CHAPTER 415

TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH

IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE



ADOPTED JANUARY 02, 2002; EFFECTIVE JANUARY 03, 2002 AMENDED MARCH 3, 2003; UPDATED FEBRUARY 01, 2020 UPDATED JULY 17, 2024

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CHAPTER 415 TOWN OF SCARBOROUGH DEVELOPMENT IMPACT FEE ORDINANCE

SECTION 1. IMPACT FEE GENERAL PROVISIONS

A. Authority.

This ordinance is enacted pursuant to the authority of 30-A M.R.S.A. § 4354 and 30-A M.R.S.A. § 3001.

B. Purpose.

The Scarborough Town Council, has determined that new development creates demands on municipal government to provide new public facilities and to expand, improve or replace existing public facilities. The Town Council concludes that in order to provide an equitable source of funding for such new, expanded, improved or replacement facilities, it is appropriate to establish a program of development impact fees and to charge a proportionate share of the costs of new, expanded, improved or replacement facilities to the developers and/or occupants of the developments which make the new, expanded, improved or replacement infrastructure necessary.

C. Definitions.

Unless otherwise defined in this ordinance, terms used in this ordinance shall have the same meanings as defined terms in Chapter 405, Zoning Ordinance of the Town of Scarborough, Maine.

D. Use of Impact Fees.

Impact fees collected by the Town pursuant to this ordinance may be used only for financing facility improvements which the Town Council has determined are made necessary by new development. The Town Council has determined that fees imposed by schedules in subsequent sections of this ordinance are reasonably related to the demands created by new development and are reasonably related to the portion or percentage of existing infrastructure used by new development. Impact fees collected pursuant to this ordinance shall be used exclusively for capital improvements, and shall not be used for operational expenses. The Town of Scarborough shall expend funds collected from impact fees solely for the purposes for which they were collected.

E. Segregation of Impact Fees from General Revenues.

Impact fees collected pursuant to this ordinance shall be maintained by the Town Treasurer in a separate impact fee account and shall be segregated from the Town's general revenues. The Town Treasurer shall deposit impact fees in special non-lapsing accounts dedicated for funding of the improvements for which the fee is collected.

F. Collection of Impact Fees.

The Code Enforcement Officer of the Town of Scarborough shall not issue any building permit required under the Zoning Ordinance until the applicant has paid any impact fees required by this ordinance. Upon collecting such impact fee, the Code Enforcement Officer shall remit the funds to the Town Treasurer who shall deposit the funds as required in Section E above. The Code Enforcement Officer shall make a record of the name and mailing address of the applicant paying the impact fee, the tax map and lot numbers of the property for which the impact fee is collected, the amount collected, and the date the impact fee is received, and shall maintain such record in the files relating to the property for which the impact fee was paid.

G. Refund of Unused Impact Fees.

Impact fees collected pursuant to this ordinance shall be utilized by the Town according to the schedules specified in subsequent sections of this ordinance for the completion of specific capital improvements, but in no event later than ten years after the date upon which the impact fee was collected. Any impact fees which are not so utilized and any impact fees collected which exceed the Town's actual costs of implementing the infrastructure improvements for which such fees were collected may be refunded. The process for requesting refunds is outlined in each subsequent impact fee section.

H. Amendment of Fees.

The impact fees established in this ordinance are based upon the Town Council's best estimates of the costs of the construction of the facilities for which the fees are collected and, where appropriate, upon estimates of state and/or federal funding contributions. The Council may, by amendments to this ordinance, change the amounts of the impact fees from time to time as warranted by new information or changed circumstances.

I. Inflation Adjustment.

The School and Recreation impact fees established by the Town Council in this ordinance shall be adjusted annually by the Town Treasurer to account for inflation. Commencing on February 1, 2003 and on each February 1st thereafter, the Treasurer shall increase each impact fee by the dollar amount (rounded to the nearest ten dollar increment) obtained by multiplying the amount of the fee then-in-effect by the inflation rate. As used in this paragraph, the term "inflation rate" means the percentage increase, if any, during the previous calendar year in the Consumer Price Index – All Urban Consumers, Northeast Urban Area, All Items, base period 1982-84 = 100 (not seasonally adjusted) published by the United States Department of Labor Bureau of Labor Statistics. If there has been no such increase, there shall be no adjustment under this paragraph. Each year on February 1st, the Treasurer shall publish a schedule of impact fees adjusted pursuant to this paragraph (the "adjusted impact fees") and provide a copy of such schedule to the Code Enforcement Officer. The adjusted impact fees shall apply to all building permits issued on or after March 5 in the calendar year 2003 and on or after February 1st of each calendar year thereafter, whether or not the applications for building permits were filed prior to such dates.

J. Impact Fee Not Required for Replacement Dwelling Units.

An impact fee shall not be required for:

- 1. the placement or construction on a lot of a dwelling unit which replaces a dwelling unit which was located on the same lot at any time between January 3, 2000 and January 3, 2002;
- 2. the placement on a mobile home park site of a mobile home which replaces a mobile home which was located on the same site at any time between January 3, 2000 and January 3, 2002;
- 3. the placement or construction on a lot of a dwelling unit which replaces a dwelling unit which is or was located on the same lot and for which an impact fee has already been paid under this ordinance; or
- 4. the placement on a mobile home park site of a mobile home which replaces an existing mobile home which is or was located on the same site and for which an impact fee has already been paid under this ordinance.

K. Schedule of Fees.

All impact fee and charges established herein shall be specified in Chapter 311 Schedule of License, Permit and Application Fees established by the Town Council.

L. Severability.

Should any section or provision of this ordinance be determined in a court to be unconstitutional, invalid or unenforceable, such determination shall not affect the validity of any other portion of the ordinance or of the remainder of the ordinance as a whole.

SECTION II. SCHOOL IMPACT FEES

A. Use of School Impact Fees.

The fees collected under this section of this ordinance shall be used to fund one or more of those projects identified in the major capital improvement applications submitted to the Maine Department of Education, dated July 26, 2001, for the Scarborough Middle School, the Scarborough High School, the Wentworth Intermediate School and the primary schools, the Town Council having determined that a portion of the costs of such school projects is made necessary by the projected increases in enrollment due to anticipated new residential housing construction. Those improvements are scheduled to be completed by January 3, 2012, unless the completion dates are extended by order of the Town Council.

B. Calculation and Collection of School Impact Fees. [Updated 02/26/2020]

Prior to the issuance of a building permit for any new dwelling unit, the Code Enforcement Officer shall collect a school impact fee according to the following schedule:

Type of Dwelling	Amount
Single family dwelling	\$4,630

Two-family dwelling	\$1,770 per unit
Multiplex	\$1,150 per unit
Mobile home in a mobile home park	\$1,150
Affordable housing unit	\$2,330

C. Exemptions.

A school impact fee is not required for a dwelling unit within a development consisting of three or more dwelling units all of which are permanently restricted by recorded deed restriction or covenant and/or regulatory restriction to occupancy by elderly households only. For this purpose, "elderly household" means a household which includes at least one person aged 55 or older and no occupant less than 55 years of age other than a full-time caregiver to or a spouse or companion of the elderly person(s).

D. Impact Fees to Terminate Upon Completion of Projects.

When the school projects identified in Chapter 415, Section II have been completed and all debt incurred in connection therewith has been repaid, the Town Council shall amend this ordinance either by repeal of this chapter, or by amendment of this chapter if circumstances at the time warrant the continuation of school impact fees.

SECTION III. RECREATION IMPACT FEES

A. Use of Recreation Impact Fees.

Impact fees collected under the provisions of this ordinance shall only be used to pay for the expansion or replacement of existing infrastructure facilities and the construction of new infrastructure facilities as identified in the Parks and Facilities Master Plan accepted March 1, 2023, by the Scarborough Town Council. Those improvements are scheduled to be completed by June 30, 2034, unless the completion dates are extended by order of the Town Council. No portion of the fee shall be used for routine maintenance or operation activities.

B. Applicability.

This Ordinance shall apply to the issuance of any building permit for a new residential structure within the Town of Scarborough with the following exceptions:

- 1. This Ordinance shall not apply to the issuance of a building permit for the repair, replacement or reconstruction of a residential structure that was unintentionally damaged or destroyed by fire, flood or other natural disaster, provided the number of dwelling units is not increased.
- 2. This Ordinance shall not apply to additions to residential structures existing at the time of the adoption of this ordinance.

C. Calculation and Collection of Recreation Impact Fees.

The amount of the recreation impact must be reasonably related to the development's share of the cost of infrastructure improvements made necessary by the development or, if the improvements were constructed at municipal expense prior to the development, the fee must be reasonably related to the portion or percentage of the infrastructure used by the development.

The recreation impact shall be based upon the number of bedrooms per residential unit, and shall be based upon the Town's impact fee calculation methodology. This methodology has been adopted by the Town Council and is on file and available for review in the Town Planner's office.

Prior to the issuance of a building permit for any new dwelling unit, the Code Enforcement Officer shall collect a recreation impact fee according to the following schedule:

Type of Dwelling	Amount
Single Family Dwelling	\$400 per bedroom, not to exceed \$1,600
Two-Family Dwelling	\$400 per bedroom, per unit
Multifamily	\$400 per bedroom
Senior Housing Unit	\$400 per bedroom
Affordable Housing Unit	\$400 per bedroom

D. Waiver of Impact Fees.

The Planning Board may, by formal vote following a public hearing, waive the payment of a required Recreation Impact fee, in whole or in part, if it finds that:

- 1. The developer or property owner who would otherwise be responsible for the payment of the impact fee voluntarily agrees to construct an improvement for which the impact fee would be collected, or an equivalent improvement approved by the Planning Board.
- 2. The developer of a subdivision offers to dedicate and/or improve public lands or recreational amenities and the Planning Board finds these public lands or recreational amenities to be of town-wide benefit.

E. Refund of Fees.

- 1. If a building permit or other relevant permit is surrendered or expires without commencement of construction, the developer shall be entitled to a refund, without interest, of the impact fee paid as a condition of its issuance. A request for a refund shall be made in writing to the Town Planner, and shall occur within ninety (90) days of the expiration of the permit.
- 2. If the funds collected annually are not expended or obligated by contract for their intended purpose by the end of the calendar quarter immediately following ten (10) years from the date the fee was paid, the prorated share of the funds shall be returned to the current owner of the

property for which the fee was paid, provided that a request is made in writing to the Town Planner within one hundred eighty (180) days of the expiration of the ten (10) year period.

SECTION IV. RESERVED

SECTION V. ROADWAY IMPACT FEES

A. Roadway Impact Fee Applicability

This ordinance shall apply to all new development seeking subdivision or site plan approval, the expansion of previously approved subdivisions or site plans, all new extractive industry operations, and to any change in use requiring site plan approval, when the proposed development, whether located within or outside of a designated Roadway Impact Fee District generates additional traffic within said district.

B. Roadway Impact Fee Exemptions

The following development and construction shall be exempt from this ordinance:

- 1. Alterations or expansions of an existing building which do not result in the generation of additional vehicle trips.
- 2. Construction of accessory buildings or structures which do not generate additional vehicle trips.
- 3. The replacement of a building or structure destroyed or damaged by fire, flood or natural disaster with a new building or structure of the same size or use which does not generate additional vehicle trips.

C. Roadway Impact Fee Procedures

- 1. Any person who seeks a permit or approval for any development, activity or use described in Section V(A) of this Ordinance is hereby required to pay a road impact fee in the manner and amount set forth in this ordinance.
- 2. Preliminary determinations regarding whether a proposed development will generate traffic within a designated Roadway Impact Fee District shall be made by the Town Planner and the Town's consulting traffic engineer. Actual traffic generation, impacts, and the corresponding fee, shall be determined through a traffic analysis in accordance with Section V(D) of this ordinance, which may accompany a more comprehensive traffic impact study depending on the scope of the development, prepared by a Registered Professional Engineer with significant experience in traffic engineering and to be paid for by the developer. This traffic analysis shall be reviewed and approved by the Town's consulting engineer and shall be incorporated into the review and approval of a development project by the Planning Board, or the Planning and Code Enforcement Department when applicable.

D. Roadway Impact Fee Calculations

A roadway impact fee shall be applied to development projects located in whole or in part within the Town of Scarborough that generate additional traffic within a designated Roadway Impact Fee District. Impact fees are structured to be in proportion to the development project's share of infrastructure costs necessitated by the development and as enabled by Title 30-A M.R.S.A., §4354. The process for impact fee calculation is as follows:

- 1. As per Section V(C) above, a traffic analysis shall be conducted by a Registered Professional Engineer with significant experience in traffic engineering in order to determine the traffic impact, and requisite impact fee total, as measured by additional vehicle trips to be generated by a development project that pass through a designated Roadway Impact Fee District in the P.M. peak commuter hour.
- 2. The impact fee calculation for individual development projects shall use generally accepted standards, such as the most current Institute of Transportation Engineers "Trip Generation" Handbook of traffic generation data or estimates from field measurements or data collected at similar development types, and shall be based on the P.M. peak commuter hour of traffic (between 3:00 and 6:00 PM on a weekday).
- 3. The costs assigned to trips shall be based upon a fee per new trip (a.k.a. primary trip) to be generated by a development project that passes through a designated Roadway Impact Fee District within the P.M. peak commuter hour. All new trips that pass through a designated Roadway Impact Fee District, regardless of whether they pass through the specific intersections, shall be counted as new trips. Other types of traffic associated with a development project, such as the capture of trips passing a site (a.k.a. pass-by trips) or trips in the area that are rerouted (a.k.a. diverted trips) shall not be utilized in the assessment.
- 4. For any development requiring subdivision review, site plan review or other Planning Board review, the Planning Board shall determine the total impact fee for the development calculated pursuant to the specific roadway impact fee district, and then shall establish a payment schedule which apportions the impact fee to component parts of the development based on the estimated trip generation for each component part. Depending on the nature of the development, a component part may be a lot, a building, a dwelling unit (as defined in the Scarborough Zoning Ordinance), a unit of occupancy (as defined in the Scarborough Zoning Ordinance), or some combination thereof. The payment schedule shall specify the portion of the impact fee attributable to each component part and the point during the construction of the development at which the impact fee for each component part must be paid. The payment schedule shall be incorporated into the Planning Board's written approval document and endorsed on any final plan for the development.
- 5. For any development not requiring Planning Board review but requiring the payment of an impact fee under this ordinance, the Town Engineer shall determine the impact fee and payment schedule, pursuant to the specific roadway impact fee district.
- 6. If, after a development has been approved, changes are proposed which would change the trip generation for the development or a component part of the development, then, on the initiative

of the Town or the developer, the impact fee and payment schedule may be recalculated, and such recalculated impact fee and payment schedule shall apply to all subsequent permits issued within the development.

E. Roadway Impact Fee Payment and Credits

Payments. The roadway impact fee amount, as determined in accordance with the specific roadway impact fee district of this ordinance, shall be paid to the Town according to the payment schedule established under Section V(D), except as follows:

1. For an extractive industry project, the impact fee amount shall be paid prior to the release of the attested final plan to the developer for recording at the Cumberland County Registry of Deeds.

Payments shall be tendered to the Town Engineer. Upon determining that the payment is the correct amount, the Town Engineer shall issue a receipt for the payment and deliver the payment to the Town Treasurer.

Credits. The roadway impact fee amount, as determined in accordance with the specific roadway impact fee district of this ordinance and concept plan designs, may be eligible for credits as follows:

- 1. Credit for the dedication of land for rights of way shall be valued at the most recent assessed value by the Town Assessor or by fair market value established by private appraisers acceptable to the Town. Credit for the dedication of land shall be provided when property has been conveyed at no charge to, and accepted by, the Town in a manner satisfactory to the Town Council.
- 2. Credit for construction of capital improvements shall be given only where:
 - a. the Town and applicant agree in writing that it would be more cost effective or expeditious for the applicant to construct improvements authorized for funding under this Ordinance, or
 - b. for the cost of constructing capital improvements as a condition of Planning Board approval under the Site Plan or subdivision ordinance of the Town, provided such capital improvements would be eligible for designation by the Town Council for funding under this Ordinance. In such cases, the applicant shall submit acceptable engineering drawings and specifications, and construction cost estimates to the Town Engineer which shall determine credit for construction. The credit shall be based upon either these cost estimates or upon alternative engineering criteria and construction cost estimates, if the Town Engineer determines that estimates submitted by the applicant are either unreliable or inaccurate. Upon final determination of all credits, the Town shall provide the applicant with a letter or certificate setting forth the dollar amount of the credit, the reason for the credit, and the legal description or other adequate description of the project or development to which the credit may be applied.

The applicant must sign and date a duplicate copy of such letter or certificate indicating his/her agreement to the terms of the letter or certificate and return such signed document to the Town before credit will be given. The failure of the applicant to sign, date and return such document with the balance of the impact fees and building permit fees within 60 days shall nullify the credit.

- 3. Except as otherwise provided in Section 3 below, credit against impact fees otherwise due will remain provisional until:
 - a. construction is completed and accepted by the Town or the State, whichever is applicable, and
 - b. a suitable maintenance and performance guarantee is received and approved by the Town Engineer, were applicable.
- 4. Security shall be given for provisional credit in the form of an irrevocable letter of credit or escrow agreement posted with and approved by the Town Manager and Town Attorney in an amount determined by the Town Manager. If the Project will not be constructed within two years of the acceptance of the offer by the Town, the amount of the security shall be increased by 10% compounded for each year of life of the security. If the construction project is not to be completed within five years of the date of the developer's offer, the offer is deemed null and void and the developer shall be required to pay the original or current Traffic Impact Fee(s), whichever is greater. This date and/or time period may be extended by the Town for good cause shown conditioned upon extension of the security.
- 5. Any claim for credit must be made prior to the time for payment of impact fees.
- 6. Credits shall not be transferred from one project or development to another without the approval of the Town Council.
- 7. Determination pursuant to this Paragraph may be appealed to the Town Council by filing a written request through the Town Manager within 30 days of the determination

F. Use of Roadway Impact Fee Funds

- 1. Funds generated by this ordinance will be used for the purpose of completing the capital improvements identified in the specific master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements within each Roadway Impact Fee District.
- 2. No funds shall be used for periodic or routine maintenance.
- 3. In the event that bonds or similar debt instruments are issued for advanced provision of capital improvements for which roadway impact fees may be expended, impact fee funds may be used to pay debt service on such bonds or similar debt instruments to the extent that the

improvements provided are a component of the master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements, as per Section V(F.1) of this ordinance.

- 4. Funds may be used to provide refunds in accordance with Section V(G) below.
- 5. Funds shall not be used to pay for any site specific geometry improvements at a developments entrance, etc., that are required of a development project that is proposed and constructed within a public right-of-way or on any lot abutting a roadway section within a designated Roadway Impact Fee District. Such project and site specific improvements shall be the responsibility of the developer.

G. Refund of Roadway Impact Fees

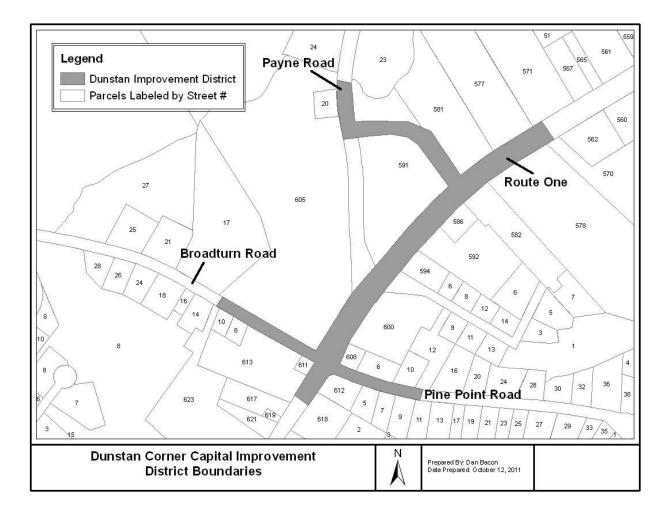
- 1. If a building permit, site plan, subdivision plan, private way or extractive industries plan is surrendered or expires without commencement of construction; or a subdivision plan or extractive industries approval expires without recordation of the plan at the registry of deeds, the developer shall be entitled to a refund, without interest, of the specific roadway impact fee paid as required by this ordinance. The developer must submit a formal application request for such a refund to the Town Engineer not later than fifteen (15) days after the expiration of the building permit, site plan, subdivision plan, private way or extractive industries approval.
- 2. Any funds not expended or obligated by contract by the end of the calendar quarter immediately following twenty (20) years from the date the fee was paid shall, upon application for a refund by the developer, be returned to the developer without interest, provided that the developer submits an application for a refund to the Town Engineer within 180 days after expiration of the twenty (20) year period.

H. Roadway Impact Fee District - Dunstan Corner District

- 1. **Purpose**. Dunstan Corner is one of Scarborough's town centers within which four locally and regionally significant roads intersect. The capacity of Route One, and it's intersections with Pine Point Road (Route 9), Broadturn Road and Payne Road, are critical to the mobility of regional vehicular traffic through Dunstan Corner and the access of local vehicular traffic to destinations within Dunstan Corner. In order for Dunstan Corner to continue to serve and evolve as a town center, while also maintaining and increasing vehicular mobility and access, the area was in need of adequate roadway infrastructure to support future development and the accompanying traffic generation and demands.
- 2. **Master Plan.** The Town has completed a master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements that accommodates the traffic growth projected through 2026 which established the additional vehicular capacity and adequate levels of service necessary to serve, accommodate and benefit new development. The purpose of the Dunstan Corner District is to procure the Town's share of the cost of implementing these roadway infrastructure improvements from future development projects that are benefiting from the increased capacity. The remaining roadway infrastructure improvement costs were funded through cost sharing between PACTS (Portland Area Comprehensive Transportation System) and the Maine Department of Transportation.

As per Section V(F1) of this ordinance, the funds generated by this ordinance will be used to accomplish the improvements identified in the following master plan:

- a. Dunstan Corner, Scarborough, Maine, PIN 17343.00, September 28, 2011, Preliminary Design Scale 1" 40', HNTB Corporation. (amended 11/16/2011)
- b. The above cited plans may be amended by the Town Council, in accordance with Chapter 302, Scarborough Town Council Rules, Policies and Procedures Manual, if the amendments to the master plan are consistent with and further the purpose of this ordinance.
- 3. **Dunstan Corner District Boundaries.** The Dunstan Corner District is depicted on the map below and encompasses the following sections of roadway:
 - a. Route 1 beginning 550 feet south of Broadturn Road extending northerly 2000 feet.
 - b. Pine Point Road beginning at its intersection with Route 1 extending easterly 850 feet.
 - c. Payne Road beginning at its proposed relocated intersection with Route 1 extending 1550 feet to align with the existing Payne Road.
 - d. A proposed roadway beginning at Route 1 opposite the relocated Payne Road, westerly to Higgins Street.
 - e. All of Harlow Street and Higgins Street.



- 4. **Dunstan Corner District Fee.** The Dunstan Corner District fee determination shall be based on the following:
 - a. The Town cost of the master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements in the Dunstan Corner District will amount to \$1,430,000, which is to be funded from this impact fee ordinance. (amended 02/07/2007)(amended 11/16/2011)
 - b. The total additional (bi-directional) vehicular capacity to be fostered by the roadway infrastructure improvements will equal approximately 1020 trip ends in the P.M. peak commuter hour of traffic.
 - c. Each additional trip generated by new development will benefit from the 1020 trip ends of capacity and will utilize one trip end of that additional capacity.
 - d. The fee per trip, therefore, shall be \$1,402. This fee per trip equals \$1,430,000 / 1020 trip ends. (amended 02/07/2007)(amended 11/16/2011)
- 5. **Impact Fee Trust Funds.** There is hereby established a Dunstan Corner District Trust Fund to segregate the impact fee revenue generated by this ordinance from the Town's general

revenues. Funds withdrawn from this trust fund account shall be used in accordance with Section V(F) of this ordinance.

I. Roadway Impact Fee District – Haigis Parkway / Route One District

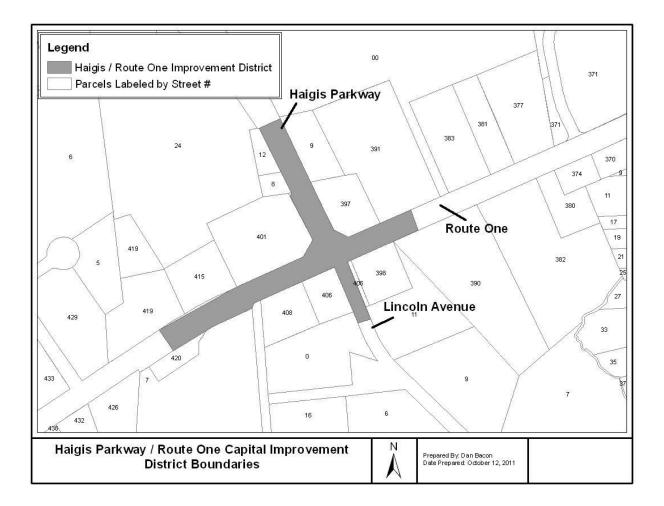
1. **Purpose.** The Haigis Parkway / Route One / Lincoln Avenue intersection is one of the most significant intersections in the Town of Scarborough and is critical to the current and future mobility of local and regional motorists. This intersection currently serves local and regional travel on Route One, the Haigis Parkway, and Lincoln Avenue and provides important connections to Payne Road, the Maine Turnpike and the Scarborough industrial park. In addition, this intersection is an important facility for managing future traffic demands, both to provide an alternative to the high traffic volumes on Payne Road as well as to accommodate the future growth and development that is planned for land accessible from the Haigis Parkway and Route One.

In order for the Haigis Parkway / Route One / Lincoln Avenue intersection to continue to adequately serve local and regional transportation needs, while also providing additional capacity to support future development and the accompanying traffic generation and demands, roadway infrastructure improvements were warranted. These improvements are highlighted in the Town-Wide Transportation Study and in the Transportation Policy Objectives of the Town's Comprehensive Plan.

2. **Master Plan.** To that end the Town has completed a master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements that accommodates the traffic growth projected through 2026 and which established the additional vehicular capacity and adequate levels of service necessary to serve, accommodate, and benefit new development. These roadway infrastructure improvements also include provisions for pedestrians in order to enhance the walk-ability and pedestrian safety of this section of Route One. The purpose of the Haigis Parkway / Route One District is to reimburse the portion of the Town's cost of constructing these roadway infrastructure improvements that benefit new development by providing additional vehicular capacity.

As per Section V(F1) of this ordinance, the funds generated by this ordinance will be used to accomplish the improvements identified in the following master plan:

- a. Drawing Name: "Intersection Improvements Route 1 & Haigis Parkway, Scarborough, Maine, Cumberland County" dated August 2010 and prepared by Gorrill-Palmer Consulting Engineers, Inc.
- 3. **Haigis Parkway / Route One District Boundaries.** The Haigis Parkway / Route One District is depicted on the map below:



- 4. **Haigis Parkway / Route One District Fee.** The fee determination shall be based on the following:
 - a. The Town cost of the master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements in the Haigis Parkway / Route One District amounts to \$1,005,000, which is to be funded from this impact fee ordinance. *(This cost total is less than the total project cost for the Fiscal Year 2010 CIP Project because the improvements associated with the Dunstan Corner intersection plan, the Southgate intersection plan, landscaping enhancements, and the Haigis/Scottow Hill Rd. and Route One/Enterprise Dr. improvements were not included).
 - b. The total additional (bi-directional) vehicular capacity to be fostered by the roadway infrastructure improvements will equal approximately 1015 trip ends in the P.M. peak commuter hour of traffic.
 - c. Each additional trip generated by new development will benefit from the 1,015 trip ends of capacity and will utilize one trip end of that additional capacity.
 - d. The fee per trip, therefore, shall be \$990.00. This fee per trip equals \$1,005,000 / 1,015 trip ends.

5. **Impact Fee Trust Funds.** There is hereby established a Haigis Parkway / Route One District Trust Fund to segregate the impact fee revenue generated by this ordinance from the Town's general revenues. Funds withdrawn from this trust fund account shall be used in accordance with Section V(F) of this ordinance.

J. Roadway Impact Fee District – Payne Road District 5

- 1. **Purpose.** The Town must expand and maximize the efficiencies of its road system in order to provide adequate levels of service in the Payne Road Area of the Town so that new development in the Payne Road, Gorham Road, and County Road Area and elsewhere that affects traffic in the Payne Road Area is to be accommodated safely and without decreasing current levels of service. This must be done to promote and protect the public health, safety and welfare.
- 2. **Master Plan.** The report entitled "Scarborough, Maine Road Computation Procedure-Payne Road Area Impact Fee", dated September 11, 1990, sets forth in more detail a reasonable methodology and analysis for the determination of the impact of new development on the need for and costs of additional rights-of-way, road construction and road improvements, and traffic signal upgrades in the Town. Further refinement of the District scope of work has taken place through public engagement, as well as with State and Regional Agencies, which is incorporated into the preliminary design included in the "North Scarborough Three Intersection Design, Draft Preliminary Design" dated August 2019, which alleviates constraints on the Gorham Rd and ultimately on the Payne Rd District. A portion of the improvements are being paid for by a private developer through their individual Traffic Movement Permit requirements with the Maine Department of Transportation.
- 3. **Payne Road District 5 Boundaries.** The Payne Road District 5 encompasses the following sections of roadway:
 - a. **District 5** Route 114, between Maine Turnpike and Beech Ridge Road, which are directly impacted by the two County Road intersections at Saco St and Gorham Rd.
- 4. **Payne Road District 5 Fee.** At the option of the developer, the amount of the road impact fee may be determined by a fee schedule established by the Town Council. The provisions of this paragraph shall govern the setting of the impact fee schedule by the Town Council and the computation of impact fees by the Town, except as expressly provided elsewhere in this Ordinance.
 - a. The amount of the impact fee to be paid shall be determined in accordance with the schedule of fees approved by order of the Town Council.
 - b. Where a development involves a mixed use, the fees shall be determined in accordance with the applicable schedule by apportioning space to uses specified on the applicable schedule.

- c. Where a development involves an activity not specified on the applicable fee schedule, the Town shall use the fee applicable to the most nearly comparable type of land use on the fee schedule.
- d. Where an extension is sought for a building permit, the amount of the fee shall be the difference between the fee applicable at the time of the extension and any amount previously paid pursuant to this ordinance.
- e. Impact fees for change of use, redevelopment, or expansion or modification of an existing use which has previously paid an impact fee or which did not require payment of an impact fee when originally approved and which requires the issuance of a building permit shall be based upon the net positive increase in the impact fee for the new use as compared to the previous use.
- 5. **Impact Fee Trust Funds.** There is hereby established a Payne Road District 5 Trust Fund to segregate the impact fee revenue generated by this ordinance from the Town's general revenues. Funds withdrawn from this trust fund account shall be used in accordance with Section V(F) of this ordinance.

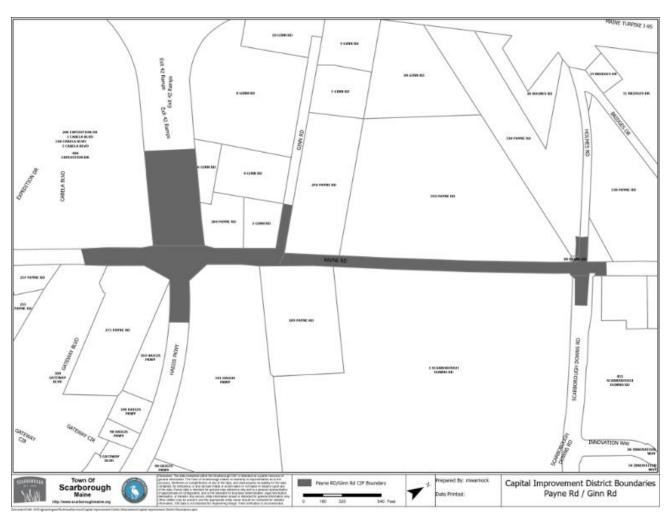
K. Roadway Impact Fee District – Payne Road / Ginn Road District

1. **Purpose.** The intersection of Payne Road at Ginn Road is a critical intersection along the Payne Road corridor for future roadway improvements. Payne Road is an important North/South corridor in the Town, and is particularly valuable as an alternative corridor to Route 1 and mitigating traffic on the Route 1 corridor. It is also important to the future development of the Scarborough Downs neighborhood and in connecting Haigis Parkway and Exit 42 from the Maine Turnpike to Scarborough Downs and the Maine Mall area.

In order to accommodate future development and pedestrian, cyclist, and traffic growth needs in the Town of Scarborough, the intersection of Payne Road and Ginn Road will need to be improved to support multimodal traffic along this corridor. The proposed improvements are included in the 2024 Town Wide Transportation Study.

2. **Master Plan.** To that end the Town has finalized a Master Plan for roadway infrastructure improvements that will accommodate future traffic growth and will provide space for pedestrians and cyclists to safely travel along Payne Road. These improvements will benefit new development on and around the Payne Road corridor, as well as alleviating some of the congestion on Route 1.

As per Section V (F1) of this ordinance, the funds generated by this ordinance will be used to accomplish the improvements identified in the "Payne Road Conceptual Plan" prepared by Barton & Loguidice, dated December 2023, which following master plan: sets forth in more detail a reasonable methodology and analysis for the determination of the impact of new development on the need for costs of additional rights-of-way, road construction and road improvements in the Town.



3. **Payne Road / Ginn Road District Boundaries.** The Payne Road / Ginn Road District Boundary is depicted on the map below:

- 4. **Payne Road / Ginn Road District Fee.** The fee determination shall be based on the following:
 - a. The Town cost of the master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements in the Payne Road / Ginn Road District will amount to \$9,832,898, which is to be funded from this impact fee ordinance.
 - b. The total additional (bi-directional) vehicular capacity to be fostered by the roadway infrastructure improvements will equal approximately 1,766 trip ends in the P.M. peak commuter hour of traffic.
 - c. Each additional trip generated by new development will benefit from the 1,766 trip ends of capacity and will utilize one trip end of that additional capacity.

- d. The total fee per trip, therefore, shall be \$5,568. The developer portion for the fee per trip shall be 40% of the total per trip cost or \$2,227.
- 5. **Impact Fee Trust Funds.** There is hereby established a Payne Road / Ginn Road District Trust Fund to segregate the impact fee revenue generated by this ordinance from the Town's general revenues. Funds withdrawn from this trust fund account shall be used in accordance with Section V(F) of this ordinance.

L. Roadway Impact Fee District – Payne Road / Nonesuch River District

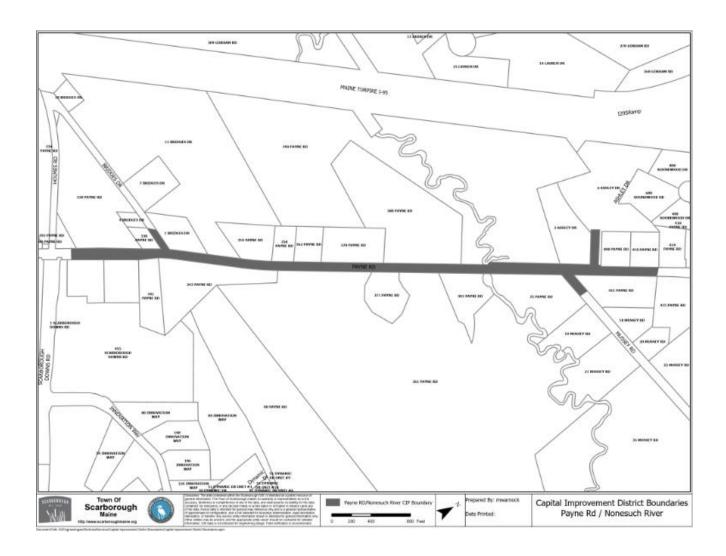
1. **Purpose.** Libby Bridge on Payne Road over the Nonesuch River, and the associated approaches to the bridge, is a critical segment of the Payne Road corridor for future roadway improvements. Payne Road is an important North/South corridor in the Town, and is particularly valuable as an alternative corridor to Route 1 and mitigating traffic on the Route 1 corridor. It is also important to the future development of the Scarborough Downs neighborhood and in connecting Haigis Parkway and Exit 42 from the Maine Turnpike to Scarborough Downs and the Maine Mall area.

In order to accommodate future development and pedestrian, cyclist, and traffic growth needs in the Town of Scarborough, Libby Bridge and the approaches to Libby Bridge will need to be improved to support multimodal traffic along this corridor. The proposed improvements are included in the 2024 Town Wide Transportation Study.

2. **Master Plan.** To that end the Town has completed a Master Plan for roadway infrastructure improvements that will accommodate future traffic growth and will provide space for pedestrians and cyclists to safely travel along Payne Road. These improvements will benefit new development on and around the Payne Road corridor, as well as alleviating some of the congestion on Route 1.

As per Section V(F1) of this ordinance, the funds generated by this ordinance will be used to accomplish the improvements identified in the "Payne Road Conceptual Plan" prepared by Barton & Loguidice, dated December 2023, which sets forth in more detail a reasonable methodology and analysis for the determination of the impact of new development on the need for costs of additional rights-of-way, road construction and road improvements in the Town.

3. **Payne Road / Nonesuch River District Boundaries.** The Payne Road / Nonesuch River District Boundary is depicted on the map below:



- 4. **Payne Road / Nonesuch River District Fee.** The fee determination shall be based on the following:
 - a. The Town cost of the master plan for roadway infrastructure improvements in the Payne Road / Nonesuch River District will amount to \$23,913,345, which is to be funded from this impact fee ordinance.
 - b. The total additional (bi-directional) vehicular capacity to be fostered by the roadway infrastructure improvements will equal approximately 3,337 trip ends in the P.M. peak commuter hour of traffic.
 - c. Each additional trip generated by new development will benefit from the 3,337 trip ends of capacity and will utilize one trip end of that additional capacity.
 - d. The total fee per trip, therefore, shall be \$7,166. The developer portion for the fee per trip shall be 40% of the total per trip cost or \$2,866.

5. **Impact Fee Trust Funds.** There is hereby established a Payne Road / Ginn Road District Trust Fund to segregate the impact fee revenue generated by this ordinance from the Town's general revenues. Funds withdrawn from this trust fund account shall be used in accordance with Section V(F) of this ordinance.