

MULTIPLICATION FLASH CARDS

Make Your Own

It is easy to make your own multiplication flashcards for your students. There are two sheets (front and back) that print out to make a front and back copy with the facts on one side and the answers on the other. Match sheet 1 Facts with sheet 1 Answers as well as sheet 2 Facts with sheet 2 Answers when printing to one sheet (front and back) for each pair.

It is recommended to use 65 or 67 bond weight paper to make the flash cards more durable, and when done copying, cut between the heavy black borders to separate the cards. Colored paper may be used to visually separate the multiplication flash cards from the addition, subtraction or division flash cards. It also helps to use colored paper, so students cannot see the answers through the card when practicing.

Place the two cut-up sheets in a little plastic 3 inch x 4 inch sealable bags (at any Hobby Lobby/Michael's style store).

The cost is about 10 cents per set including the cost of the plastic bag. The completed product can be placed in a classroom center, or it is the right size to fit in a student's pocket, so they do not lose them.

This easy to make resource is one more tool to provide children assistance to learn their basic math facts.

1



Multiplication Flashcards: Pg. 1



$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$
$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$



$$9 \times 9 = 81 \quad 9 \times 2 = 18 \quad 8 \times 2 = 16 \quad 6 \times 6 = 36$$

$$9 \times 8 = 72 \quad 8 \times 8 = 64 \quad 7 \times 7 = 49 \quad 6 \times 5 = 30$$

$$9 \times 7 = 63 \quad 8 \times 7 = 56 \quad 7 \times 6 = 42 \quad 6 \times 4 = 24$$

$$9 \times 6 = 54 \quad 8 \times 6 = 48 \quad 7 \times 5 = 35 \quad 6 \times 3 = 18$$

$$9 \times 5 = 45 \quad 8 \times 5 = 40 \quad 7 \times 4 = 28 \quad 6 \times 2 = 12$$

$$9 \times 4 = 36 \quad 8 \times 4 = 32 \quad 7 \times 3 = 21 \quad 5 \times 5 = 25$$

$$9 \times 3 = 27 \quad 8 \times 3 = 24 \quad 7 \times 2 = 14 \quad 5 \times 4 = 20$$

2

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 10 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 9 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 7 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 6 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 5 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 4 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 3 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 8 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 2 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times 1 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ \times 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$



Multiplication Flashcards: Pg. 2





$5 \times 3 = 15$

$2 \times 2 = 4$

$10 \times 4 = 40$

$6 \times 1 = 6$

$5 \times 2 = 10$

$10 \times 10 = 100$

$10 \times 3 = 30$

$5 \times 1 = 5$

$4 \times 4 = 16$

$10 \times 9 = 90$

$10 \times 2 = 20$

$4 \times 1 = 4$

$4 \times 3 = 12$

$10 \times 8 = 80$

$10 \times 1 = 10$

$3 \times 1 = 3$

$4 \times 2 = 8$

$10 \times 7 = 70$

$9 \times 1 = 9$

$2 \times 1 = 2$

$3 \times 3 = 9$

$10 \times 6 = 60$

$8 \times 1 = 8$

$1 \times 1 = 1$

$3 \times 2 = 6$

$10 \times 5 = 50$

$7 \times 1 = 7$

$0 \times 0 = 0$