

# PITTSBURGH PUBLIC SCHOOLS COMMUNITY SCHOOLS IMPLEMENTATION EVALUATION

## SCHOOL BOARD BRIEFING

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## Today's Topics

- Study Overview
- Key Findings
  - Strengths
  - Areas for Growth
  - Benefits of Community Schools
- Focus Areas for 2019-20
- Questions

# Study Overview

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## Study Goals

- Understand how Community Schools were implemented in Pittsburgh Public Schools (PPS) during the 2018–19 school year.
- Gather data about perceptions of impact.

## Data Sources

- Extant records (i.e., action plans, monthly reports, monthly service updates, needs assessments)
- Interviews (five site managers, five principals)
- Focus groups (four site teams, staff at five schools)
- Observations of afterschool activities at four schools using the Program Quality Assessment (PQA)

## Organization of Findings

### Structures and Functions

1. Collaborative leadership
2. Planning
3. Coordinating infrastructure
4. Student-centered data
5. Continuous improvement
6. Sustainability

### Opportunities

7. Powerful learning
8. Integrated health and social supports
9. Authentic family engagement
10. Authentic community engagement

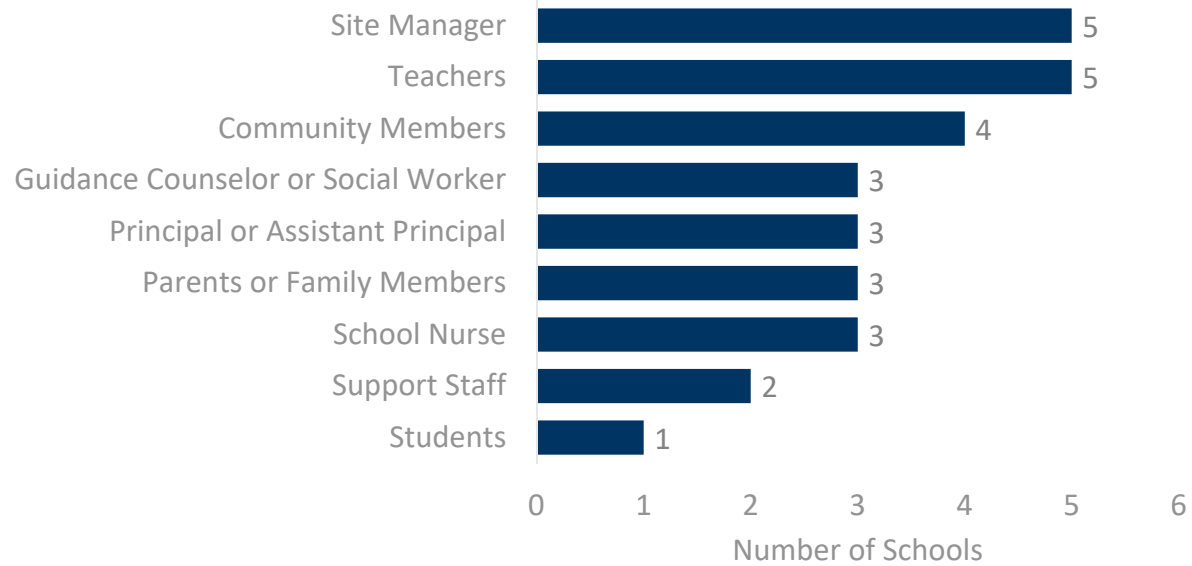
# Findings: Strengths

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## Site Teams

### Collaborative Leadership (Standard 1)





## Support Provided for Site Managers

### Coordinating Infrastructure (Standard 3)

- Standard operating procedures as a guide
- Support from Community Schools coordinator
- Collaboration with other site managers

## Opportunities

Powerful Learning (Standard 7), Integrated Health and Social Supports (Standard 8), Authentic Family and Community Engagement (Standards 9 and 10)

- **136** partners total (mean = 25.2, range = 5–39)
- **77** powerful learning partners (mean = 19.3, range = 16–22)
  - Enrichment; academic support; leadership; character development
- **51** integrated health and social support partners (mean = 12.8, range = 7–20)
  - Social and emotional supports; nutrition or food; restorative practices or discipline; mental health counseling; health or vision
- **17** family and community engagement partners (mean = 4.3, range = 1–8)
  - Community building; family workshops; volunteer opportunities

# Findings and Recommendations: Areas for Growth

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## Shared Vision and Shared Decision Making

### Planning (Standard 2)

- Almost all respondents said that they do not believe that there is a shared vision for Community Schools across stakeholders, including staff, community members, and families.
- Many respondents said that there is a shared vision within the site team.
- Some respondents said that there is a vision but that it is not known by school staff or families.

## Recommendations for Creating a Shared Vision for Community Schools

- Schools should go through a formal process for establishing a written vision.
- Diverse stakeholders should be involved in establishing the vision.
- Schools should develop a plan for communicating the vision to stakeholders.
- Have active advisory boards.

## Essential Components of a Shared Vision

- Create and maintain feedback loops.
- Create opportunities for shared decision making.
- Foster a culture of shared responsibility for positive youth outcomes.

## Needs Assessment

### Planning (Standard 2)

- All schools conducted a needs assessment and used the reports in developing the action plan.
- Challenges:
  - Low response rates
  - Difficulty interpreting reports
  - Timeliness of reports
  - Findings do not accurately reflect needs of school
  - Findings were vague

## Needs Assessment Recommendations

- As part of this evaluation, AIR worked with PPS to revise the needs assessment process to consist of 30 indicators that have been shown to ensure that
  - families are actively involved in their children’s education,
  - students are actively involved in learning and their community,
  - students are healthy,
  - students live and learn in stable and supportive environments, and
  - students succeed academically.



## Continuous Quality Improvement

### Continuous Improvement (Standard 5)

- None of the respondents described a formal process for assessing quality of service providers or programs.
- Common ways that schools determined quality:
  - Examining program attendance records
  - Conducting informal observations of activities to gauge engagement
  - Reviewing monthly service updates

## Continuous Quality Improvement Recommendations

- Select tools or processes that allow schools to:
  - Intentionally think about how to improve implementation
  - Improve the quality of programming provided to youth and families (e.g., PQA)

## Staff Buy-In

### Sustainability (Standard 6)

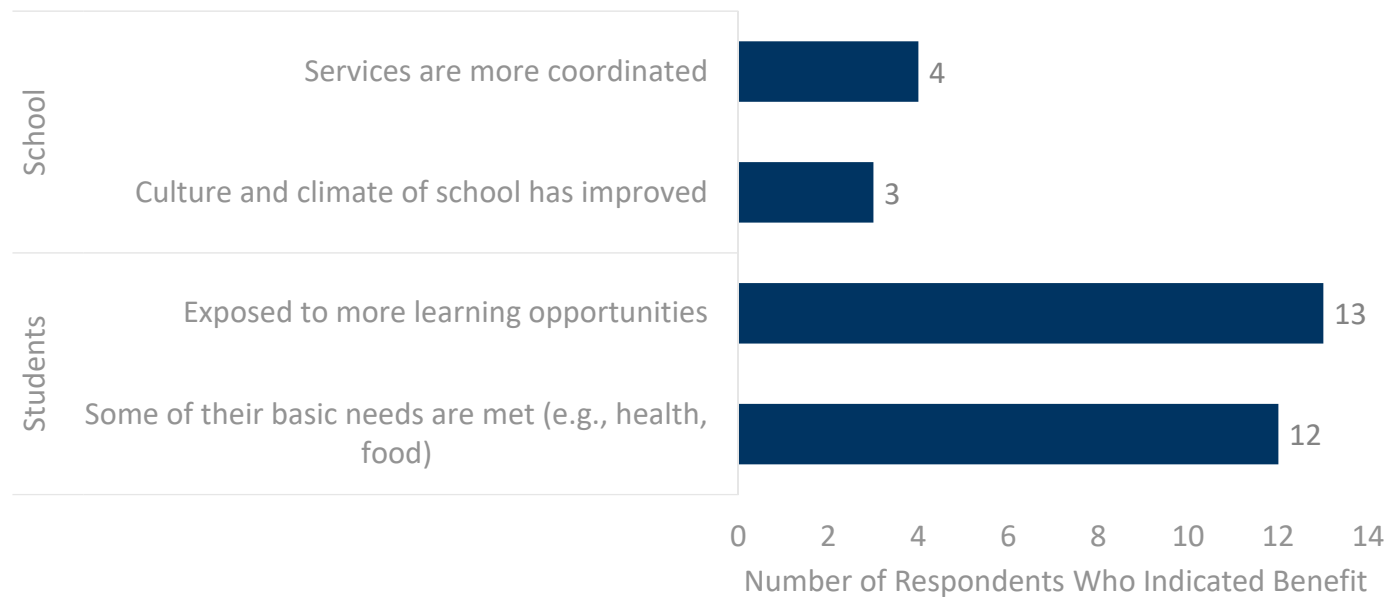
- Staff understanding of and buy-in for Community Schools varied by school.
- In four schools, all staff received the standard operating procedures.
- Recommendations to improve staff buy-in:
  - Identify “champions” to help garner support from other staff.
  - Hold formal presentations with staff about Community Schools.
  - Develop a Community Schools guide that explains the model and what services are available.

# Findings: Benefits of Community Schools

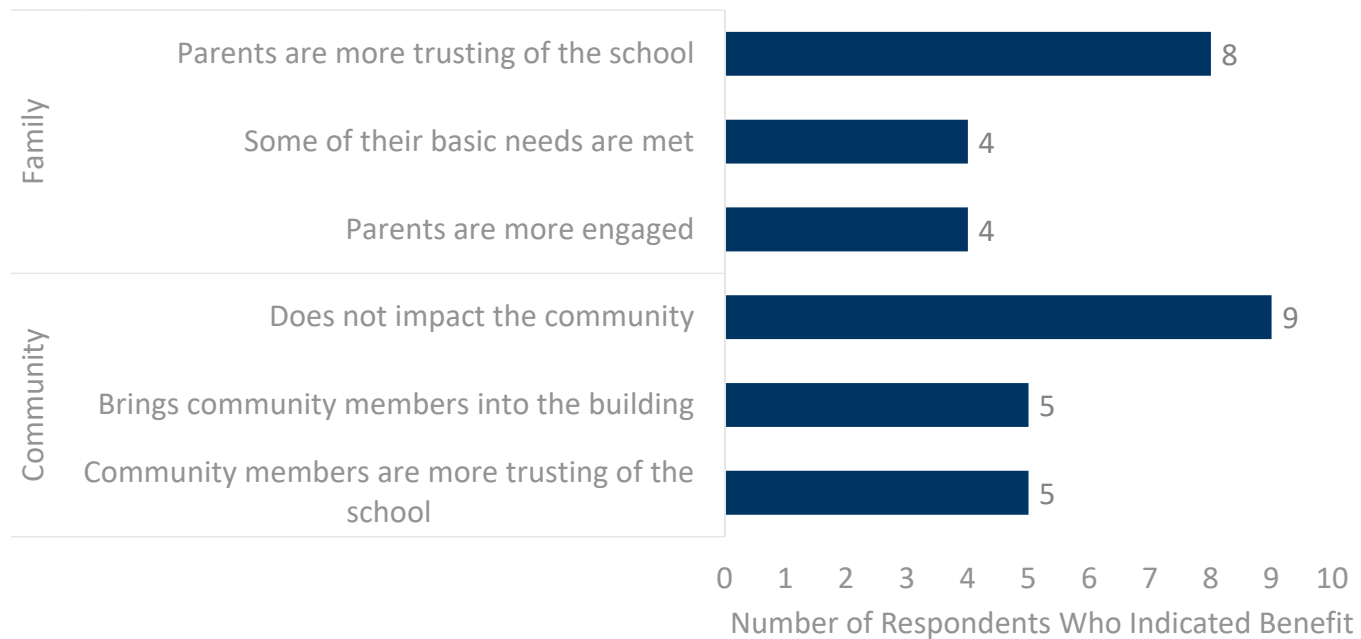
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## Benefits to School, Students, Families, and the Community



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# Focus Areas for 2019-2020

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## 2019-2020 Community Schools Focus Areas

- Implementation of the Community Schools Comprehensive Plan
- Continuous improvement of the Community Schools strategy
  - Site Team and Site Action Plan Development (Shared Vision)
  - School Staff Engagement and Buy-In Strategies
  - Collective Family and Community Engagement Strategies
  - Site-Based Needs Assessment Plans
  - High Quality Community Partnerships
  - Community Partner Data Management and System
  - Professional Development
- Continuous Implementation of Community Schools national best practices



# Questions

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THANK YOU

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## Slide 26

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Note that Dominique Bradley is included on the title slide but not here.

Ziebarth, JoAnn, 8/1/2019