

**Unit 3: Inside the Earth**  
**6<sup>th</sup> Grade Honors Science**  
15 Class Meetings

*Revised May 2024*

**Essential Questions**

- How do natural and manmade features affect the flow of water and erosion?
- How do Earth's rocks and other materials provide a record of Earth's history?
- How can rocks, minerals, and fossils tell us about the past, present, and future of Earth.

**Enduring Understandings with Unit Goals**

**EU 1: Constructive and destructive natural processes shape Earth's surface.**

- Examine how continents are pushed by a powerful force.
- Rocks and minerals emerge from the ever-changing Earth.

**EU 2: Sediments are soil components that have been eroded and deposited by moving water.**

- Explain how Earth's rocks and other materials provide a record of its history.
- Examine how water has helped shape the Earth.

**Standards**

**Next Generation Science Standards:**

- **MS-ESS1-4:** Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history.
- **MS-ESS2-1:** Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process.
- **MS-ESS2-2:** Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales.
- **MS-ESS2-3:** Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions.
- **MS-ESS3-3:** Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment.
- **MS-ESS3-4:** Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems.

**Common Core State Standards:**

- **RST.6-8.:** Cite specific textual evidence to support analysis of science and technical texts.
- **RST.6-8.9:** Compare and contrast the information gained from experiments, simulations, video, or multimedia sources with that gained from reading a text on the same topic.
- **6.NS.C.5:** Understand that positive and negative numbers are used together to describe quantities having opposite directions or values (e.g., temperature above/below zero, elevation above/below sea level, credits/debits, positive/negative electric charge); use positive and negative numbers to represent quantities in real-world contexts, explaining the meaning of 0 in each situation.
- **RI 6.1:** Cite textual evidence to support analysis of what the text says explicitly as well as inferences drawn from the text.
- **RI 6.3:** Analyze in detail how a key individual, event, or idea is introduced, illustrated, and elaborated in a text.
- **RI 6.8:** Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text, distinguishing claims that are

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supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not.

- **W 6.1:** Write arguments to support claims with clear reasons and relevant evidence.
- **W 6.2:** Write informative/explanatory texts to examine and convey ideas, concepts, and information through the selection, organization, and analysis of relevant content.

**ISAAC Vision of the Graduate Competencies**

**Competency 1:** Write effectively for a variety of purposes.

**Competency 2:** Speak to diverse audiences in an accountable manner.

**Competency 3:** Develop the behaviors needed to interact and contribute with others on a team.

**Competency 4:** Analyze and solve problems independently **and** collaboratively.

**Competency 5:** Be responsible, creative, and empathetic members of the community.

**Unit Content Overview**

**1. Erosion**

- Define the breakdown of organic matter and its process.
- Define the process of Earth changing over time.
- Examine how erosion transforms the landscape.

**2. Rocks and Minerals**

- Show how rocks and minerals form.
- Define how rocks and minerals tell a historical story of earth.
- Examine rock and fossil formations.

**3. Earth's Shape**

- Explain the flow of energy through the cycling of Earth's materials.
- Analyze continental shape and seafloor structures using past evidence.
- Compare and contrast Earth in its beginning and now.

**Key Terms and Vocabulary:** sediment, erosion, weathering, silt, deposition, minerals, igneous, metamorphic, sedimentary, fossil fuels, cycle, magma, fossils, atmosphere, gravity

**Interdisciplinary Connection:**

Language Arts, Humanities

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**Daily Learning Objectives with TWPS**

**Students will be able to...**

- Develop a model showing geological time scale is used to organize Earth’s 4.6-billion-year-old history. \*\*
  - *What evidence do scientists use to estimate the age of the Earth?*
  - *Why is it important to study Earth’s geological history?*
- Create a timeline mapping the order of major changes in our planet’s history. Highlight the key changes to our Earth’s history using data. \*\*
  - *How have continents moved over time?*
  - *What evidence supports the theory of continental drift?*
  - *How did Earth form? What were the processes involved?*
- Identify the three main rock types, and how they form.
  - *Why is it important for scientists to understand the rock cycle?*
- Using scientific identification and analysis, list the characteristics of each of the three main rock types.
  - *How do weathering and erosion play a role in the rock cycle?*
- Create a model describing how energy plays a role in changing the structure and layout of Earth. Examine what “energy” is?
  - *How do natural disasters like earthquakes and volcanic eruptions impact the Earth’s surface and living organisms?*
- Outline how the ever-changing landscape is determined by the inside of our planet.
  - *What are the forces involved in the movement of rocks within the Earth’s crust?*
- Analyze natural events that follow patterns of distribution that reflect geological cause and effect.
  - *How do geological processes like weathering, erosion, and plate tectonics interact to shape the Earth’s surface?*
  - *What are some examples of cause-and-effect relationships in geology? For instance, how does erosion cause the formation of valleys and canyons?*
- Analyze how structures provide evidence of the past plate motions.
  - *How do scientists know that tectonic plates exist if they are beneath Earth’s surface?*
  - *How have tectonic plate movements shaped the Earth’s surface over millions of years?*
- How does the distribution of fossils, continental shapes, and the seafloor show past plate motions?
  - *How do fossils provide evidence of life on Earth millions of years ago?*
- Analyze and interpret data to determine similarities and differences in fossil findings.
  - *What conditions are necessary for the formation of fossils?*
  - *What are common misconceptions about fossils?*
- Compare and contrast specific historical data in the development of Earth.
  - *Can you explain how radioactive dating techniques are used to determine the absolute ages of rocks and fossils?*
  - *What are some examples of historical events recorded in geological features like mountains, canyons, and volcanoes?*
- Explain that many changes in biodiversity have occurred since life evolved on Earth.

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- *How has climate changed over geological time?*
- *What evidence do scientists use to study ancient climates?*
- Organize, prepare, and discuss evidence that supports findings of biodiversity. Create a chart, timeline, or visual representation of findings.
  - *How have life forms changed over geological time?*
  - *What are some major milestones in the evolution of life on Earth?*
  - *How have geological changes contributed to biodiversity on Earth?*

**Instructional/ ELL Strategies/Differentiated Instruction**

- Power Point Lecture with notetaking
- Guided notetaking
- Vocabulary Wall
- Interactive Notebook
- Warm up activities
- Flexible grouping
- Independent reading
- Lab activities
- Exit slips
- Graphic Organizers
- Creating authentic connections for students
- Vocabulary word bank
- Rephrasing and restatement of information and concepts
- Tiered instruction
- Alternative test settings
- Reading and accountable talk discussions of texts
- Student-led instruction
- Homework assignments
- Hands-on activities
- SIOP strategies- Teachers implement SIOP strategies to introduce academic vocabulary and use multiple modes of representation including gestural, oral, pictorial, graphic and textural.

**Assessments**

**FORMATIVE ASSESSMENTS:**

- Interactive Notebook
- Guided notes
- Homework
- Daily Think-Write-Pair-Share (TWPS) Activities
- Accountable Talk Discussions
- Oral questioning
- Exit slips
- Warm Up activities

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- Close reading and interpretation of text
- Labs and Lab reports
- Performance Task – Earth’s History is Funny
  - Literacy Rubric/Teacher’s Scoring Rubric

**SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENTS:**

- Quiz on EU1
- Quiz on EU2
- Lab Reports (EU1 and EU2)
- Performance Task – Earth’s History is Funny

**Unit Task**

**Unit Task Name:** Earth’s History is Funny

**Description:** Students will utilize nonfiction text, timelines, and their understanding of the unit topics to create a comic strip that describes one of four choices. Students may make a comic strip explaining landforms, erosion, weathering, or the rock cycle (EU1, EU2). Students will then write an explanatory paragraph that explains the topic they chose.

**Evaluation:** Literacy Rubric/Teacher’s Scoring Rubric

**Unit Resources**

- Non-Fiction Text
- Interactive Notebook
- Lab experiments
- Dennison Pequotsepos Visits
- Internet databases
- Large format poster printer
- Microsoft Power Point or Prezi
- Laptops
- NOAA website
- Lab materials
- <https://pals.sri.com/tasks/5-8/ChangeRocks/>