ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Hillsborough, North Carolina

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

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ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange County Board of Education as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, State Public School and Federal Grants funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Orange County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, Non-Profit Organizations* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 7, 2014 on our consideration of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 7, 2014 Rockingham, North Carolina (910) 997-1418

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Orange County Board of Education's (the "Board") financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2014. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- Student enrollment increased by 150 students over the average daily membership of the prior fiscal year.
- The Orange County Board of County Commissioners funded Orange County Schools at \$3,269 per student which was an increase of \$102 per pupil over the prior year.
- The total funding increase over the prior year from the Orange County Board of County Commissioners was \$1,038,459.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Orange County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents budgetary statements and schedules for governmental and enterprise funds.

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the Government-wide Statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary and fiduciary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on each of the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
 as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other
 physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Orange County Board of Education has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – 1) how cash and other assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Other Special Revenue Fund and the Federal Grants Fund.

The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Orange County Board of Education has two proprietary funds - both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund.

The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Orange County Board of Education has two fiduciary funds – an administrative fund and an agency fund. The Administrative Fund is a scholarship fund under the control of the administrative unit. This is accounted for as a private purpose trust fund. The agency fund is used to account for moneys held for the Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance (RESA). The Board is the fiscal agent for this entity.

The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 10 and 11.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$70.7 million as of June 30, 2014 as compared to \$73.7 million as of June 30, 2013, a decrease of \$3.0 million. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$68.3 million, which comprises 96.7% of the total net position.

Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position
As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governn	nental Activi	ties	Business-ty	Total Primary Government				
	6/30/14	6/3	0/13	6/30/14	6/30/13	6/30/14			6/30/13
Current assets Capital assets	\$ 10,729,4 68,398,1	*	,135,185 \$,631,176	\$ 890,020 105,690	\$ 803,672 123,906		1,619,441 8,503,807	\$	11,938,857 71,755,082
Total assets	79,127,5	<u>38</u> <u>82</u>	,766,361	995,710	927,578	8	0,123,248		83,693,939
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	5,616,5 3,702,7 9,319,3	91 4	,482,351 ,357,749 ,840,100	93,328 40,250 133,578	87,679 57,296 144,975	;	5,709,919 3,743,041 9,452,960	_	5,570,030 4,415,045 9,985,075
Net investment in capital assets Restricted net position	68,196,0 2,083,8		,226,985 ,931,694	105,690	123,906		8,301,710 2,083,835		71,350,891 1,931,694
Unrestricted net position (deficit) Total net position	(471,69 \$ 69,808,18		(232,418)	756,442 \$ 862,132	658,697 \$ 782,603	\$ 70	284,743 0,670,288	\$	426,279 73,708,864

The net position of the Board's governmental activities decreased \$3.1 million during the year from \$72.9 million at June 30, 2013 to \$69.8 million at June 30, 2014, indicating a decline in the financial condition of the Board. For the year, net investment in capital assets decreased by \$3.0 million which comprised the majority of the overall decrease in governmental activities net position.

The net position of the Board's business-type activities increased \$80,000 during the year to \$862,000 at June 30, 2014. This increase of \$80,000 is the amount of combined net profit (including transfers) generated by the Board's School Food Service and Child Care programs during the year.

The following table shows the revenues and expenses for the Board for the current and prior fiscal years:

Table 2
Condensed Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental Activities					Business-ty	Activities	Total Primary Government				
		6/30/14		6/30/13		6/30/14		6/30/13		6/30/14		6/30/13
Revenues:												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2,011,737	\$	2,026,427	\$	1,506,452	\$	1,608,554	\$	3,518,189	\$	3,634,981
Operating grants and												
contributions		45,875,691		45,316,751		1,735,931		1,679,439		47,611,622		46,996,190
Capital grants and												
contributions		202,094		482,675		-		-		202,094		482,675
General revenues:												
Other revenues	_	30,047,012	_	27,715,714	_	7,012	_	2,770	_	30,054,024	_	27,718,484
Total revenues	_	78,136,534	_	75,541,567		3,249,395	_	3,290,763	_	81,385,929		78,832,330
Expenses:												
Governmental activities:												
Instructional services		56,783,772		59,126,905		-		_		56,783,772		59,126,905
System-wide support		, ,		, ,								
services		20,450,329		17,970,875		-		-		20,450,329		17,970,875
Ancillary services		16,761		27,890		-		-		16,761		27,890
Non-programmed												
charges		1,007,582		1,034,008		-		-		1,007,582		1,034,008
Interest on long-term												
debt		25,316		33,540		-		-		25,316		33,540
Unallocated depreciation		2,912,884		3,334,908		-		-		2,912,884		3,334,908
Business-type activities:												
School food service		-		-		2,605,716		2,712,567		2,605,716		2,712,567
Child care				-		622,145		775,658		622,145	_	775,658
Total expenses		81,196,644		81,528,126		3,227,861		3,488,225		84,424,505		85,016,351
Transfers in (out)		(57,995)		(115,486)		57,995		115,486		-		-
Increase(decrease) in												
net position		(3,118,105)		(6,102,045)		79,529		(81,976)	(3,038,576)		6) (6,184,0	
Beginning net position		72,926,261		79,028,306		782,603	_	864,579	73,708,864		79,892,88	
Ending net position	\$	69,808,156	\$	72,926,261	\$	862,132	\$	782,603	\$	70,670,288	\$	73,708,864

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$78.1 million while expenses in this category totaled \$81.2 million for the year ended June 30, 2014, resulting in the aforementioned decrease in net position of \$3.1 million (including transfers to business-type activities of \$58,000). Comparatively, revenues were \$75.5 million, expenses totaled \$81.5 million and transfers out were \$115,000 for the year ended June 30, 2013, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$6.1 million. In comparing the two years, there was an increase in revenues of \$2.6 million, while expenses remained relatively unchanged, decreasing by

0.4%. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to a combined \$1.8 million increase in funding from Orange County for General Fund appropriations and capital projects.

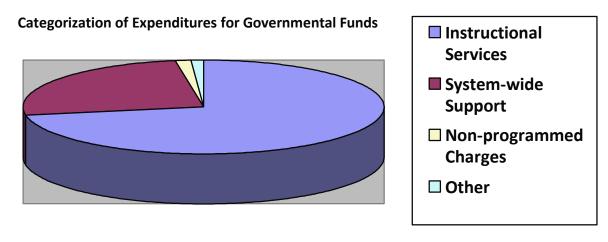
The Board's primary sources of revenues were funding from the State of North Carolina, Orange County, and the United States Government, which respectively comprised 53.0%, 35.9% and 4.8% of our total revenues. As would be expected, the major component of our expenditures was instructional services which accounted for 69.9% of our total expenditures during the most recent fiscal year. Of the remaining 30.1% of our total expenditures, 25.2% was attributable to system-wide support services.

Our business-type activities generated revenues of \$3.2 million, expenses of \$3.2 million and reported transfers in from governmental activities of \$58,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014. For the year, net position increased by \$80,000. Comparatively, revenues were \$3.3 million, expenses were \$3.5 million and transfers in from governmental activities totaled \$115,000 for the year ended June 30, 2013, resulting in a decrease in net position of \$82,000. In comparing the two periods, the year-over-year improvement is primarily due to a \$196,000 decrease in salaries and benefits expenses.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Orange County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$7.5 million at June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$430,000 from the \$7.9 million reported at June 30, 2013. The Board's General and Capital Outlay funds each reported decreases in fund balance for the year, while the Other Special Revenue and Individual Schools funds both reported increases in fund balance. Total governmental funds revenues increased by \$2.6 million, or 3.4%, over the prior year while expenditures increased by \$1.5 million, or 1.9%. As previously mentioned, the increase in revenues was primarily attributable to a combined \$1.8 million increase in funding from Orange County for General Fund appropriations and capital projects.



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type funds, the School Food Service and Child Care funds, reported a combined increase in net position of \$80,000 for the current year compared to an \$82,000 decrease for the year ended June 30, 2013. As previously discussed, the year-over-year improvement in operating results is primarily due to a decrease in salaries and benefits expenses.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of a year, the Board will revise the budget, as necessary, to account for changes in revenue expectations and program allocations. However, during the year ended June 30, 2014, no significant budget revisions were made in the General Fund as revenue and expenditure expectations remained consistent throughout the year.

Capital Assets

Total primary government capital assets were \$68.5 million at June 30, 2014 compared to \$71.8 million at June 30, 2013, a decrease of 4.5%. This decrease was due to an excess of depreciation expense over capital additions for the year. More detailed information about the Board's capital assets is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The following is a summary of the Board's capital assets, net of depreciation, at June 30, 2014 and 2013:

Table 3 Summary of Capital Assets As of June 30, 2014 and 2013

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total Primary Government			
	 6/30/14	30/14 6/30/13		6/30/14		6/30/13		6/30/14			6/30/13	
Land	\$ 2,844,650	\$	2,844,650	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,844,650	\$	2,844,650	
Construction in progress	-		-		-		-		-		-	
Buildings and improvements	63,955,395		66,669,536		7,113		10,471		63,962,508		66,680,007	
Equipment and furniture	368,348		545,290		98,577		113,435		466,925		658,725	
Vehicles	 1,229,724		1,571,700						1,229,724		1,571,700	
Total	\$ 68,398,117	\$	71,631,176	\$	105,690	\$	123,906	\$	68,503,807	\$	71,755,082	

Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's long-term debt decreased by \$848,000 from \$2.4 million at June 30, 2013 to \$1.5 million at June 30, 2014. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. More detailed information about the Board's outstanding debt is contained in the Note 2 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors

County funding is a major source of income for the Orange County Board of Education. Therefore, the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the school district. The following factors reflect a positive outlook on the growth and prosperity of Orange County:

- The County enjoys a consistently low unemployment rate. The unemployment rate estimated by the North Carolina Employment Security Commission for June 2013 was 6.4% and 4.8% for June 2014, one of the lowest in the state. The state average for June 2013 was 9.3% and 6.5% for June 2014.
- The County's economy is characterized by a high degree of institutional and public sector activity, plus office, commercial and service-oriented business. Manufacturing and agriculture make up a smaller portion of the County's economy.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

• The economy of the area is stabilized by the presence of State and Local government employment markets. The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and University Hospitals in the Town of Chapel Hill and their associated service, teaching and research programs have a reputation of excellence in the educational and medical fields. The County is also the place of residence for many technical and professional workers and executives who work in the Research Triangle Park and neighboring cities of Durham, Raleigh and Burlington.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Orange County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Donna Brinkley, Finance Officer Orange County Board of Education 200 East King Street Hillsborough, NC 27278

	Primary Government								
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total						
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,846,812	\$ 771,550	\$ 9,618,362						
Due from other governments	1,714,479	71,981	1,786,460						
Receivables	168,130	15,623	183,753						
Inventories	-	30,866	30,866						
Capital assets:									
Land	2,844,650	-	2,844,650						
Other capital assets, net of depreciation	65,553,467	105,690	65,659,157						
Total capital assets	68,398,117	105,690	68,503,807						
Total assets	79,127,538	995,710	80,123,248						
Liabilities									
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	1,351,394	720	1,352,114						
Accrued salaries and wages payable	1,853,695	-	1,853,695						
Due to other governments	6,124	-	6,124						
Unearned revenue	-	50,237	50,237						
Long-term liabilities:									
Due within one year	2,405,378	42,371	2,447,749						
Due in more than one year	3,702,791	40,250	3,743,041						
Total liabilities	9,319,382	133,578	9,452,960						
Net position									
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	68,196,020	105,690	68,301,710						
Stabilization by State statute	231,483	_	231,483						
School capital outlay	696,355	<u>-</u>	696,355						
Instructional services	564,421	_	564,421						
Individual schools activities	591,576	_	591,576						
Unrestricted (deficit)	(471,699)	756,442	284,743						
Total net position	\$ 69,808,156	\$ 862,132	\$ 70,670,288						

		F	Program Revenue	es		Expense) Revenu anges in Net Posi	
					P	rimary Governme	nt
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
Instructional services:	Ф 00 000 04E	•	A 04 507 000	Φ.	Ф (0.005.7E0)	Φ.	Ф (0.00E 7E0)
Regular instructional	\$ 32,802,845	\$ -	\$ 24,567,093	\$ -	\$ (8,235,752)	\$ -	\$ (8,235,752)
Special populations	9,425,105	-	7,363,095	-	(2,062,010)	-	(2,062,010)
Alternative programs	3,556,183	-	3,528,108	-	(28,075)	-	(28,075)
School leadership	3,573,908	4 700 005	1,913,882	-	(1,660,026)	=	(1,660,026)
Co-curricular	2,677,065	1,788,005	-	-	(889,060)	-	(889,060)
School-based support	4,748,666	-	2,402,433	-	(2,346,233)	-	(2,346,233)
System-wide support services:			0.10.100		(0.044.004)		(0.044.004)
Support and development Special population support	2,260,427	-	216,133	-	(2,044,294)	-	(2,044,294)
and development Alternative programs and services	190,127	-	83,666	-	(106,461)	-	(106,461)
support and development	198,032	_	161,226	_	(36,806)	_	(36,806)
Technology support	919,080	_	170,011	_	(749,069)	_	(749,069)
Operational support	13,957,363	64,604	4,561,958	202,094	(9,128,707)	_	(9,128,707)
Financial and human resource	.0,00.,000	0.,00.	.,00.,000	_0_,00.	(0,:20,:0:)		(0,120,101)
services	1,384,287	159,128	470,481	_	(754,678)	_	(754,678)
Accountability	196,102		21,441	_	(174,661)	-	(174,661)
System-wide pupil support	11,770	_		_	(11,770)	-	(11,770)
Policy, leadership and	·		245.040				
public relations	1,333,141	-	315,619	-	(1,017,522)	-	(1,017,522)
Ancillary services	16,761	-	7,193	-	(9,568)	-	(9,568)
Payments to other governments	1,007,582	-	93,352	-	(914,230)	-	(914,230)
Interest on long-term debt	25,316	-	-	-	(25,316)	-	(25,316)
Unallocated depreciation expense**	2,912,884		-		(2,912,884)		(2,912,884)
Total governmental activities	81,196,644	2,011,737	45,875,691	202,094	(33,107,122)		(33,107,122)
Business-type activities:							
School food service	2,605,716	798,189	1,735,931	-	-	(71,596)	(71,596)
Child care	622,145	708,263	-	-	-	86,118	86,118
Total business-type activities	3,227,861	1,506,452	1,735,931			14,522	14,522
Total primary government	\$ 84,424,505	\$ 3,518,189	\$ 47,611,622	\$ 202,094	(33,107,122)	14,522	(33,092,600)
	General revenue	es:					
	Unrestricted c	ounty appropriation	ons - operating		25,554,154	-	25,554,154
	Unrestricted c	ounty appropriation	ons - capital		4,152,471	-	4,152,471
	Investment ea	rnings, unrestricte	ed		57,678	2,581	60,259
	Miscellaneous	s, unrestricted			282,709	4,431	287,140
	Transfers				(57,995)	57,995	=
		revenues and trar	nefore		29,989,017	65,007	30,054,024
	_		131513				
	Change in net				(3,118,105)	79,529	(3,038,576)
	Net position - be	0			72,926,261	782,603	73,708,864
	Net position - en	ding			\$ 69,808,156	\$ 862,132	\$ 70,670,288

^{**}This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

				Major	Func	ls			Nor	ı-major Funds		
Assets		General	s	tate Public School	Fed	eral Grants	Сар	oital Outlay		Special Revenue	Go	Total overnmental Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Accounts receivable	\$	6,705,432 15,847 31,327	\$	6,082 1,438,956	\$	42 106,420	\$	693,782 105,750	\$	1,441,474 47,506 136,803	\$	8,846,812 1,714,479 168,130
Total assets	\$	6,752,606	\$	1,445,038	\$	106,462	\$	799,532	\$	1,625,783	\$	10,729,421
Liabilities and fund balances												
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and wages payable Due to other governments	\$	1,248,199 292,141	\$	- 1,438,956 6,082	\$	- 106,420 42	\$	103,177	\$	18 16,178	\$	1,351,394 1,853,695 6,124
Total liabilities		1,540,340		1,445,038		106,462		103,177		16,196		3,211,213
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State statute School capital outlay Instructional services Individual schools Assigned:		47,174 - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- 696,355 - -		184,309 - 564,421 591,576		231,483 696,355 564,421 591,576
Subsequent year's expenditures Special revenues Unassigned	_	2,666,206 - 2,498,886		- - -		- - -		- - -	_	269,281 -		2,666,206 269,281 2,498,886
Total fund balances	_	5,212,266						696,355		1,609,587		7,518,208
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	6,752,606	\$	1,445,038	\$	106,462	\$	799,532	\$	1,625,783		
		eported for gecause:	over	nmental acti	vities	in the stater	nent	of net positi	on (I	Exhibit 1) are		
		ssets used in the			activit	ies are not	finan	cial resourd	es a	and therefore		68,398,117
		bilities, incluue and payab	_		-					-		(6,108,169)
		on of governm			- 5.100			op or t			\$	69,808,156

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Major	Funds		Non-major Funds	
	General	State Public School	Federal Grants	Capital Outlay	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: State of North Carolina Orange County	\$ - 25,554,154	\$ 41,234,775	\$ -	\$ 202,094 2,537,576	\$ 7,300	\$ 41,444,169 28,091,730
U.S. Government Other	- 265,280		3,714,962	- 1,616,365	3,097,380	3,714,962 4,979,025
Total revenues	25,819,434	41,234,775	3,714,962	4,356,035	3,104,680	78,229,886
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services:						
Regular instructional Special populations	7,957,861 2,315,533	24,361,713 5,209,913	193,180 1,862,505	104,589 -	160,367	32,777,710 9,387,951
Alternative programs School leadership	610,773 1,645,937	1,627,272 1,913,882	1,277,759 -	-	26,360	3,542,164 3,559,819
Co-curricular School-based support	893,440 1,392,283	- 2,322,386	- 80,047	53,813 708,853	1,719,259 226,377	2,666,512 4,729,946
System-wide support services: Support and development Special population support	2,035,383	183,511	32,622	-	-	2,251,516
and development Alternative programs and services	105,712	54,820	28,846	-	-	189,378
support and development Technology support	17 745,446	19,226 170,011	142,000	-	36,008	197,251 915,457
Operational support Financial and human resource	5,532,030	4,513,336	256	2,936,420	497,211	13,479,253
services Accountability System-wide pupil support	854,770 173,888 11,724	470,481 21,441	-	36,856 - -	16,723	1,378,830 195,329 11,724
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,012,267	315,619	-	-	-	1,327,886
Ancillary services Non-programmed charges Debt service:	4,575 1,007,582	2,798	4,395 93,352	3,550 -	1,443 -	16,761 1,100,934
Principal retirement Interest and fees	151,966 6,076	- 		695,909 19,240		847,875 25,316
Total expenditures	26,457,263	41,186,409	3,714,962	4,559,230	2,683,748	78,601,612
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(637,829)	48,366	-	(203,195)	420,932	(371,726)
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds	(9,629)	(48,366)			_	(57,995)
Net change in fund balance	(647,458)	-	-	(203,195)	420,932	(429,721)
Fund balances: Beginning of year	5,859,724			899,550	1,188,655	7,947,929
End of year	\$ 5,212,266	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 696,355	\$ 1,609,587	\$ 7,518,208

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	(429,721)
Net changes in fund palances - total dovernmental funds	Ψ.	(423.121

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

(3,233,059)

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

847,875

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental Compensated absences

(303,200)

Total changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ (3,118,105)

	General Fund								
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)					
Revenues:		_	•						
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -					
Orange County U.S. Government	25,554,154	25,554,154	25,554,154	-					
Other	270,000	270,000	265,280	(4,720)					
Total revenues	25,824,154	25,824,154	25,819,434	(4,720)					
Expenditures:	20,024,104	20,024,104	20,010,101	(4,720)					
Current:									
Instructional services:									
Regular instructional	8,412,932	8,292,810	7,957,861	334,949					
Special populations	2,206,757	2,318,894	2,315,533	3,361					
Alternative programs	652,991	652,156	610,773	41,383					
School leadership	1,942,343	1,942,343	1,645,937	296,406					
Co-curricular	934,829	943,664	893,440	50,224					
School-based support	1,531,458	1,531,459	1,392,283	139,176					
Total instructional services	15,681,310	15,681,326	14,815,827	865,499					
System-wide support services:									
Support and development	2,587,807	2,429,997	2,035,383	394,614					
Special population support and development	112,119	112,019	105,712	6,307					
Alternative programs and services support									
and development	17	18	17	1					
Technology support	676,034	749,280	745,446	3,834					
Operational support	6,045,191	5,971,945	5,532,030	439,915					
Financial and human resource services	1,247,095	1,246,947	854,770	392,177					
Accountability	211,370	211,370	173,888	37,482					
System-wide pupil support	12,000	12,000	11,724	276					
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,411,744	1,508,892	1,012,267	496,625					
Total system-wide support services	12,303,377	12,242,468	10,471,237	1,771,231					
Ancillary services:									
Community	82	2,933	2,926	7					
Nutrition	1,908	1,908	1,649	259					
Total ancillary services	1,990	4,841	4,575	266					
Nonprogrammed charges	1,091,847	1,091,847	1,007,582	84,265					
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-	151,966	151,966	-					
Interest and fees		6,076	6,076						
Total debt service		158,042	158,042						
Total expenditures	29,078,524	29,178,524	26,457,263	2,721,261					
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,254,370)	(3,354,370)	(637,829)	2,716,541					
Other financing sources (uses):									
Transfers to other funds	(9,629)	(9,629)	(9,629)	-					
Fund balance appropriated	3,263,999	3,363,999	<u>-</u> _	(3,363,999)					
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	(647,458)	\$ (647,458)					
Fund balances:			,						
Beginning of year			5,859,724						
End of year			\$ 5,212,266						

	State Public School Fund									
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal budget positive (negative)		
Revenues: State of North Carolina	\$	41,503,068	\$	42,337,346	\$	41,234,775	\$	(1,102,571)		
Orange County		-		-		-		-		
U.S. Government Other		-		_		-		-		
Total revenues		41,503,068		42,337,346		41,234,775		(1,102,571)		
Expenditures:	_	41,303,000		42,337,340	_	41,234,773		(1,102,371)		
Current:										
Instructional services:										
Regular instructional		24,779,377		24,808,133		24,361,713		446,420		
Special populations Alternative programs		5,195,350 1,852,949		5,249,963 1,962,592		5,209,913 1,627,272		40,050 335,320		
School leadership		1,914,495		1,913,933		1,913,882		533,320		
Co-curricular		-		-		1,515,002		-		
School-based support		2,083,202		2,337,548		2,322,386		15,162		
Total instructional services		35,825,373		36,272,169		35,435,166		837,003		
System-wide support services:										
Support and development		105,115		183,621		183,511		110		
Special population support and development		22,524		64,245		54,820		9,425		
Alternative programs and services support										
and development		71,677		29,925		19,226		10,699		
Technology support		158,850		229,526		170,011		59,515		
Operational support Financial and human resource services		4,374,890		4,584,021		4,513,336		70,685		
Accountability		509,918		509,918 29,200		470,481 21,441		39,437 7,759		
System-wide pupil support		-		29,200		21,441		7,755		
Policy, leadership and public relations		382,515		382,515		315,619		66,896		
Total system-wide support services		5,625,489		6,012,971		5,748,445		264,526		
Ancillary services:										
Community		_		_		_		_		
Nutrition		3,393		3,393		2,798		595		
Total ancillary services		3,393		3,393		2,798		595		
•		_		_						
Nonprogrammed charges										
Debt service: Principal retirement		_		_		_		_		
Interest and fees		-		-		-		-		
Total debt service		-		-		-		-		
Total expenditures		41,454,255		42,288,533		41,186,409		1,102,124		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		48,813		48,813		48,366		(447)		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers to other funds		(48,813)		(48,813)		(48,366)		447		
Fund balance appropriated		<u> </u>				<u>-</u>				
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	<u>-</u>		-	\$	-		
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year										
End of year					\$	-				
•					<u> </u>	_				

	Federal Grants Fund									
	Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	fin	riance with al budget positive negative)			
Revenues: State of North Carolina	\$	_	\$	- \$	_	\$	_			
Orange County	Ψ	-	Ψ	- Ψ -	-	Ψ	-			
U.S. Government	4,025	,649	4,174,4	95	3,714,962		(459,533)			
Other				<u> </u>			-			
Total revenues	4,025	<u>,649</u>	4,174,4	95	3,714,962		(459,533)			
Expenditures: Current:										
Instructional services:	400	222	400.4	0.7	400 400		7			
Regular instructional Special populations	183 1,581	,320	193,1 1,862,5		193,180 1,862,505		7 69			
Alternative programs	1,640		1,566,8		1,277,759		289,139			
School leadership	.,0.10	-	.,000,0	-	-		-			
Co-curricular .		-		-	-		-			
School-based support		,264	114,4		80,047		34,426			
Total instructional services	3,539	<u>,365</u>	3,737,1	32	3,413,491		323,641			
System-wide support services:										
Support and development		,146	66,6		32,622		34,042			
Special population support and development Alternative programs and services support	28	,206	28,9	135	28,846		89			
and development	114	,856	157,8	84	142,000		15,884			
Technology support		-	107,0	-	-		-			
Operational support	11	,317	1,6	67	256		1,411			
Financial and human resource services		-		-	-		-			
Accountability		-		-	-		-			
System-wide pupil support		-		-	-		-			
Policy, leadership and public relations	216	<u>-</u> ,525	255,1	<u>-</u> _	203,724	-	51,426			
Total system-wide support services		,323	200,1		203,724	-	31,420			
Ancillary services: Community										
Nutrition	11	,300	10,1	00	4,395		5,705			
Total ancillary services		,300	10,1		4,395		5,705			
·		,459	172,1		93,352		78,761			
Nonprogrammed charges		,400	172,1		93,332		70,701			
Debt service: Principal retirement		_		_	_		_			
Interest and fees		-		-	-		-			
Total debt service					-		-			
Total expenditures	4,025	,649	4,174,4	95	3,714,962		459,533			
Revenues over (under) expenditures		-		-	-		-			
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers to other funds		-		-	-		-			
Fund balance appropriated	-		-	<u> </u>	-		-			
Net change in fund balance	\$		\$	<u>-</u>	-	\$	<u>-</u>			
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year				_	<u>-</u>					
End of year				\$						

	Enterprise					
	Major Fund					
	School Food	Child				
	Service	Care	Totals			
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 467,194	\$ 304,356	\$ 771,550			
Due from other governments	71,981	· · · · · · -	71,981			
Receivables	15,459	164	15,623			
Inventories	30,866	-	30,866			
Total current assets	585,500	304,520	890,020			
Noncurrent assets:						
Capital assets:						
Furniture and equipment, net	90,276	15,414	105,690			
Total assets	675,776	319,934	995,710			
Liabilities						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	132	588	720			
Compensated absences	37,605	4,766	42,371			
Unearned revenue	37,022	13,215	50,237			
Total current liabilities	74,759	18,569	93,328			
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	35,395	4,855	40,250			
Total liabilities	110,154	23,424	133,578			
Net position						
Investment in capital assets	90,276	15,414	105,690			
Unrestricted	475,346	281,096	756,442			
Total net position	\$ 565,622	\$ 296,510	\$ 862,132			

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Е	nterprise		
	Ma	ajor Fund	Non-	major Fund		
	School Food					
		Service		Care		Totals
Operating revenues:						
Food sales	\$	798,189	\$	-	\$	798,189
Child care fees				708,263		708,263
Total operating revenues		798,189		708,263		1,506,452
Operating expenses:						
Food cost:						
Purchase of food		801,426		21,269		822,695
Donated commodities		162,643		-		162,643
Salaries and benefits		1,509,593		555,343		2,064,936
Indirect costs		186,394		-		186,394
Materials and supplies		97,092		13,295		110,387
Depreciation		14,230		6,233		20,463
Contracted services		6,346		7,450		13,796
Other		14,386		18,555		32,941
Total operating expenses		2,792,110		622,145		3,414,255
Operating income (loss)	((1,993,921)		86,118		(1,907,803)
Nonoperating revenues:						
Federal reimbursements and grants		1,568,935		-		1,568,935
Federal commodities		162,643		-		162,643
State reimbursements		4,353		-		4,353
Indirect costs not paid		186,394		-		186,394
Interest earned		-		2,581		2,581
Gain on disposal of capital assets		3,966		-		3,966
Other		465		<u>-</u>		465
Total nonoperating revenues		1,926,756		2,581		1,929,337
Income (loss) before transfers		(67,165)		88,699		21,534
Transfers from other funds		57,995		<u>-</u>		57,995
Change in net position		(9,170)		88,699		79,529
Net position, beginning of year		574,792		207,811		782,603
Net position, end of year	\$	565,622	\$	296,510	\$	862,132

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Enterprise	
	Major Fund	Non-major Fund	
	School Food	Child	
	Service	Care	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Cash received from customers	\$ 792,124	\$ 708,209	\$ 1,500,333
Cash paid for goods and services	(908,038)	(61,673)	(969,711)
Cash paid to employees for services	(1,463,539)	(554,526)	(2,018,065)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,579,453)	92,010	(1,487,443)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:			
Federal and State reimbursements and grants	1,532,075	_	1,532,075
Proceeds from disposal of capital assets	3,966	_	3,966
Other	465	_	465
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	1,536,506		1,536,506
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:			
Purchase of capital assets	(2,247)	-	(2,247)
·			
Cash flows from investing activities:		0.504	0.504
Interest earned on investments	-	2,581	2,581
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(45,194)	94,591	49,397
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	512,388	209,765	722,153
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 467,194	\$ 304,356	\$ 771,550
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash			
provided (used) by operating activities:			
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,993,921)	\$ 86,118	\$ (1,907,803)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to			
net cash used by operating activities:			
Depreciation	14,230	6,233	20,463
Donated commodities	162,643	· -	162,643
Salaries paid by other funds	57,995	-	57,995
Indirect costs not paid	186,394	_	186,394
Changes in assets and liabilities:			,
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(8,740)	1,913	(6,827)
Decrease in inventories	11,089	-	11,089
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	, 5 5 5		, 5 5 5
and accrued liabilities	123	(1,104)	(981)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue	2,675	(1,967)	708
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(11,941)	817	(11,124)
Total adjustments	414,468	5,892	420,360
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,579,453)	\$ 92,010	\$ (1,487,443)
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			

NONCASH OPERATING AND NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$162,643 during the fiscal year. The receipt of these commodities is reflected as a nonoperating revenue on Exhibit 8. The consumption of these commodities is recorded as an operating expense.

The State Public School Fund and the General Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$48,366 and \$9,629, respectively, to personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. These payments are reflected as an operating transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

Indirect costs of \$186,394 that would be due to the Other Special Revenue Fund were not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

	Administrative Fund	Agency Funds		
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	<u>\$ 115,566</u>	\$ 516,324		
Liabilities				
Due to RESA	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 516,324		
Net Position				
Assets held in trust for private purpose	\$ 115,566	\$ -		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Exhibit 11

	Administrati Fund	
Additions: Contributions and other revenue	\$	235
Deductions: Instructional costs and other expenditures		
Change in net position		235
Beginning net position		115,331
Ending net position	<u>\$</u>	115,566

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Orange County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Orange County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Orange County, North Carolina, except in the Chapel Hill and Carrboro townships. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity. The Board has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The fiduciary fund is presented separately.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All expenses are considered to be operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are accounted for in another fund.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the U.S. Government for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Orange County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of county debt issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Other Special Revenue Fund. The Other Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues from reimbursements, including indirect costs, fees for actual costs, tuition, sales tax refunds, gifts and grants restricted as to use, federal and State grants restricted as to use, federal and State appropriations made directly to local school administrative units, funds received for prekindergarten programs and special programs.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses and instructional needs.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

The Board reports the following nonmajor enterprise fund:

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the after school care program at the elementary schools within the school system. The costs associated with these programs are recovered by user charges.

The Board reports the following fiduciary funds:

Administrative Fund. The Administrative Fund is used to account for scholarship money under the control of the Board for the benefit of students in the district.

Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance (RESA) Agency Fund. This fund is used to account for moneys held for the Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance for which the Board is the fiscal agent.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the fiduciary funds and the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to transfer appropriations between sub-functions, objects of expenditures within a function and amounts not to exceed \$1,000 between functions, without limitation, with a report to the Board being required at its next regular meeting. The Superintendent is not authorized to transfer any amounts between funds nor from any contingency appropriation within a fund. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. All amendments must be approved by the Board of Education. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Liabilities, and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with State laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT Cash Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The STIF securities are reported at cost and maintain a constant \$1 per share value. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1990 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

For capital assets utilized in both governmental and business-type activities, it is the policy of the Board to capitalize those assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	15 - 50
Equipment and furniture	3 - 10
Vehicles	6

Depreciation for assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

6. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2014 is recorded in the

government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

7. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for school capital outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital outlay. [G.S. 159-18 through 22]

Restricted for instructional services – grant and other revenues restricted for expenditure for various instructional services, as allowable by the funding source.

Restricted for individual schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes.

Subsequent year's expenditures – portion of fund balance that is appropriated in the next year's budget that is not already classified in restricted. The Board of Education approves the appropriation.

Special revenues – portion of fund balance that represents the residual amount of revenues from certain grants, reimbursements, indirect costs and other financial resources in excess of related expenditures that the Board of Education has assigned to be expended for educational services. This amount can be expended on instructional services, system-wide support services, ancillary services or non-programmed charges.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds.

The Board of Education has a management policy for revenue spending that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will use resources in the following hierarchy: bond proceeds, federal funds, State funds, local non-board of education funds, board of education funds. For purposes of fund balance classification, expenditures are to be spent from restricted fund balance first, followed in-order by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and lastly unassigned fund balance. The Finance Officer has the authority to deviate from this policy if it is in the best interest of the Board of Education.

8. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total* governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$62,289,948 consists of several elements as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on the government-wide statement in the governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation	\$130,255,737 (61,857,620)
Net capital assets	68,398,117
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Installment purchases Compensated absences	(1,518,759) (4,589,410)
Total adjustment	\$ 62,289,948

b. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of (\$2,688,384) as follows:

Description		Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$	124,098
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	((3,357,157)

Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements

847,875

Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:

Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources

(303,200)

Total adjustment <u>\$ (2,688,384)</u>

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2014, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$7,785,781 and with the State Treasurer of \$6,124. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$8,215,606 and \$1,344,511, respectively. Of these balances, \$1,104,968 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$8,455,149 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer. The Board also had cash on hand at year end totaling \$117.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2014, the Board had \$2,458,230 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 1.3 years at June 30, 2014. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate, credit, concentration or foreign currency risks.

3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	I	Due from other			
	go	vernments		Other	Total
Governmental activities:		_			
General Fund	\$	15,847	\$	31,327	\$ 47,174
Other governmental activities		1,698,632		136,803	 1,835,435
Total governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	1,714,479	\$	168,130	\$ 1,882,609
Business-type activities:					
School Food Service Fund	\$	71,981	\$	15,459	\$ 87,440
Child Care Fund			_	164	 164
Total business-type activities	\$	71,981	\$	15,623	\$ 87,604

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:		
General Fund	\$ 15,847	Amounts due from the County
State Public School Fund	1,438,956	Operating funds from DPI
Federal Grants Fund	106,420	Federal grant funds
Capital Outlay Fund	105,750	Amounts due from County and DPI
Other Special Revenue Fund	47,506	Amounts due from the County
Total	<u>\$ 1,714,479</u>	
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund	<u>\$ 71,981</u>	Federal funds

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4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2014 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ.	0.044.050	Φ		Φ		Φ	0.044.050
Land	\$	2,844,650	\$	<u> </u>	\$		\$	2,844,650
Capital assets being depreciated:		440 005 400						440 005 400
Buildings and improvements Equipment and furniture		113,635,480 5,219,517		- 21,801		24,358		113,635,480 5,216,960
Vehicles		8,667,447		102,297		211,097		8,558,647
Total capital assets being depreciated		127,522,444	-	124,098	_	235,455		127,411,087
Less accumulated depreciation for:				<u> </u>		,		<u> </u>
Buildings and improvements		46,965,944		2,714,141		_		49,680,085
Equipment and furniture		4,674,227		198,743		24,358		4,848,612
Vehicles		7,095,747		444,273		211,097		7,328,923
Total accumulated depreciation		58,735,918	_	3,357,157	_	235,455	_	61,857,620
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		68,786,526					_	65,553,467
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	71,631,176					\$	68,398,117
		Beginning						Ending
		Balances		Increases		Decreases		Balances
Business-type activities:								
School Food Service Fund:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Equipment and furniture	\$	1,249,719	\$	2,247	\$	13,808	\$	1,238,158
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furniture		1,147,460		14,230		13,808		1,147,882
School Food Service capital assets, net		102,259						90,276
Child Care Fund:								
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building improvements		48,448		-		-		48,448
Equipment and furniture		113,155		<u>-</u>	_	17,176		95,979
Total capital assets being depreciated		161,603			_	17,176	_	144,427
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building improvements		37,977		3,358		-		41,335
Equipment and furniture		101,979		2,875	_	17,176		87,678
Total accumulated depreciation		139,956	_	6,233	_	17,176	_	129,013
Child Care Fund capital assets, net		21,647					_	15,414
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	123,906					\$	105,690

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Operational support services	\$ 444,273
Unallocated depreciation	 2,912,884
Total	\$ 3,357,157

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
- a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. Orange County Board of Education contributes to the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS provides retirement benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, or by calling (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required to contribute six percent of their annual covered salary and the Board is required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate. The current rate is 8.69% of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and Orange County Board of Education are established and may be amended by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Board's contributions to TSERS for the years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 were \$3,845,341, \$3,772,589 and \$3,227,772, respectively, equal to the required contributions for each year.

b. Other Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The postemployment healthcare benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Plan.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also, referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establish premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium. For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the School Board paid all annual required contributions to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$2,389,510, \$2,400,327 and \$2,169,201, respectively. These contributions represented 5.40%, 5.30% and 5.00% of covered payroll, respectively.

Long-term Disability Benefits

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability benefits are payable as another postemployment benefit from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System;

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, or (3) completing 30 years of creditable service, at any age.

For members with five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3.900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, any other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S.127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the member might be entitled should the member become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$194,701, \$199,272 and \$225,597, respectively. These contributions represented 0.44%, 0.44% and 0.52% of covered payroll, respectively.

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Vendors and Other		Salaries and benefits		Due to Other Governments		 Total
Governmental activities:							
General Fund	\$	1,248,199	\$	292,141	\$	-	\$ 1,540,340
Other governmental activities	_	103,195		1,561,554		6,124	 1,670,873
Total governmental activities	\$	1,351,394	\$	1,853,695	\$	6,124	\$ 3,211,213
Business-type activities:							
School Food Service Fund	\$	132	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 132
Child Care Fund	_	588					 588
Total business-type activities	\$	720	\$		\$	_	\$ 720

3. Unearned Revenues

The balance in unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

Business-type activities:

Prepayments of meals (School Food Service Fund)	\$ 37,022
Prepayments of tuition (Child Care Fund)	 13,215
Total business-type activities	\$ 50,237

4. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the Board maintains general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Trust has an annual aggregate limit for both general liability and errors and omissions of \$3,150,000 each. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability coverage. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through a private insurer for employees to the extent they are paid from Federal and local funds. Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from State funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. The Fund insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on flood, earthquake, business interruption and extra expense. \$10 million per occurrence is provided on increased cost of construction.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

5. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot moneys for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through special third party financing arrangements. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, the Board entered into such a contract for the purchase of school buses. The contract requires four equal principal-only payments with the first payment due within 10 days of receipt of the buses and the following 3 payments due on the next 3 immediately following November 15th dates.

The Board entered into an installment purchase contract for the purchase of computers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The contract requires four equal payments of principal and interest at 1.29% due annually through 2016.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities
Year Ending June 30,	<u>Principal</u>
2015	\$ 873,194
2016	<u>671,096</u>
	1,544,290
Less portion representing interest	<u>(25,531)</u>
Total principal obligation	<u>\$ 1,518,759</u>

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014:

	Jı	uly 1, 2013	 Increases	Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2014	Current Portion
Governmental activities: Installment purchases Compensated absences	\$	2,366,634 4,286,210	\$ - 2,641,755	\$ 847,875 2,338,555	\$	1,518,759 4,589,410	\$ 856,209 1,549,169
Total governmental activities	\$	6,652,844	\$ 2,641,755	\$ 3,186,430	\$	6,108,169	\$ 2,405,378
Business-type activities: Compensated absences	\$	93,745	\$ 75,879	\$ 87,003	\$	82,621	\$ 42,371

Compensated absences related to governmental activities are typically liquidated by the General and other governmental funds.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Transfers to/from other Funds

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for salaries and benefits

\$\frac{48,366}{}\$

From the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund for salaries and benefits

\$ 9,629

D. Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Net Investment in Capital Assets

Net investment in capital assets presented in Exhibit 1 is calculated as follows:

Total capital assets	\$ 68,398,117
Less: Installment purchase obligations for school buses	 (202,097)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 68,196,020

The district also has \$1,316,662 of installment purchase obligations outstanding at June 30, 2014 for computers. This amount has been excluded from the calculation of net investment in capital assets due to these computers being noncapitalized items.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

2. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund \$ 5,212,266

Less:

Stabilization by State statute (47,174) Appropriated fund balance in the 2014-2015 budget (2,666,206)

Remaining fund balance \$ 2,498,886

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Capital Outlay Fund \$ 570,771

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues:					
Orange County:	Ф ОБ <u>ББ</u> 4 4 Б 4	Ф OF FEA 4.E.A	c		
County appropriation	\$ 25,554,154	\$ 25,554,154	\$ -		
Other:					
Fines and forfeitures	200,000	209,072	9,072		
Interest earned on investment	70,000	56,208	(13,792)		
Total other	270,000	265,280	(4,720)		
	<u> </u>				
Total revenues	25,824,154	25,819,434	(4,720)		
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Instructional services:					
Regular instructional	8,292,810	7,957,861	334,949		
Special populations	2,318,894	2,315,533	3,361		
Alternative programs School leadership	652,156 1,942,343	610,773 1,645,937	41,383 296,406		
Co-curricular	943,664	893,440	50,224		
School-based support	1,531,459	1,392,283	139,176		
Total instructional services	15,681,326	14,815,827	865,499		
System-wide support services:	0.400.007	0.005.000	004.044		
Support and development	2,429,997	2,035,383	394,614		
Special population support and development Alternative programs and services	112,019	105,712	6,307		
support and development	18	17	1		
Technology support	749,280	745,446	3,834		
Operational support	5,971,945	5,532,030	439,915		
Financial and human resource services	1,246,947	854,770	392,177		
Accountability	211,370	173,888	37,482		
System-wide pupil support	12,000	11,724	276		
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,508,892	1,012,267	496,625		
Total system-wide support services	12,242,468	10,471,237	1,771,231		
Ancillary services:					
Community	2,933	2,926	7		
Nutrition	1,908	1,649	259		
Total ancillary services	4,841	4,575	266		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Expenditures (Continued): Non-programmed charges: Payments to other governments 1,091,847 1,007,582 84,265 Debt service: Principal retirement 151,966 Interest and fees 6,076 6,076 - Total debt service Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 Net change in fund balance \$ - (647,458) \$ (647,458) Fund balance: Beginning of year		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Payments to other governments 1,091,847 1,007,582 84,265 Debt service: Principal retirement 151,966 151,966 - Interest and fees 6,076 6,076 - Total debt service 158,042 158,042 - Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: (9,629) (9,629) - Transfers to other funds (9,629) - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$ (647,458) \$ Fund balance: \$ (647,458) \$				
Debt service: Principal retirement 151,966 151,966 151,966 - 151,966 - 151,966 -	Non-programmed charges:			
Principal retirement 151,966 151,966 - Interest and fees 6,076 6,076 - Total debt service 158,042 158,042 - Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Payments to other governments	1,091,847	1,007,582	84,265
Interest and fees 6,076 6,076 - Total debt service 158,042 158,042 - Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: (9,629) (9,629) - Transfers to other funds (9,629) - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Debt service:			
Interest and fees 6,076 6,076 - Total debt service 158,042 158,042 - Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: (9,629) (9,629) - Transfers to other funds (9,629) - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Principal retirement	151,966	151,966	-
Total debt service 158,042 158,042 - Total expenditures 29,178,524 26,457,263 2,721,261 Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$ - (647,458) \$ (647,458) Fund balance:	•		·	-
Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$				
Revenues under expenditures (3,354,370) (637,829) 2,716,541 Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$				
Other financing uses: (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Total expenditures	29,178,524	26,457,263	2,721,261
Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Revenues under expenditures	(3,354,370)	(637,829)	2,716,541
Transfers to other funds (9,629) (9,629) - Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$	Other financing uses:			
Fund balance appropriated 3,363,999 - (3,363,999) Net change in fund balance \$ - (647,458) \$ (647,458) Fund balance: \$ - (647,458) \$ (647,458)		(9.629)	(9.629)	_
Net change in fund balance \$ (647,458) \$ (647,458) Fund balance:	Transfer to strict runds	(0,020)	(0,020)	
Fund balance:	Fund balance appropriated	3,363,999	<u> </u>	(3,363,999)
	Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	(647,458)	\$ (647,458)
	Fund halanaa			
Degining of year 5,009,724			5 850 724	
	beginning or year		5,059,124	
End of year \$ 5,212,266	End of year		\$ 5,212,266	

	Special Rev		
	Other Special	Individual	
	Revenue	Schools	Totals
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 849,898	\$ 591,576	\$ 1,441,474
Due from other governments	47,506	-	47,506
Accounts receivable	136,803		136,803
Total assets	\$ 1,034,207	\$ 591,576	\$ 1,625,783
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 18	\$ -	\$ 18
Accrued salaries and wages payable	16,178		16,178
Total liabilities	16,196		16,196
Fund balances			
Restricted:			
Stabilization by State statute	184,309	-	184,309
Instructional services	564,421	-	564,421
Individual schools	-	591,576	591,576
Assigned:	000.004		000 004
Special revenues	269,281	<u>-</u>	269,281
Total fund balances	1,018,011	591,576	1,609,587
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,034,207	\$ 591,576	\$ 1,625,783

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Rev		
	Other Special	Individual	
	Revenue	Schools	Totals
Revenues:			
State of North Carolina	\$ 7,300	\$ -	\$ 7,300
Other	1,309,375	1,788,005	3,097,380
Total revenues	1,316,675	1,788,005	3,104,680
Expenditures:			
Current:			
Instructional services:			
Regular instructional	160,367	-	160,367
Alternative programs	26,360	-	26,360
Co-curricular	-	1,719,259	1,719,259
School-based support	226,377		226,377
Total instructional services	413,104	1,719,259	2,132,363
System-wide support services:			
Alternative programs and services			
support and development	36,008	-	36,008
Operational support	497,211	-	497,211
Financial and human resource services	16,723		16,723
Total system-wide support services	549,942	-	549,942
Ancillary services:			
Nutrition	1,443	-	1,443
Total expenditures	964,489	1,719,259	2,683,748
Net change in fund balance	352,186	68,746	420,932
Fund balances:			
Beginning of year	665,825	522,830	1,188,655
End of year	\$ 1,018,011	\$ 591,576	\$ 1,609,587

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Revenues: State of North Carolina:			
Teacher on Loan Program	\$ 7,300	\$ 7,300	\$ -
· ·		<u>+</u> -,	<u>*</u>
Other: Indirect costs allocated	95,000	93,352	(1,648)
Private grants and programs	11,500	4,900	(6,600)
Rental of school property	65,000	64,604	(396)
Medicaid reimbursement program	267,999	290,677	22,678
Other refunds and reimbursements	259,055	283,581	24,526
Tuition and fees	159,000	159,128	128
ABC revenues	38,500	38,500	-
Contracted services	368,422	339,496	(28,926)
Miscellaneous	12,000	35,137	23,137
Total other	1,276,476	1,309,375	32,899
Total revenues	1,283,776	1,316,675	32,899
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Special populations Alternative programs Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services System-wide support services: Alternative programs and services support and development Operational support Financial and human resource services	438,827 137,562 266,926 526 239,024 1,082,865 45,500 497,246 17,000	160,367 - 26,360 - 226,377 413,104 36,008 497,211 16,723	278,460 137,562 240,566 526 12,647 669,761 9,492 35 277
System-wide pupil support	888		888
Total system-wide support services	560,634	549,942	10,692
Ancillary services: Nutrition	2,000	1,443	557
Total expenditures	<u>1,645,499</u>	964,489	<u>681,010</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(361,723)	352,186	713,909
Fund balance appropriated	361,723	_	(361,723)
Net change in fund balance	<u>\$</u>	352,186	\$ 352,186
Fund balance: Beginning of year End of year		665,825 \$ 1,018,011	

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Revenues	<u>E</u> >	kpenditures		Net change in fund balance		d balances /30/2013	d balances /30/2014
Orange High	\$ 571,985	\$	548,536	\$	23,449	\$	136,056	\$ 159,505
Cedar Ridge High	417,726		400,495		17,231	Ψ	184,815	202,046
C.W. Stanford Middle	112,567		100,648		11,919		47,575	59,494
Gravelly Hill Middle	106,750		109,060		(2,310)		21,460	19,150
A.L. Stanback Middle	85,992		81,577		4,415		23,824	28,239
Efland-Cheeks Elementary	37,942		39,182		(1,240)		5,741	4,501
Grady A. Brown Elementary	52,779		49,991		2,788		20,128	22,916
Central Elementary	44,825		43,864		961		5,674	6,635
Cameron Park Elementary	134,959		143,000		(8,041)		23,258	15,217
New Hope Elementary	78,755		73,620		5,135		28,623	33,758
Hillsborough Elementary	84,901		83,639		1,262		4,937	6,199
Pathways Elementary	55,593		42,737		12,856		19,237	32,093
Partnership Academy Alternative	 3,231		2,910	_	321		1,502	 1,823
Totals	\$ 1,788,005	\$	1,719,259	\$	68,746	\$	522,830	\$ 591,576

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
State of North Carolina:					
State appropriations - buses	<u>\$ -</u>	\$ 202,094	\$ 202,094		
Orange County:					
Qualified School Construction Bonds	878,126	878,126	-		
General county appropriations	2,708,103	1,659,450	(1,048,653)		
Total Orange County	3,586,229	2,537,576	(1,048,653)		
Other:					
Local sales tax	3,516,795	1,614,895	(1,901,900)		
Interest earned on investments		1,470	1,470		
Total other	3,516,795	1,616,365	(1,900,430)		
Total revenues	7,103,024	4,356,035	(2,746,989)		
Expenditures: Current:					
Instructional services:	455.000	404 500	50 444		
Regular instructional Co-curricular	155,000 60,000	104,589 53,813	50,411 6,187		
School-based support	895,323	708,853	186,470		
Total instructional services	1,110,323	867,255	243,068		
System-wide support services:		·			
Operational support	6,108,292	2,936,420	3,171,872		
Financial and human resource	37,500	36,856	644		
Total system-wide support services	6,145,792	2,973,276	3,172,516		
Ancillary services:					
Nutrition	10,000	3,550	6,450		
Debt service:					
Principal retirement	695,909	695,909	-		
Interest and fees	19,240	19,240			
Total debt service	715,149	715,149			
Total expenditures	7,981,264	4,559,230	3,422,034		
Revenues under expenditures	(878,240)	(203,195)	675,045		
Fund balance appropriated	878,240	-	(878,240)		
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	(203,195)	\$ (203,195)		
Fund balance:		, ,			
Beginning of year		899,550			
End of year		\$ 696,355			
Life of year		Ψ 030,000			

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

		Final Budget	Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Operating revenues - food sales	\$	962,150	\$	798,189	\$	(163,961)
Operating expenditures: Business support services: Purchase of food Donated commodities Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Contracted services Other Capital outlay		- - - - -		790,337 162,643 1,521,534 97,092 6,346 14,386 2,247		- - - - -
Total operating expenditures		2,689,850		2,594,585		95,265
Operating loss		(1,727,700)		(1,796,396)		(68,696)
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements and grants Federal commodities State reimbursements Interest earned Other		1,577,500 145,000 3,900 1,000 300		1,568,935 162,643 4,353 - 465		(8,565) 17,643 453 (1,000) 165
Total nonoperating revenues		1,727,700		1,736,396		8,696
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources Other financing sources: Transfers from other funds		-		(60,000) 57,995		(60,000) 57,995
	\$				\$	(2,005)
Net change in fund balance Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation Equipment purchases Gain on disposal of capital assets Indirect costs Indirect costs not paid Decrease in compensated absences payable Decrease in inventories	Φ			(2,005) (14,230) 2,247 3,966 (186,394) 186,394 11,941 (11,089)	Φ	(2,003)
Change in net position (full accrual)			\$	(9,170)		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) CHILD CARE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance Positive (Negative)	
Operating revenues: Child care fees	\$	844,537	\$	708,263	<u>\$</u>	(136,274)
Operating expenditures: Regular community services: Purchase of food Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Contracted services Other	_	- - - -		21,269 554,526 13,295 7,450 18,555	_	- - - -
Total operating expenditures		864,037		615,095		248,942
Operating income (loss)		(19,500)		93,168		112,668
Nonoperating revenues: Interest earned		<u>-</u>	•	2,581		2,581
Revenues over (under) expenditures		(19,500)		95,749		115,249
Fund balance appropriated		19,500		<u>-</u>		(19,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$			95,749	\$	95,749
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation Increase in compensated absences payable Change in net position (full accrual)			\$	(6,233) (817) 88,699		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CENTRAL CAROLINA REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE ALLIANCE (RESA) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance July 1, 2013	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2014	
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 491,385	\$ 456,454	\$ 431,515	\$ 516,324	
Liabilities					
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to RESA	\$ 34,938 456,447	\$ - 456,454	\$ 34,938 396,577	\$ - 516,324	
Total liabilities	\$ 491,385	\$ 456,454	\$ 431,515	\$ 516,324	



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 7, 2014.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Orange County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 7, 2014 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Orange County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Orange County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orange County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Orange County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Orange County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Orange County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 7, 2014 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State
Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of
OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2014. The Orange County Board of Education's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Orange County Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orange County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major state program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Orange County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Orange County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2014.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Orange County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 7, 2014 Rockingham, North Carolina

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs

major federal programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133

No

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers Names of Federal Program or Cluster

	Special Education Cluster:
84.027	Grants to States – IDEA, Part B (611)
84.027	Special Needs Targeted Assistance
84.027	Risk Pool
84.173	Preschool Grants – IDEA, Part B (619)
84.173	Preschool Targeted Assistance

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B Programs

\$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act

No

Identification of major State programs:

Program Name

State Public School Fund

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No findings were noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of federal awards aggregating \$10,000 or more were noted.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of State awards aggregating \$10,000 or more were noted.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

There were no findings reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013.

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Child Nutrition Cluster: Noncash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program	10.555		<u>\$ 162,643</u>
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Seamless Summer Program Cash Assistance Subtotal	10.553 10.555 10.555		313,844 1,249,010 6,081 1,568,935
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,731,578
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,731,578
U.S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education: Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies Improving Teacher Quality Language Acquisition Grant Race to the Top - ARRA Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.010 84.367 84.365 84.395 84.287	PRC 050 PRC 103 PRC 104 PRC 156 PRC 110	1,453,165 196,249 47,564 699 73,995
Special Education Cluster: Grants to States - IDEA, part B (611) Special Needs Targeted Assistance Risk Pool Preschool Grants - IDEA, Part B (619) Preschool Targeted Assistance Total Special Education Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173 84.173	PRC 060 PRC 118 PRC 114 PRC 049 PRC 119	1,734,572 27,624 54,671 49,145 1,539 1,867,551
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States Program Development Capacity Building Grant	84.048 84.048	PRC 017 PRC 058	75,140 599
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,714,962
Total Federal Assistance			5,446,540

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
State Grants:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction Cash Assistance: State Public School Fund			38,641,576
Vocational Education: State Months of Employment Program Support Funds		PRC 013 PRC 014	2,117,143 190,010
Driver Training School Technology Fund Teacher on Loan Program		PRC 012 PRC 015	129,943 156,103 7,300
Cash assistance subtotal			41,242,075
Non-Cash Assistance: State Buses Appropriation			202,094
Total NC Department of Public Instruction			41,444,169
N.C. Department of Agriculture State Reduced Breakfast Program			4,353
Total State Assistance			41,448,522
Total Federal and State Assistance			\$ 46,895,062

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of Orange County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.