

# The Big Bang!: Chapter 2.2

## Origin of the Universe

### ■ Big Bang

- occurred \_\_\_\_\_ billion years ago
- model for the \_\_\_\_\_

### Building a Universe

- \_\_\_\_\_ not governed by our physical laws or time
- all \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ contained in one point
- instantaneous filling of \_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ .

### Edwin Hubble

- Universe is continuously \_\_\_\_\_
- Galaxy's velocity is \_\_\_\_\_ to its \_\_\_\_\_ (galaxies that are \_\_\_\_\_ as far from us move \_\_\_\_\_ as fast)
  - taken every galaxy the \_\_\_\_\_ to move from a common starting position to its \_\_\_\_\_

### Hubble's Evidence

- Doppler shifting - \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_
- Sound of a fire truck siren - pitch of the siren is \_\_\_\_\_ as the fire truck moves \_\_\_\_\_ you, and \_\_\_\_\_ as it moves \_\_\_\_\_ from you
- Visible wavelengths emitted by objects moving \_\_\_\_\_ are shifted towards the \_\_\_\_\_ part of the visible spectrum
- The faster they move away from us, the more they are \_\_\_\_\_. Thus, \_\_\_\_\_ is a reasonable way to measure the \_\_\_\_\_ of an object (this, by the way, is the principal by which \_\_\_\_\_ measure the speed of a \_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_)
- When we observe the redshift of galaxies outside our \_\_\_\_\_, every galaxy appears to be \_\_\_\_\_ us - universe is \_\_\_\_\_.

### Evidence for Big Bang

- Red shift - as light from distant galaxies approach earth there is an \_\_\_\_\_ between \_\_\_\_\_ and the \_\_\_\_\_, which leads to \_\_\_\_\_

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- In 1964, \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_, discovered a \_\_\_\_\_ of extraterrestrial origin that came from all directions at once - \_\_\_\_\_
  - In June \_\_\_\_\_, scientists detected \_\_\_\_\_ in the far reaches of the universe - consistent with an important aspect of the Big Bang theory that a mixture of \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_ was created at the beginning of the universe

### **Building a Universe**

#### **When Did the Universe Form?**

- \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_ billion years ago (\_\_\_\_\_)

#### **How do we know?**

- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_
- \_\_\_\_\_

#### **How old is the universe?**

- \_\_\_\_\_ x \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_
- (\_\_\_\_\_ of a particular galaxy) / (that galaxy's \_\_\_\_\_) = (\_\_\_\_\_)
- or
- $4.6 \times 10^{26} \text{ cm} / 1 \times 10^9 \text{ cm/sec} = 4.6 \times 10^{17} \text{ sec}$
- $\sim$  \_\_\_\_\_ billion years