BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 LAKE COUNTY, ILLINOIS

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

eder, casella & co

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	PAGE
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	4
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	6
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	12
Statement of Activities	13
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	14
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	15
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities	17
Statement of Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities	18
Notes to Financial Statements	19
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios	41
Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund – Schedule of Employer Contribution	42
Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois – Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	43
Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois – Schedule of Employer Contribution	44

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TABLE OF CONTENTS JUNE 30, 2019

	PAGE
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (Continued)	TAGE
Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund of the State of Illinois – Schedule of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	45
Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund of the State of Illinois – Schedule of Employer Contribution	46
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund	47
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund – Operations and Maintenance Fund	50
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund – Transportation Fund	51
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Special Revenue Fund – Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund	52
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	54
SUPPLEMENTAL FINANCIAL INFORMATION	
Combining Balance Sheet – General Fund	55
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – General Fund	56
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund – Educational Fund	57
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – General Fund – Working Cash Fund	61
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual – Capital Projects Fund	62
Schedule of Changes in Fiduciary Assets and Liabilities – Activity Funds	63
Computation of Operating Expense Per Pupil and Per Capita Tuition Charge	64

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education Bannockburn School District No. 106 Bannockburn, Illinois

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Bannockburn School District No. 106

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bannockburn School District No. 106 as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and budgetary comparison information, as listed on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bannockburn School District No. 106's basic financial statements. The supplemental information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplemental information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information, except for the average daily attendance figure included in the computation of operating expense per pupil and per capita tuition charges, has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplemental information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 27, 2019 on our consideration of Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance.

That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eder, Casella & Co. EDER, CASELLA & CO.

Certified Public Accountants

McHenry, Illinois September 27, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education Bannockburn School District No. 106 Bannockburn, Illinois

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of

Bannockburn School District No. 106

as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bannockburn School District No. 106's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 27, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bannockburn School District No. 106's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. However, as described in the accompanying management letter, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the management letter, which we consider to be material weaknesses.

A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged



with governance. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the management letter, which we consider to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bannockburn School District No. 106's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Edur, Casella & Co.
EDER, CASELLA & CO.
Certified Public Accountants

McHenry, Illinois September 27, 2019



BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2019

The Management's Discussion and Analysis of Bannockburn School District No. 106's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2019. The management of the District encourages readers to consider the information presented herein in conjunction with the basic financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2019 by \$21,659,202 (net position). Of this amount, \$9,781,078 (unrestricted net position) may be used at the District's discretion and has not been restricted for specific purposes.
- The District's total net position increased by \$254,084. This increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues exceeded similar increases in ongoing expenses.
- At June 30, 2019, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,845,374, an increase of \$960,942 in comparison with the prior year. Of this, \$11,850,464 is available for spending at the District's discretion (unassigned fund balance).
- At June 30, 2019, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$11,850,464, or 211% of total General Fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, less its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the fiscal year being reported. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements present the functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The District has no business-type activities; that is, functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District's governmental activities include instructional services

(regular education, special education, and other), supporting services, operation and maintenance of facilities, and transportation services.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds (the District maintains no proprietary funds).

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund Balance Sheet and the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund Balance Sheet and in the governmental fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for the General; Operations and Maintenance; Transportation; Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security; and Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds.

The District adopts an annual budget for each of the funds listed above. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14 through 17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that for the government-wide financial statements.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statement can be found on page 18 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 19 through 40 of this report.

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's progress in meeting its obligation to provide, as fully adequate as possible, educational services and extracurricular activities to all of its residents' students.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 41 through 54 of this report.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$21,659,202 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the years ended June 30, 2019 and 2018:

Bannockburn School District No. 106's Net Position at Year-End

	 Governmental Activities							
	FY 2019		FY 2018					
Assets								
Current and Other Assets	\$ 19,414,600	\$	18,800,299					
Capital Assets	 10,666,055		11,043,523					
Total Assets	\$ 30,080,655	\$	29,843,822					
Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 618,865	\$	299,749					
Liabilities	 _		_					
Other Liabilities	\$ 372,981	\$	419,629					
Long-Term Debt Outstanding	 2,980,507		2,178,454					
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,353,488	\$	2,598,083					
Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 5,686,830	\$	5,940,800					
Net Position	 							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,666,055	\$	11,043,523					
Restricted	1,212,069		1,157,571					
Unrestricted	9,781,078		9,403,594					
Total Net Position	\$ 21,659,202	\$	21,604,688					

The net investment in capital assets (49% of total net position) represents assets such as land, buildings, and equipment, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses its assets to provide educational services and extracurricular activities for the students of the local community. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the District's net position (6%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (\$9,781,078) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligation to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position.

The District's net position increased by \$254,084 during the current fiscal year. Substantially all of this increase represents the degree to which increases in ongoing revenues exceeded similar increases in ongoing expenses.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the District's net position by \$254,084. Key elements of this increase are as follows:

	Governmental Activities							
		FY 2019	FY 2018					
Revenues:								
Program Revenues								
Charges for Services	\$	29,545	\$	32,030				
Operating Grants and Contributions		1,585,573		1,538,399				
General Revenues:								
Property Taxes		5,485,403		5,674,499				
Other Taxes	27,450			25,374				
Other		534,233		380,065				
Total Revenues	\$	7,662,204	\$	7,650,367				
Expenses:								
Instruction	\$	2,542,026	\$	2,406,635				
Support Services		2,527,742		2,435,400				
Other		2,338,352		2,319,155				
Total Expenses	\$	7,408,120	\$	7,161,190				
Increase in Net Position	\$	254,084	\$	489,177				
Net Position - Beginning		21,604,688		22,973,302				
Net Position Adjustment		(199,570)		(1,857,791)				
Net Position - Ending	\$	21,659,202	\$	21,604,688				

Overall, the District's revenues slightly increased by \$11,837. Other revenues increased as a result of higher interest income in the current year; property taxes decreased as a result of lower levies and more taxes held back due to outstanding rate objections; and operating grants and contributions slightly increased due to higher state grant revenues in comparison to the prior year.

The increase in instruction expenses was due to higher salaries and benefits in the current year. The increase in support services was due to higher business and administration costs in comparison to the prior year. Finally, the increase in other expenses was due to increased On-Behalf contributions in comparison to the prior year.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on nearterm inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's five governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$13,845,374, an increase of \$960,942.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At June 30, 2019, unassigned fund balance was \$11,850,464. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 211% of total General Fund expenditures. The General Fund's balance increased by \$751,101 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is higher than the prior year increase, as there was a transfer to the Capital Projects fund in the prior year.

The Operations and Maintenance Fund's balance increased by \$210,926 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is lower than the prior year increase, since the transfer to the Capital Project Fund was \$400,000 in the current year compared to a \$200,000 transfer in the prior year.

The Transportation Fund's fund balance decreased by \$84,278 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is lower than the prior year decrease due to a transfer to the Capital Projects Fund in the prior year, but no transfer in the current year.

The Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund's balance increased by \$12,273 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is slightly lower than the prior year increase due to increased expenses in the current year compared to the prior year.

The Capital Projects Fund's balance increased by \$70,920 in comparison with the prior year. This increase was the result of the transfers in from other funds exceeding the amount paid out for capital projects during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District did not amend the budget during the year ended June 30, 2019; therefore, there are no differences between the original and final budget.

Significant differences between budgeted and actual revenues and expenditures are summarized as follows:

- The difference between budgeted revenues and actual revenues was \$251,612 (favorable) and was mainly due to higher than expected earnings on investments and On-Behalf Payments.
- The difference between budgeted expenditures and actual expenditures was \$382,722 (favorable) due
 to lower than expected instruction for regular program, educational media services, payments for
 special education programs, and capital outlay.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At June 30, 2019 the District had invested \$10,666,055 (net of accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including land, building and building improvements, site improvements and infrastructure, capitalized equipment, and construction in progress. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$439,680.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

• The District purchased small office equipment and replaced an interior glass door during the fiscal year.

Bannockburn School District No. 106's Capital Assets at Year-End (net of depreciation)

Governmental Activities							
	2019		2018				
\$	382,477	\$	382,477				
	9,055,342		9,358,741				
	857,049		875,524				
	371,187		421,794				
	-		4,987				
\$	10,666,055	\$	11,043,523				
		2019 \$ 382,477 9,055,342 857,049 371,187	2019 \$ 382,477 \$ 9,055,342 857,049 371,187				

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 4 on page 24 of this report.

Long-Term Debt. At June 30, 2019 the District had no long-term debt.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

The assessed valuation for tax year 2018 is \$220,876,484, an increase of \$7,257,691 (3.40%) over the prior year. There are no significant changes in the fiscal year 2020 budget to disclose.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, parents, students, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances, and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the District at the following address:

Bannockburn School District No. 106 2165 Telegraph Road Bannockburn, IL 60015



BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value	\$ 1,784,783 14,322,100
Accrued Interest Receivable, net of allowance of \$0	235,449
Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of \$0	1,500
Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of \$0	2,865,363
Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of \$0	6,211
Prepaid Items	199,194
Capital Assets (Note 4):	000 477
Land Depresiable Buildings Draparty and Equipment, not of depresiation	382,477
Depreciable Buildings, Property, and Equipment, net of depreciation Total Assets	10,283,578 \$ 30,080,655
Total Assets	\$ 30,080,033
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions - IMRF	\$ 275,405
Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions - TRS	44,410
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	299,050
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 618,865
LIABILITIES	
Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses	\$ 368,493
Payroll Liabilities	4,488
Long-Term Liabilities	0.000.505
Due in More Than One Year	2,980,507
Total Liabilities	\$ 3,353,488
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	\$ 5,196,245
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions - TRS	34,728
Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions - IMRF	109,380
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	346,477
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 5,686,830
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 10,666,055
Restricted for:	
Operations and Maintenance	859,742
Transportation	136,740
Retirement	215,587
Unrestricted/(Deficit)	9,781,078
Total Net Position	\$ 21,659,202

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program	Reve	enues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position				
	Expenses		arges for ervices	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities				
Functions/Programs												
Governmental Activities												
Instruction												
Regular Programs	\$ 2,275,454	\$	26,054	\$	49,887	\$	-	\$ (2,199,513)				
Special Education Programs	137,028		-		33,170		-	(103,858)				
Other Instructional Programs	129,544		124		-		-	(129,420)				
Support Services												
Pupils	81,332		-		-		-	(81,332)				
Instructional Staff	444,277		-		-		-	(444,277)				
General Administration	405,956		-		-		-	(405,956)				
School Administration	395,914		-		-		-	(395,914)				
Business	250,371		-		-		-	(250,371)				
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	291,005		-		-			(291,005)				
Operations and Maintenance	490,841		-		-		-	(490,841)				
Transportation	161,458		-		16,849		-	(144,609)				
Food Services	6,588		3,367		3,115		-	(106)				
Payments to Other Districts and	,		•		•			,				
Governmental Units	416,120		_		_		_	(416,120)				
On-Behalf Retirement Contributions	1,482,552		_		1,482,552		-	-				
Depreciation - Unallocated	439,680		_		-		-	(439,680)				
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 7,408,120	\$	29,545	\$	1,585,573	\$	-	\$ (5,793,002)				
	General Revenu Taxes											
	Property Tax							\$ 5,485,403				
	Personal Pro							27,450				
	Grants and Co				cted to Speci	fic Acti	vities	140,405				
	Unrestricted In			gs				354,685				
	Miscellaneous							39,143				
	Total Gener	al Rev	enues/					\$ 6,047,086				
	Change in Net F	Change in Net Position										
	Net Position - J	21,604,688										
	Net Position Ad	(199,570)										
	Net Position - J	\$ 21,659,202										

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

		General Fund		Operations and Maintenance Fund		Maintenance		Transportation Fund				•		•		Illinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS																					
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value Accrued Interest Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of \$0 Prepaid Items	\$	1,521,538 12,209,690 200,721 1,500 2,151,158 2,039 128,122	\$	155,956 1,251,473 20,574 - 560,316 - 71,072	\$	26,099 209,429 3,443 - 82,718 4,172	\$	32,383 259,855 4,272 - 71,171 -	\$	48,807 391,653 6,439 - - - -	\$	1,784,783 14,322,100 235,449 1,500 2,865,363 6,211 199,194									
Total Assets	\$	16,214,768	\$	2,059,391	\$	325,861	\$	367,681	\$	446,899	\$	19,414,600									
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE																					
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Payroll Liabilities Total Liabilities	\$	335,126 - 335,126	\$	26,063 - 26,063	\$	7,304 - 7,304	\$	- 4,488 4,488	\$	- -	\$	368,493 4,488 372,981									
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES																					
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$	3,901,056 3,901,056	\$	1,016,116 1,016,116	\$ \$	150,006 150,006	\$	129,067 129,067	\$	-	\$ \$	5,196,245 5,196,245									
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Prepaid Items	\$	128.122	\$	71.072	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	199,194									
Restricted	Ф	120,122	φ	,-	Ф	-	φ	-	φ	-	Φ	ŕ									
Operations and Maintenance Transportation Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund Social Security		- - -		859,742 - - -		136,740 - -		- - 66,165 149,422		- - -		859,742 136,740 66,165 149,422									
Assigned Operations and Maintenance Transportation Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund/Social Security		- - -		86,398 - -		- 31,811 -		- - 18,539		- - - 446 900		86,398 31,811 18,539 446,899									
Capital Projects Unassigned Total Fund Balance	\$	11,850,464 11,978,586	\$	- - 1,017,212	\$	- - 168,551	\$	- - 234,126	\$	446,899 - 446,899	\$	11,850,464 13,845,374									
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	16,214,768	\$	2,059,391	\$	325,861	\$	367,681	\$	446,899	\$	19,414,600									

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

\$ 13,845,374

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Deferred pension costs in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds

Deferred (Inflows) - IMRF	\$	(109,380)
Deferred Outflows - IMRF	·	275,405
Deferred (Inflows) - TRS		(34,728)
Deferred Outflows - TRS		44,410
Deferred (Inflows) - THIS		(346,477)
Deferred Outflows - THIS		299,050

128,280

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Capital Assets	\$ 15,580,872
Accumulated Depreciation on Capital Assets	(4,914,817)

10,666,055

Some liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds.

Net Pension (Liability)/Asset - TRS	\$ (226,611)
Net Pension (Liability)/Asset - IMRF	(439,168)
Net OPEB (Liability)/Asset - THIS	(2,314,728)

(2,980,507)

Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 21,659,202

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

REVENUES		General Fund		erations and aintenance Fund	Transportation Fund		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•		•				•		•		•		•		'		•		R	llinois Municipal Retirement/ Social Security Fund		Capital Projects Fund	G	Total overnmental Funds
Property Taxes	\$	4,277,102	\$	1,023,162	\$	55,147	\$	129,992	\$		\$	5,485,403																																														
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	Ф	25,450	Ф	1,023,102	Φ	55, 147	Φ	2,000	Ф	-	Ф	27,450																																														
•		307,687		20.072		5,184		5,903		e 020																																																
Earnings on Investments				28,973		5,104		5,905		6,938		354,685																																														
Food Service		3,367		-		-		-		-		3,367																																														
District/School Activity Income		26,178		40.000		-		-		-		26,178																																														
Other Local Sources		28,747		10,396		-		-		-		39,143																																														
State Aid		141,155		-		16,849		-		=		158,004																																														
Federal Aid		85,422		-		-		-		-		85,422																																														
On-Behalf Payments		1,482,552										1,482,552																																														
	\$	6,377,660	\$	1,062,531	\$	77,180	\$	137,895	\$	6,938	\$	7,662,204																																														
EXPENDITURES																																																										
Current																																																										
Instruction																																																										
Regular Programs	\$	2,097,180	\$	_	\$	_	\$	34,800	\$	_	\$	2,131,980																																														
Special Education Programs	Ψ	128,584	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	1,537	Ψ	_	Ψ	130,121																																														
Other Instructional Programs		120,561		_		_		1,351		_		121,912																																														
Support Services		120,501		-		_		1,551		_		121,912																																														
Pupils		77,667						1,267				78,934																																														
Instructional Staff		380,919		-		_		21,722		_		402,641																																														
General Administration		385,772		-		-		3,614		-		389,386																																														
		,		-		-		,		-		,																																														
School Administration		317,822		-		-		26,191		-		344,013																																														
Business		196,237		-		-		18,802		-		215,039																																														
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		-		-		=		-		291,005		291,005																																														
Operations and Maintenance		-		451,605		-		16,075		-		467,680																																														
Transportation				-		161,458		-		-		161,458																																														
Food Services		5,946		-		-		263		-		6,209																																														
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units		416,120		-		-		-		=		416,120																																														
Capital Outlay		17,199		-		=		-		45,013		62,212																																														
On-Behalf Payments		1,482,552		-				-		=		1,482,552																																														
	\$	5,626,559	\$	451,605	\$	161,458	\$	125,622	\$	336,018	\$	6,701,262																																														
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES																																																										
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	751,101	\$	610.926	\$	(84,278)	\$	12,273	\$	(329,080)	\$	960,942																																														
OVER EXPENDITURES	φ	751,101	φ	010,920	φ	(64,276)	φ	12,273	φ	(329,000)	φ	900,942																																														
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)																																																										
Interfund Transfers		-		(400,000)		-		-		400,000		-																																														
				· · ·																																																						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	751,101	\$	210,926	\$	(84,278)	\$	12,273	\$	70,920	\$	960,942																																														
FUND DALANCES HULV 1 2019		11 227 405		906 206		252 020		224 052		275.070		10 004 400																																														
FUND BALANCES - JULY 1, 2018		11,227,485		806,286		252,829		221,853		375,979		12,884,432																																														
FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30, 2019	\$	11,978,586	\$	1,017,212	\$	168,551	\$	234,126	\$	446,899	\$	13,845,374																																														

The Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of this statement.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 960,942
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation expense in the current period.	
Depreciation Expense \$ (439,680) Capital Outlays \$ 62,212	(377,468)
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	
IMRF Pension Expense \$ (231,104) TRS Pension Expense (10,120) OPEB Expense (171,173)	(412,397)
Employer pension contributions are expensed in the fund financial statements but treated as a reduction in the Net Pension/OPEB Liability on the government-wide financial statements.	
IMRF Pension Contributions\$ 50,109TRS Pension Contributions14,250OPEB Contributions18,648	83,007
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 254,084

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Fund - Student Activity Fund
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,535
Total Assets	\$ 1,535
LIABILITIES Due to Activity Funds	\$ 1,535
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,535

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Bannockburn School District No. 106's (District) accounting policies conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to local education agencies.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The most significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

A. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements comply with the provisions of GASB statements in that the financial statements include all organizations, activities, and functions that comprise the District. Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (the primary entity) is financially accountable. Financial accountability is defined as the ability to appoint a voting majority of the organization's governing body and either (1) the District's ability to impose its will over the organization or (2) the potential that the organization will provide a financial benefit to, or impose a financial burden on, the District. Using these criteria, the District has no component units. In addition, the District is not included as a component unit in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by GASB pronouncements.

B. Basic Financial Statements – Government-Wide Financial Statements

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund (reporting the District's major funds) financial statements. Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize all of the primary activities of the District as governmental activities. The District does not have any business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column (a) is presented on a consolidated basis, and (b) is reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables, as well as long-term debt and obligations. The District's net position is reported in three parts – net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position. The District first utilizes restricted resources to finance qualifying activities.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating, and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (regular programs, special education programs, payments to other districts and governmental units, etc.). Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function) are normally covered by general revenues (property taxes, personal property replacement taxes, grants and contributions not restricted to specific activities, unrestricted investment earnings, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

C. Basic Financial Statements – Fund Financial Statements

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, reserves, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. GASB No. 34 sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures of all governmental funds) for the determination of major funds. The District electively made all governmental funds major funds.

The following fund types are used by the District:

1. Governmental Funds

The focus of the governmental funds' measurement (in the fund statements) is upon determination of financial position and changes in financial position (sources, uses, and balances of financial resources) rather than upon net income. The following is a description of the governmental funds of the District:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The Educational and Working Cash levies are included in this fund.

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> – The Special Revenue Funds (Operations and Maintenance Fund, Transportation Fund, and Illinois Municipal Retirement/Social Security Fund) are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

2. Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds are used to report assets held in a trustee or agency capacity for others and therefore are not available to support District programs. The reporting focus is on net position and changes in net position and is reported using generally accepted accounting principles.

The District's fiduciary fund is presented in the fiduciary fund financial statement by type (agency). Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party (student organizations) and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the District, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

The following is a description of the fiduciary fund of the District:

<u>Agency Fund</u> – The Agency Fund (Student Activity Fund) accounts for assets held by the District as an agent for the student organizations. These funds are custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of the results of operations. The amounts due to student organizations are equal to the assets.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

1. Accrual

The governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements and the fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses when incurred.

2. Modified Accrual

The governmental funds' financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents and Investments

Separate bank accounts are not maintained for all District funds. Instead, the funds maintain their uninvested cash balances in common bank deposit accounts, with accounting records being maintained to show the portion of the common bank account balances attributable to each participating fund.

Occasionally certain of the funds participating in the common bank accounts will incur overdrafts (deficits) in the account. Such overdrafts in effect constitute cash borrowed from other District funds and are, therefore, interfund loans which have not been authorized by School Board action.

No District fund had a cash overdraft at June 30, 2019.

The District has defined cash and cash equivalents to include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is determined by quoted market prices. Gains or losses on the sale of investments are recognized as they are incurred. The District has adopted a formal written investment and cash management policy.

F. Receivables

All receivables are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts.

G. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors that reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Inventories

No inventory accounts are maintained to reflect the values of resale or supply items on hand. Instead, the costs of such items are charged to expense when purchased. The value of the District's inventories is not deemed to be material.

I. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity is reported either as loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements are when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers between governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives:

Building and Building Improvements 20-40 years
Site Improvements and Infrastructure 20 years
Capitalized Equipment 5-20 years

K. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets and liabilities, the balance sheet(s) and statement(s) of net position will sometimes report separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an outflow of resource until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resource until that time.

L. Compensated Absences

Vacation benefits are granted to employees in varying amounts to specified maximums depending on tenure with the District. Vacation is required to be used by the time school starts and there is no allowance for carryover. Sick leave is accumulated from year to year without limit, but is not paid upon termination. No compensated absence accrual is recorded because vacation benefits do not accumulate from year to year and sick leave is not paid upon termination.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds on a straight-line basis. Bond issuance costs are reported as debt service expenditures. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount and deferred losses on refunding.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Government-Wide Fund Net Position

Government-wide fund net position is divided into three components:

- Net investment in capital assets consists of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted net position consists of net position that is restricted by the District's creditors (for example, through debt covenants), by the state enabling legislation (through restrictions on shared revenues), by grantors (both federal and state), and by other contributors.
- Unrestricted net position all other net position is reported in this category.

O. Governmental Fund Balances

Governmental fund balances are divided between nonspendable and spendable.

Nonspendable fund balances are balances that cannot be spent because they are not expected to be converted to cash or they are legally or contractually required to remain intact.

The spendable fund balances are arranged in a hierarchy based on spending constraints.

- Restricted Restricted fund balances are restricted when constraints are placed on the use by either (a) external creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed Committed fund balances are amounts that can only be used for specific purposes as a
 result of a resolution of the Board of Education. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other
 purpose unless the Board of Education removes those constraints by way of resolution. Committed fund
 balances differ from restricted balances because the constraints on their use do not come from outside
 parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.
- Assigned Assigned fund balances are amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used
 for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by an appointed body
 (e.g. a budget or finance committee) or official to which the Board of Education has delegated the
 authority to assign, modify or rescind amounts to be used for specific purposes.

Assigned fund balances also include (a) all remaining amounts that are reported in governmental funds (other than the General Fund) that are not classified as nonspendable, restricted or committed, and (b) amounts in the General Fund that are intended to be used for a specific purpose. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, or debt service fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type. Assignment within the General Fund conveys that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purpose of the District itself.

Unassigned – Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund. This
classification represents the General Fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds, and that
has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund.

Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund also includes amounts levied and/or borrowed for working cash. This classification is also used to represent negative fund balances in special revenue funds, the debt services fund, and capital projects funds.

The District permits funds to be expended in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned.

P. Property Tax Calendar and Revenues

Property taxes are levied each calendar year on all taxable real property located in the District on or before the last Tuesday in December. The 2018 tax levy was passed by the Board on November 13, 2018. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 of the calendar year and are payable in two installments early in June and early in September of the following calendar year. The District receives significant distributions of tax receipts approximately one month after these dates.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits with financial institutions are fully insured or collateralized by securities held in the District's name.

The District is allowed to invest in securities as authorized by the <u>School Code of Illinois</u>, Chapter 30, Section 235/2 and 6; and Chapter 105, Section 5/8-7. As of June 30, 2019, the District had the following investments and maturities:

			Investment Maturities (n Years)								
Investment	F	air Value	Less Than 1		1-5		5-10		More Than 10		
State Investment Pools	\$	1,718,080	\$	1,718,080	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

The fair value of investments in the State Investment Pools is the same as the value of pool shares. The State Investment Pools are not SEC-registered but do have regulatory oversight through the State of Illinois.

Interest Rate Risk. The District's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. State law limits investments based on credit risk. The District's investment policy further limits its investment choices to ensure that capital loss, whether from credit or market risk, is avoided. As of June 30, 2019, the District's investments were rated as follows:

Investment	Credit Rating	Rating Source
State Investment Pools	AAAm	Standard and Poor's

NOTE 3 - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENT

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2019:

Certificates of Deposit of \$14,322,100 are valued using Level 2 inputs.

NOTE 4 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

		Balance						Balance
	July 1, 2018		Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2019	
Governmental Activities			'					
Capital Assets not being depreciated								
Land	\$	382,477	\$	-	\$	-	\$	382,477
Construction in Progress		4,987		-		4,987		-
Total Capital Assets not being depreciated	\$	387,464	\$	-	\$	4,987	\$	382,477
Other Capital Assets								
Building and Building Improvements	\$	12,589,537	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,589,537
Site Improvements and Infrastructure		1,320,054		50,000		-		1,370,054
Capitalized Equipment		1,221,605		17,199		-		1,238,804
Total Other Capital Assets at historical cost	\$	15,131,196	\$	67,199	\$	-	\$	15,198,395
Less Accumulated Depreciation for								
Building and Improvements	\$	3,230,796	\$	303,399	\$	-	\$	3,534,195
Site Improvements and Infrastructure		444,530		68,475		-		513,005
Capitalized Equipment		799,811		67,806		-		867,617
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$	4,475,137	\$	439,680	\$	-	\$	4,914,817
Other Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,656,059	\$	(372,481)	\$	-	\$	10,283,578
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	11,043,523	\$	(372,481)	\$	4,987	\$	10,666,055

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities

Unallocated \$ 439,680

Total Governmental Activities Depreciation Expense \$ 439,680

NOTE 5 - LONG-TERM LIABILITY ACTIVITY

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2019 was as follows:

	_ Jı	Balance uly 1, 2018	/	Additions	Retir	ements	Ac	t Position ljustment Note 18)	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2019	Due	nounts e Within ne Year
Governmental Activities												
Other Long-Term Liabilities												
Net Pension Liability - TRS	\$	203,251	\$	23,360	\$	-	\$	-	\$	226,611	\$	-
Net Pension Liability - IMRF		17,667		421,501		-		-		439,168		-
Net Pension Liability - OPEB		1,957,536		157,622		-		199,570		2,314,728		-
Total Other Long-Term Liabilities	\$	2,178,454	\$	602,483	\$	-	\$	199,570	\$	2,980,507	\$	-
Total Long-Term Obligations	\$	2,178,454	\$	602,483	\$	-	\$	199,570	\$	2,980,507	\$	-

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND LOANS

There were no interfund loans at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 7 - DEFICIT FUND BALANCE

No District fund had a deficit fund balance at June 30, 2019.

NOTE 8 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes receivable and unavailable revenue recorded in these financial statements are from the 2018 tax levy. The unavailable revenue is 100% of the 2018 tax levy net of estimated uncollectible amounts. These taxes are unavailable as only a portion of the taxes are collected near the end of the fiscal year and the District does not consider the amounts to be available and does not budget for their use in fiscal year 2019. The District has determined that 100% of the amounts collected for the 2017 levy are allocable for use in fiscal year 2019. Therefore, 100% of the amounts collected for the 2017 and prior levies (\$5,485,403) are recorded in these financial statements as property tax revenue. A summary of the assessed valuations and extensions for tax years 2018, 2017, and 2016 is as follows:

		2018		2018 2017			7		6				
ASSESSED VALUATION	\$22	0,876,484		\$213,618,793		8,793	\$21		9,679				
	Rates	Extensions		Extensions		Rates Extensions		Rates Extensions		Extensions Rates		E	xtensions
Educational	1.7441	\$	3,852,256	1.9672	\$	4,202,255	2.1175	\$	4,452,255				
Operations and Maintenance	0.4600		1,016,116	0.4757		1,016,114	0.5070		1,066,113				
Transportation	0.0679		150,013	0.0468		100,004	0.0476		100,002				
Municipal Retirement	0.0228		50,415	0.0236		50,414	0.0240		50,414				
Social Security	0.0356		78,652	0.0368		78,650	0.0374		78,650				
Working Cash	0.0221		48,800	0.0228		48,799	0.0232		48,797				
	2.3526	\$	5,196,252	2.5729	\$	5,496,236	2.7567	\$	5,796,231				

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT FUND COMMITMENTS

A. Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois

General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois (TRS). TRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that was created by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. TRS members include all active non-annuitants who are employed by a TRS-covered employer to provide services for which teacher licensure is required. The Illinois Pension Code outlines the benefit provisions of TRS, and amendments to the plan can be made only by legislative action with the Governor's approval. The TRS Board of Trustees is responsible for the System's administration.

TRS issues a publicly available financial report that can be obtained at http://www.trsil.org/financial/cafrs/fy2018; by writing to TRS at 2815 W. Washington, PO Box 19253, Springfield, IL 62794; or by calling (888) 678-3675, option 2.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Tier I members have TRS or reciprocal system service prior to January 1, 2011. Tier I members qualify for retirement benefits at age 62 with five years of service, at age 60 with ten years, or age 55 with 20 years. The benefit is determined by the average of the four highest years of creditable earnings within the last ten years of creditable service and the percentage of average salary to which the member is entitled. Most members retire under a formula that provides 2.2% of final average salary up to a maximum of 75% with 34 years of service. Disability and death benefits are also provided.

Tier II members qualify for retirement benefits at age 67 with ten years of service, or a discounted annuity can be paid at age 62 with ten years of service. Creditable earnings for retirement purposes are capped and the final average salary is based on the highest consecutive eight years of creditable service rather than the

last four. Disability provisions for Tier II are identical to those of Tier I. Death benefits are payable under a formula that is different from Tier I. Essentially all Tier I retirees receive an annual 3% increase in the current retirement benefit beginning January 1 following the attainment of age 61 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later. Tier II annual increases will be the lesser of 3% of the original benefit or ½% of the rate of inflation beginning January 1 following attainment of age 67 or on January 1 following the member's first anniversary in retirement, whichever is later.

Public Act 100-0023, enacted in 2017, creates an optional Tier III hybrid retirement plan, but it has not yet gone into effect. The earliest possible implementation date is July 1, 2020. Public Act 100-0587, enacted in 2018, requires TRS to offer two temporary benefit buyout programs that expire on June 30, 2021. One program allows retiring Tier 1 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in exchange for accepting a lower, delayed annual increase. The other allows inactive vested Tier 1 and 2 members to receive a partial lump-sum payment in lieu of a retirement annuity. Both programs will begin in 2019 and will be funded by bonds issued by the state of Illinois.

Contributions

The State of Illinois maintains the primary responsibility for funding TRS. The Illinois Pension Code, as amended by Public Act 88-0593 and subsequent acts, provides that for years 2010 through 2045, the minimum contribution to the System for each fiscal year shall be an amount determined to be sufficient to bring the total assets of the System up to 90% of the total actuarial liabilities of the System by the end of fiscal year 2045.

Contributions from active members and TRS contributing employers are also required by the Illinois Pension Code. The contribution rates are specified in the pension code. The active member contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2018 was 9.0% of creditable earnings. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to TRS by the employer.

On-Behalf Contributions to TRS. The State of Illinois makes employer pension contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2019, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$1,457,941 in pension contributions from the State of Illinois.

<u>2.2 Formula Contributions.</u> Employers contribute 0.58% of total creditable earnings for the 2.2 formula change. The contribution rate is specified by statute. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2019, were \$12,515 and are deferred because they were paid after the June 30, 2018 measurement date.

<u>Federal and Special Trust Fund Contributions.</u> When TRS members are paid from federal and special trust funds administered by the employer, there is a statutory requirement for the employer to pay an employer pension contribution from those funds. Under Public Act 100-0340, the federal and special trust fund contribution rate is the total employer normal cost beginning with the year ended June 30, 2018.

Previously, employer contributions for employees paid from federal and special trust funds were at the same rate as the state contribution rate to TRS and were much higher.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District pension contribution was 9.85% of salaries paid from federal and special trust funds. For the year ended June 30, 2019, salaries totaling \$0 were paid from federal and special trust funds that required District contributions of \$0.

<u>Employer Retirement Cost Contributions.</u> Under GASB Statement No. 68, contributions that an employer is required to pay because of a TRS member retiring are categorized as specific liability payments. The employer is required to make a one-time contribution to TRS for members granted salary increases over 6% if those salaries are used to calculate a retiree's final average salary. Additionally, beginning with the year

ended June 30, 2019, employers will make a similar contribution for salary increases over 3 percent if members are not exempted by current collective bargaining agreements or contracts.

A one-time contribution is also required for members granted sick leave days in excess of the normal annual allotment if those days are used as TRS service credit. For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District paid \$0 to TRS for employer contributions due on salary increases in excess of 6%, \$1,747 for salary increases in excess of 3 percent and \$0 for sick leave days granted in excess of the normal annual allotment.

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state pension support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District follows below:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 226,611
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	15,523,804
Total	\$ 15,750,415

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to TRS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating TRS employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.00029073%, which was an increase of .00002469% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,457,941 and revenue of \$1,457,941 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of			eferred lows of	Ou	Net tflows of
	Res	ources	Res	sources	Re	sources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,554	\$	(49)	\$	4,505
Net difference between projected and actual						
earnings on pension plan investments		-		(694)		(694)
Changes of assumptions		9,939		(6,423)		3,516
Changes in proportion and differences between						
employer contributions and proportionate share						
of contributions		17,402		(27,562)		(10,160)
Employer contributions subsequent to the						
measurement date		12,515		-		12,515
	\$	44,410	\$	(34,728)	\$	9,682
earnings on pension plan investments Changes of assumptions Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions Employer contributions subsequent to the	\$	9,939 17,402 12,515	\$	(6,423) (27,562)	\$	3,516 (10,160 12,51

\$12,515 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2020	\$ 1,094
2021	(2,047)
2022	(5,616)
2023	2,096
2024	 1,640
	\$ (2,833)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases varies by amount of service credit

7.0%, net of pension plan investment
expense, including inflation

In the June 30, 2018 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates are based on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2017. In the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation, mortality rates were also based on the RP-2014 White Collar Table with appropriate adjustments for TRS experience. The rates were used on a fully-generational basis using projection table MP-2014.

The long-term (20-year) expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

	Target	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return
U.S. equities large cap	15.0%	6.7%
U.S. equities small/mid cap	2.0%	7.9%
International equities developed	13.6%	7.0%
Emerging market equities	3.4%	9.4%
U.S. bonds core	8.0%	2.2%
U.S. bonds high yeild	4.2%	4.4%
International debt developed	2.2%	1.3%
Emerging international debt	2.6%	4.5%
Real estate	16.0%	5.4%
Real return	4.0%	1.8%
Absolute return	14.0%	3.9%
Private Equity	15.0%	10.2%
Total	100.0%	

Discount Rate

At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure total pension liability was 7.00%, which was the same as the June 30, 2017 rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, TRS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2018 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Tier I's liability is partially funded by Tier II members, as the Tier II member contribution is higher than the cost of Tier II benefits. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00%) or 1-percentage-point-higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

		Current						
	1%	1% Decrease Discount Rate			1%	Increase		
		6.00%		7.00%		8.00%		
Employer's proportionate share								
of the net pension liability	\$	277,917	\$	226,611	\$	185.294		

TRS Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position as of June 30, 2018 is available in the separately issued TRS *Comprehensive Annual Financial Report*.

B. Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund

Plan Description

The District's defined benefit pension plan for regular employees provides retirement and disability benefits, post-retirement increases, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. The District's plan is managed by the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund (IMRF), the administrator of a multi-employer public pension fund. A summary of IMRF's pension benefits is provided in the "Benefits Provided" section of this document. Details of all benefits are available from IMRF. Benefit provisions are established by statute and may only be changed by the General Assembly of the State of Illinois. IMRF issues a publicly available Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements, detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position, and required supplementary information. The report is available for download at www.imrf.org.

Benefits Provided

IMRF has three benefit plans. The vast majority of IMRF members participate in the Regular Plan (RP). The Sheriff's Law Enforcement Personnel (SLEP) plan is for sheriffs, deputy sheriffs, and selected police chiefs. Counties could adopt the Elected County Official (ECO) plan for officials elected prior to August 8, 2011 (the ECO plan was closed to new participants after that date).

All three IMRF benefit plans have two tiers. Employees hired **before** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 1 benefits. Tier 1 employees are vested for pension benefits when they have at least eight years of qualifying service credit. Tier 1 employees who retire at age 55 (at reduced benefits) or after age 60 (at full benefits) with eight years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any consecutive 48 months within the last ten years of service,

divided by 48. Under Tier 1, the pension is increased by 3% of the original amount on January 1 every year after retirement. Employees hired **on or after** January 1, 2011 are eligible for Tier 2 benefits. For Tier 2 employees, pension benefits vest after ten years of service. Participating employees who retire at age 62 (at reduced benefits) or after age 67 (at full benefits) with ten years of service are entitled to an annual retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, in an amount equal to 1-2/3% of the final rate of earnings for the first 15 years of service credit, plus 2% for each year of service credit after 15 years to a maximum of 75% of their final rate of earnings. Final rate of earnings is the highest total earnings during any 96 consecutive months within the last ten years of service, divided by 96. Under Tier 2, the pension is increased on January 1 every year after retirement, upon reaching age 67, by the *lesser* of:

- 3% of the original pension amount, or
- 1/2 of the increase in the Consumer Price Index of the original pension amount.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

All appointed employees of a participating employer who are employed in a position normally requiring 600 hours (1,000 hours for certain employees hired after 1981) or more of work in a year are required to participate. As of December 31, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	12
Inactive plan members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	27
Active plan members	9
Total	48

Contributions

As set by statute, the District's Regular Plan Members are required to contribute 4.5% of their annual covered salary. The statute requires employers to contribute the amount necessary, in addition to member contributions, to finance the retirement coverage of its own employees. The District's annual contribution rate for calendar year 2018 was 10.47%. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the District contributed \$50,109 to the plan. The District also contributes for disability benefits, death benefits, and supplemental retirement benefits, all of which are pooled at the IMRF level. Contribution rates for disability and death benefits are set by IMRF's Board of Trustees, while the supplemental retirement benefits rate is set by statute.

Net Pension Liability

The components of the net pension liability of the IMRF actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2018, and a measurement date as of December 31, 2018, calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, were as follows:

Total Pension Liability	\$ 2,375,160
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position	1,935,992
District's Net Pension Liability	439,168
IMRF Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage	
of the Total Pension Liability	81.51%

See the Schedule of Changes in the Employer's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios in the Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the financial statements for additional information related to the funded status of the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability above was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of December 31, 2018 using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Assumptions

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 3.39% - 14.25% including inflation

Interest Rate 7.25%

Asset Valuation Method Market value of assets

Projected Retirement Age Experience-based table of rates that are

specific to the type of eligibility condition. Last updated for the 2017 valuation pursuant to an experience study for the period 2014-2016.

For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2017 (base year 2015). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return to the target asset allocation percentage and adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table as of December 31, 2018:

	Target	Projected
Asset Class	Allocation	Return
Equities	37%	7.15%
International Equities	18%	7.25%
Fixed Income	28%	3.75%
Real Estate	9%	6.25%
Alternatives	7%	
Private Equity		8.50%
Hedge Funds		5.50%
Commodities		3.20%
Cash	1%	2.50%
	100%	

Single Discount Rate

The projection of cash flow used to determine this Single Discount Rate assumed that the plan members' contributions will be made at the current contribution rate, and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. The Single Discount Rate reflects:

- 1. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments (during the period in which the fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and
- 2. The tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bonds with an average AA credit rating (which is published by the Federal Reserve) as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met).

For the purpose of this discount rate, the expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.25%; the municipal bond rate is 3.71%; and resulting single discount rate is 7.25%.

Changes in the Net Pension Liability

	Total		Plan	Net		
	Pension		Fiduciary	Position		
	Liability	Ν	et Position	Liability		
	(A)		(B)		(A)-(B)	
Balances at December 31, 2017	\$ 2,061,611	\$	2,043,944	\$	17,667	
Changes for the year:						
Service Cost	\$ 49,459	\$	-	\$	49,459	
Interest on the Total Pension Liability	153,395		-		153,395	
Differences Between Expected and Actual						
Experience of the Total Pension Liability	134,520		-		134,520	
Changes of Assumptions	58,325		-		58,325	
Contributions - Employer	-		50,801		(50,801)	
Contributions - Employee	-		21,834		(21,834)	
Net Investment Income	-		(112,966)		112,966	
Benefit Payments, including Refunds						
of Employee Contributions	(82,150)		(82,150)		-	
Other (Net Transfer)	-		14,529		(14,529)	
Net Changes	\$ 313,549	\$	(107,952)	\$	421,501	
Balances at December 31, 2018	\$ 2,375,160	\$	1,935,992	\$	439,168	
· ·	\$	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the plan's net pension liability, calculated using a Single Discount Rate of 7.25%, as well as what the plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a single Discount Rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

				Current		
	1%	Decrease	Dis	count Rate	1%	6 Increase
		6.25%		7.25%		8.25%
Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	\$	696,138	\$	439,168	\$	218,149

<u>Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense/(income) of \$231,104. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Expense in Future Periods	(Deferred Dutflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources	 t Outflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	7,097	\$ -	\$ 7,097
Changes of assumptions		3,077	-	3,077
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on pension plan investments		240,954	109,380	131,574
Total deferred amounts to be recognized in				
pension expense in future periods	\$	251,128	\$ 109,380	\$ 141,748
Pension contributions made subsequent to the				
measurement date		24,277	 -	 24,277
Total deferred amounts related to pensions	\$	275,405	\$ 109,380	\$ 166,025

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the District's contributions in fiscal year 2019 subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability for the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Net Deferred
Year Ending	Outflows
December 31	of Resources
2019	\$ 52,637
2020	18,991
2021	16,830
2022	53,290
	\$ 141,748

C. Social Security

Employees not qualifying for coverage under the Teachers' Retirement System of the State of Illinois or the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are considered "non-participating employees." These employees and those qualifying for coverage under the Illinois Municipal Retirement Fund are covered under Social Security. The District paid the total required contribution for the current fiscal year.

NOTE 11 - POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT COMMITMENTS

Teacher Health Insurance Security Fund (THIS)

General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in the Teacher Health Insurance Security (THIS) Fund, a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit post-employment healthcare plan that was established by the Illinois legislature for the benefit of retired Illinois public school teachers employed outside the city of Chicago. The THIS Fund provides medical, prescription, and behavioral health benefits, but it does not provide vision, dental, or life insurance benefits to annuitants of the Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). Annuitants not enrolled in Medicare may participate in the state-administered participating provider option plan or choose from several managed care options. Annuitants who are enrolled in Medicare Parts A and B may be eligible to enroll in a Medicare Advantage plan.

The publicly available financial report of the THIS Fund may be found on the website of the Illinois Auditor General (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/ABC-List.asp). The current reports are listed under "Central Management Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/CMS-THISF.asp). Prior reports are available under "Healthcare and Family Services" (http://www.auditor.illinois.gov/Audit-Reports/HEALTHCARE-FAMILY-SERVICES-Teacher-Health-Ins-Sec-Fund.asp).

Benefits Provided

The State of Illinois offers comprehensive health plan options, all of which include prescription drug and behavioral health coverage. The State of Illinois offers TCHP, HMO, and OAP plans.

 Teachers' Choice Health Plan (TCHP) benefit recipients can choose any physician or hospital for medical services; however, benefit recipients receive enhanced benefits, resulting in lower out-ofpocket costs, when receiving services from a TCHP in-network provider. TCHP has a nationwide network and includes CVS/Caremark for prescription drug benefits and Magellan Behavioral Health for behavioral health services.

- Health Maintenance Organizations (HMO) benefit recipients are required to stay within the health plan
 provider network. No out-of-network services are available. Benefit recipients will need to select a
 primary care physician (PCP) from a network of participating providers. The PCP will direct all
 healthcare services and make referrals to specialists and hospitalization.
- Open Access Plan (OAP) benefit recipients will have three tiers of providers from which to choose to obtain services. The benefit level is determined by the tier in which the healthcare provider is contracted.
 - Tier I offers a managed care network which provides enhanced benefits and operates like an HMO.
 - Tier II offers an expanded network of providers and is a hybrid plan operating like an HMO and PPO.
 - Tier III covers all providers which are not in the managed care networks of Tiers I or II (i.e., out-of-network providers). Using Tier III can offer benefit recipients flexibility in selecting healthcare providers but involves higher out-of-pocket costs. Furthermore, benefit recipients who use out-of-network providers will be responsible for any amount that is over and above the charges allowed by the plan for services (i.e., allowable charges), which could result in substantial out-of-pocket costs. Benefit recipients enrolled in an OAP can mix and match providers and tiers.

Contributions

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the State Employees Group Insurance Act of 1971 (5 ILCS 375/6.6) requires that all active contributors of the THIS make contributions to the plan at a rate of 1.24% of salary and for every employer of a teacher to contribute an amount equal to .92% of each teacher's salary. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the employee contribution was 1.18% of salary and the employer contribution was .88% of each teacher's salary. The Department of Central Management Services determines, by rule, the percentage required, which each year shall not exceed 105% of the percentage of salary actually required to be paid in the previous fiscal year. In addition, under the State Pension Funds Continuing Appropriations Act (40 ILCS 15/1.3), there is appropriated, on a continuing annual basis, from the General Revenue Fund, an account of the General Fund, to the State Comptroller for deposit in the Teachers' Health Insurance Security Fund (THISF), an amount equal to the amount certified by the Board of Trustees of THIS as the estimated total amount of contributions to be paid under 5 ILCS 376/6.6(a) in that fiscal year. The member contribution, which may be paid on behalf of employees by the employer, is submitted to THIS by the employer.

On-Behalf Contributions to THIS. The State of Illinois makes employer benefit contributions on behalf of the District. For the year ended June 30, 2019, State of Illinois contributions recognized by the District were based on the State's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District, and the District recognized revenue and expenditures of \$24,611 in benefit contributions from the State of Illinois.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (first amount shown below) that reflected a reduction for state benefit support provided to the District. The State's support and total are for disclosure purposes only. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District
Total

\$ 2,314,728 3,108,208 \$ 5,422,936

The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolled forward to June 30, 2018. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's share of contributions to THIS for the measurement year ended June 30, 2018, relative to the contributions of all participating THIS employers and the State during that period. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion was 0.008786%, which was an increase of 0.000571% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized benefit expense of \$171,173 and on-behalf revenue/expense of \$24,611 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	D	eferred		Deferred		
	Οι	ıtflows of	Ir	nflows of	Ne	t Outflows
	Re	esources	R	esources	of I	Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	(8,305)	\$	(8,305)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on						
pension plan investments		-		(71)		(71)
Changes of assumptions		-		(337,063)		(337,063)
Changes in proportion and differences between employee						
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		279,198		(1,038)		278,160
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		19,852				19,852
	\$	299,050	\$	(346,477)	\$	(47,427)

\$19,852 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the reporting year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows in these reporting years:

Year Ending	
June 30	
2020	\$ 25,982
2021	(48,613)
2022	(133,371)
2023	49,776
2024	38,947
	\$ (67,279)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75%
Salary Increases	Depends on service and ranges from 9.25% at 1 year of service to 3.25% at 20 or more years of service. Salary increase includes a 3.25% wage inflation assumption.
Investment Rate of Return	0%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare Cost Trend Costs	Actual trend used for fiscal year 2018. For fiscal years on and after 2019, trend starts at 8.00% and 9.00% for non-Medicare costs and post-Medicare costs, respectively, and gradually decrease to an ultimate trend of 4.5%. Additional trend rate of 0.36% is added to non-Medicare costs on and after 2022 to account for the Excise Tax.

Mortality rates for retirement and beneficiary annuitants were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted for THIS experience. For disabled annuitants, mortality rates were based on the RP-Disabled Annuitant Table. All tables reflect future improvements using Projection Scale MP-2014.

The actuarial assumptions that were used in the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2011 through June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class that were used by the actuary are summarized in the following table:

	Long-Term
Target	Expected Real
Allocation	Rate of Return
100.0%	1.30%
100.0%	
	Allocation 100.0%

Discount Rate

Projected benefit payments were discounted to their actuarial present value using a Single Discount Rate that reflects (1) a long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments (to the extent that the plan's fiduciary net position is projected to be sufficient to pay benefits), and (2) tax-exempt municipal bond rate based on an index of 20-year general obligation bond with an average AA credit rating as of the measurement date (to the extent that the contributions for use with the long-term expected rate of return are not met). Since TRIP (Teachers' Retirement Insurance Program) is financed on a pay-as-you-go basis, a discount rate consistent with the 20-year general obligation bond index has been selected. The discount rates are 3.65% as of June 30, 2017, and 3.62% as of June 30, 2018. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions, employer contributions, and State contributions will be made at the current statutorily-required rates.

Based on those assumptions, THIS's fiduciary net position at June 30, 2018 was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current active and inactive members and all benefit recipients. Due to this subsidy, contributions from future members in excess of the service cost are also included in the determination of the discount rate. All projected future payments were covered, so the long-term expected rate of return on THIS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

At June 30, 2018, the discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.62%.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 3.62%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (2.62%) or 1 percentage-point higher (4.62%) than the current rate.

	Current					
	19	6 Decrease	Dis	scount Rate	19	% Increase
	2.62% 3.62% 4.62		4.62%			
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	6,520,481	\$	5,422,936	\$	4,556,551

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage-point lower or 1 percentage-point higher. The key trend rates are 8.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.86% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 9.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 4.5% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.

		H	lealthcare		
	1% Decrease	Co	st Valuation	1	% Increase
	(a)		Rate		(b)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 4,397,139	\$	5,422,936	\$	6,804,978

- (a) One percentage point decrease in healthcare trend rates are 7.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.86% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 8.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 3.50% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.
- (b) One percentage point increase in healthcare trend rates are 9.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.86% in 2026, for non-Medicare coverage, and 10.00% in 2019 decreasing to an ultimate trend rate of 5.50% in 2028 for Medicare coverage.

NOTE 12 - INTERFUND TRANSFERS

The following funds had transfers for the year ended June 30, 2019:

Transfer from	Transfer To	 Amount
Operations and Maintenance Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$ 400,000

The transfer was made to help pay for capital projects undertaken by the District during the fiscal year.

NOTE 13 - JOINT VENTURE - NORTHERN SUBURBAN SPECIAL EDUCATION DISTRICT (NSSED)

The District and seventeen other districts within the North Shore Suburbs of Chicago have entered into a joint agreement to provide special education programs and services to the students enrolled. Each member district has a financial responsibility for annual and special assessments as established by the management council.

A summary of financial condition (modified accrual basis) of NSSED at June 30, 2018 (most recent information available) is as follows:

Assets	\$ 30,462,601
Deferred Outflows of Resources	5,028,823
	\$ 35,491,424
Liabilities	\$ 23,302,442
Deferred Inflows of Resources	8,111,156
Net Position	4,077,826
	\$ 35,491,424
Revenues	\$ 56,368,727
Expenses	58,471,252
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Net Position	\$ (2,102,525)

Complete financial statements for NSSED can be obtained from the Administrative Offices at 760 Red Oak Lane, Highland Park, IL 60035-3899.

NOTE 14 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and the destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and injuries to employees.

The District is a member of the Collective Liability Insurance Cooperative (CLIC), a joint risk management pool of school districts through which property, general liability, automobile liability, crime, excess property, excess liability, and boiler and machinery coverage is provided in excess of specified limits for the members, acting as a single insurable unit.

The relationship between the District and CLIC is governed by a contract and by-laws that have been adopted by resolution of each unit's governing body. The District is contractually obligated to make all annual and supplementary contributions for CLIC, to report claims on a timely basis, cooperate with CLIC, its claims administrator and attorneys in claims investigation and settlement, and to follow risk management procedures as outlined by CLIC. Members have a contractual obligation to fund any deficit of CLIC attributable to a membership year during which they were a member.

CLIC is responsible for administering the self-insurance program and purchasing excess insurance according to the direction of the Board of Directors. CLIC also provides its members with risk management services, including the defense of and settlement of claims, and establishes reasonable and necessary loss of reduction and prevention procedures to be followed by the members.

The District is insured under a retrospectively-rated policy for workers' compensation coverage. Whereas, the initial premium may be adjusted based on actual experiences. Adjustments in premiums are recorded when paid or received.

During the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Also, there have been no settlement amounts that have exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years, including the current year. During the year ended June 30, 2019, there were no significant adjustments in premiums based on actual experience.

NOTE 15 - SELF INSURANCE

The District is a member of COOP 90, a cooperative for self-insurance of employee health plans comprised of several governmental entities. Members pay into the trust certain specific amounts (including amounts collected from employees) established by the trust's insurance consultants. The trust pays all claims and maintains reserves for claims incurred but not submitted. The trust also carries excess claims insurance. Consequently, the District's administration believes there is little likelihood that additional amounts for past policy years would be required under these self-insurance agreements.

NOTE 16 - CONTINGENCIES

The District has an outstanding tax rate objection case. The objectors allege that the District's tax rates for a number of funds are illegally excessive for various reasons. The District is unable to estimate any future liability.

NOTE 17 - LEGAL DEBT LIMITATION

The Illinois School Code limits the amount of indebtedness to 6.9% of the most recent available equalized assessed valuation (EAV) of the District. The District's legal debt limitation is as follows:

2018 EAV	\$ 220,876,484
Rate	 6.90%
Debt Margin	\$ 15,240,477
Current Debt	-
Remaining Debt Margin	\$ 15,240,477

NOTE 18 - NET ASSETS ADJUSTMENT

The District had the following net assets adjustments:

Adjustments to correct 6/30/19 balances:

Correct Beginning OPEB Liability \$ (199,570)

NOTE 19 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District had a tax objection case and the court ruled for the objections in July 2019 and \$290,000 to be paid in future years.



BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE EMPLOYER'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2019

	6.	/30/2019 *	6	/30/2018 *	6	/30/2017 *	6	/30/2016 *	6	/30/2015 *
TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY Service Cost Interest on the Total Pension Liability Differences Between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions	\$	49,459 153,395 134,520 58,325 (82,150)	\$	52,834 148,115 5,258 (48,096) (89,901)	\$	61,951 138,945 14,703 (6,398) (89,738)	\$	57,278 123,054 108,549 6,115 (66,282)	\$	57,780 121,017 (170,793) 88,575 (72,063)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	\$	313,549	\$	68,210	\$	119,463	\$	228,714	\$	24,516
Total Pension Liability - Beginning		2,061,611		1,993,401		1,873,938		1,645,224		1,620,708
Total Pension Liability - Ending	\$	2,375,160	\$	2,061,611	\$	1,993,401	\$	1,873,938	\$	1,645,224
PLAN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION Contributions - Employer Contributions - Member Net Investment Income Benefit Payments, Including Refunds of Member Contributions Other (Net Transfers) Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	50,801 21,834 (112,966) (82,150) 14,529 (107,952)	\$	47,649 21,188 313,434 (89,901) (14,810) 277,560	\$	42,262 22,374 113,258 (89,738) 22,801 110,957	\$	45,796 22,159 8,558 (66,282) (65,482) (55,251)	\$	45,056 20,584 104,421 (72,063) (102,347) (4,349)
Plan Net Position - Beginning		2,043,944		1,766,384		1,655,427		1,710,678		1,715,027
Plan Net Position - Ending	\$	1,935,992	\$	2,043,944	\$	1,766,384	\$	1,655,427	\$	1,710,678
District's Net Pension Liability	\$	439,168	\$	17,667	\$	227,017	\$	218,511	\$	(65,454)
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		81.51%		99.14%		88.61%		88.34%		103.98%
Covered-Valuation Payroll	\$	485,204	\$	470,845	\$	497,207	\$	492,427	\$	457,426
Employer's Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Valuation Payroll		90.51%		3.75%		45.66%		44.37%		-14.31%

^{*} This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the December 31 year end prior to the fiscal year end listed above.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION JUNE 30, 2019

	6/3	30/2019 *	6/3	30/2018 *	6/3	30/2017 *	6/3	30/2016 *	6/3	30/2015 *
Actuarial Determined Contribution	\$	50,801	\$	47,650	\$	42,263	\$	45,796	\$	45,057
Contributions in relation to Actuarially Determined Contribution		50,801		47,649		42,262		45,796		45,056
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$	-	\$	1	\$	1	\$	-	\$	1
Covered-Valuation Payroll	\$	523,226	\$	470,845	\$	497,207	\$	492,427	\$	457,426
Contributions as a percentage of Covered-Valuation Payroll		9.71%		10.12%		8.50%		9.30%		9.85%

Notes to Schedule:

Actuarial Method and Assumptions Used on the Calculation of the 2018 Contribution Rate *

Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of December 31 each year, which are 12 months prior to the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

Actuarial Cost Method: Aggregate Entry Age Normal

Amortization Method: Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining Amortization Period: 25-year closed period

Asset Valuation Method: 5-year smoothed market; 20% corridor

Wage Growth: 3.5%

Price Inflation: 2.75%, approximate; No explicit price inflation assumption is used in this valuation.

Salary Increases: 3.75% to 14.50%, including inflation

Investment Rate of Return: 7.50%

Retirement Age: Experience-based table of rates that are specific to the type of eligibility condition; last updated for the 2014 valuation pursuant to an experience study of the period 2011 to 2013.

Mortality: For non-disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Blue Collar Health Annuitant Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience. For disabled retirees, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Disabled Retirees Mortality Table applying the same adjustments that were applied for non-disabled lives. For active members, an IMRF specific mortality table was used with fully generational projection scale MP-2014 (base year 2012). The IMRF specific rates were developed from the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table with adjustments to match current IMRF experience.

*Based on Valuation Assumptions used in the December 31, 2016 actuarial valuation; note two year lag between valuation and rate setting.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2019

Employer's proportion of the Net Pension Liability	6/30/2019 * 0.0002907%	6/30/2018 * 0.0002660%	6/30/2017 * 0.0003146%	6/30/2016 * 0.0003356%	6/30/2015 * 0.0003128%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability State's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 226,611	\$ 203,251	\$ 248,304	\$ 219,865	\$ 190,368
associated with the employer Total	15,523,804 \$ 15,750,415	13,992,437 \$ 14,195,688	13,914,439 \$ 14,162,743	11,102,694 \$ 11,322,559	10,080,564 \$ 10,270,932
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2,082,700	\$ 1,888,151	\$ 1,756,092	\$ 1,714,691	\$ 1,641,720
Employer's proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability as a percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	10.88%	10.76%	14.14%	12.82%	11.60%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a percentage of the Total Pension Liability	40.00%	39.30%	36.40%	41.50%	43.00%

^{* -} The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes of Assumptions:

For the 2018, 2017 and 2016 measurement years, the assumed investment rate of return was of 7.0%, including an inflation rate of 2.5% and a real return of 4.5%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit, but the rates of increase in the 2018 measurement year were slightly higher.

For the 2015 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 7.5%, including an inflation rate of 3.0% and a real return of 4.5%. Salary increases were assumed to vary by service credit. Various other changes in assumptions were adopted based on the experience analysis for the three-year period ending June 30, 2014.

For the 2014 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was also 7.5%, including an inflation rate of 3.0% and a real return of 4.5%. However, salary increases were assumed to vary by age.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TEACHERS' RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION JUNE 30, 2019

	6/3	30/2018 *	6/30/2018 *		6/30/2017 *		7 * 6/30/2016 *		6 * 6/30/201	
Statutorily-required contribution	\$	12,080	\$	10,951	\$	12,200	\$	11,739	\$	11,206
Contributions in relation to the statutorily-required contribution		12,080		10,951		12,200		11,739		11,206
Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
Employer's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$ 2	2,157,842	\$	1,888,151	\$	1,756,092	\$	1,714,691	\$	1,641,720
Contributions as a percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		0.56%		0.58%		0.69%		0.68%		0.68%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full ten-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

^{* -} This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the prior June 30 year end.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE SECURITY FUND OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF THE EMPLOYER'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY JUNE 30, 2019

	6/30/2019 *	6/30/2018 *
Employer's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.0087860%	0.0082150%
Employer's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$ 2,314,728	\$ 1,957,536
associated with the employer	3,108,208	2,131,827
Total	\$ 5,422,936	\$ 4,089,363
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,088,550	\$ 1,888,151
Employer's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability	440.000/	400.070/
as a percentage of Covered Payroll	110.83%	103.67%
OPEB Plan Net Position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	-0.07%	-0.17%

^{* -} The amounts presented were determined as of the prior fiscal-year end

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full tenyear trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Changes of Assumptions:

For the 2018 measurement year, the assumed investment rate of return was 0%, including an inflation rate of 2.75%, and the healthcare cost trend rates used the actual trend. Salary increases include a 3.25% wage inflation.

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 TEACHER HEALTH INSURANCE SECURITY FUND OF THE STATE OF ILLINOIS SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTION JUNE 30, 2019

	6/30/2019 *		6	/30/2018 *
Statutorily-Required Contribution	\$	18,328	\$	15,875
Contributions in relation to the Statutorily-Required Contribution		18,328		15,860
Contribution deficiency/(excess)	\$		\$	15
Employer's Covered Payroll	\$	2,157,842	\$	2,088,550
Contributions as a percentage of Covered Payroll		0.85%		0.76%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for ten years. However, until a full tenyear trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

^{* -} This information presented is based on the actuarial valuation performed as of the prior June 30 year end.

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts
REVENUES Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Earnings on Investments Food Service District/School Activity Income	\$	4,251,054 21,000 202,475 3,500 27,800	\$	4,277,102 25,450 307,687 3,367 26,178
Other Local Sources State Aid General State Aid Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources Federal Aid		14,000 140,000 750		28,747 140,405 750
Food Service Title I Title IV Federal Special Education		2,600 40,000 10,000 29,000		3,115 32,974 9,999 33,170
Title II - Eisenhower Professional Development Formula Title II - Teacher Quality On-Behalf Payments Total Revenues	\$	6,800 - 1,377,069 6,126,048	\$	6,164 1,482,552 6,377,660
EXPENDITURES Instruction Regular Programs				
Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	\$	1,774,324 327,555 36,000 95,000	\$	1,660,987 320,905 26,550 85,110
Non-Capitalized Equipment Special Education Programs Salaries	\$	- 2,232,879 77,472	\$	3,628 2,097,180 108,242
Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials		10,770 - -		16,136 3,789 417
Interscholastic Programs Salaries Employee Benefits	<u>\$</u> \$	88,242 19,192 288	<u>\$</u> \$	128,584 14,278 172
Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	\$	20,000 4,000 43,480	\$	15,038 2,256 31,744
Gifted Programs Salaries Employee Benefits	\$ - \$	71,949 20,100 92,049	\$	69,380 19,437 88,817
Total Instruction	\$	2,456,650	\$	2,346,325
Support Services Pupils Guidance Services				
Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials	\$	48,811 1,712 - -	\$	48,811 1,698 59 311
Health Services Salaries	\$	50,523	\$	50,879 3,149
Supplies and Materials	\$	3,150 - 3,150	\$	131 3,280

	A	udgeted mounts nal and Final	ļ	Actual Amounts			
EXPENDITURES (Continued)							
Support Services (Continued)							
Psychological Services	•		•				
Supplies and Materials	\$		\$	477			
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services	\$		\$	477			
Salaries	\$	_	\$	22,000			
Employee Benefits	Ψ	-	Ψ	274			
Supplies and Materials		_		757			
	\$	-	\$	23,031			
				_			
Total Support Services - Pupils	\$	53,673	\$	77,667			
Instructional Staff							
Improvement of Instruction Services							
Purchased Services	\$	52,000	\$	45,688			
Supplies and Materials				2,884			
51 ° 11 ° 0	\$	52,000	\$	48,572			
Educational Media Services	•	244 200	œ.	224 047			
Salaries Employee Benefits	\$	241,299 39,998	\$	231,047 35,530			
Purchased Services		83,425		21,436			
Supplies and Materials		26,200		27,692			
Non-Capitalized Equipment		-		16,642			
	\$	390,922	\$	332,347			
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	\$	442,922	\$	380,919			
General Administration							
Board of Education Services Purchased Services	\$	95,000	\$	81,858			
Supplies and Materials	Ψ	93,000	φ	1,213			
Supplies and Materials	\$	95,000	\$	83,071			
Executive Administration Services	· · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>			
Salaries	\$	249,730	\$	249,154			
Employee Benefits		37,562		39,089			
Purchased Services		16,000		8,033			
Supplies and Materials		6,000		6,425			
	\$	309,292	\$	302,701			
Total Support Services - General Administration	\$	404,292	\$	385,772			
School Administration							
Office of the Principal Services							
Salaries	\$	282,624	\$	269,116			
Employee Benefits		51,620		48,706			
	\$	334,244	\$	317,822			
Total Support Services - School Administration	\$	334,244	\$	317,822			
Duainaga							
Business Fiscal Services							
Salaries	\$	114,330	\$	124,059			
Employee Benefits	Ψ	28,239	Ψ	28,317			
Purchased Services		26,000		42,915			
Supplies and Materials		-		22			
Non-Capitalized Equipment				924			
	\$	168,569	\$	196,237			
Total Support Services - Business	\$	168,569	\$	196,237			
• •			-				

EXPENDITURES (Continued)		Budgeted Amounts nal and Final		Actual Amounts
Food Services Salaries Employee Benefits Purchased Services	\$	8,000 60 7,500	\$	3,436 - -
Supplies and Materials	\$	15,560	\$	2,510 5,946
Total Support Services - Food Services	\$	15,560	\$	5,946
Total Support Services	\$	1,419,260	\$	1,364,363
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State) Payments for Special Education Programs Purchased Services	\$	598,240	\$	414,120
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)	\$	598,240	\$	416,120
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	\$	598,240	\$	416,120
Capital Outlay Instruction	•	70.000	•	47.400
Regular Programs Support Services	\$	70,000	\$	17,199
Instructional Staff Business	-\$	35,062 3,000 108,062	\$	- - 17,199
Provision for Contingencies	\$	50,000	\$	-
On-Behalf Payments	\$	1,377,069	\$	1,482,552
Total Expenditures	\$	6,009,281	\$	5,626,559
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	116,767	\$	751,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	116,767	\$	751,101
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				11,227,485
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	11,978,586

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - OPERATIONS AND MAINTENANCE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts
REVENUES Property Taxes Earnings on Investments Other Local Sources	\$	1,016,114 9,100 -	\$	1,023,162 28,973 10,396
Total Revenues	\$	1,025,214	\$	1,062,531
EXPENDITURES Support Services Operations and Maintenance Salaries	\$	96,543	\$	96,543
Employee Benefits Purchased Services Supplies and Materials Non-Capitalized Equipment	Ψ	22,658 220,000 75,000	Ψ	22,727 235,160 59,366 37,809
Total Support Services - Operations and Maintenance	\$	414,201	\$	451,605
Total Support Services	\$	414,201	\$	451,605
Capital Outlay Support Services Operations and Maintenance	\$	230,000	\$	-
	\$	230,000	\$	-
Provision for Contingencies	\$	20,000	\$	
Total Expenditures	\$	664,201	\$	451,605
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	361,013	\$	610,926
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers		(400,000)		(400,000)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(38,987)	\$	210,926
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				806,286
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	1,017,212

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual mounts
REVENUES Property Taxes Earnings on Investments State Aid	\$	100,003 6,825	\$	55,147 5,184
Transportation Total Revenues	\$	19,600 126,428	\$	16,849 77,180
EXPENDITURES Support Services Transportation				
Purchased Services Total Support Services - Transportation	\$ \$	<u>-</u>	\$	161,458 161,458
Total Support Services	\$		\$	161,458
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State) Payments for Regular Programs Purchased Services	œ	112 000	¢	
Payments for Special Education Programs	\$	113,000	\$	<u>-</u> -
Purchased Services Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)	\$ \$	56,000 56,000	\$	-
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	\$	169,000	\$	
Provision for Contingencies	\$	5,000	\$	
Total Expenditures	\$	174,000	\$	161,458
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(47,572)	\$	(84,278)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(47,572)	\$	(84,278)
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				252,829
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	168,551

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts		
REVENUES Property Taxes FICA/Medicare Only Purposes Levies Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$	129,064 - 2,000	\$	50,792 79,200 2,000		
Earnings on Investments		4,550		5,903		
Total Revenues	\$	135,614	\$	137,895		
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Regular Programs						
Employee Benefits	\$	37,241	\$	34,800		
Special Education Programs						
Employee Benefits		1,123		1,537		
Interscholastic Programs		4.000		444		
Employee Benefits		1,028		441		
Gifted Programs		1.042		010		
Employee Benefits Total Instruction	\$	1,043 40,435	\$	910 37,688		
rotal matidolom	Ψ	40,433	Ψ	37,000		
Support Services						
Pupils						
Guidance Services						
Employee Benefits	\$	708	\$	707		
Health Services						
Employee Benefits		241		241		
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services				0.10		
Employee Benefits	Φ.	- 040		319		
Total Supports Services - Pupils	\$	949	\$	1,267		
Instructional Staff						
Educational Media Services						
Employee Benefits	\$	23,330	\$	21,722		
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	\$	23,330	\$	21,722		
General Administration						
Executive Administration Services						
Employee Benefits	\$	3,621	\$	3,614		
Total Support Services - General Administration	\$	3,621	\$	3,614		
School Administration						
Office of the Principal Services						
Employee Benefits	\$	23,775	\$	26,191		
Total Support Services - School Administration	\$	23,775	\$	26,191		
		20,110		20,101		
Business						
Fiscal Services	•	10 2-5	•	46.555		
Employee Benefits	\$	16,850	\$	18,802		
Total Support Services - Business	\$	16,850	\$	18,802		

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPECIAL REVENUE FUND - ILLINOIS MUNICIPAL RETIREMENT/SOCIAL SECURITY FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final		Actual Amounts		
EXPENDITURES (Continued) Support Services (Continued) Operations and Maintenance					
Employee Benefits Total Support Services - Operations and Maintenance	\$ \$	16,678 16,678	\$ \$	16,075 16,075	
Food Services Employee Benefits	\$	364	\$	263	
Total Support Services - Food Services	\$	364	\$	263	
Total Support Services	\$	85,567	\$	87,934	
Total Expenditures	\$	126,002	\$	125,622	
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	9,612	\$	12,273	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	9,612	\$	12,273	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				221,853	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	234,126	

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE 1 - BUDGETARY PROCESS

The District follows procedures mandated by Illinois State law and District Board policy to establish the budgetary data reflected in its financial statements. The budget was passed on August 28, 2018. The modified accrual basis budgeted amounts in this report are the result of full compliance with the following procedures:

For each fund, total fund expenditures may not legally exceed the budgeted amounts. The budget lapses at the end of each fiscal year.

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on that date. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to October 1, the budget is legally adopted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year.
- 5. The Board of Education may make transfers between the various items in any fund not exceeding in the aggregate 10% of the total of such fund as set forth in the budget.
- 6. The Board of Education may amend the budget (in other ways) by the same procedures required of its original adoption.

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER BUDGET

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District had no funds which had expenditures that were over budget.



BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND JUNE 30, 2019

	Educational Fund	Working Cash Fund	Total General Fund
ASSETS			
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments, at Fair Value Accrued Interest Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Other Accounts Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Property Taxes Receivable, net of allowance of \$0 Due from Other Governments, net of allowance of \$0 Prepaid Items	\$ 1,275,849	\$ 245,689	\$ 1,521,538
	10,238,151	1,971,539	12,209,690
	168,310	32,411	200,721
	1,500	-	1,500
	2,124,248	26,910	2,151,158
	2,039	-	2,039
	128,122	-	128,122
Total Assets	\$ 13,938,219	\$ 2,276,549	\$ 16,214,768
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE LIABILITIES Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses Total Liabilities	\$ 335,126	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 335,126
	\$ 335,126	\$ -	\$ 335,126
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes Total Deferred Revenue	\$ 3,852,256	\$ 48,800	\$ 3,901,056
	\$ 3,852,256	\$ 48,800	\$ 3,901,056
FUND BALANCE Nonspendable Prepaid Items Unassigned Total Fund Balance	\$ 128,122	\$ -	\$ 128,122
	9,622,715	2,227,749	11,850,464
	\$ 9,750,837	\$ 2,227,749	\$ 11,978,586
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 13,938,219	\$ 2,276,549	\$ 16,214,768

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

DEVENUE	Educational Working Ca		orking Cash Fund	Total n General Fund		
REVENUES Property Taxes Payments in Lieu of Taxes Earnings on Investments Food Service District/School Activity Income Other Local Sources State Aid Federal Aid	\$	4,227,918 25,450 261,760 3,367 26,178 28,747 141,155 85,422	\$	49,184 - 45,927 - - - -	\$	4,277,102 25,450 307,687 3,367 26,178 28,747 141,155 85,422
On-Behalf Payments	\$	1,482,552 6,282,549	\$	- 95,111	\$	1,482,552 6,377,660
EXPENDITURES Current Instruction Regular Programs Special Education Programs Other Instructional Programs Support Services Pupils Instructional Staff General Administration School Administration Business Food Services Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units Capital Outlay On-Behalf Payments	\$	2,097,180 128,584 120,561 77,667 380,919 385,772 317,822 196,237 5,946 416,120 17,199 1,482,552	\$	- - - - - - - -	\$	2,097,180 128,584 120,561 77,667 380,919 385,772 317,822 196,237 5,946 416,120 17,199 1,482,552
	\$	5,626,559	\$	-	\$	5,626,559
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	655,990	\$	95,111	\$	751,101
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		-		-		-
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	\$	655,990	\$	95,111	\$	751,101
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018		9,094,847		2,132,638		11,227,485
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019	\$	9,750,837	\$	2,227,749	\$	11,978,586

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts		
REVENUES						
Property Taxes	\$	4,202,255	\$	4,227,918		
Payments in Lieu of Taxes		21,000		25,450		
Earnings on Investments		170,625		261,760		
Food Service		3,500		3,367		
District/School Activity Income		27,800		26,178		
Other Local Sources		14,000		28,747		
State Aid						
General State Aid		140,000		140,405		
Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources		750		750		
Federal Aid						
Food Service		2,600		3,115		
Title I		40,000		32,974		
Title IV		10,000		9,999		
Federal Special Education		29,000		33,170		
Title II - Eisenhower Professional Development Formula		6,800		-		
Title II - Teacher Quality		-		6,164		
On-Behalf Payments		1,377,069		1,482,552		
Total Revenues	\$	6,045,399	\$	6,282,549		
EXPENDITURES						
Instruction						
Regular Programs						
Salaries	\$	1,774,324	\$	1,660,987		
Employee Benefits	,	327,555	•	320,905		
Purchased Services		36,000		26,550		
Supplies and Materials		95,000		85,110		
Non-Capitalized Equipment		-		3,628		
	\$	2,232,879	\$	2,097,180		
Special Education Programs						
Salaries	\$	77,472	\$	108,242		
Employee Benefits		10,770		16,136		
Purchased Services		-		3,789		
Supplies and Materials		-		417		
	\$	88,242	\$	128,584		
Interscholastic Programs						
Salaries	\$	19,192	\$	14,278		
Employee Benefits		288		172		
Purchased Services		20,000		15,038		
Supplies and Materials		4,000		2,256		
	\$	43,480	\$	31,744		
Gifted Programs						
Salaries	\$	71,949	\$	69,380		
Employee Benefits		20,100		19,437		
	\$	92,049	\$	88,817		
Total Instruction	\$	2,456,650	\$	2,346,325		

	A	udgeted mounts al and Final	Actual Amounts		
EXPENDITURES (Continued)					
Support Services					
Guidance Services					
Salaries	\$	48,811	\$	48,811	
Employee Benefits		1,712		1,698	
Purchased Services		-		59	
Supplies and Materials		-		311	
••	\$	50,523	\$	50,879	
Health Services					
Salaries	\$	3,150	\$	3,149	
Supplies and Materials		-		131	
••	\$	3,150	\$	3,280	
Psychological Services					
Supplies and Materials	\$	-	\$	477	
•	\$	-	\$	477	
Speech Pathology and Audiology Services				'	
Salaries	\$	-	\$	22,000	
Employee Benefits		-		274	
Supplies and Materials		-		757	
••	\$	-	\$	23,031	
Total Support Services - Pupils	\$	53,673	\$	77,667	
		_			
Instructional Staff					
Improvement of Instruction Services					
Purchased Services	\$	52,000	\$	45,688	
Supplies and Materials				2,884	
	\$	52,000	\$	48,572	
Educational Media Services					
Salaries	\$	241,299	\$	231,047	
Employee Benefits		39,998		35,530	
Purchased Services		83,425		21,436	
Supplies and Materials		26,200		27,692	
Non-Capitalized Equipment				16,642	
	\$	390,922	\$	332,347	
T. 10 . 10 . 1 . 1 . 10 . 5	•			000 010	
Total Support Services - Instructional Staff	\$	442,922	\$	380,919	
Consul Administration					
General Administration					
Board of Education Services	ф	05.000	Φ.	04.050	
Purchased Services	\$	95,000	\$	81,858	
Supplies and Materials	Φ.	-	_	1,213	
Executive Administration Services	\$	95,000	\$	83,071	
Salaries	c	240 720	¢.	240 454	
	\$	249,730	\$	249,154	
Employee Benefits		37,562		39,089	
Purchased Services		16,000		8,033	
Supplies and Materials	<u> </u>	6,000	ф.	6,425	
	\$	309,292	\$	302,701	
Total Support Services - General Administration	\$	404,292	¢	385,772	
rotal Support Services - Seneral Auministration	φ	404,292	\$	303,112	

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual
EXPENDITURES (Continued)	Origi	nai and Finai		Amounts
Support Services (Continued)				
School Administration				
Office of the Principal Services				
Salaries	\$	282,624	\$	269,116
Employee Benefits	•	51,620	Ψ	48,706
,	\$	334,244	\$	317,822
Total Support Services - School Administration	\$	334,244	\$	317,822
Business				
Fiscal Services				
Salaries	\$	114,330	\$	124,059
Employee Benefits	Ψ	28,239	Ψ	28,317
Purchased Services		26,000		42,915
Supplies and Materials		-		22
Non-Capitalized Equipment		_		924
	\$	168,569	\$	196,237
T. 10 10 1 D.		400 500		100.007
Total Support Services - Business	\$	168,569	\$	196,237
Food Services				
Salaries	\$	8,000	\$	3,436
Employee Benefits		60		-
Purchased Services		7,500		-
Supplies and Materials				2,510
	\$	15,560	\$	5,946
Total Support Services - Food Services	\$	15,560	\$	5,946
Total Support Scrivices - 1 000 Scrivices	Ψ	10,000	Ψ	3,340
Total Support Services	\$	1,419,260	\$	1,364,363
Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State) Payments for Special Education Programs				
Purchased Services	\$	598,240	\$	414,120
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units (In-State)	\$	598,240	\$	416,120
Total Payments to Other Districts and Governmental Units	\$	598,240	\$	416,120
	<u> </u>			
Capital Outlay				
Instruction				4= 400
Regular Programs	\$	70,000	\$	17,199
Support Services		25.000		
Instructional Staff		35,062		-
Business	\$	3,000 108,062	\$	17,199
	Ψ	100,002	Ψ	17,133
Provision for Contingencies	\$	50,000	\$	<u> </u>
On-Behalf Payments	\$	1,377,069	\$	1,482,552
Total Expenditures	\$	6,009,281	\$	5,626,559

	Budgeted Amounts Original and Final			Actual Amounts		
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	36,118	\$	655,990		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	36,118	\$	655,990		
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				9,094,847		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	9,750,837		

	An	dgeted nounts al and Final	Actual Amounts		
REVENUES Property Taxes Earnings on Investments	\$	48,799 31,850	\$	49,184 45,927	
Total Revenues	\$	80,649	\$	95,111	
EXPENDITURES	\$		\$		
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	80,649	\$	95,111	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	80,649	\$	95,111	
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				2,132,638	
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	2,227,749	

	Budgeted					
	Amounts			Actual		
	Origii	nal and Final	Amounts			
REVENUES		4.550	•	0.000		
Earnings on Investments	<u>\$</u> \$	4,550	\$	6,938		
Total Revenues	\$	4,550	\$	6,938		
EXPENDITURES						
Support Services						
Facilities Acquisition and Construction						
Purchased Services	\$	_	\$	291,005		
Total Support Services - Facilities Acquisition and Construction	\$	_	\$	291,005		
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total Support Services	\$	-	\$	291,005		
	<u>-</u>					
Capital Outlay						
Support Services						
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	\$	350,000	\$	45,013		
	\$	350,000	\$	45,013		
Total Expenditures	\$	350,000	\$	336,018		
Total Experiultures	φ	330,000	Ψ	330,010		
EXCESS OR (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER EXPENDITURES	\$	(345,450)	\$	(329,080)		
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	(515,155)	•	(==;,==)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Interfund Transfers		400,000		400,000		
		_				
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	54,550	\$	70,920		
FUND BALANCE - JULY 1, 2018				375 070		
FUND DALANGE - JULY 1, 2010				375,979		
FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30, 2019			\$	446,899		

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES ACTIVITY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	LANCE Y 1, 2018	ADI	DITIONS	DED	UCTIONS	LANCE 5 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,519	\$	4,502	\$	5,486	\$ 1,535
LIABILITIES Amount Due to Activity Bannockburn School	\$ 2,519	\$	4,502	\$	5,486	\$ 1,535
	\$ 2,519	\$	4,502	\$	5,486	\$ 1,535

BANNOCKBURN SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 106 COMPUTATION OF OPERATING EXPENSE PER PUPIL AND PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	OPERATING EXPENSE PER PUPIL		
EXPENDITURES:			
ED	Total Expenditures	\$	4,144,007
O&M	Total Expenditures		451,605
TR	Total Expenditures		161,458
MR/SS	Total Expenditures		125,622
	Total Expenditures	}	4,882,692
LESS RECEIPTS/REVENUES C	OR DISBURSEMENTS/EXPENDITURES NOT APPLICABLE TO THE REGULAR R	(-12 P	ROGRAM:
ED	Total Payments to Other Govt Units	\$	416,120
ED	Capital Outlay		17,199
ED	Non-Capitalized Equipment		21,194
O&M	Non-Capitalized Equipment		37,809
	Total Deductions for OEPP Computation (Sum of Lines 18 - 74)	\$	492,322
	Total Operating Expenses Regular K-12 (Line 14 minus Line 76)		4,390,370
9 Month ADA from District Average Daily Attendance/Prior General State Aid Inquiry 2018-2019			138.30
	Estimated OEPP (Line 77 divided by Line 78)	\$	31,745.26
	PER CAPITA TUITION CHARGE		
LESS OFFSETTING RECEIPTS	S/REVENUES:		
ED	Total Food Service	\$	3,367
ED-O&M	Total District/School Activity Income		26,178
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Transportation		16,849
ED-O&M-DS-TR-MR/SS-Tort	Other Restricted Revenue from State Sources		750
ED-MR/SS	Total Food Service		3,115
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Title I		32,974
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Total Title IV		9,999
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Fed - Spec Education - IDEA - Flow Through		29,680
ED-O&M-TR-MR/SS	Title II - Teacher Quality		6,164
ED-TR-MR/SS	Special Education Contributions from EBF Funds **		59,714
ED-MR/SS	English Learning (Bilingual) Contributions from EBF Funds ***		6
	Total Deductions for PCTC Computation Line 84 through Line 174	5	188,796
	Net Operating Expense for Tuition Computation (Line 77 minus Line 176)		4,201,574
	Total Depreciation Allowance (from page 26, Line 18, Col I)		412,696
	Total Depreciation Allowance (from page 26, Line 18, Col I) Total Allowance for PCTC Computation (Line 177 plus Line 178)	_	412,696 4,614,270
9 Month ADA from			

^{*} The total OEPP/PCTC may change based on the data provided. The final amounts will be calculated by ISBE