

# RtI Plan

LEA PLAN

Board Approved October 19, 2021

#### **Introduction and Overview**

Response-to-Instruction (RtI) is the process of aligning appropriate assessment with purposeful instruction for all students. Response to Instruction is based in the general education classroom where teachers routinely implement a strong and rigorous standards-based learning environment. The tiered approach to providing layers of intervention for students needing support requires a common understanding of system-wide, non-negotiables in term of instructional practices.

RtI is understood to be an evidence-based approach to providing early intervention to struggling learners in general education settings. Its core principles are that Tier 1 evidence-based instruction is provided with fidelity, student progress is monitored frequently, students' responsiveness to instruction is evaluated, and instruction is adapted as needed (National Association of State Directors of Special Education, 2005; Vaughn & Fuchs, 2003). It has come to the forefront of education reform efforts in recent years, with both federal legislation and state initiatives promoting use of RtI and similar initiatives. RtI has promise in serving as a mechanism to address NCLB and IDEA 2004 mandates, concerns about traditional special education identification procedures, the disproportionate representation of minorities in special education, the integration of general and special education, and the delivery of evidence-based programs to students.

The RtI process includes several key components:

- Evidence-based instruction as the core of classroom pedagogy.
- Evidence-based interventions utilized with increasing levels of intensity based on progress monitoring.
- Variety of ongoing assessment data to determine which students are not meeting success academically and/or behaviorally.
- Faculty and staff instructional teams in each school serve as the driving force for instructional decision making in the building.
- Purposeful allocation of instructional resources based on student assessment data.

All students participate in general education learning. Students requiring interventions to meet individual learning expectations will receive support through a systematic and purposeful process. The number of students requiring interventions will decrease as the level of intensity of the intervention increases.

#### What is Response to Instruction (RtI)?

RtI integrates core instruction, assessment, and intervention within a multi-tiered system to maximize student achievement and reduce behavior problems. Through implementation of RtI, schools identify and monitor students at risk, use problem-solving and data-based decision making to provide research-based interventions and adjust the intensity of interventions based on the student's response. Response to Instruction done well at the classroom level will provide data from which educators can make instructional decisions for individuals and groups of students. Given high quality decisions, RtI shows promise in supporting all students, especially those at risk of failing to achieve state performance standards.

#### What are the Core Principles of RtI?

- Students receive high-quality, research-based instruction by qualified staff in their general education setting.
- Use of a multi-tiered model of service delivery facilitates differentiated instruction and early intervening services for struggling learners.
- Movement between tiers should be guided by a data-driven decision-making process.
- Universal screening and progress monitoring are the basis for instructional decisions.

#### How is behavior addressed in the RtI model?

Positive Behavior Supports (PBS) is a national research-based model for reducing discipline referrals, reducing the number of students suspended and/or expelled, reducing the number of students in special education, and improving student achievement. PBS uses a behaviorally-based systems approach to enhance the capacity of schools, families, and communities to design effective environments that improve the link between research validated practices and the environments in which teaching and learning occur. This model is consistent with RtI principles.

The goal of PBS in Fayette County Schools is to enhance the capacity of schools to educate all students, especially those with challenging social behaviors, by establishing an effective continuum of PBS systems, data, and practices model. The proactive design for PBS is to address the needs of students in Tier I, whole school/district; Tier II, strategic interventions for students with challenging behavior; and Tier III which addresses the more serious behaviors that often require functional behavior assessments and behavior intervention plans.

#### **Key Elements of PBS**

Effective, efficient, and relevant school wide discipline is based on a balance of four key elements:

- 1. Clearly specified outcomes that are related to academic achievement and social competence.
- 2. Data-based decision making that guides selection and modification of curricula and practices, evaluation of progress, and enhancement of systems.
- 3. Evidence-based practices that have a high probability of outcome achievement for students.
- 4. Systems that support adult adoption, high fidelity implementation, and sustained use of effective practices.

#### **Introduction and Overview**

#### Who are the key players and what are their roles?

**Central Office Leader**—Know the Response to Instruction process and support the implementation through a vision of outcome-based service delivery and tangible support for a successful effort.

**Principal**—Know the Response to Instruction process and support the implementation through a vision of outcome-based service delivery and resources for successful implementation.

Building Level Data Specialist—Gather and organize data and provide coaching for data interpretation. Monitor and organize the problem-solving process. It's best that this person does not have full time classroom responsibilities.

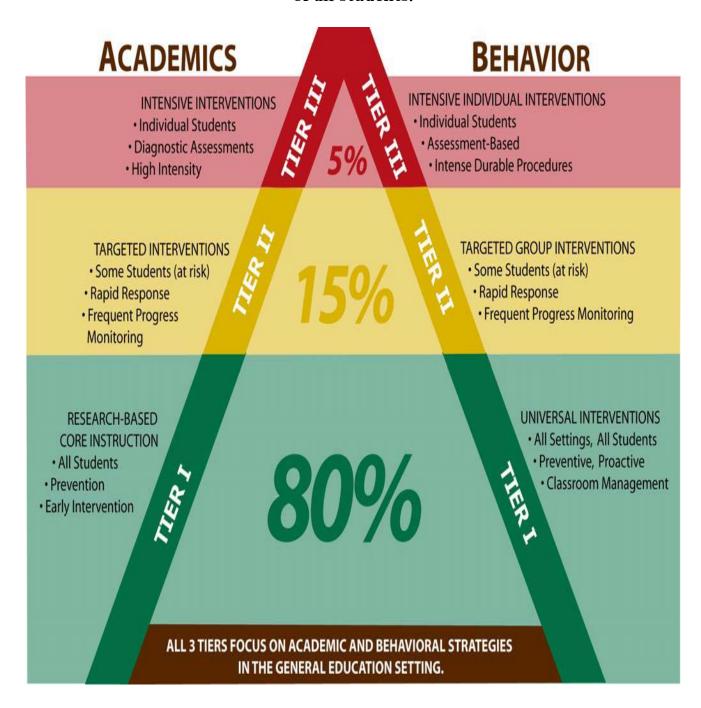
**General Education Teacher**—Implement instruction and interventions with fidelity, evaluate, and identify students who are at risk and adhere to decision-making protocol adopted at the district and school level.

**Special Education Teacher**—Collaborate with general education teacher to support core instruction and small group interventions and adhere to decision-making protocol adopted at the district and school level.

**Specialist and Support Staff**—Collaborate with general education teacher to support core instruction and small group interventions and adhere to decision-making protocol adopted at the district and school level.

**Parent/Families/Guardians**—Collaborate with teachers regarding identified need, share information about child and family as appropriate, and support student learning at home.

Response to Instruction (RtI) is based on a multi-tier approach to meeting the needs of all students.



#### RtI Tier I



#### What is Tier I Instruction?

Tier I instruction is core instruction delivered by the general education teacher and should meet the needs of 80% of students in the classroom through high quality researched based core instruction.

#### What are the Standards for Tier I Instruction?

In the Fayette County School District the expectations for high quality instruction that is delivered with fidelity has been defined in the non-negotiable in terms of instructional practices of "Teaching, Learning. Monitoring" and outlined in school walk through form.

#### What Are the Universal Screeners Used in Tier I?

Universal Screeners are used to measure effectiveness of Core Instructional. Some examples of Universal Screeners for academics include, but are not limited to, AimsWeb, Performance Series, classroom assessments, Alabama Comprehensive Assessment Program Summative Assessment, PreACT, ACT with Writing, ACT WorkKeys and other assessments. An example of Behavior Universal Screeners is response to Tier I school wide Positive Behavior Support program.

#### What Does Research Indicate the Expectations are at Tier I?

Research shows that 80% of students should be successful with evidence based differentiated instruction implemented with fidelity in the classroom.

#### What Should I Do If Students Do Not Meet Standards Based on Universal Screeners?

Students who need additional interventions based on Universal Screeners for all students should be referred to your Tier II Problem Solving Teams at your school.

#### RtI Tier II



#### Who are the key players on a Problem Solving Team (PST)?

PST membership must include administrators and classroom teachers. Teams may also include special education teachers, literacy/reading coaches, school counselors, and specialists. PSTs are usually best facilitated through grade level teams or department teams. The number of PSTs in a school will be determined by each school's needs.

#### Who makes the decision to refer a student to a Problem Solving Team (PST)?

Classroom teachers, grade level teams, administrators and counselors may refer a student to a PST.

#### When should a student be referred to a Problem Solving Team (PST)?

- If a student is screened for academic, attendance and behavioral concerns, and is identified as being high-risk for being unsuccessful, that student should be referred to a PST. Three times a year (fall, winter and spring) teachers will review universal screener data and other indicators such as attendance, in order to evaluate the effectiveness of core instruction implementation.
- Once instruction begins, if a student exhibits little or no success with Tier I interventions, the student should be referred to a PST.
  - o In the initial referral to a PST, the teacher must provide the following:
    - Student work samples
    - Results of universal screening and progress monitoring
    - Student attendance
    - Parent contact logs
    - Any other available documentation

#### How should parents be involved in Tier II?

Parents must be notified by the referring teacher that additional intervention may be needed for the student. A parent letter and progress reports will be sent to notify parents of intervention and progress. Documentation of parent contact through phone calls, written communications, etc., must be provided by the referring teacher.

#### RtI – Tier II

#### What are the steps in the process?

What is the problem?

The team should begin by identifying the problem (i.e., identify the barrier that is causing the lack of success). The problem should be stated in objective, measureable terms.

Problem solving must focus on teachable skills that can be measured and changed through best practices. Time should not be spent discussing concerns beyond the school's control.

The problem should be defined as the difference between current performance and what the teacher wants the student to be able to do.

Why is the problem happening?

Present the PST with all relevant information about the problem.

The teacher and PST will identify the probable cause of the problem.

The PST will address the following questions:

Has the student received adequate instruction and intervention at the Tier I

What did instruction and intervention at the Tier I level look like? Can intervention and progress monitoring at the Tier I level be documented?

How are we going to solve the problem?

The PST and the teacher will develop a Tier II plan based on the identified student's need.

Tier II plans should include the following: an explicit definition of the skills to be taught, measureable benchmarks, personnel who will complete various tasks, and a plan for progress monitoring.

Did the intervention work? The PST will meet every two to three weeks to review student progress monitoring.

The PST will address the following questions:

Has the student met the established goal? If not, is the student making progress toward the goal based on progress monitoring results?

Does the Tier II plan need to be revised or continued? If the student has met the established goal, can the student be successful with no Tier II intervention?

Can the teacher document implementation of Tier II interventions and progress monitoring?

#### RtI – Tier II

#### What services should be provided to a student in Tier II?

Tier II interventions are designed for students who are not adequately progressing in Tier I instruction. These interventions provide additional attention, focus, and support and usually take place in the general education classroom. Tier II interventions should begin as soon as possible after students have been identified through screening or benchmark assessments and should be monitored regularly. Materials and strategies should be specialized, research or evidence-based interventions that are based on the needs of the students. Steps should be taken to ensure interventions are implemented with fidelity. Materials and strategies should also be aligned with Tier I instruction and should include more opportunities for modeling, providing examples, corrective feedback, and student practice.

Teachers can maximize instruction by offering each student the following:

#### **Academic Interventions**

- Opportunities for re-teaching in short sessions using a brisk pace.
- Opportunities for multiple, flexible grouping of students.
- Adjust and extend time on task for students with skill deficits.
- Drill repetition and/or practice review using technology or supplemental resources to allow students to access content in multiple ways.
- Opportunities for completing tasks in smaller steps.
- Increased opportunities for concept reinforcement using visuals, charts and models

#### **Behavioral Interventions**

- Assign students to Check and Connect to provide increased mentoring and monitoring of behavior.
- Provide regularly scheduled small group counseling sessions.
- Re-teach behavioral expectations thoroughly and reinforce on a regular basis.
- Provide increased positive, active supervision.
- Reduce the amount of down time between activities.
- Intervene quickly at the first sign that the student is losing control.
- Allow time for students to refocus and regain control.

Tier II Intervention is explicit, systematic, and aligned with Tier I instruction. Instructional interventions are differentiated, scaffolded, and targeted based on the needs of individual students as determined by assessment data.

Tier II instruction for enrichment should contain sufficient depth, breadth, and complexity to increase individual student skills and concept formation.

#### How should progress with Tier II interventions be monitored?

Assessment should be more focused, diagnostic in nature, and should be based on specific skill needs. Results should lead directly to intervention services. Once an intervention is in place, response to the intervention should be monitored regularly (i.e. bi-weekly or weekly).

When selecting assessments at the Tier II level, the focus should be on identifying the specific skills that need work and how to best meet specific academic or behavioral needs. Discussion of student progress in Tier II should take place formally in team meetings as well as informally between the general education teacher and interventionist or specialized teachers.

#### RtI Tier III



#### What does Tier III mean?

Tier III interventions are designed for students who are not responding to Tier I or II instruction and interventions. These interventions should be provided by a specialized teacher who is highly skilled in the area of weakness. Materials and strategies should be specialized research or evidence-based interventions based on the needs of the students who will receive the intervention.

Tier III interventions should be provided by a specialized teacher or counselor who is highly skilled in the particular area of weakness.

Tier III interventions usually take place outside the general education classroom (could be before or after school).

#### What services should be provided in Tier III?

Tier III interventions are intended for students with significant deficits or underachievement and require the most intensive services available. A decision to move a student to Tier III interventions is determined by a problem-solving team after several documented individualized interventions in Tier II have resulted in limited progress (i.e., achievement gap between student's progress and expected benchmark remains significant). The interventions in Tier II are skill specific and should be delivered by someone highly skilled in that area. (See List of Academic Interventions/ Behavior Interventions attached).

#### What type and how often should a student be progressed monitored at Tier III?

The frequency of assessment should increase in Tier III to weekly or biweekly. There is an extreme sense of urgency; therefore, the response to the intervention should be monitored more frequently. Communication and interpreting progress monitoring data occurs most easily through graphing student progress. The graph serves as a convenient performance record that can be easily understood by teachers, administrators, parents, and students.

Decisions regarding Tier II intervention services are determined by a Student Support Team and should be based on diagnostic assessments and progress monitoring. Plans should be made by the team to review student progress on a regular basis in order to make timely instructional decisions. When teams are discussing prescriptive interventions at Tier III, they should consider a reasonable target for the student within a specified period of time to implement the intense services. If the student is successful with the intervention and demonstrates sufficient progress the team may consider whether the student is able to move to Tier I or Tier II. If the student does not make sufficient progress in Tier III, the team may consider several options, including referring the student for a special education evaluation. It is imperative that proof is available to confirm that the interventions were implemented with fidelity.

#### What does grouping look like at Tier III?

Intensity of instruction is increased by increasing the amount of time provided to the student per day and decreasing the group size.

#### How long should Tier III plans last?

In the case of school-based referrals the School-wide Student Support Team will develop Tier III Plans with the help of the student's parent/guardian. Documentation from Tier I and Tier II Plans must be provided prior to consideration for Tier III plans by the SSST. Data from progress monitoring, including behavior and academic, must be included. A student may continue on the Tier III plan indefinitely. Movement between tiers should be fluid. According to Alabama Administrative Code, "Before a child is referred for special education services, pre-referral intervention strategies must be implemented in the general education program and monitored [by the Student Support Team for a minimum of eight weeks and be determined unsuccessful." Therefore, the Tier III plan must be implemented for a minimum of eight school weeks (i.e. 40 instructional days).

What about parent referrals for students to be evaluated for Special Education Services? (IDEA) In the case of parent referrals the School-wide Student Support Team will invite the parent to help develop a Tier III plan and inform the parent about the referral process. After the plan is developed and data is collected a MET will be scheduled and a Referral for Evaluation will be considered. If the Referral for Evaluation is accepted at the MET, the Tier III plan will be implemented simultaneously with evaluation process. If the parent referral is not accepted the SSST will reconvene to determine the appropriate plan for the child.

#### Who are the members on the School-wide Student Support Team?

This committee comprises faculty/staff from the entire school-across grade levels and subject areas. The following individuals will be on the SSST:

Administrator – principal or assistant principal

Teacher requesting support (i.e. general ed. teacher of the child)

Counselor

At least one teacher

Auxiliary members may include, but are not limited to: special ed. teachers, paraprofessionals, reading coaches, school nurse, OT/PT, graduation coaches.

#### What about students who are declassified from IDEA services?

Once a child is no longer eligible for special education services, they will be referred to the School-wide Student Support Team to determine support needed for the student to transition back to the classroom. Accommodations that were in the student's last Individual Education Plan (IEP) will be included in the plan.

## **Tier III Services**

Academic Interventions	<u>Behavior Interventions</u>
Tier I instruction with additional scientifically researched based programs in area of deficiency (Math/Reading)	Functional Behavior Assessment  Behavior Intervention Plans One-on-One Check and Connect Program
One-on-One intensive instruction in area of deficiencies	Individualized Positive Behavior Support Awards Program to
Small group instruction for additional reinforcement	acknowledge appropriate behavior.  Small group instruction in conflict
	resolution, anger management or social skills class based on need.

## EFFECTIVE BENCHMARKS & GOALS

(Adapted from School Improvement Guide Book, Alabama Department of Education)

**benchmark** *n*. 1) a standard by which something can be measured or judged 2) incremental measures or checkpoints on progress toward student achievement goals throughout the year

In reviewing School Improvement Plans statewide the review teams discovered some common errors schools made in writing benchmarks: (this list is not exhaustive)

- "ARMT/Stanford 10 scores"... That assessment is not an incremental checkpoint measuring progress throughout the year. Using these results alone provides no time to make instructional adjustments or plan for student remediation.
- "Review of unit/chapter test scores." Merely reviewing scores is not a benchmark. Scores can be recorded, reviewed, and put on a grade distribution form but that will not make a difference in student achievement. Using standards-based assessments with an assigned Mastery/Non-Mastery level can be a tool to identify non-mastery students for re-teaching specific standards.
- "Nine weeks grades will improve in reading and math." Improvement in the number of As, Bs, and Cs in a grading period may not tell whether

standards are being mastered. Standards-based assessment results can inform and influence who needs further instruction and/or support.

#### Points to Ponder

- Benchmarks must be measurable and should
- include numbers or "he started here and want him to be there" vocabulary.
- Benchmarks must be incremental (at regular intervals).
- Benchmarks should be related to student
- achievement.

#### Criteria for Well-Written Goals

Well-written goals will meet the following criteria:

- The goal should be specific about what you are trying to do.
- The goal should indicate some measurable evidence that can help you determine whether you've met the goal.
- · The goal should be realistic to accomplish.
- The goal should be attainable in the time frame indicated.
- There should be a need for the goal.
- The goal should be student-teacher oriented and realistic.
- The goal should be aligned with district, state, and national standards.

EACH GOAL SHOULD BE SMART	CLARIFICATION
S pecific gap	Boys' attendance in Grade 5 is 20 percent lower than girls.
$\underline{\mathbf{M}}$ easurable outcomes	Boys' attendance in Grade 6 will improve by 10 percent during the year 2008-2009 as measured by attendance records.
$oldsymbol{A}$ ttainable and realistic	Acknowledge the gap or identified need, but don't try to solve major problems in one year. Don't set your school up for failure.
$\underline{R}$ elated to student achievement	Gather baseline data and establish benchmarks for monitoring progress.
$\overline{\mathbf{T}}$ ime bound	Set appropriate timelines.

## **Team Actions for the Continuum of Instruction**

Tier I	Tier II	Tier III	
Universal screening or     benchmarking conducted at     school level.	Parents notified that additional intervention is needed for student.	<b>5.</b> Parents notified that additional intervention is needed for student.	
2. Evidence based curricula and strategies in place for all students and differentiation documented through the general education	Required documentation – Intervention Initiation Parent Letter 2. Problem Solving Team reviews existing data and collaborates to	Required documentation – Parent Invitation to Tier III Meeting 6. Student Support Team reviews existing data and collaborates to	
environment. 3. At risk students identified in an area of instructional delay (language, academics, behavior).	create Tier II Plan and plan for progress monitoring.  Required documentation –  Tier II Student Intervention	create Tier III Plan and plan for progress monitoring.  Required documentation –  Tier III Student Intervention	
4. Data gathered and analyzed by classroom general education teacher for decision making that	Plan and Goal Page(s) 3. Tier II Plan implemented along with ongoing progress monitoring to determine effectiveness of interventions.	Plan and Goal Page(s) 7. Tier III Plan implemented along with ongoing progress monitoring to determine effectiveness of interventions.	
indicates a need for Tier 2 interventions.	Required documentation - Parents Progress Report	Required documentation - Parents Progress Report	
5. Notify parents of student progress.	Progress monitoring data     discussed with Problem Solving	8. Progress monitoring data discussed with Student Support	
6. Document parent contact through phone calls, written communications, etc.	Team. PST determines whether to continue, discontinue or	Team. SST determines whether to continue, discontinue or	
7. Where applicable, student referred to Problem Solving Team.  Required documentation – RtI Referral Form,	amend Tier II Plan. Where applicable, PST refers student to Student Support Team.	amend Tier III Plan. Where applicable, SST initiates special education referral.  Required documentation –  SST referral for special	
Strengths and Needs		education	
Checklist(s), Universal Screener Assessment			
Reports, Documentation			
of Repeated Parent Contact			

# RtI Forms

APPENDICES A-F

## Meeting Documentation

school	date		
type of meeting (check one)			
Problem Solving Team (Tier II)	Student Support Team (Tier III)		

#### **Meeting Agenda**

#### **NEW REFERRAL**

- 1. Review historical data from referral form
- 2. Review results of universal screeners.
- 3. Utilize Strengths/Needs Checklist to determine areas of focus.
- 4. Determine goal.
- 5. Determine method of intervention.
- 6. Determine method for progress monitoring.
- 7. Complete Intervention Plan; team keeps original.
- 8. Complete top portion of Goal Page; teacher takes original; team keeps copy.
- 9. Prepare Intervention Initiation Parent Letter; teacher sends home with student.
- 10. Implement Intervention Plan and track data.

#### INTERVENTION PLAN REVIEW

- 1. Review existing intervention plan.
- 2. Review data collected since last meeting.
- 3. Determine next step
  - a. continue plan without amendment
  - b. continue plan; amend intervention
  - c. discontinue plan
  - d. refer to SST or SPED
- 4. Complete Parent Progress Report; teacher sends home with student.
- 5. Complete new Goal Page and Intervention Plan (if applicable.
- 6. Complete Parent Invitation to Tier III SST Meeting (if applicable); teacher sends home with student.
- 7. Gather paperwork for referral to SST/SPED (if applicable).

#### **Roles and Responsibilities**

ALL TEAM MEMBERS are responsible ensuring effective use of time.

responsibility	team member
Meeting Documentation Form	
Strengths and Needs Checklists	
Parent Letters, including progress reports	
Student Intervention Plan/Student Reading Improvement Plan	
Goal Page	
Maintain resources (monitor available copies; make additional copies as needed)	

## Students to be Discussed

time	student name tead	teacher	area(	s) of co	oncern behavior	comments
time	student name	teacher	reading	math	behavior	comments
-						
+						

## Response-to-Intervention (RtI) Referral Form

(to be completed by referring teacher prior to meeting)

Name		Date o	of Birth	
Race/Ethnicity	Gender	Grade		
Parent/Guardian		Phone	Number	
Address				
Reason for Referral (Check all reading	that apply; attach complete	_	and Needs Cho	ecklists)
Student Record Review - Each	area must be addressed - or	- indicated	as not applicab	le (n/a)
Attendance  Last year - # Days PresentAbsent  This year - # Days PresentAbsent  Discipline Record  Number of Classroom Discipline  Number of Office Referrals  Number of Out of School Susper	Year(s):  Grade(s):  e Reports	Subject:	Srades ous School Year I School Year	Grade/Score:
Number of In-School Suspension  Special Concerns  Medical concerns  Social/Family conditions the Attendance concerns  Other  *Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of repeating signature of reference of the Attach documentation of the Attach docum	nat impede learning  ated parent contact and printe	□ Mental □ Tutorin	ial Guidance Health Counseli g	

student name	date
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## **Strengths and Needs Checklist (Reading)**

Strengths	Needs		
☐ identifies letters in name	☐ identifies letters in name		
☐ traces name	□ traces name		
□ writes name independently	□ writes name independently		
☐ identifies letters of alphabet	□ identifies letters of alphabet		
□ recognizes rhyming words	□ recognizes rhyming words		
☐ identifies initial sound of words	☐ identifies initial sound of words		
$\square$ identifies final sound of words	☐ identifies final sound of words		
☐ identifies medial sound of words	☐ identifies medial sound of words		
☐ demonstrates knowledge of letter sounds	☐ demonstrates knowledge of letter sounds		
□ segments words into syllables	□ segments words into syllables		
☐ fluently reads words from below grade level most common	☐ fluently reads words from below grade level most common		
words list	words list		
$\hfill \square$ fluently reads words from on grade level most common words list	fluently reads words from on grade level most common words     list		
$\hfill \square$ fluently reads words from above grade level most common words list	☐ fluently reads words from above grade level most common words list		
□ segments words by syllable	□ segments words by syllable		
$\square$ segments words by phoneme	□ segments words by phoneme		
$\ \square$ changes and blends sounds to produce new words	$\square$ changes and blends sounds to produce new words		
$\square$ blends sounds to read words (cvc spelling pattern)	□ blends sounds to read words (cvc spelling pattern)		
□ blends sounds to read words (cvce spelling pattern)	□ blends sounds to read words (cvce spelling pattern)		
□ blends sounds to read words (vowel diagraphs and other vowels)	□ blends sounds to read words (vowel diagraphs and other vowels)		
□ reads one syllable words	□ reads one syllable words		
□ reads two syllable words	□ reads two syllable words		
□ reads multisyllabic words	□ reads multisyllabic words		
□ reads grade level text with 90% accuracy	□ reads grade level text with 90% accuracy		
☐ reads grade level text with fluency	☐ reads grade level text with fluency		
☐ identifies main idea of text read aloud	☐ identifies main idea of text read aloud		
☐ identifies main idea of text read in group setting	☐ identifies main idea of text read in group setting		
☐ identifies main idea of text read independently	☐ identifies main idea of text read independently		
☐ identifies details of text read aloud	☐ identifies details of text read aloud		
$\square$ identifies details of text read in group setting	☐ identifies details of text read in group setting		
$\square$ identifies details of text read independently	☐ identifies details of text read independently		
□ summarizes text read aloud	□ summarizes text read aloud		
$\square$ summarizes text read in group setting	☐ summarizes text read in group setting		
□ summarizes text read independently	□ summarizes text read independently		
$\square$ describes characters of text read aloud	☐ describes characters of text read aloud		
$\square$ describes characters of text read in group setting	☐ describes characters of text read in group setting		
☐ describes characters of text read independently	☐ describes characters of text read independently		
☐ describes setting of text read aloud	☐ describes setting of text read aloud		
☐ describes setting of text read in group setting	☐ describes setting of text read in group setting		
$\square$ describes setting of text read independently	☐ describes setting of text read independently		
$\hfill \square$ identifies author's purpose of text read aloud	$\square$ identifies author's purpose of text read aloud		
$\hfill \square$ identifies author's purpose of text read in group setting	$\square$ identifies author's purpose of text read in group setting		
$\square$ identifies author's purpose of text read independently	☐ identifies author's purpose of text read independently		
$\hfill \square$ compares and contrasts based on text read aloud	□ compares and contrasts based on text read aloud		
$\square$ compares and contrasts based on text read in group setting	□ compares and contrasts based on text read in group setting		
compares and contrasts based on text read independently	Compares and contrasts based on text read independently		

student name	date
student name	date

## **Strengths and Needs Checklist (Mathematics)**

	Strengths		Needs
	identifies written numerals to 9		identifies written numerals to 9
	identifies written numerals to 20		identifies written numerals to 20
	identifies written numerals to 30		identifies written numerals to 30
	identifies written numerals to 100		identifies written numerals to 100
	counts by rote to 10		counts by rote to 10
	counts by rote to 20		counts by rote to 20
	counts by rote to 100		counts by rote to 100
	counts backwards from 10		counts backwards from 10
	counts backwards from 20		counts backwards from 20
	counts by 2s		counts by 2s
	counts by 5s		counts by 5s
	counts by 10s		counts by 10s
	counts forward from a number other than one		counts forward from a number other than one
	identifies 10 more than a given number		identifies 10 more than a given number
	identifies 10 less than a given number		identifies 10 less than a given number
	counts groups of 10 objects or less		counts groups of 10 objects or less
	counts groups of 20 objects or less		counts groups of 20 objects or less
	counts groups of 50 objects or less		counts groups of 50 objects or less
	counts groups of 100 objects or less		counts groups of 100 objects or less
	compares sets of objects		compares sets of objects
	correctly identifies place value		correctly identifies place value
	solves addition problems within 10 (picture form)		solves addition problems within 10 (picture form)
	solves addition problems within 10 (equation form)		solves addition problems within 10 (equation form)
	solves addition problems within 10 (word problem form)		solves addition problems within 10 (word problem form)
	solves addition problems within 20 (equation form)		solves addition problems within 20 (equation form)
	solves addition problems within 20 (word problem form)		solves addition problems within 20 (word problem form)
	solves addition problems within 100 (equation form; no regrouping)		solves addition problems within 100 (equation form; no regrouping)
	solves addition problems within 100 (equation form; with regrouping)		solves addition problems within 100 (equation form; with regrouping)
Ш	solves addition problems within 100 (word problem form; no	Ш	solves addition problems within 100 (word problem form; no
П	regrouping) solves addition problems within 100 (word problem form; with	П	regrouping) solves addition problems within 100 (word problem form; with
	regrouping)		regrouping)
	solves subtraction problems within 10 (picture form)		solves subtraction problems within 10 (picture form)
	solves subtraction problems within 10 (equation form)		solves subtraction problems within 10 (equation form)
	solves subtraction problems within 10 (word problem form)		solves subtraction problems within 10 (word problem form)
	solves subtraction problems within 20 (equation form)		solves subtraction problems within 20 (equation form)
	solves subtraction problems within 20 (word problem form)		solves subtraction problems within 20 (word problem form)
	solves subtraction problems within 100 (equation form; no regrouping)		solves subtraction problems within 100 (equation form; no regrouping)
	solves subtraction problems within 100 (equation form; with		solves subtraction problems within 100 (equation form; with
	regrouping)		regrouping)
	solves subtraction problems within 100 (word problem form; no regrouping)		solves subtraction problems within 100 (word problem form; no regrouping)
	solves subtraction problems within 100 (word problem form; with		solves subtraction problems within 100 (word problem form; with
	regrouping)		regrouping)
	solves single-digit multiplication problems (equation form)		solves single-digit multiplication problems (equation form)
	solves single-digit multiplication problems (word problems)		solves single-digit multiplication problems (word problems)
	solves two-digit multiplication problems (equation form)		solves two-digit multiplication problems (equation form)
	solves two-digit multiplication problems (word form)		solves two-digit multiplication problems (word form)
	solves three-digit multiplication problems (equation form)		solves three-digit multiplication problems (equation form)
	solves three-digit multiplication problems (word form)		solves three-digit multiplication problems (word form)
	solves single-digit division problems (equation form) solves single-digit division problems (word problems)		solves single-digit division problems (equation form)
	solves single-digit division problems (word problems) solves two-digit division problems (equation form)		solves single-digit division problems (word problems) solves two-digit division problems (equation form)
	solves two-digit division problems (equation form) solves two-digit division problems (word form)		solves two-digit division problems (equation form) solves two-digit division problems (word form)
	solves two-digit division problems (word form) solves three-digit division problems (equation form)		solves two-digit division problems (word form) solves three-digit division problems (equation form)
	solves three-digit division problems (word form)		solves three-digit division problems (equation form)

student name date	
-------------------	--

## Strengths and Needs Checklist (Behavior)

Strengths	Needs
□ stays in assigned area during	□ stays in assigned area during
seatwork/independent working time	seatwork/independent working time
$\square$ stays in assigned area during centers	$\square$ stays in assigned area during centers
□ stays in assigned area during small group instruction	□ stays in assigned area during small group instruction
□ stays in assigned area during whole group instruction	□ stays in assigned area during whole group instruction
□ stays in assigned area while working on a computer	□ stays in assigned area while working on a computer
$\square$ stays in assigned area while walking in line	$\square$ stays in assigned area while walking in line
☐ demonstrates on-task behavior during seatwork/independent working time	☐ demonstrates on-task behavior during seatwork/independent working time
☐ demonstrates on-task behavior during centers	☐ demonstrates on-task behavior during centers
$\square$ demonstrates on-task behavior during small group instruction	$\square$ demonstrates on-task behavior during small group instruction
$\square$ demonstrates on-task behavior during whole	$\square$ demonstrates on-task behavior during whole
group instruction	group instruction
$\hfill\Box$ demonstrates on-task behavior while working on a	$\square$ demonstrates on-task behavior while working on a
computer	computer
☐ chorally responds during small group instruction	☐ chorally responds during small group instruction
$\square$ chorally responds during whole group instruction	$\square$ chorally responds during whole group instruction
$\square$ follows directions the first time	$\square$ follows directions the first time
$\square$ uses kind words with classmates	$\square$ uses kind words with classmates
$\square$ uses kind words with teachers	$\square$ uses kind words with teachers
$\square$ raises hand before speaking	$\square$ raises hand before speaking
$\square$ keeps hands and feet to self	$\square$ keeps hands and feet to self
$\square$ uses school supplies appropriately	$\square$ uses school supplies appropriately
$\square$ respects school property	$\square$ respects school property
$\square$ other	$\square$ other
$\square$ other	$\square$ other

#### Intervention Initiation Parent Letter

#### [date]

Dear Parent/Guardian of [student],

Because the Fayette County School District is committed to quality education for all students, we are monitoring student performance in academics and behavior so we can provide additional help to students when needed. Based on a review of data collected at school, we believe that your child would benefit from additional support through a program called Response to Instruction or RtI.

Our school's RtI team, which includes your child's teacher, school administration, and other school personnel, has collaboratively reviewed information about your child's current performance and has developed a plan for intervention designed to improve their skills. The team has also developed a plan for monitoring your child's progress and communicating with you about how the interventions are working.

Over the coming weeks, an individual from our school will be working with your child to improve their skills in the area(s) identified by our team by following a specific plan designed to meet your child's needs. Information about your child's progress will be sent home on a regular basis to keep you informed.

We look forward to working with your child and watching their skills develop and grow.

If you have any questions about RtI or your child's plan, please contact [RtI school chairperson] at [school phone number] or via email at [RtI chairperson's email address].

Sincerely,

Response to Instruction Team

[school name]

#### Tier II Student Intervention Plan

Name		Date of Birth		
Race/Ethnicity	Gender Grade			
Parent/Guardian		Phone Number		
Address				
Initial Tier II Goal				
		with % accuracy, measurable goal)  (description of intervention)		
provided by(teacher	during sessions per week s name)	for a minimum of minutes per session.		
notes/comments				
teach	her	date		
PST team	date			
PST team member date				
PST team member date				
PST team member date				
PST team member date				

## **Tier II Progress Review** Date \_\_\_\_\_ Problem Solving Team Decision (check one) continue Tier II intervention with same goal and intervention continue Tier II intervention with revised goal or intervention discontinue Tier II intervention refer to Student Support Team for Tier III Intervention Plan Revised Tier II Goal (if applicable) By \_\_\_\_\_\_, student will be able to \_\_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ % accuracy (date) (specific, measurable goal) as measured by \_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ as a result of \_\_\_\_\_ (description of intervention) (name of assessment) provided by \_\_\_\_\_ during \_\_\_ sessions per week for a minimum of \_\_\_ minutes per session. (teacher's name) notes/comments teacher date

PST team member

,	/I

date

date

date

date

date

st	tudent name date						
		T	ier	· II Goal F	a	ge	
В	V	, studer	ıt w	rill be able to			
٠	(date)	, studer				(specific, meas	urable goal)
W	ith %	accuracy as mea	sure	ed by			as a result
		v		(name	e of	assessment)	
of				_provided by _			during during
	(description	n of intervention)				(teacher's nan	ne)
	ses	ssions per week t	for a	a minimum of		min	utes per session.
		Pro	ogı	ress Monit	or	ring	
		assessment utilized		student score/ benchmark score		progress made	intervention provided
]	baseline data			/			
d	ate			/			MTWTF
				/			MTWTF
d	ate		/				MTWTF
	ate		/				MTWTF
Student Progress Graph							
	baseline	e week 1		week 2		week 3	week 4
	absences (circle	) MTWT	F	MTWTF	7	MTWTF	MTWTF

## Parent Progress Report (Tier II)

[date]
Dear Parent/Guardian of [student],
We are providing [student] with extra assistance to improve their skills in the area of
word-level reading skills
reading comprehension skills
math computation skills
math reasoning and problem-solving skills
behavior skills
other
We measure your child's progress with these skills on a weekly basis and the results of these progress measurements are graphed in the attached chart. Based on our progress measurements, we believe that, at this time, your child is
making good progress and we plan to continue the intervention at this time.
making some progress and we plan to continue the intervention at this time.
making limited progress and we plan to make changes and continue interventions.
making limited progress and we plan to refer to the Student Support Team for Tier III Intervention.
If you have any questions about RtI or your child's plan, please contact [RtI school chairperson] at [school phone number] or via email at [RtI chairperson's email address].
Sincerely,
Problem Solving Team
[school name]

\*Goal Page attached

#### Parent Invitation to Tier III SST Meeting

Γ	'date	

Dear Parent or Guardian of [student],

In an effort to help our students be successful at school, [school] has formed a Student Support Team. The mission of the team is to identify the needs of students who are struggling in academics or behavior and work as a team to identify strategies and develop interventions which can help these students be more successful at school.

For the last few weeks, data relevant to your child's learning and/or behavior has been collected to be reviewed by the members of the Student Support Team. A Student Support Team (SST) meeting has been scheduled for <code>[date]</code> at <code>[time]</code> in order to discuss the data and formulate research-based strategies and interventions to help your child be successful in the classroom.

We consider you, the parent, to be a key member of the team and your input is important to us. We encourage you to participate in this meeting. Because our meeting schedule is full, it is very important that each meeting begin promptly at the time indicated above. If you are unable to make it to school at this time, the team will be happy to reschedule the meeting or schedule a separate meeting to review the plan at a time that is convenient for you.

We believe that this process will be helpful for your child. The Student Support Team will collect data relevant to your child's learning and monitor his/her progress.

If you have questions regarding the RtI process or your child's plan, please contact [RtI school chairperson] at [school phone number] or via email at [RtI chairperson's email address].

Sincerely,

Student Support Team

[school name]

Parent, please m	ark the approp	oriate space	below and	return th	is letter t	o your	child's
teacher.		_				-	

ccuciici.	
I can i	meet at the day and time indicated above. I will attend the meeting.
	not meet at the day and time indicated above. Please call me at (phone ber) to reschedule the meeting.
I canı	not meet at the day and time indicated above. I would like the team to meet without me.
	ke the Team to call me during the meeting so I can participate via telephone. Please call t (phone number) at the day and time indicated above.
Parent sign	nature

## Tier III Student Intervention Plan

Name				Date of Birth		
Race/Ethnicity	Gender		Grade			
Parent/Guardian	<b>'</b>			Phone Number		
Address						
Initial Tier III Goa	1					
			with % accuracy measurable goal)  (description of intervention)			
				for a minimum of minutes per session.		
notes/comments						
	teacher			date		
SST team member				date		
SST team member				date		
	SST team member	<u> </u>		date		
	SST team member	ſ		date		
SST team member				date		

## **Tier III Progress Review** Date Student Support Team Decision (check one) continue Tier III intervention with same goal and intervention continue Tier III intervention with revised goal or intervention discontinue Tier III intervention; refer to Problem Solving Team for Tier II Intervention refer for special education evaluation Revised Tier III Goal (if applicable) By \_\_\_\_\_\_, student will be able to \_\_\_\_\_\_ with \_\_\_\_\_ % accuracy (date) (specific, measurable goal) \_\_\_\_ as a result of \_\_\_\_ as measured by \_\_\_\_\_ (description of intervention) (name of assessment) provided by \_\_\_\_\_ during \_\_\_ sessions per week for a minimum of \_\_\_ minutes per session. (teacher's name) notes/comments teacher date SST team member date SST team member date

SST team member

SST team member

SST team member

date

date

date

student name	,	date			
	$\mathbf{T}^{2}$	ier	III Goal I	Page	
Bv	. stude	nt w	vill be able to		
(date)	, stude			(specific, me	asurable goal)
with %	accuracy as mea	asur	ed by		as a result
	J		(name	of assessment)	as a result
of			provided by		during
(description	on of intervention)		-1 0 -	(teacher's n	during during
80	ssions per week	for	a minimum of	mi	inutes per session.
	-				nutes per session.
			ress Monito	oring	T
	assessment utilized		benchmark score	progress made	intervention provided
baseline data			/		
date			/		MTWTF
date			/		MTWTF
date		/			MTWTF
date					MTWTF
	Stud	len	t Progress	Graph	
					_
baselin	e week 1	-	week 2	week 3	week 4
absences (circl	e) M T W T	ГБ	MTWTF	MTWT	F MTWTF

## Parent Progress Report (Tier III)

[date]
Dear Parent/Guardian of [student],
We are providing [student] with extra assistance to improve their skills in the area of
word-level reading skills
reading comprehension skills
math computation skills
math reasoning and problem-solving skills
behavior skills
other
We measure your child's progress with these skills on a weekly basis and the results of these progress measurements are graphed in the attached chart. Based on our progress measurements, we believe that, at this time, your child is
making good progress and we plan to continue the intervention at this time.
making some progress and we plan to continue the intervention at this time.
making limited progress and we plan to make changes and continue Tier III interventions
making limited progress and we plan to complete a referral for special education
If you have any questions about RtI or your child's plan, please contact [RtI school chairperson] at [school phone number] or via email at [RtI chairperson's email address]
Sincerely,
Response to Instruction Team
[school name]

<sup>\*</sup>Goal Page attached

## Student Support Team Referral for Special Education

Name	Date of Birth				
Race/Ethnicity	Gender	Grade			
Parent/Guardian		Phone Number			
Address					
Tier II plan initiation date	number of weeks Tie	r II interventions were provided			
Tier III plan initiation date	number of weeks Tie	r III interventions were provided			
brief description of intervention	ns provided in Tier II				
brief description of intervention	ns provided in Tier III				
comments					
teac	ner	date			
SST team	member	date			
551 Cam member					
SST team	member	date			
SST team	date				
SST team	member	date			
SST team	member	date			

*Attach copies of the following to Student Support Team Referral for Special Education
□ RtI Referral Form
☐ Universal Screener Assessment Reports
☐ Strengths and Needs Checklists
☐ Intervention Initiation Parent Letter
☐ Tier II Student Intervention Plan
☐ Tier II Progress Review Documentation
☐ Tier II Goal Pages
□ Parent Progress Reports (Tier II)
☐ Parent Invitation to Tier III SST Meeting
☐ Tier III Student Intervention Plan
☐ Tier III Progress Review Documentation
☐ Tier III Goal Pages
□ Parent Progress Reports (Tier III)
☐ Dated and graded work samples in the suspected area of difficulty
☐ Completed Work Sample Cover Sheet for each work sample included

Completed Student Support Team Referral for Special Education and required attachments should be sent to the Special Education Coordinator.

## System-Level PST Annual Report

school	school year		
RtI Chairperson			
Students Receiving Interventions during the Current School Year			
		number	percentage
total students enrolled in the s	school		
students receiving Tier II or T	Γier II intervention		
		number	novoontago
T' II '		number	percentage
students in any Tier II interve			
students in Tier II reading int	ervention		
students in Tier II math interv	vention		
students in Tier II behavior in	tervention		
		number	percentage
students in any Tier III interv	rention		
students in Tier III reading in			
students in Tier III math inter	rvention		
students in Tier III behavior i	ntervention		
Data Regarding Race/Ethnicity of	of Students Receiving Intervention		
		number	percentage
Hispanic/Latino of any race			
American Indian or Alaska Na	ntive		
Asian			
Black or African American		1	
Native Hawaiian or other Paci	ific Islander		
White			
Two or more races			

#### More Intensive Intervention Needed by Students

Students Moving From Tier II to Tier III during the Current School Year

v v	number	percentage
students in any Tier II intervention		
students in all Tier II intervention moving to Tier III		
students in Tier II reading intervention moving to Tier III		
students in Tier II math intervention moving to Tier III		
students in Tier II behavior intervention moving to Tier III		

Students Moving From Tier III to SPED During the Current School Year

	number	percentage
students in any Tier III intervention		
students in all Tier III intervention moving to SPED		
students in Tier III reading intervention moving to SPED		
students in Tier III math intervention moving to SPED		
students in Tier III behavior intervention moving to SPED		

#### Less Intensive Intervention Needed by Students

Students Moving From Tier III to Tier II during the Current School Year

	number	percentage
students in any Tier III intervention		
students in all Tier III intervention moving to Tier II		
students in Tier III reading intervention moving to Tier II		
students in Tier III math intervention moving to Tier II		
students in Tier III behavior intervention moving to Tier II		

Students Moving From Tier II to Tier I during the Current School Year

	number	percentage
students in any Tier II intervention		
students in all Tier II intervention moving to Tier I		
students in Tier II reading intervention moving to Tier I		
students in Tier II math intervention moving to Tier I		
students in Tier II behavior intervention moving to Tier I		