GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021



WEALTH ADVISORY | OUTSOURCING AUDIT, TAX, AND CONSULTING

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GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 BOARD OF EDUCATION AND ADMINISTRATION JUNE 30, 2021

BOARD OF EDUCATION

NAME	TERM ON BOARD EXPIRES	BOARD POSITION
Jason Lindeman	January 2, 2023	Chairperson
Alicia Luckhardt	January 2, 2023	Vice Chairperson
Clark Christianson	January 2, 2025	Treasurer
Donna VonBerge	January 2, 2025	Clerk
Jamie Alsleben	January 2, 2025	Director
Jonathan Lemke	January 2, 2023	Director
	ADMINISTRATION	
Christopher Sonju		Superintendent of Schools
Michelle Sander		Business Manager
District Office:		Independent School District No. 2859 Glencoe-Silver Lake Public Schools 1621 E. 16 th Street Glencoe, MN 55336 (320) 864-2491





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Independent School District No. 2859 Glencoe, Minnesota

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 2859 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund, Food Service Fund, and Community Service Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

During fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the District restated beginning net position of governmental activities and fund balance of the General Fund to account for an error in the previously issued financial statements (see Note 12). Our auditors' opinion was not modified with respect to the restatement.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in the District's net OPEB liability and related ratios, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, and the schedule of the District's contributions, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table, as required by Minnesota Department of Education, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is also presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Other Information (Continued)

The Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 20, 2021 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Austin, Minnesota September 20, 2021



This section of Glencoe-Silver Lake Public Schools – Independent School District No. 2859's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for the 2020-2021 fiscal years include the following:

- The District has been able to maintain a positive fund balance in all funds.
- The net position of the District increased by \$434,780, which included \$390,553 from the prior period restatement, during the year ended June 30, 2021.
- The fund balance in the General Fund increased to \$5,640,565 compared to \$5,075,305 at June 30, 2020. \$390,553 of this increase related to a prior period adjustment to beginning fund balance in the General Fund related to the overstatement of payables and expenditures in the prior year.
- The ending fund balance within the General Fund remains above the fund balance policy set by the board.
- General Fund restricted accounts having fund balances at June 30, 2021 included Staff Development, Operating Capital, Student Activities, Gifted and Talented, and Teacher Development and Evaluation, Safe Schools.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial section of the annual report consists of four parts – Independent Auditors' Report, required supplementary information which includes the management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and supplemental information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are district-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial status of the net position of the District.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the District's operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include *notes* that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District-Wide Statements

The District-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two district-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources – is one way to measure the District's financial health or *position*.

Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

 To assess the overall health of the District, you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the District-wide financial statements the District's activities are shown in one category:

Governmental activities – Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular
and special education, transportation, administration, food services, and community education.
Property taxes and state aids finance most of these activities.

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's *funds* – focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using certain revenues (e.g., federal grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

Governmental funds – Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statements that explain the relationship (or differences) between them.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

District-Wide Statements (Continued)

Fiduciary funds – The District is a trustee, or custodian, for assets that belong to others, such as
the scholarship funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these
funds are used for only their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. All the
District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and a
statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the District-wide
financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's *combined* net position was (\$3,321,349). This was a 11.58% increase from the prior year. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1
The District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	as of Ju	Percent					
	2021	2020	Change				
ASSETS							
Current and Other Assets	\$ 12,322,259	\$ 11,967,923	2.96 %				
Capital Assets	31,321,443	31,706,126	(1.21)				
Total Assets	43,643,702	43,674,049	(0.07)				
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	5,205,963	8,732,326	(40.38)				
LIABILITIES							
Current Liabilities	2,848,165	3,190,204	(10.72)				
Long-Term Liabilities	35,947,089	35,649,192	0.84				
Total Liabilities	38,795,254	38,839,396	(0.11)				
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	13,375,760	17,323,108	(22.79)				
NET POSITION							
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,884,897	7,512,177	4.96				
Restricted	1,936,748	1,660,063	16.67				
Unrestricted	(13,142,994)	(12,928,369)	1.66				
Total Net Position	\$ (3,321,349)	\$ (3,756,129)	(11.58)				

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Changes in Net Position

The District's total revenues were \$23,211,521 for the year ended June 30, 2021. Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for 68% of total revenues for the year. The remaining 32% came from other general revenues combined with investment earnings and program revenues.

Table A-2 Change in Net Position

	Governmental Fiscal Year E		Percent	
	 2021		2020	Change
REVENUES	 			
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 636,952	\$	941,992	(32.38)%
Operating Grants and Contributions	5,992,212	·	4,754,851	26.02
Capital Grants and Contributions	426,406		461,796	(7.66)
General Revenues:	,		•	, ,
Property Taxes	3,978,717		3,434,330	15.85
Unrestricted State Aid	11,854,463		11,922,710	(0.57)
Investment Earnings	188,726		312,078	(39.53)
Other	134,045		120,592	11.16
Total Revenues	23,211,521		21,948,349	5.76
EXPENSES				
Administration	985,949		933,872	5.58
District Support Services	402,822		363,583	10.79
Regular Instruction	10,389,275		9,720,207	6.88
Vocational Education Instruction	284,564		278,448	2.20
Special Education Instruction	3,580,811		3,683,647	(2.79)
Instructional Support Services	1,024,098		699,593	46.38
Pupil Support Services	1,706,200		1,756,560	(2.87)
Sites and Buildings	2,193,917		2,334,095	(6.01)
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	55,979		51,091	9.57
Food Service	967,962		982,315	(1.46)
Community Service	737,877		818,539	(9.85)
Interest and Fiscal Charges on Long-Term Liabilities	 837,840		943,224	(11.17)
Total Expenses	 23,167,294		22,565,174	2.67
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	44,227		(616,825)	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING	(3,756,129)		(3,139,304)	
Prior Period Restatement	390,553		<u>-</u>	
NET POSITION - BEGINNING, AS RESTATED	(3,365,576)	-	(3,139,304)	
NET POSITION - END	\$ (3,321,349)	\$	(3,756,129)	

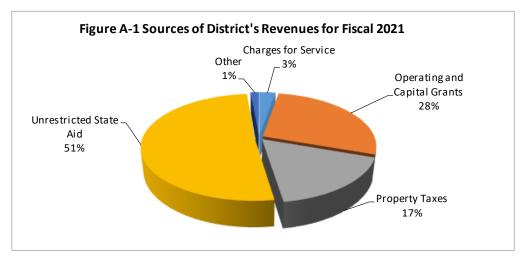
FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

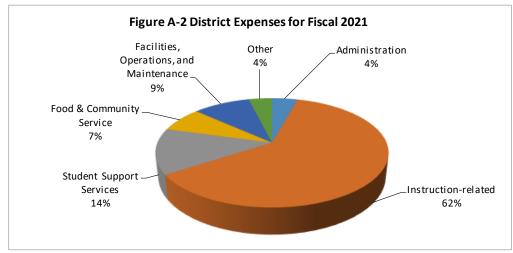
Changes in Net Position (Continued)

Total revenues surpassed expenses by \$44,227, mainly due net activity on the fund level that was slightly reduced by government wide conversion entries mostly related to capital assets and related depreciation, pensions, severance, compensated absences and, long-term debt.

The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was \$23,167,294. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students.

- \$636,952 of the cost was paid by the users of the District's programs.
- The federal and state governments subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$5,992,212.
- Most of the District's costs, however, were paid for by District taxpayers and the taxpayers of our state.
- This portion of governmental activities was paid for with \$3,978,717 in property taxes and \$11,854,463 in state aid based on the statewide education aid formula. In addition, the District earned additional revenues of \$322,771 related to investment earnings and other general revenues.





FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE (CONTINUED)

Table A-3
Program Expenses and Net Cost of Services

	Total Cost of Services		Percent Net Cost of				ervices	Percent	
	2021		2020	Change		2021		2020	Change
Administration	\$ 985,949	\$	933,872	5.58 %	\$	962,336	\$	921,846	4.39 %
District Support Services	402,822		363,583	10.79		402,822		363,188	10.91
Regular Instruction	10,389,275		9,720,207	0.07		8,380,958		7,753,808	8.09
Vocational Education Instruction	284,564		278,448	2.20		275,478		266,842	3.24
Special Education Instruction	3,580,811		3,683,647	(2.79)		1,343,124		1,538,315	(12.69)
Instructional Support Services	1,024,098		699,593	46.38		436,105		478,239	(8.81)
Pupil Support Services	1,706,200		1,756,560	(2.87)		1,530,482		1,723,918	(11.22)
Sites and Buildings	2,193,917		2,334,095	(6.01)		1,698,874		2,115,939	(19.71)
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	55,979		51,091	9.57		55,979		51,091	9.57
Food Service	967,962		982,315	(1.46)		70,204		7,504	835.55
Community Service	737,877		818,539	(9.85)		117,522		242,621	(51.56)
Interest and Fiscal Charges on									
Long-Term Liabilities	837,840		943,224	(11.17)		837,840		943,224	(11.17)
Total	\$ 23,167,294	\$	22,565,174	2.67	\$	16,111,724	\$	16,406,535	(1.80)

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a *combined* fund balance of \$6,623,460, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$5,992,395. Most of the increase relates to the General Fund due to the restatement of fund balance and net position due to a prior year adjustment of \$390,553 related to an entry for accounts payable for LTFM expenditures.

GENERAL FUND

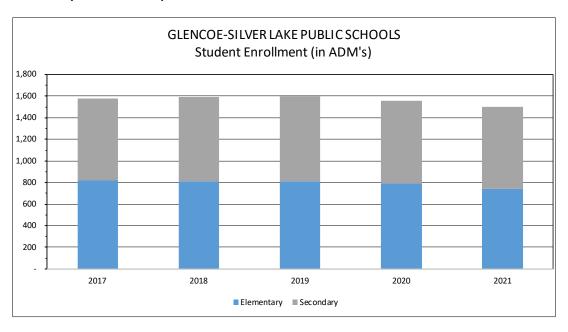
The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District in providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12, including pupil transportation activities and capital operating projects.

Table A-4 and Figure A-3 show the average daily membership for the last five years.

Table A-4
Five-Year Enrollment Trend
Average Daily Membership (ADM)

	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Elementary	818	811	813	788	739
Secondary	763	780	784	769	765
Total Students for Aid	1,581	1,591	1,597	1,556	1,504
Percent Change	1 35 %	0.63 %	0.38 %	(2.55)%	(3.38)%

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)



The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund revenues.

Table A-5
General Fund Revenues

		Year	Ende	d		ge	
	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020		Increase Decrease)	Percent Change
Local Sources:				_			
Property Taxes	\$	2,595,243	\$	2,078,458	\$	516,785	24.9 %
Earnings on Investments		29,401		105,130		(75,729)	(72.0)
Other		521,751		699,914		(178,163)	(25.5)
State Sources		15,170,393		15,195,364		(24,971)	(0.2)
Federal Sources		1,550,794		597,696		953,098	159.5
Total General Fund Revenue	\$	19,867,582	\$	18,676,562	\$	1,191,020	6.4

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

Revenues from state and federal sources totaled \$16,721,187 a net increase of \$928,127. Total General Fund revenues increased by \$1,191,020, or 6.4%, from the previous year. Property tax revenue increased by \$516,785 or 24.9% from the prior year. Basic general education revenue is determined by a state per student funding formula and consists of an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. Other state-authorized revenue includes excess levy referendum and equity aid revenue. Therefore, the mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change in revenues.

The \$24,971 decrease in state sources for fiscal 2021 is mainly attributable to an increase in general education aid offset by a decrease in enrollment.

Federal funds increased by \$953,098 which is related to Federal revenues received in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The following Table A-6 represents a summary of General Fund expenditures.

Table A-6
General Fund Expenditures

		Year	Ende	ed		
	June 30, 2021			June 30, 2020	Amount of Increase Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
Salaries	\$	10,432,847	\$	9,904,526	\$ 528,321	5.3 %
Employee Benefits		3,004,013		2,942,958	61,055	2.1
Purchased Services		3,875,995		4,134,955	(258,960)	(6.3)
Supplies and Materials		1,505,462		847,882	657,580	77.6
Capital Expenditures		537,166		258,223	278,943	108.0
Debt Service Expenditures		344,129		266,904	77,225	28.9
Other Expenditures		169,209		162,089	7,120	4.4
Total General Fund Expenditures	\$	19,868,821	\$	18,517,537	\$ 1,351,284	7.3

Total General Fund expenditures increased by \$1,351,284 or 7.3% from the previous year.

Salaries and benefits fall in line with the contract settlements and the additional staff who were hired.

The decrease in purchased services is due to COVID related expenses. The District operated modified student schedules during the year, so at times there were only half the students or no students in the building. Utility and operational costs were down \$127,772. There was also an effect on student activities. A number of events did not take place, so no entry fees were paid out. Costs to the 200 programs decreased by \$104,678. This also affected some staff mileage and staff development activities that were held virtually. The increase in supplies and materials is related to the additional items purchased with the Federal COVID revenue for items needed for Distance and Hybrid Learning. The increase in Capital expenses is related to the purchase of COVID related equipment and technology items. The total fund balance of the General Fund increased to \$5,640,565 at June 30, 2021 compared to \$5,465,858 at June 30, 2020, as restated, a total increase of \$174,707. The restated amount is related to a prior overstatement of payables and expenditures, see Note 12.

GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

The School Board and administration have worked extremely hard in monitoring the budget and controlling the spending of the school district. The fund balance policy is reviewed annually by the Business Manager, Superintendent, and School Board. The fund balance policy clarifies to ensure the financial strength and stability of the District. The Board will endeavor to maintain a minimum of 20% of the District's General Fund operating budget, excluding those accounts associated within the restricted category, in the combined total of the General Fund committed, assigned and unassigned fund balances.

The June 30, 2021, ending unassigned and nonspendable General Fund balance, which includes Fund 01 and Fund 10, is \$4,009,661 and is at 23.91% of expenditures per MDE's statutory operating debt (SOD) calculation based on \$16,773,094 of unassigned expenditures.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

When budget changes are adopted by the Board they fall into one of the following categories:

- Adjusting for changes in pupil enrollment including revenue and potential staff additions
- Adjustments for utility consumptions and costs or building repairs or maintenance
- Transportation costs
- Implementing budgets for specially funded projects (Health and Safety), and projects which include both federal and state grants
- Special education
- Legislative changes

During fiscal year 2021, the General Fund revenues budgeted were \$19,826,555. Actual revenues received were \$19,867,582. During fiscal year 2021, General Fund revenues were over budgeted amounts by \$41,027. Some of the variances included other revenues which exceeded budgeted amounts by \$90,036 which was partially offset by Federal sources ending the year \$44,314 under budget.

The expenditure budget was \$20,134,692. Actual expenditures in the General Fund were \$19,868,821. The General Fund expenditures were under budget by \$265,871. To account for the difference, \$93,766 was related to salaries and benefits, and most of the rest of the expenditures coming in under budget related to supplies, purchased services, equipment, dues, and memberships, which were partially offset by capital outlay and other expenditures ending the year \$91,990 and \$54,803 over budget, respectively.

OTHER MAJOR FUNDS

Food Service Fund

The Food Service Fund experienced a slight decrease of \$37,738 leaving the fund balance at \$266,658. The 2020-2021 school year was the fourth year of a four-year contract with Chartwell's.

Chartwell's has worked extremely well with the District to increase our food service offerings as well as provide a healthy menu that meets the dietary requirements and stay within the budget. The District continues to offer a free breakfast program for all K-12 students, a milk and snack break for K-6 students and an after-school snack program for students involved in an after school activity and a free 6 week summer food service program. During FY21, due to the disruptions of COVID, and under guidance from the Minnesota Department of Education and the US Department of Agriculture, districts changed their program from the National School Lunch Program to the Summer Food Service Program. Students were offered free breakfast and free lunch for all of FY21 without having to complete an Application for Educational Benefits. Districts were then reimbursed by the Federal Government through the SFSP. This change will also be in effect for FY22.

Community Service

The Community Service Fund fund balance increased from \$314,497 at June 30, 2020 to \$395,489 at June 30, 2021. From the standpoint of maintaining current operating expenditures within the range of annual revenues, the Community Service Fund continues to operate on a sound financial basis. The Community Service Fund consists of Community Education, School Readiness, Early Childhood Family Education, and Pre-School Screening and Nonpublic Education. All of these programs are providing a service to varying levels of the community.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021, the District had invested \$44,027,803 in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, vehicles; computer and audio-visual equipment (see Table A-7). Total depreciation expense for the year was \$1,029,630. The construction in progress amounts related to expenditures incurred for upgraded security cameras. This project was started in the Spring of 2021 and finished in August of 2021. Most of the increase in assets relates to the Lakeside bathroom improvements, new ventilators at Lakeside, the high school, and Lincoln, and new analog cameras, and a new copier capital lease. Overall accumulated depreciation increased due to current depreciation expense exceeding disposals.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONTINUED)

Table A-7 Capital Assets

Da

			Percent	
	2021	2020	Change	
Land	\$ 130,000	\$ 130,000	- %	
Construction in Progress	28,362	59,705	N/A	
Land Improvements	2,336,610	2,336,610	-	
Buildings and Improvements	36,248,096	35,917,456	0.9	
Equipment	5,284,735	5,058,508	4.5	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(12,706,360)	(11,796,153)	7.7	
Total District Capital Assets	\$ 31,321,443	\$ 31,706,126	(1.2)	

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$22,245,000 in general obligation bonds, \$383,663 in lease purchases payable, and \$140,942 in capital leases, as shown in Table A-8. The District also had \$301,726 in severance benefits payable at June 30, 2021 (more detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements).

Table A-8
The District's Long-Term Liabilities

	2021	2020	Percent Change	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 22,245,000	\$ 22,880,000	(2.8)%	
Net Bond Premium and Discount	666,941	707,581	(5.7)	
Capital Leases Payable	140,942	144,178	(2.2)	
Lease Purchase Payable	383,663	528,930	(27.5)	
Compensated Absences Payable	301,726	325,854	(7.4)	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$ 23,738,272	\$ 24,586,543	(3.5)	
Long-Term Liabilities:				
Due Within One Year	\$ 870,868	\$ 900,688		
Due in More Than One Year	22,867,404	23,685,855		
Total	\$ 23,738,272	\$ 24,586,543		

The majority of the change in the long-term liabilities relates to principal payments being made on the general obligation bonds and the lease purchase payable. Capital leases decreased due to the principal payments being made exceeding the amount of the new copier capital lease.

FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- The 2020-2021 school year was a challenging year as we continued to deal with the effects of the COVID-19 Pandemic that began in March of 2020. The District struggled throughout the year as we offered in-person learning, hybrid learning and distance learning. At times, all types of learning were in place at our K-12 buildings. We saw a drop in enrollment as some parents chose to provide Home-Schooling for their child(ren) or they enrolled in a non-public school. Non-public schools did not have to adhere to the same laws and regulations that the public school did. Some parents felt that was a better solution for their family.
- All of the new requirements regarding face masks, face shields, desk shields, additional technology for distance learning, cleaning supplies, PPE supplies, additional staffing to cover classrooms all come with additional costs and adds a new level of burden on school budgets that are already limited. The state and federal government recognized those additional budgeting costs and passed the CARES Act Funding Bill Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security. This funding was distributed to Counties, Cities and School Districts in various forms with various timelines of when the money had to be spent along with what expenditures are allowable. The district received funds from the City of Glencoe, McLeod County and the Minnesota Department of Education for approximately \$1,053,009 in additional funds. The District will receive an additional \$1,523,420 in ESSER III funds that can be utilized over the next three years. The additional funds should help the district sustain their regular budgets. It will also allow the district to offer smaller class sizes and additional support services for the 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 school years. The on-going lingering effects of the pandemic will determine what budgets and fund balances will look like going forward.
- Compensatory Revenue will continue to be an area of concern. During the 2020-2021 school year, all students received free lunches due to the effects of the pandemic. Because all students were determined to be free, families did not complete the Application for Educational Benefits. Because the Free and Reduced numbers for a district determines the funding for compensatory revenue, the amount of compensatory revenue dropped. In the FY20 school year, the district received \$602,669 in Compensatory Revenue. For the FY21 school year, the district received \$552,574. The estimate for the FY22 school year is \$393,182. A drop of \$209,487. This is an area of concern as the revenue estimates are based on the October 1 free and reduced numbers and the federal government has determined that all lunch and breakfast will be automatically free for the FY22 school, parents are not eagerly responsive to filling out the application.
- With the completion of the 2021 Legislative Session, the formula allowance per pupil unit was increased by 2.45% for the 2021-2022 school year and 2% for the 2022-2023 school year. The basic formula allowance changes from \$6,567 in the 2020-2021 school year to \$6,728 for the 2021-2022 school year and \$6,863 for the 2022-2023 school year. These increases are also linked to other revenues that are linked to the formula allowance. Compensatory, sparsity aid, nonpublic transportation and ECFE. This increase will help the district in maintaining the fund balance policy.
- The Pathway II funding is continued for FY22 at the 2017 funding level. Established priority for children who have a parent under age 21 and who is pursuing a high school diploma, children that are in foster care or protective services and any child that is homeless. The amount the district receives is \$37,500 which is part of the School Readiness program in Fund 04.

- The ECFE funding increase that is linked to the general education formula allowance increases the allowance from \$151.04 for FY21 to \$154.74 for FY22.
- Allows districts to enter into a one-year contract with a food service management company with the option of up to four years for renewal. (Currently, districts were allowed to renew the contract for up to two years.) The district will have to go out for bids for a food service management company in the spring of 2022 for a new contract to be effective July 1, 2022 for the 2022-2023 school year.
- School Building Bond Agriculture Credit Agriculture classified land will receive a 40% credit on the property that is attributable to a school district's bonded debt for taxes payable beginning in 2018. The District started receiving the credits through the State IDEAS payment system after July 1, 2018 for the 2018-2019 school year. Legislators have now increased the Ag Credit to 50% with the Pay 2020 levy, 55% in Pay 21, 60% in Pay 22 and 70% in Pay 23 and after. This will have a huge tax relief impact on our agriculture property owners as it affects all of the districts building bond and abatement bond debt.
- Minnesota school districts are paid based on pupil units served. A decline or increase in enrollment results in variable revenue that is received for operations. The District enrollment for 2018-2019 ended at 1,597 Adjusted Pupil Units compared to 1,591 in 2017-2018. Enrollment for the 2019-2020 school year showed a decrease of 2.55%. Enrollment ended at 1,566. Enrollment for the 2020-2021 ended at 1,504 with projected estimated enrollment for the 2021-2022 school year is 1,470. As you can see the steady decline in enrollment, this will continue to be a concern for the district for future planning for staff.
- The Administration and School Board continue to work on plans for improving the school facilities. In December of 2012, the School Board approved to move forward with building a 5,000 square foot Early Childhood Learning Center as an addition to the Lincoln Junior High Building. The Review and Comment Plan was submitted to the Minnesota Department of Education and final approval was received in June of 2013. The building houses the Early Childhood Special Education, (ECSE), the Early Childhood Family Education (ECFE), and the School Readiness (SR) programs. Along with office space, Director's office, Speech teacher office and a large motor room that could also be utilized as a classroom. Remodeling of the main level Lincoln restrooms and old kitchen area were included in the project plans. Total project costs are \$1,966,909. The Board moved forward with a 10-year lease levy option for \$1,375,000 that will be spread to the taxpayers over the 10-year period. The additional cost of the project was paid by district funds. The project was completed in January of 2014 and students and staff began using the facility at that time.

- After two failed building referendums in 2011, the School Board voted to hold a special election on May 12th, 2015 asking the voters to approve a building bond referendum for \$24,190,000. The ballot question was to authorize the District to issue bonds to provide funds to relocate grades K-2 to the existing Lincoln building, repurpose current program space, construction of new space between the current Lincoln and High school buildings and to complete window upgrades at the Lakeside building. The election was successful with 1,534 yes votes and 908 no votes. The election was successful in the Brownton, Glencoe, Plato, and Silver Lake precincts and failed in the New Auburn precinct.
- The District sold the bonds on July 13, 2015 with a closing date of August 13, 2015, in the amount of \$23,695,000 with a bond obligation of 29.5 years. \$24,111,934 was wired to Security Bank on behalf of the District and was invested in a guaranteed money market investment account at .77% earnings. Ehlers and Associates was the financial institute that handled the sale of the bonds. All transactions related to the building project were accounted for in Fund 06, Building Construction Fund to be in compliance with state, federal, and UFARS accounting procedures.
- The building construction project got underway in May of 2016. The project was divided into three separate bid packages. Bid package #1 was the civil package containing the ground and utility work, bid package #2 was the majority of the construction and bid package #3 was the boiler room equipment. The District utilized ARY Architects and Donlar Construction as the construction management company. All construction activity was tracked using Fund 06 and the debt for the project will be posted to Fund 07. The majority of the project was completed at the start of the 2018 school year. Additional punch list items continued until December of 2018. The project did come in over budget by \$1.8 million. The District will utilize a combination of LTFM, Operating Capital and Internal Service Funds to pay off the balance of the project after the construction checking account is depleted. As of June 30, 2018, \$1,815,234 was shown as a negative balance in the Fund 6 construction account. This amount accounts for all construction in progress and amounts payable.
- At the close of FY19, June 30 the project was closed with only one possible outstanding invoice.
 Transfers were made utilizing the Operating Capital Fund, Internal Service Fund, and LTFM Revenue to eliminate the negative fund balance in Fund 06.
- At the September 14, 2015 School Board meeting, the Board also held a public hearing and approved a motion to move forward with the sale of the Helen Baker Building. The sale of the Helen Baker building was completed May 31, 2018. The building was sold for \$1.00 to a local contractor.

- The November 2011 election results showed that the renewal of the operating referendum for \$727 per pupil unit was passed by the voters. There were 2,163 yes votes and 1,212 no votes. The passage of this operating referendum is for a period of seven years. The renewal of the referendum was essential to maintain the current level of funding that the District currently has. The successful election shows a positive statement of support from the taxpayers. With the new legislative changes from the 2013 legislative session, the impact to the votes could change dramatically when putting the guestion to the ballot when the referendum expires in 2020. Which would indicate an election would be held in 2019. The current operating referendum was for \$727 per pupil unit. When all the conversions are completed due to the legislative changes, the new amount of the referendum is \$900.88. The location equity revenue allowance of \$424 is then subtracted from the \$900.88, so the new referendum amount is \$476.88. If the Board moves forward with converting the \$300 of voter approved to Board approved referendum, the amount of the referendum available is \$176.88 without seeking an election. At this time, the School Board approved the \$300 Board levy authority at the August, 2018 Board meeting, A Resolution was also approved to move forward with a referendum election at the November 6, 2018 general Election. The ballot question will ask the voters to approve replacing the \$176.88 levy authority with \$460.00, which is an increase of \$283.12 per pupil unit. The proposed referendum language would include the inflationary language and would be effective for taxes payable beginning in 2020. The ballot question failed by 660 votes. A total of 2,190 Yes votes and 2,850 No votes were cast as part of the general election. The school board is proceeding with a Referendum Election on November 5, 2019 asking the voters for the exact same amount of \$460.00 including the inflationary language effective for taxed payable beginning in 2020. If this election fails, the district will lose approximately \$300,000 in revenue and will have to look at expenditure reductions to maintain the fund balance policy. This could affect staffing and programming moving forward until another election could be held.
- Because of the positive fund balance in both unassigned General Fund and operating capital, a number of building and grounds projects have been completed. The facility committee has been active in addressing the deferred maintenance, health and safety, and operating capital plans and outlining the projects to be completed. Having a positive fund balance again has proven to be a very positive reinforcement for the District, the staff and the community. Facility upgrades will continue to take place as long as the projects stay within our budget means. A number of technology upgrades have also been taking place. Computer labs have been upgraded along with additional interactive boards in more classrooms. Technology upgrades will continue to happen as 21st Century Learning continues to focus more and more towards up to date technology capabilities. Along with the construction of the new facility, a number of high school and Lincoln building improvements were made in conjunction with the project.
- During the summer of 2012, the field house gym floors in gym 1 and gym 2 were completely replaced with a wood performance floor at a cost of \$120,000. The field house was also completely re-painted. The Board also approved the replacement of windows and doors on the Lincoln building and the north entrance doors and windows to the high school. The cost of this project was \$520,000.

- During the summer of 2013, additional projects were completed. In addition to the new Early Childhood Learning Center and remodeling that was started, an extension to the garage east of the high school was completed along with new cement and asphalt. A new track surface was installed at the Athletic Complex for \$124,900. Additional playing fields were added west of the Athletic Complex stadium at a cost of \$70,000.
- During the summer of 2014, a new tennis court complex was developed in the north athletic complex. The old 8 courts were demolished and 12 new courts were put in place at a cost of \$693,000. Along with the construction of the courts, lights were installed on the front three courts at a cost of \$61,000. This portion of the project was funded through the Panther Association over a five-year period. The District pursued a \$50,000 lease lighting agreement with the local Glencoe Light and Power similar to the agreement that had been worked out with the football field lights. The lease for the lights was paid off as of June 30, 2018. The football field light lease was paid in full in August of 2014. The football field lights were re-lamped during the summer of 2014 as part of the original warranty. A partial repair and replacement was made to the Field House roof along with new asphalt surfacing in the Lincoln parking lot.
- During the summer of 2015, the District started the replacement of the hallway hall tile at the high school. This project is part of the deferred maintenance schedule and will be phased in over a two or three-year plan. The first phase was \$25,346. During the summer of 2016, another section of hallway tile was completed for \$50,670. During the summer of 2017, another section of hallway tile was completed for \$49,502. In 2018 and 2019, two more sections of hallway tile were completed. As of June 1, 2019 only one section of hallway remains to be completed at the high school. Also completed in 2015 was a special education room remodel in the Lakeside Elementary building for \$48,115. This was funded using federal special education funds. Cement work at the Lakeside site was also completed at a cost of \$11,364. Tuck-pointing was completed at the high school for \$27,770 and \$24,800 was spent in tuck-pointing at the Lakeside building in 2016. The high school gym and hallways were painted in 2016 for a cost of \$9,840. The District spent \$48,470 in painting upgrades during the summer of 2017 in the Lincoln Elementary and at the High School. The District also spent \$44,000 to remodel a special education bathroom for the new Lincoln Elementary in the summer of 2017. The District continues to maintain a fund balance in the operating capital fund while addressing the needs of the District and the building sites.
- Part of the building project included window and door replacement on the Lakeside building. As part of that project, the District decided to move forward with the doors and the windows at the high school in conjunction with the Lakeside project to get better pricing and to get the high school project completed to match the new construction. The total cost of this project is \$511,600. \$260,000 will be paid out of the construction account with the remainder of the amount coming out of LTFMR and Operating Capital. This was completed in 2017.
- In June of 2019, the District sold \$1,035,000 in General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds for the purpose of parking lot upgrades at the high school and at Lakeside Elementary in Silver Lake. The project was bid and awarded to Duininck Construction for a bid price of \$965,768.00. There were six bidders for the project. AJA (Anderson-Johnson Associates) was the design engineer for the project. Work was started in June of 2019 and completed in September of 2019. The project is recorded in Fund 06 Construction Fund.

- During the summer of 2019, the pool at the school was drained for work to be completed in the
 pool including step replacements, replacement of the gaskets around the lights, acid washing
 the pool, and painting of the poolroom walls and tile.
- During the summer of 2020, the parking lot in front of the high school, the bus lane and the west parking lot by the Lincoln building was seal coated, and restriped. Cement work was completed in front of the Lincoln building and the front of the Lakeside building.
- A new dust collection system was installed in the high school wood shop during the summer of 2020. One set of bathrooms were remodeled at Lakeside along with new ceilings and lights in three classrooms at Lakeside.
- During the summer of 2020 and 2021 bathroom remodels at the high school and Lakeside have been completed, hallway lights and ceilings at Lakeside and ceiling lights and tile at the high school and at Lakeside. The cafeteria floor at Lakeside was painted and additional cement work at the high school and a parking area for the athletic complex east of the ball fields was completed. Also completed in 2021 were the addition of five windows in the field house and a new front entrance at the high school.
- As of October 2021, contracts with the Principals, Teachers Union and Local 284 have all been completed. Contracts that remain to be settled include the ECFE/SR Director and two individual interpreter contracts.
- The District continues to contract with the South West/West Central Service Cooperative Region 4 (the Coop) for a number of services including finance, payroll, and student assistance (MARRS) and Special Education. The Coop also offers a Special Education Level IV Program in Cosmos that our district is able to use for a limited number of students that require additional services when we are unable to meet their needs. This poses an additional transportation cost for the District but allows us to be in compliance with state and federal regulations regarding the individual learning plans for students. With all the changes in Special Education, including the statewide tuition billing, this continues to be a difficult area to monitor in the budget. The Coop continues to be a great resource for the District to be able to be a part of to assist in all of these areas of budget and financing.
- Glencoe-Silver Lake Public Schools is a very stable district with strong community support. The
 District provides a full range of public education services for Pre-school through grade 12. Food
 service and transportation are provided as supporting programs. The District's community
 education program includes early childhood, school readiness along with adult learning
 opportunities. The public school also provides some shared time services for the nonpublic
 schools in the District. There is currently a K-8 Lutheran School in Glencoe.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report contact the District Office, Independent School District No. 2859, 1621 East 16th Street, Glencoe, MN 55336.



GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	
Cash and Investments	\$ 8,469,402
Receivables:	
Property Taxes	2,179,923
Other Governments	1,631,314
Other	15,876
Inventories	25,744
Capital Assets:	
Land and Construction in Progress	158,362
Other Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation	 31,163,081
Total Assets	43,643,702
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred Outflows - Pensions	5,104,175
Deferred Outflows - Other Postemployment Benefits	101,788
Total Deferred Outflows	 5,205,963
LIABILITIES	
Salaries Payable	1,395,947
Accounts and Contracts Payable	142,472
Accrued Interest	377,833
Due to Other Governmental Units	56
Unearned Revenue	60,989
Long-Term Liabilities:	
Portion Due Within One Year	870,868
Portion Due in More Than One Year	22,867,404
Net Pension Liability	11,924,322
Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	 1,155,363
Total Liabilities	38,795,254
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year	4,064,190
Deferred Inflows - Other Postemployment Benefits	361,459
Deferred Inflows - Pensions	 8,950,111
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	13,375,760
NET POSITION	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	7,884,897
Restricted for:	
General Fund Operating Capital Purposes	898,029
General Fund State-Mandated Reserves	332,875
Food Service	266,658
Community Service	439,186
Unrestricted	(13,142,994)
Total Net Position	\$ (3,321,349)

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

					Drog	rom Povenuos			Re C	t (Expense) venue and change in et Position
					_	ram Revenues Operating		Capital	110	Total
Functions		Expenses		narges for Services	Grants and Contributions		Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities	
Governmental Activities:										
Administration	\$	985,949	\$	241	\$	23,372	\$	-	\$	(962,336)
District Support Services		402,822		-		-		-		(402,822)
Regular Instruction		10,389,275		137,789		1,678,097		192,431		(8,380,958)
Vocational Education Instruction		284,564		-		9,086		-		(275,478)
Special Education Instruction		3,580,811		-		2,237,687		-		(1,343,124)
Instructional Support Services		1,024,098		-		587,993		-		(436,105)
Pupil Support Services		1,706,200		-		175,718		-		(1,530,482)
Sites and Buildings		2,193,917		1,000		260,068		233,975		(1,698,874)
Fiscal and Other Fixed										
Cost Programs		55,979		-		-		-		(55,979)
Food Service		967,962		75,938		821,820		-		(70,204)
Community Service		737,877		421,984		198,371		-		(117,522)
Interest and Fiscal Charges on										
Long-Term Liabilities		837,840		-		-		-		(837,840)
Total School District	\$	23,167,294	\$	636,952	\$	5,992,212	\$	426,406		(16,111,724)
	GE	NERAL REVE	NUES							
	F	roperty Taxes		for:						
		General Purp								2,599,763
		Community S	Service							152,865
		Debt Service								1,226,089
		State Aid Not	Restri	cted to Spec	ific Pu	irposes				11,854,463
		Earnings on I	nvestm	nents						188,726
		Miscellaneou	S							134,045
		Total Ge	neral R	Revenues						16,155,951
	СН	ANGE IN NET	POSIT	ION						44,227
	Net	Position - Beg	jinning	of Year						(3,756,129)
	Pric	or Period Resta	atemen	t - See Note	12					390,553
	Net	Position - Beg	jinning,	as Restated	i					(3,365,576)
	NE	T POSITION -	END O	F YEAR					\$	(3,321,349)

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

					Ma	jor Funds
				Food	Community	
		General		Service	Service	
ASSETS						
Cash and Investments Receivables:	\$	6,755,174	\$	308,059	\$	456,579
Current Property Taxes		1,190,419		_		74,123
Delinquent Property Taxes		23,466		_		1,692
Accounts and Interest Receivable		15,876		_		-,002
Due from Other Minnesota School Districts		-		-		13,372
Due from Minnesota Department of Education		1,476,731		24		20,060
Due from Federal through Minnesota						,
Department of Education		74,587		13,037		-
Inventory		-		25,744		-
Total Assets	\$	9,536,253	\$	346,864	\$	565,826
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCE						
LIABILITIES						
Salaries and Compensated Absences Payable	\$	776,843	\$	_	\$	_
Payroll Deductions and Employer Contributions Payable	•	619,104	,	_	•	_
Accounts Payable		113,696		26,041		2,735
Due to Other Governmental Units		56		-		-
Unearned Revenue		-		54,165		6,824
Total Liabilities		1,509,699		80,206		9,559
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year		2,362,523		-		159,086
Unavailable Revenue - Delinquent Property Taxes		23,466				1,692
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,385,989		-		160,778
FUND BALANCE						
Nonspendable:						
Inventory		-		25,744		-
Restricted for:						
Staff Development		132,866		-		-
Operating Capital		553,058		-		-
Community Education		-		-		431,416
Early Childhood and Family Education		-		-		5,420
Student Activities		90,299		-		-
Gifted and Talented		22,114		-		-
Teacher Development and Evaluation		6,684		-		-
Safe Schools Levy		80,913		-		-
Long-Term Facilities Maintenance		344,970		-		-
Restricted for Other Purposes		-		240,914		658
Assigned for:		400 000				
Severance Benefits Unassigned		400,000 4,009,661		-		(42,005)
Total Fund Balance		5,640,565		266,658		395,489
Total Fund Dalance		3,040,303		200,000	-	555,463
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of	ሱ	0 526 252	ď	246.004	ø	ECE DOC
Resources, and Fund Balance	\$	9,536,253	\$	346,864	\$	565,826

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) JUNE 30, 2021

	Debt Service	Total G	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	949,590	\$	8,469,402	
	880,236		2,144,778	
	9,987		35,145	
	-		15,876	
	-		13,372	
	33,503		1,530,318	
	-		87,624	
•	4 070 040	•	25,744	
\$	1,873,316	\$	12,322,259	
\$	-	\$	776,843	
	-		619,104	
	-		142,472	
	-		56	
			60,989	
	-		1,599,464	
	1,542,581		4,064,190	
	9,987		35,145	
	1,552,568		4,099,335	
	-		25,744	
	-		132,866	
	-		553,058	
	-		431,416	
	-		5,420	
	-		90,299	
	-		22,114	
	-		6,684	
	-		80,913	
	-		344,970	
	320,748		562,320	
	_		400,000	
	-		3,967,656	
	320,748		6,623,460	
\$	1,873,316	\$	12,322,259	
Ψ	1,070,010	Ψ	. 2,022,203	

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

Total Fund Balance for Governmental Funds	\$	6,623,460
Total net position reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. Those assets consist of:		
Land		130,000
Construction in Progress		28,362
Land Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		1,759,128
Buildings and Improvements, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		27,843,735
Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation		1,560,218
Some of the District's property taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current- period's expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.		35,145
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditures whe due.	n	(377,833)
The District's net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:		
Net Pension Liability		(11,924,322)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Pensions		(8,950,111)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pensions		5,104,175
The District's OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recorded only on the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:		
Other Postemployment Benefit Liability		(1,155,363)
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Other Postemployment Benefits		(361,459)
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Other Postemployment Benefits		101,788
Long-term liabilities that pertain to governmental funds, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities - both current and long-term - are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at year-end are:		
Bonds Payable		(22,245,000)
Unamortized Premiums		(666,941)
Capital Leases Payable		(140,942)
Lease Purchase Payable		(383,663)
Severance Benefits Payable		(301,726)
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(3,321,349)

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

		Food	Major Funds Community	
DEVENUE	General	Service	Service	
REVENUES Local Sources:				
	\$ 2,595,243	\$ -	\$ 152,651	
Property Taxes	. , ,	•		
Earnings and Investments	29,401	1,492	1,965	
Other	521,751	75,938	481,648	
State Sources	15,170,393	15,744	186,185	
Federal Sources	1,550,794	806,076	7,186	
Total Revenues	19,867,582	899,250	829,635	
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration	926,713	-	-	
District Support Services	370,524	-	-	
Elementary and Secondary Regular Instruction	8,957,711	-	-	
Vocational Education Instruction	256,912	-	-	
Special Education Instruction	3,451,657	-	_	
Instructional Support Services	959,072	-	_	
Pupil Support Services	1,676,256	_	_	
Sites and Buildings	2,292,062	_	_	
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	96,619	_	_	
Food Service	-	914,685	_	
Community Service	-	-	739,181	
Capital Outlay	537,166	22,303	20,854	
Debt Service:	007,100	22,000	20,001	
Principal	323,170	_	2,982	
Interest and Fiscal Charges	20,959	_	334	
Total Expenditures	19,868,821	936,988	763,351	
Total Experiultures	19,000,021	930,900	703,331	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES				
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(1,239)	(37,738)	66,284	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of Equipment	13,005	-	-	
Issuance of Capital Lease	162,941	-	14,708	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	175,946		14,708	
Net Change in Fund Balance	174,707	(37,738)	80,992	
FUND BALANCES				
Beginning of Year	5,075,305	304,396	314,497	
Prior Period Restatement	390,553			
Beginning of Year - Restated	5,465,858	304,396	314,497	
End of Year	\$ 5,640,565	\$ 266,658	\$ 395,489	

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds		
\$ 1,224,614 2,902	\$ 3,972,508 35,760		
335,023	1,079,337 15,707,345		
333,023	2,364,056		
 1,562,539	23,159,006		
-	926,713		
-	370,524		
-	8,957,711 256,912		
_	3,451,657		
_	959,072		
-	1,676,256		
-	2,292,062		
-	96,619		
-	914,685		
-	739,181		
-	580,323		
635,000	961,152		
 904,988	926,281 23,109,148		
 1,539,988	23,109,146		
22,551	49,858		
_	13,005		
-	177,649		
-	190,654		
22,551	240,512		
298,197	5,992,395		
 - 200 407	390,553		
 298,197	6,382,948		
\$ 320,748	\$ 6,623,460		

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balance - Total Governmental Funds	\$	240,512
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, assets are capitalized and the cost is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period is:		
Capital Outlays Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets Depreciation Expense		738,634 (93,687) (1,029,630)
Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current-period's expenditures and, therefore, are unearned in the governmental funds.		6,209
Some capital asset additions are financed through capital leases. In governmental funds, a capital lease arrangement is considered a source of financing, but in the statement of net position, the lease obligation is reported as a liability. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces the lease obligation in the statement of net position.		
Issuance of Capital Lease Change in Accrued Interest - Capital Leases Principal Payments - Capital Leases		(177,649) 2,009 180,885
Pension expenditures in the governmental funds are measured by current year employer contributions. Pension expenses on the statement of activities are measured by the change in the net pension liability and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources.		(705,268)
Payments to the District's OPEB liability are recognized as expenditures at the fund level while the change in the OPEB obligation and the related deferred inflows and outflows of resources are recognized in the statement of net position.		29,273
In the statement of activities, certain operating expenses - severance benefits and compensated absences - are measured by amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (amounts actually paid).		24,128
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as financing sources, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net position, however, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities and repayment of principal reduces the liability. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of general obligation bonds and related items is as follows:	e	
Repayment of Bond Principal Repayment of Lease Purchase Payable Change in Accrued Interest - General Obligation Bonds Change in Accrued Interest - Lease Purchase Payable Amortization of Bond Premium		635,000 145,267 5,997 1,907 40,640
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	44,227

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted	I Amounts	Actual	Over (Under)		
	Original	Final	Amounts	Final Budget		
REVENUES						
Local Sources:						
Property Taxes	\$ 2,637,900	\$ 2,606,922	\$ 2,595,243	\$ (11,679)		
Earnings and Investments	35,000	35,000	29,401	(5,599)		
Other	460,650	431,715	521,751	90,036		
State Sources	15,293,061	15,157,810	15,170,393	12,583		
Federal Sources	601,241	1,595,108	1,550,794	(44,314)		
Total Revenues	19,027,852	19,826,555	19,867,582	41,027		
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
Administration	954,348	1,007,758	926,713	(81,045)		
District Support Services	406,706	399,583	370,524	(29,059)		
Elementary and Secondary Regular Instruction	8,571,185	9,014,405	8,957,711	(56,694)		
Vocational Education Instruction	228,184	230,034	256,912	26,878		
Special Education Instruction	3,767,524	3,636,236	3,451,657	(184,579)		
Instructional Support Services	700,361	984,169	959,072	(25,097)		
Pupil Support Services	1,923,854	1,658,204	1,676,256	18,052		
Sites and Buildings	2,126,363	2,316,203	2,292,062	(24,141)		
Fiscal and Other Fixed Cost Programs	124,150	135,535	96,619	(38,916)		
Capital Outlay	272,000	523,704	537,166	13,462		
Debt Service:	,-,-	,	,	,		
Principal	212,006	212,006	323,170	111,164		
Interest and Fiscal Charges	16,855	16,855	20,959	4,104		
Total Expenditures	19,303,536	20,134,692	19,868,821	(265,871)		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(275,684)	(308,137)	(1,239)	306,898		
OVER (ONDER) EXI ENDITORED	(273,004)	(300,137)	(1,239)	300,030		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Sale of Equipment	-	-	13,005	13,005		
Issuance of Capital Lease			162,941	162,941		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			175,946	175,946		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (275,684)	\$ (308,137)	174,707	\$ 482,844		
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of Year			5,075,305			
Restatement of Fund Balance			390,553			
Beginning of Year - Restated			5,465,858			
END OF YEAR			\$ 5,640,565			

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – FOOD SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budg	Actual		Over (Under			
	Original		Final		Amounts		al Budget
REVENUES		, ,			,		
Local Sources:							
Earnings and Investments	\$	- \$	-	\$	1,492	\$	1,492
Other - Primarily Meal Sales	531,0	00	85,000		75,938		(9,062)
State Sources	60,40	52	16,178		15,744		(434)
Federal Sources	439,7	40	806,995		806,076		(919)
Total Revenues	1,031,20	02	908,173		899,250		(8,923)
EXPENDITURES							
Current:							
Food Service	925,60	03	888,070		914,685		26,615
Capital Outlay	16,50	00	25,000		22,303		(2,697)
Total Expenditures	942,10	03	913,070		936,988		23,918
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 89,0	99 \$	(4,897)		(37,738)	\$	(32,841)
FUND BALANCE Beginning of Year					304,396		
END OF YEAR				\$	266,658		

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL – COMMUNITY SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				Actual		Over (Under)	
	Origina		Final		Amounts		Fina	al Budget
REVENUES								
Local Sources:								
Property Taxes	\$	159,796	\$	154,467	\$	152,651	\$	(1,816)
Earnings and Investments		2,000		2,000		1,965		(35)
Other - Primarily Tuition and Fees		441,970		451,430		481,648		30,218
State Sources		173,731		182,636		186,185		3,549
Total Revenues		777,497		796,806	-	829,635		32,829
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Community Service		828,345		802,571		739,181		(63,390)
Capital Outlay		12,300		12,963		20,854		7,891
Debt Service:								
Principal		-		-		2,982		2,982
Interest		-		-		334		334
Total Expenditures		840,645		815,534		763,351		(52,183)
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES								
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(63,148)		(18,728)		66,284		85,012
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Issuance of Capital Lease		-		-		14,708		14,708
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	(63,148)	\$	(18,728)		80,992	\$	99,720
FUND BALANCE								
Beginning of Year					_	314,497		
END OF YEAR					\$	395,489		

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

ACCETE		stodial Fund
ASSETS		
Cash and Investments	\$	913,915
Interest Receivable		2,685
Total Assets	\$	916,600
NET POSITION		
Restricted for Individuals	<u>\$</u>	916,600

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	 Custodial Fund		
ADDITIONS Gifts and Donations Earnings on Investments Total Additions	\$ 5,500 4,925 10,425		
DEDUCTIONS Scholarships Awarded	 13,950		
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(3,525)		
Net Position - Beginning of Year	 920,125		
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ 916,600		

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of Independent School District No. 2859 have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The GASB pronouncements are recognized as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for state and local governments.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

Independent School District No. 2859 (the District) is an instrumentality of the state of Minnesota established to function as an educational institution. The elected board of education (the Board) is responsible for legislative and fiscal control of the District. A superintendent is appointed by the Board and is responsible for administrative control of the District.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the District's financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations which are not legally separated from the District. In addition, the District's financial statements are to include all component units – entities for which the District is financially accountable.

Financial accountability includes such aspects as appointing a voting majority of the organization's governing body, significantly influencing the programs, projects, activities, or level of services performed or provided by the organization or receiving specific financial benefits from, or imposing specific financial burden on, the organization. These financial statements include all funds and account groups of the District. There are no other entities for which the District is financially accountable.

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation

The District-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District, except for the Fiduciary Fund. The Fiduciary Fund is only reported in the statement of fiduciary net position at the fund financial statement level.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Basic Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purpose for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. Depreciation expense that can be specifically identified by function is included in the direct expenses of each function. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the statement of activities. Generally, the effect of material interfund activity has been removed from the District-wide financial statements.

Separate fund financial statements are provided for governmental and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Fiduciary funds are presented in the fiduciary fund financial statements by type: Custodial Fund. Since by definition, fiduciary fund assets are being held for the benefit of a third-party and cannot be used for activities or obligations of the District, these funds are excluded from the District-wide statements.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied is determined by its measurement focus and basis of accounting. The District-wide fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory "tax shift" described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

- a. Revenue Recognition Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenue is generally considered as available if collected within 60 days after year-end. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota statutes and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Minnesota statutes include state aid funding formulas for specific fiscal years. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Food service sales, community education tuition, and other miscellaneous revenue (except investment earnings) are recorded as revenues when received because they are generally not measurable until then. Investment earnings are recorded when earned because they are measurable and available. A six-month availability period is generally used for other fund revenues.
- b. Recording of Expenditures Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred. However, expenditures are recorded as prepaid for approved disbursements or liabilities incurred in advance of the year in which the item is to be used. Principal and interest on long-term debt issues are recognized on their due dates.

1. Description of Funds

The existence of the various District funds has been established by the state of Minnesota Department of Education. The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. A description of each fund included in this report is as follows:

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

1. Description of Funds (Continued)

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the District, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, and health and safety projects.

Food Service Special Revenue Fund

The Food Service Fund is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures. Revenues for the Food Service Fund come from user fees, and reimbursements from the Federal and State governments.

Community Service Special Revenue Fund

The Community Service Fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, veterans, adult or early childhood programs, K-6 extended day programs or other similar services. Revenues for the Community Service Special Revenue Fund are composed of user fees, local levy dollars, and State credits.

Debt Service Fund

The Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources restricted committed, or assigned to pay general long-term obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs. The regular debt service account is used for all general obligation bond debt service.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

1. Description of Funds (Continued)

Fiduciary Fund

Custodial Fund

The Custodial Fund is used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension or OPEB trust funds, investment trust funds, or private purpose trust funds.

E. Budgeting

Budgets presented in this report for comparison to actual amounts are presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Each June, the board of education adopts an annual budget for the following fiscal year for the General, Food Service, and Community Service Funds. The approved budget is published in summary form in the District's legal newspaper. Reported budget amounts represent the original budget as adopted by the board of education. Legal budgetary control is at the fund level.

Procedurally, in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements, the Superintendent submits to the board of education prior to July 1, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means to finance them. The budget is legally enacted by board of education action. Revisions to budgeted amounts must be approved by the board of education.

Total fund expenditures in excess of the budget require approval of the board of education. Spending control is established by the amount of expenditures budgeted for the fund, but management control is exercised at line item levels.

Budgeted amounts include mid-year budget amendments that amended revenue and expenditure budgets as follows:

	Original Budget	Am	nendments	Amended Budget
Revenues:				
General Fund	\$ 19,027,852	\$	798,703	\$ 19,826,555
Special Revenue Funds:				
Food Service Fund	1,031,202		(123,029)	908,173
Community Service Fund	777,497		19,309	796,806
Expenditures:				
General Fund	\$ 19,303,536	\$	831,156	\$ 20,134,692
Special Revenue Funds:				
Food Service Fund	942,103		(29,033)	913,070
Community Service Fund	840,645		(25,111)	815,534

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Budgeting (Continued)

Budget provisions for the Debt Service Fund are set by state law governing required debt service levels.

At the end of each fiscal year, if the General Fund has a net unassigned deficit fund balance, calculated in accordance with the uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for Minnesota school districts which excludes certain restricted balances specified in Minnesota statutes, exceeding 2.5% of expenditures, a condition referred to as "statutory operating debt" exists. That debt requires retirement through the accumulation of subsequent operating surpluses in accordance with "special operating plan" approved by the Commissioner of the Department of Education.

F. Cash and Investments

Cash balances consist of interest bearing accounts, deposits in the Minnesota Trust Investment Shares Portfolio and negotiable certificates of deposit. Cash balances from all funds are combined and invested to the extent available in various securities as authorized by Minnesota statutes. Earnings from the pooled investments are allocated to the respective funds on the basis of applicable cash balance participation by each fund.

G. Accounts Receivable

Represents amounts receivable from individuals, firms, and corporations for goods and services furnished by the District. No substantial losses are anticipated from present receivable balances, therefore, no allowance for uncollectible accounts is deemed necessary. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are current property taxes receivable.

H. Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of wood shop supplies and paper in the General Fund and purchased food, supplies, and surplus commodities received from the federal government within the Food Service Fund. Food and supply purchases are recorded at invoice cost, computed on a first-in, first-out method, and surplus commodities are stated at standardized cost, as determined by the Department of Agriculture.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items. Expenses are allocated over the periods benefited.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Property Taxes

Property tax levies are established by the board of education in December each year and are certified to the County for collection the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes and are responsible for spreading all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on January 1. Taxes are generally due on May 15 and October 15 and counties generally remit taxes to Districts at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of property taxes levied is paid through state credits which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Generally, tax revenue is recognized in the fiscal year ending June 30, following the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible, while the current calendar year tax levy is recorded as a deferred inflow of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year). The majority of District revenue in the General Fund (and to a lesser extent in the District's Community Service Special Revenue Fund) is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is then allocated between taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities. Changes in this allocation are periodically accompanied by a change in property tax revenue recognition referred to as the "tax shift."

In accordance with State law, the current tax shift consists of an amount equal to 31% of the District's 2000 Pay 2001 operating referendum levy, which is frozen at \$168,353 for the District. The tax shift also includes certain other levies that are recognized early based on statutory requirements.

Taxes that remain unpaid are classified as delinquent taxes receivable. Revenue from these delinquent property taxes that is not collected within 60 days of year-end is reported as a deferred inflow of resources because it is not known to be available to finance the operations of the District in the current year. No allowance for uncollectible taxes has been provided as such amounts are not expected to be material. Current levies of local taxes, less the amount recognized as revenue in the current period, including portions assumed by the State which will be recognized as revenue in the next fiscal year beginning July 1, 2021, are included in "Property Taxes Levied for Subsequent Year" to indicate that, while they are current assets, they will not be recognized as revenue until the following year.

K. Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historical cost is not available. Donated assets are recorded as capital assets at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$5,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

K. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are recorded in the District-wide financial statement, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purpose by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 20 to 50 years for land improvements and buildings, and 5 to 15 years for equipment.

Capital assets not being depreciated include land.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

L. Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time.

M. Long-Term Obligations

In the District-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Material bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments, and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Accrued Employee Benefits

Vacation Pay

Since vacation pay does not vest to employees, no long-term portion of vacation liabilities are recorded in the financial statements.

Sick Pay

Substantially all District employees are entitled to sick leave at various rates. For certain employees, unused sick leave enters into the calculation of severance pay upon termination.

Severance and Health Benefits

Severance consist of lump sum early retirement incentive payments. Accounting policies for severance benefits are described below.

Early Retirement Incentive and Convertible Sick Leave

Certain bargaining unit members are eligible to be compensated for unused accumulated sick leave upon termination subject to certain conditions.

Full-time employees, other than teachers, who have completed at least 15 years of continuous service with the District and who are at least 55 years of age are eligible for severance pay. Eligible employees, upon early retirement, receive as severance pay, an amount representing 66% of their unused accumulation of sick leave days.

During fiscal year 2021, the District's expenditures for convertible sick leave totaled \$34,247. At June 30, 2021, the long-term portion of the convertible sick leave liability is included as part of severance payable in the long-term debt.

Other Postemployment Benefits Payable

Under the terms of certain collectively bargained employment contracts, including the teachers' contract, the District is required to pay \$150 per month or \$250 per month, if the employee has 25 or more years of service and 34 or more years of teaching, toward the premium cost of the individual health insurance for 96 months. The employee pays the difference toward the full premium for any coverage elected. All premiums are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. This amount was actuarially determined, in accordance with GASB 75. See Note 8 for further information.

P. Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow or resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTE 1 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Q. Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenues are those in which resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. The District has reported unearned revenues for the school lunch deposits.

R. Fund Balance

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned. Nonspendable portions of fund balance relate to prepaids and inventories. Restricted funds are constrained by outside parties (statute, grantors, bond agreements, etc.). Committed fund balances are established and modified by a resolution approved by the Board of Education. The District currently doesn't report any committed fund balances. The Board of Education passed a resolution authorizing the Finance Committee and the Business Manager the ability to assign fund balances and its intended uses. Unassigned fund balances are considered the remaining amounts, usually in the General Fund only.

In accordance with the District's fund balance policy, when an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, it is the District's policy to use restricted first, then unrestricted fund balance. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned and unassigned fund balance is available, it is the District's policy to use committed first, then assigned and finally unassigned fund balance.

The District has a minimum fund balance policy, which identifies a minimum total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the General Fund as 20% of the District's operating budgeted expenditures.

S. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District-wide and Fiduciary Fund financial statements. Net investment in capital assets, consists of capital assets, net of accumulation depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted in the District-wide financial statement when there are limitations imposed on its use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws, or regulations of other governments.

NOTE 2 STEWARDSHIP AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Excess of Expenditures Over Budget

Expenditures exceeded budgeted amounts in the following funds:

	 Budget Expenditures			Excess			
Special Revenue Funds:	 _		_				
Food Service Fund	\$ 913,070	\$	936,988	\$	23,918		

These overages were considered by District management to be the result of necessary expenditures critical to operations.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

A. Deposits

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk and follows Minnesota statutes for deposits.

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of this pool is displayed on the combined balance sheet as "Cash and Investments." In accordance with applicable Minnesota statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the District's Board.

Minnesota statutes require that all deposits be protected by insurance, surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by insurance or corporate surety bonds.

The District's deposits in banks at June 30, 2021 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or by surety bonds and collateral in accordance with Minnesota statutes.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

B. Investments

The District may also invest idle funds as authorized by Minnesota Statutes as follows:

- Direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the United States or its agencies.
- Shares of investment companies registered under the Federal Investment Company Act of 1940 and received the highest credit rating, is rated in one of the two highest rating categories by a statistical rating agency, and all of the investments have a final maturity of thirteen months or less.
- General obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better.
- General obligations of the Minnesota Housing Finance Agency rated "A" or better.
- Bankers' acceptances of United States banks eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve System.
- Commercial paper issued by United States banks corporations or their Canadian subsidiaries, of highest quality category by a least two nationally recognized rating agencies, and maturing in 270 days or less.
- Guaranteed investment contracts guaranteed by United States commercial banks or domestic branches of foreign banks or United States insurance companies if similar debt obligations of the issuer or the collateral pledged by the issuer is in the top two rating categories.
- Repurchase or reverse purchase agreement and securities lending agreements financial institutions qualified as a "depository" by the government entity, with banks that are members of the Federal Reserve System with capitalization exceeding \$10,000,000, a primary reporting dealer in U.S. government securities to the Federal Reserve Bank of New York, or certain Minnesota securities broker-dealers.

At June 30, 2021, the District had the following investments:

External Investment Pools

MN Trust Investment Shares Portfolio

External
Investment Pools
\$ 4,698,492

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Investments (Continued)

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the District manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter-term and longer-term investments and by timing cash flows from the maturities to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations. Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District's investments to market interest rate risk fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the District's investments by maturity:

			Maturity Dura	ation	in Years
Туре	Total	Le	ss Than 1		1 to 2
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$ 748,213	\$	748,213	\$	-
MN Trust Limited Term Duration Series	500,047		500,047		-
MN Trust Investments Shares Portfolio	4,698,492		4,698,492		-
Total	\$ 5,946,752	\$	5,946,752	\$	-

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial risk is the risk that, in the event of failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy requires that insurance of all balances held with each investment account. As of June 30, 2021, the investment balances were fully covered by insurance for each brokerage firm.

Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The following chart summarizes year-end ratings for the District's investments as rated by Moody's.

Туре	Rating
MN Trust Limited Term Duration Series	AAAM
MN Trust Investments Shares Portfolio	AAAM

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

C. Balance Sheet Presentation

The deposits and investments are presented in the basic financial statements as follows:

Deposits	\$ 3,435,865
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	748,213
MN Trust Limited Term Duration Series	500,047
MN Trust Investments Shares Portfolio	4,698,492
Cash on Hand	700
Total Pooled Cash and Investments	\$ 9,383,317
Cash and Investments - Statement of Net Position	\$ 8,469,402
Cash and Investments	
- Statement of Fiduciary Net Position	913,915
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 9,383,317

D. Fair Value Measurement

The District uses fair value measurements to record fair value adjustments to certain assets and liabilities and to determine fair value disclosures.

The District follows an accounting standard that defines fair value, establishes a framework for measuring fair value, establishes a fair value hierarchy based on the quality of inputs used to measure fair value, and requires expanded disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with this standard, the District has categorized its investments, based on the priority of the inputs to the valuation technique, into a three-level fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). If the inputs used to measure the financial instruments fall within different levels of the hierarchy, the categorization is based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities recorded on the combined statements of financial position are categorized based on the inputs to the valuation techniques as follows:

Level 1 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using inputs that are unadjusted quoted prices in active markets accessible at the measurement date of identical financial assets and liabilities. The inputs include those traded on an active exchange, such as the New York Stock Exchange, as well as U.S. Treasury and other U.S. government and agency mortgage-backed securities that are traded by dealers or brokers in active over-the-counter markets.

NOTE 3 DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

D. Fair Value Measurement (Continued)

Level 2 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued based on quoted prices for similar assets, or inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly for substantially the full term through corroboration with observable market data.

Level 3 – Financial assets and liabilities are valued using pricing inputs which are unobservable for the asset, inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants and would use in pricing the asset.

Assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

Investment	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	\$	-	\$	748,213	\$	-	\$	748,213
·								
Investments Measured at Amortized Cos	t							5,198,539
Total District Investments							\$:	5,946,752

NOTE 4 CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2021 was as follows:

	Beginning			Ending
Governmental Activities	Balance	Increases	reases Decreases E	
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 130,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 130,000
Construction in Progress	59,705	28,362	(59,705)	28,362
Total Capital Assets,				
Not Being Depreciated	189,705	28,362	(59,705)	158,362
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Land Improvements	2,336,610	=	=	2,336,610
Buildings and Improvements	35,917,456	330,640	-	36,248,096
Equipment	5,058,508	439,337	(213,110)	5,284,735
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated	43,312,574	769,977	(213,110)	43,869,441
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Land Improvements	(460,872)	(116,610)	-	(577,482)
Buildings and Improvements	(7,742,395)	(661,966)	-	(8,404,361)
Equipment	(3,592,886)	(251,054)	119,423	(3,724,517)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(11,796,153)	(1,029,630)	119,423	(12,706,360)
Total Capital Assets,				
Being Depreciated, Net	31,516,421	(259,653)	(93,687)	31,163,081
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 31,706,126	\$ (231,291)	\$ (153,392)	\$ 31,321,443

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the District as follows:

Governmental Activities:	
Administration	\$ 6,789
District Support Services	299
Regular Instruction	845,154
Special Education Instruction	6,339
Community Ed & Services	9,392
Instructional Support Services	38,034
Pupil Support Services	23,409
Sites and Buildings	69,240
Food Service	30,974
Total Depreciation Expense,	
Governmental Activities	\$ 1,029,630

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Components of Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liabilities consisted of the following at June 30, 2021:

						Principal C	Outstanding
Issue	Net Interest	Series	Original	Maturity	D	ue Within	
Date	Rate	Number	Issue	Date	C	One Year	Total
8/13/2015	3.0% - 4.0%	2015A	\$ 23,695,000	2/1/2045	\$	555,000	\$ 21,305,000
6/6/2019	5%	2019A	1,035,000	2/1/2029		100,000	940,000
Total Genera	al Obligation Bond	s				655,000	22,245,000
Bond Premiums						-	666,941
Lease Purchase Pa	ayable					149,878	383,663
Capital Leases Pay	able able					31,743	140,942
Severance Benefits	s Payable					34,247	301,726
Total					\$	870,868	\$ 23,738,272

B. Future Minimum Debt Payments

Minimum annual principal and interest payments necessary to retire bonds payable and lease purchase payable are as follows:

	G.O. Building Bonds Series 2015A			Lease P Pay	urcha able	ase	
Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest
2022	\$ 555,000	\$	836,088	\$	149,878	\$	10,914
2023	575,000		819,438		154,637		6,156
2024	590,000		802,188		79,148		1,247
2025	615,000		778,588		-		-
2026	640,000		753,988		-		-
2027-2031	3,595,000		3,365,335		-		-
2032-2036	4,380,000		2,586,138		-		-
2037-2041	5,300,000		1,661,150		-		-
2042-2046	5,055,000		515,400		-		-
Total	\$ 21,305,000	\$	12,118,313	\$	383,663	\$	18,317
		19A				otal	
Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest		Principal	_	Interest
2022	\$ 100,000	\$	47,000	\$	804,878	\$	894,002
2023	100,000		42,000		829,637		867,594
2024	110,000		37,000		779,148		840,435
2025	115,000		31,500		730,000		810,088
2026	120,000		25,750		760,000		779,738
2027-2031	395,000		40,250		3,990,000		3,405,585
2032-2036	-		-		4,380,000		2,586,138
2037-2041	-		-		5,300,000		1,661,150
2042-2046	 -		-		5,055,000		515,400
Total	\$ 940,000	\$	223,500	\$ 2	22,628,663	\$	12,360,130

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

B. Future Minimum Debt Payments (Continued)

Description of Long-Term Liabilities

Lease Purchase Payable

On September 12, 2013, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for \$1,375,000. The debt was issued to help fund the construction of the new Early Childhood Center, along with necessary equipment and other site improvements. The District will use General Fund levy in future years to pay for the debt payments.

Capital Leases Payable

Capital leases are utilized by the District as a means to finance the Facility projects that are too small for issuing bonds and too large for the operating capital funds to cover the costs. These projects over the years have included modifications to the field house, equipment for the field house, technology throughout the District, stadium lights, and improvements to the Helen Baker Elementary. Total cost of assets capitalized and held under capital leases is \$177,649. Related accumulated depreciation of assets under capital leases at June 30, 2021 is \$29,608.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital leases together with the present value of the net minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2022	\$	40,824
2023	40,824	
2024		40,824
2025	40,823	
Total Minimum Lease Payments		163,295
Less: Amounts Representing Interest		(22,353)
Present Value of Net Minimum Lease Payments	\$	140,942

General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2015A

On August 13, 2015, the District issued \$23,695,000 of General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2015A. The proceeds of the issues will be used to finance the betterment of school facilities.

General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2019A

On June 6, 2019, the District issued \$1,035,000 of General Obligation Tax Abatement Bonds, Series 2019A. The proceeds of the issues will be used to finance the construction of and improvements to parking lots at Glencoe-Silver Lake Junior/Senior High School and Lakeside Elementary School as well as parking lot maintenance and improvements at school sites districtwide.

NOTE 5 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

B. Future Minimum Debt Payments (Continued)

<u>Description of Long-Term Liabilities (Continued)</u>

Severance Benefits Payable

Severance benefits payable consist of convertible sick leave payable to employees upon retirement. Severance benefits have been paid by the General and Special Revenue Funds. Annual payments to retire the severance benefits liability have not been determined and will depend on actual employee turnover.

C. Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

	June 30,			June 30,
	2020	Additions	Retirements	2021
Bonds Payable	\$ 22,880,000	\$ -	\$ 635,000	\$ 22,245,000
Bond Premiums	707,581	-	40,640	666,941
Lease Purchase Payable	528,930	-	145,267	383,663
Capital Leases Payable	144,178	177,649	180,885	140,942
Severance Benefits Payable	325,854	<u> </u>	24,128	301,726
Total	\$ 24,586,543	\$ 177,649	\$ 1,025,920	\$ 23,738,272

NOTE 6 RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES

Certain portions of fund balance are restricted based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties. The following is a summary of the restricted fund balances for the governmental funds:

A. Restricted for Staff Development

Restricted for staff development represents general education aid resources to be expended for staff development programs.

B. Restricted for Operating Capital

Restricted for operating capital represents available resources to be used only for operating capital purposes, including but not limited to the purchase, lease, repair and improvement of school buildings, and the purchase or lease of computers, vehicles, textbooks, and telecommunications equipment.

C. Restricted for Community Education Programs

The fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available to provide general community education programming.

NOTE 6 RESTRICTED FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

D. Restricted for Early Childhood and Family Education Programs

This fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available to provide services for early childhood family education programming.

E. Restricted for Student Activities

This fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available to provide student activity programs.

F. Restricted for Gifted and Talented

The fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available to be spent on the Gifted and Talented program within the District.

G. Restricted for Teacher Development and Evaluation

The fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available for teacher development and evaluation uses.

H. Restricted for Safe Schools - Crime Levy

The fund balance restriction represents accumulated resources available to provide for safe schools programs in accordance with funding made available for that purpose.

I. Restricted for Long Term Facilities Maintenance (LTFM)

Represents available resources to be used for LTFM capital projects in accordance with the 10-year plan.

J. Restricted for Other Purposes

Represents amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Other Restricted:

\$ 240,914
658
 320,748
\$ 562,320
\$

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS

A. Plan Description

The District participates in the following cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA) and Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA). PERA's and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA's and TRA's defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

1. General Employees Retirement Plan (General Employees Plan)

The General Employees Retirement Plan covers certain full time and part-time employees of the District. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

2. Teachers Retirement Fund (TRA)

The Teacher's Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member, and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota's public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul schools or University of Minnesota System).

B. Benefits Provided

PERA and TRA provide retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

1. General Employees Plan Benefits

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2% for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7% for each additional year.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

1. General Employees Plan Benefits (Continued)

Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7% for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989 a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50% of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1% and a maximum of 1.5%. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. For members retiring on January 1, 2024, or later, the increase will be delayed until normal retirement age (age 65 if hired prior to July 1, 1989, or age 66 for individuals hired on or after July 1, 1989). Members retiring under Rule of 90 are exempt from the delay to normal retirement.

2. TRA Benefits

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier 1 Benefits

Tier 1	Step Rate Formula	Percentage
Basic	First Ten Years of Service	2.2% per Year
	All Years After	2.7% per Year
Coordinated	First Ten Years if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per Year
	First Ten Years if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.4% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are Up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per Year
	All Other Years of Service if Service Years Are July 1, 2006 or After	1.9% per Year

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Benefits Provided (Continued)

2. TRA Benefits (Continued)

With these provisions:

- (a) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- (b) 3.0% per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- (c) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

Tier II Benefits

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7% per year for coordinated members and 2.7% per year for basic members. For years of service July 1, 2006 and after, a level formula of 1.9% per year for Coordinated members and 2.7% for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree – no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

C. Contributions

1. General Employees Fund Contributions

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50% of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2021 and the District was required to contribute 7.50% for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended June 30, 2021, were \$182,756. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

2. TRA Contributions

Per Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 rates for the fiscal year for coordinated were 7.5% for the employee and 8.13% for the employer. Basic rates were 11.00% for the employee and 12.13% for the employer. The District's contributions to TRA for the plan's fiscal year ended June 30, 2021 were \$667,606. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions for each year as set by state statue.

D. Pension Costs

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability of \$1,972,505 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund's net pension liability. The District's net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million. The state of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state's contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The state of Minnesota's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$60,799, for a total net pension liability of \$2,033,304 associated with the District. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA's participating employers. The District's proportionate share was 0.0329% at the end of the measurement period and 0.0321% for the beginning of the period.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

1. General Employees Fund Pension Costs (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$48,946 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's pension expense. In addition, the District recognized an additional \$5,291 as pension expense (and grant revenue) for its proportionate share of the state of Minnesota's contribution of \$16 million to the General Employees Fund.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferi	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows		
Description	of F	Resources	of F	Resources		
Differences Between Expected and Actual		<u> </u>		_		
Economic Experience	\$	17,984	\$	7,463		
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		-		73,128		
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual						
Earnings on Plan Investments		34,076		-		
Changes in Proportion		38,224		34,552		
District Contributions Subsequent to the						
Measurement Date		182,756		<u>-</u>		
Total	\$	273,040	\$	115,143		

\$182,756 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pens	sion
	Expe	ense
Year Ending June 30,	Amo	ount
2022	\$ (1	21,211)
2023		(1,548)
2024		50,243
2025		47.657

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. TRA Pension Costs

At June 30, 2021 the District reported a liability of \$9,951,817 for its proportionate share of TRA's net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the state of Minnesota, city of Minneapolis, and Minneapolis School District. The District's proportionate share was .1347% at the end of the measurement period and .1386% at the beginning of the period.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Description		Amount	
District's Proportionate Share of the TRA Net Pension Liability	\$	9,951,817	
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Associated			
with the District		834,058	
Total	\$	10,785,875	

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,508,151. It also recognized \$76,399 as pension expense and grant revenue for the support provided by direct aid.

At June 30, 2021, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRA's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Description	Deferred Outflows of Resources		1	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences Between Expected and Actual					
Economic Experience	\$	199,579	\$	150,839	
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions		3,570,718		8,354,298	
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual					
Earnings on Plan Investments		154,097		-	
Changes in Proportion		239,135		329,831	
District Contributions Subsequent to the					
Measurement Date		667,606		-	
Total	\$	4,831,135	\$	8,834,968	

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

D. Pension Costs (Continued)

2. TRA Pension Costs (Continued)

\$667,606 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Pension	
	Expense	
Year Ending June 30,	Amount	
2022	\$ 225,447	
2023	(2,989,938)	
2024	(2,076,512)	
2025	194,124	
2026	(24,560)	

3. Total Pension Expense

The District's total pension expense for all plans for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$1,638,787.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method and the following actuarial assumptions:

	General		
Assumptions	Employees Plan	TRA	
Inflation	2.25% per Year	2.50% per Year	
Salary Growth	3.00% per Year	2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, 3.25% to 9.25 after June 30, 2028	
Investment Rate of Return	7.50%	7.50%	

PERA salary increases were based on a service-related table. Mortality rates for active members, retirees, survivors, and disabilitants were based on Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality table for the General Employees Plan, with slight adjustments to fit PERA's experience. PERA cost of living benefit increases after retirement for retirees are assumed to be 1.25% per year for the General Employees Plan.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

TRA pre-retirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back 6 years and female rates set back 5 years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Postretirement mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back 3 years and female rates set back 3 years, with further adjustments of the rates.

Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Post-disability mortality rates were based on the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment. TRA cost of living benefit increases 1.0% for January 2020 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2019. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation.

The following changes for PERA occurred in 2020: Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions for TRA occurred in 2020:

- Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back 5 years and female rates set back 7 years.
- Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

E. Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA and TRA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
	Target	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Domestic Stocks	35.5 %	5.10 %
International Stocks	17.5 %	5.30
Bonds (Fixed Income)	20.0 %	0.75
Alternative Assets (Private Markets)	25.0 %	5.90
Cash	2.0 %	-
Totals	100 %	

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the PERA General Employees Plan liability in 2020 was 7.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net positions of the General Employees Fund were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The discount rate used to measure the TRA pension liability was 7.50%. There was no change since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contribution will be made at the fiscal year 2020 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

NOTE 7 DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLANS (CONTINUED)

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for all plans it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	 Decrease in		Current		Increase in
Description	 scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate	Dis	scount Rate
General Employees Plan Discount Rate	 6.50%		7.50%		8.50%
District's Proportionate Share of the					
General Employees Plan Net					
Pension Liability	\$ 3,161,242	\$	1,972,505	\$	991,893
TRA Discount Rate	6.50%		7.50%		8.50%
District's Proportionate Share of the					
TRA Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,236,126	\$	9,951,817	\$	5,597,813

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Detailed information about TRA's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org; by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive #400, St. Paul, Minnesota, 55103-2088; or by calling (651) 296-2409 or 1-800-657-3669.

I. Defined Contribution Plan

The District provides eligible employees future retirement benefits through the District's 403(b) Plan (the Plan). Employees of the District are eligible to participate in the Plan commencing on the date of their employment. Eligible employees may elect to have a percentage of their pay contributed to the Plan. Some employees are eligible to receive a District match of employee contributions up to the qualifying amounts set forth in their respective collective bargaining agreements. Contributions are invested in tax deferred annuities selected and owned by Plan participants. The District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019 are \$132,000, \$129,100, and \$128,350, respectively. The related employee contributions were \$247,338, \$230,569, and \$242,788, for the years ended June 30, 2021, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

A. Plan Description

The District operates a single-employer postemployment defined benefit plan (the Plan) that provides health and dental insurance to eligible employees and their spouses through the District's health insurance plan. There are 217 active participants and 13 retired participants. Benefit and eligibility provisions are established through negotiations between the District and various unions representing District employees and are renegotiated each two-year bargaining period. The Plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

B. Funding Policy

The District does not have assets accumulated in a trust to pay for OPEB related costs. Contribution requirements are negotiated between the District and union representatives. The District contributes \$150 per month or \$250 per month, with 25 years of service and 34 years of teaching, of the cost of current-year premiums for eligible retired plan members and their spouses. For fiscal year 2021, the District contributed \$83,041 to the plan.

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The District's OPEB liability was measured as of July 1, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

The total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020, using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.50%
Salary Increases 3.00%
20-Year Municipal Bond Yield 2.40%
Health Care Trend Rates 6.50% Decreasing to 5.00% Over 5 Years and then to 4.00% Over 48 Years

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2020 valuation included a salary scale similar to the table used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The rates for teachers, principals and the superintendent are based on the Teacher Retirement Association of Minnesota actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2014 and a study of economic assumptions dated November 2017. The rates for other employees are based on the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota most recent six-year experience study for the General Employees Plan completed in 2015 and a review of the inflation assumption dated September 11, 2017. The retirement and withdrawal assumptions used to value GASB 75 liabilities are similar to those used to value pension liabilities for Minnesota school district employees. The rates are based on the Teacher Retirement Association of Minnesota actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2014.

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 2.40%. The discount rate is based on the estimated yield of 20-year AA-rated bonds.

Since the most recent GASB Statement No. 75 Other Postemployment Benefits valuation, the following changes have been made:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

C. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions (Continued)

- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.10% to 2.40%.

D. Changes in the OPEB Liability

The following table shows the components of the changes in the District's OPEB liability:

	Т	otal OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	1,354,207
Changes for the Year:		
Service Cost		81,462
Interest Cost		42,968
Differences Between Expected and		
Actual Experience		(203,176)
Assumption Changes		(20,154)
Benefit Payments		(99,944)
Net Changes for the Year		(198,844)
Balances at June 30, 2021	<u>\$</u>	1,155,363

E. OPEB Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the OPEB liability if the District, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(1.4%)	(2.4%)	(3.4%)
Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,222,075	\$ 1,155,363	\$ 1,089,462

The following presents the OPEB liability of the Districts, as well as what the District's OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

E. OPEB Liability Sensitivity (Continued)

1% point lower (5.50% decreasing to 4.00% over 5 years and then 3.00%) or 1% point higher (7.50% decreasing to 6.00% over 5 years and then 5.00%) than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	Healthcare Cost			
	Current Trend			
1% Decrease	Rates	1% Increase		
(5.50%	(6.50%	(7.50%		
Decreasing to	Decreasing to	Decreasing to		
4.00% over	5.00% over	6.00% over		
5 Years and	5 Years and	5 Years and		
then 3.00%)	then 4.00%)	then 5.00%)		
\$ 1,062,942	\$ 1,155,363	\$ 1,266,220		

Net OPEB Liability (Asset)

F. OPEB Liability Costs

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$53,765. At June 30, 2021, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	O	utflows of	Ir	nflows of
Description	R	esources	R	esources
Difference Between Expected and Actual Experience	\$	-	\$	329,596
Change of Assumptions		18,747		31,863
Net Difference Between Projected and Actual				
Investment Earnings		-		-
Contributions Between Measurement Date				
and Reporting Date		83,041		-
Total	\$	101,788	\$	361,459

At June 30, 2020, the District reported \$83,041 of deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2022.

NOTE 8 OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (CONTINUED)

F. OPEB Liability Costs (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	ſ	- uture
Year Ending June 30,	Re	cognition
2022	\$	(70,663)
2023		(70,663)
2024		(70,663)
2025		(70,663)
2026		(28, 155)
Thereafter		(31,905)
Total	\$	(342,712)

NOTE 9 RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters and workers compensation. The District purchases commercial insurance coverage for such risks.

There has been no significant reduction in insurance coverage from the previous year in any of the District's policies. In addition, there have been no settlements in excess of the District's insurance coverage in any of the prior three years.

NOTE 10 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Receivables

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable fund. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 11 JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATION

The District is a member of the Little Crow Special Education Cooperative. The Little Crow Special Education Cooperative was established for the primary objective to provide specialized services for special education students, as defined by state law, and to provide other programs and services as approved by the Joint Powers Governing Board. The Cooperative was established by 13 separate member districts. Each member district shares in the cost of the programming, which is paid to the education district in the form of membership fees, reimbursements and other charges for services. The education district is able to recover the cost of its programs through the previously mentioned revenue sources.

NOTE 12 RESTATEMENT OF BEGINNING NET POSITION

The District restated beginning fund balance of the General Fund and net position of governmental activities due to accounts payable and expenditures being overstated in the previous year in the amount of \$390,533, so fund balance and net position was understated in the same amount.

Description	Governmental Activities	General Fund
Net Position/Fund Balance, June 30, 2020, as Previously Reported	\$ (3,756,129)	\$ 5,075,305
Affect of Restatement	390,553	390,553
Net Position/Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as Restated	\$ (3,365,576)	\$ 5,465,858



GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS JUNE 30, 2021

Measurement Date:	Jı	uly 1, 2020	Jı	uly 1, 2019	J	uly 1, 2018	Jı	uly 1, 2017
Total OPEB Liability								
Service Cost	\$	81,462	\$	88,658	\$	80,751	\$	88,740
Interest		42,968		46,320		53,264		51,497
Changes of Benefit Terms		-		-		-		-
Differences Between Expected and Actual								
Experience		(203,176)		-		(272,029)		-
Changes of Assumptions		(20,154)		26,246		(25,529)		-
Benefit Payments		(99,944)		(82,881)		(92,116)		(68,613)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability		(198,844)		78,343		(255,659)		71,624
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning		1,354,207		1,275,864		1,531,523		1,459,899
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$	1,155,363	\$	1,354,207	\$	1,275,864	\$	1,531,523
Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	9,971,236	\$	9,733,906	\$	9,450,394	\$	9,373,030
District's Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll		11.6%		13.9%		13.5%		16.3%

NOTE: The District implemented GASB Statement No. 75 in fiscal year 2018, and the above table will be expanded to 10 years of information as the information becomes available.

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

			Meas	ure	ment Date Jun	e 30),		
	2020	2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	2014
PERA - General Employees Fund District's Proportion of the Net Pension		_	_						
Liability District's Proportionate Share	0.0329%	0.0321%	0.0329%		0.0335%		0.0348%	0.0358%	0.0368%
of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net	\$ 1,972,505	\$ 1,774,737	\$ 1,825,157	\$	2,138,618	\$	2,825,587	\$ 1,855,342	\$ 1,728,680
Pension Liability Associated with District	60,799	55,164	59,905		26,925		36,951	-	-
Total	\$ 2,033,304	\$ 1,829,901	\$ 1,885,062	\$	2,165,543	\$	2,862,538	\$ 1,855,342	\$ 1,728,680
District's Covered Payroll District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage	\$ 2,308,613	\$ 2,282,133	\$ 2,197,067	\$	2,179,539	\$	2,174,745	\$ 2,142,717	\$ 1,933,600
of its Covered Payroll Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension	85.44%	77.77%	83.07%		98.12%		129.93%	86.59%	89.40%
Liability	79.06%	80.20%	79.45%		75.90%		68.90%	78.20%	78.20%
			Meas	ure	ment Date Jun	e 30),		
	2020	 2019	2018		2017		2016	2015	 2014
TRA District's Proportion of the Net Pension									
Liability District's Proportionate Share	0.1347%	0.1386%	0.1363%		0.1363%		0.1336%	0.1322%	0.1480%
of the Net Pension Liability State's Proportionate Share of the Net	\$ 9,951,817	\$ 8,834,393	\$ 8,558,346	\$	27,207,953	\$	31,866,788	\$ 8,177,877	\$ 6,819,733
Pension Liability Associated with District	834,058	781,995	804,291		2,630,533		3,198,377	1,002,989	479,724
Total	\$ 10,785,875	\$ 9,616,388	\$ 9,362,637	\$	29,838,486	\$	35,065,165	\$ 9,180,866	\$ 7,299,457
District's Covered Payroll District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage	\$ 7,817,816	\$ 7,957,354	\$ 7,618,773	\$	7,159,960	\$	7,399,129	\$ 7,211,486	\$ 6,788,143
of its Covered Payroll	127.30%	111.02%	112.33%		380.00%		430.68%	113.40%	100.47%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension									

NOTE: Information is presented prospectively, and an accumulation of ten years will be provided.

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year Ending June 30,												
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
PERA - General Employees Fund Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ 182,756 (182,756) \$ -	\$ 173,146 (173,146) \$ -	\$ 171,160 (171,160) \$ -	\$ 164,780 (164,780) \$ -	\$ 160,741 (160,741) \$ -	\$ 157,669 (157,669) \$ -	\$ 155,347 (155,347) \$ -	\$ 140,186 (140,186) \$ -					
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 2,436,747	\$ 2,308,613	\$ 2,282,133	\$ 2,197,067	\$ 2,179,539	\$ 2,174,745	\$ 2,142,717	\$ 1,933,600					
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.50%	7.38%	7.25%	7.25%	7.25%					
			Fiscal	Year Ending Ju	ne 30,								
	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014					
TRA Statutorily Required Contribution Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily	\$ 667,606	\$ 619,171	\$ 613,512	\$ 571,408	\$ 536,997	\$ 517,939	\$ 504,804	\$ 475,170					
Required Contribution	(667,606)	(619,171)	(613,512)	(571,408)	(536,997)	(517,939)	(504,804)	(475,170)					
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
District's Covered Payroll	\$ 8,211,636	\$ 7,817,816	\$ 7,957,354	\$ 7,618,773	\$ 7,159,960	\$ 7,399,129	\$ 7,211,486	\$ 6,788,143					
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	8.13%	7.92%	7.71%	7.50%	7.50%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%					

NOTE: Information is presented prospectively, and an accumulation of ten years will be provided.

NOTE 1 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT OPEB PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

Since the most recent GASB Statement No. 45 Other Postemployment Benefits valuation, the following changes have been made:

2021

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and longterm medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2019 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates were changed from a flat 3.00% per year for all employees to rates which vary by service and contract group.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.10% to 2.40%.

<u> 2020</u>

The discount rate was changed from 3.50% to 3.10%.

2019

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2015 Generational Improvement Scale to the RP-2014 White Collar Mortality Tables with MP-2017 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.40% to 3.50%.
- The percentage of future retirees not eligible for a subsidy who are assumed to continue on one of the District's medical plans postemployment was reduced from 30% to 25%.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Public Employees Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2020 (Continued)

- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.
- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreased from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase was changed from 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.25% per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00% to 3.00%, beginning July 1, 2018.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2018 (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions (Continued)

- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00% per year with a provision to increase to 2.50% upon attainment of 90.00% funding ratio to 50.00% of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00% and not more than 1.50% beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00%, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.

<u> 2017</u>

Changes in Actuarial Assumption

- The Combined Service Annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.8% for active members and 60% for vested and nonvested deferred members. The revised CSA loads are now 0.0% for active member liability, 15.0% for vested deferred member liability and 3.0% for nonvested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.0% per year for all years to 1.0% per year through 2044 and 2.5 % per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all future years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study dated June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Actuarial Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2015

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00% per year through 2035 and 2.50% per year thereafter to 1.00% per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90% to 7.50%. The single discount rate changed from 7.90% to 7.50%.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25% to 3.25% for payroll growth and 2.50% for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

The following changes were reflected in the valuation performed on behalf of the Teachers Retirement Association for the year ended June 30:

2020

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- Assumed termination rates were changed to more closely reflect actual experience.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back 5 years and female rates set back 7 years.
- Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale. Assumed form of annuity election proportions were changed to more closely reflect actual experience for female retirees.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2019

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.5% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The wage inflation assumption (above price inflation) was reduced from 0.75% to 0.35% for the next 10 years, and 0.75% thereafter.
- The total salary increase assumption was adjusted by the wage inflation change.
- The amortization date for the funding of the Unfunded Actuarial Accrual Liability (UAAL) was reset to June 30, 2048 (30 years).
- The mechanism in the law that provided the TRA Board with some authority is set contribution rates was eliminated.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 4 years, (7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2017

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- Adjustment were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5%, but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

Changes in Plan Provisions

There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was not assumed to increase (it remained at 2.0% for all future years).
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3.0% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes at some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back 6 years, and female rates set back 5 years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The postretirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 while collar annuitant table, male rates set back 3 years and female rates set back 3 years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustments.
- Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989 were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional forms of payment at retirement were made.

NOTE 2 CHANGES IN SIGNIFICANT PENSION PLAN PROVISIONS, ACTUARIAL METHODS, AND ASSUMPTIONS (CONTINUED)

2016 (Continued)

Changes in Plan Provisions

• There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2037.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.25% to 8.0%.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 The Duluth Teachers Retirement Fund Association was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015. This also resulted in a state-provided contribution stream of \$14.377 million until the System becomes fully funded.

2014

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

 The cost of living adjustment was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually once the legally specified criteria was met. This was estimated to occur July 1, 2031.

Changes in Plan Provisions

 The increase in the postretirement benefit adjustment (COLA) will be made once the System is 90% funded (on a market value basis) in two consecutive years, rather than just one year.

SINGLE AUDIT AND OTHE	R REQUIRED REPORTS	



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Independent School District No. 2859 Glencoe, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 2859 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-001 and 2021-002 that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Finding

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Austin, Minnesota September 20, 2021



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Independent School District No. 2859 Glencoe, Minnesota

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Independent School District No. 2859's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. Independent School District No. 2859's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Independent School District No. 2859's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Clifton Larson Allen LLP

Austin, Minnesota September 20, 2021

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Number Number Expenditure Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture Passed Through Minnesota Department of Agriculture Number			Assistance Listing	Agency or Pass-Through		deral		Thro	assed ough to
Passed Through Minnesola Department of Agriculture	Grantor/Program		Number	Number	 Exper	nditures		Subre	ecipients
National Stohol Lurch Program # 10.555 1-2859-000 \$ 50.323 \$ - Cash Assistance: Special Milk Program for Children # 10.556 1-2859-000 772.491 - Table Cash Assistance: Special Milk Program for Children # 10.559 1-2859-000 772.491 - Table Cash Assistance # 10.649 1-2859-000 1.008 - Table U.S. Department of Agriculture # 10.559 1-2859-000 1.008 - Table U.S. Department of Agriculture # 10.649 1-2859-000 1.008									
National School Lunch Program									
Cash Assistance: Special Milk Program for Children	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					_		_	
Special Milk Program for Children # 10.556 1.2859-000 1.088 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.2859-000 1.008 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.2859-0000 1.285	National School Lunch Program	#	10.555	1-2859-000		\$	50,323	\$	-
Summer Food Service Program for Children # 10.559 1-2859-000 772,491 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster 778,5559 - Children Food Service Program for Children # 10.559 1-2859-000 1.036 - Children Food Service Program for Children Food Service Program for Child Nutrition Cluster 778,892 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 425.170 - Costs Assistance: COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250.000 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 17 Relief Reli	Cash Assistance:								
Summer Food Service Program for Children # 10.559 1-2859-000 772,491 - Total Child Nutrition Cluster 778,5559 - Children Food Service Program for Children # 10.559 1-2859-000 1.036 - Children Food Service Program for Children Food Service Program for Child Nutrition Cluster 778,892 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10.649 1-2859-000 1.0368 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 425.170 - Costs Assistance: COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250.000 - COVID-19 Cornavirus Relief Fund 17 Relief Reli	Special Milk Program for Children	#	10.556	1-2859-000			1,068		-
Total Child Nutrition Cluster 778,852	· -	#	10.559						-
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10,649 1-2859-000 1,008	<u> </u>								-
COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs 10,649 1-2859-000 1,008									
U.S. Department of Treasury Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 425.170 Passed Through MicLeod County. Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 Passed Through MicLeod County. Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130.028 Passed Through City of Glencoe: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250.000 Passed Through City of Glencoe: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 31.019 N/A 250.000 Passed Through Minnesota Department of Treasury U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I, Part C - Mignant Education State Grant Program Perkins Basic State Grants Title II, Part C - Mignant Education State Grant Program Perkins Basic State Grants Title III - English Language Acq Grants Assistance: Britchen Frogram Perkins Basic State Grants Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality Assistance: Britchen Frogram B	Total Child Nutrition Cluster						778,882		
U.S. Department of Treasury	COVID-19 Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs		10.649	1-2859-000			1,008		
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Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 425,170 -	U.S. Department of Treasury								
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Passed Through McLeod County: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130,028 - Passed Through City of Glencoe: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250,000 - Total U.S. Department of Treasury 805,198 - U.S. Department of Treasury 805,198 - U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 11tle I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 11tle II, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 11tle II, Part A - Grants to Local Education State Grant Program 84.011 4706 77,770 1014 1706 77,770 11tle III, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.365 11tle II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 11tle II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 11tle II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 11tle II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.424 1000024 11tle IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 1000024 10000024 11tle IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.425 10000024 100000000000000000000000000000	Cash Assistance:								
Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 130,028 - Passed Through City of Glencoe: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250,000 - Total U.S. Department of Treasury 805,198 - U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: Cash Assistance: Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program 11tle I, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program 11tle II, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program 11tle III - English Language Acq Grants 11tle III - English Language Acq Grants 11tle III - Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 11tle IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 18.4.24 COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 18.4.425 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 246,802 Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States 8.4.027 8.4.027 8.4.030 8.4.037 8.3.0991-000 145,376 - Total Special Education Ciuster Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 - Total U.S. Department of Education - COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School	COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund		21.019	N/A			425,170		-
Passed Through City of Glencoe: Cash Assistance: COVID-19 Coronavirus Relief Fund 21.019 N/A 250,000 - Total U.S. Department of Treasury 805,198 - U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 \$010A160023A 228,623 - Title I, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program 84.011 4706 77,770 - Perkins Basic State Grants 84.048									
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Passed Through Minnesota Department of Education: Cash Assistance: Title I, Part A - Grants to Local Educational Agencies 84.010 S010A160023A 228,623 - Title I, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program 84.011 4706 77,770 - Perkins Basic State Grants 84.048 © 10,343 - Title III - English Language Acq Grants 84.365 S365A200023A 21,863 - Title III, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.365 S365A200023A 21,863 - Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 S42400024 4,889 - COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 84.425C S425C200015 \$ 22,876 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D S425D20045 186,770 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D S425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D S425D210045 37,156 Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States 8 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive 8 84.173 83-0991-000 145,376 - Total Special Education Cluster - Total U.S. Department of Education	U.S. Department of Education								
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Perkins Basic State Grants 84.048 @ 10,343 - Title III - English Language Acq Grants 84.365 \$365A200023A 21,863 - Title IIV, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 \$367A200022 41,147 - Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 \$424A200024 4,889 - COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 84.425C \$425C200015 \$ 22,876 \$22,876 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D200045 186,770 \$46,802 - COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 \$46,802 - Total Education Stabilization Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 \$46,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: \$84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Grants to States \$84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total U.S. Department of Educa	Title I, Part C - Migrant Education State Grant Program		84.011	4706			77,770		-
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 \$367A200022 41,147 - Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 \$424A200024 4,889 - COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 84.425C \$425C200015 \$ 22,876 \$ 22,876 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D200045 186,770 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund \$ 44.425D \$425D210045 37,156 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: \$ 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Grants to States \$ 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 48.4173 83-0991-000 778,967 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -	-		84.048	@			10,343		-
Title II, Part A - Improving Teacher Quality 84.367 \$367A200022 41,147 - Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 \$424A200024 4,889 - COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 84.425C \$425C200015 \$ 22,876 \$ 22,876 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D200045 186,770 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund \$ 44.425D \$425D210045 37,156 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: \$ 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Grants to States \$ 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 48.4173 83-0991-000 778,967 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -	Title III - English Language Acq Grants		84.365	S365A200023A			21,863		-
Title IV, Part A – Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program 84.424 \$424A200024 4,889 - COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER I and II) Fund 84.425C \$425C200015 \$ 22,876 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D200045 186,770 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: \$ 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Grants to States \$ 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -			84.367						-
Enrichment Program							ŕ		
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COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School	COVID-19 Governor's Emergency Education								
Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D200045 186,770 COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund \$4.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: \$84.027 \$83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Grants to States \$84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster \$84.173 \$83-0991-000 2,154 - Total U.S. Department of Education \$778,967 -	Relief (GEER I and II) Fund		84.425C	S425C200015	\$ 22,876				
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D \$425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States 8 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive 8 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -	COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School								
Emergency Relief (ESSER I and II) Fund 84.425D S425D210045 37,156 Total Education Stabilization Fund 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States 8 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive 8 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -			84.425D	S425D200045	186,770				
Total Education Stabilization Fund 246,802 - Passed Through SW/WC Service Cooperative #991: Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States 8 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive 8 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -			_						
Cash Assistance: Special Education - Grants to States & 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive & 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -			84.425D	S425D210045	 37,156		246,802		-
Special Education - Grants to States & 84.027 83-0991-000 145,376 - Special Education - Preschool Incentive & 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Special Education - Preschool Incentive & 84.173 83-0991-000 2,154 - Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -		0	04.007	02 0004 000			4.45.070		
Total Special Education Cluster 147,530 - Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967 -							,		-
Total U.S. Department of Education 778,967	·	Ŏ.	84.173	83-U991-UUU		-			-
	i otal Special Education Cluster						147,530		
Total Federal Financial Assistance Expended \$ 2,364,055 \$ -	Total U.S. Department of Education						778,967		-
	Total Federal Financial Assistance Expended					\$	2,364,055	\$	

^{# -} Child Nutrition Cluster

[&]amp; - Special Education Cluster

^{@ -} Unknown Agency or Pass-Through Number

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 GENERAL

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards presents the expenditures of all federal financial assistance programs of Independent School District No. 2859. The reporting entity is defined in Note 1 to the financial statements. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of 2 CFR Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Independent School District No. 2859, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Independent School District No. 2859. The District did not pass amounts to subrecipients.

NOTE 2 BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented using the modified accrual basis of accounting, which is described in Note 1 to the Independent School District No. 2859's financial statements. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance for all awards with the exception of CFDA 21.019, which follows criteria determined by the Department of Treasury for allowability of costs. Under these principles, certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON MINNESOTA LEGAL COMPLIANCE

Board of Education Independent School District No. 2859 Glencoe, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 2859, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 20, 2021.

In connection with our audit, we noted that Independent School District No. 2859 failed to comply with provisions of the contracting and bidding of *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, in so far as they relate to accounting matters as described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2021-003. Also, in connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that Independent School District No. 2859 failed to comply with the provisions of the deposits and investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. § 6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters,. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above-referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

Independent School District No. 2859's written response to the legal compliance finding identified in our audit are described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. Independent School District No. 2859's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance relating to the provisions of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts* and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

lifton Larson Allen LLP

Austin, Minnesota September 20, 2021

PART I: SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Fina	ancial Statements					
1.	Type of auditors' report issued:	Unmodified				
2.	Internal control over financial reporting:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?	x yesno				
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yesx none report	ed			
3.	Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yesxno				
Fed	eral Awards					
1.	Internal control over major federal programs:					
	Material weakness(es) identified?	yesxno				
	 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)? 	yes <u>x</u> none report	tec			
2.	Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs:	Unmodified				
3.	Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	yesxno				
Identif	fication of Major Federal Programs					
	Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
	21.019 84.425C, 84.425D	Coronavirus Relief Fund Education Stabilization Fund				
Dollar	threshold used to distinguish between					
Type A and Type B programs:		\$ 750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee pursuant to Uniform Guidance?		yesxno				

PART II: FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

FINDING: 2021-001 ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORTING UNDER GENERALLY ACCEPTED

ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (GAAP)

Condition: The District has a control in place for the review of the drafted financial

statements. However, the District does not have the expertise to ensure all disclosures required by generally accepted accounting principles are included in

the annual financial statements.

Criteria: The District must be able to prevent or detect the omission of a material

disclosure in the annual financial statements.

Effect: The potential exists that a material disclosure could be omitted from the financial

statements and not be prevented or detected by the District's controls.

Cause: The District relies on the audit firm to prepare the annual financial statements

and related footnote disclosures. However, management has reviewed and approved the annual financial statements and the related footnote disclosures.

Repeat Finding: Yes, see finding 2020-001.

Recommendation: The District should continue to evaluate its internal staff and expertise to

determine if an internal control policy over the annual financial reporting is

beneficial.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Contact Person

Michelle Sander, Business Manager

Corrective Action Planned

A corrective action plan is in place.

Anticipated Completion Date

June 30, 2022

PART II: FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED):

FINDING: 2021-002 RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION DUE TO

MATERIAL PRIOR PERIOD ERROR

Condition: A construction-related contracts payable was paid but not reversed out of

payables in fiscal year 2020. This resulted in contracts payable and expenditures being overstated and fund balance being understated in the amount of \$390,553 for the prior year. Therefore, the District's General Fund's fund balance and the net position of governmental activities was restated to reflect the proper reversal

of the related payable.

Criteria: The District should have sufficient internal controls in place, including formal

review procedures, to ensure contracts payable are properly stated each year.

Effect: The design of internal controls and procedures related to construction-related

contracts payable may limit the District's ability to detect or prevent a

misstatement of the financial statements.

Cause: The District's usual controls that are in place did not detect and correct the error

timely. This was due to this being an isolated instance of a payable that was recoded to the general fund from the capital projects fund after the contractor went over the contracted budget amounts. Also, during this recoding to the general fund, it was recoded to the automated accounts payable code that usually automatically reverses when paid, instead of the District's manual account payable code. Finally, this payable was unique due to the contractor allowing it to be paid over two years, as they went over the contract budget, and then the general ledger software properly reversed the first payment against the

payable but not the second payment.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: The District should put in place procedures and internal controls, such as a

review of the year end contracts payable and reconciliation to detailed accounts

payable listings, to ensure contracts payable is properly stated.

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Contact Person

Michelle Sander, Business Manager

PART II: FINDINGS RELATED TO THE GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED):

FINDING: 2021-002 RESTATEMENT OF FUND BALANCE AND NET POSITION DUE TO MATERIAL PRIOR PERIOD ERROR (CONTINUED)

Corrective Action Planned

The related payable was properly reversed out of the system for the June 30, 2021 financial statements, and a review process, including reconciliation of payables per the general ledger to detailed listings, has been implemented.

Anticipated Completion Date

June 30, 2021

PART III: FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS

None noted

PART IV: FINDINGS - MN LEGAL COMPLIANCE FINDINGS

FINDING: 2021-003 RESPONSIBLE CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENT

Condition: During the audit of the District, it was noted that the District did not properly

obtain a signed verification of compliance with Minnesota Statute §16C.25,

subdivision 3 for a contract.

Criteria: Minnesota Statute §16C.25, subdivision 3 requires that, for each construction

contract in excess of \$50,000, contractors must submit a verification of compliance form signed under oath by an owner or officer of the contracting entity stating that they are in compliance with state statutes prior to the District

working with that contractor.

Effect: The District was not in compliance with this statute.

Cause: The contract was less than the \$175,000 sealed bid threshold, and the District

thought this requirement only applies to sealed bids.

Repeat Finding: No.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District review their processes and procedures for

obtaining the verification of compliance document from contractors prior to working with them and ensure they are properly filled out and submitted as part

of their contracting process.

PART IV: FINDINGS - MN LEGAL COMPLIANCE FINDINGS (CONTINUED)

FINDING: 2021-003 RESPONSIBLE CONTRACTOR REQUIREMENT (CONTINUED)

VIEWS OF RESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS AND PLANNED CORRECTIVE ACTIONS:

Contact Person

Michelle Sander, Business Manager

Corrective Action Planned

A corrective action plan is in place to ensure these forms are properly obtained for each construction contract in excess of \$50,000.

Anticipated Completion Date

June 30, 2022

GLENCOE-SILVER LAKE PUBLIC SCHOOLS INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 2859 UNIFORM FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING STANDARDS COMPLIANCE TABLE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	AUDIT	UFARS	DIFFERENCE		AUDIT	UFARS	DIFFERENCE
01 GENERAL FUND				06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	_		
Total Revenue	\$ 19,867,582	\$ 19,867,582	\$ -	Total Revenue	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Expenditures	19,868,821	19,868,821	_	Total Expenditures			
Nonspendable:				Nonspendable:			
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance				460 Nonspendable Fund Balance			
Restricted:				Restricted:			
401 Student Activities	90,299	90,299		407 Capital Projects Levy			
403 Staff Development	132,866	132,866		409 Alternative Facility Program 413 Projects Funded by COP			
407 Capital Project Levy 408 Cooperative Programs	<u>_</u>			464 Restricted Fund Balance			
413 Projects Funded by COP				Unassigned:			
414 Operating Debt				463 Unassigned Fund Balance	_	_	_
416 Levy Reduction				- 400 Chassighed Fund Balance			
417 Taconite Building Maintenance				07 DEBT SERVICE			
424 Operating Capital	553,058	553,058	-	Total Revenue	1,562,539	1,562,539	-
426 \$25 Taconite		-		Total Expenditures	1,539,988	1,539,988	
427 Disabled Accessibility			-	Nonspendable:			
428 Learning and Development		-		460 Nonspendable Fund Balance			
434 Area Learning Center				Restricted:			
435 Contracted Alternative Programs				425 Bond Refunding			
436 State-Approved Alternative Programs				451 QZAB and QSCB Payments			
438 Gifted and Talented	22,114	22,114		464 Restricted Fund Balance	320,748	320,748	
440 Teacher Development and Evaluations	6,684	6,684		Unassigned:			
441 Basic Skills Programs				463 Unassigned Fund Balance			
445 Career and Technical Programs				•			
448 Achievement and Integration				08 TRUST	_		
449 Safe Schools Crime Levy	80,913	80,913		Total Revenue			
451 QZAB Payments				Total Expenditures			
452 OPEB Liability Not Held in Trust				Net Position:			
453 Unfunded Severance & Retirement Levy	- 044.070	044.070		464 Net Position			
467 LTFM	344,970	344,970					
464 Restricted Fund Balance				18 CUSTODIAL	40.405	10.404	4
Committed:				Total Revenue	10,425 13,950	10,424 13,950	
418 Committed for Separation 461 Committed Fund Balance				Total Expenditures Net Position:	13,930	13,930	
Assigned:				401 Student Activities			
462 Assigned Fund Balance	400,000	400,000	_	402 Scholarships	916,600	916,599	
Unassigned:	400,000	400,000		448 Achievement and Integration	310,000	310,533	
422 Unassigned Fund Balance	4,009,661	4,009,661	_	464 Restricted Fund Balance			
422 Official full Bularios	4,000,001	4,000,001		104 Restricted Faila Balarice			
02 FOOD SERVICE				20 INTERNAL SERVICE			
Total Revenue	899,250	899,250	-	Total Revenue	-	-	-
Total Expenditures	936,988	936,987	1	Total Expenditures	-		
Nonspendable:				Net Position:			
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance	25,744	25,744		422 Net Position	<u>-</u> _		
Restricted:							
452 OPEB Liability Not Held in Trust				25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST	_		
464 Restricted Fund Balance	240,914	240,915	(1)	Total Revenue			
Unassigned:				Total Expenditures			
463 Unassigned Fund Balance				Net Position:			
				422 Net Position			
04 COMMUNITY SERVICE							
Total Revenue	829,635	829,637	(2)		_		
Total Expenditures	748,643	748,643		Total Revenue			
Nonspendable:				Total Expenditures			
460 Nonspendable Fund Balance				Net Position:			
Restricted:				422 Net Position			
426 \$25 Taconite 431 Community Education	431,416	431,416		47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE			
•					_		
432 E.C.F.E. 440 Teacher Development and Evaluations	5,420	5,420		Total Revenue Total Expenditures			
444 School Readiness	* (42,005)	(42,005)		Nonspendable:			
444 School Readiness 447 Adult Basic Education	(42,005)	(42,005)		. 460 Nonspendable Fund Balance			
452 OPEB Liability Not Held in Trust				Restricted:		<u>-</u>	
464 Restricted Fund Balance	658	658		425 Bond Refunding	_	_	_
Unassigned:	030	038		464 Restricted Fund Balance			
463 Unassigned Fund Balance	* -	_	-	Unassigned:			
				463 Unassigned Fund Balance	-	-	-

