ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Hillsborough, North Carolina

Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

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ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange County Board of Education, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Orange County Board of Education as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General, State Public School and Federal Grants funds for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 9 and the Schedule of the Board's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and the Schedule of Board Contributions on pages 43 and 44, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Orange County Board of Education's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, as well as the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards as required by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, Non-Profit Organizations* and the State Single Audit Implementation Act are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, budgetary schedules and other schedules, and the accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2015 on our consideration of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 12, 2015 Rockingham, North Carolina (910) 997-1418

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of the Orange County Board of Education's (the "Board") financial report represents our discussion and analysis of the financial performance of the Board for the year ended June 30, 2015. This information should be read in conjunction with the audited financial statements included in this report.

Financial Highlights

- As discussed in Note 4 to the financial statements, the Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27), in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. As a result, net position as previously reported at June 30, 2014 for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$15.9 million and \$358,000, respectively. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Board's total government-wide net position (not including the decrease in net position due to the GASB 68 restatement) increased by \$2.6 million, or 3.6%. Governmental activities net position increased by \$68,000.
- Student enrollment decreased by 116 students from the average daily membership of the prior fiscal year.
- The Orange County Board of County Commissioners funded Orange County Schools at \$3,571 per student which was an increase of \$302 per pupil over the prior year.
- The total funding increase over the prior year from the Orange County Board of County Commissioners was \$3,020,821.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The audited financial statements of the Orange County Board of Education consist of four components. They are as follows:

- Independent Auditors' Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis (required supplementary information)
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required supplemental section that presents budgetary statements and schedules for governmental and enterprise funds.

The Basic Financial Statements include two types of statements that present different views of the Board's finances. The first is the Government-wide Statements. The government-wide statements are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting and include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Assets and liabilities are classified in the order of relative liquidity for assets and due date for liabilities. This statement provides a summary of the Board's investment in assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and obligations to creditors. Liquidity and financial flexibility can be evaluated using the information contained in this statement. The statement of activities summarizes the Board's revenues and expenses for the current year. A net (expense) revenue format is used to indicate to what extent each function is self-sufficient.

The second set of statements included in the basic financial statements is the *Fund Financial Statements*, which are presented for the Board's governmental funds, proprietary fund and fiduciary fund. These statements present the governmental funds on the modified accrual basis of accounting, measuring the near term inflows and outflows of financial resources and what is available at year-end to spend in the next fiscal year. The proprietary and fiduciary funds are presented on the full accrual basis of accounting. The fund financial statements focus on the Board's most significant funds. Because a

different basis of accounting is used in the government-wide statements, reconciliation from the governmental fund financial statements to the government-wide statements is required. The government-wide statements provide information about the Board as an economic unit while the fund financial statements provide information on each of the financial resources of each of the Board's major funds.

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the unit as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Board's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Board's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the Board's assets and liabilities. This is one way to measure the unit's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Board's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating.
- To assess the Board's overall health, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such
 as changes in the County's property tax base and the condition of its school buildings and other
 physical assets.

The unit's activities are divided into two categories in the government-wide statements:

- Governmental activities: Most of the Board's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. County funding and State and federal aid finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities: The Board charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it
 provides. School food service is included here.

The government-wide statements are shown as Exhibits 1 and 2 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Board's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds - not the unit as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Board uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs.

- Some funds are required by State law, such as the State Public School Fund.
- The Board has established other funds to control and manage money for a particular purpose or to show that it is properly using certain revenues, such as in the Federal Grants Fund.

Orange County Board of Education has three types of funds:

Governmental funds: Most of the Board's basic services are included in the governmental funds, which generally focus on two things – 1) how cash and other assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and 2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. As a result of this focus, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps the reader determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the coming year to finance the Board's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, additional information at the bottom of the governmental fund statements, in the form of a reconciliation, explains the relationship (or differences) between the government-wide

and the fund financial statements. The Board has several governmental funds: the General Fund, the State Public School Fund, the Individual Schools Fund, the Capital Outlay Fund, the Other Special Revenue Fund and the Federal Grants Fund. The governmental fund statements are shown as Exhibits 3, 4, 5 and 6 of this report.

Proprietary funds: Services for which the Board charges a fee are generally reported in the proprietary funds. The proprietary fund statements are reported on the same full accrual basis of accounting as the government-wide statements. The Orange County Board of Education has two proprietary funds - both enterprise funds – the School Food Service Fund and the Child Care Fund. The proprietary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 7, 8, and 9 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds: Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Orange County Board of Education has two fiduciary funds – an administrative fund and an agency fund. The Administrative Fund is a scholarship fund under the control of the administrative unit. This is accounted for as a private purpose trust fund. The agency fund is used to account for moneys held for the Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance (RESA). The Board ceased to be the fiscal agent for RESA during the year ended June 30, 2015. The fiduciary fund statements are shown as Exhibits 10 and 11.

Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole

Net position is an indicator of the fiscal health of the Board. Assets exceeded liabilities by \$57.0 million as of June 30, 2015 as compared to \$70.7 million as of June 30, 2014, a decrease of \$13.7 million. As previously discussed, this decrease is primarily due to the implementation of GASB 68 during the year which had the effect of reducing beginning of year net position by \$16.3 million. The largest component of net position is net investment in capital assets of \$66.2 million. Following is a summary of the Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Table 1
Condensed Statement of Net Position
As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

		Governmen	tal A	ctivities	Business-type Activities					Total Primary Government			
	_	6/30/15		6/30/14		6/30/15		6/30/14	6/30/15			6/30/14	
Current assets Capital assets	\$	12,422,484 66,161,693	\$	10,729,421 68,398,117	\$	902,834 103,748	\$	890,020 105,690	\$	13,325,318 66,265,441	\$	11,619,441 68,503,807	
Total assets		78,584,177		79,127,538		1,006,582		995,710		79,590,759		80,123,248	
Deferred outflows of resources		4,159,464		<u> </u>		93,580			_	4,253,044			
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities		5,617,969 7,016,568		5,616,591 3,702,791		80,292 139,137		93,328 40,250		5,698,261 7,155,705		5,709,919 3,743,041	
Total liabilities		12,634,537		9,319,382		219,429		133,578		12,853,966		9,452,960	
Deferred inflows of resources		13,726,348				308,816			_	14,035,164			
Net investment in capital assets		66,079,471		68,196,020		103,748		105,690		66,183,219		68,301,710	
Restricted net position		2,699,052		2,083,835		-		-		2,699,052		2,083,835	
Unrestricted net position (deficit)		(12,395,767)		(471,699)		468,169		756,442		(11,927,598)		284,743	
Total net position	\$	56,382,756	\$	69,808,156	\$	571,917	\$	862,132	\$	56,954,673	\$	70,670,288	

The net position of the Board's governmental activities decreased \$13.4 million during the year, from \$69.8 million at June 30, 2014 to \$56.4 million at June 30, 2015, indicating a decline in the financial

condition of the Board. The GASB 68 restatement accounted for all of this decrease, reducing beginning of year governmental activities net position by \$15.9 million. Restricted net position increased by \$615,000, primarily due to an increase in fund balance in the Capital Outlay Fund. Unrestricted net position decreased \$11.9 million compared to the prior year, due primarily to implementation of GASB 68. Net investment in capital assets decreased \$2.1 million due to an excess of depreciation expense over capital additions for the year.

Net of a reduction of \$358,000 to beginning of year net position for implementation of GASB 68, the net position of the Board's business-type activities increased \$68,000 during the year. This increase of \$68,000 is the combined net profit generated by our school food service and child care operations during the 2015 fiscal year. The following table shows the revenues and expenses of the Board for the current and prior fiscal years:

Table 2
Condensed Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Years Ended June 30, 2015 and 2014

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities					Total Primary Government			
		6/30/15		6/30/14		6/30/15		6/30/14	6/30/15			6/30/14	
Revenues:													
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$	1,895,521	\$	2,011,737	\$	1,408,236	\$	1,506,452	\$	3,303,757	\$	3,518,189	
Operating grants and contributions		47,955,715		45,875,691		1,777,258		1,735,931		49,732,973		47,611,622	
Capital grants and contributions		284,316		202,094		-		-		284,316		202,094	
General revenues:													
Other revenues		31,425,752		30,047,012	_	587		7,012		31,426,339	_	30,054,024	
Total revenues	_	81,561,304	_	78,136,534		3,186,081		3,249,395	_	84,747,385	_	81,385,929	
Expenses:													
Governmental activities:													
Instructional services		56,607,544		56,783,772		-		-		56,607,544		56,783,772	
System-wide support services		17,854,851		20,450,329		-		-		17,854,851		20,450,329	
Ancillary services		3,011		16,761		-		-		3,011		16,761	
Non-programmed charges		1,821,498		1,007,582		-		-		1,821,498		1,007,582	
Interest on long-term debt		16,985		25,316		-		-		16,985		25,316	
Unallocated depreciation		2,708,505		2,912,884		-		-		2,708,505		2,912,884	
Business-type activities:													
School food service		-		-		2,525,131		2,605,716		2,525,131		2,605,716	
Child care		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		652,262		622,145	_	652,262		622,145	
Total expenses		79,012,394		81,196,644		3,177,393		3,227,861		82,189,787		84,424,505	
Transfers in (out)		(59,157)		(57,995)		59,157		57,995		-		-	
Increase (decrease) in net position		2,489,753		(3,118,105)		67,845		79,529		2,557,598		(3,038,576)	
Beginning net position,													
as previously reported		69,808,156		72,926,261		862,132		782,603		70,670,288		73,708,864	
Restatement		(15,915,153)			_	(358,060)				(16,273,213)	_		
Beginning net position, as restated		53,893,003		72,926,261		504,072		782,603		54,397,075		73,708,864	
Ending net position	\$	56,382,756	\$	69,808,156	\$	571,917	\$	862,132	\$	56,954,673	\$	70,670,288	

Total governmental activities generated revenues of \$81.6 million while expenses in this category totaled \$79.0 million for the year ended June 30, 2015, resulting in an increase in net position of \$2.5 million (including transfers to business-type activities of \$59,000). Comparatively, revenues were \$78.1 million, expenses totaled \$81.2 million and transfers out were \$58,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014,

resulting in a decrease in net position of \$3.1 million. In comparing the two years, there was an increase in revenues of \$3.4 million, or 4.4%, while expenses decreased \$2.2 million, or 2.7%. The increase in revenues was primarily attributable to a \$1.9 million increase in funding from the State Public School Fund and a \$1.7 million increase in funding from Orange County for General Fund appropriations and capital projects.

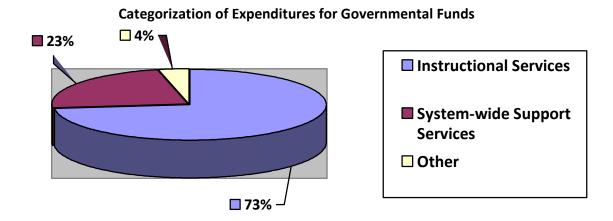
The Board's primary sources of revenues were funding from the State of North Carolina, Orange County, and the United States Government, which respectively comprised 53.2%, 36.4% and 4.3% of our total revenues. As would be expected, the major component of our expenditures was instructional services which accounted for 71.6% of our total expenditures during the most recent fiscal year. Of the remaining 28.4% of our total expenditures, 22.6% was attributable to system-wide support services.

Our business-type activities generated revenues of \$3.2 million, expenses of \$3.2 million and reported transfers in from governmental activities of \$59,000 for the year ended June 30, 2015. For the year, net position increased by \$68,000. Comparatively, revenues were \$3.2 million, expenses were \$3.2 million and transfers in from governmental activities totaled \$58,000 for the year ended June 30, 2014, resulting in an increase in net position of \$80,000. In comparing the two periods, revenues and expenses were basically unchanged and overall operating results were very consistent.

Financial Analysis of the Board's Funds

Governmental Funds: The focus of Orange County Board of Education's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of usable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the Board's financing requirements.

The Board's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$8.8 million at June 30, 2015, an increase of \$1.3 million over the \$7.5 million reported at June 30, 2014. The Board's General, Capital Outlay and nonmajor governmental funds each reported increases in fund balance for the year. Total governmental funds revenues increased by \$3.5 million, or 4.4%, over the prior year while expenditures increased by \$1.9 million, or 2.4%. As previously mentioned, the increase in revenues was primarily attributable to a \$1.9 million increase in funding from the State Public School Fund and a \$1.7 million increase in funding from Orange County for General Fund appropriations and capital projects.



Expenditures presented on modified accrual basis of accounting.

Proprietary Funds: The Board's business-type funds, the School Food Service and Child Care funds, reported a combined increase in net position of \$68,000 for the current year compared to an \$80,000 increase for the year ended June 30, 2014. As previously discussed under the section Financial Analysis of the Board as a Whole, overall operating results were very consistent compared to the prior year with no significant revenue or expense changes in the School Food Service or Child Care funds.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of a year, the Board will revise the budget, as necessary, to account for changes in revenue expectations and program allocations. However, during the year ended June 30, 2015, no significant budget revisions were made in the General Fund as revenue and expenditure expectations remained consistent throughout the year.

For the year, the Board's General Fund reported an increase in fund balance of \$229,000 compared to a decrease of \$647,000 in the prior year. Revenues increased \$3.0 million over the prior year due to increased funding from the County. This funding was primarily used for increased salary and benefit costs and payments to charter schools.

Due to some State and federal revenue sources being uncertain at the start of the year, management budgeted \$2.7 million of fund balance in case it was needed to cover instructional or system-wide support service costs that could not be paid from State or federal funds. The district did not have to use this appropriated fund balance as State and federal sources were used to pay these budgeted expenditures. This resulted in the General Fund reporting a \$2.9 million positive budget variance for expenditures for the year.

Capital Assets

Total primary government capital assets were \$66.3 million at June 30, 2015 compared to \$68.5 million at June 30, 2014, a decrease of 3.3%. This decrease was due to an excess of depreciation expense over capital additions for the year. More detailed information about the Board's capital assets is contained in Note 2 to the financial statements.

The following is a summary of the Board's capital assets, net of depreciation, at June 30, 2015 and 2014:

Table 3
Summary of Capital Assets
As of June 30, 2015 and 2014

	<u>Governmen</u>	tal A	<u>ctivities</u>		Business-ty	pe A	<u>Activities</u>		Total Primary	<u>y Government</u>		
	 6/30/15		6/30/14		6/30/15		6/30/14		6/30/15		6/30/14	
Land	\$ 2,844,650	\$	2,844,650	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,844,650	\$	2,844,650	
Construction in progress	678,529		-		-		-		678,529		-	
Buildings and improvements	61,411,989		63,955,395		3,755		7,113		61,415,744		63,962,508	
Equipment and furniture	216,961		368,348		99,993		98,577		316,954		466,925	
Vehicles	1,009,564		1,229,724						1,009,564		1,229,724	
Total	\$ 66,161,693	\$	68,398,117	\$	103,748	\$	105,690	\$	66,265,441	\$	68,503,807	

Debt Outstanding

During the year, the Board's long-term debt decreased by \$774,000 from \$1.5 million at June 30, 2014 to \$745,000 at June 30, 2015. The Board is limited by North Carolina General Statutes with regards to the types of debt it can issue and for what purpose that debt can be used. More detailed information about the Board's outstanding debt is contained in the Note 2 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors

County funding is a major source of income for the Orange County Board of Education. Therefore, the County's economic outlook directly affects that of the school district. The following factors reflect a positive outlook on the growth and prosperity of Orange County:

- The County enjoys a consistently low unemployment rate. The unemployment rates estimated by the North Carolina Employment Security Commission for June 2015 and 2014 were 5.0% and 4.8%, respectively, among the lowest in the state. The State averages for June 2015 and 2014 were 9.3% and 6.5%, respectively.
- The County's economy is characterized by a high degree of institutional and public sector activity, plus office, commercial and service-oriented business. Manufacturing and agriculture make up a smaller portion of the County's economy.
- The economy of the area is stabilized by the presence of State and Local government employment markets. The University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill and University Hospitals in the Town of Chapel Hill and their associated service, teaching and research programs have a reputation of excellence in the educational and medical fields. The County is also the place of residence for many technical and professional workers and executives who work in the Research Triangle Park and neighboring cities of Durham, Raleigh and Burlington.

Requests for Information

This report is intended to provide a summary of the financial condition of Orange County Board of Education. Questions or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Donna Brinkley, Chief Finance Officer Orange County Board of Education 200 East King Street Hillsborough, NC 27278

	i	Primary Government	
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total
Assets Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Receivables Inventories Capital assets:	\$ 10,588,555 1,760,423 73,506	\$ 747,668 72,215 40,591 42,360	\$ 11,336,223 1,832,638 114,097 42,360
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of depreciation Total capital assets	3,523,179 62,638,514 66,161,693	103,748 103,748	3,523,179 62,742,262 66,265,441
Total assets	78,584,177	1,006,582	79,590,759
Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,159,464	93,580	4,253,044
Liabilities Accounts payable and accrued expenses Accrued salaries and wages payable Due to other governments Unearned revenue Long-term liabilities: Net pension liability Due within one year Due in more than one year Total liabilities Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,572,708 2,037,530 6,372 - 3,760,813 2,001,359 3,255,755 12,634,537	232 - - 55,268 84,611 24,792 54,526 219,429	1,572,940 2,037,530 6,372 55,268 3,845,424 2,026,151 3,310,281 12,853,966
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	66,079,471	103,748	66,183,219
Stabilization by State statute School capital outlay Instructional services Individual schools activities Unrestricted (deficit)	146,125 1,380,912 555,691 616,324 (12,395,767)	- - - 468,169	146,125 1,380,912 555,691 616,324 (11,927,598)
Total net position	\$ 56,382,756	<u>\$ 571,917</u>	<u>\$ 56,954,673</u>

		F	Program Revenue	es	Net (E	tion	
					P	rimary Governme	nt
		Charges for	Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Governmental	Business-type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Primary government:							
Governmental activities:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	\$ 33,727,577	\$ -	\$ 25,932,880	\$ -	\$ (7,794,697)	\$ -	\$ (7,794,697)
Special populations	8,889,333	-	8,005,498	-	(883,835)	-	(883,835)
Alternative programs	3,577,460	-	3,594,173	-	16,713	-	16,713
School leadership	3,694,045	-	2,000,053	-	(1,693,992)	-	(1,693,992)
Co-curricular	2,555,950	1,686,146	7,000	-	(862,804)	-	(862,804)
School-based support	4,163,179	· · ·	2,215,495	=	(1,947,684)	=	(1,947,684)
System-wide support services:	,, -		, -,		(,- , ,		(,- , ,
Support and development Special population support	1,706,920	-	240,953	-	(1,465,967)	-	(1,465,967)
and development Alternative programs and services	169,984	-	25,004	-	(144,980)	-	(144,980)
support and development	171,469	_	113,226	_	(58,243)	_	(58,243)
Technology support	915,883	_	176,518	_	(739,365)	_	(739,365)
Operational support	11,539,341	26,864	4,686,936	284,316	(6,541,225)	_	(6,541,225)
Financial and human resource	11,000,011	20,001	1,000,000	201,010	(0,011,220)		(0,011,220)
services	1,557,332	182,511	573,101	_	(801,720)	_	(801,720)
Accountability	230,565	102,011	25,588	_	(204,977)	_	(204,977)
System-wide pupil support	8,420	_	20,000	_	(8,420)	_	(8,420)
Policy, leadership and	0,420				(0,420)		(0,420)
public relations	1,554,937	_	225,159	_	(1,329,778)	_	(1,329,778)
Ancillary services	3,011	_	14,276	-	11,265	-	11,265
Payments to other governments	1,821,498	_	119,855	-	(1,701,643)	-	(1,701,643)
		_	119,000	-	,	-	
Interest on long-term debt	16,985	-	-	=	(16,985)	-	(16,985)
Unallocated depreciation expense**	2,708,505				(2,708,505)		(2,708,505)
Total governmental activities	79,012,394	1,895,521	47,955,715	284,316	(28,876,842)		(28,876,842)
Business-type activities:							
School food service	2,525,131	677,285	1,777,258	-	-	(70,588)	(70,588)
Child care	652,262	730,951				78,689	78,689
Total business-type activities	3,177,393	1,408,236	1,777,258			8,101	8,101
Total primary government	\$ 82,189,787	\$ 3,303,757	\$ 49,732,973	\$ 284,316	(28,876,842)	8,101	(28,868,741)
	General revenue	es:					
		ounty appropriation	ons - operating		28,575,028	-	28,575,028
	Unrestricted of	ounty appropriation	ons - capital		2,510,342	-	2,510,342
		rnings, unrestrict	•		21,657	587	22,244
	Miscellaneous	•			318,725	-	318,725
	Transfers				(59,157)	59,157	· •
		revenues and trar	nsfers		31,366,595	59,744	31,426,339
	Change in net		.0.0.0		2,489,753	67,845	2,557,598
	· ·	ginning, as previo	usly reported		69,808,156	862,132	70,670,288
	Restatement	J J, 5.5 p. 54.6) -1		(15,915,153)	(358,060)	(16,273,213)
		ginning, as restate	ed		53,893,003	504,072	54,397,075
	Net position - en	ding			\$ 56,382,756	\$ 571,917	\$ 56,954,673

^{**}This amount excludes the depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of the various programs.

				Major	Fund	ls			Nor	n-major Funds	;	
		General	S	State Public School		Federal Grants		Capital Outlay		Special Revenue		Total overnmental Funds
Assets												
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other governments Accounts receivable	\$	7,131,491 20,025 46,939	\$	6,372 1,624,002	\$	- 113,155 -	\$	1,388,927 3,241 -	\$	2,061,765 - 26,567	\$	10,588,555 1,760,423 73,506
Total assets	\$	7,198,455	\$	1,630,374	\$	113,155	\$	1,392,168	\$	2,088,332	\$	12,422,484
Liabilities and fund balances												
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Accrued salaries and wages payable Due to other governments	\$	1,464,364 292,700	\$	- 1,624,002 6,372	\$	13,904 99,251	\$	11,256	\$	83,184 21,577	\$	1,572,708 2,037,530 6,372
Total liabilities		1,757,064		1,630,374		113,155		11,256		104,761		3,616,610
Fund balances: Restricted: Stabilization by State statute School capital outlay Instructional services Individual schools Assigned: Special revenues		119,558 - - -		- - - -		- - - -		- 1,380,912 - -		26,567 - 555,691 616,324 784,989		146,125 1,380,912 555,691 616,324 784,989
Unassigned		5,321,833								-	_	5,321,833
Total fund balances	_	5,441,391					_	1,380,912	_	1,983,571		8,805,874
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	7,198,455	\$	1,630,374	\$	113,155	\$	1,392,168	\$	2,088,332		
differ	ent b	ecause:								Exhibit 1) are and therefore		
•		eported in the	-									66,161,693
Def	erred	outflows of re	esou	rces related t	to per	sions						4,159,464
Some liabilities, including those for compensated absences and installment purchases, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds. Net pension liability Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions												(5,257,114) (3,760,813) (13,726,348)
Net p	ositic	on of governm	nenta	al activities							\$	56,382,756

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Major	Funds		Non-major Funds	
	General	State Public School	Federal Grants	Capital Outlay	Special Revenue	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues: State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ 43,152,157	\$ -	\$ 284,316	\$ 15,000	\$ 43,451,473
Orange County: Local current expense Other	28,081,028 494,000	-	-	- 1,167,600	-	28,081,028 1,661,600
U.S. Government	-	-	3,512,640	-		3,512,640
Other Total revenues	269,093 28,844,121	43,152,157	3,512,640	1,358,092 2,810,008	3,347,233 3,362,233	4,974,418 81,681,159
Expenditures:	20,011,121	10,102,101	0,012,010		0,002,200	
Current: Instructional services:						
Regular instructional	9,072,913	25,585,783	274,995	101,245	254,590	35,289,526
Special populations	1,809,095	5,727,069	1,724,740	-	-	9,260,904
Alternative programs	524,798	1,780,517	1,155,529	-	232,935	3,693,779
School leadership	1,853,513	2,000,053	-	-	-	3,853,566
Co-curricular	860,336	- 0.400.504	70.004	60,183	1,661,531	2,582,050
School-based support	1,639,364	2,138,504	76,991	226,296	238,247	4,319,402
System-wide support services: Support and development	1,520,619	206,542	34,411	_	_	1,761,572
Special population support	1,320,019	200,542	34,411	_	_	1,701,372
and development	153,024	448	24,556	_	_	178,028
Alternative programs and services	100,02	. 10	21,000			110,020
support and development	34	23,434	89,792	-	63,278	176,538
Technology support	773,301	176,518	-	-	-	949,819
Operational support	5,824,921	4,645,362	134	1,095,710	529,821	12,095,948
Financial and human resource						
services	986,350	573,101	-	32,045	7,847	1,599,343
Accountability	213,867	25,588	-	-	-	239,455
System-wide pupil support Policy, leadership and public	8,428	-	-	-	-	8,428
relations	1,355,288	225,159	-	-	-	1,580,447
Ancillary services	6,909	2,639	11,637	-	-	21,185
Non-programmed charges Debt service:	1,821,498	-	119,855	-	-	1,941,353
Principal retirement	176,419	_	_	762,012	_	938,431
Interest and fees	4,581	_	_	12,404	_	16,985
Total expenditures	28,605,258	43,110,717	3,512,640	2,289,895	2,988,249	80,506,759
Revenues over expenditures	238,863	41,440		520,113	373,984	1,174,400
Other financing uses:						
Transfers to other funds	(9,738)	(41,440)	_	_	_	(51,178)
Installment purchase obligations issued	-	-	-	164,444	_	164,444
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,738)	(41,440)		164,444		113,266
Net change in fund balance	229,125			684,557	373,984	1,287,666
_	223,123	-	-	004,007	373,304	1,207,000
Fund balances: Beginning of year	5,212,266	-	-	696,355	1,609,587	7,518,208
End of year	\$ 5,441,391	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,380,912	\$ 1,983,571	\$ 8,805,874
•						

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION Exhibit 5 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

unterent because.		
Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	1,287,666
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation exceeded capital outlays in the current period.		(2,236,424)
capital outlays in the current period.		(2,230,424)
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities		4,159,464
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.		773,987
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental Pension expense Compensated absences	_	(1,572,008) 77,068
Total changes in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	2,489,753

		Genera	al Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)
Revenues:	•	•	•	•
State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ - 53
Orange County U.S. Government	28,574,975	28,574,975	28,575,028	-
Other	268,000	268,000	269,093	1,093
Total revenues	28,842,975	28,842,975	28,844,121	1,146
Expenditures:		20,012,010		
Current:				
Instructional services:				
Regular instructional	9,226,883	9,334,367	9,072,913	261,454
Special populations	2,296,274	2,251,273	1,809,095	442,178
Alternative programs	970,240	969,040	524,798	444,242
School leadership	1,904,324	1,903,724	1,853,513	50,211
Co-curricular	940,794	934,794	860,336	74,458
School-based support	1,704,726	1,695,709	1,639,364	56,345
Total instructional services	17,043,241	17,088,907	15,760,019	1,328,888
System-wide support services:				
Support and development	1,878,823	1,774,161	1,520,619	253,542
Special population support and development	111,451	156,451	153,024	3,427
Alternative programs and services support	47	0.4	0.4	
and development	17	34	34 772 204	- EE 20E
Technology support Operational support	828,606 6,498,472	828,606 6,431,788	773,301 5,824,921	55,305 606,867
Financial and human resource services	1,186,814	1,190,814	986,350	204,464
Accountability	205,271	214,271	213,867	404
System-wide pupil support	12,000	12,000	8,428	3,572
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,638,026	1,638,026	1,355,288	282,738
Total system-wide support services	12,359,480	12,246,151	10,835,832	1,410,319
•				
Ancillary services: Community	82	5,082	4,418	664
Nutrition	2,081	2,564	2,491	73
Total ancillary services	2,163	7,646	6,909	737
·				
Nonprogrammed charges	1,755,510	1,823,510	1,821,498	2,012
Debt service:				
Principal retirement	334,460	334,460	176,419	158,041
Interest and fees	4,581 339,041	4,581 339,041	4,581 181,000	<u>-</u> 158,041
Total debt service				
Total expenditures	31,499,435	31,505,255	28,605,258	2,899,997
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(2,656,460)	(2,662,280)	238,863	2,901,143
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers to other funds	(9,746)	(9,746)	(9,738)	8
Fund balance appropriated	2,666,206	2,672,026		(2,672,026)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	<u>-</u>	229,125	\$ 229,125
Fund balances:				
Beginning of year			5,212,266	
End of year			\$ 5,441,391	
•				

	State Public School Fund									
		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual		ariance with inal budget positive (negative)		
Revenues:										
State of North Carolina	\$	44,198,480	\$	44,520,772	\$	43,152,157	\$	(1,368,615)		
Orange County U.S. Government		-		-		-		-		
Other		-		-		_		-		
Total revenues		44,198,480		44,520,772		43,152,157		(1,368,615)		
Expenditures:		44,130,400		44,020,112		40,102,101		(1,300,013)		
Current:										
Instructional services:										
Regular instructional		26,121,711		26,133,206		25,585,783		547,423		
Special populations		5,730,576		5,727,376		5,727,069		307		
Alternative programs		1,842,013		1,975,763		1,780,517		195,246		
School leadership		2,035,903		2,042,359		2,000,053		42,306		
Co-curricular		-		-		-		-		
School-based support		2,436,283	_	2,443,067		2,138,504		304,563		
Total instructional services		38,166,486		38,321,771		37,231,926		1,089,845		
System-wide support services:										
Support and development		266,686		270,110		206,542		63,568		
Special population support and development		54,215		54,215		448		53,767		
Alternative programs and services support and development		00 166		22 540		22.424		84		
Technology support		88,166 119,308		23,518 212,088		23,434 176,518		35,570		
Operational support		4,718,172		4,664,052		4,645,362		18,690		
Financial and human resource services		417,581		577,152		573,101		4,051		
Accountability		29,200		59,200		25,588		33,612		
System-wide pupil support		-		, -		, -		· -		
Policy, leadership and public relations		267,985		267,985		225,159		42,826		
Total system-wide support services		5,961,313		6,128,320		5,876,152		252,168		
Ancillary services:										
Community		-		-		-		-		
Nutrition		3,392		3,392		2,639		753		
Total ancillary services		3,392		3,392	_	2,639		753		
Nonprogrammed charges		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Debt service:										
Principal retirement		-		-		-		-		
Interest and fees		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Total debt service		-		- 44 450 400		-				
Total expenditures		44,131,191		44,453,483		43,110,717		1,342,766		
Revenues over (under) expenditures		67,289		67,289		41,440		(25,849)		
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers to other funds		(67,289)		(67,289)		(41,440)		25,849		
Fund balance appropriated	-	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	_	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		
Net change in fund balance	\$	_	\$	_		-	\$	_		
Fund balances:										
Beginning of year						<u>-</u>				
End of year					\$	-				
/					<u>-</u>					

	Federal Grants Fund						
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with final budget positive (negative)			
Revenues: State of North Carolina	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
Orange County	Ψ -	-	Ψ -	-			
U.S. Government	3,642,513	3,826,827	3,512,640	(314,187)			
Other							
Total revenues	3,642,513	3,826,827	3,512,640	(314,187)			
Expenditures: Current:							
Instructional services:	200 176	206 220	274.005	24 244			
Regular instructional Special populations	209,176 1,402,196	296,339 1,725,899	274,995 1,724,740	21,344 1,159			
Alternative programs	1,336,559	1,334,419	1,155,529	178,890			
School leadership	-	-	-	, -			
Co-curricular	-	-	-	-			
School-based support	140,407	142,089	76,991	65,098			
Total instructional services	3,088,338	3,498,746	3,232,255	266,491			
System-wide support services:	04.005	0.4.500	04.444	470			
Support and development Special population support and development	31,335 24,713	34,583 24,712	34,411 24,556	172 156			
Alternative programs and services support	24,713	24,712	24,330	130			
and development	101,522	101,970	89,792	12,178			
Technology support	· -	-	- -	-			
Operational support	396	765	134	631			
Financial and human resource services	-	-	-	-			
Accountability System-wide pupil support	-	-	-	-			
Policy, leadership and public relations	-	_	_	_			
Total system-wide support services	157,966	162,030	148,893	13,137			
Ancillary services:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·					
Community	-	-	-	-			
Nutrition	10,100	18,125	11,637	6,488			
Total ancillary services	10,100	18,125	11,637	6,488			
Nonprogrammed charges	386,109	147,926	119,855	28,071			
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-			
Interest and fees	<u> </u>						
Total debt service				-			
Total expenditures	3,642,513	3,826,827	3,512,640	314,187			
Revenues over (under) expenditures							
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers to other funds	-	-	-	-			
Fund balance appropriated			-				
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	\$ -	-	\$ -			
Fund balances:							
Beginning of year							
End of year			\$ -				
,							

	Enterprise						
	Major Fund	Non-major Fund					
	School Food	Child					
	Service	Care	Totals				
Assets							
Current assets:							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 362,851	\$ 384,817	\$ 747,668				
Due from other governments	72,215	-	72,215				
Receivables	37,888	2,703	40,591				
Inventories	42,360		42,360				
Total current assets	515,314	387,520	902,834				
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Furniture and equipment, net	94,397	9,351	103,748				
Total assets	609,711	396,871	1,006,582				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	80,183	13,397	93,580				
Liabilities Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	53	179	232				
Compensated absences	23,683	1,109	24,792				
Unearned revenue	39,282	15,986	55,268				
Total current liabilities	63,018	17,274	80,292				
Noncurrent liabilities:	70.400	10.110	04.044				
Net pension liability	72,498	12,113	84,611				
Compensated absences	42,381	12,145	54,526				
Total noncurrent liabilities	114,879	24,258	139,137				
Total liabilities	177,897	41,532	219,429				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	264,605	44,211	308,816				
Net position							
Investment in capital assets	94,397	9,351	103,748				
Unrestricted (deficit)	152,995	315,174	468,169				
Total net position	\$ 247,392	\$ 324,525	\$ 571,917				

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Enterprise					
	Major Fund	Non-major Fund				
	School Food	Child				
	Service	Care	Totals			
Operating revenues: Food sales Child care fees	\$ 677,285	\$ - 730,951	\$ 677,285 730,951			
Total operating revenues	677,285	730,951	1,408,236			
Operating expenses: Food cost:						
Purchase of food	794,223	24,892	819,115			
Donated commodities	154,629		154,629			
Salaries and benefits	1,447,086	565,888	2,012,974			
Indirect costs	210,334	-	210,334			
Materials and supplies	93,609	16,636	110,245			
Depreciation	10,499	6,063	16,562			
Non-capitalized equipment	-	2,921	2,921			
Contracted services	11,913	4,310	16,223			
Other	13,172	31,552	44,724			
Total operating expenses	2,735,465	652,262	3,387,727			
Operating income (loss)	(2,058,180)	78,689	(1,979,491)			
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements and grants Federal commodities State reimbursements Indirect costs not paid Interest earned	1,618,341 154,629 4,288 210,334	- - - - 587	1,618,341 154,629 4,288 210,334 587			
Total nonoperating revenues	1,987,592	587	1,988,179			
Income (loss) before transfers and contributions	(70,588)	79,276	8,688			
Transfers from other funds Capital contributions	51,178 7,979	<u>-</u>	51,178 7,979			
Change in net position	(11,431)	79,276	67,845			
Net position, beginning of year, as previously reported Restatement	565,622 (306,799)	296,510 (51,261)	862,132 (358,060)			
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	258,823	245,249	504,072			
Net position, end of year	\$ 247,392	\$ 324,525	\$ 571,917			

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND TYPES For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

		Enterprise	
	Major Fund	Non-major Fund	
	School Food	Child	
	Service	Care	Totals
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid for goods and services Cash paid to employees for services	\$ 657,116 (924,490) (1,452,723)	\$ 731,183 (80,720) (570,589)	\$ 1,388,299 (1,005,210) (2,023,312)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(1,720,097)	79,874	(1,640,223)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Federal and State reimbursements and grants	1,622,395		1,622,395
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets	(6,641)		(6,641)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest earned on investments		587	587
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(104,343)	80,461	(23,882)
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year	467,194	304,356	771,550
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$ 362,851	\$ 384,817	\$ 747,668
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	(0.050.400)	* 7 0.000	(4.070.404)
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash used by operating activities:	\$ (2,058,180)	\$ 78,689	<u>\$ (1,979,491)</u>
Depreciation	10,499	6,063	16,562
Pension expense	30,304	5,063	35,367
Donated commodities	154,629	-	154,629
Salaries paid by other funds	51,178	-	51,178
Indirect costs not paid	210,334	-	210,334
Changes in assets and liabilities: Increase in accounts receivable	(22,429)	(2,539)	(24,968)
Increase in inventories	(11,494)	-	(11,494)
Decrease in accounts payable	(70)	(400)	(400)
and accrued liabilities Increase in unearned revenue	(79)	(409)	(488)
Increase in differed outflows of resources for	2,260	2,771	5,031
pension plan contributions in current fiscal year	(80,183)	(13,397)	(93,580)
Increase (decrease) in compensated absences payable	(6,936)	3,633	(3,303)
Total adjustments	338,083	1,185	339,268
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (1,720,097)	\$ 79,874	\$ (1,640,223)

NONCASH OPERATING AND NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:

The School Food Service Fund received donated commodities with a value of \$154,629 during the fiscal year. The receipt of these commodities is reflected as a nonoperating revenue on Exhibit 8. The consumption of these commodities is recorded as an operating expense.

The State Public School Fund and the General Fund paid salaries and benefits of \$41,440 and \$9,738, respectively, to personnel of the School Food Service Fund during the fiscal year. These payments are reflected as an operating transfer in and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

Indirect costs of \$210,334 that would be due to the Other Special Revenue Fund were not paid. These unpaid costs are reflected as a nonoperating revenue and an operating expense on Exhibit 8.

School Food Service capital assets with a value of \$7,979 were purchased by the Federal Grants Fund during the year. The value of these assets is reflected as a capital contribution on Exhibit 8.

	Administrative Fund	Agency Funds
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 115,723	\$ -
Liabilities		
Due to RESA	\$ -	\$ -
Net Position		
Assets held in trust for private purpose	\$ 115,723	\$ -

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Exhibit 11

	Adn	ninistrative Fund
Additions: Contributions and other revenue	\$	157
Deductions: Instructional costs and other expenditures		<u>-</u>
Change in net position		157
Beginning net position		115,566
Ending net position	\$	115,723

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Orange County Board of Education conform to generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

A. Reporting Entity

The Orange County Board of Education (Board) is a Local Education Agency empowered by State law [Chapter 115C of the North Carolina General Statutes] with the responsibility to oversee and control all activities related to public school education in Orange County, North Carolina, except in the Chapel Hill and Carrboro townships. The Board receives State, local, and federal government funding and must adhere to the legal requirements of each funding entity. The Board has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the Board. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of internal activities upon revenues and expenses. These statements distinguish between the *governmental* and *business-type activities* of the Board. Governmental activities generally are financed through intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Board and for each function of the Board's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Board's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category – *governmental, proprietary and fiduciary* – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. The fiduciary fund is presented separately.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities. All expenses are considered to be operating expenses.

The Board reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the Board. The General Fund accounts for all financial resources except those that are accounted for in another fund.

State Public School Fund. The State Public School Fund includes appropriations from the Department of Public Instruction for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Federal Grants Fund. The Federal Grants Fund includes appropriations from the U.S. Government for the current operating expenditures of the public school system.

Capital Outlay Fund. The Capital Outlay Fund accounts for financial resources to be used for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds). It is mandated by State law [G.S.115C-426]. Capital projects are funded by Orange County appropriations, restricted sales tax moneys, proceeds of county debt issued for public school construction, lottery proceeds as well as certain State assistance.

The Board reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

Other Special Revenue Fund. The Other Special Revenue Fund is used to account for revenues from reimbursements, including indirect costs, fees for actual costs, tuition, sales tax refunds, gifts and grants restricted as to use, federal and State grants restricted as to use, federal and State appropriations made directly to local school administrative units, funds received for prekindergarten programs and special programs.

Individual Schools Fund. The Individual Schools Fund includes revenues and expenditures of the activity funds of the individual schools. The primary revenue sources include funds held on the behalf of various clubs and organizations, receipts from athletic events, and proceeds from various fund raising activities. The primary expenditures are for athletic teams, club programs, activity buses and instructional needs.

The Board reports the following major enterprise fund:

School Food Service Fund. The School Food Service Fund is used to account for the food service program within the school system.

The Board reports the following nonmajor enterprise fund:

Child Care Fund. The Child Care Fund is used to account for the after school care program at the elementary schools within the school system. The costs associated with these programs are recovered by user charges.

The Board reports the following fiduciary funds:

Administrative Fund. The Administrative Fund is used to account for scholarship money under the control of the Board for the benefit of students in the district.

Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance (RESA) Agency Fund. This fund is used to account for moneys held for the Central Carolina Regional Educational Service Alliance for which the Board was the fiscal agent. The Board ceased to be the fiscal agent for RESA during the year ended June 30, 2015.

C. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the Board gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include grants and donations. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Board considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. These could include federal, State, and county grants, and some charges for services. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for claims and judgments and compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Board funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there is both restricted and unrestricted net position available to finance the program. It is the Board's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general revenues.

D. Budgetary Data

The Board's budgets are adopted as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. Annual budgets are adopted for all funds, except for the fiduciary funds and the individual schools special revenue funds, as required by the North Carolina General Statutes. No budget is required by State law for individual school funds. All appropriations lapse at the fiscal year-end. All budgets are prepared using the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the functional level for all annually budgeted funds. The Board has authorized the Superintendent to transfer appropriations between sub-functions, objects of expenditures within a function and amounts not to exceed \$1,000 between functions, without limitation, with a report to the Board being required at its next regular meeting. The Superintendent is not authorized to transfer any amounts between funds nor from any contingency appropriation within a fund. Amendments are required for any revisions that alter total expenditures of any fund. All amendments must be approved by the Board of Education. During the year, several amendments to the original budget were necessary. The budget ordinance must be adopted by July 1 of the fiscal year or the governing board must adopt an interim budget that covers that time until the annual ordinance can be adopted.

E. Assets, Deferred Outflows, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Equity

1. Deposits and Investments

All deposits of the Board are made in board-designated official depositories and are secured as required by State law [G.S. 115C-444]. The Board may designate, as an official depository, any bank or savings association whose principal office is located in North Carolina. Also, the Board may establish time deposit accounts such as NOW and SuperNOW accounts, money market accounts, and certificates of deposit. The Board also has money credited in its name with the State Treasurer and may issue State warrants against these funds.

State law [G.S. 115C-443] authorizes the Board to invest in obligations of the United States or obligations fully guaranteed both as to principal and interest by the United States; obligations of the State of North Carolina; bonds and notes of any North Carolina local government or public authority; obligations of certain non-guaranteed federal agencies; certain high quality issues of commercial paper and bankers' acceptances; the North Carolina Capital Management Trust (NCCMT), an SEC-registered (2a-7) money market mutual fund; and the North Carolina State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is managed by the staff of the Department of State Treasurer and operated in accordance with State laws and regulations. It is not registered with the SEC. It consists of an internal portion and an external portion in which the Board participates. Investments are restricted to those enumerated in G.S. 147-69.1.

The Board's investments are reported at fair value as determined by quoted market prices. The NCCMT Cash Portfolio's securities are valued at fair value, which is the NCCMT's share price. The STIF securities are reported at cost and maintain a constant \$1 per share value. Under the authority of G.S. 147-69.3, no unrealized gains or losses of the STIF are distributed to external participants of the fund.

2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Board pools money from several funds to facilitate disbursement and investment and to maximize investment income. Therefore, all cash and investments are essentially demand deposits and are considered cash and cash equivalents.

3. Inventories

The inventories of the Board are valued at cost and the Board uses the first-in, first-out (FIFO) flow assumption in determining cost. Proprietary Fund inventories consist of food and supplies and are recorded as expenses when consumed.

4. Capital Assets

The Board's capital assets are recorded at original cost. Donated assets are listed at their estimated fair value at the date of donation or forfeiture. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Certain items acquired before July 1, 1990 are recorded at an estimated original historical cost. The total of these estimates is not considered large enough that any errors would be material when capital assets are considered as a whole.

For capital assets utilized in both governmental and business-type activities, it is the policy of the Board to capitalize those assets costing more than \$5,000 with an estimated useful life of two or more years. The cost of normal repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives is not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	<u>rears</u>
Buildings and improvements	15 - 50
Equipment and furniture	3 - 10
Vehicles	6

Depreciation for assets that serve multiple purposes cannot be allocated ratably and is therefore reported as "unallocated depreciation" on the Statement of Activities.

5. <u>Deferred outflows and inflows of resources</u>

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflow of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The Board has one item that meets this criterion contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year. The statement of financial position also reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The Board has one item that meet this criterion – pension related deferrals.

6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities.

7. Compensated Absences

The Board follows the State's policy for vacation and sick leave. Employees may accumulate up to thirty (30) days earned vacation leave with such leave being fully vested when earned. For the Board, the current portion of the accumulated vacation pay is not considered to be material. The Board's liability for accumulated earned vacation and the salary-related payments as of June 30, 2015 is recorded in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements on a FIFO basis. An estimate has been made based on prior years' records of the current portion of compensated absences.

The sick leave policy of the Board provides for an unlimited accumulation of earned sick leave. Sick leave does not vest, but any unused sick leave accumulated at the time of retirement may be used in the determination of length of service for retirement benefit purposes. Since the Board has no obligation for accumulated sick leave until it is actually taken, no accrual for sick leave has been made.

8. Net Position/Fund Balances

Net Position

Net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements is classified as net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted. Restricted net position represents constraints on resources that are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through State statute.

Fund Balances

In the governmental fund financial statements, fund balance is composed of three classifications designed to disclose the hierarchy of constraints placed on how fund balance can be spent.

The governmental fund types classify fund balances as follows:

Restricted fund balance – This classification includes amounts that are restricted to specific purposes externally imposed by creditors or imposed by law.

Restricted for Stabilization by State statute - portion of fund balance that is restricted by State Statute [G.S. 115C-425(a)].

Restricted for school capital outlay - portion of fund balance that can only be used for school capital outlay. [G.S. 159-18 through 22]

Restricted for instructional services – grant and other revenues restricted for expenditure for various instructional services, as allowable by the funding source.

Restricted for individual schools – revenue sources restricted for expenditures for the various clubs and organizations, athletic events, and various fund raising activities for which they were collected.

Assigned fund balance – portion of fund balance that the Board of Education intends to use for specific purposes. The Board of Education approves the appropriations.

Special revenues – portion of fund balance that represents the residual amount of revenues from certain grants, reimbursements, indirect costs and other financial resources in excess of related

expenditures that will be used for instructional services, system-wide support services, ancillary services or non-programmed charges, as determined by the Board of Education.

Unassigned fund balance – the portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes or other funds. A negative unassigned fund balance may be reported in other governmental funds if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeded the amounts restricted, committed or assigned to those purposes.

The Board of Education has a management policy for revenue spending that provides guidance for programs with multiple revenue sources. The Finance Officer will pay expenditures from restricted revenue sources first and then from general unrestricted revenues.

9. Reconciliation of Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

a. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund balance sheet and the government-wide statement of net position</u>

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance - total* governmental funds and net position – governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The net adjustment of \$47,576,882 consists of several elements as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Amount
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are therefore not reported in the funds (total capital assets on government-wide statement in governmental activities column) Less accumulated depreciation	\$130,716,160 (64,554,467)
Net capital assets	66,161,693
Pension related deferred outflows of resources: Contributions made to the pension plan in the current fiscal year	4,159,464
Liabilities that, because they are not due and payable in the current period, do not require current resources to pay and are therefore not recorded in the fund statements: Installment purchases Compensated absences Net pension liability	(744,772) (4,512,342) (3,760,813)
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions: Differences between expected and actual experience Difference between projected and actual earnings on plan investments Differences between contributions and proportional share of contributions and changes in proportion	(876,625) (12,706,412) (143,311)
Total adjustment	\$ 47,576,882

b. <u>Explanation of certain differences between the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance and the government-wide statement of activities</u>

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. There are several elements of that total adjustment of \$1,202,087 as follows:

<u>Description</u>	Amount
Capital outlay expenditures recorded in the fund statements but capitalized as assets in the statement of activities	\$ 856,685
Depreciation expense, the allocation of those assets over their useful lives, that is recorded on the statement of activities but not in the fund statements	(3,093,109)
New debt issued during the year is recorded as a source of funds on the fund statements; it has no effect on the statement of activities – it only affects the government-wide statement of net position	(164,444)
Principal payments on debt owed are recorded as a use of funds on the fund statements but again affect only the statement of net position in the government-wide statements	938,431
Contributions to the pension plan in the current fiscal year are not included on the Statement of Activities	4,159,464
Expenses reported in the statement of activities that do not require the use of current resources to pay are not recorded as expenditures in the fund statements:	
Pension expense	(1,572,008)
Compensated absences are accrued in the government-wide statements but not in the fund statements because they do not use current resources	77,068
Total adjustment	<u>\$ 1,202,087</u>

10. Defined Benefit Pension Plans

For purposes of measuring the net pension asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS) and additions to/deductions from TSERS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TSERS. For this purpose, plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. The Board's employer contributions are recognized when due and the Board has a legal requirement to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of TSERS. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 2 - DETAIL NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Assets

1. Deposits

All of the Board's deposits are either insured or collateralized by using one of two methods. Under the Dedicated Method, all deposits exceeding the federal depository insurance coverage level are collateralized with securities held by the Board's agents in the unit's name. Under the Pooling Method, which is a collateral pool, all uninsured deposits are collateralized with securities held by the State Treasurer's agent in the name of the State Treasurer. Since the State Treasurer is acting in a fiduciary capacity for the Board, these deposits are considered to be held by the agent in the entity's name. The amount of the pledged collateral is based on an approved averaging method for non-interest bearing deposits and the actual current balance for interest-bearing deposits. Depositories using the Pooling Method report to the State Treasurer the adequacy of their pooled collateral covering uninsured deposits. The State Treasurer does not confirm this information with the Board or with the escrow agent. Because of the inability to measure the exact amount of collateral pledged for the Board under the Pooling

Method, the potential exists for under-collateralization, and this risk may increase in periods of high cash flows. However, the State Treasurer of North Carolina enforces strict standards of financial stability for each depository that collateralizes public deposits under the Pooling Method. The Board has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits.

At June 30, 2015, the Board had deposits with banks and savings and loans with a carrying amount of \$8,975,382 and with the State Treasurer of \$6,372. The bank balances with the financial institutions and the State Treasurer were \$9,742,587 and \$612,567, respectively. Of these balances, \$1,104,204 was covered by federal depository insurance and \$9,250,950 was covered by collateral held by authorized escrow agents in the name of the State Treasurer. The Board also had cash on hand at year end totaling \$117.

2. Investments

At June 30, 2015, the Board had \$2,470,075 invested with the State Treasurer in the Short Term Investment Fund (STIF). The STIF is unrated and had a weighted average maturity of 1.5 years at June 30, 2015. The Board has no policy for managing interest rate, credit, concentration or foreign currency risks.

3. Accounts Receivable

Receivables at the government-wide level at June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Due from other overnments	 Other	Total		
Governmental activities: General Fund Other governmental activities	\$ 20,025 1,740,398	\$ 46,939 26,567	\$	66,964 1,766,965	
Total governmental activities	\$ 1,760,423	\$ 73,506	\$	1,833,929	
Business-type activities: School Food Service Fund Child Care Fund	\$ 72,215 -	\$ 37,888 2,703	\$	110,103 2,703	
Total business-type activities	\$ 72,215	\$ 40,591	\$	112,806	

Due from other governments consists of the following:

Governmental activities:			
General Fund	\$	20,025	Amounts due from the County
State Public School Fund		1,624,002	Operating funds from DPI
Federal Grants Fund		113,155	Federal grant funds
Capital Outlay Fund		3,241	Amounts due from County
Total	<u>\$</u>	1,760,423	
Business-type activities:			
School Food Service Fund	\$	72,215	Federal funds

4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2015 was as follows:

		Beginning Balances		Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balances
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets not being depreciated:	Φ.	0.044.050	Φ.		Φ		Φ.	0.044.050
Land Construction in progress	\$	2,844,650	\$	678,529	\$	-	\$	2,844,650 678,529
Total capital assets not being depreciated		2,844,650	_	678,529	_			3,523,179
	_	2,044,000	_	010,020	_		_	0,020,170
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements		113,635,480		_		_		113,635,480
Equipment and furniture		5,216,960		13,712		17,166		5,213,506
Vehicles		8,558,647		164,444		379,096		8,343,995
Total capital assets being depreciated		127,411,087		178,156		396,262		127,192,981
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		49,680,085		2,543,406		-		52,223,491
Equipment and furniture		4,848,612		165,099		17,166		4,996,545
Vehicles	_	7,328,923	_	384,604	_	379,096		7,334,431
Total accumulated depreciation	_	61,857,620	_	3,093,109	_	396,262	_	64,554,467
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		65,553,467					_	62,638,514
Governmental activity capital assets, net	\$	68,398,117					\$	66,161,693
		Beginning						Ending
		Balances		Increases	_	Decreases		Balances
Business-type activities:								
School Food Service Fund:								
Capital assets being depreciated:	\$	1 220 150	¢	14 620	φ	9 567	ው	1 244 244
Equipment and furniture	Φ	1,238,158	\$	14,620	\$	8,567	\$	1,244,211
Less accumulated depreciation for: Equipment and furniture		1,147,882		10,499		8,567		1,149,814
School Food Service capital assets, net	_	90,276	_		_		_	94,397
Child Care Fund:		00,210						0 1,007
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building improvements		48,448		-		-		48,448
Equipment and furniture		95,979				<u>-</u>		95,979
Total capital assets being depreciated		144,427		_	_		_	144,427
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Building improvements		41,335		3,358		-		44,693
Equipment and furniture		87,678	_	2,705	_			90,383
Total accumulated depreciation	_	129,013		6,063	_	-		135,076
Child Care Fund capital assets, net		15,414						9,351
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	105,690					\$	103,748

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Operational support services \$ 384,604 Unallocated depreciation 2,708,505 Total \$ 3,093,109

5. Construction and Other Significant Commitments

As of June 30, 2015, the Board had a project in progress at Orange High School for construction of a connector between buildings. At year-end, the Board's commitments with a contractor for the remaining portion of the contract related to this project totaled approximately \$446,000.

B. Liabilities

- 1. Pension Plan and Other Postemployment Obligations
- a. Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description. The Board is a participating employer in the statewide Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System (TSERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of North Carolina. TSERS membership is comprised of employees of the State (state agencies and institutions), universities, community colleges, and certain proprietary component units along with the employees of Local Education Agencies and charter schools. Article 1 of G.S. Chapter 135 assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the North Carolina General Assembly. Management of the plan is vested in the TSERS Board of Trustees, which consists of 13 members – nine appointed by the Governor, one appointed by the state Senate, one appointed by the state House of Representatives, and the State Treasurer and State Superintendent, who serve as exofficio members. The Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System is included in the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina. The State's CAFR includes financial statements and required supplementary information for TSERS. That report may be obtained by writing to the Office of the State Controller, 1410 Mail Service Center, Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1410, by calling (919) 981-5454, or at www.osc.nc.gov.

Benefits Provided. TSERS provides retirement and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined as 1.82% of the member's average final compensation times the member's years of creditable service. A member's average final compensation is calculated as the average of a member's four highest consecutive years of compensation. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 65 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), at age 60 with 25 years of creditable service, or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. General employee plan members are eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 20 years of creditable service or at age 60 with five years of creditable service (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011). Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age or have completed five years of service and have reached age 60 (10 years for members joining on or after August 1, 2011). Éligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases. Increases are contingent upon actuarial gains of the plan.

TSERS plan members who are LEOs are eligible to retire with full retirement benefits at age 55 with five years of creditable service as an officer (or 10 years of creditable service for members joining TSERS on or after August 1, 2011), or at any age with 30 years of creditable service. LEO plan members are

eligible to retire with partial retirement benefits at age 50 with 15 years of creditable service as an officer. Survivor benefits are available to eligible beneficiaries of LEO members who die while in active service or within 180 days of their last day of service and who also have either completed 20 years of creditable service regardless of age, or have completed 15 years of service as a LEO and have reached age 50, or have completed five years of creditable service as a LEO and have reached age 55, or have completed 15 years of creditable service as a LEO if killed in the line of duty. Eligible beneficiaries may elect to receive a monthly Survivor's Alternate Benefit for life or a return of the member's contributions.

Contributions. Contribution provisions are established by General Statute 135-8 and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. Board employees are required to contribute 6% of their compensation. Employer contributions are actuarially determined and set annually by the TSERS Board of Trustees. The Board's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2015, was 9.15% of covered payroll, actuarially determined as an amount that, when combined with employee contributions, is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year. Contributions to the pension plan from the Board were \$4,253,044 for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Refunds of Contributions – Board employees who have terminated service as a contributing member of TSERS, may file an application for a refund of their contributions. By state law, refunds to members with at least five years of service include 4% interest. State law requires a 60 day waiting period after service termination before the refund may be paid. The acceptance of a refund payment cancels the individual's right to employer contributions or any other benefit provided by TSERS.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2015, the Board reported a liability of \$3,845,424 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2013. The total pension liability was then rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2014 utilizing update procedures incorporating the actuarial assumptions. The Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Board's long-term share of future payroll covered by the pension plan, relative to the projected future payroll covered by the pension plan of all participating TSERS employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2014 and at June 30, 2013, the Board's proportion was .33% and .33%, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Board recognized pension expense of \$1,607,375. At June 30, 2015, the Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resources	 red Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ 896,347	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	12,992,281	
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions	-	146,536	
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 4,253,044	 	
Total	\$ 4,253,044	\$ 14,035,164	

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

\$4,253,044 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a decrease of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30: 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 Thereafter	\$ 3,523,237 3,523,237 3,523,237 3,465,453 -
Total	\$ 14,035,164

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2013 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 3.0 percent

Salary increases 4.25 to 9.10 percent, including inflation and

productivity factor

Investment rate of return 7.25 percent, net of pension plan investment

expense, including inflation

The plan currently uses mortality tables that vary by age, gender, employee group (i.e. general, law enforcement officer) and health status (i.e. disabled and healthy). The current mortality rates are based on published tables and based on studies that cover significant portions of the U.S. population. The healthy mortality rates also contain a provision to reflect future mortality improvements.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2013 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2005 through December 31, 2009.

Future ad hoc COLA amounts are not considered to be substantively automatic and are therefore not included in the measurement.

The projected long-term investment returns and inflation assumptions are developed through review of current and historical capital markets data, sell-side investment research, consultant whitepapers, and historical performance of investment strategies. Fixed income return projections reflect current yields across the U.S. Treasury yield curve and market expectations of forward yields projected and interpolated for multiple tenors and over multiple year horizons. Global public equity return projections are established through analysis of the equity risk premium and the fixed income return projections. Other asset categories and strategies' return projections reflect the foregoing and historical data analysis. These projections are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class as of June 30, 2014 are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term Expected Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Fixed Income	36.0%	2.5%
Global Equity	40.5%	6.1%
Real Estate	8.0%	5.7%
Alternatives	6.5%	10.5%
Credit	4.5%	6.8%
Inflation Protection	4.5%	3.7%
Total	100%	

The information above is based on 30 year expectations developed with the consulting actuary for the 2013 asset liability and investment policy study for the North Carolina Retirement Systems, including TSERS. The long-term nominal rates of return underlying the real rates of return are arithmetic annualized figures. The real rates of return are calculated from nominal rates by multiplicatively subtracting a long-term inflation assumption of 3.19%. All rates of return and inflation are annualized.

A new asset allocation policy was finalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 to be effective July 1, 2014. The new asset allocation policy utilizes different asset classes, changes in the structure of certain asset classes, and adopts new benchmarks. Using the asset class categories in the preceding table, the new long-term expected arithmetic real rates of return are: Fixed Income 2.2%, Global Equity 5.8%, Real Estate 5.2%, Alternatives 9.8%, Credit 6.8% and Inflation Protection 3.4%.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of the current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the County's proportionate share of the net pension asset to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the Board's proportionate share of the net pension asset or net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1	% Decrease	D	iscount Rate	1% Increase
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)	(8.25%)
Board's proportionate share of the net					
pension liability (asset)	\$	27,605,118	\$	3,845,424	\$ (16,216,177)

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the State of North Carolina.

b. Other Postemployment Benefits

Healthcare Benefits

Plan Description. The postemployment healthcare benefits are provided through a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit plan administered by the Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (the Plan). The Executive Administrator and the Board of Trustees of the Plan establishes premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

in an appropriation act. The Plan's benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135-7, Article 1, and Chapter 135, Article 3 of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. By General Statute, the Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Retiree Health Benefit Fund. These assets shall be used to provide health benefits to retired and disabled employees and their applicable beneficiaries. These contributions are irrevocable. Also by law, these assets are not subject to the claims of creditors of the employers making contributions to the Plan.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the State's Comprehensive Major Medical Plan (also, referred to as the State Health Plan). An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/ and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. The Comprehensive Major Medical Plan is administered by the Executive Administrator and Board of Trustees of the Plan, which establish premium rates except as may be established by the General Assembly in an appropriation act. The healthcare benefits for retired and disabled employees are the same as for active employees, except that the coverage becomes secondary when former employees become eligible for Medicare. For employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006, future coverage as retired employees is subject to the requirement that the future retiree have 20 or more years of retirement service credit in order to receive coverage on a noncontributory basis. Employees first hired on and after October 1, 2006 with 10 but less than 20 years of retirement service credit are eligible for coverage on a partially contributory basis. For such future retirees, the State will pay 50% of the State Health Plan's total noncontributory premium. For employees hired before October 1, 2006, healthcare benefits are provided to retirees (at no charge to the retirees) who have at least five years of contributing retirement membership prior to disability or retirement. In addition, persons who became surviving spouses of retirees prior to October 1, 1986, receive the same coverage as retirees at the State's expense.

Contributions are determined as a percentage of covered monthly payroll. Annually, the monthly contribution rates to the Plan, which are intended to finance benefits and administrative expenses on a pay-as-you-go basis, are determined by the General Assembly in the Appropriations Bill. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the School Board paid all annual required contributions to the Plan for postemployment healthcare benefits of \$2,535,204, \$2,389,510 and \$2,400,327, respectively. These contributions represented 5.49%, 5.40% and 5.30% of covered payroll, respectively.

Long-term Disability Benefits

Plan Description. Short-term and long-term disability benefits are provided through the Disability Income Plan of North Carolina (DIPNC), a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit plan. The DIPNC is administered by the Board of Trustees of the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System. Long-term disability benefits are payable as another postemployment benefit from DIPNC after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease, whichever is later, for as long as an employee is disabled. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The Plan accumulates contributions from employers and any earnings on those contributions in the Disability Income Plan Trust Fund. The plan does not provide for automatic post-retirement benefit increases.

The State of North Carolina issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the DIPNC. An electronic version of this report is available by accessing the North Carolina Office of the State Controller's Internet home page http://www.ncosc.net/

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

and clicking on "Financial Reports", or by calling the State Controller's Financial Reporting Section at (919) 981-5454.

Funding Policy. An employee is eligible to receive long-term disability benefits provided the following requirements are met: (1) the employee has five or more years of contributing membership service in the Teachers' and State Employees' Retirement System of North Carolina, earned within 96 months prior to the end of the short-term disability period or cessation of salary continuation payments, whichever is later; (2) the employee must make application to receive long-term benefits within 180 days after the conclusion of the short-term disability period or after salary continuation payments cease or after monthly payments for Workers' Compensation cease (excluding monthly payments for permanent partial benefits), whichever is later; (3) the employee must be certified by the Medical Board to be mentally or physically disabled for the further performance of his/her usual occupation; (4) the disability must have been continuous, likely to be permanent, and incurred at the time of active employment; (5) the employee must not be eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System; and (6) the employee must terminate employment as a permanent, full-time employee. An employee is eligible to receive an unreduced retirement benefit from the Retirement System after (1) reaching the age of 65 and completing five years of creditable service, or (2) reaching the age of 60 and completing 25 years of creditable service, at any age.

For members with five or more years of membership service as of July 31, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is equal to 65% of one-twelfth of an employee's annual base rate of compensation last payable to the participant or beneficiary prior to the beginning of the short-term disability period, plus the like percentage of one twelfth of the annual longevity payment to which the participant or beneficiary would be eligible. The monthly benefits are subject to a maximum of \$3,900 per month reduced by any primary Social Security disability benefits and by monthly payments for Workers' Compensation to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled. The monthly benefit shall be further reduced by the amount of any monthly payments from the Department of Veterans Affairs, any other federal agency or any payments made under the provisions of G.S.127A-108, to which the participant or beneficiary may be entitled on account of the same disability. Provided in any event, the benefits payable shall be no less than \$10 a month. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS. For members who obtain five years of membership service on or after August 1, 2007, the monthly long-term disability benefit is reduced by the primary Social Security retirement benefit to which the member might be entitled should the member become age 62 during the first 36 months. After 36 months of long-term disability, there will be no further payments from the DIPNC unless the member is approved for and is in receipt of primary Social Security disability benefits. It is payable so long as the member remains disabled and is in receipt of a primary Social Security disability benefit until eligible for an unreduced service retirement benefit. When an employee qualifies for an unreduced service retirement allowance from the Retirement System, the benefits payable from DIPNC will cease, and the employee will commence retirement under the TSERS.

The Board's contributions are established in the Appropriations Bill by the General Assembly. Benefit and contribution provisions are established by Chapter 135, Article 6, of the General Statutes and may be amended only by the North Carolina General Assembly. The contributions cannot be separated between the amounts that relate to other postemployment benefits and employment benefits for active employees. Those individuals who are receiving extended short-term disability benefit payments cannot be separated from the number of members currently eligible to receive disability benefits as an other postemployment benefit. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014 and 2013, the Board paid all annual required contributions to the DIPNC for disability benefits of \$189,332, \$194,701 and \$199,272, respectively. These contributions represented 0.41%, 0.44% and 0.44% of covered payroll, respectively.

2. Accounts Payable

Accounts payable as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	_ 6	Vendors and Other	aı	Salaries nd benefits	_	e to Other rernments	 Total
Governmental activities:							
General Fund	\$	1,464,364	\$	292,700	\$	-	\$ 1,757,064
Other governmental activities		108,344		1,744,830		6,372	 1,859,546
Total governmental activities	\$	1,572,708	\$	2,037,530	\$	6,372	\$ 3,616,610
Business-type activities:							
School Food Service Fund	\$	53	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 53
Child Care Fund		179				<u> </u>	 179
Total business-type activities	\$	232	\$		\$		\$ 232

3. Unearned Revenues

The balance in unearned revenues at year-end is composed of the following elements:

Business-type activities:

Prepayments of meals (School Food Service Fund)	\$ 39,282
Prepayments of tuition (Child Care Fund)	 15,986
Total business-type activities	\$ 55,268

4. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The balances in deferred outflows and inflows of resources at year-end are composed of the following:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		 rred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$ 896,347	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-	12,992,281	
Changes in proportion and differences between Board contributions and proportionate share of contributions		-	146,536	
Board contributions subsequent to the measurement date		4,253,044	 	
Total	\$	4,253,044	\$ 14,035,164	

5. Risk Management

The Board is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Board participates in the North Carolina School Boards Trust (the Trust), a member funded risk management program administered by the North Carolina School Boards Association. Through the Trust, the Board maintains

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

general liability and errors and omissions coverage of \$1 million per claim. The Trust has an annual aggregate limit for both general liability and errors and omissions of \$3,150,000 each. The Trust is reinsured through commercial companies for losses in excess of \$150,000 per claim for errors and omissions and general liability coverage. Statutory workers' compensation coverage is purchased through a private insurer for employees to the extent they are paid from Federal and local funds. Workers' compensation coverage is provided by the State of North Carolina through a self-insured fund, to the extent employees are paid from State funds. The Board also participates in the Public School Insurance Fund (the Fund), a voluntary, self-insured risk control and risk financing fund administered by the North Carolina Department of Public Instruction. The Fund insures the tangible property assets of the Board. Coverage is provided on an "all risk" perils contract. Buildings and contents are insured on a replacement cost basis. The Fund purchases excess reinsurance to protect the assets of the Fund in the event of a catastrophic event. The Fund maintains a self-insured retention of \$10 million. Excess reinsurance is purchased through commercial insurers. A limit of \$5 million per occurrence is provided on increased cost of construction.

The Board also participates in the Teachers' and State Employees' Comprehensive Major Medical Plan, a self-funded risk financing pool of the State administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of North Carolina. Through the Plan, permanent full-time employees of the Board are eligible to receive health care benefits up to a \$5 million lifetime limit. The Board pays the full cost of coverage for employees enrolled in the Comprehensive Major Medical Plan.

In accordance with G.S. 115C-442, the Board's employees who have custody of the Board's monies at any given time are performance bonded through a commercial surety bond. The finance officer is bonded for \$50,000. The remaining employees that have access to funds are bonded under a blanket bond for \$10,000.

The Board carries commercial coverage for all other risks of loss. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage in the prior year, and claims have not exceeded coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

6. Long-Term Obligations

a. Installment Purchases

The Board is authorized to finance the purchase of school buses under G.S. 115C-528(a). Session law 2003-284, section 7.25 authorized the State Board of Education to allot moneys for the payments on financing contracts entered into pursuant to G.S. 115C-528. The State has accepted the bid to purchase Thomas Built Buses through special third party financing arrangements. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015, the Board entered into such a contract for the purchase of school buses. The contract requires four equal principal-only payments with the first payment due within 10 days of receipt of the buses and the following 3 payments due on the next 3 immediately following November 15th dates.

The Board entered into an installment purchase contract for the purchase of computers during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. The contract requires four equal payments of principal and interest at 1.29% due annually through 2016.

The future minimum payments of the installment purchases as of June 30, 2015 are as follows:

	Governmental Activities	3
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	_
2016	\$ 712,208	
2017	41,111	
	753,319	
Less portion representing interest	(8,547)	
Total principal obligation	<u>\$ 744,772</u>	

b. Long-Term Obligation Activity

The following is a summary of changes in the Board's long-term obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015:

	J	uly 1, 2014	 Increases	 Decreases	Ju	ne 30, 2015	 Current Portion
Governmental activities: Installment purchases	\$	1,518,759	\$ 164,444	\$ 938,431	\$	744,772	\$ 703,661
Net pension liability Compensated absences	_	19,682,608 4,589,410	 1,744,489	 15,921,795 1,821,557		3,760,813 4,512,342	 1,297,698
Total	\$	25,790,777	\$ 1,908,933	\$ 18,681,783	\$	9,017,927	\$ 2,001,359
Business-type activities: Net pension liability Compensated absences	\$	442,820 82,621	\$ - 34,825	\$ 358,209 38,128	\$	84,611 79,318	\$ - 24,792
Total	\$	525,441	\$ 34,825	\$ 396,337	\$	163,929	\$ 24,792

Compensated absences related to governmental activities are typically liquidated by the General and other governmental funds.

C. Interfund Balances and Activity

1. Transfers to/from other Funds

salaries and benefits

Transfers to/from other funds for the year ended June 30, 2015 consist of the following:

From the State Public School Fund to the School Food Service Fund for salaries and benefits	<u>\$</u>	41,440
From the General Fund to the School Food Service Fund for		

In addition to the fund transfers reported above, the Federal Grants Fund purchased \$7,979 of equipment for the School Food Service Fund during the year. This amount is presented as a capital contribution for the School Food Service Fund in Exhibit 8. This amount is presented as a transfer from Governmental Activities to Business-type Activities in Exhibit 2.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

D. Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Net Investment in Capital Assets

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Net investment in capital assets presented in Exhibit 1 is calculated as follows:

l otal capital assets	\$ 66,161,693
Less:	
Installment purchase obligations for school buses	 (82,222)
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 66,079,471

The district also has \$662,550 of installment purchase obligations outstanding at June 30, 2015 for computers. This amount has been excluded from the calculation of net investment in capital assets due to these computers being noncapitalized items.

2. Fund Balance

The following schedule provides management and citizens with information on the portion of General fund balance that is available for appropriation.

Total fund balance - General Fund	\$ 5,441,391
Less:	
Stabilization by State statute	 (119,558)
Remaining fund balance	\$ 5.321.833

3. Encumbrances

Encumbrances are amounts needed to pay any commitments related to purchase orders and contracts that remain unperformed at year-end. Encumbrances outstanding at June 30, 2015 were as follows:

General Fund	\$ 52,594
Capital Outlay Fund	28,377

NOTE 3 - SUMMARY DISCLOSURE OF SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES

Federal and State Assisted Programs

The Board has received proceeds from several federal and State grants. Periodic audits of these grants are required and certain costs may be questioned as not being appropriate expenditures under the grant agreements. Such audits could result in the refund of grant moneys to the grantor agencies. Management believes that any required refunds will be immaterial. No provision has been made in the accompanying financial statements for the refund of grant moneys.

NOTE 4 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES / RESTATEMENT

The Board implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions (an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27), in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. The implementation of the statement required the Board to record beginning net pension liability and the effects on net position of contributions made by the Board during the measurement period (fiscal year 2014). As a result, net position for the governmental and business-type activities decreased by \$15,915,153 and \$358,060, respectively.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF THE BOARD'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS*

	2015			2014	
Board's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.328%		0.332%	
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	3,845,424	\$	20,125,428	
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$	44,329,287	\$	45,150,148	
Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll		8.67%		44.57%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		98.24%		90.60%	

^{*} The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the prior fiscal year ending June 30.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF BOARD CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHERS' AND STATE EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM LAST TWO FISCAL YEARS

	2015	2014
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ 4,253,044 4,253,044	\$ 3,852,215 3,852,215
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$</u>	\$ -
Board's covered-employee payroll	\$ 46,481,354	\$ 44,329,287
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	9.15%	8.69%

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Variance Positive (Negative)					
Revenues:							
Orange County:							
Local current expense	\$ 28,080,975	\$ 28,081,028	\$ 53				
Other	494,000	494,000	-				
Total Orange County	28,574,975	28,575,028	53				
Other:							
Fines and forfeitures	200,000	211,681	11,681				
Interest earned on investment	68,000	21,657	(46,343)				
Miscellaneous	, -	68,000 21,657 - 35,755					
Total other	268,000	<u> </u>					
Total revenues	28,842,975	28,844,121	1,146				
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	9,334,367	9,072,913	261,454				
Special populations	2,251,273	1,809,095	442,178				
Alternative programs	969,040	524,798	444,242				
School leadership	1,903,724	1,853,513	50,211				
Co-curricular	934,794	860,336	74,458				
School-based support	1,695,709	1,639,364	56,345				
Total instructional services	17,088,907	15,760,019	1,328,888				
System-wide support services:							
Support and development	1,774,161	1,520,619	253,542				
Special population support and development	156,451	153,024	3,427				
Alternative programs and services	,	,	,				
support and development	34	34	-				
Technology support	828,606	773,301	55,305				
Operational support	6,431,788	5,824,921	606,867				
Financial and human resource services	1,190,814	986,350	204,464				
Accountability	214,271	213,867	404				
System-wide pupil support	12,000	8,428	3,572				
Policy, leadership and public relations	1,638,026	1,355,288	282,738				
Total system-wide support services	12,246,151	10,835,832	1,410,319				
Ancillary services:							
Community	5,082	4,418	664				
Nutrition	2,564	2,491	73				
Total ancillary services	7,646	6,909	737				

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL (Continued) GENERAL FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
Expenditures (Continued):			
Non-programmed charges:			
Payments to other governments	1,823,510	1,821,498	2,012
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	334,460	176,419	158,041
Interest and fees	4,581	4,581	
Total debt service	339,041	181,000	158,041
Total expenditures	31,505,255	28,605,258	2,899,997
Revenues under expenditures	(2,662,280)	238,863	2,901,143
Other financing uses: Transfers to other funds	(9,746)	(9,738)	8
Fund balance appropriated	2,672,026	<u>-</u>	(2,672,026)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	229,125	\$ 229,125
Fund balance: Beginning of year		5,212,266	
End of year		\$ 5,441,391	

	Special Rev		
	Other Special		
	Revenue	Schools	Totals
Assets			
7,000,0			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,445,441	\$ 616,324	\$ 2,061,765
Accounts receivable	26,567	<u> </u>	26,567
Total assets	\$ 1,472,008	\$ 616,324	\$ 2,088,332
Total assets	φ 1,472,008	φ 010,324	φ 2,000,332
Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	\$ 83,184	\$ -	\$ 83,184
Accrued salaries and wages payable	21,577	<u>-</u>	21,577
Total liabilities	104,761		104,761
Fund balances			
Restricted:			
Stabilization by State statute	26,567	-	26,567
Instructional services	555,691	-	555,691
Individual schools	-	616,324	616,324
Assigned:	784,989	_	784,989
Special revenues	1,367,247	616,324	
Total fund balances	1,307,247	010,324	1,983,571
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,472,008	\$ 616,324	\$ 2,088,332

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Special Rev	Special Revenue Funds					
	Other Special	Individual					
	Revenue	Revenue Schools					
Revenues:		•					
State of North Carolina	\$ 15,000	\$ -	\$ 15,000				
Other	1,661,087	1,686,146	3,347,233				
Total revenues	1,676,087	1,686,146	3,362,233				
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Instructional services:							
Regular instructional	254,590	-	254,590				
Alternative programs	232,935	-	232,935				
Co-curricular	133	1,661,398	1,661,531				
School-based support	238,247		238,247				
Total instructional services	725,905	1,661,398	2,387,303				
System-wide support services:							
Alternative programs and services							
support and development	63,278	-	63,278				
Operational support	529,821	-	529,821				
Financial and human resource services	7,847		7,847				
Total system-wide support services	600,946		600,946				
Ancillary services:							
Nutrition		-					
Total expenditures	1,326,851	1,661,398	2,988,249				
Net change in fund balance	349,236	24,748	373,984				
Fund balances:							
Beginning of year	1,018,011	591,576	1,609,587				
End of year	<u>\$ 1,367,247</u>	\$ 616,324	\$ 1,983,571				

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL OTHER SPECIAL REVENUE FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Final Budget venues:		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
State of North Carolina:			
Teacher on Loan Program	\$ 8,000	\$ 8,000	\$ -
Cartwheels Grant	7,000	7,000	
Total State of North Carolina	15,000	15,000	-
Other:			
Indirect costs allocated	95,000	119,855	24,855
Private grants and programs	36,120	64,102	27,982
Rental of school property	65,000	26,864	(38,136)
Medicaid reimbursement program	275,000	553,689	278,689
Other refunds and reimbursements	286,696	298,764	12,068
Tuition and fees	161,400	182,511	21,111
ABC revenues	38,500	38,500	,
Contracted services	267,425	359,363	91,938
Miscellaneous	12,000	17,439	5,439
Total other	1,237,141	1,661,087	423,946
Total revenues	1,252,141	1,676,087	423,946
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services: Regular instructional Alternative programs Co-curricular School-based support Total instructional services	445,689 573,533 12,526 243,665 1,275,413	254,590 232,935 133 238,247 725,905	191,099 340,598 12,393 5,418 549,508
System-wide support services: Alternative programs and services support and development Operational support Financial and human resource services System-wide pupil support Total system-wide support services	68,133 536,676 7,847 <u>888</u> 613,544	63,278 529,821 7,847 	4,855 6,855 - <u>888</u> 12,598
Ancillary services: Nutrition	6,000		6,000
Total expenditures	1,894,957	1,326,851	<u>568,106</u>
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(642,816)	349,236	992,052
Fund balance appropriated	642,816	, -	(642,816)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	349,236	\$ 349,236
Fund balance: Beginning of year End of year		1,018,011 \$ 1,367,247	

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES INDIVIDUAL SCHOOLS FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	<u>F</u>	Revenues	Expenditures		Expenditures		 let change in fund balance		d balances /30/2014	d balances /30/2015
Orange High	\$	531,714	\$	510,126	\$ 21,588	\$	159,505	\$ 181,093		
Cedar Ridge High		371,602		356,769	14,833	•	202,046	216,879		
C.W. Stanford Middle		132,705		142,438	(9,733)		59,494	49,761		
Gravelly Hill Middle		91,359		92,547	(1,188)		19,150	17,962		
A.L. Stanback Middle		107,389		105,917	1,472		28,239	29,711		
Efland-Cheeks Elementary		32,881		30,507	2,374		4,501	6,875		
Grady A. Brown Elementary		44,748		44,122	626		22,916	23,542		
Central Elementary		28,580		27,909	671		6,635	7,306		
Cameron Park Elementary		117,233		115,859	1,374		15,217	16,591		
New Hope Elementary		70,056		70,371	(315)		33,758	33,443		
Hillsborough Elementary		70,818		70,926	(108)		6,199	6,091		
Pathways Elementary		85,130		90,906	(5,776)		32,093	26,317		
Partnership Academy Alternative		1,931		3,001	 (1,070)		1,823	 753		
Totals	\$	1,686,146	\$	1,661,398	\$ 24,748	\$	591,576	\$ 616,324		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL CAPITAL OUTLAY FUND For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

Revenues:	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
State of North Carolina: Public School Capital Fund - Lottery State appropriations - buses	\$ 1,564,693 	\$ - 284,316	\$ (1,564,693) <u>284,316</u>
Total State of North Carolina	1,564,693	284,316	(1,280,377)
Orange County: General county appropriations	1,167,600	1,167,600	<u>-</u>
Other: Local sales tax Miscellaneous	3,879,806	1,342,742 15,350	(2,537,064) 15,350
Total other	3,879,806	1,358,092	(2,521,714)
Total revenues	6,612,099	2,810,008	(3,802,091)
Expenditures: Current: Instructional services:			
Regular instructional Co-curricular	170,000 132,000	101,245 60,183	68,755 71,817
School-based support	803,935	226,296	577,639
Total instructional services	1,105,935	387,724	718,211
System-wide support services: Operational support Financial and human resource	4,926,127 37,500	1,095,710 32,045	3,830,417 5,455
Total system-wide support services	4,963,627	1,127,755	3,835,872
Ancillary services: Nutrition	10,000	-	10,000
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	762,012	762,012	-
Interest and fees	<u>12,404</u> 774,416	<u>12,404</u> 774,416	<u>-</u>
Total debt service Total expenditures	6,853,978	2,289,895	4,564,083
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(241,879)	520,113	761,992
Other financing sources: Installment purchase obligations issued	(241,079)	164,444	164,444
Fund balance appropriated	241,879	-	(241,879)
Net change in fund balance	\$ -	684,557	\$ 684,557
Fund balance:	Ψ -	004,007	φ 00+,001
Beginning of year		696,355	
End of year		\$ 1,380,912	
End of your		ψ 1,000,012	

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) SCHOOL FOOD SERVICE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget		 Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Operating revenues - food sales	\$	844,400	\$ 677,285	\$	(167,115)	
Operating expenditures: Business support services: Purchase of food Donated commodities Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Contracted services Other		- - - -	805,717 154,629 1,503,901 93,609 11,913 13,172		- - - -	
Capital outlay		<u>-</u>	 6,641			
Total operating expenditures		2,681,900	2,589,582		92,318	
Operating loss		(1,837,500)	(1,912,297)		(74,797)	
Nonoperating revenues: Federal reimbursements and grants Federal commodities State reimbursements Interest earned		1,622,500 165,000 4,000 1,000	1,618,341 154,629 4,288		(4,159) (10,371) 288 (1,000)	
Total nonoperating revenues		1,792,500	 1,777,258		(15,242)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures before other financing sources Other financing sources:		(45,000)	(135,039)		(90,039)	
Transfers from other funds		45,000	 51,178		6,178	
Net change in fund balance	\$	<u> </u>	(83,861)	\$	(83,861)	
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation Capital contributions Contributions to the pension plan in current fiscal year Equipment purchases Indirect costs Indirect costs not paid Decrease in compensated absences payable Increase in inventories Pension expense Change in net position (full accrual)			\$ (10,499) 7,979 80,183 6,641 (210,334) 210,334 6,936 11,494 (30,304) (11,431)			

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP) CHILD CARE FUND

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Final Budget		Actual		/ariance Positive Negative)
Operating revenues: Child care fees	\$ 835,060	\$	730,951	\$	(104,109)
Operating expenditures: Regular community services: Purchase of food Salaries and benefits Materials and supplies Non-capitalized equipment Contracted services Other	 - - - - -		24,892 570,589 16,636 2,921 4,310 31,552		- - - - -
Total operating expenditures	 854,560		650,900		203,660
Operating income (loss)	(19,500)		80,051		99,551
Nonoperating revenues: Interest earned	 <u>-</u>		587		587
Revenues over (under) expenditures	(19,500)		80,638		100,138
Fund balance appropriated	 19,500		<u> </u>		(19,500)
Net change in fund balance	\$ <u>-</u>		80,638	<u>\$</u>	80,638
Reconciliation of modified accrual to full accrual basis: Reconciling items: Depreciation Contributions to the pension plan in current fiscal year Increase in compensated absences payable Pension expense Change in net position (full accrual)		<u> </u>	(6,063) 13,397 (3,633) (5,063) 79,276		

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CENTRAL CAROLINA REGIONAL EDUCATIONAL SERVICE ALLIANCE (RESA) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

	Balance July 1, 2014	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2015
Assets Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 516,324	\$ 285,331	\$ 801,655	\$ -
Liabilities	φ 310,324	φ 200,331	φ 801,033	φ -
Due to RESA	\$ 516,324	\$ 285,331	\$ 801,655	\$ -



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance
with Government Auditing Standards

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to the financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprises the Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 12, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Orange County Board of Education's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 12, 2015 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* and the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission, that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Orange County Board of Education's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Orange County Board of Education's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orange County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination on the Orange County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Orange County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Orange County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 12, 2015 Rockingham, North Carolina



ANDERSON SMITH & WIKE PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major State
Program and Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with Applicable Sections of
OMB Circular A-133 and the State Single Audit Implementation Act

To the Orange County Board of Education Hillsborough, North Carolina

Report on Compliance for Each Major State Program

We have audited Orange County Board of Education, North Carolina's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, issued by the Local Government Commission that could have a direct and material effect on each of the Board's major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2015. The Orange County Board of Education's major State programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts and grants applicable to its State programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the Orange County Board of Education's major state programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and applicable sections of OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*, as described in the *Audit Manual for Governmental Auditors in North Carolina*, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Those standards, OMB Circular A-133, and the State Single Audit Implementation Act require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Orange County Board of Education's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major State program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Orange County Board of Education's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major State Program

In our opinion, the Orange County Board of Education complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major State programs for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Orange County Board of Education is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major State program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance for each major state program and to test and report on internal control over compliance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Orange County Board of Education's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a State program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of OMB Circular A-133. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Anderson Smith & Wike PLLC

November 12, 2015 Rockingham, North Carolina

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued: Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Identified for Reporting

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

 Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Identified for Reporting

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major federal programs

major federal programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Section 510(a) of Circular A-133

No

Identification of major federal programs:

CFDA Numbers Names of Federal Program or Cluster

Child Nutrition Cluster:
National School Lunch Program (Commodities)
School Breakfast Program
National School Lunch Program
Seamless Summer Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A

and Type B Programs \$ 300,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee? Yes

Section I - Summary of Auditors' Results (Continued)

State Awards

Internal control over major State programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses

None Identified for Reporting

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for major State programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the State Single Audit Implementation Act

No

Identification of major State programs:

Program Name

State Public School Fund Vocational Education – State Months of Employment

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

No findings were noted that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of federal awards aggregating \$10,000 or more were noted.

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

No findings and questioned costs related to the audit of State awards aggregating \$10,000 or more were noted.

ORANGE COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2015

There were no findings reported for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
Federal Grants:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Child Nutrition Cluster: Noncash Assistance (Commodities): National School Lunch Program	10.555		<u>\$ 154,629</u>
Cash Assistance: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Seamless Summer Program Cash Assistance Subtotal	10.553 10.555 10.555		329,497 1,279,422 9,422 1,618,341
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			1,772,970
Child Nutrition Discretionary Funds	10.579	PRC 053	7,980
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			1,780,950
U.S. Department of Education Office of Elementary and Secondary Education: Passed-through the N.C. Department of Public Instruction: Title I, Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - School Improvement Improving Teacher Quality Language Acquisition Grant	84.010 84.010 84.367 84.365	PRC 050 PRC 105 PRC 103 PRC 104	1,326,059 849 180,169 84,448
Race to the Top - ARRA Twenty-first Century Community Learning Centers	84.395 84.287	PRC 156 PRC 110	98,282 891
Special Education Cluster: Grants to States - IDEA, part B (611) Special Needs Targeted Assistance Risk Pool Preschool Grants - IDEA, Part B (619) Preschool Targeted Assistance Total Special Education Cluster Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173 84.173	PRC 060 PRC 118 PRC 114 PRC 049 PRC 119	1,641,963 10,916 32,294 50,518 541 1,736,232
Program Development Capacity Building Grant	84.048 84.048	PRC 017 PRC 058	75,581 2,149
Total U.S. Department of Education			3,504,660
Total Federal Assistance			5,285,610

Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	State/ Pass-through Grantor's Number	Expenditures
State Grants:			
N.C. Department of Public Instruction Cash Assistance: State Public School Fund			40,475,244
Vocational Education: State Months of Employment Program Support Funds Driver Training		PRC 013 PRC 014 PRC 012	2,140,420 240,573 135,694
School Technology Fund Teacher on Loan Program		PRC 015	160,226 8,000
Cash assistance subtotal			43,160,157
Non-Cash Assistance:			
State Buses Appropriation			284,316
Total NC Department of Public Instruction			43,444,473
N.C. Department of Agriculture State Reduced Breakfast Program			4,288
N.C. Department of Cultural Resources N.C. Arts Council - Cartwheels Grant			7,000
Total State Assistance			43,455,761
Total Federal and State Assistance			\$ 48,741,371

Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal and State Awards:

1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal and State awards includes the federal and State grant activity of Orange County Board of Education and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations and the State Single Audit Implementation Act. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in, the preparation of the basic financial statements.