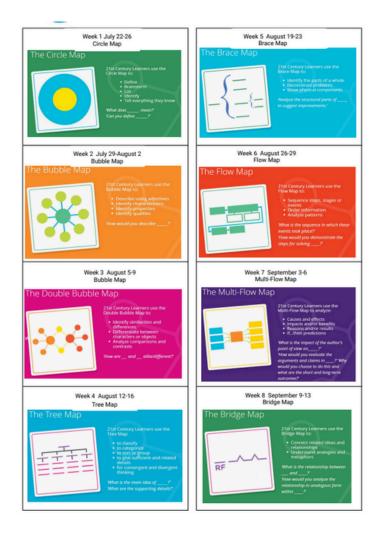
GULFPORT SCHOOL DISTRICT THINKING MAP NIKODUCTION 21/2 = logat(x

Every Decision. What's Best for Children? Every Time.

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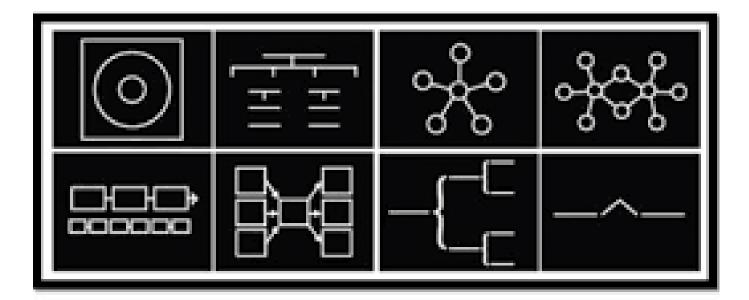
07 Tree Map

Brace Map

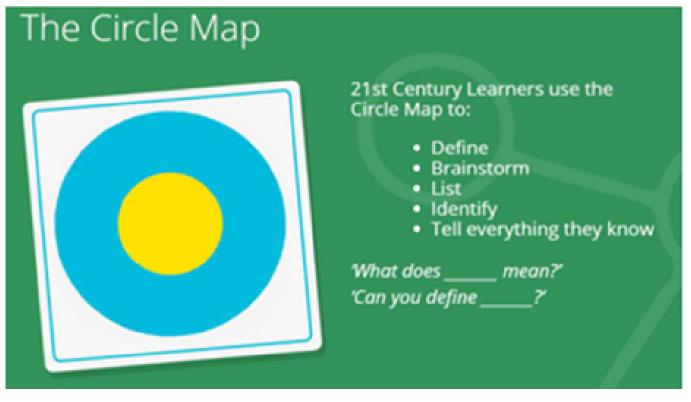
Flow Map

Multi-Flow Map

Bridge Map



Week 1: July 22-26



The Circle Map is used to brainstorm ideas and show what you already know about a topic by using context information. This can be words, numbers, pictures, symbols, etc. to represent the object, person, or ideas you are trying to understand or define.



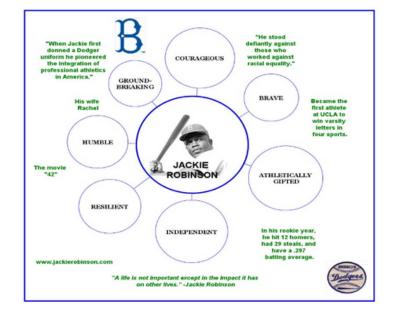
Defining in Context

Week 2: July 29 - August 2

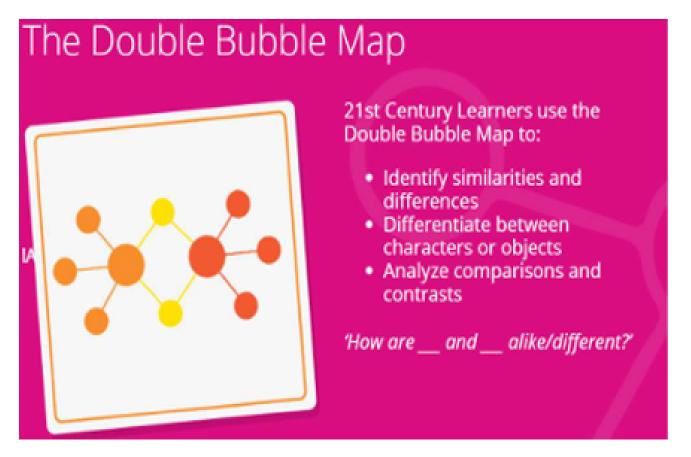
The Bubble Map State Century Learners use the Bubble Map to: Describe using adjectives Identify characteristics Identify properties Identify qualities How would you describe ___?

A bubble map is a visual tool designed to help you to develop your thoughts, expand your creativity, improve your writing skills, visualize existing ideas, and brainstorm new ideas without worrying about format or structure.

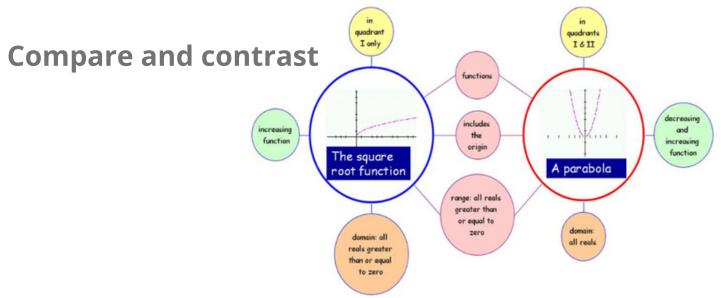
Describing Qualities



Week 3: August 5-9

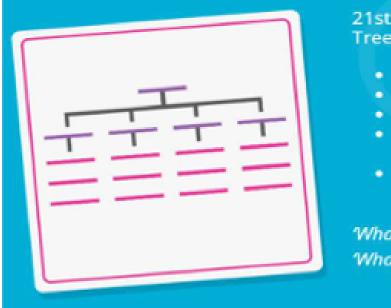


Double Bubble Maps are used to identify points of similarity and difference. The two ideas, items or events being compared are written in the two larger center circles. Outside bubbles contain things that are only possessed by/relevant to one of the two ideas, items or events.



Week 4: August 12-16

The Tree Map

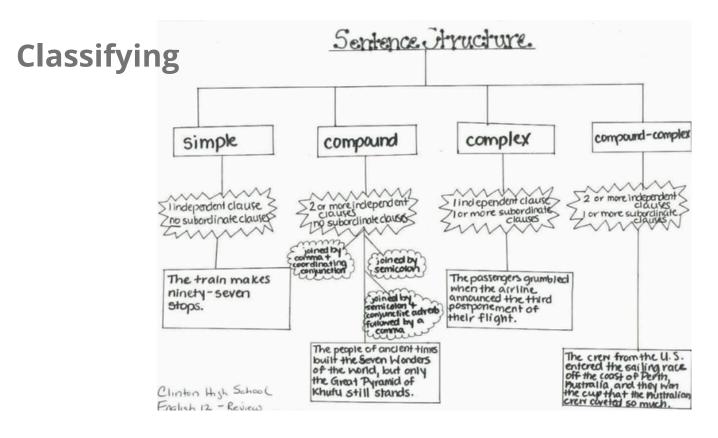


21st Century Learners use the Tree Map:

- to classify
- to categorize
- to sort or group
- to give sufficient and related details
- for convergent and divergent thinking

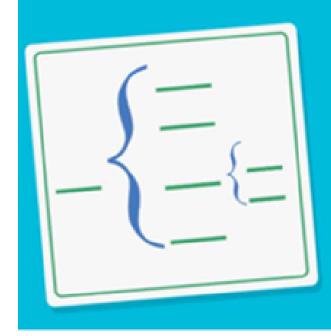
What is the main idea of ____?' What are the supporting details?'

A tree map is used to show the composition of a whole when there are many components.



Week 5: August 19-23

The Brace Map

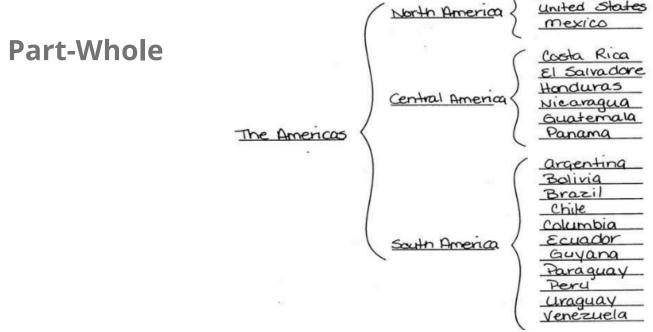


21st Century Learners use the Brace Map to:

- Identify the parts of a whole
- Deconstruct problems
- Show physical components

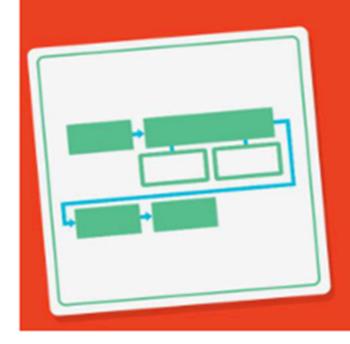
'Analyze the structural parts of to suggest improvements.'

Brace Maps identify part-to-whole relationships of concrete objects. Students use these maps to identify the parts of a physical object. The name of the whole object is written to the left of the brace and followed by one or more sets of braces that break the major part(s) into components.



Week 6: August 26-29

The Flow Map



21st Century Learners use the Flow Map to:

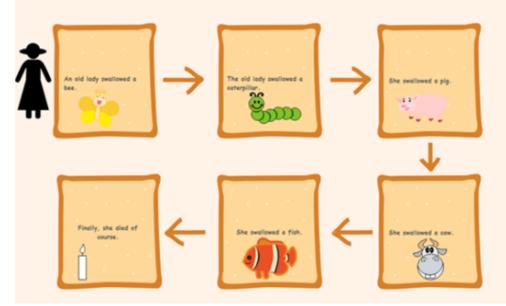
- Sequence steps, stages or events
- Order information
- Analyze patterns

'What is the sequence in which these events took place?' 'How would you demonstrate the steps for solving ____?'

Flow maps are a type of thematic map used in cartography to show the movement of objects between different areas.

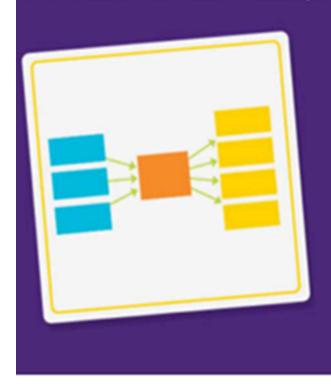
Sequencing

Story of The Old Lady



Week 7: September 3-6

The Multi-Flow Map



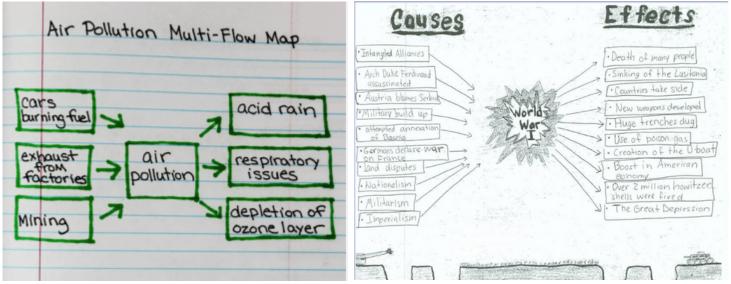
21st Century Learners use the Multi-Flow Map to analyze:

- Causes and effects
- Impacts and/or benefits
- Reasons and/or results
- If...then predictions

What is the impact of the author's point of view on____?' 'How would you evaluate the arguments and claims in ____?' 'Why would you choose to do this and what are the short and long-term outcomes?'

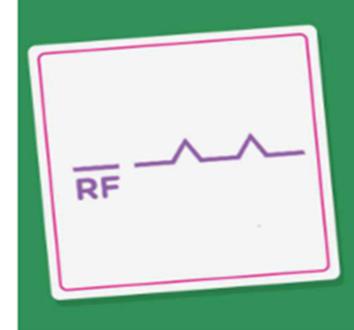
A Multi-Flow Map is a visual representation that illustrates how multiple aspects of a given topic are connected.

Cause and effects



Week 8: September 9-13

The Bridge Map



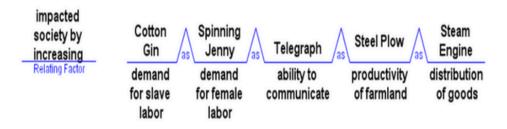
21st Century Learners use the Bridge Map to:

- Connect related ideas and relationships
- Understand analogies and metaphors

What is the relationship between _____ and _____?' 'How would you analyze the relationship in analogous form within _____?'

Bridge Maps help students understand and explain the relationship between two different concepts, ideas or things. Bridge Maps may be used to connect related ideas and relationships and understand analogies and metaphors.

Seeing analogies



The Impact of Inventions on Society

100 Inventions That Changed the World



Thinking maps build fluency with higher-order thinking skills. Accelerate learning for students of all backgrounds and abilities.

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