

Wharton Independent School District



2024 - 2025

State & Federal Programs Manual

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General Information

The district has established fiscal procedures that apply to all financial transactions regardless of the funding source. **Procedures that relate directly and/or indirectly to federal and state grant compliance are indicated with a (†).** A separate section in this Business Operations Manual will include specific procedures related to acquiring, expending, and managing grant funds.

In accordance with School Board Policy, BP Local, the Superintendent and administrative staff shall be responsible for developing and enforcing procedures for the operation of the District. These procedures shall constitute the administrative regulations of the District and shall consist of guidelines, handbooks, manuals, forms, and any other documents defining standard operating procedures. The Superintendent shall approve this State and Federal Grants Manual on an annual basis, or as appropriate, if federal, state or local changes in regulations or policy warrant immediate changes. **Administrative regulations [procedures] are subject to Board review but shall not be adopted by the Board.**

Business Department Mission

The Mission of the Wharton Independent School District Business Office is to provide support to all District students, staff, parents, and community and to ensure that all business operations are supportive of the instructional goals and objectives of the district in the attainment of the campus performance objectives (Student Achievement Indicators).

The Business Division's primary goal is to protect the assets of the district and to ensure that all financial transactions are performed in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.

Business Department Staff

See Wharton ISD Financial Procedure Manual

General Financial Procedures

See the Wharton ISD Financial Procedures Manual – General Financial Procedures

State and Federal Grant Management (†)

The Office for Grants and Fiscal Compliance (GFC) at Texas Education Agency is responsible for managing all discretionary and formula grants, ensuring the agency's compliance with

federal grant requirements, and conducting audits and reviews of all local educational agencies (LEAs). The department houses the following divisions:

- Division of Grants Administration
(formerly the Division of Discretionary Grants and the Division of Formula Funding)
- Division of Federal Program Compliance
(formerly the Fiscal Accountability and Federal Reporting Unit)
- Division of Financial Compliance
(formerly housed in the Office for Accreditation)

Compliance with all federal and state grant requirements is essential to ensure that all granted funds remain with the district. Failure to comply with grant requirements may result in denial of reimbursement requests and/or requests from the granting agency to return a portion or in some cases all grant funds. The Texas Education agency acts as the pass-thru entity for many of the United States Department of Education (USDE) federal grants.

Federal Regulations for Federal Grant Awards

All federal grant funds are subject to the compliance with Administrative (EDGAR) and Programmatic (NCLB, IDEA, etc.) regulations for each federal grant award.

Title 34, Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Parts 75-79, 81 to 86 and 97-99 EDGAR is currently in transition. For awards made prior to 12/26/2014, EDGAR Parts 74 and 80 still apply. For awards made on or after 12/26/2014, 2 CFR Part 200, which includes the substance formerly in parts 74 and 80, applies. For state-administered federal grants, TEA shall notify the district on the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA) of the applicable administrative regulations. The State and Federal Grants Addendum contains guidance for pre-December 26, 2014 federal grant awards. The date of the award to the district (or pass-through entity such as TEA) shall determine the appropriate regulations.

When the district's local policies and/or procedures conflict with the federal regulations, the district shall comply with the more restrictive regulations in all aspects of federal and state grants management.

Overview of the Education Department General Administrative Regulations (EDGAR). The EDGAR, as amended on December 26, 2014, includes six (6) subparts and multiple appendices under 2 CFR Part 200 of EDGAR as noted below:

- Subpart A – Acronyms and Definitions
- Subpart B – General Provisions
- Subpart C – Pre-award Requirements
- Subpart D – Post-award Requirements
- Subpart E – Cost Principles
- Subpart F – Audit Requirements
- Appendices – I through XI

Generally, 2 CFR Part 200 applies to all programs under the Elementary & Secondary Education Act (ESEA) and may apply to other US Department of Education grants. **NOTE. The Title VIII (Impact Aid) Program is specifically excluded from 2 CFR Part 200. [Reference: 34 Part 299.2]**

To ensure consistency with the EDGAR, the district shall utilize the acronyms and definitions included in the EDGAR for general terms related to the management of federal grant funds. The EDGAR Acronyms and Definitions can be found in CFR 200.0 through 200.99.

Programmatic regulations for each of the district's federal grant awards are hyperlinked in the List of Grant Awards for easy access to the Fiscal Guidelines, Allowable Costs, and/or other programmatic regulations.

At the District level, managing State and Federal Grants shall be a collaborative process between the Finance (Accounting, Budgeting, Purchasing, Payroll, etc.), Human Resources and Grant Management Departments. Each respective department shall be responsible for their duties and responsibilities as they relate to the management of state and/or federal grants. The duties of each department are listed below in general terms. Additional, specific duties and responsibilities may be listed within an area of compliance within this Manual.

Finance Department

- Assisting the Grant Manager with budgeting grants funds. Preparing and posting the initial budget and all amendments to the general ledger.
- Assisting the Human Resources, Payroll and Grants departments with determining the payroll distribution code(s) for all grant-funded staff.
- Preparing all grant-related financial reports (monthly, quarterly and/or annual).
- Preparing all financial records for the annual financial audit and single audit, as appropriate.
- Ensuring compliance with the FASRG in coding all payroll and non-payroll expenditures.

- Adjusting the general ledger, as appropriate, after the Grant Manager's reconciliation of the time and effort reports, as appropriate if adjustments are necessary
- Developing and maintaining all salary schedules to ensure consistency between local and non-local pay rates (Includes base salaries, stipends and extra-duty rates of pay)
- Managing the day-to-day cash needs for grant expenditures and drawing-down cash reimbursements, as appropriate
- Managing all purchasing and contractual commitments in compliance with the grant periods and allowable cost principles
- Retaining all financial records for the required length of time (5 years) for audit purposes
- Managing all fixed assets and ensuring compliance with the inventory and disposition federal guidelines

Human Resources Department

- Assisting the Grant Manager with the recruitment and hiring of all grant-funded staff
- Ensuring that all grant-funded staff meet the Highly Qualified Staff federal guidelines, as appropriate (and, all state certification requirements)
- Ensuring that all grant-funded staff have a job description with the grant-related duties and funding. (And, that all grant-funded staff sign a job description on an annual basis)
- Preparing the Highly Qualified Staff Annual Report and conducting the required public notice or hearing, as appropriate
- Maintaining audit-ready HR employee files for financial audit or single audit purposes, as appropriate
- Assisting the Grant Manager with determining the position title, Role ID and other salary information for use in completing the grant application
- Retaining all personnel records for the required length of time (5 years) for audit purposes

Grant Management or Special Programs Department

Working cooperatively with the campus administrative staff to ensure that all grant activities are collaboratively planned and appropriate to each campus.

- Providing supporting documentation for budgeted grants funds and, submitting all grant amendments to the finance department to facilitate budget amendments.
- Assisting the Human Resources/Payroll department with determining the payroll distribution code(s) for all grant-funded staff.
- Preparing all grant-related programmatic (evaluation) reports (monthly, quarterly and/or annual).
- Ensuring compliance with the FASRG in coding all payroll and non-payroll

expenditures.

- Receiving and monitoring the time and effort reports, as appropriate, and submitting adjustments, if any, to the finance department
- Monitoring the spending thresholds throughout the grant period to ensure that the grant activities are being conducted systematically throughout the grant period
- Reviewing and approving all purchasing and contractual commitments in compliance with the grant periods and allowable cost principles
- Retaining all application and programmatic grant records for the required length of time (5 years) for audit purposes
- Providing information to the Human Resources/Payroll department regarding the number and type of grant-funded positions approved in the grant application by the granting authority
- Verifying with the HR department that all grant-funded staff meet the Highly Qualified Staff federal guidelines, as appropriate (And, all state certification requirements)
- Verifying with the HR department that all grant-funded staff have a job description with the grant-related duties and funding. (And, that all grant-funded staff sign a job description on an annual basis)
- Verifying with the HR department that the Highly Qualified Staff Annual Report and conducting the required public notice or hearing, as appropriate
- Assisting the HR department with determining the position title, Role ID and other salary information for use in completing the grant application

Payroll Department

- Maintaining audit-ready payroll employee files for financial audit or single audit purposes, as appropriate
- Assisting the Grant Manager with determining the position title, Role ID and other salary information for use in completing the grant application
- Retaining all payroll records for the required length of time (5 years) for audit purposes
- Assisting the Human Resources & Grants departments with determining the payroll distribution code(s) for all grant-funded staff.

All departments shall provide staff training for their respective staff and other staff, as appropriate, regarding the grant management duties and responsibilities for each staff member.

State and Federal Programs/Grants (†)

State Programs – Allotments

State Program allotments are estimated and paid to school districts through a Summary of Finance template created by the Texas Education Agency. The actual state allotments are calculated as noted below in each respective section. A settle-up process occurs at the end of each fiscal year – funds owed to a district are paid by TEA and funds owed by a district are paid to TEA (or TEA reduces the following fiscal year funds by the amount owed to the state).

A percentage of each state allotment must be spent on “direct” expenditures for the given special program. The current percentages and program intent code (PIC) are noted below by program:

▪ Special Education	55%	PIC 23
▪ Career & Technical Education	55%	PIC 22
▪ Gifted & Talented Education	100%	PIC 21
▪ State Compensatory Education (SCE)	55%	PIC 24-30 (except 25 & 27)
▪ Bilingual/ESL Education	55%	PIC 25

Note. The district shall not use PIC 30 – neither of the campuses operate a Title I School Wide Program.

During the budget process, the estimated state allotment shall be calculated by the Business Manager based on prior year special program enrollment and average daily attendance (ADA). The estimated state allotment by special program shall be provided to the Executive Director of Curriculum and Instruction. The Executive Director of Curriculum and Instruction has global oversight of all state special programs. The Special Program Coordinators, as noted below, shall be directly responsible for their respective program(s). These Directors shall be responsible for the programmatic compliance in their respective program(s). Programmatic compliance shall include, but is not limited to: program eligibility, program design, instructional delivery, entry/exit procedures, professional development, and certification.

- Special Education
- Career & Technical Education
- Gifted & Talented Education
- State Compensatory Education (SCE)
- Bilingual/ESL Education

- Director of Special Education
- Business Manager
- Business Manager
- Director of Student Services
- Director of Student Services

The finance department, specifically the, Business Manager, shall be responsible for the financial compliance in each of these special programs. Financial compliance shall include, but not limited to: budgeting development & monitoring, approval of expenditures, financial reporting to TEA, financial audit, and purchasing with state allotment funds.

As part of the budget adoption process, the Business Manager shall verify that the proposed budget includes appropriations in each of the special programs of *no less* than the percentages stated above as required direct expenditures for each special program. [Note. If the District does not budget to compliance, it may not spend to compliance.]

Throughout the fiscal year and at the end of the fiscal year, the Business Manager, shall calculate the periodic and final spend percentages for each special program. The allocated expenditures by program intent code (PIC) shall be used to determine compliance. In the event that direct expenditures fall below the mandated percentages, the Business Manager shall ensure that the deficit amount is budgeted in the following fiscal year.

The mandated program intent codes (as defined in the FASRG) are classified as Basic or Enhanced. The PICs in these classifications for regular and special program allotments are noted below:

Basic Services – PIC 1X

- PIC 11 Basic Educational Services

Enhanced Services – PIC 2X – 3X

- PIC 21 Gifted & Talented
- PIC 22 Career & Technical Education
- PIC 23 Special Education
- PIC 24 Accelerated Education (State Compensatory Education)
- PIC 25 Bilingual and ESL Education
- PIC 26 Non-Disciplinary Alternative Education Program
- PIC 28 Disciplinary Alternative Education Program – Basic

code. The population served codes and program intent codes are correlated below:

Population Served Code 04	PIC 21	Gifted & Talented
Population Served Code 05	PIC 22	Career & Technical Education
Population Served Code 06	PIC 23	Special Education
Population Served Code 03	PIC 24	Accelerated Education (State Compensatory Education)
Population Served Code 02	PIC 25	Bilingual Education
Population Served Code 07	PIC 25	ESL Education
Population Served Code 03	PIC 26	Non-Disciplinary Alternative Education Program
Population Served Code 03	PIC 28	Disciplinary Alternative Education Program – Basic
Population Served Code 03	PIC 29	Disciplinary Alternative Education Program – SCE Supplemental
Population Served Code 03	PIC 30	Title I, Part A School wide Activities related to SCE (Campuses with 40% or more educationally disadvantaged students)

All staff assigned to support all students, not specifically served in a special program, shall be coded as basic population served (01) and the basic program intent code (11).

The Chief Human Resources Officer shall also submit a Staff FTE report for non-campus administrative staff by September 15th at the beginning of each fiscal year. The PIC codes for the non-campus staff shall reflect what they do, where they are assigned to work, and the special program(s) that they support.

The Staff FTEs reports shall be submitted to the Business Manager no later than the deadline of September 15th at the beginning of each fiscal year. The Business Manager shall verify the Staff FTEs and ensure that funds are budgeted in the appropriate payroll account codes. Budget changes and/or amendments, if any, shall be prepared by Business Manager. [Note: The minimum spend percentages shall be verified again to ensure that the budgeted amount by PIC still meets or exceeds the minimum spend percentage by special program.]

After approval of the Staff FTEs reports, the Business Manager shall submit the Staff FTEs to the payroll department for the purpose of updating the payroll distribution record(s) of each district employee.

Campus Principals and Grant Manager shall be responsible to ensure that any changes to staff assignments are submitted to the Business Manager within five (5) days of the assignment change. The prior process of verifying the FTEs/account codes, approval of the FTE report, and submission of the reports to the payroll department shall occur upon the receipt of assignment changes.

Gifted and Talented

The Gifted and Talented program must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.121 and TEC

42.156. Chapter 29 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to eligibility, identification, and program services. Chapter 42 addresses the funding weight(s) and allowable costs.

Specifically, each school district shall identify students eligible for the GT program and serve the students in an appropriate manner to obtain state funds. All student identification and enrollment shall meet the special program guidelines in the Student Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH). Student enrollment data shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Fall Submission as of the snapshot date. The attendance and/or contact hour data for funding purposes shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Summer Submission.

The Director of Student Services with oversight responsibility to certify the Gifted & Talented special program data prior to submission to TEA.

Career and Technical Education (CATE)

The Career and Technical Education program must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.181 and TEC 42.154. Chapter 29 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to eligibility, identification, and program services. Chapter 42 addresses the funding weight(s) and allowable costs.

Specifically, each school district shall identify students eligible for the CTE program and serve the students in an appropriate manner to obtain state funds. The Master Schedule shall serve as the official document to support that each student was enrolled in a CTE course. All student identification and enrollment shall meet the special program guidelines in the Student Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH). Student enrollment data shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Fall Submission as of the snapshot date. The attendance and/or contact hour data for funding purposes shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Summer Submission.

The Director of Student Services with oversight responsibility to certify the CTE special program data prior to submission to TEA shall be as noted.

Special Education

The Special Education program must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.003 and TEC

42.151. Chapter 29 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to eligibility, identification, and program services. Chapter 42 addresses the funding weight(s) and allowable costs.

Specifically, each school district shall identify students eligible for the Special Education program and serve the students in an appropriate manner to obtain state funds. The student's Individualized Education Plan (IEP) shall serve as the official document to support that each student is eligible for special education, the type of instructional arrangement, and the number of contact hours to be served in a special education setting. All student identification and enrollment shall meet the special program guidelines in the Student Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH). Student enrollment data shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Fall Submission as of the snapshot date. The attendance and/or contact hour data for funding purposes shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Summer Submission.

The Director of Student Services with oversight responsibility to certify the Special Education program data prior to submission to TEA shall be as noted.

Compensatory Education (SCE)

The Compensatory Education program must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.081 and TEC 42152. Chapter 29 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to eligibility, "at risk" identification, and program services. Chapter 42 addresses the funding formula and allowable costs. The SCE program is funded based on the highest six (6) months of free and reduced lunch eligibility students in the prior school year. The Director of Food Services shall provide the monthly counts of free and reduced lunch eligibility to the finance department, Business Manager, on a monthly basis for the purposes of estimating SCE funds in the next fiscal year.

Specifically, each school district shall identify students eligible for the Compensatory

Education program and serve the students in an appropriate manner to obtain state funds. There are thirteen (13) at risk indicators in state law. The Campus Principal, or designee, at each campus shall be responsible for identification of all at risk students. The at-risk student enrollment shall be reported to TEA through the PEIMS Fall Submission.

The SCE program compliance is unlike the other special programs in that it requires specific documentation as outlined in the Financial Accounting System Resource Guide (FASRG) Module 9. The District Improvement Plan (DIP) and Campus Improvement Plans (CIP) are the primary source of documentation for the expenditure of SCE funds. According to TEA, annually within 150 days after the last day permissible to send data for the PEIMS data FINAL Midyear resubmission 2 (typically late July), the District shall electronically submit a PDF version of the DIP and at least two (2) CIPs through the TEASE system. The determination regarding which CIPs to submit to TEA shall be based on the TEA guidelines in the FASRG, Module 9.1.2 Summary of Filing Requirements. The District's submission dates shall be as noted below to ensure compliance with this critical requirement.

- Campus Principals shall submit their CIPs to the Business Manager by June 15th.
- Superintendent or designee shall submit the DIP to the Business Manager by June 15th.
- The Business Manager shall submit the DIP and CIPs through TEASE within the 150 day deadline, or July 1st, whichever is earlier.

Financial guidelines related to supplement not supplant, targeted-assistance versus school-wide campus expenditures, staffing formulas, job descriptions, time and effort, student case counts, local identification criteria and allowable costs are described in Module 9 State Compensatory Education.

Bilingual and ESL

The Bilingual and ESL program must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 29.053 and TEC 42.153. Chapter 29 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to eligibility, identification, and program services. Chapter 42 addresses the funding weight(s) and allowable costs.

Specifically, each school district shall identify students eligible for the Bilingual or ESL program and serve the students in an appropriate manner to obtain state funds. All student identification and enrollment shall meet the special program guidelines in the Student Attendance Accounting Handbook (SAAH).

Student enrollment data shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Fall Submission as of the snapshot date. The attendance and/or contact hour data for funding purposes shall be submitted to TEA through the PEIMS Summer Submission.

The Director of Student Services with oversight responsibility to certify the Bilingual and ESL special program data prior to submission to TEA shall be as noted.

High School Allotment

The use of the High School Allotment must adhere to state law, Texas Education Code (TEC) 39.234 and TEC 42.160. Chapter 39 addresses the programmatic guidelines related to program services.

Chapter 42 addresses the funding weight(s) and allowable costs. Funding amounts are based on \$275 per student in average daily attendance in grades 9 through 12.

Districts may use funds for campus-level or district-wide initiatives for students in grades 6-12. Allowable uses include:

- professional development for teachers providing instruction in advanced academic courses such as Advanced Placement (AP)
- hiring of additional teachers to allow for smaller class sizes in critical content areas
- fees for students taking dual credit classes and ACT/SAT tests
- academic support, such as AVID and AP strategies, to support at-risk students in challenging courses
- credit recovery programs
- activities supporting college readiness and awareness, including transportation for college visits

Please see Commissioner's Rules Concerning High School Allotment for detailed allowable uses of these funds. The High School Allotment Guide is also an excellent resource and shall be made available to all campus principals as a guide during the budget development process.

The Secondary Campus Principal shall be responsible for oversight responsibility of the High School Allotment program shall determine the allocation per campus and provide guidance to each secondary campus regarding the use of the HSA funds.

Federal Grants

Acronyms and definitions related to federal grant management are listed in the EDGAR, Subpart A,

200.1 through 200.99 and may be accessed at:

<http://www.ecfr.gov/cgi-bin/text-id?SID=bce3e6e14adb00a7863cc39935f3e35e&node=sg2.1.200.a.sg0&rgn=div7>

These acronyms and definitions are used throughout this manual. One of the most critical definitions is that of a "non-federal entity". When this definition is used it refers to the "school

district”, as a recipient of a federal grant award.

General Provisions (Conflict of Interest & Disclosure):

The District shall comply with all General Provisions of EDGAR (Subpart B). Specific areas of compliance are noted below:

1. The District has established a Conflict of Interest policies [School Board Policy BBFA, CAA and DBD). These policies shall also apply to all federal grant awards. The same conflict of interest questionnaire that is used for other district functions shall be utilized for compliance with this provision. The Local Government Officer Conflicts Disclosure Statement shall be completed by all district staff involved in federal grant awards: Superintendent, Cabinet staff members [Executive Directors and Campus Principals], Human Resources Administrator, Payroll Director, Operational Directors [Student Support Services/Food Service and Maintenance/Transportation] and Grant Manager. Conflicts of interest, if any, shall be disclosed, as appropriate. The Business Manager shall be responsible for overseeing and collecting the Conflict of Interest questionnaires.
2. The district shall comply with all additional conflict of interest requirements required by the federal granting agency and/or the pass-through entity (TEA).
 - a. The District shall disclose in writing to the granting agency and/or pass-through entities any potential conflict of interest concerning the expenditure of federal or state grant funds. The TEA Division of Grants Administration Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form shall be used disclose the potential conflict.
 - b. The District shall disclose in writing to the granting agency and/or pass-through entities any violations of federal criminal law including fraud, bribery or gratuity violations affecting a federal grant award. Upon detection of any fraud, abuse or waste with federal grant funds, the District shall promptly notify the proper legal authorities and pursue appropriate criminal and/or civil actions. The TEA Division of Grants Administration Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form shall be used to disclose the violation(s).
 - c. The Business Manager shall be responsible for overseeing, reporting and documenting any fraud, abuse or waste of federal grant funds.
 - d. The Superintendent shall be responsible for completing the Certification Statement on the TEA Division of Grants Administration Conflict of Interest Forms.
 - e. The District shall reclassify fraudulent expenditures made with federal grant awards to local district funds, i.e. the General Fund.

Conflict of Interest Forms:

- [Conflict of Interest Disclosure \(CIS\)](#) – Texas Ethics Commission
- [Conflict of Interest Disclosure Form](#) - TEA Division of Grants Administration
- [Mandatory Disclosure Form](#) - TEA Division of Grants Administration

All district employees are prohibited from soliciting gifts or tokens from vendors or other parties who are affected by (or have an interest in) a federal grant award.

In addition, all district employees are prohibited from accepting *unsolicited* gifts or tokens from vendors or other parties who are affected by (or have an interest in) a federal grant award that exceed a nominal (individual) value of \$25 [IRS business gift limit] and an aggregate value of \$100 [or current Conflict of Interest limit, whichever is less] in a fiscal year. The unsolicited gifts or tokens may be a nominal meal, vendor exhibit promotional items, calendars, or other nominal value items not specifically excluded below:

- Items prohibited at a public elementary and secondary schools such as drugs, tobacco or alcohol products

District employees who violate this administrative directive shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment with the district. Violations that exceed the federal Conflict of Interest thresholds shall be reported to the federal granting agency and/or pass-through entity by the Business Manager.

Pre-Federal Award Requirements:

The federal awarding agency and pass-through entities are required to evaluate the risk of the District in respect to financial stability, quality of management system, history of performance (grants), audit reports and ability to effectively implement the grant program.

The District shall implement strategies as noted below to ensure that its risk level for federal grants management is determined to be "low":

1. Timely submission of all required programmatic and financial reports
2. Complying with the federal grant award fiscal guidelines and allowable cost principles
3. Ensuring that all grant-related staff are properly trained in their respective grants management role on at least an annual basis.
4. Developing and implementing district policies and procedures for all critical business functions
5. Developing and implementing grant management procedures and internal controls

If the District is determined to be a "high risk" district, it shall comply with all of the additional requirements as imposed by the federal granting agency and/or pass-through entity. In addition, the District shall develop and implement strategies to correct the identified deficiencies in an effort to move to a "low risk" entity status.

No pre-award expenses or obligations shall be made by the District prior to the approval of the federal granting agency or pass-through entity. Non-authorized pre-award expenses, if any, shall be paid from local District funds, i.e. the General Fund.

Grant Application Process

The district may be eligible to apply for "entitlement" or "competitive" federal grant funds.

Federal entitlement grant funds include, but are not limited to, No Child Left Behind (NCLB), Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), and Carl D. Perkins. The "maximum" and/or "final" entitlement awards for the district are posted on the TEA Grants Management webpage at: <http://tea.texas.gov/index4.aspx?id=5040>. The Grant Manager shall obtain the annual entitlement amounts and begin the grant development process with the appropriate stakeholders.

A list of competitive grants administered by the TEA are also posted on the TEA Grants Management webpage at: <http://tea.texas.gov/index2.aspx?id=2147487872>. The Grant Manager shall obtain the competitive grant information to determine whether the grant(s) is appropriate for the district. Some competitive grants may have matching-funds and/or in-kind payment requirements which may place a burden on the district's available financial resources.

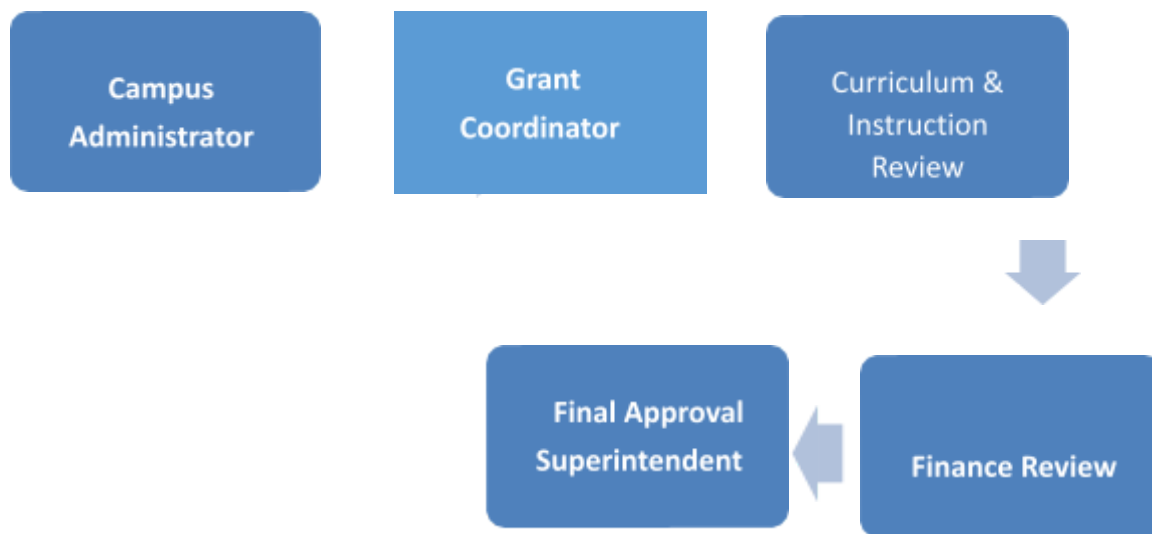
TEA's Grant Opportunities webpage provides a wealth of information related to available grants such as:
[<http://burleson.tea.state.tx.us/GrantOpportunities/forms/GrantProgramSearch.aspx>]

- General and Fiscal Guidelines
- Program Guidelines
- Program-Specific Provisions and Assurances
- General Provisions and Assurances
- Debarment and Suspension Certification
- Lobbying Certification
- Sample Application
- Deadlines and Due Dates for: grant application, amendments and grant reporting.

All district staff involved in the management of federal grant awards shall be aware of these resources.

The school district’s grant application process for federal grants is illustrated below on a flowchart (Illustration 1). As noted on the flowchart, all grant applications must be reviewed by the Finance, Curriculum & Instruction, and Grants Management departments. In addition, all grant applications that will support student instruction at one or more campuses, must be developed in collaboration with the respective campus principal(s). Specific grant activities to support the academic program at a campus should be reflected in the Campus Improvement Plan.

Illustration 1. Grant Application Approval Flowchart



The final approval of a grant application shall be the Superintendent.

The Grants Manager shall work collaboratively with the finance department to ensure that all grant budget schedules are completed using the correct account code structure (as

appropriate); the district's purchasing, travel and other procedures; and are adequately documented if prior approval is required by the granting agency or pass-through entity (TEA).

The Grants Manager shall obtain pre-approval for the following activities which have been identified by the granting agency or pass-through entity (TEA);

- [Student educational field trips](#) – TEA Division of Grants Administration form
- [Hosting or sponsoring conferences](#) - TEA Division of Grants Administration form
- [Out-of-state travel](#) - TEA Division of Grants Administration form
- [Request for Approval of Special or Unusual Costs](#) – TEA Division of Grants Administration form
- [Request for Approval of Participant Support Costs](#) – TEA Division of Grants Administration form

Grants that require matching or in-kind district contributions shall be evaluated for overall impact on the district's current and future local funds.

No federal grant funds shall be budgeted, encumbered, or spent until either of the following has occurred:

- grant has been approved by the granting agency and a Notice of Grant Award (NOGA) has been issued to the district; or
- the entitlement grant has been received by the district and the grant application has been submitted to TEA

[NOTE: TEA allows federal grant expenditures from the grant application "stamp-in date"; however, expenditures that require TEA's specific approval are not approved until the NOGA is issued.]

The Business Manager shall notify the Grants Manager when the funds have been budgeted and are ready for expenditure by the appropriate campus or department.

General Provisions and Assurances

General Provisions and Assurances apply to all grants administered by TEA. Additional provisions and assurances may apply to specific grants. The Grants Manager shall inform all staff involved in the expenditure of grant funds of the provisions and assurances for each grant program, as appropriate. Numerous resources are available on TEA's Provisions and Assurances webpage at: http://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Grants/Administering_a_Grant/Provisions_and_Assurances/

- [General Provisions and Assurances \(The New EDGAR\)](#)
- [Debarment and Suspension \(The New EDGAR\)](#)
- [Lobbying Certification \(The New EDGAR\)](#)

Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion

The district must not award a contract [required for all federal grants, regardless of dollar amount] to a vendor which is debarred or suspended or is otherwise excluded from or ineligible for participation in federal grant award programs.

The finance department [purchasing] shall verify the eligibility of each vendor with this certification requirement by requesting that the vendor execute a Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion for Covered Contracts and Grants Form before awarding a contract and/or issuing a purchase order. A copy of the certification Form shall be maintained with the contract and/or purchase order for audit purposes.

The finance department [purchasing] shall monitor ongoing contracts to verify the contractor's compliance with the debarment, suspension, ineligibility and voluntary exclusion provisions. In the event that a vendor is suspended or debarred during a contract, the district shall continue the contract in force until the contract lapses. The contract term shall not include any extensions to the original term of the contract.

The Vendor Management Procedures shall be utilized to verify that vendors are not on the State of Texas or Federal (www.sam.gov) debarred lists.

Lobbying Certification

For all federal grants in excess of \$100,000, the district shall certify on the grant application that no federal grant funds are expended for the purpose of lobbying. The grants management and finance departments shall jointly execute a Lobbying Certification Form [Standard Form – LLL: Disclosure of Lobbying Activities], as applicable, if the district used funds other than federal grant funds for lobbying activities.

The Business Manager shall ensure that all contract award documents with federal grant funds contain the appropriate lobbying certification language.

Budgeting Grant Funds

The finance department, Business Manager, shall budget grant funds in the appropriate fund code as authorized by Financial Accountability System Resource Guide, or the granting agency, as appropriate. In addition, the object expenditure codes noted on the grant application shall be consistent with the budgeted account codes.

For example, if the grant application included \$2,000 for "6219 Professional Services", the budget shall include an appropriation for Professional Services in object code 6219. However, if the intent was to expend funds to pay a Math Consultant, the grant application may need to be amended to move the "6219 Professional Services" funds to the correct object code "6299 Other Professional Services". All expenditures shall be made from the correct FASRG

object code.

Federal grant funds shall be budgeted and available for use no later than 30 days after receipt of the NOGA or from the stamp-in date, whichever is earlier.

Budget amendments, if any, shall be approved by the Grant Manager, to ensure that the reclassification of funds is allowable under the grant management guidelines related to budget amendments. Some grants allow a transfer of funds, up to 25% of the grant award, but only within the same object class and if the new object code does not require specific approval from the granting agency.

The TEA Grants Division has developed guidance related to "When to **Amend**" grants administered by the TEA. The guidance document is posted on the TEA website at: [http://tea.texas.gov/Finance and Grants/Administering a Grant.aspx](http://tea.texas.gov/Finance_and_Grants/Administering_a_Grant.aspx).

The guidance document contains the following guidance:

1. Use Table 1 for federally funded grants and for grants funded from both federal and state sources.
2. Use Table 2 for state-funded grants. Refer to the "Select Grantees" column if the NOGA is for over \$1 million.

In addition to TEA's guidelines, federal regulations require that the district amend the grant application when grantees deviate from the original scope or grant objectives. Other amendments may be necessary when the district changes the designated Grant Manager, disengages from grant activities for more than three (3) months, or a 25% reduction in the time devoted by a grant manager.

The Grant Manager shall monitor the need for amendments at least quarterly throughout the grant period and at least one (1) month prior to the grant amendment deadline, as applicable. If an amendment is necessary for any of the reasons specified by the pass-through entity (TEA) or in federal regulations, the Grant Manager shall initiate the amendment process and collaborate with the Business Manager prior to submission of the grant amendment. The approval process of a grant amendment shall be the same as the grant application process, i.e. the Superintendent shall approve all federal grant amendments.

The finance department, Business Manager, shall be responsible for ensuring that the finance system budget corresponds to the most recent grant NOGA.

Standards for Financial and Program Management

The District must comply with all requirements of federal grant awards including the provisions of the Federal Funding Accountability and Transparency Act (FFATA) and the Financial Assistance Use of Universal Identifier and Central Contractor Registration (CCR).

FFATA Reporting

The district shall report the following for all federal grant awards, as appropriate. The Business Manager shall be responsible for collecting and reporting the information.

3. The following data about sub-awards greater than \$25,000
 - a. Name of entity receiving award [entity = district]
 - b. Amount of award
 - c. Funding agency
 - d. NAICS code for contracts / CFDA program number for grants
 - e. Program source
 - f. Award title descriptive of the purpose of the funding action
 - g. Location of the entity (including congressional district)
 - h. Place of performance (including congressional district)
 - i. Unique identifier of the entity and its parent; and
 - j. Total compensation and names of top five executives (same thresholds as for primes)

4. The Total Compensation and Names of the top five executives if:
 - a. More than 80% of annual gross revenues from the federal government, and those revenues are greater than \$25M annually and
 - b. Compensation information is not already available through reporting to the SEC.

Financial Management

The District's financial management system, TxEIS Finance System, shall be utilized to expend and track all federal grant expenditures. The financial management system shall be maintained in a manner that provides adequate internal controls over the data integrity, security and accuracy of the financial data.

The financial management system must contain information pertaining to all federal awards, authorizations, obligations, unobligated balances, assets, expenditures, income and interest and be supported by source documentation. All expenditures of federal grant funds shall be in accordance with the district's written procedures such as cash management, accounts payable, purchasing, travel, allowable costs, capital asset tracking, contract management, and other procedures, as appropriate.

Records Retention

The financial management system shall be utilized to store, maintain, and report all required federal grant information. Consequently, the district shall ensure that access to the data is restricted to authorized individuals in accordance with the district's Data Security and Access policies. In addition, the district shall retain all federal grant records for a period of five (5) years in accordance with the district's Local Records Retention Plan. [Note: The district's retention period exceeds the three (3) year retention period required in the EDGAR.] The district's Record Management Officer (RMO), the Chief Financial Officer, shall be responsible to ensure that all records are retained, stored and accessible, as appropriate.

List of Federal Grant Awards

A list of all federal grant awards shall be maintained to include all EDGAR required data (denoted with an *) and district-required information listed below: [List of all federal grant awards with the required identification information is included in the Exhibit Section]

- The CFDA title and number*,
- Federal award identification number and year*,
- Name of the Federal agency*, and
- Name of the pass-through entity*, if any.
- Grant period (start and end of the grant award)
- Grant award (dollar amount of award)
- Grant manager for each grant (Generally, the Executive Director of Curriculum & Instruction shall serve as the Grant Manager, unless otherwise noted)
- Sub grants, if any
- TEA-assigned risk level for each grant, as appropriate
- Applicable federal regulations (OMB A-87 or EDGAR, based on the date of grant award)

On at least a monthly basis, the Business Manager, shall review the status of each federal grant fund. The review shall include a comparison of budget to expenditures.

Internal Controls

The district' Internal Control Procedures over financial management, developed in accordance with the Internal Control Integrated Framework (COSO), shall be made available to all staff involved in the management of federal grant funds. The internal control procedures shall be reviewed on at least an annual basis and updated as appropriate. If any weakness in an internal control is detected, the internal control procedures shall be revised to incorporate the weakness(es) at either the annual review or as the need arises dependent upon the severity (materiality) of the weakness.

The Business Manager shall be responsible for the annual review and update of the Internal Control Procedures.

Bonds

If the granting agency requires that the district obtain bonding and/or insurance for a specific project, the district shall ensure that the bonds are obtained from a company that holds a certificate of authority as specific in 31 CFR Part 223, Surety Companies Doing Business with the United States.

The Business Manager shall be responsible for obtaining insurance and/or bonding, as appropriate.

Payment

Payments to vendors shall be made promptly in accordance with federal regulations and state law. Specifically, in accordance with the Texas Prompt Payment Act, the district shall pay all invoices within 30 days of receipt of the goods/services and the invoice, whichever is later.

The district has determined that it will not accept advanced payments for federal grant funds. Acceptance of advanced payments require depositing of the funds in an interest bearing bank account, tracking of interest earnings, and return of all investment earnings in excess of \$500 per year to the granting agency.

The district shall seek reimbursement for federal grant expenditures, rather than using an advanced payment method. Consequently, the district shall prepare and submit a "draw-down" of federal grant funds only after the payments have been made and distributed to the vendor via mail, e-payables or other delivery method. The draw-down of expended funds shall be net of all rebates, refunds, contract settlements, audit recoveries and interest earned, as appropriate. The Business Manager shall be responsible for preparing the draw-down of federal grant funds. All draw-downs shall be recorded on the general ledger as a receivable when the draw-down process is complete and posted to the cash account upon receipt of the receivable.

The Federal Grant Fund Expenditure Reimbursement Certification Form shall be prepared and certified by the Business Manager and Grant Manager prior to completing the on-line [or manual] draw-down procedure. To ensure that the district does not draw down any

advanced funds, the draw down shall occur after the 10th of the following month to ensure that all payroll-related liabilities, such as federal taxes and Texas Teacher Retirement System deposits, have been disbursed from the districts bank accounts. The draw-down of payroll expenditures shall be net of all accrued wages and payroll liabilities.

Cost Sharing or Matching Funds

The Grant Manager shall ensure that requirements for cost sharing and/or matching funds are approved through the grant approval process prior to the submission of the grant. At a minimum, the Grant Manager and the Business Manager must approve the commitment of all cost sharing and matching grant funds.

If cost sharing or matching funds are required as part of a federal grant award, the required direct or in-kind expenditures should be recorded and tracked on the general ledger. If matching grant funds are required in the General Fund (Fund 199), the district shall utilize a sub-object to separately track the expenditures for reporting and compliance purposes.

All staff paid with cost sharing and matching funds, shall be subject to the federal Time and Effort Documentation requirements.

Cost sharing and matching funds that are as a result of donated services or supplies, shall be recorded and tracked in accordance with the federal regulations (CFR 200.306).

Program Income

The district does not plan to generate any program income as part of a federal grant award. Federal regulations (CFR 200.307) allow the district to generate program income to offset federal grant award costs. Income earned, if any, must be expended in accordance with the grant requirements.

In the event that the district opts to generate program income as part of a federal grant award in the future, all recommendations for program income activities, shall be reviewed and approved by the Grant Manager and the Business Manager.

If program income activities are approved, the Grant Manager over the activities shall ensure that the costs of generating the program income are not federal grant funds, are nominal in cost, are offset from the program income and meet all of the federal requirements. The TEA Division of Grant Administration Request to Add Program Income to Federal or State Grant Award and Expansion Delivery of Programmatic Services Form shall be used to request authorization to use any program income to support a state or federal grant.

The district shall not retain any program income earned through a federal grant program.

Period of Performance (Obligations)

All allowable grant expenditures shall be incurred during the grant period, i.e. begin date and end date of the federal grant award as designated on the Notice of Grant Award (NOGA). The Grant Manager shall notify the appropriate departments, such as Purchasing, Human Resources, Finance, Payroll, etc. of the grant periods for each federal grant award to ensure

compliance as noted below:

- No employee shall be hired and paid from federal grant funds except during the federal grant period
- No purchase obligation shall be made from federal grant funds except during the federal grant period
- No payroll or non-payroll expenditures shall be made from federal grant funds except during the federal grant period.

The district's Purchasing Deadlines have been established to facilitate the purchase of all goods and service within the fiscal year and/or grant period. The purchasing deadline for non-federally funded purchases is May 1st of each fiscal year. The purchasing deadline for federally funded purchases will follow this same deadline, unless the deadline is adjusted to fall within the grant's period of performance. At a minimum, the purchasing deadlines for federally-funded purchases shall end approximately two (2) months prior to the end of the grant period to ensure receipt and use of the goods or services for the intended grant activities.

All obligations with federal grant funds must occur during the grant period. Obligations that occur before or after the grant period are not allowable costs. The obligations must be liquidated in accordance with the grant deadlines, especially as they relate to the final draw-down of federal grant funds.

Guidance regarding the obligation of federal grants funds can be found in TEA's General and Fiscal Guidelines. Excerpt from the guidelines is noted below:

An obligation occurs depending upon the expenditure, as described in the following table.

If the Obligation Is For—	The Obligation Is Made—
Acquisition of real or personal property	On the date the grantee makes a binding written commitment to acquire the property
Personal services by an employee of the grantee	When the services are performed
Personal services by a contractor who is not an employee of the grantee	On the date on which the grantee makes a binding written commitment to obtain services
Performance of work other than personal services	On the date on which the grantee makes a binding written commitment to obtain the work
Public utility services	When the grantee receives the services
Travel	When travel is taken
Rental of real or personal property	When the grantee uses the property

The Grant Manager shall monitor the expenditures during the grant period to ensure that the funds are spent in a systematic and timely manner to accomplish the grant purpose and activities. The following timeline shall be used as a general guide for spending thresholds for a grant period of 15 months.

The optimal spending thresholds noted below may be adjusted based on programmatic needs. For example, if the federal grant will be used for summer activities such as summer school, a larger percentage of the grant may need to be withheld for those specific activities.

- Within 3 months of the grant start date 25%
- Within 6 months of the grant start date 50%
- Within 9 months of the grant start date 75%
- Within 12 months of the grant start date 100%

Procurement Standards/Expenditure of Grant Funds

Expenditures of grant funds shall be through the documented purchasing, finance or payroll department processes in place for non-grant funds, but shall have additional requirements as noted below to ensure full compliance with federal regulations, specifically EDGAR 2 CFR Part 200.

General Procurement Standards

The district shall comply with the general procurement requirement of the EDGAR (2 CFR 200). The district shall utilize a purchase order and encumbrance system to manage the expenditure of all federal grant funds unless other methods such as credit cards, petty cash, direct payments, etc. are authorized in the district's operating procedures. All purchases shall be in accordance with the district's School Board Policies (CH Legal and Local) and the district's Financial Procedures Manual. **The district purchasing procedures shall comply with all federal, state and local procurement requirements.**

The Business Manager shall be responsible for ensuring compliance with all federal, state and local procurement requirements and for ensuring that the district maintains an up-to-date procurement history to include, but not limited to, the information below:

- List of all procurements by type
- Advertisement date(s) of the procurement
- Release date of the procurement specifications
- Selection criteria for vendors
- Opening date of the procurement
- List of vendors submitting a proposal/bid
- Selection of Vendor
- Date of contract award
- Begin date of contract
- End date of contract

The procurement history records and other procurement records shall be retained in accordance with the federal, state and/or local retention periods, whichever is greater. The procurement records shall be made available to the federal granting agency, pass-through entity (TEA), and auditors, as appropriate.

Purchasing Efficiency Strategies

All purchases with federal grant purchases shall be in accordance with the federal regulations, specifically CFR 200.318. All purchases shall be purchased from a variety of qualified vendors with the ability to perform successfully under the terms and conditions of a proposed procurement. The district shall strive to avoid acquisition of unnecessary or duplicative items. The district shall implement the following strategies to maximize federal grant funds:

- Consolidation of purchases to obtain volume pricing, as appropriate
- Evaluate the cost efficiencies of leases versus purchases of equipment
- Utilize cooperative purchasing agreements, as appropriate, to obtain volume pricing
- Utilize federal or state excess/surplus property supplies or equipment in lieu of purchasing new supplies or equipment, as appropriate
- Utilizing value-engineering in construction projects to seek cost reductions
- Develop vendor selection criteria to select the best vendor
- Develop a tracking system of all informal and formal procurements
- Avoid "time and materials" contracts if other alternatives exist
- Monitor vendor performance to ensure that the vendor to ensure that the vendor provides the services and/or goods, as appropriate
- Ensure that all contract and vendor disputes are resolved in the most advantageous manner
- Minimize the risk of jurisdictional issues by ensuring that all contracts would be litigated in a court within the county, city and/or state, as appropriate

The district shall complete a review of the procurement system on at least a annual basis to self-certify that the procurement system is efficient and effective. The Business Manager shall oversee the completion of the self-certification. The results of the certification shall be distributed to all grant management staff. If deficiencies are noted, the Business Manager shall develop a Corrective Action Plan to remedy the deficiencies, as appropriate.

Conflict of Interest

The Superintendent shall execute an Organizational Conflict of Interest document to disclose if any conflicts exist in the application, receipt of, or expenditure of federal grant funds. An organizational conflict of interest does not appear to apply to the district at this time – there

are no parent, affiliate or subsidiary organizations related to the district.

The Superintendent, Cabinet staff members [Executive Directors and Campus Principals], Human Resources Administrator, Business Manager, Operational Directors [Student Support Services/Food Service and Maintenance/Transportation] and Grant Manager shall each execute a Conflict of Interest Form to disclose a conflict of interest, as appropriate, related to the awarding of a contract or substantial expenditures with federal grant funds. Substantial expenditures shall be defined as a purchase in excess of \$5,000.

No employee, officer, or agent may participate in the selection, award, or administration of a contract supported by a Federal award if he or she has a real or apparent conflict of interest. In addition, no employee, officer or agent of the district may neither solicit nor accept gratuities, favors or anything of monetary value from contractors or parties to subcontractors. All employees shall comply with the Educators' Code of Ethics (DH Exhibit). Violators of the Code of Ethics shall be subject to disciplinary action, including but not limited to, termination of employment with the district.

Vendor Competition

The finance/purchasing department shall be responsible for selecting and awarding contracts to vendors that are qualified to provide the goods and/or services to be purchased with federal grant funds. The vendor selection process shall ensure that the district does not restrict competition among qualified vendors.

Vendor Selection Criteria

The district has selected vendor qualification criteria that includes, but is not limited to, the following:

- Past experience with the district
- Cost of goods and services, including future costs of maintenance
- Vendor's financial stability and position as it relates to the ability to provide the goods and/or services
- Small, minority, woman-owned, or labor surplus area firms
- Other criteria as reflected on the Vendor Management Procedures

The district shall not restrict vendor competition by requiring any of the following as selection criteria:

- Unreasonable requirements, such as excessive experience or bonding, brand name products or geographic preferences that would unduly restrict competition among qualified vendors
- Arbitrary restrictions that are not essential to the bid/proposal specifications

A vendor database shall be maintained by the finance department, Accounting/Purchasing Specialist. The district's Vendor Management Procedures shall be adhered to for all purchases. Vendor selection shall include the following criteria:

- Has not been debarred or suspended by the State of Texas or federal government
- Is licensed or registered with the State of Texas to perform the contracted services, as appropriate
- Has obtained the minimum insurance limits and/or bonding established by the district, as appropriate
- Has disclosed any felony convictions and/or criminal history, as appropriate All vendors shall complete the appropriate vendor forms as required by federal or state regulations and the district. The district requires that every vendor have the following documents on file:
 - Vendor application file (new vendors)
 - [Form W-9](#) – Internal Revenue Service
 - [Conflict of Interest Questionnaire \(CIQ\)](#) – Texas Ethics Commission
 - Felony Conviction Notice
 - Fingerprinting (If working directly with students)

The district shall develop written bid/proposal specifications that are provided to every qualified vendor to ensure consistency in the procurement process. At no time shall the district allow a specific vendor to develop the bid/proposal specifications as this may provide a barrier to open, competition among the qualified vendors. The bid/proposal documents must include guidance to vendors regarding the following:

- Time, date and place of bid/proposal opening
- Anticipated award date, as applicable
- Written specifications and addendums, as appropriate
- List of all bid/proposal required documents such as CIQ, Felony Conviction Notice, etc.
- Bid/Proposal Sheet
- Bid/Proposal evaluation criteria, including the weights, as applicable
- Other documents, as appropriate for a specific bid/proposal

The Business Manager shall oversee all bid/proposal documents before release to the vendor to ensure the documents comply with the federal requirements.

Procurement Methods

The district shall use one of the procurement methods allowed by federal regulations to procure goods and services with federal grant funds. In addition, the district shall comply with state purchasing laws and local Board Policy, CH Legal and Local.

The procurement method shall be determined based on the type of goods or services to be purchased with federal grant funds. The Business Manager shall be responsible for selecting

the appropriate procurement method for each procurement.

The district shall adhere to the *most restrictive* federal regulations, state laws, local policies and/or procedures when the guidance documents are in conflict.

The district has developed and implemented a Purchasing Levels and Requirements Chart for non- federal and federally-funded purchases. The chart includes the following data:

- Purchase Commitment Amount
- Support [Documentation] Required
- Additional Forms Required, if any
- RFP/RFQ Requirement
- Board Approval Requirement
- Advertising Requirement

Micro-Purchase Procedures

The **Procurement by Micro-purchase** may be a most frequently used method due to the frequent purchase of goods or services that are less than \$3,000 in the aggregate, as defined in CFR 200.67. The district shall purchase goods and services under this method from among qualified vendors, but will not competitively procure the micro-purchases, unless in the aggregate in a 12-month period (fiscal year), the district exceeds the state law thresholds, or the district's threshold in Board Policy CH Legal or Local.

The finance/purchasing department shall distribute micro-purchases equitably among qualified vendors.

Small Purchase Procedures

The **Procurement by Small Purchase Procedures** shall be used by the district when the purchase of goods or services do not exceed \$150,000, the Simplified Acquisition Threshold (CFR 200.88). The purchasing department shall require written, emailed or faxed quotations from at least three (3) qualified vendors for all small purchases, i.e. purchases that do not exceed \$50,000 [the state law threshold which requires a competitive procurement].

The district shall use a Small Purchase Quotation Form to document the quotations from vendors. A copy of the Small Purchase Quotation Form shall be filed with the appropriate purchase order. The Small Purchase Quotations shall be tabulated by the Business Manager on a Quotes Tabulation Form.

A small purchase threshold for non-federally funded purchases shall be \$20,000 and the small purchase threshold for federally-funded purchases shall be \$3,000.

The district shall strive to obtain small purchases from qualified vendors under a Cooperative Purchasing Program. Even though these cooperative purchasing programs have competitively procured the vendor contracts, the district shall compare the pricing among the vendors to select the best quality and price.

The District is currently participating in the following cooperative purchasing programs:

- [Texas Association of School Boards \(TASB\) Buy Board](#)
- [Purchasing Cooperative of America \(PCA\) ESC Region 3](#)
- [The Cooperative Purchasing Network \(TCPN\) - ESC Region 4](#)
- [The Interlocal Purchasing System \(TIPS/TAPS\)](#)

Sealed Bid Procedures

The **Procurement by Sealed Bids** method shall be used by the district when the purchase of goods or services exceed \$150,000 if the acquisition of the goods or services lends itself to a fixed price contract and the selection of the successful bidder can be made principally on the basis of price. The district shall comply with the sealed bid requirements, as defined by the EDGAR, as noted below:

- Bids must be solicited from an adequate number of bidders, but no less than two (2) bidders
- Bids must be publicly advertised and bidders shall be provided an adequate amount of time to prepare and submit their bid.
 - The district shall publicly advertise all bids in accordance with state law, i.e. at least two (2) times in two separate weeks
 - The district shall provide no less than ten (10) days for bidders to prepare and submit their bids
- Bids must contain detailed specifications to ensure that bidders have a clear understanding of the goods or services that the district is seeking to purchase
- Bids must specify the time, date and district location where bids will be opened publicly
- Bids must be awarded based on a fixed price contract to the lowest responsive and responsible bidder. The district shall consider discounts, transportation costs and life cycle costs only if these factors were included in the bid specifications. The district will consider payment discounts because the district does routinely take advantage of payment discounts.
- Bids will be evaluated, ranked and a recommendation for award made to the School Board at a regularly scheduled board meeting.
 - If no bidder is recommended, the district shall reject all bids and evaluate whether to modify the bid specifications to initiate a new bid process
- The district shall notify the successful bidder and process the contract documents and/or purchase orders, as appropriate
- The district shall notify all of the unsuccessful bidders to ensure that qualified bidders are encouraged to submit bids during future bid opportunities

Competitive Proposal Procedures

The **Procurement by Competitive Proposal** method shall be used by the district when the acquisition of the goods or services exceeds \$150,000 and does not lend itself to a fixed price contract. The district shall comply with the sealed bid requirements, as defined by the EDGAR, as noted below:

- Requests for Proposals (RFP) must be publicly advertised
- The RFP shall identify the evaluation factors and their weight in awarding the proposal
- Proposals shall be solicited from an adequate number of bidders, but no less than two (2) qualified vendors
- Proposals shall be evaluated, ranked and a recommendation for award made to the School Board at a regularly scheduled board meeting
 - The district shall utilize the Competitive Sealed Proposal Process Checklist
 - The district shall develop an instrument to evaluate each proposal and rank the proposals based on the evaluation scores
 - The district shall evaluate each proposal by committee or no less than two (2) district staff with knowledge of the RFP specifications
 - In accordance with state law, the vendor who is ranked highest as providing the " proposal most advantageous to the district" shall be notified of the potential award
 - The district may negotiate with the vendor only as it relates to potential cost savings
 - If the district and vendor ceases to negotiate, the district shall notify the vendor in writing before starting to negotiate with the 2nd highest ranked vendor.
- The district shall notify the successful proposer and process the contract documents and/or purchase orders, as appropriate
- The district shall notify all of the unsuccessful proposers to ensure that qualified bidders are encouraged to submit bids during future bid opportunities

Noncompetitive Proposal Procedures

The **Procurement by Noncompetitive Proposal** method shall be used by the district when the purchase of goods or services is from a "sole source vendor". A sole source vendor is defined as a vendor that meets the following requirements:

- The goods or services are only available from a single source
 - The district shall acquire and maintain a copy of a vendor's sole source letter which specifies the statutory or other reason for its sole source status
- The TEA Division of Grants Administration Request for Noncompetitive Procurement (Sole source) Approval Form shall be utilized to request prior approval of a non-competitive, sole source proposal.
- A public exigency or emergency will not permit a delay resulting from the competitive solicitation process
 - The district shall declare a public exigency or emergency prior to making such as purchase of goods or services under this method
- The granting agency or pass-through entity authorized the use of a non-competitive proposal method
 - The district shall obtain written approval/authorization from the granting agency or pass-through entity.
- After solicitation of a number of sources, competition is determined to be inadequate
 - The district shall determine that competition is inadequate if after two (2) solicitations of bids and/or proposal, only one vendor is responsive to the solicitations

Other Procurement Guidelines

Regardless of the procurement method, the district shall encourage small, minority, woman-owned and labor surplus area firms to compete with other qualified vendors by implementing strategies to encourage their participation.

The district shall comply with the federal regulations related to the procurement of recovered materials (CFR 200.322) and the Solid Waste Disposal Act.

For all purchases that exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold of \$150,000, the district shall perform a cost or price analysis with every procurement. Secondly, all purchases that exceed this threshold shall comply with federal bonding requirements such as:

- Bid guarantee from each bidder of five percent (5%) of the contract price
- Performance bond on the part of the contractor for 100% of the contract price
- Payment bond on the part of the contractor for 100% of the contract price.

The Business Manager shall be responsible to ensure that all purchases above this threshold are guaranteed with the appropriate bid guarantee, performance bond and payment bond.

All contracts for services and/or goods purchased with federal grant funds shall be subjected to the same review and approval process as all other district contracts. The Contract Procedures and Contract Review Checklist are applicable to all federally funded contracts.

The district shall retain all records related to the procurement of goods and services in accordance with federal, state and local requirements. In addition, all procurement records shall be available for inspection and/or audit during the life of the records. The district shall maintain all procurement records for five (5) years in accordance with the district's Local Records Retention Schedule.

Property Standards

The district shall safeguard all property (capital assets and inventory) purchased with federal grant funds under the same guidelines as property purchased with non-federal funds. Additional insurance for property purchased with federal grant funds shall be acquired if specifically required by a federal grant award. The Business Manager shall oversee the acquisition of insurance for all federally funded property.

Real Property

The district has not and will not use federal grant funds to purchase real property. At the present time, the district operates several district facilities that are owned by the Department of Education. The district shall insure the buildings for loss in the same manner as locally-owned facilities.

Capital Assets and Supplies

The district may use federal grant funds to purchase capital assets (equipment) and supplies. The district shall not use federal grant funds to purchase intangible property.

The federally-funded capital assets shall be used only for the authorized purposes and shall be disposed of, at the end of the useful life or end of the grant period, in accordance with the grant award guidelines. The district shall not use the federally-funded capital assets to generate program income.

The purchase of capital assets shall be recorded in object code 663X.

The federally-funded supplies shall be used only for the authorized purposes. Supplies shall include all non-assets such as consumable supplies and non-consumable inventory (equipment with a unit cost from \$1,000 to \$4,999). Any residual (unused) supplies, in excess of \$5,000 in total aggregate value, at the end of the grant program or project may

be used for any other federal grant program. Otherwise, the supplies shall be retained by the district or sold, but must reimburse the granting agency for the district use or sell of the supplies. The district shall implement purchasing deadlines for the purchase of federally-funded supplies to ensure that residual supplies are not available at the end of the grant period or project. The purchasing deadlines are posted on the Business webpage at www.whartonisd.net. The purchase of supplies shall be recorded in object 639X, as appropriate.

Capitalization Policy and Definitions

The district shall utilize the same capitalization policy for non-grant and grant-funded asset purchases. The district's capitalization threshold for assets is \$5,000 per unit cost. The district has adopted the EDGAR (CFR 200.12) definitions of property as noted below:

- *Capital assets* means tangible or intangible assets used in operations having a useful life of more than one year which are capitalized in accordance with GAAP. (CFR 200.12).
- *Equipment* means tangible personal property (including information technology systems) having a useful life of more than one year and a per-unit acquisition cost which equals or exceeds the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes, or \$5,000. (CFR 200.33)
- *Computing devices* means machines used to acquire, store, analyze, process, and publish data and other information electronically, including accessories (or "peripherals") for printing, transmitting and receiving, or storing electronic information. (CFR 200.20)
- *General purpose equipment* means equipment which is not limited to research, medical, scientific or other technical activities.
 - Examples include office equipment and furnishings, modular offices, telephone networks, information technology equipment and systems, air conditioning equipment, reproduction and printing equipment, and motor vehicles.
- *Information technology systems* means computing devices, ancillary equipment, software, firmware, and similar procedures, services (including support services), and related resources. (CFR 200.58)
- *Special purpose equipment* means equipment which is used only for research, medical, scientific, or other technical activities.
 - Examples of special purpose equipment include microscopes, x-ray machines, surgical instruments, and spectrometers.
- *Supplies* means all tangible personal property other than those described in §200.33 Equipment. A computing device is a supply if the acquisition cost is less than the lesser of the capitalization level established by the non-Federal entity for financial statement purposes or \$5,000, regardless of the length of its useful life. (CFR 200.94)

Acquisition Cost

The district has also adopted the EDGAR definition of Acquisition cost as noted below:

- *Acquisition cost* means the cost of the asset including the cost to ready the asset for its intended use. Acquisition cost for equipment, for example, means the net invoice price of the equipment,

including the cost of any modifications, attachments, accessories, or auxiliary apparatus necessary to make it usable for the purpose for which it is acquired. Acquisition costs for software includes those development costs capitalized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). Ancillary charges, such as taxes, duty, protective in transit insurance, freight, and installation may be included in or excluded from the acquisition cost in accordance with the non-Federal entity's regular accounting practices.(CFR 200.2)

The district shall utilize the invoice cost, including all related costs, to record the cost of the equipment on the fixed asset database.

The district has also defined "inventory items" as items with a unit cost between \$500 and \$4,999. These items shall have a tag affixed to the item for inventory tracking and insurance purposes only. Inventory items shall include computing devices within these costs. The district shall track these items for insurance purposes and shall conduct an annual inventory of these items to the extent possible.

Purchases of inventory shall be made from object code 6398 accounts.

Consumable supplies shall include technology-related "walkable" or "personal use" items with a unit cost less than \$1,000 as the following (these items shall be tracked by the Technology Department)].

- I-Pads
- Kindle/Nook
- Computers with a cost under \$1,000

Consumable supplies, including the walkable and personal items shall be made from object code 6399 accounts.

Identifying and Tracking Federally-Funded Assets

Title to federally funded equipment and supply purchases shall be retained by the district, unless otherwise notified by the granting agency. As district property, the district shall affix a tag, inventory, and dispose of all assets (non-grant and grant-funded) according to the district's fixed asset procedures.

The district procedures shall include the recording of all assets on a database with the following information:

- 1) District-issued tag (or identification number)
- 2) Date of acquisition
- 3) Description of asset
- 4) Serial number, or other identifying number
- 5) Funding source, i.e. fund code
- 6) Federal use of asset (percentage)

- 7) Cost of asset (acquisition cost)
- 8) Use and condition of the asset (New, Used, etc.)
- 9) Life of asset
- 10) Location of asset (building and room number)
- 11) Depreciation of asset
- 12) Owner of asset title, typically the district

Maintaining Capital Asset Inventory & Records

All federally-funded capital assets shall be maintained in an operable state. If repairs are necessary, the district may pay for the repairs of the federally-funded assets with federal grant funds, unless expressly restricted by the granting agency. All federally-funded capital assets shall have a tag affixed to the assets to distinguish the assets from non-federally funded assets.

The district fixed asset procedures shall include an annual inventory (or more frequently if required by a granting agency) of all capital assets and reconciliation of the inventory reports. [Note. Federal requirements CFR 200.313 requires an inventory at least once every 2 years.]

The district's annual inventory of capital assets shall be conducted by finance department each fiscal year. Lost, damaged, or stolen assets shall be recorded on the fixed assets database with the date of the loss. The disposition records such as the loss report (police report for thefts) shall be maintained with the capital asset records.

In addition, the district shall track all grant-funded capital asset purchases by grant, or fund code, as appropriate. The disposal of grant-funded assets shall be in accordance with federal guidelines and grant-specific guidelines, if any. At a minimum, the disposition date, reason and sale price of all federally-funded assets shall be recorded in the fixed assets database.

During the life of the asset, the district shall ensure that all assets purchased with federal grant funds are insured against loss. The costs to insure and maintain (repair) assets purchased with federal grant funds are generally allowable costs, unless specifically prohibited by a granting agency.

The Business Manager shall be responsible for maintaining the fixed asset database of all district assets, including all federally-funded assets.

Cost Principles

All grant expenditures must be allowable under the Federal Cost Principles (2 CFR 200 – Subpart E), the grant application program assurances, the granting agency's policies, and the

district policies and procedures.

The [General Provisions for Selected Items of Cost \(Cost Principles\)](#) are available on the Department of Education EDGAR webpage.

The district shall adhere to the Cost Principles for federal grants [EDGAR SUBPART E] and any additional grant-specific cost principles. The general principles of EDGAR state that:

- Costs must be reasonable and necessary
 - A cost is reasonable if, in its nature and amount, it does not exceed that which would be incurred by a prudent person under the circumstances prevailing at the time the decision was made to incur the cost.
 - Necessary is defined as costs needed to carry out the grant activities
- Be allocable to Federal awards
- Be authorized or not prohibited under State or local laws or regulations.
- Conform to any limitations or exclusions set forth in these principles, Federal laws, terms and conditions of the Federal award, or other governing regulations as to types or amounts of cost items.
- Be consistent with policies, regulations, and procedures that apply uniformly to both Federal awards and other activities of the governmental unit.
- Be accorded consistent treatment. A cost may not be assigned to a Federal award as a direct cost if any other cost incurred for the same purpose in like circumstances has been allocated to the Federal award as an indirect cost.
- Except as otherwise provided for in EDGAR, be determined in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
- Not be included as a cost or used to meet cost sharing or matching requirements of any other Federal award in either the current or a prior period, except as specifically provided by Federal law or regulation.
- Be the net of all applicable credits.
- Be adequately documented.

The district shall utilize the Allowability/Allocability of Costs Worksheet to verify that all proposed obligations and expenditures meet the Cost Principles. If the Worksheet reflects that the proposed obligation and/or expenditure is not allowable and/or allocable to a federal grant award, the district shall not make the obligation/purchase with the federal grant funds. Other funds, such as local funds, may be used to make the obligation/expenditure, as appropriate.

The **total cost** of a federal award is the sum of allowable direct and allocable indirect costs less any applicable credits. All refunds, rebates, discounts or other credits to grant

expenditures shall be posted to the finance general ledger as soon as the credit is known. The district shall ensure that all known credits have been posted to the general ledger prior to the drawdown on federal grant reimbursements. The district shall post all credits [discounts, rebates, refunds, etc.] to the general ledger on a timely basis to ensure that the district does not draw-down grant expenditures in excess of actual expenditures net of all credits. Otherwise, the district may be considered to have drawn-down funds under an advanced cash method.] The Business Manager shall ensure that all applicable known credits have been posted to the general ledger prior to preparing and submitting a federal grant draw-down request from the granting or pass-through entity.

A cost allocation plan or an indirect (F&A) cost rate, whether submitted to a Federal cognizant agency for indirect costs or maintained on file by the district, must be certified by the district using the Certificate of Cost Allocation Plan or Certificate of Indirect Costs as set forth in Appendices III through VII, and Appendix IX. The certificate must be signed on behalf of the district by the Superintendent. [Must be an individual at a level no lower than the Superintendent, Assistant Superintendent or Business Manager of the district.]

All district costs with federal grant funds, whether direct or indirect, shall meet the minimum requirements of allowability as specified in the 2 CFR 200.403. In addition, the costs must meet the general provisions for selected items of cost (2 CFR 200.420). Specific items not listed within these procedures shall be evaluated by the Grant Manager and Business Manager on case-by-case basis for allowability. The general cost allowability rules for specific items of cost listed within these procedures shall apply to all federal grant funds, unless more restrictive allowability rules are required by a particular federal grant award. **The district shall adhere to the more restrictive allowability rules when a conflict arises between the general allowability rules, the program-specific allowability rules and the district's allowability rules.**

Selected Items of Costs

District costs generally fall under two major categories:

- 1) compensation/benefits; and
- 2) non-compensation (supplies, services, travel or equipment).

The district has elected to use federal grant funds for both compensation/benefits and non- compensation expenditures.

Compensation & Benefits – Employee (Payroll Expenditures)

Compensation and benefits (payroll expenditures) are allowable costs for personal services rendered by district employees during the period of performance under the federal grants.

Compensation Costs

All payroll expenditures shall be paid in accordance with the federal cost principles. First and foremost, the payroll expenditures must be authorized on the grant application and the duties assigned must be directly related to grant activities. In addition, compensation costs shall be allowable if:

- The costs are reasonable for the services rendered and conforms to the established district compensation and benefit plans for expenditures with all other funds, i.e. local funds,
- The employees have been employed in accordance with the district's established Hiring Procedures, and
- The costs are supported by the appropriate timekeeping, absence tracking, time & effort certifications or other documentation, as appropriate,
- Federally-funded employees shall report all outside employment or professional services rendered to other entities. The external employment and/or professional services shall not conflict with the federally-funded activities with the district,
- Incentive compensation, such as stipends, awards, early resignation incentive, attendance incentive, etc. in accordance with the district's written plans for each of these incentives,
- Stipend compensation for other non-federal grant award duties shall be supported by a Supplemental Duties Job Description/Pay Notice. The additional duties shall not conflict with the federally-funded activities with the district,

Benefit Costs

District costs for fringe benefits for federally-funded staff shall be allowable as noted below:

- All benefit costs shall be in accordance with the district's written Summary of Employee Benefits
- All leave benefits shall be in accordance with the district's written Leaves and Absences Policy (DEC Legal and Local)
- The benefit costs shall be distributed equitably at the same allocation rate (percentage) as the base compensation
- The benefit costs were earned and paid during the grant period
- All benefit costs shall be allowable under the Internal Revenue Service, Fringe Benefits Guide (as subjected to taxes, as required by federal statute)

The district shall not charge any benefit costs to a federally-funded grant if the benefit costs are not in accordance with district's written Summary of Employee Benefits, School Board Policy, or other written benefit plan(s). The district has established the following as **non-allowable** benefit costs:

- Severance or settlement agreement payouts to current and/or previous federally-funded grant staff [NOTE. These costs are allowed subject to strict guidelines – district option to include or exclude.]
- Optional pension plans (other than the mandatory Teacher Retirement System of Texas contributions). [NOTE. These costs are allowed subject to strict guidelines – district option to include or exclude.]
- Automobile costs or allowance

Documentation of Compensation and Benefit Costs

In addition, to the time and effort reporting requirements, the district shall support all compensation and benefit costs paid with federal grant funds shall be supported by the following documentation:

- Exempt staff
 - Employment agreement, contract, or reasonable assurance, as appropriate
 - Job description signed by the employee with language similar to: *Funded by Title I, Part A with the primary purpose of supporting grant activities aimed at improving academic achievement for students struggling to meet state standards.*
 - *Supplemental duties, if any, shall be supported by a Supplemental Duties Job Description/Pay Notice*
 - Absence records, if any
 - Time and Effort documentation, as appropriate (Semi-Annual Certification, Periodic Time and Effort, or the Substitute System for Time and Effort)
- Non-Exempt staff
 - Employment agreement, contract, or reasonable assurance, as appropriate
 - Job description signed by the employee with language similar to: *Funded by Title I, Part A with the primary purpose of supporting grant activities aimed at improving academic*

achievement for students struggling to meet state standards.

- Absence records, if any
- Time and Effort documentation, as appropriate (Semi-Annual Certification, Periodic Time and Effort, or the Substitute System for Time and Effort)
- Timekeeping records (actual work hours per workweek) in accordance with the FLSA and the district's Timekeeping Procedures.

The Grant Manager, Business Manager [District PEIMS Coordinator], HR Administrator and Business Manager shall work collaboratively to ensure that the Role ID and object codes reflected on the grant application (Payroll Summary) are consistent with the HR, payroll, finance and PEIMS records.]

Selection of Grant-Funded Staff

The Grants Manager shall work collaboratively with the appropriate stakeholders (campuses and departments) to identify all staff needed to accomplish the grant activities. The Grant Manager shall work collaboratively with the Business Manager to obtain estimated salaries for proposed grant-funded staff prior to the completion of the grant application. And, the Grant Manager shall provide a copy of the Payroll Summary of each grant program to each of the campuses and departments noted above upon approval of the grant application.

The process of approving payroll expenditures from grant funds shall be a collaborative process between the campus or department, Human Resources, Grants Management, and Finance [Purchasing, Budgeting, Accounting and Payroll] departments. Each campus and/or department plays an essential role in ensuring that all federal grant requirements are met.

The School Board approved Teacher Hiring Pay Scale, Mid-Point Pay Scale and Stipend/Extra Duty Pay Scale shall be used to compensate all district staff whether paid from local, state or federal grant funds. In addition, the district shall provide the same employer-provided benefits for all district staff whether paid from local, state or federal grant funds.

The compensation for grant-funded staff shall be allocated to the respective grant program (fund) based on the single and/or multiple cost objectives performed by the grant-funded staff. If a grant-funded staff member performs non-grant activities during the day or beyond the normal work day, the compensation for the non-grant activities shall be paid from non-grant funds. Grant-funded staff with more than one cost objective, shall comply with the Time and Effort documentation requirements.

Incentive payments, such as performance, perfect attendance, safety, etc. for grant-funded staff shall be allowable with federal grant funds if they are based on the same criteria as non-federal grant funded staff.

New Positions

New grant-funded positions shall be created only when a job description has been developed and approved by the Human Resources and the Grant Manager. The Grant Manager shall ensure that the position is approved on the grant application and that adequate funds exist to fill the position.

The finance and payroll departments shall be notified to ensure that the position is budgeted on the general ledger and the position is paid using the correct payroll account distribution codes.

New Hires

New staff hired for work in positions that are wholly or partially funded with federal grant funds, shall be hired when a position and funding are both available. Upon separation of an employee, the home campus or department of the position shall initiate a request to replace the position. [NOTE: A Personnel Requisition Form should be used to start the process.]

The Grants Manager shall review the request to ensure that the position is still authorized and necessary. Changes to the job description, if any, shall be made at this time. The Business Manager shall review the request to ensure that adequate funds exist in the appropriate account code(s). If funds do not exist, the Business Manager shall notify the Grants Manager to determine if funds will be re-appropriated to the account code(s). After approval from the Grants Manager and Finance department, the Human Resources department shall advertise the position.

The screening and selection process shall include a review of the recommended applicant to ensure that he/she meets the highly qualified requirements under the No Child Left Behind Act (NCLB), as appropriate, or any other grant-specific credentials.[NOTE: A Personnel Recommendation Form or should be used recommend an applicant for employment.]

Upon employment, the new hire shall receive and sign a copy of his/her respective job description to include the grant funding source. NOTE: If the position is funded with a short-term grant fund, the employee shall be notified in writing when the grant funding will lapse, especially if their position will lapse at the end of the grant.]

Transfer of Personnel

When staff in a position funded with grant funds is recommended for transfer to another campus, department, or assignment, the grants management, human resources, and finance departments shall work collaboratively to ensure that the appropriate staff allocations and funding changes are made at the time of the transfer. The home campus

or department shall initiate the request for the transfer, especially if it is a teaching assignment change at a campus. The grants management, human resources and finance departments must evaluate the requested transfer to ensure that the staff allocations, highly qualified staff requirements, and funding source changes are in compliance with grant requirement.

For example, if an elementary principal requests to transfer a Title I Reading teacher to a Pre- Kindergarten regular classroom teacher, the following considerations should be evaluated by the respective departments:

- 1) HR – ensure that a vacancy exists in a PK teacher position and that the teacher recommended for transfer is certified to teach PK;
- 2) Grants management – ensure that the grant strategies and activities can be accomplished in a timely manner after filling the vacancy that would be created by the transfer; and
- 3) Finance department – ensure that funds exists for the additional PK teacher slot and change the payroll account distribution code(s) from Title I to PK as of the effective date of the transfer.

Substitute Teachers

Salary expenditures for substitute teachers are allowable for approved teacher positions. The finance and payroll departments shall ensure that the expenditures for substitute teacher costs are budgeted and expensed from the appropriate account code(s). The School-Board approved Substitute Pay Scale shall be used to compensation all substitute teachers whether paid from local, state or federal grant funds.

Stipends and Extra Duty Pay

Stipend and extra duty pay expenditures are allowable for authorized and approved activities. A schedule or work log shall be maintained to substantiate the stipend and/or extra duty pay. NOTE: It is recommended by the TEA that a job description for each stipend role include the duties related to the grant purpose and the grant funding source.

The School-Board approved Stipend and Extra Duty Pay Schedule shall be used to compensate all district staff (exempt and non-exempt) whether paid from local, state or federal grant funds.

The Business Manager shall ensure that the expenditures for stipend and extra duty pay are budgeted and expensed from the appropriate account code(s). The stipend and extra duty pay rates shall be the same as the rates used for similar locally funded activities. For example, if a teacher stipend for attending a 1-day professional development activity funded through local funds during a non- scheduled work day is \$150 per day, the teacher stipend for attending a federally-funded 1-day professional development activity should be \$150 per day, too.

Time and Effort Documentation

District staff funded wholly or partially with federal grant funds shall comply with federal guidelines related to time and effort. The grant funded staff, their immediate supervisors, grants management, human resources, and finance departments shall be aware of the federal guidelines related to time and effort documentation. On a least an annual basis, all impacted staff shall be trained by the Grants Manager and/or attend appropriate training from an outside source.

The district shall collect and monitor time and effort documentation for district employees only. **Time and effort documentation does not apply to Independent Contractors.**

The district shall comply with all federal time and effort documentation guidelines. The following requirements shall apply to all district staff funded wholly or partially from federal grant funds, including staff funded through non-federal grant funds as part of a cost sharing or matching requirement.

Job description for all grant funded staff

The district shall develop and distribute a job description to all district staff that is wholly or partially funded with grant funds. The job description shall include the funding source and the job duties as they relate to the grant position. The grant-funded staff shall be sign the job description at employment and on an annual basis, or at a minimum, when the funding source, job title or other change occurs in the employment or assignment of the staff member.

The job description and assignment shall be supported by documentation such as grade books, master schedule, etc.

Roster of all grant funded staff

The Grant Manager shall maintain an up-to-date roster of all grant funded staff to include the position title, annual salary, and funding source(s) by percentage. The roster of grant funded staff shall include all staff paid with non-federal grant funds whose compensation/benefits are paid as part of a matching or cost sharing requirement of a federal grant fund.

The home campus or department, human resources, and finance departments shall work collaboratively to ensure that the roster accurately reflects that data maintained in their

respective area of responsibility. Discrepancies, if any, in the roster shall be brought to the attention of the grants management department.

The review of the roster shall include, but not be limited to the following:

- 1) Campus or department – ensure that the grant funded staff are assigned in the position title as noted on the roster. The master schedule or assignment of instructional staff must support the position title and funding source.
- 2) Human Resources – ensure that the position title and salary are correct as noted on the roster. In addition, the HR department shall ensure that each grant funded staff member has a signed job description on file for the position title noted on the roster. And, the HR department shall ensure that all grant-funded staff meet the state’s Certification or are Highly Qualified, as appropriate.
- 3) Finance – ensure that the funding source(s) and salary are correct as noted on the roster. In addition, the finance department shall ensure that the payroll distribution account code(s) are in accordance with the FASRG.
- 4) Grant Manager – ensure that the positions are authorized on the grant application and that the PEIMS Staff Data submitted to TEA is consistent with the position title, Role ID and object code.

The review shall occur on at least a quarterly basis throughout the school year to ensure that the roster of grant funded staff is accurate and up-to-date throughout the year.

NOTE: It is critical that at least one of the reviews coincide with the submission of the Fall PEIMS Staff Data to ensure that accurate data is submitted as of the October snapshot date.

Budgeting of grant funded staff

The roster of grant funded staff shall be the basis for budgeting of grant funded staff. The percentage of time in each funding source shall be utilized by the finance department to create and enter the salary portion of the grant budget. The percentages shall also be utilized by the payroll department to enter the payroll distribution account code(s).

In addition, the finance department shall ensure that the Grant Personnel Schedule of the grant application matches the budget and payroll account code(s). For example, if the Grant Personnel Schedule for Title I, Part A includes a position of a “008 – Counselor (6119)”, the budget and payroll account code distribution shall be entered in a 6119 object code.

The grants management, human resources and finance departments shall work collaboratively to adjust the budget and payroll account code distributions of grant funded staff if the time and effort documentation consistently reflects that the percentage(s) across the funding source(s) is not a true reflection of the normal work schedule.

Time and effort requirements for staff funded 100% from one grant (or working 100% of their time in a single cost objective)

The staff funded 100% from one grant source do not have to maintain periodic time and effort records. However, all employees must certify in writing, at least semi-annually, that they worked solely on the program for the period covered by the certification. The employee and his/her immediate supervisor must sign the Semi-Annual Certification Form.

The timeline for semi-annual certifications shall cover a 6-month period. The 6-month period shall be determined per academic semester to coincide with teaching assignment each semester. The immediate supervisor shall submit all signed semi-annual certifications to the Grant Manager as noted below:

- 1) 1st Certification - due 1 week after the **end** of the 1st semester
- 2) 2nd Certification - due 1 week after the **end** of the 2nd semester*

*The 2nd semester certification for 10-month employees shall be due on the last working day of the school year. Submission of the required certification shall be part of a campus staff member's check out procedures.

The Grant Manager review shall consist of the following:

- 1) A review of the certification forms to ensure that every staff member and supervisor has certified that their schedule is 100% grant related
- 2) A test sampling of staff assignments, i.e. master schedule, duty schedule, etc. to verify the schedule is 100% grant related

The Grant Manager shall collect and review all Semi-Annual Certification Forms. Any certifications that reflect a percentage other than 100% shall be forwarded to the finance department for adjustment of the grant payroll expenditures for the certification period. NOTE: Steps should also be taken to ensure that the staff member's work schedule is adjusted to 100% grant related, or is changed from the semi-annual certification method to time and effort reporting.].The Grant Manager shall file the certifications for audit purposes.

The Business Manager shall prepare a journal ledger entry to correct the account distribution code(s) as appropriate. The Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall post the entry to the finance general ledger.

Time and effort requirements for staff split funded (funded from more than one (1) cost objective and/or grant programs)

Time and effort applies to employees who do one of the following:

- 1) Do not work 100% of their time in a single grant program

- 2) Work under multiple grant programs
- 3) Work under multiple cost objectives

These employees are required to maintain a Periodic Activity Report or to account for their time under a substitute system. The district has not applied for, nor been approved by the Texas Education Agency to use the Substitute Time and Effort System; therefore, employees must prepare Time and Effort Worksheet at least monthly to coincide with the district pay periods. Such reports must reflect an *after-the-fact* distribution of 100 percent of the *actual* time spent on each activity and must be signed by the employee and their immediate supervisor. Charges to payroll must be adjusted to coincide with preparation and submittal of the interim expenditure report required for TEA discretionary grants.

Grant-funded staff under this category shall complete a Time and Effort Worksheet to include the date, grant source, percentage worked in the grant source per day and the summary for the month (or pay cycle). The staff member and his/her immediate supervisor shall sign the time and effort report. The timeline for time and effort reports shall be once per month to coincide with the monthly payroll cycles as noted below:

Monthly payroll [15th of the month] – Time & Effort reports are due by the 10th for the prior month.

The immediate supervisor shall submit all signed time and effort reports to the Grant Manager. The Grant Manager review shall consist of the following:

- 1) A review of the time and effort reports to compare the summary percentage of grant-related work per funding source to the budgeted percentage utilized to charge the monthly (or semi-monthly) payroll charges
- 2) A test sampling of staff assignments, i.e. master schedule, duty schedule, etc. to verify the percentage of grant-related work per funding source
- 3) If the time and effort report reflects the same percentage, the report may be filed for audit purposes
- 4) If the time and effort report reflects a different percentage, the report shall be reconciled to reflect the correct payroll charges by grant funding source and forward the reconciliation to the finance department for adjustment of the payroll charges on the general ledger.

The Business Manager shall prepare a journal entry to reclassify the expenditures as noted on the reconciliation of the time and effort report(s). According to federal regulations, the final amount charged to each grant award must be accurate, allowable and properly allocated.

The finance department shall post all variances greater than 10% to the general ledger on a monthly basis; otherwise, the variances shall be posted prior to the final expenditure report.

NOTE. The finance department shall use caution to avoid excess drawdown of grant funds due to unallowable payroll costs if timely adjustments to the general ledger as not posted prior to the drawdown of funds.

Time and Effort Substitute System

The US Department of Education (USDE) and the Texas Education Agency (TEA) have authorized the use of a substitute system for time and effort.

The district has not opted to use the Time and Effort Substitute System at this time.

Non-Payroll Expenditures

Direct non-payroll expenditures include contracted services, supplies, travel and equipment. The expenditure of federal grant funds for non-payroll costs shall adhere to the district's purchasing policies and procedures. In addition to the normal purchasing process, all grant funds must be approved by the Grants Manager for each respective grant program, as appropriate.

TEA Guidelines Related to Specific Costs

The district shall adhere to *TEA's Guidelines Related to Specific Costs* as published to the TEA website. A copy of the guidelines shall be made available to all staff with authority to initiate and/or authorize a purchase or expenditure with federal grant funds. In addition, all staff with authority to initiate and/or authorize a purchase or expenditure, such as campus bookkeepers, campus and department administrators, business office staff, and grant department staff shall receive a copy of the latest guidelines. The guidelines shall be incorporated in the annual training for all of these staff members. These guidelines shall be posted on the District's website as a resource when expending federal grant funds.

Local Guidelines Related to Unallowable Costs

The district has developed local guidelines related to unallowable costs with federal grant funds. Although some of these costs may be allowable under the federal or state regulations, the district has determined that expenditures shall be unallowable with federal grant funds. The unallowable costs are noted below:

Unallowable Costs

- Snacks that do not meet the Smart Snack federal and/or state guidelines
- Printing in color, unless deemed necessary for grant activities
- Meals (during a Working Lunch or Professional Development) that exceed \$20 per

- person
- Educational field trips to an amusement park
- Consultant fees in excess of \$3,000 per day, unless specifically approved as an exception by the Superintendent
- Incentives & Awards

Selected Items of Cost – Professional Services

Contracts and Professional Services with Grant Funds

All contracts and professional services agreements shall be reviewed and approved in accordance with the district guidelines for all non-grant funds. For example, if School Board Policy requires that all contracts that exceed \$50,000 be approved by the Board of Trustees, all federal grant contracts that exceed \$50,000 shall also be approved by the School Board. The district’s **Contract Management Procedures (see Financial Procedures Manual)** shall be adhered to in procuring, evaluating, selecting and awarding contracts. The vendor shall complete the Vendor Application Package to include, at a minimum, the following documents:

- Vendor application
- W-9 Form for vendor identification and tax purposes
- Conflict of Interest Questionnaire
- Felony Conviction Notice
- Criminal Background and Fingerprinting (if working directly or indirectly with students)
- Certificate of Insurance (with the District as additional insured) if services will be rendered on district property

In addition, the Grant Manager shall review and approve all consultant services agreements for compliance with federal regulations regarding professional service costs (2 CFR 200.459).

The Grant Manager and Business Manager review shall consist of the following:

- 1) Consultant and/or contractor has not been suspended or debarred
- 2) The contract and/or funds have been approved in the grant application, if specific approval is required from the granting agency
- 3) The contract’s nature and scope of service is directly related to the federal grant award activities
- 4) The past pattern of costs, particularly in the years prior to federal awards
- 5) The contract does not contain any proposal costs [not allowable under federal

- regulations]
- 6) Whether the proposed contracted services can be performed more economically by direct employment rather than contracting
 - 7) Capability of the proposed vendor to perform the required services
 - 8) The qualifications of the contracting firm or individual and the customary fees charged by the proposed vendor [A Resume, Vita or Statement of Qualifications shall be required for all contracts with Independent Contractors.]
 - 9) The contract and/or consultant agreement meets the allowable costs principles.
 - 10) A contract subject to Davis Bacon has the appropriate contract language
The contract and/or consultant agreement fee for services do not exceed any federal grant or local limits

The Business Manager shall review and approve all contracts. The review shall consist of the district's Contract Review Checklist and any other requirements specific to the contract and/or federal grants.

The final approval authority for all contracts shall be the Superintendent, unless the contract is over \$50,000, then the final approval authority shall be the Board of Trustees through approval at a regularly scheduled board meeting.

The date the district executes (signs) a contract for professional services shall be defined as the "obligation date". Since the district cannot obligate federal grant funds, except during the grant period, the district shall not execute a contract prior to, or after, a grant period; otherwise, the costs of the professional services shall be unallowable under the federal cost principles.

The district will execute a Letter of Intent to Contract with a third party prior to the issuance of a Notice of Grant Award (NOGA), as deemed appropriate.

All district contracts for professional services to be funded through a federal grant award shall comply with the following contract provisions as recommended in the Texas Education Agency's Guidance and Best Practices for Professional Services Contracts:

- The contract is only effective upon receipt by the district of the NOGA from the awarding agency.
- The contract period is aligned to the grant period of availability as stated on the NOGA from the awarding agency (period of availability).
- All services will be completed during the effective dates of the contract.
- All services will be invoiced monthly after services are received (rather than paid lump sum at the beginning of the period of availability before services are rendered) and paid upon verification of receipt of services.
- The regulations for procurement in 2 CFR §§200.318-323 are followed in issuing the contract.
- All professional services provided under the contract will follow the provisions of

2 CFR 200.459 Professional service costs.

- The contract identifies the funding sources that will be charged for the services provided, including the specific amount and/or percentage of the total contract amount to be charged to each funding source.
- The contract identifies and lists only reasonable, necessary, and allocable services to be provided during the period of availability of the funding sources listed in the contract.
- The administrative costs charged to the grant in the contract must comply with any limitations for administrative costs for funding sources (if applicable).
- The contract specifies that the invoice provided by the contractor will include the list of services provided, dates of services, and location(s) where services were provided during the billing period.

Additional district contract provisions shall include:

- The contract shall not have multi-year extensions without a "non-appropriation of funds" cancellation clause
- The contract extensions, if included, shall restrict the contract renewals and/or extensions to either a "sole discretion of the district" or "mutual agreement" and not an "automatic renewal".
- All products created as a result of the district shall be vested in the district and the district shall retain all intellectual property rights

Approval of Grant Purchases and Expenditures

The district shall adhere to the normal approval path for purchase orders with non-grant funds. The Purchase Order Approval Path is documented in the Financial Procedures Manual.

In addition, all purchase orders with grant funds shall be reviewed and approved by the appropriate Grant Manager if the purchase exceeds \$10,000, or is referred by the Business Manager for secondary approval.

The Grant Manager review shall consist of the following:

- 1) The expenditure is *reasonable* and *necessary* (as defined in federal grant guidelines). (NOTE: A test of whether an expense is necessary may include the verification that the expenditure is to perform a strategy or activity in the District or Campus Improvement Plans.)
- 2) The expenditure is not required by state law or local policy.
- 3) The expenditure has been approved in the grant application, if specific approval is required from the granting agency
- 4) The expenditure meets the allowable costs principles.

- 5) The expenditure is allowable and approved in the grant application and is consistent with the grant purpose
- 6) The expenditure is supplemental and not supplanting a local expenditure (NOTE: Refer to compliance issues related to supplement and supplant for additional guidance)
- 7) The expenditure has been competitively procured as required by law, as appropriate.
- 8) The expenditure has been approved by the governing body, as appropriate [Note. School Board Policy CH Local has established the threshold of contract approval by the School Board at \$50,000.]

In an effort to meet all obligation and liquidation requirements of grant funds, the district has established Purchasing Deadlines that shall be adhered to by all purchase order originators.

In addition to the normal approval path of district expenditures, all grant expenditures shall be approved by the Grant Manager under the following circumstances:

- 1) Invoice amount exceeds the purchase order by 20%, or \$200.
- 2) Payment of an invoice will be paid by an account code(s) other than the original account code(s) that were used to encumber the purchase order
- 3) Travel expenditures, if not encumbered through the purchase order system
- 4) Non-purchase order payment such as petty cash, credit card, direct invoice, reimbursement, etc.
- 5) Reclassification of a prior expenditure from one account code(s) to another

The Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall adhere to the Accounts Payable Procedures for all check disbursements. Specifically, all checks issued by the district shall be verified, recorded, approved, issued and reconciled by multiple individuals to ensure segregation of duties.

Credit Card Purchases with Grant Funds

The district may use district-issued credit cards to make purchases with federal grant funds. An original, detailed receipt shall be required for all credit card purchases with federal funds. If the purchaser does not submit an original, detailed receipt for audit purposes, the expenditure and/or reimbursement may not be charged to a federal fund. At no time shall district credit cards be used to withdraw cash.

The Grant Manager shall review and approve all credit card expenditures if the expenditure is referred by the Business Manager for secondary approval.

The Grant Manager administrative review shall consist of the following:

- 1) Original, detailed receipt includes an itemized list of what was purchased
- 2) The purchaser has documented a valid reason for the purchase which is consistent with the grant guidelines
- 3) The credit card purchase meets the allowable costs principles.

NOTE: The district shall not reimburse any purchases made with a non-district credit card, except for travel-related expenditures, as appropriate.

Fraudulent credit cards purchases made with federal grant funds shall be grounds for disciplinary action, up to and including termination of employment. The appropriate legal authorities shall also be notified for criminal prosecution, as appropriate. Accidental use of a credit card to make an unauthorized purchase with federal grant funds may be subject to similar disciplinary action but shall require immediate (within 2 days from date of discovery) restitution to the district. **[Note. The fraudulent or accidental charges may not be charged to a federal grant fund, nor drawn-down as expenditures.]**

Petty Cash Purchases with Grant Funds

The district shall not use a petty cash account to make purchases with federal grant funds.

Travel Expenditures with Grant Funds (Students & Staff)

The district may use federal grant funds for travel costs. All travel-related expenditures from grant funds shall comply with the allowable federal cost principles, the State Tex-Travel Guidelines, School Board Policy (DEE Local) and the district's Travel Guidelines and Procedures. The allowable rates of reimbursement shall be the lesser of the federal rates or local rates. For example, if the federal rate of reimbursement for mileage is .575 cents but the local rate established in Board Policy DEE Local is 28 cents, the maximum rate of reimbursement for mileage with federal funds shall be the local rate of 28 cents.

The travel-related expenditures with grant funds shall fall within the grant period, unless a specific exception is allowable by the granting agency.

The following guidelines shall apply to the expenditure of grant funds for staff, student and/or parent travel, as appropriate.

- A completed Travel Request Form for all travel
- Registration fees – registration fees shall be allowable if the event is related to grant activities. Registration fees may be paid from the current grant period for an event during the next grant period **only if** there is an absolute deadline to

register for the event. Early registration deadlines shall not apply. Recreational or social events subject to an additional fee, above and beyond the registration fee, shall not be allowed with grant funds.

- Meals – meal expenses for overnight travel (in accordance with local travel guidelines) shall be allowed for district employees and students. **Non-overnight travel meals expenses shall not be allowed.** The district shall advance or reimburse meal expenses, subject to the GSA limits, on an *accountable* per diem basis only. The traveler shall submit a written certification [Travel Authorization/Settlement Form] with the actual meal costs for work-related meals and shall return the unused meal funds [if any] to the district. The written certification (Travel Settlement) shall be required in lieu of actual receipts. The meal per diems shall be adjusted in accordance with IRS regulations regarding the day of departure/return and meals provided as part of the registration fee.
- Lodging – lodging expenses for overnight travel (in accordance with local travel guidelines) shall be allowed. The district shall pay for lodging expenses up to the GSA limits. Receipts shall be required for all lodging expenses. Recreational or personal services such as gyms, spas, etc. shall not be allowed with grant funds.
- Transportation – transportation expenses shall be allowed for *reasonable* expenses such as flight, rental car, taxi, shuttle, mileage reimbursement, etc. (in accordance with local travel guidelines). Receipts shall be required for all transportation expenses to the extent that a receipt is available. Transportation expenses shall be reasonable and limited to the guidance in the cost principles.

Out-of-state staff travel expenditures require pre-approval from the federal granting agency or pass-through entity. Requests for out-of-state travel shall be submitted on TEA Division of Grants Administration Request for Specific Expenditure Approval: Out-of-State Travel. The Grant Manager shall prepare and submit the pre-approval forms.

Educational field trip expenditures require pre-approval from the federal granting agency or pass-through entity. Requests for educational field trip travel shall be submitted on TEA Division of Grants Administration Request for Specific Expenditure Approval: Educational Field Trips. The Grant Manager shall prepare and submit the pre-approval forms.

No grant funds shall be used for travel expenditures of non-district staff such as spouses. The district shall not allow any “family-friendly” travel expenditures, such as dependent care travel costs, with federal grant funds.

The Grant Manager shall review and approve all travel-related expenditures paid with federal grant funds if the expenditure is referred by the Business Manager for secondary approval.

The Grant Manager review shall consist of the following:

- 1) All original, detailed receipts include an itemized list of what was purchased
- 2) The traveler has documented a valid reason for the travel which is consistent with the grant guidelines and purpose
- 3) The travel expenditures meet the allowable cost time and principles.
- 4) The travel is not for the Superintendent or other individual (non-employee such as family member, School Board, etc.).
- 1) The travel is for students during an educational field trip or other approved activity in accordance with grant guidelines and purpose
- 2) The travel is not for a contractor or consultant for the *their* professional development
- 3) The travel was approved by the granting agency, as appropriate (for example: out-of-state and educational field trip travel)

Preparing Expenditure Reports & Draw Down of Funds

Draw-down of Grant Funds

The district may on at least a monthly basis [on or around the end of the following month], or as allowed or required by the grant guidelines, draw-down grant funds that have been spent in accordance with the grant guidelines. The draw-down shall be for all expenditures to date, less grant funds received to date, as verified by a financial general ledger.

NOTE: The expenditures shall be net of all refunds, rebates, discounts, credits, and other adjustments, if any. Rebates from corporate card programs shall also be applied to federal grant awards based on an allocation method (percentage of expenditures by fund group).

The district has opted to operate under the cash reimbursement program guidelines; therefore, the district shall submit a draw-down of federal grant funds only when the following has occurred:

- The expenditure has been made as evidenced by distribution of a paycheck to a grant funded staff member or mailing, e-paying, or delivering a payment to a vendor.
- Monthly payroll liability payments such as federal taxes, Social Security/Medicare taxes, Teacher Retirement System, wage garnishments and insurance/elective deductions have been distributed, as appropriate.
- Accrued wages (2161) and accrued liabilities (2211) shall be deducted from the expenditures reflected on the general ledger. [The accrued wages and liabilities represent future disbursements.]

At no time shall the district draw-down any “advanced” cash payments.

The draw-down of grant funds from the granting agency shall be initiated by the Chief Financial Officer. A detailed summary general ledger of each grant fund should be generated to determine if the district is entitled to draw-down funds, i.e. if the granting

agency owes the district any funds. If the district has funds available for draw-down, a detailed general ledger should be generated and forwarded to the Grant Manager_for his/her review and approval and certification.

If a grant has a matching requirement, the district shall draw-down only the allowable amount after verifying compliance with the level of matching expenditures.

The Grant Manager review may consist of the following:

- 1) A review of the detailed general ledger for any unusual charges or reclassification of expenditures
- 2) A test sampling of either unusual or large expenditures to ensure that the expenditures were reviewed and approved by all designated staff
- 3) Monitor the percentage of expenditures-to-date to ensure that the grant funds are expended on a timely basis throughout the grant period. [NOTE: TEA may disallow grant fund expenditures that appear to be made outside of the grant period or so late in the grant period that the district and its student did not benefit from the delayed expenditure.]
- 4) Authorize [in writing] the finance department to draw-down the available grant funds by signing the Federal Grant Fund Expenditure Reimbursement Drawdown Certification Form.

Upon approval from the Grants Manager, the Business Manager shall prepare the paper or electronic draw-down request. The amount of the receivable shall be recorded on the general ledger and a copy of all supporting documentation such as the detailed general ledger, approval from the grant management department, and other supporting documentation shall be filed for audit purposes. The Business Manager shall prepare the journal ledger entry and the Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall post the to the finance general ledger.

If manual approval or additional documentation of an electronic draw-down is required by the granting agency, the Business Manager shall comply with the manual requirements. For example, TEA at times requests supportive information related to a drawn down such as a detailed general ledger, narrative justification, or summary of expenditures by object code. Upon a request from the TEA, the Business Manager shall respond to the request within the allotted time to avoid designation as a "high risk" grantee.

The Business Manager shall be responsible to ensure that the requested draw down amount does not exceed a grant-specific draw down amount, or percentage. [NOTE: The NCLB draw down percentage is 20% per month and aggregates each month.]

The final draw-down of grant funds from the granting agency shall be made within the allowable timeframe. The grant liquidation guidelines shall be adhered to in making final

payment for all goods and services received and *placed into service* before the end of the grant period. The draw down process shall be the same as a monthly or periodic draw down, except that all refunds, rebates, credits, discounts or other adjustments to the general ledger must be recorded in the general ledger prior to submitting the final draw down request. The final draw-down shall be reviewed and approved in the same manner as a periodic draw-down.

NOTE: There shall be no outstanding purchase orders or pending liquidations at the time of the final draw down of grant funds.

Federal regulations (CFR 200.415) require that the district certify the accuracy of the annual and fiscal reports or vouchers requesting payments be signed by the authorized individual(s). The Grant Manager and Business Manager shall jointly certify every draw-down of funds, including the final expenditure report (draw-down of funds) as noted below:

By signing this report, we certify to the best of our knowledge and belief that the reports is true, complete and accurate, and the expenditures, disbursements and cash receipts are the purposes and objectives set forth in the terms and conditions of the federal award. We are aware that any false, fictitious, or fraudulent information or omission of any material fact, may subject us to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties for fraud, false statements, false claims or otherwise.

If a final draw down deadline is missed, the Business Manager shall contact the granting agency to determine if a process exists to request a filing deadline extension.

NOTE: TEA has developed procedures to request an extension for filing expenditure reports. The request form must be completed, signed by the Superintendent and filed with TEA within 30 days of the final expenditure report deadline.

The receivable from the granting agency shall be recorded in the general ledger. The same process for preparation and posting of the general ledger entry as a periodic draw-down shall be adhered to.

NOTE: The revenues realized and the expenditures should be equal at the time of the final draw down of grant funds.

Receipt of Grant Funds

All district staff, especially those assigned with federal grant duties, shall adhere to the Cash Management Procedures. Specifically, all cash received by the district shall be deposited, recorded reconciled by multiple individuals to ensure segregation of duties.

The district shall record all grant fund receivables upon receipt from the granting agency.

The receipt of grant funds shall be posted to the general ledger to the appropriate receivable account code. In the event that the grant funds received do not match the recorded receivable, the Business Manager shall contact the granting agency to determine the discrepancy. If the granting agency has reduced and/or increased the grant funds paid to the district, a general ledger adjustment shall be posted to the appropriate revenue and receivable accounts. The Business Manager shall prepare the adjusting journal ledger entry and the Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall post the entry to the finance general ledger.

The district will not maintain grant funds in a separate bank account. The district has elected to draw down federal grant funds under the cash reimbursement program guidelines, i.e. after the delivery of the payment to the payee. No interest shall be earned, recorded, nor returned to the granting agency as a result of the cash reimbursement program.

Tracking and Recording Receivables

On at least a monthly basis, the Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall review all pending receivables. Aged receivables, defined as greater than 60 days from the date of recording, shall be investigated and resolved by contacting the granting agency. The Business Manager shall be notified if aged receivables are not resolved within 90 days of recording the receivable.

At the end of the fiscal year, all known and measurable receivables shall be recorded to the general ledger to the appropriate grant code. The Business Manager shall prepare the journal ledger entry and the Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall post the entry to the finance general ledger.

Grant Compliance Areas

The district shall ensure that it is in compliance with all provisions and assurances of all grant programs. In addition, the district shall comply with grant requirements such as *supplement not supplant*, comparability, indirect cost, and maintenance of effort spending levels.

Supplement, Not Supplant

The term —supplement-not-supplant is a common provision in many federal statutes authorizing education grant programs. The wording of the provision varies depending on the statute that contains it.

Although the definition may change from statute to statute, supplement not supplant provisions basically require that grantees use state or local funds for all services required by state law, State Board of Education (SBOE) rule, or local policy and prohibit those funds from being diverted for other purposes when federal funds are available. Federal

funds must supplement—add to, enhance, expand, increase, extend—the programs and services offered with state and local funds. Federal funds are not permitted to be used to supplant—take the place of, replace—the state and local funds used to offer those programs and services. [TEA Supplement, Not Supplant Handbook, 2013]

The district process to ensure that all grant funded activities are supplemental shall be a collaborative effort between the Grants Manager and finance [purchasing] departments. Both departments shall receive training and be aware of the supplement not supplant provisions.

The Grants Manager shall review and approve all purchase orders (and non-purchase order payments) as noted in the district's Purchase Order Approval Path. The Grant Manager_review shall include a determination if the planned purchase and/or expenditure meet one of the following guidelines:

- 1) The grant funds will be used to enhance, expand, or extend required activities. Examples may include before/after tutoring, additional research-based instructional programs, or other supplemental expenditures not required by state law or local policy.
- 2) The grant funds will be used for specific grant activities included the grant application that are above and beyond the activities funded with local funds
- 3) The grant funds will be used to supplemental grant activities as noted on the DIP or a CIP.

Program-specific supplement, not supplant provisions shall be complied with in addition to the overall federal funds requirements.

Comparability

Comparability of services is a fiscal accountability requirement that applies to local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive funds under Title I, Part A of the Elementary and Secondary Education Act of 1965 (ESEA), as reauthorized by the No Child Left Behind Act of 2001 (NCLB). The intent of the comparability of services requirement is to ensure that an LEA does not discriminate (either intentionally or unintentionally) against its Title I schools when distributing resources funded from state and local sources simply because these schools receive federal funds. [TEA Title I, Part Comparability of Services Guidance Handbook, 2013]

The Business Manager shall conduct the comparability test on an annual basis and complete the Title I Part A Comparability Assurance Document (CAD), as appropriate. If the district is not exempt, the Business Manager shall complete and submit the Comparability Computation Form (CCF) to TEA by the mid-November annual deadline.

In completing the CAD and CCF, the Business Manager shall follow the process outlined below:

- 4) Determine if the district is exempt from the comparability requirement. If so, complete and submit CAD and stop here.
- 5) If not exempt, the comparability testing process should continue as noted below:
 - a. List all campuses in the CCF comparability testing
 - b. Identify all campuses on the CCF as Title I Part A, skipped, or non-Title I Part A
 - c. Determine whether to include dedicated EE and/or PK campuses in the comparability testing
 - d. Select test method 1, 2, or 3 and use it consistently to all campuses being tested
 - e. Complete the CAD for review by the grant management department. After review and approval by the grants management department, the CAD and CCF should be forwarded to the Superintendent for signature.
 - f. Submit the CAD and CCF to TEA by the mid-November deadline

If TEA determines that the district is non-compliant, the Grant Manager and Business Manager shall work collaboratively to address the non-compliance. In addition, the district shall adjust the budgets as appropriate, until the district is in compliance with the comparability requirement.

Indirect Cost

Grantees must have a current, approved federal indirect cost rate to charge indirect costs to the grant. The indirect cost rate is calculated using costs specified in the grantee's indirect cost plan. Those specified costs may not be charged as direct costs to the grant under any circumstances. [TEA Indirect Cost Handbook](#)

The district has applied for an Indirect Cost Rate extension through the pass-through entity (TEA) for a 4- year period, from FY 2016 to FY 2019. After the extension period, the district shall apply for an indirect cost rate through the federal granting agency or pass-through entity (TEA) in accordance with the current regulations. The Business Manager shall complete and submit an Indirect Cost Rate Proposal by the established deadline as specified by the pass-through entity (TEA) on the Indirect Cost webpage at: <http://tea.texas.gov/index4.aspx?id=3842>.

The district's Indirect Cost Rate, or the maximum allowable rate, whichever is less shall be used to post Indirect Costs for federal funds to the General Fund. The Business Manager shall prepare a general ledger entry for the indirect costs. The Accounting/Purchasing Specialist shall post the entry to the finance general ledger.

Maintenance of Effort

The district shall comply with the No Child Left Behind (NCLB) and Individuals with Disabilities Act (IDEA) maintenance of effort requirements.

NCLB MOE

Federal statute requires that local education agencies (LEAs) receiving Title I, Part A funds must continue to maintain fiscal effort with state and local funds. An LEA may receive its full Title I, Part A entitlement if either the combined fiscal effort per student or the aggregate expenditures for the preceding fiscal year was not less than 90 percent of the combined fiscal effort or aggregate expenditures for the second preceding fiscal year. Maintenance of Effort (MOE) is determined using state and local operating expenditures by function, excluding expenditures for community services, capital outlay, debt service, and supplementary expenses as a result of a Presidential declared disaster, as well as any expenditures from funds provided by the federal government. [[TEA NCLB MOE Handbook](#)]

The Business Manager shall compute the MOE using the TEA [NCLB LEA MOE Determination Calculation Tool](#) during the budget adopted process and at the end of the fiscal year. Non-compliance with NCLB MOE will result in a reduction of NCLB funds in the exact proportion by which the district fails to meet the MOE requirement; therefore, the finance department shall plan for the reduction of grant funds at the local level. If the NCLB MOE falls below the required level, the finance and grant management departments shall collaborate to develop a plan to bring the district into compliance with the MOE requirements.

IDEA-B MOE

An LEA that accepts IDEA-B funds is required under IDEA-B to expend, for services to students with disabilities, at least an amount equal to 100% of the state and/or local funds it expended on students with disabilities during the previous year. Federal law provides four methods of demonstrating compliance (or “maintaining effort”), as described in the Methods of Determining Compliance section. [[TEA IDEA-B MOE Guidance Handbook, 2014](#)]

The Business Manager shall compute the MOE using the [TEA IDEA-B LEA MOE Calculation Tool](#) during the budget adopted process and at the end of the fiscal year. Non-compliance with IDEA-B MOE will result in a reduction of IDEA-B funds in the exact proportion by which the district fails to meet the MOE requirement; therefore, the finance department shall plan for the reduction of grant funds at the local level. If the IDEA-B MOE falls below the required level, the finance and grant management departments shall collaborate to develop a plan to bring the district into compliance with the MOE requirements.

NOTE: The finance department shall code all special education expenditures that qualify as exceptions to a specific sub-object for tracking purposes. For example, if the district makes a long term purchase of equipment for a special education student, the district should track that expense separately to apply that cost as an exception during the MOE calculation.

As part of the IDEA-B grant application process, the Grant Manager will need to know the

prior year Special Education expenditures and the next fiscal year budgeted Special Education Expenditures. The Business Manager shall provide these amounts to the Grants Manager not later than June 30th to ensure that the most accurate amounts are reflected in the grant application. Changes to these amounts, as they are known, by the Business Manager shall be submitted to the Grant Manager, as appropriate.

Reporting Requirements

The district shall ensure that all reporting requirements for grant programs are met within the established timelines. A master list of all activity, progress, evaluation, and expenditure reports shall be created to include the grant program, report due, responsible person(s), and due date. Completion of the reports may require the collaboration of several departments; however, the ultimate responsibility for the reporting requirement shall be as noted below:

- 1) Programmatic reports such as activity, progress and evaluations – Grants Manager
- 2) Expenditure reports such as interim, draw down and final expenditure reports – Chief Financial Officer
- 3) Compliance reports such as Comparability, Maintenance of Effort, Indirect Cost, etc. – Chief Financial Officer
- 4) Highly Qualified Staff reports – Human Resources Administrator

The Grant Manager shall monitor the overall master list to ensure that all reporting requirements have been completed by the appropriate campus and/or department. The reporting requirements for TEA- administered grants are posted by grant on the [TEA Grant Opportunities webpage](#).

Grant Monitoring and Accountability

The district shall ensure that all grant funds are consistently monitored throughout the grant period. The monitoring shall include, but not be limited to:

- Compliance with federal requirements such as cost principles, audit, reporting requirements, etc.
- Monitoring of grant expenditures are properly documented and meet all allowable costs
- Monitor grant performance such as internal controls, audit findings, over/under expenditures, etc.
- Implement strategies to deter, mitigate and eliminate waste and fraud in the expenditure of grant funds

The Grant Manager for each federal grant shall be responsible for the programmatic and evaluation compliance and the Business Manager shall be responsible for the

financial compliance. The use of "Grant Manager" throughout this document refers to the Executive Director of Curriculum and Instruction whose job role includes the programmatic management of grant funds.

The Grant Manager shall monitor the timing of grant activities throughout the grant period, especially as they relate to the desired outcomes. The Business Manager shall monitor the timing of grant expenditures, especially as they relate to the period of availability of grant funds. If either the grant activities or grant expenditures reflect that the district will not accomplish the grant activities during the grant period, the Grant Manager and Business Manager shall work collaboratively to develop an action plan to ensure that the federal grant goals are met. The oversight of grant activities and expenditures shall include, but not be limited to, the following:

- Cost overruns or high unit costs
- Construction projects – certification of project completeness (as evidenced by the AIA)
- Significant developments that may result in an inability to complete the grant activities

The district shall maintain documentation to support all grant expenditures and provide the documentation upon request to the district's external auditors, granting agency or other oversight agency, as appropriate.

Auditing findings or deficiencies shall be addressed in a timely manner upon receipt of the notification. The finance, human resources and grant management staff shall work collaboratively to develop and implement a Corrective Action Plan to resolve the findings or deficiencies. The Superintendent, or designee, shall approve the Corrective Action Plan and monitor the timely implementation of corrective strategies.

The district shall disclose to the granting agency if any federal grant funds have been subject to fraud to district staff and/or contractors (vendors). Corrective actions, as appropriate, shall be implemented to remedy the loss of grant funds due to fraud.

Remedies for Non-Compliance

The district may be subject to consequences due to non-compliance with federal regulations. The district shall strive to maintain compliance, but shall respond appropriately to all notifications of non-compliance from the federal granting agency or pass-through agency (TEA).

Grant Closeout Procedures

The district shall submit all grant closeout documents to the granting agency or

pass-through agency, as appropriate. Grant closeout procedures shall include, but not be limited to:

- Ensure that no obligations are made after the grant period end date
- Liquidate all obligations incurred during the grant period
- Submit the final grant program performance report, if any
- Submit the final grant expenditure report, if any
- Drawdown all the expended grant funds (reimbursement request) –
Match the grant expenditure draw-downs with the finance general ledger
- Certify that the final drawdown of federal grant funds are accurate (Certification)
- Refund any excess grant funds, interest, or other payables to the granting agency or pass- through agency
- Account for any real and/or personal property on hand a