,237,947		473,861
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(46,587,736)		(18,037,425)
Total Net Position	\$ (21,233,917)	\$	6,044,524

 Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects of the restatement of net position. See Note 15 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

Table 2 shows the Changes in Net Position for this fiscal year as compared to the prior fiscal year.

#### Table 2

#### Change in Net Position

		Governmental Activities			
		Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year		
	_	2018	2017 (1)		
Revenues					
Program Revenues:					
Charges for Services	\$	199,702 \$	208,198		
Operating Grants and Contributions		22,933,817	21,537,911		
Capital Grants and Contributions	_	77,320	77,216		
Total Program Revenues	_	23,210,839	21,823,325		
General Revenues:					
Taxes					
Property Taxes for Maintenance & Operations		8,622,472	9,139,531		
Railroad Cars		34,479	28,611		
Other Property Taxes		100,217	1,937,035		
Sales Taxes		2,098,112	93,054		
Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs		1,529,921	768,899		
Investment Earnings		4,296	3,709		
Miscellaneous	_	743,419	843,017		
Total General Revenues	_	13,132,916	12,813,856		
Total Revenues	_	36,343,755	34,637,181		
Program Expenses					
Instruction		20,979,587	20,051,889		
Support Services					
Pupil Services		1,406,501	1,307,685		
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,730,313	1,414,656		
Educational Media Services		517,021	517,237		
General Administration		645,761	844,545		
School Administration		2,249,305	2,329,304		
Business Administration		305,858	308,091		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,999,436	2,181,012		
Student Transportation Services		1,861,281	2,040,707		
Central Support Services		142,394	330,707		
Other Support Services		265,004	189,180		
Operations of Non-Instructional Services					
Enterprise Operations		17,631	22,255		
Food Services		2,319,710	2,448,125		
Interest on Debt	_	108,256	129,620		
Total Expenses	_	34,548,058	34,115,013		
Net Increase in Net Position	\$	1,795,697 \$	522,168		

(1) Fiscal year 2017 balances do not reflect the effects of the restatement of Net Position.

See Note 15 in the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements for additional information.

## **Governmental Activities**

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting these services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services. Net cost of services can be defined as the total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental revenue provided for specific programs. The net cost reflects the financial burden on the School District's taxpayers by each activity as compared to the prior fiscal year.

#### Table 3 Net Costs of Governmental Activities

		Total Cost of Services				Net Cost of Se	ervices
	_	Fiscal Year 2018		Fiscal Year 2017	_	Fiscal Year 2018	Fiscal Year 2017
Instruction	\$	20,979,587	\$	20,051,889	\$	4,897,338 \$	3,921,746
Support Services							
Pupil Services		1,406,501		1,307,685		1,206,381	1,214,515
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,730,313		1,414,656		1,049,259	1,198,366
Educational Media Services		517,021		517,237		103,850	177,011
General Administration		645,761		844,545		(51,448)	339,520
School Administration		2,249,305		2,329,304		1,128,185	1,587,479
Business Administration		305,858		308,091		302,214	308,089
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,999,436		2,181,012		1,107,889	1,426,632
Student Transportation Services		1,861,281		2,040,707		1,092,134	1,365,093
Central Support Services		142,394		330,707		139,569	329,870
Other Support Services		265,004		189,180		262,783	189,180
Operations of Non-Instructional Services							
Enterprise Operations		17,631		22,255		-	(4,143)
Food Services		2,319,710		2,448,125		(9,191)	108,710
Interest on Debt		108,256		129,620	_	108,256	129,620
Total Expenses	\$	34,548,058	\$	34,115,013	\$	11,337,219 \$	12,291,688

# Financial Analysis of the School District's Funds

The School District's governmental funds are accounted for using the modified accrual basis of accounting. The governmental funds had total revenues and other financing sources of \$37.33 million and total expenditures and other financing uses of \$36.43 million. Although expenses increased from the prior year related to construction project cost, salary increases and an extra debt payment, the board's state funding increased by \$2.21 million which offset the increase in expenses.

# **General Fund Budgeting Highlights**

The School District's budget is prepared according to Georgia Law. The most significant budgeted fund is the general fund. During the course of fiscal year 2018, the School District amended its general fund budget as needed.

For the general fund, the final actual revenues of \$34.38 million exceeded the original budgeted amounts of \$27.36 million by \$7.02 million. This difference (final actual vs. original budget) was due primarily to federal and miscellaneous revenues exceeding the original budget by \$4.38 million and \$492.98 thousand, respectfully. Additional state revenues were \$1.53 million more than budgeted.

The final actual expenditures and other financing uses of \$32.33 million exceeded the original budgeted amount of \$27.36 million by \$4.97 million. This difference was primarily due to federal grants and school activity expenditures that are not considered in the budget process.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the School District had \$27.39 million invested in capital assets, all in governmental activities. Table 4 reflects a summary of these balances net of accumulated depreciation as compared to the prior fiscal year.

# Table 4 Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

	 Governmental Activities					
	 Fiscal Year Fiscal Year					
	 2018	_	2017			
Land	\$ 1,497,522	\$	1,497,522			
Construction In Progress	857,829		-			
Buildings and Improvements	21,835,836		22,680,932			
Equipment	2,728,479		3,141,248			
Intangible Assets	11,688		24,456			
Land Improvements	 462,639	_	294,043			
Total Capital Assets	\$ 27,393,993	\$_	27,638,201			

#### Debt

At fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the School District had \$3.13 million in other long-term debt. Table 5 summarizes the School District's debt for general obligation bonds and capital leases outstanding.

# Table 5 Long-Term Debt

		Governmental Activities					
	Fiscal Year			Fiscal Year			
	2018			2017			
Capital Leases	\$	205,345	\$	275,749			
Energy Efficiency Lease		1,148,960		1,373,960			
Revenue Bonds		35,295		49,962			
Installment Sales Agreement		1,744,310		2,651,000			
Total Long-Term Debt	\$	3,133,910	\$	4,350,671			

# **Current Issues**

Currently known facts, decisions or conditions that are expected to have a significant effect on financial position or results of operations are as follows:

- The ESPLOST funds capital improvements and debt payments for the School District. The voters approved the continuation of the current ESPLOST until June 2022. During the fiscal year the ESPLOST fund expenditures exceeded revenues. The Board of Trustees approved a loan from general fund to cover this over-expenditure.
- State mandated increases in the employer portion of the state pension plan have had a significant impact on the financial position of the School District. In the 2017-18 fiscal year, the School District's portion of retirement increased over 17%. In addition, a 24% increase is anticipated for the 2018-19 fiscal year.
- In an effort to improve school security, the School District contracted in the 2018 fiscal year with the Elbert County Sheriff's Office to place a School Resource Officer at each school.

# Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to show the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mr. W. Keith Martin, Chief Financial Officer at Elbert County School District, 50 Laurel Drive, Elberton, Georgia 30635 or by phone at (706) 213-4052. You may also email your question to Mr. Martin at keith.martin@elbert.k12.ga.us.

ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
ASSETS	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 6,336,878.44
Accounts Receivable, Net	
Taxes	931,316.68
State Government	2,640,645.37
Federal Government	575,463.72
Local	15,960.00
Other	39,149.67 57,026,22
Inventories Restricted Assets	57,026.22
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent of Trustee	16,936.67
Capital Assets, Non-Depreciable	2,355,350.92
Capital Assets, Depreciable (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	25,038,642.32
	23,038,042.32
Total Assets	38,007,370.01
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	4,592,619.47
Related to OPEB Plan	1,051,504.00
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,644,123.47
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable	313,142.72
Salaries and Benefits Payable	1,674,020.09
Payroll Withhodlings Payable	170,205.82
Contracts Payable	212,372.47
Retainage Payable	76,957.50
Deposits and Unearned Revenue	165,155.56
Net Pension Liability	26,568,441.00
Net OPEB Liability	28,457,913.00
Long-Term Liabilities	
Due Within One Year	826,277.30
Due in More Than One Year	2,307,632.59
Total Liabilities	60,772,118.05
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Related to Defined Benefit Pension Plan	1,851,332.00
Related to OPEB Plan	2,261,960.00
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,113,292.00
<u>NET POSITION</u>	

Net Investment in Capital Assets

24,115,872.38

Restricted for

Continuation of State and Federal Programs Debt Service Capital Projects Unrestricted (Deficit) 590,757.11 16,936.67 630,253.68 (46,587,736.41)

**Total Net Position** 

\$ (21,233,916.57)

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		-	
	_	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			
Instruction	\$	20,979,587.06 \$	3,714.21
Support Services			
Pupil Services		1,406,501.39	-
Improvement of Instructional Services		1,730,312.66	-
Educational Media Services		517,020.46	-
General Administration		645,760.49	-
School Administration		2,249,305.06	-
Business Administration		305,857.84	-
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,999,435.93	-
Student Transportation Services		1,861,281.32	-
Central Support Services		142,394.05	-
Other Support Services		265,004.45	-
Operations of Non-Instructional Services			
Enterprise Operations		17,630.88	17,630.88
Food Services		2,319,710.25	178,357.39
Interest on Short-Term and Long-Term Debt	_	108,256.15	-
Total Governmental Activities	\$	34,548,057.99 \$	199,702.48
General Revenues			
Taxes			
Property Taxes			
For Maintenance and Operations			
Railroad Taxes			
Other Taxes			
Sales Taxes			
Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax For Capital Projects			

Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs

Investment Earnings Miscellaneous

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning of Year (Restated)

	PROGRAM REVENUES				NET (EXPENSES)
	OPERATING		CAPITAL		REVENUES
	GRANTS AND		GRANTS AND		AND CHANGES IN
	CONTRIBUTIONS		CONTRIBUTIONS		NET POSITION
-		-		-	
\$	16,078,535.18	\$	-	\$	(4,897,337.67)
	200,120.08		-		(1,206,381.31)
	681,053.77		-		(1,049,258.89)
	413,170.54		-		(103,849.92)
	697,208.44		-		51,447.95
	1,121,120.63		-		(1,128,184.43)
	3,644.22		-		(302,213.62)
	891,546.63		-		(1,107,889.30)
	691,827.64		77,319.58		(1,092,134.10)
	2,824.62				(139,569.43)
	2,221.47		-		(262,782.98)
	-		-		-
	2,150,544.02		-		9,191.16
-	-		-	-	(108,256.15)
\$	22,933,817.24	\$	77,319.58	_	(11,337,218.69)

8,622,	471.80	
34,	478.80	
8,622,471.80 34,478.80 100,216.31 2,098,112.05 1,529,921.00 4,296.24 743,419.20 13,132,915.40 1,795,696.71 (23,029,613.28		
2 008	112.05	
2,098,	112.05	
1,529,	921.00	
4,	296.24	
743,	419.20	_
13,132,	915.40	_
		-
1,795,	696.71	
(23,029,	613.28)	

\$ (21,233,916.57)

- 3 -

	_	GENERAL FUND	CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	TOTAL
ASSETS				
Cash and Cash Equivalents Accounts Receivable, Net	\$	5,881,672.27 \$	455,206.17 \$	6,336,878.44
Taxes		746,486.39	184,830.29	931,316.68
State Government		2,640,645.37	-	2,640,645.37
Federal Government		575,463.72	-	575,463.72
Local		15,960.00	-	15,960.00
Other		39,149.67	-	39,149.67
Due from Other Funds		9,782.78	-	9,782.78
Inventories Restricted		57,026.22	-	57,026.22
Cash and Investments with Fiscal Agent or Trustee	_	16,936.67		16,936.67

Total Assets	\$	9,983,123.09	\$ 640,036.46	\$ 10,623,159.55
LIABILITIES				
Accounts Payable	\$	313,142.72	\$-	\$ 313,142.72
Salaries and Benefits Payable		1,674,020.09	-	1,674,020.09
Payroll Withholdings Payable		170,205.82	-	170,205.82
Contracts Payable		-	212,372.47	212,372.47
Retainage Payable		-	76,957.50	76,957.50
Due to Other Funds		-	9,782.78	9,782.78
Deposits and Unearned Revenue		165,155.56	-	 165,155.56
Total Liabilities	_	2,322,524.19	299,112.75	 2,621,636.94
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes/State Revenue	_	537,032.20		 537,032.20
FUND BALANCES				
Nonspendable		57,026.22	-	57,026.22
Restricted		550,667.56	340,923.71	891,591.27
Assigned		153,939.27	-	153,939.27
Unassigned		6,361,933.65	-	 6,361,933.65
Total Fund Balances		7,123,566.70	340,923.71	 7,464,490.41

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (Exhibit "C")	\$	7,464,490.41
Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the funds.		
Land\$ 1,497,522Construction in Progress857,828Buildings and Improvements33,757,439Equipment8,807,347Land Improvements784,963Intangible Assets306,516Accumulated depreciation(18,617,623)Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	3.92 9.16 7.12 3.26 5.25	27,393,993.24
Net pension liability \$ (26,568,441 Net OPEB liability (28,457,913	-	(55,026,354.00)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Related to pensions\$ 2,741,287Related to OPEB(1,210,456)		1,530,831.47
Taxes that are not available to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		537,032.20
Long-Term Liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not in the funds.		
Energy efficiency lease payable\$ (1,148,960)Capital leases payable(205,345)Installment sales agreement(1,744,309)Revenue bonds payable(35,295)	5.00) 9.63)	(3,133,909.89)

\$ (21,233,916.57)

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	 GENERAL FUND	 CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND	 TOTAL
REVENUES			
Property Taxes Sales Taxes State Funds Federal Funds Charges for Services Investment Earnings Miscellaneous	\$ 8,892,945.98 - 20,074,950.88 4,462,243.94 199,702.48 4,001.57 743,419.20	\$ 2,098,112.05 - - 294.67 -	\$ 8,892,945.98 2,098,112.05 20,074,950.88 4,462,243.94 199,702.48 4,296.24 743,419.20
Total Revenues	 34,377,264.05	 2,098,406.72	 36,475,670.77
EXPENDITURES			
Current Instruction Support Services	19,076,212.75	466,592.12	19,542,804.87
Pupil Services Improvement of Instructional Services Educational Media Services General Administration School Administration Business Administration Maintenance and Operation of Plant Student Transportation Services Central Support Services Other Support Services Enterprise Operations Food Services Operation Capital Outlay Debt Services Principal Interest Total Expenditures Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	 1,340,182.16 1,733,116.23 503,703.76 648,748.03 2,252,058.24 301,585.82 1,898,250.05 1,885,342.49 143,888.38 209,506.88 17,630.88 2,301,610.95 - 14,666.54 2,272.62 32,328,775.78 2,048,488.27	 10,094.43 371.98 602.64 92,944.48 62,390.75 86,159.91 81,113.93 - 1,143,998.09 1,202,094.37 105,983.53 3,252,346.23 (1,153,939.51)	 $\begin{array}{r} 1,340,182.16\\ 1,733,116.23\\ 513,798.19\\ 649,120.01\\ 2,252,058.24\\ 302,188.46\\ 1,991,194.53\\ 1,947,733.24\\ 230,048.29\\ 290,620.81\\ 17,630.88\\ 2,301,610.95\\ 1,143,998.09\\ 1,216,760.91\\ 108,256.15\\ 35,581,122.01\\ 894,548.76\\ \end{array}$
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers In Transfers Out	 - (853,939.51)	 853,939.51	 853,939.51 (853,939.51)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 (853,939.51)	 853,939.51	 -
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,194,548.76	(300,000.00)	894,548.76
Fund Balances - Beginning	 5,929,017.94	 640,923.71	 6,569,941.65
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 7,123,566.70	\$ 340,923.71	\$ 7,464,490.41

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Net change in fund balances - governmental funds (Exhibit "E")		\$	894,548.76
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of Capital Assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are:			
Capital outlay	\$	1,344,382.45	
Depreciation expense	-	(1,588,590.21)	(244,207.76)
Taxes reported in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current			
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.			(135,779.07)
The issuance of long-term provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and the acquisition cost of refunded debt when debt is first issued. These amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.			
Energy efficiency lease payments	\$	225,000.00	
Capital lease payments		70,404.00	
Installment sale agreement payments		906,690.37	
Revenue bond payments	-	14,666.54	1,216,760.91
District pension contributions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when made. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position because the reported net pension/OPEB liability is measured a year before the District's report date. Pension/OPEB expense, which is the charge in the net pension/OPEB liability adjusted for changes in deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB, is reported in the Statement of Activities.			
Pension expense OPEB expense	\$	658,605.87 (594,232.00)	64,373.87

Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit "B")

\$ 1,795,696.71

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

<u>ASSETS</u>	_	PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS	_	AGENCY FUNDS
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables, Net	\$	37,432.91	\$	-
Other	_	9,997.49	_	156,546.13
Total Assets	\$_	47,430.40	\$_	156,546.13
LIABILITIES				
Funds Held for Others			\$_	156,546.13
NET POSITION				
Held in Trust for Private Purposes	\$	47,430.40		

# ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

ADDITIONS		PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUSTS
Investment Earnings		
Interest Other Additions	\$	12.52 10,000.00
Total Additions	_	10,012.52
Change in Net Position		10,012.52
Net Position - Beginning	_	37,417.88
Net Position - Ending	\$	47,430.40

## NOTE 1: DESCRIPTION OF SCHOOL DISTRICT AND REPORTING ENTITY

#### **REPORTING ENTITY**

The Elbert County Board of Education (School District) was established under the laws of the State of Georgia and operates under the guidance of a board elected by the voters and a Superintendent appointed by the Board. The School District is organized as a separate legal entity and has the power to levy taxes and issue bonds. Its budget is not subject to approval by any other entity. Accordingly, the School District is a primary government and consists of all the organizations that compose its legal entity.

#### NOTE 2: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accompanying financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).GASB is the accepted standard-setting body for governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The School District's basic financial statements are collectively comprised of the government-wide financial statements, fund financial statements and notes to the basic financial statement. The government-wide statements focus on the School District as a whole, while the fund financial statements focus on major funds. Each presentation provides valuable information that can be analyzed and compared between years and between governments to enhance the information's usefulness.

#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS:**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the financial activities of the overall School District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Net Position presents the School District's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, with the difference reported as net position. Net position is reported in three categories as follows:

- 1. Net investment in capital assets consists of the School District's total investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and reduced by outstanding debt obligations related to those capital assets. To the extent debt has been incurred but not yet expended for capital assets, such amounts are not included as a component of net investment in capital assets.
- 2. **Restricted net position** consists of resources for which the School District is legally or contractually obligated to spend in accordance with restrictions imposed by external third parties or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- 3. **Unrestricted net position** consists of resources not meeting the definition of the two preceding categories. Unrestricted net position often has constraints on resources imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the School District's governmental activities.

Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses (expenses of the School District related to the administration and support of the School District's programs, such as office and maintenance personnel and accounting) are not allocated to programs.

Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide information about the School District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. Separate financial statements are presented for governmental and fiduciary funds. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The general fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for and reports all financial resources not accounted for and reported in another fund.
- The capital projects fund accounts for and reports financial resources including Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST) that are restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlay expenditures, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

The School District reports the following fiduciary fund types:

- Private purpose trust funds are used to report all trust arrangements, other than those properly reported elsewhere, in which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations or other governments.
- Agency funds are used to report resources held by the School District in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

# **BASIS OF ACCOUNTING**

The basis of accounting determines when transactions are reported on the financial statements. The government-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, sales taxes and grants. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from sales taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The School District uses funds to report on its financial position and the results of its operations. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain governmental functions or activities. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The School District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. The School District considers all intergovernmental revenues to be available if they are collected within 120 days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-

term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term liabilities and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The School District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants, categorical grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program costs are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the School District's policy to first apply grant resources to such programs, followed by cost-reimbursement grants, then general revenues.

#### **NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS**

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other than Pensions. This statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed. The adoption of this statement has a significant impact on the School District's financial statements. As noted in the Restatement of Net Position note disclosure, the School District restated beginning net position for the cumulative effect of this accounting change.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 81, *Irrevocable Split-Interest Agreements*. This statement requires that a government that receives resources pursuant to an irrevocable split-interest agreement recognize assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the inception of the agreement. Furthermore, this statement requires that a government recognize assets representing its beneficial interests in irrevocable split-interest agreements that are administered by a third party, if the government controls the present service capacity of the beneficial interests. This statement requires that a government recognize revenue when the resources become applicable to the reporting period. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 85, *Omnibus 2017*. The objective of this statement is to address practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This statement addresses a variety of topics including issues related to blending component units, goodwill, fair value measurement and application, and postemployment benefits (pensions and other postemployment benefits [OPEB]). The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

In fiscal year 2018, the School District adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 86, *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues*. The primary objective of this statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The adoption of this statement does not have a significant impact on the School District's financial statement.

# CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, investments in the State of Georgia local government investment pool (Georgia Fund 1) and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition in authorized financial institutions.

Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) §45-8-14 authorizes the School District to deposit its funds in one or more solvent banks, insured Federal savings and loan associations or insured chartered building and loan associations.

#### **INVESTMENTS**

The School District can invest its funds as permitted by O.C.G.A. §36-83-4. In selecting among options for investment or among institutional bids for deposits, the highest rate of return shall be the objective, given equivalent conditions of safety and liquidity.

Investments made by the School District in nonparticipating interest-earning contracts (such as certificates of deposit) and repurchase agreements are reported at cost. Participating interest-earning contracts and money market investments with a maturity at purchase of one year or less are reported at amortized cost. All other investments are reported at fair value.

For accounting purposes, certificates of deposit are classified as investments if they have an original maturity greater than three months when acquired.

#### RECEIVABLES

Receivables consist of amounts due from property and sales taxes, grant reimbursements due on Federal, State or other grants for expenditures made but not reimbursed and other receivables disclosed from information available. Receivables are recorded when either the asset or revenue recognition criteria has been met. Receivables recorded on the basic financial statements do not include any amounts which would necessitate the need for an allowance for uncollectible receivables.

Due to other funds and due from other funds consist of activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year.

#### **INVENTORIES**

#### Food Inventories

On the basic financial statements, inventories of donated food commodities used in the preparation of meals are reported at their Federally assigned value and purchased foods inventories are reported at cost (calculated on the first-in, first-out basis). The School District uses the consumption method to account for inventories whereby donated food commodities are recorded as an asset and as revenue when received, and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used. Purchased foods are recorded as an asset when purchased and expenses/expenditures are recorded as the inventory items are used.

#### **RESTRICTED ASSETS**

Certain resources set aside for repayment of debt are classified as restricted assets on the Statement of net position because their use is limited by applicable debt statutes, e.g. Qualified Zone Academy Bond sinking funds and Rutland Center revenue bonds.

# CAPITAL ASSETS

On the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at estimated historical cost based on appraisals or deflated current replacement cost where no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are recorded at the acquisition value on the date donated. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of assets or materially extend the useful lives of the assets is not capitalized. The School District does not capitalize book collections or works of art.

Capital acquisition and construction are recorded as expenditures in the governmental fund financial statements at the time of purchase (including ancillary charges), and the related assets are reported as capital assets in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line for all assets, except land, and is used to allocate the actual or estimated historical cost of capital assets over estimated useful lives.

Capitalization thresholds and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the government-wide statements are as follows:

		Capitalization	Estimated
	_	Policy	Useful Life
Land		Any Amount	N/A
Land Improvements	\$	5,000.00	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	\$	5,000.00	Up to 50 years
Equipment	\$	5,000.00	2 to 25 years
Intangible Assets	\$	5,000.00	3 to 6 years

#### DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of resources that applies to a future period(s) and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### PENSIONS

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Georgia School Employees Postemployment Benefit Fund (School OPEB Fund) and additions to/deductions from School OPEB Fund fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by School OPEB Fund. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### **FUND BALANCES**

Fund balance for governmental funds is reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent.

The School District's fund balances are classified as follows:

**Nonspendable** consists of resources that cannot be spent either because they are in a nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

**Committed** consists of resources that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board. The Board is the School District's highest level of decision-making authority, and the formal action that is required to be taken to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment is a resolution approved by the Board. Committed fund balance also should incorporate contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** consists of resources constrained by the School District's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The intent should be expressed by (1) the Board or (2) the budget or finance committee, or the Superintendent, or designee, to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes.

**Unassigned** consists of resources within the general fund not meeting the definition of any aforementioned category. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

# PROPERTY TAXES

The Elbert County Board of Commissioners adopted the property tax levy for the 2017 tax digest year (calendar year) on September 20, 2017 (levy date) based on property values as of January 1, 2017. Taxes were due on December 11, 2017 (lien date). Taxes collected within the current fiscal year or within 60 days after year-end on the 2017 tax digest are reported as revenue in the governmental funds for fiscal year 2018. The Elbert County Board of Commissioners bills and collects the property taxes for the School District, withholds 2.5% of taxes collected as a fee for tax collection and remits the balance of taxes collected to the School District. Property tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, for maintenance and operations amounted to \$8,194,633.67.

The tax millage rate levied for the 2017 tax year (calendar year) for the School District was as follows (a mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value):

School Operations

16.942 mills

Additionally, Title Ad Valorem Tax revenues, at the fund reporting level, amounted to \$563,617.20 during fiscal year ended June 30, 2018.

# SALES TAXES

Education Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (ESPLOST), at the fund reporting level, during the year amounted to \$2,098,112.05 and is to be used for capital outlay for educational purposes or debt service. This sales tax was authorized by local referendum and the sales tax must be re-authorized at least every five years.

# NOTE 3: BUDGETARY DATA

The budget is a complete financial plan for the School District's fiscal year, and is based upon careful estimates of expenditures together with probable funding sources. The budget is legally adopted each year for the general fund. There is no statutory prohibition regarding over expenditure of the budget at any level. The budget for all governmental funds, except the various school activity (principal) accounts,

is prepared and adopted by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control was established by the Board at the aggregate fund level. The budget for the general fund was prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The budgetary process begins with the School District's administration presenting an initial budget for the Board's review. The administration makes revisions as necessary based on the Board's guidelines, and a tentative budget is approved. After approval of this tentative budget by the Board, such budget is advertised at least once in a newspaper of general circulation in the locality, as well as the School District's website. At the next regularly scheduled meeting of the Board after advertisement, the Board receives comments on the tentative budget, makes revisions as necessary and adopts a final budget. The approved budget is then submitted, in accordance with provisions of O.C.G.A. §20-2-167(c), to the Georgia Department of Education. The Board may increase or decrease the budget at any time during the year. All unexpended budget authority lapses at fiscal year-end.

See the General Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget to Actual in the Supplementary Information Section for a detail of any over/under expenditures during the fiscal year under review.

# NOTE 4: DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

# **COLLATERALIZATION OF DEPOSITS**

O.C.G.A. § 45-8-12 provides that there shall not be on deposit at any time in any depository for a time longer than ten days a sum of money which has not been secured by surety bond, by guarantee of insurance, or by collateral. The aggregate of the face value of such surety bond and the market value of securities pledged shall be equal to not less than 110% of the public funds being secured after the deduction of the amount of deposit insurance. If a depository elects the pooled method (O.C.G.A. § 45-8-13.1) the aggregate of the market value of the securities pledged to secure a pool of public funds shall be not less than 110% of the daily pool balance.

Acceptable security for deposits consists of any one of or any combination of the following:

- (1) Surety bond signed by a surety company duly qualified and authorized to transact business within the State of Georgia,
- (2) Insurance on accounts provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation,
- (3) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other direct obligations of the United States or of the State of Georgia,
- (4) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness or other obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia,
- (5) Bonds of any public authority created by the laws of the State of Georgia, providing that the statute that created the authority authorized the use of the bonds for this purpose,
- (6) Industrial revenue bonds and bonds of development authorities created by the laws of the State of Georgia, and
- (7) Bonds, bills, notes, certificates of indebtedness, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the United States government, which are fully guaranteed by the United States government both as to principal and interest or debt obligations issued by or securities guaranteed by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for Cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Association, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

# CATEGORIZATION OF DEPOSITS

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2018, the School District had deposits with a carrying amount of \$6,374,311.35, and a bank

balance of \$6,937,754.68. The bank balances insured by Federal depository insurance were \$675,645.31 and the bank balances collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent in the School District's name were \$6,262,109.37.

#### CATEGORIZATION OF INVESTMENTS

At June 30, 2018, the School District had the following investments:

		Investment Maturity
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year
Debt Securities Bond Mutual Funds	16,936.67	16,936.67

#### Fair Value of Investments

The School District measures and records its investments using fair value measurement guidelines established by generally accepted accounting principles. These guidelines recognize a three-tiered fair value hierarchy, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices for identical measurements in active markets;

Level 2: Observable inputs other than quoted market prices; and,

Level 3: Unobservable inputs.

At June 30, the School District had the following investments by fair value level:

Investments by fair value level:	Fair Value		 Level 1
U. S. Treasuries Bond Mutual Funds	\$	16,936.67	\$ 16,936.67

# Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates of debt investment will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing interest rate risk.

#### Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have a formal policy for managing custodial credit risk.

At June 30, 2018, \$16.936.67 of the School District's applicable investments were held by the investment's counterparty, not in the School District's name.

# Credit Quality Risk

Credit quality risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. State laws limits investments to those prescribed O.C.G.A. § 36-83-4. The School District does not have a formal policy that would further limit its investment choices or one that addresses credit risk.

#### NOTE 5: RESTRICTED ASSETS

The restricted investment balance, totaling \$16,936.67, is for the Rutland Center revenue bonds. These assets are pledged to redeem revenue bonds upon maturity.

# **NOTE 6: CAPITAL ASSETS**

The following is a summary of changes in the capital assets for governmental activities during the fiscal year:

		Balances July 1, 2017	Increases	-	Decreases	- <u>-</u>	Balances June 30, 2018
Governmental Activities							
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated: Land Construction in Progress	\$	1,497,522.00  \$ -	- 857,828.92	\$	-	\$	1,497,522.00 857,828.92
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated	-	1,497,522.00	857,828.92	-	_	· -	2,355,350.92
Capital Assets Being Depreciated Buildings and Improvements Equipment Land Improvements Intangible Assets		33,675,812.36 8,603,142.39 584,241.26 306,516.25	81,626.80 204,204.73 200,722.00		-		33,757,439.16 8,807,347.12 784,963.26 306,516.25
Less Accumulated Depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Equipment Land Improvements Intangible Assets		10,994,880.39 5,461,894.35 290,198.53 282,059.99	926,722.53 616,973.55 32,125.36 12,768.77	_	- -		11,921,602.92 6,078,867.90 322,323.89 294,828.76
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated, Net	-	26,140,679.00	(1,102,036.68)	_	-		25,038,642.32
Governmental Activity Capital Assets - Net	\$	27,638,201.00 \$	(244,207.76)	\$	_	\$	27,393,993.24

Current year depreciation expense by function is as follows:

Instruction		\$	1,179,078.15
Support Services			
Pupil Services	\$ 55,748.72		
Improvements of Instructional Services	77,969.32		
Educational Media Services	30,395.32		
General Administration	42,139.40		
School Administration	142,087.80		
Business Administration	8,964.04		
Maintenance and Operation of Plant	6,372.61		
Student Transportation Services	11,872.79		
Central Support Services	 11,665.33		387,215.33
Food Services		_	22,296.73
		_	

\$ 1,588,590.21

#### NOTE 7: INTERFUND ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND TRANSFERS

#### **INTERFUND ASSETS AND LIABILITIES**

Due to and due from other funds are recorded for interfund receivables and payables which arise from interfund transactions. Interfund balances at June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	(	Due From Other Funds		Due To Other Funds
General Fund Capital Projects Fund	\$	- 9,782.78	\$	9,782.78
	\$	9,782.78	\$	9,782.78

#### **INTERFUND TRANSFERS**

Interfund accounts are the result of excess transfers from the general fund to the capital projects fund.

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2018, consisted of the following:

	Transfers From
	General
Transfers to	 Fund
Capital Projects Fund	\$ 859,939.51

Transfers are used to move property tax revenues collected by the general fund to the capital projects fund as required match or supplemental funding source for capital construction projects

#### NOTE 8: LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year for governmental activities, were as follows:

					Governmental Act	iviti	es	
	-	Balance July 1, 2017		Additions	 Deductions		Balance June 30, 2018	 Due Within One Year
Revenue Bonds	\$	49,961.80	\$	-	\$ 14,666.54	\$	35,295.26	\$ 14,873.30
Installment Sales Agreement		2,651,000.00		-	906,690.37		1,744,309.63	516,000.00
Capital Leases		275,749.00		-	70,404.00		205,345.00	70,404.00
Energy Efficiency Leases	-	1,373,960.00	-	-	 225,000.00		1,148,960.00	 225,000.00
	\$_	4,350,670.80	\$	-	\$ 1,216,760.91	\$	3,133,909.89	\$ 826,277.30

#### **REVENUE BONDS**

The School District entered into a contract with the Northeast Georgia Regional Educational Service Agency (RESA), dated June 01, 2006, for the issuance of revenue bonds to provide funds for the construction and subsequent lease of the Rutland Center. Under the terms of the agreement, the School District will make annual payments through August 01, 2020. Various school districts pledged funds annually to retire the bonds as they become due. The obligation of the School District is absolute and unconditional so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding. Under the contract, the School District will exercise its power of taxation to the extent necessary to pay the amounts required to be paid by the contract.

Debt currently outstanding under Revenue Bonds is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued	_	Outstanding	
Rutland Agreement	3.07%	6/1/2006	8/1/2020	\$ 176,332.95	\$	35,295.26	

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#### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal	_	Interest
2019	\$	14,873.30	\$	1,468.68
2020	Ψ	15,946.63	Ψ	830.82
2021		4,475.33		167.44
Total Principal and Interest	\$	35,295.26	\$	2,466.94

The following is a schedule of total revenue bond payments:

#### **CAPITAL LEASES**

The School District entered into a lease agreement as lessee for financing the acquisition of copier equipment. This lease qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes, and therefore, has been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of inception.

Capital leases currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	Outstanding
Leaf Copier Lease	0.00%	6/21/2016	6/21/2021	\$352,000.00	\$ 205,345.00

The following is a schedule of total capital lease payments:

Principal			
\$	70,404.00		
	70,404.00		
	64,537.00		
\$	205,345.00		
	\$ 		

# **OBLIGATIONS UNDER ENERGY EFFICIENCY LEASES**

An energy efficiency lease agreement dated November 26, 2012 was executed by and between the School District, the lessee, and Regions Bank, the lessor. The agreement authorized the borrowing of \$1,998,960.00 for the purchase of energy efficiency equipment, machinery, supplies, building modifications and other energy saving items. Payments of the lease shall be made from the School District's capital projects fund.

Debt currently outstanding is as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	Amount Issued	-	Amount Outstanding
Regions Bank Energy Efficiency Lease	2.60%	11/26/2012	1/1/2023	\$ 1,998,960.00	\$_	1,148,960.00

The following is a schedule of total energy efficiency lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:		Principal		Interest
2019	\$	225,000.00	\$	29,895.94
2019	Ŷ	225,000.00	Ψ	29,895.94 24,041.44
2021		225,000.00		18,186.94
2022		473,960.00		18,810.38
Total Principal and Interest	\$	1,148,960.00	\$_	90,934.70

#### **INSTALLMENT SALES AGREEMENT**

The Elbert County School District entered into an agreement dated April 16, 2014, with the Georgia Municipal Association for the construction and subsequent lease of buildings and related improvements. Under the terms of the agreement, the School District will make semi-annual payments through May 1, 2022.

Debt currently outstanding under the installment sales agreement is as follows:

						Amount	
Purpose	Interest Rate	Issue Date	Maturity Date	 Amount Issued		Outstanding	
Georgia Municipal Association	2.72%	4/16/2014	5/1/2022	\$ 4,127,000.00	\$_	1,744,309.63	

The following is a schedule of total energy efficiency lease payments:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30:	 Principal		Interest
2019	\$ 516,000.00	\$	58,452.80
2020	530,000.00		44,417.60
2021	544,000.00		30,001.60
2022	154,309.63		15,204.80
Total Principal and Interest	\$ 1,744,309.63	\$	148,076.80

#### ASSETS ACQUIRED UNDER CAPITAL LEASES

The School District has acquired buildings and equipment under the provision of various long-term lease agreements classified as capital leases for accounting purposes because they provide for a bargain purchase option or a transfer of ownership by the end of the lease term.

<b>Energy Efficiency Lease:</b> Equipment Less: Accumulated Deprecation	\$ Governmental Funds 1,853,841.00 697,300.06
	\$ 1,156,540.94
<b>Capital Lease:</b> Equipment Less: Accumulated Deprecation	\$ 352,020.00 140,808.00
	\$ 211,212.00
Installment Sales Agreement: Equipment Less: Accumulated Deprecation	\$ 4,480,429.05 717,517.99
	\$ 3,762,911.06
Revenue Bonds Land Equipment Less: Accumulated Deprecation	\$ 17,569.00 145,820.89 22,310.61
	\$ 141,079.28

#### NOTE 9: RISK MANAGEMENT

#### **INSURANCE**

#### **Commercial Insurance**

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors or omissions; job related illness or injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Except as described below, the School District carries commercial insurance for these risks. Settled claims resulting from these insured risks have not exceed commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Risk and Insurance Management System (the System), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1994, to develop and administer a plan to reduce risk of loss on account of general liability, motor vehicle liability, or property damage, including safety engineering and other loss prevention and control techniques, and to administer one or more groups of self-insurance funds, including the processing and defense of claims brought against members of the system. The School District pays an annual premium to the System for its general insurance coverage. Additional coverage is provided through agreements by the System with other companies according to their specialty for property, boiler and machinery (including coverage for flood and earthquake), general liability (including coverage for sexual harassment, molestation and abuse), errors and omissions, crime and automobile risks. Payment of excess insurance for the System varies by line of coverage.

### WORKERS' COMPENSATION

### Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund

The School District participates in the Georgia School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Fund (the Fund), a public entity risk pool organized on July 1, 1992, to develop, implement, and administer a program of workers' compensation self-insurance for its member organizations. The School District pays an annual premium to the Fund for its Workers' Compensation insurance coverage. Excess insurance coverage is provided through an agreement by the Fund with the Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to the statutory limit. Employers' Liability insurance coverage is also provided by Safety National Casualty Corporation to provide coverage for potential losses sustained by the Fund in excess of \$550 thousand loss per occurrence, up to \$2.0 million. In addition to the \$550,000.00 per occurrence retention, the Fund also retains an additional \$200,000.00 per year corridor retention.

### UNEMPLOYMENT COMPENSATION

The School District is self-insured with regard to unemployment compensation claims. The School District accounts for claims within the general fund with expenses/expenditures and liability being reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred, and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated.

Changes in the unemployment compensation claims liability during the last two fiscal years are as follows:

	-	Beginning of Year Liability	-	Claims and Changes in Estimates		Claims Paid		End of Year Liability
2017	\$	(1,348.00)	\$	4,620.00	\$	2,811.00	\$	461.00
2018	\$	461.00	\$	-	\$	461.00	\$	-

### **SURETY BOND**

The School District purchased surety bonds to provide additional insurance coverage as follows:

Position Covered	-	Amount
Superintendent	\$	100,000.00 10.000.00
Driver's Education	\$	10,00

### NOTE 10: FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATION DETAILS

The School District's financial statements include the following amounts presented in the aggregate at June 30, 2018:

### FUND BALANCES

Nonspendable		ዮ	E7 006 00
Inventories		\$	57,026.22
Restricted			
Continuation of Federal Programs	\$ 533,730.89		
Capital Projects	340,923.71		
Debt Service	16,936.67		891,591.27
Assigned		_	
School Activity Accounts			153,939.27
Unassigned			6,361,933.65
nd Balance, June 30, 2018		\$	7.464.490.41

When multiple categories of fund balance are available for expenditure, the School District will start with the most restricted category and spend those funds first before moving down to the next category with available funds.

### NOTE 11: SIGNIFICANT COMMITMENTS

### COMMITMENTS UNDER CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

The following is an analysis of significant outstanding construction or renovation contracts executed by the School District as of June 30, 2018.

		Unearned		Payments
		Executed		through
Project		Contracts (1)	Ju	ine 30, 2018 (2)
Elbert County Middle School Track	\$_	690,240.89	\$	843,548.37

(1) The amounts described are not reflected in the basic financial statements.

(2) Payments include contracts and retainages payable at year end.

### NOTE 12: SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

### FEDERAL GRANTS

Amounts received or receivable principally from the Federal government are subject to audit and review by grantor agencies. This could result in requests for reimbursement to the grantor agency for any costs which are disallowed under grant terms. Any disallowances resulting from the grantor audit may become a liability of the School District. However, the School District believes that such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to its overall financial position.

### LITIGATION

The School District is a defendant in various legal proceedings pertaining to matters incidental to the performance of routine School District operations. The ultimate disposition of these proceedings is not presently determinable, but is not believed to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the School District.

### NOTE 13: OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

### GEORGIA SCHOOL PERSONNEL POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH BENEFIT FUND

*Plan Description:* Certified teachers and non-certified public school employees of the School District as defined in §20-2-875 of the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (O.C.G.A.) are provided OPEB through the School OPEB Fund - a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan, reported as an employee trust fund and administered by a Board of Community Health (Board). Title 20 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms of the group health plan to the Board.

**Benefits Provided:** The School OPEB Fund provides healthcare benefits for retirees and their dependents due under the group health plan for public school teachers, including librarians, other certified employees of public schools, regional educational service agencies and non-certified public school employees. Retiree medical eligibility is attained when an employee retires and is immediately eligible to draw a retirement annuity from Employees' Retirement System (ERS), Georgia Judicial Retirement System (JRS), Legislative Retirement System (LRS), Teachers Retirement System (TRS) or Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). If elected, dependent coverage starts on the same day as retiree coverage. Medicare-eligible retirees are offered Standard and Premium Medicare Advantage plan options. Non-Medicare eligible retiree plan options include Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA), Health Maintenance Organization (HMO) and a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP). The School OPEB Fund also pays for administrative expenses of the fund. By law, no other use of the assets of the School OPEB Fund is permitted.

*Contributions:* As established by the Board, the School OPEB Fund is substantially funded on a payas-you-go basis; that is, annual cost of providing benefits will be financed in the same year as claims occur. Contributions to the School OPEB Fund from the School District were \$1,043,181.00 for the year ended June 30, 2018. Active employees are not required to contribute to the School OPEB Fund.

# OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$28,457,913.00 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was actuarially determined based on employer contributions during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. At June 30, 2017, the School District's proportion was 0.202548%, which was a decrease of 0.000756% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$1,637,413.00. At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	_	OPEB				
	-	Deferred		Deferred		
		Outflows of		Inflows of		
		Resources		Resources		
	-					
Changes of assumptions	\$	-	\$	2,166,997.00		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments		8,323.00		-		
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		94,963.00		
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	-	1,043,181.00				
Total	\$	1,051,504.00	\$	2,261,960.00		

School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$1,043,181.00 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	-	OPEB
0040	<b>*</b>	
2019	\$	(404,745.00)
2020	\$	(404,745.00)
2021	\$	(404,745.00)
2022	\$	(404,745.00)
2023	\$	(406,826.00)
2024	\$	(227,831.00)

*Actuarial assumptions:* The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

OPEB:	
Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	
ERS	3.25% - 7.00%, including inflation
JRS	4.50%, including inflation
LRS	None
TRS	3.25-9.00%, including inflation
PSERS	N/A
Long-term expected rate of return	3.88%, compounded annually, net of investment expense, and including
Healthcare cost trend rate	inflation
Pre-Medicare Eligible	7.75%
Medicare Eligible	5.75%
Ultimate trend rate	
Pre-Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Medicare Eligible	5.00%
Year of Ultimate trend rate	2022

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale BB as follows:

- For ERS, JRS and LRS members: The RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set forward 2 years or both males and females is used for the period after service retirement and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB and set back 7 years for males and set forward 3 years for females is used for the period after disability retirement.
- For TRS members: The RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 1 year for males) is used for death after service retirement and beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) is used for death after disability retirement.
- For PSERS members: The RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) is used for the period after service retirement and for beneficiaries of deceased members. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) is used for the period after disability retirement.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the pension systems, which covered the five-year period ending June 30, 2014.

Projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculation.

Additionally, there was a change of assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date. The methodology used to determine employee and retiree participation in the School OPEB Fund is based on their current or last employer payroll location. Current and former employees of public school districts, libraries, regional educational service agencies and community colleges are allocated to the School OPEB Fund irrespective of retirement system affiliation. In addition, the discount rate increased from 3.07% to 3.58%.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected nominal returns, net of investment expense and the assumed rate of inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Local Government Investment Pool	100.00%	1.13%

\* Rate Shown is net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation.

*Discount rate:* In order to measure the total OPEB liability for the School OPEB Fund, a single equivalent interest rate of 3.58% was used as the discount rate. This is comprised mainly of the yield or index rate for 20 year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA or higher (3.56% per the Bond Buyers Index). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from members and from the employer will be made at the current level as averaged over the last five years, adjusted for annual projected changes in headcount. Projected future benefit payments for all current plan members were projected through 2115. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make OPEB payments for inactive employees through year 2029. Therefore, the calculated discount rate of 3.58% was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

*Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate:* The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.58%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.58%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.58%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (2.58%)	Current Discount Rate (3.58%)	_	1% Increase (4.58%)
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 33,788,673.00	\$ 28,457,913.00	\$	24,250,863.00

*Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates.* The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare				
	-	1% Decrease	ease Cost Trend Rate		1% Increase	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	23,588,367.00	\$	28,457,913.00	\$	34,798,053.00

*OPEB plan fiduciary net position:* Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which is publicly available at <u>https://sao.georgia.gov/comprehensive-annual-financial-reports</u>.

### NOTE 14: RETIREMENT PLANS

The School District participates in various retirement plans administered by the State of Georgia, as further explained below.

### **TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA (TRS)**

*Plan Description:* All teachers of the School District as defined in O.C.G.A §47-3-60 and certain other support personnel as defined by §47-3-63 are provided a pension through the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia (TRS). TRS, a cost-sharing multiple- employer defined benefit pension plan, is administered by the TRS Board of Trustees (TRS Board). Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. The Teachers Retirement System of Georgia issues a publicly available separate financial report that can be obtained at www.trsga.com/publications.

**Benefits Provided:** TRS provides service retirement, disability retirement, and death benefits. Normal retirement benefits are determined as 2% of the average of the employee's two highest paid consecutive years of service, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service up to 40 years. An employee is eligible for normal service retirement after 30 years of creditable service, regardless of age, or after 10 years of service and attainment of age 60. Ten years of service is required for disability and death benefits eligibility. Disability benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the time of disability. Death benefits equal the amount that would be payable to the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death. Death benefits are based on the employee's creditable service and compensation up to the date of death.

*Contributions:* Per Title 47 of the O.C.G.A., contribution requirements of active employees and participating employers, as actuarially determined, are established and may be amended by the TRS Board. Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Employees were required to contribute 6% of their annual pay during fiscal year 2018. The School District's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 16.81% of annual School District payroll. For the current fiscal year, employer contributions to the pension plan were \$3,016,383.47 from the School District.

### PUBLIC SCHOOL EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PSERS)

*Plan description:* PSERS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan established by the Georgia General Assembly in 1969 for the purpose of providing retirement allowances for public school employees who are not eligible for membership in the Teachers Retirement System of Georgia. The ERS Board of Trustees, plus two additional trustees, administers PSERS. Title 47 of the O.C.G.A. assigns the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions to the State Legislature. PSERS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.

*Benefits provided:* A member may retire and elect to receive normal monthly retirement benefits after completion of ten years of creditable service and attainment of age 65. A member may choose to receive reduced benefits after age 60 and upon completion of ten years of service.

Upon retirement, the member will receive a monthly benefit of \$14.75, multiplied by the number of years of creditable service. Death and disability benefits are also available through PSERS. Additionally, PSERS may make periodic cost-of-living adjustments to the monthly benefits. Upon termination of employment, member contributions with accumulated interest are refundable upon request by the member. However, if an otherwise vested member terminates and withdraws his/her member contribution, the member forfeits all rights to retirement benefits.

*Contributions:* The general assembly makes an annual appropriation to cover the employer contribution to PSERS on behalf of local school employees (bus drivers, cafeteria workers, and maintenance staff). The annual employer contribution required by statute is actuarially determined and paid directly to PSERS by the State Treasurer in accordance with O.C.G.A. §47-4-29(a) and 60(b). Contributions are expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability.

Individuals who became members prior to July 1, 2012 contribute \$4 per month for nine months each fiscal year. Individuals who became members on or after July 1, 2012 contribute \$10 per month for nine months each fiscal year. The State of Georgia, although not the employer of PSERS members, is required by statute to make employer contributions actuarially determined and approved and certified by the PSERS Board of Trustees. The current fiscal year contribution was \$56,277.00.

### Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported a liability of \$26,568,441.00 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for TRS.

The net pension liability for TRS was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on contributions to TRS during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

At June 30, 2017, the School District's TRS proportion was 0.142954%, which was a decrease of 0.003178% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2016.

At June 30, 2018, the School District did not have a PSERS liability for a proportionate share of the net pension liability because of a Special Funding Situation with the State of Georgia, which is responsible for the net pension liability of the plan. The amount of the State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the School District is \$298,154.00.

The PSERS net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2017. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016. An expected total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined using standard roll-forward techniques. The State's proportion of the net pension liability associated with the School District was based on actuarially determined contributions paid by the State during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the School District recognized pension expense of \$2,355,401.00 for TRS and \$60,090.00 for PSERS and revenue of \$60,090.00 for PSERS. The revenue is support provided by the State of Georgia.

At June 30, 2018, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

			TRS	
		Deferred		Deferred
		Outflows of		Inflows of
	_	Resources	_	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	993,823.00	\$	100,267.00
Changes of assumptions		582,413.00		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		182,835.00
Changes in proportion and differences between School District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-		1,568,230.00
School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	3,016,383.47	_	-
Total	\$_	4,592,619.47	\$	1,851,332.00

The School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$3,016,383.47 for TRS are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30:	_	TRS
2019	\$	(727,190.00)
2020	\$	872,967.00
2021	\$	394,455.00
2022	\$	(820,630.00)
2023	\$	5,302.00

*Actuarial assumptions:* The total pension liability as of June 30, 2017 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2016, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

#### Teachers Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	3.25% – 9.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males) for service requirements and dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward two years for males and four years for females) was used for the death after disability retirement. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

### Public School Employees Retirement System:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary increases	N/A
Investment rate of return	7.50%, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Post-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Blue-Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females) for the period after service retirements and for dependent beneficiaries. The RP-2000 Disabled Mortality projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 5 years for both males and females) was used for death after disability retirement. There is a margin for future mortality improvement in the tables used by the System. Based on the results of the most recent experience study adopted by the Board on December 17, 2015, the numbers of expected future deaths are 9-11% less than the actual number of deaths that occurred during the study period for healthy retirees and 9-11% less than expected under the selected table for disabled retirees. Rates of mortality in active service were based on the RP-2000 Employee Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2016 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009 – June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS and PSERS pension plan investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset class	TRS Target allocation	PSERS Target allocation	Long-term expected real rate of return*
Fixed income	30.00%	30.00%	(0.50)%
Domestic large stocks	39.80%	37.20%	9.00%
Domestic mid stocks	3.70%	3.40%	12.00%
Domestic small stocks	1.50%	1.40%	13.50%
International developed market stocks	19.40%	17.80%	8.00%
International emerging market stocks	5.60%	5.20%	12.00%
Alternative		5.00%	10.50%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	

\* Rates shown are net of the 2.75% assumed rate of inflation

*Discount rate:* The discount rate used to measure the total TRS and PSERS pension liability was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer and nonemployer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the TRS and PSERS pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

*Sensitivity of the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate:* The following presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.50%, as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.50%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.50%) than the current rate:

Teachers Retirement System:	chers Retirement System:		Cu	urrent Discount Rate (7.50%)	_	1% Increase (8.50%)
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	43,601,929.00	\$	26,568,441.00	\$	12,536,676.00

*Pension plan fiduciary net position:* Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS and PSERS financial report which is publically available at <a href="http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html">www.trsga.com/publications</a> and <a href="http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html">http://www.ers.ga.gov/formspubs/formspubs.html</a>.

### DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

On July 1, 1995, the School District began an employer paid 403(b) annuity plan for the group of employees covered under the Public School Employees Retirement System (PSERS). Recognizing that PSERS was a limited defined contribution and defined benefit plan which did not provide for an adequate retirement for this group of employees, it was the Board's desire to supplement the retirement of this group.

The School District selected Lincoln Financial Services as the provider of this plan. For each employee covered under PSERS, the Board began contributing to the plan an amount equal to 3% of the employee's base pay.

The employee becomes vested in the plan from the enrollment date.

Funds accumulated in the employer paid accounts are only available to the employee upon termination of employment.

Employer contributions for the current fiscal year and the preceding two fiscal years are as follows:

	Percentage		Required
Fiscal Year	Contributed		Contribution
		-	
2018	100%	\$	14,833.00
2017	100%	\$	15,943.00
2016	100%	\$	14,542.00

### NOTE 15: RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR YEAR NET POSITION

For fiscal year 2018, the School District made prior period adjustments due to the adoption of GASB Statement No. 75, as described in "New Accounting Pronouncements", which require the restatement of the June 30, 2017, net position in Governmental Activities. The result is a decrease in net position at July 1, 2017 of \$29,074,137.00. This change is in accordance with generally accepted accounting procedures.

Net Position, July 1, 2017 as previously reported	\$	6,044,523.72
Prior Period Adjustment - Implementation of GASB No. 75: Net OPEB Liability (measurement date)		(30,130,234.00)
Deferred Outflows - School District's Contributions made during fiscal year 2017	-	1,056,097.00
Net Position, July 1, 2017, as restated	\$	(23,029,613.28)

### NOTE 16: TAX ABATEMENTS

Elbert County enters into property tax abatement agreements with local businesses for the purpose of attracting or retaining businesses within their jurisdictions. The abatements may be granted to any business located within or promising to relocate to Elbert County.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, Elbert County abated property taxes due to the School District that were levied on September 20, 2017 and due on December 11, 2017 totaling \$21,446.12. Included in that amount abated, the following are individual tax abatement agreements that each exceeded 10 percent of the total amount abated:

- A payment in lieu of taxes for a manufacturer to relocate to increase employment abated \$9,688.22 of tax revenues.
- A payment in lieu of taxes for a manufacturer to relocate to increase employment that abated \$11,757.90 of tax revenues.

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### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

	School District's	School District's	Cohool Districtle	School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	Plan fiduciary net position as a
Year Ended	proportion of the net pension liability	 portionate share of net pension liability	School District's covered payroll	as a percentage of its covered payroll	percentage of the total pension liability
		 · ·			
2018	0.142965%	\$ 26,568,441.00	\$ 16,431,083.38	161.70%	79.33%
2017	0.146132%	\$ 30,148,661.00	\$ 16,034,314.13	188.03%	76.06%
2016	0.151458%	\$ 23,057,977.00	\$ 16,023,377.62	143.90%	81.44%
2015	0.158677%	\$ 20,046,746.00	\$ 16,202,581.03	123.73%	84.03%

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	School District's proportion of the net pension liability	prop	nool District's ortionate share ne net pension liability	propo the ne asso	te of Georgia's ortionate share of et pension liability ociated with the chool District	School Distri proportionate sl the net pension School District's as a percentage Total covered payroll covered pay				Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2018	0.00%	\$	-	\$	298,154.00	\$ 298,154.00	\$	852,404.01	N/A	85.69%
2017	0.00%	\$	-	\$	378,484.00	\$ 378,484.00	\$	794,053.46	N/A	81.00%
2016	0.00%	\$	-	\$	249,672.00	\$ 249,672.00	\$	773,148.31	N/A	87.00%
2015	0.00%	\$	-	\$	224,650.00	\$ 224,650.00	\$	717,174.57	N/A	88.29%

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

						School District's	
			State of Georgia's			proportionate share of	Plan fiduciary net
		School District's	proportionate share of			the net OPEB liability	position as a
	School District's	proportionate share	the net OPEB liability		School District's	as a percentage of its	percentage of
	proportion of the	of the net OPEB	associated with the		covered-employee	covered-employee	the total OPEB
Year Ended	net OPEB liability	liability (asset)	School District	Total	payroll	payroll	liability
2018	0.202548%	\$ 28,457,913.00	\$-	\$ 28,457,913.00	\$ 15,389,820.88	184.91%	1.61%

#### SCHEDULE "4"

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF GEORGIA FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

Year Ended	Contractually required Ended contribution				Contribution deficiency (excess)	School District's covered payroll	Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	
2018	\$	3,016,383.47	\$ 3,016,383.47		\$ 17,943,982.57	16.81%		
2017	\$	2,344,715.60	\$ 2,344,715.60	-	\$ 16,431,083.38	14.27%		
2016	\$	2,288,096.62	\$ 2,288,096.62	-	\$ 16,034,314.13	14.27%		
2015	\$	2,106,396.50	\$ 2,106,396.50	-	\$ 16,023,377.62	13.15%		
2014	\$	1,989,676.95	\$ 1,989,676.95	-	\$ 16,202,581.03	12.28%		
2013	\$	1,839,965.90	\$ 1,839,965.90	-	\$ 16,125,906.22	11.41%		
2012 (1)	\$	1,773,669.56	\$ 1,773,669.56	-	\$ 17,253,594.96	10.28%		
2011(1)	\$	2,036,726.54	\$ 2,036,726.54	-	\$ 19,812,514.95	10.28%		
2010 (1)	\$	1,966,942.61	\$ 1,966,942.61	-	\$ 20,194,482.68	9.74%		

(1) These amounts include contributions paid on the School District's behalf by the Georgia Department of Education.

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS SCHOOL OPEB FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30

			Contributions in relation to					School District's	Contribution as a
Year Ended	Cont	tractually required contribution	the co	ntractually required contribution	· ·		сс	overed-employee payroll	percentage of covered- employee payroll
2018	\$	1,043,181.00	\$	1,043,181.00	\$	-	\$	16,850,692.05	6.19%
2017	\$	1,056,097.00	\$	1,056,097.00	\$	-	\$	15,389,820.88	6.86%

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

*Changes of assumptions:* In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience. In 2010, assumed rates of salary increase were adjusted to more closely reflect actual and anticipated experience.

On November 18, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement, disability, withdrawal and salary increases. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to RP 2000 White Collar Mortality Table with future mortality improvement projected to 2025 with the Society of Actuaries' projection scale BB (set forward one year for males).

### Public School Employees Retirement System

*Changes of assumptions:* In 2010 and later, the expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Mortality Tables rather than the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table, which was used prior to 2010. In 2010, rates of withdrawal, retirement, disability and mortality were adjusted to more closely reflect actual experience.

On December 17, 2015, the Board adopted recommended changes to the economic and demographic assumptions utilized by the System. Primary among the changes were the updates to rates of mortality, retirement and withdrawal. The expectation of retired life mortality was changed to the RP 2000 Blue Collar Mortality Table projected to 2025 with projection scale BB (set forward 3 years for males and 2 years for females).

### School OPEB Fund

*Changes of benefit terms:* In June 30, 2010 actuarial valuation, there was a change of benefit terms to require Medicare-eligible recipients to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan to receive the State subsidy.

**Changes in assumptions:** In the revised June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, there was a change relating to employee allocation. Employees were previously allocated based on their Retirement System membership, and currently employees are allocated based on their current employer payroll location.

In the June 30, 2015 actuarial valuation, decremental and underlying inflation assumptions were changed to reflect the Retirement Systems' experience studies.

In the June 30, 2012 actuarial valuation, a data audit was performed and data collection procedures and assumptions were changed.

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### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION GENERAL FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		NONAPPROPRIATED BUDGETS				ACTUAL		VARIANCE
	-	ORIGINAL (1)		FINAL (1)		AMOUNTS		OVER/UNDER
REVENUES								
Property Taxes	\$	8,471,778.00	\$	8,471,778.00	\$	8,892,945.98	\$	421,167.98
State Funds	Ŧ	18,549,094.00	+	18,766,219.00	Ŧ	20,074,950.88	Ŧ	1,308,731.88
Federal Funds		79,200.00		2,254,614.00		4,112,773.94		1,858,159.94
Charges for Services		2,500.00		2,500.00		199,702.48		197,202.48
Investment Earnings		5,000.00		5,000.00		4,001.57		(998.43)
Miscellaneous		250,440.00		250,440.00		1,092,889.20		842,449.20
	-				·		_	
Total Revenues	-	27,358,012.00		29,750,551.00	. <u> </u>	34,377,264.05	. <u> </u>	4,626,713.05
EXPENDITURES								
Current								
Instruction		17,871,392.89		19,302,861.65		19,076,212.75		226,648.90
Support Services								
Pupil Services		939,149.12		1,145,352.08		1,340,182.16		(194,830.08)
Improvement of Instructional Services		814,594.00		1,415,714.77		1,733,116.23		(317,401.46)
Educational Media Services		501,868.80		500,963.23		503,703.76		(2,740.53)
General Administration		690,007.00		731,877.00		648,748.03		83,128.97
School Administration		1,996,869.19		2,009,750.54		2,252,058.24		(242,307.70)
Business Administration		332,149.00		341,309.00		301,585.82		39,723.18
Maintenance and Operation of Plant		1,958,692.00		1,954,692.00		1,898,250.05		56,441.95
Student Transportation Services		1,748,476.00		1,804,963.00		1,885,342.49		(80,379.49)
Central Support Services		247,314.00		293,264.00		143,888.38		149,375.62
Other Support Services		248,500.00		240,770.00		209,506.88		31,263.12
Enterprise Operations		-		-		17,630.88		(17,630.88)
Food Services Operation		-		-		2,301,610.95		(2,301,610.95)
Debt Service	-	15,000.00		15,000.00		16,939.16		(1,939.16)
Total Expenditures	_	27,364,012.00		29,756,517.27		32,328,775.78	· -	(2,572,258.51)
Excess of Revenues over (under) Expenditures		(6,000.00)		(5,966.27)		2,048,488.27		2,054,454.54
OTHER FINANCING USES								
Other Uses	_	-		-		(853,939.51)		(853,939.51)
Net Change in Fund Balances		(6,000.00)		(5,966.27)		1,194,548.76		1,200,515.03
Fund Balances - Beginning		10,999,611.10		5,862,988.12		5,929,017.94		66,029.82
Adjustments		4,171.93		(19,869.36)				19,869.36
	-						-	

### Notes to the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Budget and Actual

 Original and Final Budget amounts do not include the revenues or expenditures of the various principal accounts and school food program. The actual revenues and expenditures of the various principal accounts and school food program are \$286,836.36 and \$284,848.93 and \$2,316,263.27 and \$2,260,913.75 respectively.

The accompanying schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances budget and actual is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting which is the basis of accounting used in the presentation of the fund financial statements.

SCHEDULE "8"

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

FUNDING AGENCY <u>PROGRAM/GRANT</u>	CFDA NUMBER	PASS- THROUGH ENTITY ID NUMBER	EXPENDITURES IN PERIOD
Agriculture, U. S. Department of			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	18185GA324N1099	\$ 683,800.56
National School Lunch Program	10.555	18185GA324N1100	1,526,753.19
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			2,210,553.75
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Food Services			
Child Nutrition Discretionary Grants Limited Availability	10.579	185GA350N8103	4,291.45
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			2,214,845.20
Education, U. S. Department of			
Special Education Cluster			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Special Education			
Grants to States	84.027	H027A160073	49,031.00
Grants to States	84.027	H027A170073	543,220.00
Preschool Grants	84.173	H173A170081	26,507.00
Total Special Education Cluster			618,758.00
Other Programs			
Pass-Through From Georgia Department of Education			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	V048A170010	40,151.88
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	S365A160010	53.00
English Language Acquisition Grants	84.365	S365A170010	7,448.23
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A160001	9,480.00
Improving Teacher Quality State Grants	84.367	S367A170001	97,865.26
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A160011	3,118.00
Migrant Education - State Grant Program	84.011	S011A170011	8,815.24
Rural Education	84.358	S358B160010	11,179.00
Rural Education	84.358	S365B170010	50,999.43
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424A	S424A170011	25,551.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A160010	59,151.00
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	S010A170010	1,016,316.67
Total Other Programs			1,330,128.71
Total U. S. Department of Education			1,948,886.71

Health and Human Services, U. S. Department of Other Programs Pass-Through From Y.M.C.A. Head Start	93.600 04CH010232	349,470.00
Defense, U. S. Department of Direct Department of the Army R.O.T.C. Program	12.UNKNOWN	82,803.79
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$4,596,005.70

### Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the Elbert County Board of Education (the "Board") under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2017. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Board, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the Board.

### Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. The Board has elected to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF STATE REVENUE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPE
		GENERAL FUND
AGENCY/FUNDING		
GRANTS		
Bright From the Start:		
Georgia Department of Early Care and Learning		
Pre-Kindergarten Program	\$	832,531.37
	Ŧ	
Education, Georgia Department of		
Quality Basic Education		
Direct Instructional Cost		
Kindergarten Program		548,859.00
Kindergarten Program - Early Intervention Program		867,068.00
Primary Grades (1-3) Program		1,913,512.00
Primary Grades - Early Intervention (1-3) Program		889,687.00
Upper Elementary Grades (4-5) Program		924,456.00
Upper Elementary Grades - Early Intervention (4-5) Program		877,269.00
Middle School (6-8) Program		2,008,421.00
High School General Education (9-12) Program		1,548,173.00
Vocational Laboratory (9-12) Program		749,732.00
Students with Disabilities		2,952,443.00
Gifted Student - Category VI		730,591.00
Remedial Education Program		59,918.00
Alternative Education Program		148,178.00
English Speakers of Other Languages (ESOL)		132,725.00
Media Center Program		362,148.00
20 Days Additional Instruction		105,550.00
Staff and Professional Development		63,580.00
Principal Staff and Professional Development		1,341.00
Indirect Cost		
Central Administration		586,111.00
School Administration		784,415.00
Facility Maintenance and Operations		760,665.00
Amended Formula Adjustment		(279,686.00)
Categorical Grants		<b>,</b>
Pupil Transportation		
Regular		600,942.00
Nursing Services		59,899.00
Education Equalization Funding Grant		1,529,921.00
Other State Programs		
Food Services		50,360.00
Math and Science Supplements		7,526.68
Preschool Disability Services		59,614.00
Pupil Transportation - State Bonds		77,319.58
Teacher of the Year		507.25
Vocational Education		64,897.00

Office of the State Treasurer Public School Employees Retirement

\$ 20,074,950.88

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### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF APPROVED LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROJECTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

PROJECT	ORIGINAL ESTIMATED COST (1)	CURRENT ESTIMATED COSTS (2)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN CURRENT YEAR (3) (4)	AMOUNT EXPENDED IN PRIOR YEARS (3) (4)	TOTAL COMPLETION COST	EXCESS PROCEEDS NOT EXPENDED (5)	ESTIMATED COMPLETION DATE
<u>SPLOST 2011</u>							
(1) Renovating, modernizing, equipping, repairing, and improving Elbert County Comprehensive High School to include mechanical, structural, educational, and other facility functions;	\$     7,095,663.00  \$	5    7,361,415.87  \$	6 - \$	5 7,275,510.27 \$	7,275,510.27	\$ 85,905.60	Complete
(2) Purchasing textbooks and software;	1,230,469.00	700,000.00	26,965.33	633,254.04	660,219.37	39,780.63	Complete
(3) Acquiring and improving school buses and other vehicles;	703,125.00	100,000.00		92,452.37	92,452.37	7,547.63	Complete
(4) Purchasing, upgrading and supporting existing and future technology initiatives;	2,109,375.00	2,100,000.00	90,854.63	2,009,145.37	2,100,000.00	-	Complete
(5) Renovating, modernizing, equipping, repairing, improving, planning, and acquiring other system facilities to include elementary, middle, athletic and operational facilities;	2,009,805.00	2,500,000.00	53,923.98	2,238,386.17	2,292,310.15	207,689.85	Complete
(6) Acquiring any other real or personal property as so desired.	351,563.00						Complete
SPLOST 2011 Totals	13,500,000.00	12,761,415.87	171,743.94	12,248,748.22	12,420,492.16	340,923.71	
<u>SPLOST 2016</u>							
(1) Renovating, modernizing, equipping, repairing, improving, planning, and acquiring other system facilities to include elementary, middle, high, athletic and operational facilities;	6,747,219.00	5,674,856.67	1,200,781.96			_	6/30/2022
				-	-	-	
<ul><li>(2) Purchasing textbooks and software;</li><li>(2) Purchasing containing and immediate school busies.</li></ul>	725,000.00	652,280.53	28,833.43	-	-	-	6/30/2022
(3) Purchasing, acquiring and improving school buses, vehicles, and improvements to parking facilities;	805,000.00	257,547.63	62,390.75	-	-	-	6/30/2022
(4) Purchasing, upgrading and supporting existing and future technology initiatives to include but not be limited to computers, computer peripheral devices, infrastructure, security, and end user devices;	3,400,000.00	1,265,469.66	480,518.25	-	-	-	6/30/2022

(5) Purchasing, upgrading, renovating, improving, planning and modernizing HVAC and associated systems;	2,616,219.00	2,016,219.00	225,000.00	-	-	-	6/30/2022
(6) Acquiring and preparing land for the construction of new or replacement facilities and the expansion of existing district facilities as well as replacing, purchasing, upgrading or supplementing capital equipment.	125,000.00	75,000.00	74,247.76				6/30/2022
SPLOST 2016 Totals	14,418,438.00	9,941,373.49	2,071,772.15				

## \$ <u>27,918,438.00</u> \$ <u>22,702,789.36</u> \$ <u>2,243,516.09</u> \$ <u>12,248,748.22</u> \$ <u>12,420,492.16</u> \$ <u>340,923.71</u>

- (1) The School District's original cost estimate as specified in the resolution calling for the imposition of the Local Option Sales Tax.
- (2) The School District's current estimate of total cost for the projects. Includes all cost from project inception to completion from all funding sources, including other state revenues. Also, the project cost estimates include unspent proceeds from similar projects in the 2011 SPLOST
- (3) The voters of Elbert County approved the imposition of a 1% sales tax to fund the above projects and retire associated debt. Amounts expended for these projects may include sales tax proceeds, state, local property taxes and/or other funds over the life of the projects.
- (4) In addition to the expenditures shown above, the School District has incurred interest to provide advance funding for the above projects as follows:

SPLOST 2011	
Prior Years Current Year	\$ 512,661.82 
Total	\$512,661.82
SPLOST 2016	
Current Year	\$ 105,983.53

(5) At June 30, 2018, all projects have been completed. The excess proceeds are being used to fund similar projects in the 2016 SPLOST issue.

SECTION II

COMPLIANCE AND INTERNAL CONTROL REPORTS



### **DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS**

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 24, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Elbert County Board of Education

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Elbert County Board of Eduation (School District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated July 24, 2019.

### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Sheard Shiff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor



### **DEPARTMENT OF AUDITS AND ACCOUNTS**

270 Washington Street, S.W., Suite 1-156 Atlanta, Georgia 30334-8400

Greg S. Griffin STATE AUDITOR (404) 656-2174

July 24, 2019

The Honorable Brian P. Kemp, Governor of Georgia Members of the General Assembly of the State of Georgia Members of the State Board of Education and Superintendent and Members of the Elbert County Board of Education

### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Elbert County Board of Education's (School District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018. The School District's major federal programs are identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying *Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs*.

### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the School District's compliance.

### **Opinion on Each Major Federal Program**

In our opinion, the School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2018.

### **Report on Internal Control over Compliance**

Management of the School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Respectfully submitted,

Theger Striff-

Greg S. Griffin State Auditor

SECTION III

AUDITEE'S RESPONSE TO PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION AUDITEE'S RESPONSE SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

### PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

SECTION IV

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

### ELBERT COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

### I SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

### **Financial Statements**

	report issue: al Activities; General emaining Fund Informat		Capital	Projects	Fund;	Unmodified
<ul> <li>Material</li> </ul>	over financial reporting: weaknesses identified? nt deficiencies identified					No None Reported
Noncompliance	material to financial sta	tements	s noted:			No
Federal Awards						
<ul> <li>Material</li> </ul>	over major programs: weaknesses identified? nt deficiencies identified					No None Reported
Type of auditor's All major pro	report issued on compl grams	iance fo	r major p	rograms:		Unmodified
	gs disclosed that are re 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	quired t	o be repo	orted in		No
Identification of	major programs:					
<u>CFDA Numbe</u>	ers	Name	e of Fede	ral Program	<u>m or Cluster</u>	
10.553, 10.5	555	Child	Nutrition	Cluster		
Dollar threshold	used to distinguish betw	veen Typ	be A and <sup>·</sup>	Type B pro	grams:	\$750,000.00
Auditee qualified	d as low-risk auditee?					No

### II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.

### III FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

No matters were reported.