

Jefferson County School District No. R-1 Jefferson County, Colorado



Comprehensive Annual

Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2020

Presented to the Board of Education

Board Members

Susan Harmon, President Brad Rupert, First Vice President Ron Mitchell, Second Vice President Stephanie Schooley, Secretary Susan Miller, Treasurer

> Interim Superintendent Kristopher Schuh

Prepared by the Financial Services Division Nicole Stewart, Interim Chief Financial Officer Lisa Anderson, Controller

Jefferson County School District, No. R-1

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

June 30, 2020

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November 16, 2020

To the Board of Education and citizens of Jefferson County Public Schools:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Jefferson County School District (the district) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, is submitted herewith. State law requires that all local governments publish within five months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles and audited in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

The responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the management of the district. This report was prepared by Financial Services, and to the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the district. The district's comprehensive framework of internal controls provides assurance of the accuracy of the reports. District management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls designed to ensure the assets of the district are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. As the cost of internal controls should not outweigh the benefits, the outcome is to provide reasonable, rather than absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements.

Under provisions of Article 29-1-603, Colorado Revised Statutes, 1973, an independent public accounting firm must perform an annual audit of the district's accounts. CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unmodified ("clean") opinion on the district's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2020. The independent auditor's report is located at the front of the financial section of this report.

Readers of this report are encouraged to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information presented in Management's Discussion and Analysis found on pages 17–29 of this report. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, have been included.

For the 2019/2020 fiscal year, the single audit will not be included within this report but will be published as a standalone document. Due to delays in audit guidance for the Coronavirus Relief Funds (CRF), the single audit was not completed at the time of publishing the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

The District's Profile

Jefferson County School District, No. R-1 (Jeffco) is the second largest K-12 school district in the state of Colorado. The district was formed in 1950 when 39 independent districts were consolidated into a countywide district encompassing the 773 square miles of Jefferson County and five square miles of the City and County of Broomfield, Colorado. The district is a legally separate, primary government entity that operates under an elected five member Board of Education. The Board of Education is the policy-making body of the district. The Board is responsible for educational planning and evaluation, staffing and appraisal, school facilities, financial resources and communication. Board members are elected to alternating four-year terms with elections held every two years. Board members represent a specific area of the county but are elected at large. The district provides a full range of educational programs and services authorized by Colorado state statute to approximately 83,000 enrolled students. District

programs and services include basic K-12 education in elementary schools, middle schools, high schools, option schools, special education, vocational education, preschool and numerous other programs.

In 2020, the district has 16 operating charter schools that are legally separate entities. The charter schools are funded based on the Colorado Department of Education stated per pupil revenue. This revenue is directly allocated to each charter school. The charter schools are disclosed as discretely presented component units of the district.

Colorado state statutes require that the district adopts the budget in June prior to the beginning of the subsequent fiscal year. Budget revisions may be adopted prior to January. The district maintains numerous budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget adopted by the Board of Education. Activities of all funds are included in this report. The level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established by fund. The district also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one technique of accomplishing budgetary control. Encumbered amounts lapse at year end and are generally re-established in the following year as an obligation against that year's appropriated budget. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the district continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

Consequences of COVID-19 Pandemic

In early December, the United States was made aware of a virus rapidly spreading throughout the world. By the spring of 2020, the country experienced a deep economic recession due to the impacts of the coronavirus COVID-19 pandemic. A "stay at home order" was issued by Governor Polis that also directed business closures resulting in mass layoffs. As the largest employer in Jefferson County, the district was aware that actions taken by Jeffco Public Schools could have a long-range impact on our students, employees and community. Knowing this, the district made a decision to not implement any staff layoffs for the 2019/2020 school year. The district immediately moved to a remote learning model that allowed students to continue their education from home. Emergency federal funds through the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act signed into law on March 27, 2020, were made available to states and school districts to cover COVID-19 related expenditures. These funds helped the district avoid budget reductions for 2019/2020; however, whether those fund will be available for 2020/2021 is yet to be determined.

District leadership continues to monitor the impacts related to COVID-19. The pandemic presents an unprecedented challenge for education nationwide including what funding will become available and whether or not a resurgence of COVID-19 will result in further education interruptions and economic damage. District leadership expects state budgetary pressure and anticipates a large budget shortfall that will require substantial budget reductions.

Assessment of the District's Economic Condition

The national economy was greatly impacted by the pandemic and more than 22.1 million jobs were lost between February and April. With the help of unprecedented federal monetary policy, large-scale fiscal aid helped to offset some of the impacts of business closures allowing the nation to add back 2.5 million jobs in May. The boost of onetime economic impact payments, paycheck protection program incentives, and enhanced unemployment insurance benefits contributed to a bump in household incomes and supplemented consumer activity; however, it is expected that as federal aid ends, economic activity will slow.

The impacts of COVID-19, business closures and stay at home orders that swept across the nation, ended the longest U.S. economic expansion on record. The national real gross domestic product (GDP) declined at an annualized rate of 5.7 percent in the first quarter of 2020 and 32.9 percent in the second quarter. Economists continue to update projections to account for the economic impacts of the pandemic. Without knowing when the pandemic will be over and what additional economic disruption could occur due to new waves of COVID-19, uncertainty exists as to how soon the economy will recover and what economic activity will look like.

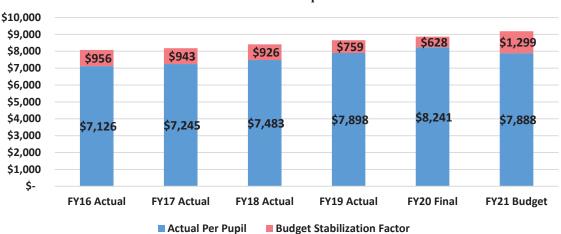
Colorado's economy was strong for the first three quarters of the fiscal year, but took a severe shift in the fourth quarter due to the impacts of COVID-19.

Colorado State revenue continues to look bleak with mixed results from the election on November 3, 2020. The Gallagher Amendment Repeal (Amendment B) passed, preventing further loss of local property tax revenues and Proposition 116 (Initiative 306) passed, lowering the state tax rate and income to the state. The net effect of these

changes will depend on decisions at the state for how they will impact schools. An increase on nicotine tax also passed, providing funding for four year olds in preschool, beginning in 2023. There is concern the state will not be able to backfill the loss of revenue or hold harmless the loss of student enrollment from the pandemic which will have a severe impact to the district for 2020/2021 and 2021/2022.

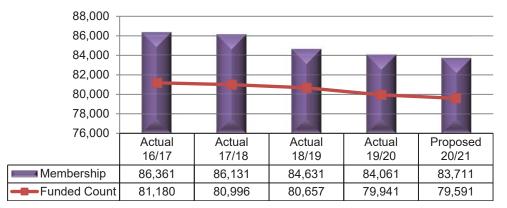
Colorado school districts are funded based on a formula that is comprised of revenues from local property taxes and state funding. This formula contains several factors that address different demographic needs of districts. To accommodate state revenue challenges, a budget stabilization (negative) factor was incorporated into the State School Finance Act formula to proportionately reduce funding to school districts. This factor is the mechanism used by the state to balance the budget while remaining within the legal limits of the funding formula. The final legislated School Finance Act increased inflation by 1.9 percent, and the statewide budget stabilization (BS) factor increased by \$601 million. For 2020/2021 the BS factor reduced funding by \$1.18 billion statewide with Jeffco's portion equaling \$55 million. The ongoing, cumulative impact of the reduction due to the BS factor debilitates school district's capacity to address student needs and improve outcomes. For Jeffco in 2019/2020, a slight drop in enrollment and shift of students from district-managed schools to charter schools resulted in an estimated decrease of 350 students districtwide for 2020/2021. Enrollment is being monitored weekly as the October Count is expected to show an even greater loss than what was budgeted due to unforeseen impacts of COVID-19.

The chart below illustrates the history of funding on a per pupil basis for Jeffco. The red bar is the unfunded amount which equates to the BS factor. Per pupil funding for 2020/2021 after the BS factor and rescission is currently \$7,888.



Total Per Pupil

The shift in demographics of Jefferson County also contributes to the district's budget challenges. The population of the county is impacted by multiple factors. Economic influences, low birth rates, aging populations of neighborhoods, and affordable housing all effect the student growth in the district. As some areas of the district remain flat or have declining enrollment, other areas show significant growth. Significant shifts in enrollment can cause changes in facility needs and issues of building utilization.



Major Initiatives

Jeffco Generations

Jeffco Public Schools (district) has deep and meaningful generational ties that crisscross our community and a tradition of quality on which to build. But the district must also adapt and change to prepare our students for their future. A central element of this change will be to take on entrepreneurial spirit and a willingness to innovate and adapt.

District leadership continues to engage community members, students, and staff to elevate Jeffco's values and desired educational experiences for Jeffco students. This engagement resulted in the Jeffco Generations Vision and Strategic Plan. The Jeffco Generations Vision and Strategic Plan define the characteristics needed for Jeffco graduates to lead and participate in tomorrow's economy and society.

The Jeffco Generations Strategic Plan focuses on "keeping the main thing, the main thing," and the main thing is learning. More specifically a focus on authentic, relevant and engaging learning experiences for all students. These learning experiences include the incorporation of the *Jeffco Generations Skills*:

- Content Mastery
- Civic & Global Engagement
- Self-Direction & Personal Responsibility
- Communication
- Critical & Creative Thinking
- Collaboration & Leading by Influence
- Agility & Adaptability

In addition to a focus on the student learning experiences, Jeffco Generations recognizes that students come to school with different strengths, backgrounds, advantages and challenges. To meet the needs of all Jeffco's students, the strategic plan additionally identifies priorities in "Conditions for Learning" and "Readiness for Learning."

The Jeffco Generations Strategic Plan is organized in three major strategies (Learning, Conditions for Learning, and Readiness for Learning) and more specific areas of focus within each strategy referred to as "tactics":

Learning Strategy

- Transform Student Task
- Responsive Teaching
- Customized Pathways
- Technology to Transform Learning
- Expanding (the full range of) Human Experiences
- Conditions for Learning Strategy
 - Professional Model of Teaching
 - High Expectations
 - Commitment to Equity
 - Educator Learning

Readiness for Learning Strategy

- Schools as Community Hubs
- Social-Emotional Supports
- Expand Early Childhood Education
- Family and Community Engagement

Budget Development Process

The budget development process is a long-term initiative that aligns available resources to positively impact student achievement using two budget modeling processes—Student Based Budgeting and Budgeting for Outcomes. The district's approach encourages communication and leverage between organizational units within the entire district and

focuses attention on district goals. Staff and community input during the process is a key component of its success. The district is committed to the continued process of long range planning with the strategic plan as a benchmark for decisions. Please refer to the 2020/2021 Adopted Budget for details on the budgeting process.

Student Based Budgeting

Student based budgeting (SBB) continues to provide the opportunity for principals to make site-specific, student based decisions on the deployment of resources to obtain the greatest student achievement. It provides greater flexibility to support students' needs and goals, is a uniform and consistent funding model across all schools, and provides better transparency for school funding. District leadership continues to partner with principals, ensuring the SBB model continues to support such needs.

Budgeting For Outcomes

The district fully implemented Budgeting for Outcomes (BFO) in 2017/2018. BFO continues to use an explicit planning process to identify district-wide goals and aims to fund programs that will directly contribute to the success of those identified goals. Recognizing that Jeffco's community requires change from year to year, BFO allows for budgeting based on current goals for the upcoming budget year and consideration for other departments' future needs. Please refer to the 2020/2021 Adopted Budget for details on specific department BFO forms.

Fiscal Management and Strategic Policies

The district has adopted a conservative approach for long-range planning to improve the financial condition of the district. The following are the key components of this plan:

- The budget cycle for each budget year will begin in the fall to ensure adequate time for input and any program adjustments due to projected revenue increases or decreases.
- The district's annual budget is projected for the next four years to enable long-range planning, identify and correct possible issues, and ensure fiscal responsibility.
- The district continues to support the internal audit department to provide site evaluations of accounting and internal control processes.
- An independent citizen Financial Oversight Committee meets to review district financial management practices, activities, make recommendations, and report to the Board of Education.
- The Audit Committee assists and supports the Board of Education with fulfilling its fiduciary responsibilities. The committee is comprised of members of the Board of Education and community.
- Quarterly financial reports are a Board of Education agenda item. The Board reviews the quarterly reports with the Financial Oversight Committee and the Audit Committee. The reports are designed to meet the Colorado Revised Statute 22-45-102 requirements.

Student Achievement

The district's focus on student achievement includes meeting the goals defined by Jeffco's Board of Education, the Colorado Department of Education and the federal government as indicated below:

- 1) Jeffco's Board of Education has defined specific academic targets in the following Board Policy Ends:
 - Ends 1: Every school and the district will have an engaging climate and culture.
 - Ends 2: Every school and the district will ensure that every student has the opportunity to work towards being connected to career, college and/or life aspirations through systems and practices.
 - Ends 3: Every school and the district will have effective learning systems and shared leadership.

Jeffco Public Schools has identified system indicators to measure outcomes for the district's strategic plan.

2) The Education Accountability Act of 2009 (SB 09-163) holds the state, districts, and individual public schools accountable for performance on the same set of indicators and related measures statewide. The state accountability system is administered by the Colorado Department of Education (CDE). Colorado

aims to prepare all students for postsecondary learning or to enter the workforce by the time they graduate from the K-12 system. CDE has defined three performance indicator areas key to achieving this outcome:

- Academic Achievement
- Academic Growth
- Postsecondary and Workforce Readiness (high school only)

CDE's District Performance Framework and School Performance Framework reports provide information about the levels of attainment in each of the three state performance indicators. For districts, the overall evaluation leads to their accreditation. For schools, the overall evaluation leads to the type of plan schools will implement.

3) The Federal government passed the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) in December 2015 and CDE has continued the implementation of the state ESSA plan in the current school year. Under ESSA, schools are identified for targeted or comprehensive support with additional requirements for their Unified Improvement Plans.

Due to the state of the economy related to COVID-19, exceptions are being made from testing requirements.

Licensed Employee Compensation Challenges

Having an effective teacher in every classroom remains at the center of the Human Resources work. Multiple factors contribute to this including a robust selection process; performance management and feedback processes; and competitive pay and benefits. For 2019/2020, the Board ratified an agreement with the Jefferson County Education Association (JCEA) that included a step increase to eligible employees, educational achievement level change to eligible employees, a cost of living increase of 2.5 percent, and implementation of longevity compensation to honor the past pay freezes incurred by JCEA staff. A 2.67 percent increase had been approved in March 2019 with the passage of the 5A Mill Levy Override (MLO). The Board ratified an agreement with the Jeffco Educational Support Professionals Association (JESPA) that included a 2.52 percent salary schedule adjustment (from 5A MLO ongoing dollars), minor structural changes to the salary schedule, step increases for eligible employees, and a cost of living increase of 2.5 percent.

21st Century Learning Environments - Capital Improvements

The condition of the physical infrastructure is integral to the core mission of the district. The district transfers revenue to the capital reserve fund in order to expand, improve and maintain its existing property portfolio. This capital improvement process extends over multiple years to multiple decades and is measured in the context of long-term life-cycle management. Once constructed, a facility has a service life of at least 50 years as demonstrated by a number of facilities that are over 50, 60 and approaching 70 years old.

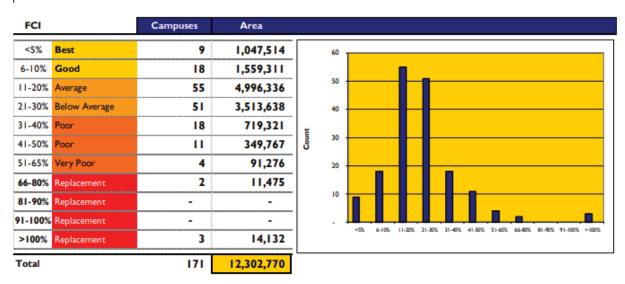
The district's policy for capital improvement funding has been that all large scale capital improvement projects are financed through the use of general obligation bonds. Those projects include construction of new facilities and capital renewal including, but not limited to, additions to existing facilities, major renovations, replacement of roofing, envelope improvements (doors, windows), and building systems such as heating/ventilating, electrical and plumbing. When bond funding has not been available and there is a critical need for new buildings or additions, certificates of participation or reserves have been used as a funding vehicle.

All smaller scale capital improvements are financed from the capital reserve fund. The capital reserve fund will spend between \$17 million and \$19 million each year for capital improvements to facilities. The amount, while seemingly large, becomes small when put in the perspective of supporting 88 elementary schools, six K-8 schools, four preschool centers, 17 middle schools, 15 high schools, two 7-12 schools, 18 districtwide/option schools, four stadiums, and numerous other programs and support facilities with an area of approximately 12 million square feet and replacement value of \$2.94 billion. The district's facility master planning process is critical in prioritizing the needs for schools. Projects in this category include improvement or replacement of finishes, fixtures and furnishings, security systems, fire alarm, parking lots, site work and minor remodeling.

The Capital Asset Advisory Committee monitors the planning of capital needs and the implementation of capital projects, including bond programs. The Capital Asset Advisory Committee is made up of independent citizens with experience in the construction industry.

District Wide Facilities Master Plan

In compliance with district policies, long-term facilities planning and the development of a district-wide Facilities Master Plan (FMP) is continuing work, of which, current and accurate data is the foundation. In 2009, to ensure consistent and objective collection of data, the district authorized a comprehensive assessment of its facilities. The assessment consisted of a capacity analysis, an educational adequacy assessment, a building condition assessment and a review of all site and building systems with a life cycle renewal forecast. The first Facility Condition Assessment Summary of findings was published in September 2010. Each year, staff completes the annual cycle of assessing one-third of the district's facilities, as well as updated cost estimates and life cycle forecasts. These up-to-date assessments are used for planning and prioritization of all capital spending. Part of the assessment process assigns a Facility or group of facilities within a facility portfolio. The district will continue to be diligent in analysis, monitoring and management of facilities. The facilities master plan is considered as part of the overall financial plan. Below is a summary of FCI by Site Location from the 2019-2020 Summary of Findings.



Districtwide Facility Condition Index (FCI) w/Life Cycle by Site Location

In November 2018, the voters of Jefferson County approved a \$567 million general obligation bond as part of a sixyear, \$700-750 million capital improvement program. Planning commenced for district projects that will be constructed during FY21 and beyond.

Renewed Instructional and Business Technology Systems

The District Technology Plan guides the district's technology decisions, and because of the rapid changes in technology, the plan is refreshed every year. The plan objectives, expectations and measurements are reviewed and modified every three years in order to accommodate technology changes and/or funding challenges. The District Technology Plan articulates a common district vision and identifies strategies for the use of technology in promoting guaranteed and viable curriculum standards and for developing critical thinking skills that are essential for academic and workplace success. During the spring of 2015/2016 school year, a Technology Convocation team consisting of principals, teachers, digital librarians and staff from the Educational Research and Design (ERD) and Information Technology (IT) departments met to revise the previous 2011-2015 technology plan and complete the 2016-2019 version. Work has begun to publish the 2020-2023 Technology Plan incorporating the Jeffco Generations vision and the tactics associate with technology in the classroom that supports student learning.

In addition to the work from Jeffco Generations the multi-year technology plan will include the International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) standards.

The 2020-2023 Technology Plan will focus on the following key principles:

- Innovation
- Enhancing the user experience
- Quality and availability of information
- Efficiency in delivery technology

In addition, the Technology and Data Privacy Advisory Committee (TDPAC) advises the Board of Education on district technology strategies, systems and overall data governance. The committee reviews the District's Technology Plan considering alignment with instructional goals and opportunities for technology innovation as well as district privacy policies and practices. Data governance and the protection of student and staff information is also a critical focus at the district. Ensuring that data is protected with all technology processes is required to create a consistent and secure handling of the data across the district.

Jeffco has maintained its status as a national K-12 technology leader with the collaboration of technology and instructional staff to develop and implement robust data systems. As the district thinks strategically about emerging instructional trends, the Information Technology department is leading efforts to plan and implement the build-out of our IT infrastructure. A three-phase approach was developed to address these critical infrastructure needs: Classroom Wireless Access, Internet Access, and Wide Area Network (WAN) which connects schools (buildings) to the district offices (Ed Center/Quail) our "School Links." The IT department has completed two of the three phases: 1) The Mobile Device Readiness (MDR) program funded in 2010 is ongoing and sustains the classroom wireless learning environment; and 2) Internet access was implemented in 2016 with the addition of the Front Range GigaPop Fiber Ring that allows internet speeds capable of delivering the demand for our students and educators. The final phase focuses on providing Gigabit fiber connectivity to our schools and re-architecting the network they use to connect to the internet. This phase involves completing a 14-school proof of concept (POC) in the Northwest Arvada area where we have partnered with the City of Arvada to build the next generation network. The work on this pilot and the development of Intergovernmental Agreements (IGAs) with the City of Arvada will provide a template for future work with the remaining municipalities in the district and their divisions such as (emergency services, libraries, etc.).

Awards and Acknowledgements

The Government Finance Officers' Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the Jefferson County School District, No. R-1, for its comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the thirty-seventh consecutive year the district has received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the district published an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report satisfied both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements. A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current CAFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

We would like to thank our Interim Superintendent Kristopher Schuh and the Board of Education for their interest and support in planning and conducting the financial operations of the Jefferson County School District in a responsible and professional manner. We would also like to express our appreciation to the district's independent auditors, CliftonLarsonAllen LLP, for the expert manner in which they have accomplished the audit.

Respectfully submitted,

Mich Strit

Nicole Stewart Interim Chief Financial Officer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Jefferson County School District No. R-1, Colorado

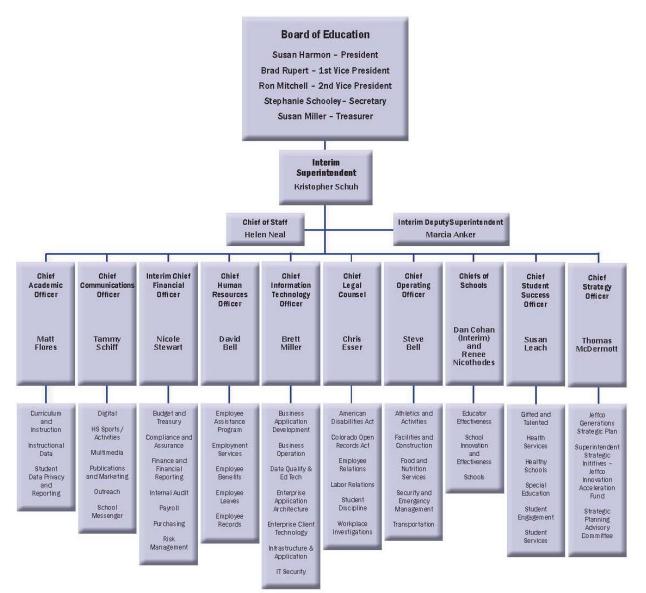
For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO





Note: Detail is presented at the division and fund level. For department detail, see the Jeffco Public Schools website.

Superintendent's Cabinet

Kristopher Schuh	Interim Superintendent
Marcia Anker	Interim Deputy Superintendent
Helen Neal	Chief of Staff for Superintendent and BOE
Matt Flores	Chief Academic Officer
Tammy Schiff	Chief Communications Officer
Nicole Stewart	Interim Chief Financial Officer
David Bell	Chief Human Resources Officer
Brett Miller	Chief Information Technology Officer
Chris Esser	Chief Legal Counsel
Steve Bell	Chief Operating Officer
Renee Nicothodes	Chief of Schools, Elementary
Dan Cohan	Interim Chief of Schools, Secondary
Susan Leach	Chief Student Success Officer
Thomas McDermott	Chief Strategy Officer





CliftonLarsonAllen LLP CLAconnect.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Education Jefferson County School District, No. R-1 Jefferson County, Colorado

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the businesstype activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Jefferson County School District, No. R-1 (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the entity's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Grants Fund for the year for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 17-31, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability on page 82, the schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability on page 85, the schedule of pension contributions and related ratios on page 86, and the schedule of OPEB contributions and related ratios on page 88 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory and statistical sections, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements and schedules, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Data Integrity Check Figures are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements and schedules, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules, the combining component unit financial statements and schedules, and the Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and statistical section listed in the table of contents have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements, and accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 16, 2020, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

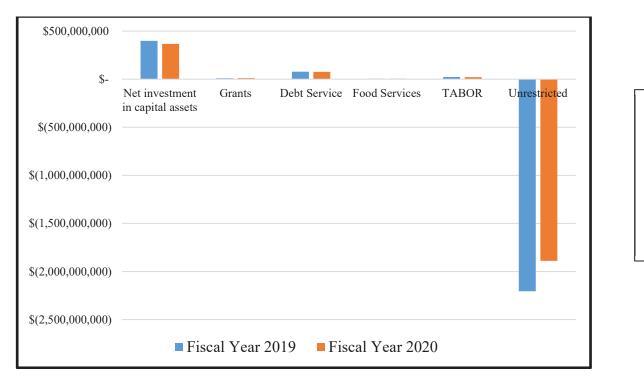
Clifton Larson Allen LLP

CliftonLarsonAllen LLP

Greenwood Village, Colorado November 16, 2020



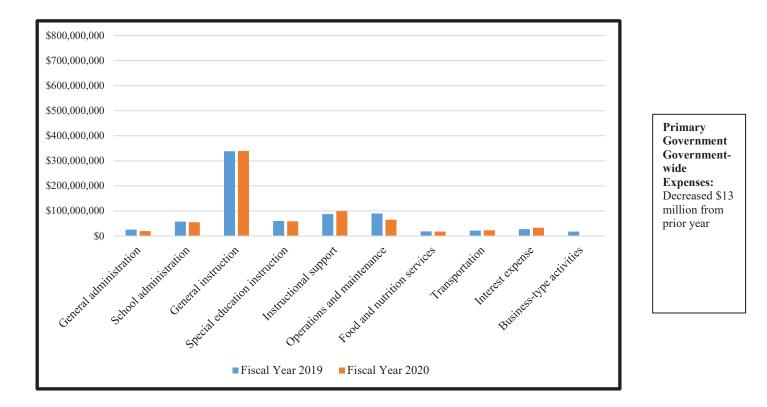
Management's Discussion and Analysis





\$600,000,000 \$500,000,000 \$400,000,000 Fiscal Year 2019 Fiscal Year 2020 \$300,000,000 \$200,000,000 \$100,000,000 \$-Specific Ownership Taxes - Non Finance Intergovernmental Local Property Taxes State Equalization Earnings on Investments Grants and Charges For Services Contributions Act

Primary Government Government -wide Revenues: Increased \$51 million from prior year.



The management of the Jefferson County School District, No. R-1, Jefferson County, Colorado (the District) offers readers of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report this narrative and analysis of the financial activities of the primary government for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. The District encourages readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that can be found in the letter of transmittal on pages 1-8.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Total government-wide net position increased \$288 million in 2019/2020 which includes business-type activities.
- Government-wide total assets increased \$33 million, reflecting current year underspend and bond program activity.
- Government-wide deferred outflows decreased \$288 million from the change in the assumptions from the pension plan.
- Government-wide total liabilities decreased \$249 million primarily from a decrease in the net pension liability.
- Government-wide deferred inflows decreased \$293 million from changes in the pension and OBEB liabilities.
- Net investment in capital assets decreased \$32 million from payments on general obligation bonds offset by capital expenditures from the bond program.
- The combined governmental fund balance for fiscal year 2020 is \$562 million, a decrease of \$55 million from the prior year mostly from the expenditures from the bond program offsetting general fund underspend.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management's Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. Comparison to the prior year's activity is provided in this document. The basic financial statements presented on pages 32-78 are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplemental information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves on pages 80-117.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide the reader of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report a broad overview of the financial activities in a manner similar to a private sector business. The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. The statement of net position presents information about all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and liabilities. The difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources plus liabilities is reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed during the current fiscal year. Changes in net position are recorded in the statement of activities when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement even though the resulting cash flow may be recorded in a future period.

The government-wide financial statements consolidate governmental and internal service activities that are supported from taxes and intergovernmental revenues and business-type activities that are intended to recover all or most of their costs from user fees and charges. Governmental activities consolidate governmental funds including the general fund, debt service fund, capital reserve capital projects fund, building fund, grants fund and special revenue funds with internal services funds including the employee benefits fund, the central services fund, the insurance reserve fund and the technology fund. Business-type activities consolidate funds that include the child care fund and property management fund.

The government-wide financial statements also include information on component units that are legally separate from the District (known as the primary government). At the close of the current fiscal year, the District has included information for two component units, the Jefferson County School Finance Corporation and Charter Schools.

The only activity of the District's Finance Corporation is to act as a conduit for the transfer of funds relating to the issuance and refunding of COPs. The Corporation has no assets or liabilities at June 30, 2020; and, therefore, has no financial impact on the District. Financial information for Charter Schools is presented separately from the primary government because the Charter Schools are considered discrete component units of the District. The financial statements for the Charter School component units can be found on pages 110-117.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 32-33.

Fund financial statements

Fund financial statements are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific objectives. Fund financial statements for the District include two of the three possible fund types. The fund types presented here are governmental funds and proprietary funds. The District currently does not use fiduciary fund types.

Governmental funds account for essentially the same information reported in the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, the governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term financial resources and fund balances. Such information may be useful in evaluating the financing requirements in the near term.

Since the governmental funds and the governmental activities report information using the same functions, it is useful to compare the information presented. Because the focus of each report differs, reconciliation is provided on the fund financial statements to assist the reader in comparing the near-term requirements with the long-term needs.

The District maintains eight different governmental funds. The major funds are the general fund, the capital reserve capital projects fund, building fund, the bond redemption debt service fund, and grants fund. They are presented separately in the fund financial statements with the remaining governmental funds combined into a single aggregated presentation labeled other governmental funds. Individual fund information for the non-major funds is presented as supplementary information in this document.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for each of the governmental funds. Budgetary comparison statements for the general fund and grants fund are included in the fund financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the adopted budget. The remaining governmental funds budgetary comparisons are reported as supplementary information.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 34-43.

The District maintains proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to present the same functions as the business-type activities presented in the government-wide financial statements. The fund financial statements of the enterprise funds provide the same information as the government-wide financial statements only in more detail. Internal service funds are used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the governmental functions.

The enterprise funds (child care fund and property management fund) are listed individually and are considered to be major funds. Individual internal service fund information is presented as other supplementary information in this document. The District's internal service funds are the central services fund, the employee benefits fund, the insurance reserve fund and the technology fund.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 44-46.

Notes to the basic financial statements

The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the basic financial statements. The notes can be found on pages 47-78 of this report.

Other information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also contains supplementary information concerning the District's governmental funds, internal service funds and component units. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 92-107 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

Government-wide net position

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The District's net position increased \$288 million from the prior year primarily due to the on-behalf payment from the State to PERA for contributions during fiscal year 2020, which reduced the pension liability for the district.

Cash and investments account for 45 percent of the total assets. These assets are available to provide resources for near-term operations of the District and capital construction. Receivables increased over the prior year primarily from slower property tax collections. Due dates were extended for taxpayers impacted by economic closures from the Coronavirus pandemic. The District receives over 64 percent of the annual property tax assessment between March and June. Capital assets are used in the operations of the District. The total capital assets increased in fiscal year 2020 with the 2018 bond program construction projects. Capital assets are discussed in greater detail in the section titled, *Capital Assets and Debt Administration*, elsewhere in this analysis.

Deferred outflows of resources decreased from prior year with adjustments that reflect the on behalf payment from the state to PERA. The recognition of the difference between expected and actual experience, contributions after the plan measurement date, changes in assumptions, changes in proportionate share, and loss of refunding resulted in a \$204 million ending balance, less than the \$492 million ending balance the prior year.

Total liabilities include \$1.3 billion in pension liability and \$66 million in other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability. This represents the District's share in the School Division of PERA. Long term liabilities are discussed in greater detail in the section titled, *Capital Assets and Debt Administration*, elsewhere in this analysis. The total assets and deferred outflows of resources of the primary government activities are exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$1.4 billion with a negative unrestricted net position balance of \$1.9 billion.

	Fiscal Year 2019			Fiscal Year 2020		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Government-Wide	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Government- Wide
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$792,697,633	\$11,171044	\$803,868,677	\$781,386,968	\$10,516,338	\$791,903,306
Capital assets, net of depreciation	838,205,786	1,216,370	839,422,156	883,112,758	1,169,847	884,282,605
Total assets	1,630,903,419	12,387,414	1,643,290,833	1,664,499,726	<u>11,686,185</u>	<u>1,676,185,911</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	492,015,538		492,015,538	203,816,267		203,816,267
Liabilities:						
Other liabilities	1,842,031,533	1,133,269	1,843,164,802	1,655,118,337	1,395,385	1,656,513,722
Long-term liabilities outstanding	759,033,001	111,429	759,144,430	697,075,641	153,758	<u>697,229,399</u>
Total liabilities	2,601,064,534	1,244,698	2,602,309,232	<u>2,352,193,978</u>	<u>1,549,143</u>	<u>2,353,743,121</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,225,802,654		1,225,802,654	932,513,028		932,513,028
Net position:						
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	398,121,140	1,216,370	399,337,510	366,492,535	1,169,847	367,662,382
Grants	8,811,028	-	8,811,028	11,918,343	-	11,918,343
Debt service	78,455,899	-	78,455,899	76,229,428	-	76,229,428
Food service	3,926,071	-	3,926,071	5,074,170	-	5,074,170
TABOR	21,703,903	553,325	21,703,903	21,578,620	464,568	22,043,188
Unrestricted	(2,214,966,272)	9,373,021	(2,205,593,251)	<u>(1,897,684,109)</u>	8,502,627	<u>(1,889,181,482)</u>
Total net position	<u>(\$1,703,948,231)</u>	\$11,142,716	<u>(\$1,692,805,515)</u>	<u>(\$1,416,391,013)</u>	<u>\$10,137,042</u>	<u>(\$1,406,253,971)</u>

Comparative Summary of Net Position As of June 30

Net investments in capital assets for the District's governmental and business-type activities are computed as follows:

Comparative Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets As of June 30

	Fiscal Year	r 2019	Fiscal Year 2020		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	\$838,205,786	\$ 1,216,370	\$ 883,112,758	\$ 1,169,847	
Deferred outflows on refunding	5,872,896	-	4,305,879	-	
Unspent proceeds from bond issuance	336,442,901	-	232,623,849	-	
Less: General obligation bonds	730,629,404	-	678,951,035	-	
Less: Retainage Payable	-	-	30,190,954	-	
Less: Certificate of participation and premium/Note	51,771,039		44,407,962		
Net investment in capital assets	<u>\$ 398,121,140</u>	<u>\$ 1,216,370</u>	<u>\$ 366,492,535</u>	<u>\$ 1,169,847</u>	

Government-wide activities

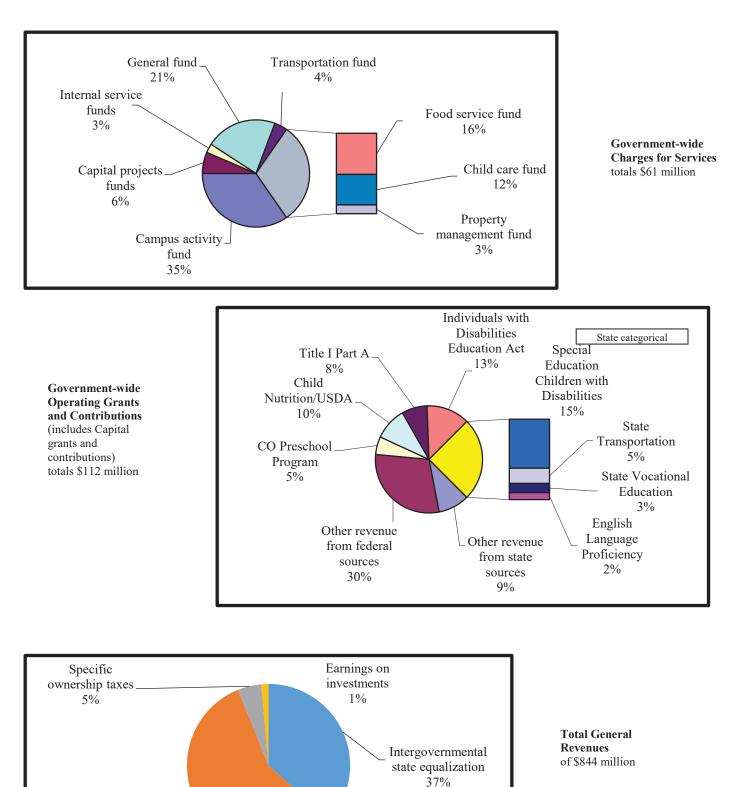
Government-wide activities increased the net position of the District by \$288 million during the year ended June 30, 2020. The following schedules, charts and analysis focus on this increase.

	Fiscal Year 2019			Fiscal Year 2020			
-	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Government Wide	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Government Wide	
Revenues			,				
Program revenues:							
Charges for services	\$68,601,344	\$11,917,321	\$80,518,665	\$52,206,535	\$9,194,320	\$61,400,855	
Operating grants and contributions	80,666,439	6,245,151	86,911,590	106,127,076	6,031,148	112,158,224	
General revenues:							
Taxes:							
Local property taxes	446,393,000	-	446,393,000	483,567,567	-	483,567,567	
Automotive ownership taxes	39,646,824	-	39,646,824	39,500,224	-	39,500,224	
Intergovernmental state equalization	302,623,503	-	302,623,503	308,862,586	-	308,862,586	
Earnings on investments	10,205,724	295,703	10,501,427	11,818,331	260,133	12,078,464	
Total revenues	948,136,834	18,458,175	966,595,009	1,002,082,319	15,485,601	1,017,567,920	
Expenses							
Governmental activities:							
General administration	25,577,408	-	25,577,408	19,804,229	-	19,804,229	
School administration	57,184,224	-	57,184,224	55,093,987	-	55,093,987	
General instruction	338,352,008	-	338,352,008	339,365,183	-	339,365,183	
Special education instruction	60,078,428	-	60,078,428	58,668,097	-	58,668,097	
Instructional support	87,358,735	-	87,358,735	99,441,221	-	99,441,221	
Operations and maintenance	90,139,921	-	90,139,921	64,845,718	-	64,845,718	
Transportation	18,396,673	-	18,396,673	17,910,261	-	17,910,261	
Interest expense, unallocated	21,757,237	-	21,757,237	23,209,626	-	23,209,626	
Food services	27,254,231	-	27,254,231	32,874,959	-	32,874,959	
Child care	-	15,770,645	15,770,645	-	18,461,481	18,461,481	
Property management		1,843,658	1,843,658		1,341,614	1,341,614	
Total expenses	726,098,865	17,614,303	743,713,168	711,213,281	19,803,095	731,016,376	
Increase (decrease) in net position before transfers	222,037,969	843,872	222,881,841	290,869,038	(4,317,494)	286,551,544	
Transfers	700,680	(700,680)	_	(3,311,820)	3,311,820	_	
Increase (decrease) in net	222,738,649	143,192	222,881,841	287,557,218	(1,005,674)	286,551,544	
position	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	<u>·</u>	<i>_</i>	<u> </u>	
Net position, July 1	(1,926,686,880)	10,999,524	(1,915,687,356)	(1,703,948,231)	11,142,716	(1,692,805,515)	
Net position, June 30	<u>(\$1,703,948,231)</u>	\$11,142,716	<u>(\$1,692,805,515)</u>	<u>(\$1,416,391,013)</u>	\$10,137,042	<u>(\$1,406,253,971)</u>	

Comparative Schedule of Changes in Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30

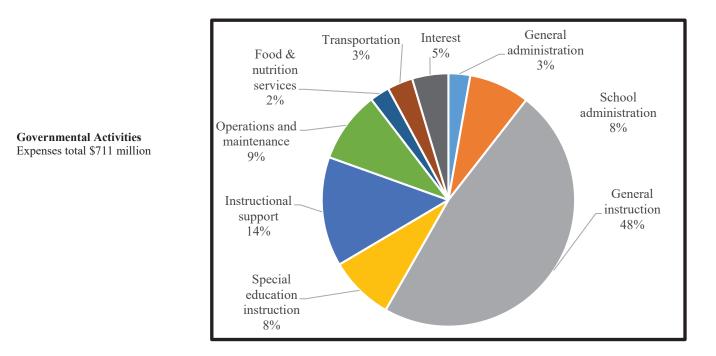
Analysis of Revenues

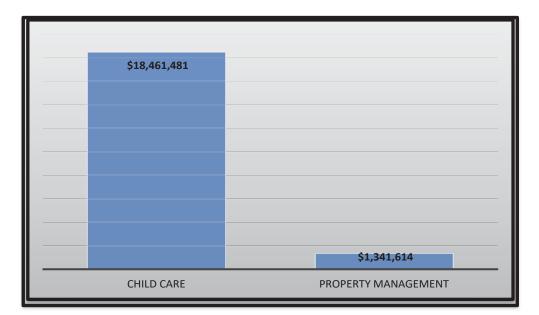
Local property_ taxes 57%



-24-

Analysis of Expenses





Business-type Activities Expenses total \$19.8 million

Government-wide revenues

Government-wide revenues increased \$51 million from the prior year. Local property taxes increased \$37 million from increased assessed values. State equalization funding (state share) increased by \$6.2 million due to increased per student funding from the state. Investment income accounted for an additional \$1.5 million over prior year. Charges for services decreased \$19 million from the prior year due to the pandemic and the closure of schools in March 2020. Grants and other contributions are up \$25 million due to Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security Act (CARES) funding.

Government-wide expenses

Government-wide expenses decreased \$12 million from the prior year. Expenditures were lower from closure of schools and conservative spending in fourth quarter due to the pandemic.

Proprietary funds

Governmental activities—internal service funds for the District provide greater detail of the same information presented in the government-wide financial statements. Combining fund financial statements of the internal service funds can be found on pages 102-107 of this report. Following are highlights of activity in the District's internal service funds for fiscal year 2020.

- Central services provide copier and printing services for the District. The central services fund ended the year with a net loss of \$717,961 compared to the planned net loss of \$117,807 and prior year net loss of \$95,159. Revenue and expenditures were down from budget and the prior year due to a decrease in the copier program from the new Paper Cut print management software system and building closures as a result COVID-19.
- The employee benefits fund accounts for dental and vision self-insurance for the District. The fund ended the year better than prior year due to increased participation and a slight increase in premiums.
- The insurance reserve fund accounts for self-insured property, liability, worker's compensation and other insurance as needed for the District. Revenues and expenditures are both down over prior year due to the May 2017 hailstorm claim. While the revenue and expenditures for the hailstorm are finished, the large premium increase resulting from statewide losses continues.
- The technology fund supports the District's technology initiatives and systems. Revenues were higher than prior year mostly due to filling vacant positions, wireless access point purchases and district-wide phone replacements.

The District's business-type activities net position decreased \$1 million in 2019/2020 for child care and property management. The basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented on pages 44-46. Key elements that highlight the activities in fiscal year 2020 are as follows:

- The child care fund accounts for fees from preschool and before and after school care programs. Despite a 6 percent tuition increase for school age enrichment programs, the overall tuition is lower due to programs being closed for the fourth quarter due to COVID-19. Preschool also experienced a significant drop in tuition due to COVID-19 closures. Services were expanded this fiscal year to one additional school for before/after care and three schools (Dutch Creek, Hutchinson and Colorow) with five additional classrooms for preschool. Expenses are higher than last year due to the increased costs to support the additional classrooms/programs and compensation increases. Transfers were up over the prior year due to the increase in the general fund transfer to cover the expansion of preschool and compensation cost increases.
- The property management fund accounts for revenues and expenses related to the public use of District property. Building rental revenues and expenditures are down compared to last year primarily as a result of closing facilities related to COVID-19.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the School Finance Act and other related legal requirements.

The governmental funds of the District provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. Unassigned fund balance, in particular, measures the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year. Unassigned fund balance for the District at the end of the fiscal year is comprised of the general fund balance of \$108 million, \$20 million up from the prior year. Conservative spending from school closures during the pandemic created underspend for the year.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District with the majority of funding based on School Finance Act per pupil revenue and property tax. For 2019/2020, the School Finance Act funded 2.7 percent for inflation and decreased the budget stabilization factor \$100 million statewide, increasing base per pupil funding. The student funded enrollment for the whole District, including component unit charter schools, decreased by 716 students in both component unit charter schools and district management schools.

Actual expenditures for the general fund were running less than 3 percent lower than plan at the end of the second quarter 2019/2020. With the onset of COVID-19, the school district closed schools to comply with the Governor's statewide stay at home orders on March 16, 2020. Normal spending trends for the District were interrupted. The funds most impacted were the food service and child care funds from loss of revenues to offset ongoing costs. The Board of Education authorized additional transfers to the food service and child care funds to offset the quarter losses. Coronavirus relief funds (CRF) of \$36 million from the state were received in the fourth quarter in the grants fund. \$15 million in eligible costs from the general fund were charged to the grant in 2019/2020, creating an additional reserved assigned for subsequent expenditures of \$15 million. This reserve will be used in 2020/2021 to help offset cuts in state funding. The CRF funds must be expended by December 31, 2020.

The bond redemption debt service fund has a fund balance of \$77 million. This fund accounts for the voter-approved property taxes collected to repay general obligation debt. The current fund balance will be used to make the December 2020 principal and interest payments. The levy to accumulate resources for the June 2021 interest payments and December 2021 principal and interest payments will be certified in December 2020. In compliance with Senate Bill 237, the District has contracted with a third party custodian to administer bond principal and interest payments.

The capital reserve capital projects fund is funded with an annual transfer from the general fund. The 2019/2020 transfer was \$24 million from the general fund. A portion of transfers for 2019 and 2020 through 2026 will be saved to be used for the 2018 bond program.

The building fund capital projects fund was established to account for the voter approved \$326 million of bond proceeds for the 2018 bond program. The projects to be completed with these funds are part of the six year capital improvement plan that was mapped out by site level project scopes.

The grants fund revenues and expenditures were higher than the prior year from the receipt of CRF funds as noted above in the general fund narrative

The campus activity fund accounts for extracurricular student programs and fundraising revenues and expenditures. The closure of schools lowered the revenue and expense by \$5 million as activities ceased.

Per state statute, districts that charge a fee for transportation must account for those activities in a separate special revenue fund. The district is required to make a transfer from the general fund, if needed, to balance the fund. The transportation fund does not reflect the impacts from the school closures. Revenue and expenditures are slightly up from the prior year. Even though bus services to students were reduced during the fourth quarter, salaries were continued to be paid to staff.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The 2019/2020 Adopted Budget incorporated the additional School Finance Act and local funding to increase compensation to employees and provide additional funding for specific programs. The budget was revised on October 10, 2019 to increase revenue estimates for specific ownership tax and interest and to adjust expense budgets for compensation with the completion of negotiations with the Jefferson County Education Association in August 2019.

A further supplemental appropriation in June 2020 was needed to adjust the budget for additional special education funding and COVID-19 impacts as follows:

- \$2.1 million increase to general fund revenue for state categorical special education funding
- \$2.1 million increase in special education instruction for increase in students

• \$5.1 million increase in transfers to the food service fund to cover losses and campus activity for increased needs for atrisk students

General fund expenditures were 94 percent of the final budget. The unassigned fund balance for the general fund at the end of the fiscal year is \$108 million, higher than the prior year due to conservative spending in the fourth quarter. \$10 million in 5A mill levy override funds were assigned for use 2020/2021.

As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Actual expenditures of the general fund including other financing uses—transfers out, amounted to \$765 million. Unassigned fund balance represents 14 percent of expenditures while total fund balance represents 23 percent of expenditures. This percent for unassigned reserves and fund balance increased from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, increased to \$883 million (net of accumulated depreciation). The majority of the increase is from the 2018 bond program investments.

Major capital events during the year include the following:

- Additions to construction in progress from the bond program of \$106 million.
- Depreciation of \$65 million for governmental activities and \$1.8 million for business-type activities.

	Fiscal Ye	ar 2019	Fiscal Year 2020		
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 65,365,144	-	\$ 63,820,364	-	
Construction in progress	30,914,929		79,484,628		
Total non-depreciable assets	96,280,073	-	143,304,992	-	
Depreciable assets (net of accumulated depreciation):					
Buildings and site improvements	711,645,190	-	705,695,945	-	
Equipment and vehicles	30,280,523	\$ 1,216,370	34,111,821	<u>\$ 1,169,847</u>	
Total depreciable assets	741,925,713	1,216,370	739,807,766	1,169,847	
Total capital assets, as restated:	<u>\$ 838,205,786</u>	\$ 1,216,370	<u>\$ 883,112,758</u>	<u>\$ 1,169,847</u>	

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in note 4 on pages 58-60 of this report.

At June 30, 2020, the District had total bonded debt outstanding of \$613 million backed by the full faith and credit of the District. Additionally, the District has long-term debt obligations of certificates of participations in the amount of \$60 million for governmental activities still outstanding at the end of the current fiscal year.

General Obligation Bonds and Certificates of Participation/Bank Loans

	Fiscal Year 2019				Fiscal Year 2	020
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Totals
General obligation bonds	\$ 657,285,000	-	\$ 657,285,000	\$ 613,465,000	-	\$ 613,465,000
COP's/Bank Loan	69,425,000		69,425,000	59,845,000		59,845,000
Total outstanding long-term debt	<u>\$ 726,710,000</u>		<u>\$ 726,710,000</u>	\$ 673,310,000		<u>\$ 673,310,000</u>

The District maintains an Aa2 credit rating from Moody's and an AA from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt that the District may issue. At the end of the current fiscal year, the legal debt limit was \$2,142,426,206 and the legal debt margin was \$1,605,512,713.

Additional information on the District's long-term obligations can be found in notes 7 and 8 on pages 61-64

GENERAL BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS AND ECONOMIC FACTORS

For the 2020/2021 budget, the Board of Education established objectives to be met by the budget process. They determined that the budget would:

- Effectively allocate monetary resources to enhance student achievement.
- Clearly communicate the financial state of the District to the public.
- Comply with all state, federal, and local statutes and regulations as well as internal organizational controls.
- Identify all budgetary changes from year to year.
- Set appropriations to ensure positive reserve balances in all funds.

The budget process will continue to:

- Meet specified deadlines while producing a comprehensive and accurate budget.
- Provide opportunities for community and staff input.
- Identify budget assumptions used for the development process.
- Use forecasting to anticipate future needs and resources.
- Review all programs and department budgets.

The District's Adopted Budget takes into consideration a variety of factors when making budget assumptions: Colorado School Finance Act increases or decreases, changes in student funded counts, compensation increases, benefit cost increases, retirement savings and capital infrastructure needs. For the 2020/2021 Adopted Budget, the largest impact was decreased funding from the state. With the downturn in the economy from COVID-19 the state experienced a large loss of revenue. As K-12 education is the largest part of the state budget, reductions were inevitable. The receipt of CARES act and CRF funds was critical in preserving programs from being eliminated or compensation reductions. However, these are one time funds, if new funding is not added from the state in the near future, reductions will need to be implemented to balance the budget in the future.

The budget cycle begins in July and ends in June with the Board adopting the budget. The cycle includes review of all program and department budgets to help establish the budget assumptions. Economic conditions are factored in with the demographic changes for the District. Community forums, surveys and public comment provide significant and valuable input to the process. The budget development process is detailed in the 2020/2021 Adopted Budget: http://www.jeffcopublicschools.org/finance/index.html.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in the District. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to:

Nicole Stewart, Interim Chief Financial Officer Jefferson County School District, No. R-1 1829 Denver West Drive, Building 27 Golden, Colorado 80401



Basic Financial Statements

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2020

			Prim	ary Government	t		Co	omponent Units
		Governmental		Business-type				Charter
		Activities		Activities		Total		Schools
Assets								
Cash	\$	2,542,776	\$	750	\$	2,543,526	\$	24,939
Restricted cash		37,000		-		37,000		14,867,042
Cash held by county treasurer		14,754,771		-		14,754,771		-
Equity in pooled cash with investments		466,165,425		10,396,563		476,561,988		28,877,642
Investments		260,897,762		-		260,897,762		-
Property taxes receivable		14,670,998		-		14,670,998		-
Accounts receivable		3,634,163		119,025		3,753,188		397,062
Intergovernmental receivable		8,662,460		-		8,662,460		-
Inventories		3,800,330		-		3,800,330		-
Prepaid expenses		6,221,283		-		6,221,283		-
Capital assets								
Land and construction in progress		143,304,992		-		143,304,992		42,476,009
Depreciable assets		1,937,867,900		2,931,882		1,940,799,782		124,881,674
Accumulated depreciation		(1,198,060,134)		(1,762,035)		(1,199,822,169)		(39,784,617)
Total capital assets		883,112,758		1,169,847		884,282,605		127,573,066
Total assets		1,664,499,726		11,686,185		1,676,185,911		171,739,751
Deferred outflows of resources								
	\$	4 205 970	¢		¢	4,305,879	¢	1 007 277
Loss on refunding	Э	4,305,879	\$	-	\$	· · ·	\$	1,097,377
Pension		194,314,399				194,314,399		14,909,831
OPEB Total deferred outflows of resources		<u>5,195,989</u> 203,816,267				5,195,989 203,816,267		404,448 16,411,656
Total deferred outflows of resources		203,810,207		-		203,810,207		10,411,030
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	36,961,336	\$	24,660	\$	36,985,996	\$	1,735,412
Accrued salaries and benefits		97,125,463		1,267,585		98,393,048		3,387,342
Payroll withholding		28,810,781		-		28,810,781		-
Unearned revenue		20,393,356		103,140		20,496,496		105,016
Liability claims/premiums		6,531,059		-		6,531,059		-
Interest payable		1,301,745		-		1,301,745		544,342
Early retirement		1,120,000		-		1,120,000		-
Long term liabilities								
Due within 1 year		49,330,000		-		49,330,000		1,955,940
Due in more than 1 year		691,493,997		-		691,493,997		79,778,929
Compensated absences (long term)		5,581,644		153,758		5,735,402		-
Net pension liability		1,347,298,359		-		1,347,298,359		104,005,196
Net OPEB liability		66,246,238		-		66,246,238		5,113,904
Total liabilities		2,352,193,978		1,549,143		2,353,743,121		196,626,081
Deferred inflows of resources								
Pension	\$	010 269 229	¢		\$	010 269 229	¢	70,970,971
OPEB	Ф	919,368,228	\$	-	Э	919,368,228	\$, ,
Total deferred inflows of resources		13,144,800 932,513,028		-		<u>13,144,800</u> 932,513,028		1,014,718
Total deferred finnows of resources		932,313,028		-		952,515,028		71,985,689
Net position								
Net investment in capital assets		366,492,535		1,169,847		367,662,382		56,493,461
Restricted for:								
Grants		11,918,343		-		11,918,343		-
Debt service		76,229,428		-		76,229,428		7,592,438
Food services		5,074,170		-		5,074,170		-
TABOR		21,578,620		464,568		22,043,188		2,267,633
Unrestricted		(1,897,684,109)		8,502,627		(1,889,181,482)		(146,813,895)
Total net position	\$	(1,416,391,013)	\$	10,137,042	\$	(1,406,253,971)	\$	(80,460,363)

			JEFFEI	RSON COU S Fiscal	JNTY S tatemen year en	A COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRIC Statement of Activities Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020	JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Statement of Activities Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020			5		
				Program Revenues	Revenu	les		Pri	Primary Government	Primary Government	Compor	Component Units
		Expenses	Char _j Ser	Charges For Services	C G O	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities	TOTAL	Charte	Charter Schools
Functions/Programs												
Primary government:												
Governmental activities:												
General administration	\$	19,804,229	\$	1,273,248	s	3,537,191	\$ (14,993,790)	3,790) \$	I	\$ (14,993,790)) S	
School administration		55,093,987				352,359	(54, 741, 628)	1,628)		(54, 741, 628)	~	ı
General instruction		339, 365, 183	25	25,180,874		15,266,901	(298, 917, 408)	7,408)		(298, 917, 408)	 	ı
Special education instruction		58,668,097	L	7,575,343		31,545,369	(19,547,385)	7,385)		(19,547,385)		'
Instructional support		99,441,221		·		37,756,734	(61, 684, 487)	4,487)		(61, 684, 487)	~	·
Operations and maintenance		64,845,718	ŝ	5,795,473		892,109	(58, 158, 136)	8,136)		(58, 158, 136)	-	'
Food & nutrition services		17,910,261	6	9,981,762		11,106,292	3,17	3,177,793		3,177,793		
Transportation		23,209,626	2	2,399,835		5,670,121	(15,13)	(15, 139, 670)	I	(15, 139, 670)		1
Interest expense, unallocated		32,874,959		ı		ı	(32, 874, 959)	4,959)	I	(32, 874, 959)		ı
Total governmental activities		711,213,281	52	52,206,535	1	106,127,076	(552, 879, 670)	9,670)		(552, 879, 670)		
Rusiness-tyne Activities:												
Child care		18,461,481	L	7,140,872		6,031,148			(5,289,461)	(5,289,461)	~	
Property management		1,341,614	2	2,053,448		1		,	711,834	711,834		I
Total business-type activities		19,803,095	5	9,194,320		6,031,148			(4,577,627)	(4,577,627)		1
	4			1		i						I
Total primary government	Ś	731,016,376	\$ 61	61,400,855	\$	112,158,224	\$ (552,879,670)	9,670) \$	(4,577,627)	\$ (557,457,297)		
Component units-Charter schools	S	55,791,741	8 8	8,220,087	s						\$ (4	(47,571,654)
		General revenues										
		Taxes: Local pronerty taxes	Se				483,567,567	7.567		483,567,567		
		Automotive ownership taxes	rshin taxes				39.500.224	0.224	,	39.500.224		ı
		Unrestricted intergovernmental state equalization	vernmental s	state equaliz	ation		308.862.586	2.586	ı	308.862.586		83.626.009
		Unrestricted Investment income	ient income	T.			11.818.331	8.331	260.133	12,078,464		
		Transfers					(3,31	(3,311,820)	3,311,820			
		Total general revenues and transfers	ies and trans	fers			840,436,888	5,888	3,571,953	844,008,841		83,626,009
		Change in net position	uo				287,557,218	7,218	(1,005,674)	286,551,544		36,054,355
		Net position July 1.	1.2019			I	(1.703.948.231)	8.231)	11.142.716	(1.692.805.515)		(116.514.718)
			, 2020				\$ (1,416,391,013)	1,013) \$	10,137,042	\$ (1,406,253,971)	\$	(80,460,363)
						1						

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

Capital Bond Redemption Reserve Debt Capital General Service Projects Assets \$ \$ Cash 2,000 \$ 100 Cash held by county treasurer 13,196,803 1,557,968 Equity in pooled cash with investments 243,887,808 41,935,318 Investments 73,850,701 _ -Property taxes receivable, net of allowance for doubtful collections of \$2,521,368 12.548.494 2,122,504 Accounts, notes, contracts, and interest receivable 1,046,212 1,289,293 _ Intergovernmental receivables Due from other funds 2,313,302 _ Inventories 1,060,284 Prepaid items 70,910 Total assets 272,055,592 77.531.173 45.294.932 Liabilities \$ \$ Accounts and retainages payable 2,942,151 563.488 \$ Accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated absences 85,269,784 231,169 Due to other funds _ Other unearned revenues 61,639 794,657 Total liabilities 88,273,574 Deferred Inflows of Resources 979,666 Unavailable property tax revenues 5,759,103 Fund balances: Nonspendable: 1,060,284 Inventory Prepaid items 70,910 Restricted for: TABOR 20,855,636 144,375 Grants _ Food Service Debt service 76,551,507 _ Construction Committed to: 44,355,900 Construction Special revenue funds - campus activity Assigned to: 22,785,073 School carry forward Subsequent year expenditures 15,441,185 Planned 2020 one-time expenses for 5A MLO 9,901,163 Unassigned 107,908,664 Total fund balances 178,022,915 76,551,507 44,500,275 Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and fund balances \$ 272,055,592 \$ 77,531,173 \$ 45,294,932

	Building Fund Capital Projects		Grants Fund		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
\$	2,430,654	\$	-	\$	109,722	\$	2,542,476
	-		-		-		14,754,771
	74,173,320		28,072,528		18,123,510		406,192,484
	187,047,061		-		-		260,897,762
	-		-		-		14,670,998
	913,582		32,476		213,279		3,494,842
	-		8,422,165		2,451,533		10,873,698
	-		-		-		2,313,302
	-		-		2,542,802		3,603,086
	-		-		47,828		118,738
\$	264,564,617	\$	36,527,169	\$	23,488,674	\$	719,462,157
\$	29,627,466	\$	1,145,943	\$	1,014,176	\$	35,293,224
Ψ	-	Ψ	4,680,984	ψ	3,014,263	Ψ	93,196,200
	2,313,302		-				2,313,302
	-		18,781,899		1,329,404		20,172,942
	31,940,768		24,608,826		5,357,843		150,975,668
	· · · ·				· · ·		· · ·
			-		-		6,738,769
	_		_		2,542,802		3,603,086
	-		_		47,828		118,738
					17,020		110,750
	-		-		528,350		21,528,361
	-		11,918,343		-		11,918,343
	-		-		3,439,979		3,439,979
	-		-		-		76,551,507
	232,623,849		-		-		232,623,849
	-		-		-		44,355,900
					11,571,872		11,571,872
							22,785,073
	-		-		-		15,441,185
	_		_		_		9,901,163
	-		-		-		107,908,664
	232,623,849	_	11,918,343	_	18,130,831	_	561,747,720
\$	264,564,617	\$	36,527,169	\$	23,488,674	\$	719,462,157



Reconciliation of governmental funds balance sheet to statement of net position June 30, 2020

Governmental funds total fund balances Add:	\$	561,747,720
Unearned property tax revenue: Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are unearned on the governmental fund financial statements but recognized on the government-wide financial statements.		6,738,769
Capital assets used in governmental funds are not considered current financial resources and therefore, not reported in the governmental funds.		2,044,840,024
Deferred outflows from refunding debt are not considered current financial resources and not reported in the governmental funds.		4,305,879
Deferred outflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. Pension: Contributions subsequent to measurement date \$52,799,709, changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions \$29,622,732, the difference in change of assumptions \$38,463,310, and the difference between expected and actual experience \$73,428,648. OPEB: Contributions subsequent to measurement date \$2,809,331, the difference between expected and actual experience \$219,840, the difference in change of assumptions \$549,600 and changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions subsequent to measurement date \$1,809,331, the difference between expected and actual experience \$19,840, the difference in change of assumptions \$549,600 and changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions \$1,617,218.		199,510,388
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of various activities to the general and other funds. The net position of the internal service funds are included in the governmental activities statement of net position. Less:	L	28,819,406
Accumulated depreciation is not recognized in the governmental funds because capital assets are expensed at the time of acquisition. Internal service funds include depreciation.		1,168,592,263
Long-term liabilities for general obligation debt, net of discounts and premiums (\$678,951,035), certificates of participation net of discounts and premiums (\$61,872,962), early retirement estimate (\$1,120,000), and compensated absences (\$4,457,569) are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		746,401,566
Interest payable on certificates of participation and general obligation debt is not recorded on the fund statements because it is not a current use of cash. Interest is accrued on the government-wide statements since the liability is to be paid in the near term.		1,301,745
Deferred inflows of resources used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds: Pension: Difference between expected and actual assumptions \$611,121,769, change in investment earnings \$159,600,902 and change in proportionate share \$148,645,557. OPEB: change in proportionate share \$907,260, change in investment earnings \$1,105,736 and change in experience \$11,131,804.		932,513,028
The long-term liability for pension and OPEB is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, not reported in the funds.		1,413,544,597
Governmental activities net position	\$	(1,416,391,013)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes

in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	General		Bond Redemption Debt Service
Revenues:			
Taxes	\$ 448,216,589	\$	70,801,178
Intergovernmental	344,555,425		-
Investment income	2,375,890		772,674
Other	 19,919,874		-
Total revenues	 815,067,778		71,573,852
Expenditures:			
Current:			
General administration	30,631,551		-
School administration	64,122,116		-
General instruction	364,248,926		-
Special education instruction	67,968,411		-
Instructional support	103,609,052		-
Operations and maintenance	78,221,651		-
Food service operation	-		-
Transportation	-		-
Capital outlay	-		-
Debt service:			
Principal retirements	2,435,000		43,820,000
Interest and fiscal charges	578,043		30,689,713
Total expenditures	711,814,750	_	74,509,713
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 103,253,028		(2,935,861)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
Transfers out	(66,497,321)		-
Transfers in	200,000		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (66,297,321)		-
Net change in fund balances	36,955,707		(2,935,861)
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	 141,067,208		79,487,368
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 178,022,915	\$	76,551,507

 Capital Reserve Capital Projects	Building Fund Capital Projects	 Grants Fund		Other Governmental Funds	 Total Governmental Funds
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 519,017,767
-	-	65,983,808		14,878,369	425,417,602
840,023	7,011,152	-		91,929	11,091,668
 3,972,479		 957,144		36,011,789	 60,861,286
 4,812,502	7,011,152	 66,940,952	_	50,982,087	 1,016,388,323
-	-	3,372,999		-	34,004,550
-	-	336,003		-	64,458,119
-	-	9,183,712		21,983,842	395,416,480
-	-	13,761,866		-	81,730,277
-	-	36,004,114		-	139,613,166
-	-	850,698		-	79,072,349
-	-	224.245		24,718,272	24,718,272
-	-	324,245		27,182,363	27,506,608
8,856,636	110,830,204	-		-	119,686,840
7,145,000	-	-		-	53,400,000
1,708,993	-	-		-	32,976,749
 17,710,629	110,830,204	63,833,637		73,884,477	1,052,583,410
 (12,898,127)	(103,819,052)	 3,107,315		(22,902,390)	 (36,195,087)
-	-	-		-	(66,497,321)
 23,884,494		-		23,216,284	 47,300,778
 23,884,494		 -	_	23,216,284	 (19,196,543)
10,986,367	(103,819,052)	3,107,315		313,894	(55,391,630)
33,513,908	336,442,901	8,811,028		17,816,937	617,139,350
\$ 44,500,275	\$ 232,623,849	\$ 11,918,343	\$	18,130,831	\$ 561,747,720

Reconciliation of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Governmental funds changes in fund balances Add:	\$ (55,391,630)
Unavailable property tax revenue of the current year: Revenues that do not provide current financial resources are unavailable on the governmental fund financial statements but recognized on the government-wide financial statements.	6,738,769
Principal retirements including premiums and discounts: Retirements of principal outstanding on the District's debt result in a reduction of accumulated resources on the fund financial statements. The government-wide statements show these reductions against the long-term liabilities.	61,476,446
Reverse the prior year interest payable accrued to offset current year expenditures.	1,403,535
Net pension liability related items are reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. These activities consist of: Pension expense \$(237,497,546) and OPEB expense \$(1,425,832).	238,923,378
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay (governmental additions \$114,468,058) was more than depreciation (\$63,737,090) in the current period.	50,730,968
Less: Loss on disposals: The net effect of transactions involving these capital assets is to reduce net position.	6,750,603
Unavailable property taxes of the prior year: Property taxes unavailable in the prior year and received in the current year are recognized in the prior year net position on the statement of activities.	2,688,745
Interest payable on certificates of participation and general obligation debt is not recorded on the fund statements because it is not a current use of cash. Interest is accrued on the government-wide statements since the liability is to be paid in the near term.	1,301,745
Amortization of deferred outflows on refunding.	1,567,016
Amount of long term compensated absences accrued for the current year.	870,471
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of various activities to the general and other funds. The net income of the internal service funds are included in the statement of activities.	3,145,668
	\$ 287,557,218

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

General Fund

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

Fiscal y	ear er	ided June 30, 2	2020	0			Variance with
							Final Budget
		Budgeted	l An	nounts			Positive
		Original		Final		Actual	 (Negative)
Revenues:							
Taxes:							
Property taxes	\$	409,575,394	\$	406,839,862	\$	408,716,365	\$ 1,876,503
Automotive ownership taxes		32,400,000		39,500,000		39,500,224	224
State of Colorado		332,532,745		337,343,150		331,612,324	(5,730,826)
Investment earnings		1,250,000		1,750,000		2,375,890	625,890
Other		17,150,000		17,175,127		19,919,874	 2,744,747
Total revenues		792,908,139	_	802,608,139	_	802,124,677	 (483,462)
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General administration		34,092,648		34,132,432		30,072,202	4,060,230
School administration		68,905,298		69,033,711		62,951,212	6,082,499
General instruction		377,114,262		380,249,208		357,597,544	22,651,664
Special education instruction		64,290,910		65,301,151		66,727,271	(1,426,120)
Instructional support		111,705,632		113,282,220		101,717,095	11,565,125
Operations and maintenance		78,942,984		79,077,240		76,793,282	2,283,958
Debt Service:							
Principal retirement		2,435,000		2,435,000		2,435,000	-
Interest and fiscal charges		578,043		578,043		578,043	
Total expenditures		738,064,777		744,089,005		698,871,649	 45,217,356
Excess of revenues over expenditures		54,843,362		58,519,134		103,253,028	44,733,894
Other financing sources (uses) -							
Transfers out		(63,306,564)		(68,579,650)		(66,497,321)	2,082,329
Transfers in		400,000		400,000		200,000	 (200,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(62,906,564)		(68,179,650)		(66,297,321)	 1,882,329
Excess of expenditures over revenues and other							
financing sources (uses)	\$	(8,063,202)	\$	(9,660,516)	1	36,955,707	\$ 46,616,223
Other State Revenue - on behalf contribution from State to PEF	RA, Je	ffco's Portion				12,943,101	
On-behalf payment from State to PERA, Jeffco's Portion						(12,943,101)	
Fund balance - July 1, 2019						141,067,208	
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	178,022,915	
					-		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Grants Special Revenue Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

			Gran	nts Fi	ınd	
	_	Original Budget Amount	Final Budget Amount		Actual	 Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental:						
Federal government	\$	35,180,769	\$ 83,800,865	\$	56,367,682	\$ (27,433,183)
State of Colorado		7,616,980	8,381,291		9,616,126	1,234,835
Other:						-
Gifts and grants		1,108,338	 1,544,195		957,144	 (587,051)
Total revenues		43,906,087	 93,726,351		66,940,952	 (26,785,399)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General administration		4,377,917	9,092,620		3,372,999	5,719,621
School administration		1,226,099	3,199,393		336,003	2,863,390
General instruction		10,253,792	18,234,836		9,183,712	9,051,124
Special education instruction		14,419,668	29,562,107		13,761,866	15,800,241
Instructional support		13,401,370	32,657,470		36,004,114	(3,346,644)
Operations and maintenance		30,403	480,130		850,698	(370,568)
Transportation		196,838	499,795		324,245	175,550
Total expenditures		43,906,087	 93,726,351		63,833,637	 29,892,714
Excess of revenues over expenditures	\$	-	\$ -		3,107,315	\$ 3,107,315
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020				\$	8,811,028 11,918,343	

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds

June 30, 2020

	В		ss-Type Activiti	ies			
	 ~	Ent	erprise Funds				Governmental
	Child		Property				Activities -
Assets	Care		Management]	Internal Service
	 Fund		Fund		Totals		Funds
Current assets:							
Cash	\$ 250	\$	500	\$	750	\$	300
Restricted cash	-		-		-		37,000
Equity in pooled cash with investments	5,549,035		4,847,528		10,396,563		57,761,703
Accounts and other receivable	2,968		116,057		119,025		139,321
Inventories	-		-		-		197,244
Prepaid items	 -		-		-	1	6,102,546
Total current assets	 5,552,253		4,964,085		10,516,338		64,238,114
Noncurrent assets:							
Capital assets:							
Vehicles and equipment	546,283		2,385,599		2,931,882		36,332,867
Less accumulated depreciation	(301,715)		(1,460,320)		(1,762,035)		(29,467,871)
Total capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	244,568		925,279		1,169,847		6,864,996
Total assets	\$ 5,796,821	\$	5,889,364	\$	11,686,185	\$	71,103,110
Liabilities and Net Position							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 24,660	\$	-	\$	24,660	\$	1,668,112
Accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated absences	1,248,311		19,274		1,267,585		3,929,263
Payroll withholding	-		-		-		28,810,783
Other unearned revenues	103,140		-		103,140		220,414
Estimated liability for premiums and claims	-		-		-		6,531,059
Total current liabilities	 1,376,111		19,274		1,395,385		41,159,631
Non-current liabilities:							
Compensated absences	135,772		17,986		153,758		1,124,074
Total noncurrent liabilities	 135,772		17,986		153,758		1,124,074
Total liabilities	 1,511,883		37,260		1,549,143		42,283,705
Net position:							
Investment in capital assets	244,568		925,279		1,169,847		6,864,996
Restricted for:	,		,		, ,		, ,
TABOR	399,810		64,758		464,568		50,259
Unrestricted	3,640,560		4,862,067		8,502,627		21,904,150
Total net position	 4,284,938		5,852,104		10,137,042		28,819,405
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 5,796,821	\$	5,889,364	\$	11,686,185	\$	71,103,110
-							

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Business-Type A Enterprise Fund		Governmental Activities -
	Child Care Fund	Property Management Fund	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Operating Revenues:				
Insurance premiums	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,548,483
Service contracts	1,037,687	2,053,448	3,091,135	22,903,464
Tuition	6,103,185	_,000,0	6,103,185	
Total operating revenues	7,140,872	2,053,448	9,194,320	30,451,947
Operating Expenses:				
Salaries and employee benefits	15,117,357	858,067	15,975,424	19,162,752
Administration services	2,114,363	87,877	2,202,240	4,483,580
Utilities	793	129,320	130,113	1,527,323
Supplies	491,497	98,479	589,976	2,774,638
Repairs and maintenance	10,779	-	10,779	5,511,345
Rent	708,955	-	708,955	-
Depreciation	17,737	145,310	163,047	1,671,762
Other	-	22,561	22,561	71,407
Claim losses	-	,0 0 1		11,563,577
Premiums paid	-	-	-	3,441,253
Total operating expenses	18,461,481	1,341,614	19,803,095	50,207,637
Income (loss) from operations	(11,320,609)	711,834	(10,608,775)	(19,755,690)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Reimbursement from government sponsored programs	6,031,148	-	6,031,148	-
Investment income	154,991	105,142	260,133	726,663
Loss on sale of capital assets	-	-	-	(1,364)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	6,186,139	105,142	6,291,281	725,299
Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions	(5,134,470)	816,976	(4,317,494)	(19,030,391)
Transfers out to other funds	-	(850,000)	(850,000)	-
Transfers in from other funds	4,161,820	-	4,161,820	15,884,723
Change in net position	(972,650)	(33,024)	(1,005,674)	(3,145,668)
Total net position - July 1, 2019	5,257,588	5,885,128	11,142,716	31,965,074
Total net position - June 30, 2020	\$ 4,284,938	\$ 5,852,104	\$ 10,137,042	\$ 28,819,406

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Child		ness-Type Activitio Interprise Funds Property	es			Governmental Activities - Internal
		Care Fund		Management Fund		Totals		Service Funds
Cash flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers Payments to employees Payments to vendors Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	7,203,108 (14,753,005) (3,444,829) (10,994,726)	\$	2,264,897 (861,243) (339,513) 1,064,141	\$	9,468,005 (15,614,248) (3,784,342) (9,930,585)	\$	32,762,967 (24,663,282) (22,666,462) (14,566,777)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers received Transfers out Federal and state reimbursements Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		4,161,820 		(850,000)		4,161,820 (850,000) 6,031,148 9,342,968		15,884,723
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	-	(89,602)		(26,922)	-	(116,524) (116,524)		(2,599,733)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities		154,991 154,991	_	105,142 105,142		260,133 260,133	_	726,663 726,663
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(736,369)		292,361		(444,008)		(555,124)
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 2019 Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2020	\$	6,285,654 5,549,285	\$	4,555,667 4,848,028	\$	10,841,321 10,397,313	\$	58,354,127 57,799,003
Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities: Operating Income (Loss)	\$	(11,320,609)	\$	711,834	\$	(10,608,775)	\$	(19,755,692)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease intergovernmental and other receivables (Increase) in prepaid items (Increase) in inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated absences Increase in payroll withholding Increase in unearned revenues Decrease in estimated liability for premiums and claims Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	17,737 (752) (118,442) 364,352 62,988	\$	145,310 211,450 - (1,278) (3,175) - - 1,064,141	\$	163,047 210,698 (119,720) 361,177 62,988 (9,930,585)	\$	1,671,762 2,358,103 (1,154,492) 17,821 35,566 337,079 1,642,042 (47,081) <u>328,115</u> (14,566,777)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Disposal and write off of capital assets	\$		\$	-	\$		\$	(1,363)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

1. Summary of significant accounting policies

The summary of significant accounting policies of Jefferson County School District, R-1 (the District) is presented to assist in understanding the District's financial statements. A summary of the significant accounting polices applied in the preparation of the basic financial statements is described below.

A) Reporting entity

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity* (GASB No. 14), as amended by GASB Statements 39 and 61, describes the financial reporting entity as it relates to governmental accounting. According to this Statement, the financial reporting entity consists of a) the primary government, b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and c) other organizations whose exclusion from the reporting entity's financial statements would cause those statements to be misleading or incomplete. Any organizations that can be described by these last two items are included with the primary government units.

The District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined in GASB No. 14 and amended by GASB No. 39 and 61. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, these basic financial statements present the District (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the District's reporting entity as required by the Colorado Department of Education. None of the component units are considered to be a major component unit.

Discretely presented component units - charter schools

The State of Colorado Legislature in 1993 enacted the "Charter School Act – Colorado Revised Statutes (CRS) Section 22-30.5-101." This Act permits the District to contract with individuals and organizations for the operation of schools within the District. The statutes define these contracted schools as "Charter Schools." Charter schools are financed from state School Finance Act revenues, property taxes and from revenues generated by the charter school, within the limits established by the Charter School Act and per GASB statement No. 14, paragraph 21b. Charter Schools have separate governing boards; however, the Jefferson County School District's Board of Education must approve all charter school applications and budgets. The charter schools are required to be presented as component units by the Colorado Department of Education. All charter schools are required to have individual independent audits.

Blended component unit - Jefferson County School District Finance Corporation

The purpose of the Jefferson County School Finance Corporation (the Corporation) is to provide a mechanism to issue certificates of participation. Because the Board of Directors is appointed by the Board of Education and must obtain the Board of Education's approval for renovation and expansion decisions, issuance of debt, disbursements of funds, and any amendments to the articles of incorporation, the Corporation is considered to be a part of the District.

B) Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or programs are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or

privileges provided by a given function and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds (general fund, bond redemption debt service fund, capital reserve capital projects funds, building fund, and grants fund) and individual enterprise funds (child care fund and property management fund) are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C) Measurement focus, basis of accounting, and financial statement presentation

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the District's governmental and business-type activities and component units. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, operating statements present increases and decreases in net current assets and fund balance as a measure of available spendable resources. This means that only current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets.

All governmental fund types use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined and available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Property tax revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end. All other revenues are considered to be available if collected within 120 days after year end. Property and automotive ownership taxes are reported as receivables and deferred inflows of resources when levied and as revenues when due for collection in the following year and determined to be available.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred with the exception of general obligation and capital lease debt service which is recognized when due and certain accrued sick and personal pay which are accounted for as expenditures when expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

The proprietary fund types are accounted for on the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. The measurement focus in these funds is on the flow of economic resources and emphasizes the determination of net income. All assets and all liabilities associated with their activity are included on their statements of net position. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net total position.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing goods and services in connection with a proprietary fund's ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's proprietary funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenue and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources, as they are needed.

D) Fund accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred inflows of resources, liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures, or expenses, as appropriate. Resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The major funds presented in the accompanying basic financial statements are as follows:

• Major governmental funds

- 1. General fund the general operating fund of the District; used to account for all resources that are not required legally or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.
- 2. Bond redemption debt service fund used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs.
- 3. Capital reserve capital projects fund used to account for resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds).
- 4. Building fund Capital projects used to account for resources to be used from the 2018 voter approved bond for a capital improvement plan that will span over 6 years. Each issuance of debt will be spent in 3 years.
- 5. Grants fund used to account for federal, state and private sector grant programs.

• Major proprietary funds-business-type activities

Enterprise funds - used to account for operations that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises, where the intent is that the costs (including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges. Enterprise funds are considered major funds because of community interests in the activities and sources of funding supporting these operations.

- 1. Child care fund this fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's school-age child care and preschool program.
- 2. Property management fund this fund accounts for all financial activities associated with the District's facilities.

• Internal service funds

Internal service funds account for central services, employee benefits, insurance reserve and technology operations. These services are provided to other funds of the District on a cost reimbursement basis.

E) Cash and investments

The pooled cash concept is used whereby cash balances of each of the District's funds are pooled and invested in certain investments. The District is allowed to invest in the following types of investments: short-term certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, money market deposit accounts, mutual funds, government pools, U.S. instruments and U.S. Treasury Obligations. The Districts investment in CSAFE and money market funds are recorded at amortized cost. The District records nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost. All other securities are recorded at fair value. It is the intention of the investment pool to maximize interest income, and securities are selected according to their risk, marketability, and diversification. Income earned or losses arising from the investment of pooled cash balances are allocated to the various funds based on their respective average periodic equity in pooled cash. The pooled cash and investments are used essentially as demand deposit accounts and are considered to be cash equivalents for cash flow purposes. Component units are included with the District's pooled cash.

F) Fair value measurement and application

The District adopted GASB 72 in fiscal year 2016, which addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements. The fair value is the price that would be received by the District to sell an asset or paid by the District to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants and the measurement date. The fair value measurement for financial reporting at fiscal year end June 30, 2020 and the application used is determined by a hierarchy of one of three levels. Level one is the most reliable and is quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities, level two is reliable and consists of quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities, other observable inputs, interest rates, credit spreads, condition of the asset, activity level of markets for observable input, and level three is least reliable which is based on unobservable inputs. All donated assets are measured at the estimated acquisition value.

G) Restricted cash

Certain assets of the employee benefits fund and Component Units are classified as restricted because their use is restricted to liabilities relating to deposits and capital leases.

H) Receivables

Property taxes levied in 2019 but not yet collected as of June 30, 2020 are identified as property taxes receivable and deferred inflows of resources if not received within sixty days of year end, and are presented net of an allowance for uncollectable taxes. Intergovernmental receivables of \$10,873,698 include amounts due from grantors for specific program grants. Program grants are recorded as receivables and revenues at the time reimbursable project costs are incurred. As of June 30, 2020, the District had \$10,449,479 and \$424,219 due from the Federal and State government, respectively, reflected as intergovernmental receivables in the accompanying basic financial statements.

I) Inventories and prepaid items

Materials and supplies inventories are stated at average cost. Inventories recorded in the Food Services fund consist of purchased and donated commodities. Purchased inventories are stated at average cost. Donated inventories, received at no cost under a program supported by the Federal Government, are recorded at their estimated value at the date of receipt. The cost of all inventories is recorded as an asset when the individual inventory items are purchased, and as an expenditure or expense when consumed. Fund balance is considered nonspendable and for the inventory balances; the district reports \$1,060,284 and \$2,542,802 for the general fund and other governmental funds, including food and nutrition services fund, respectively.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items using the consumption method in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Fund balance is nonspendable for the prepaid balances of \$70,909 and \$47,828 for general fund and other governmental funds respectively.

J) Capital assets

Capital assets, which include property, vehicles and equipment, are utilized for general District operations and are capitalized at actual or estimated cost. Donations of such assets are recorded at acquisition value at the time of donation or at estimated acquisition value if the acquisition value is unknown. Capital assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements.

Maintenance, repairs, and minor renovations are recorded as expenditures when incurred. Major additions and improvements are capitalized. When assets used in the operation of the governmental fund types are sold, the proceeds of the sale are recorded as revenues in the appropriate fund. The District does not capitalize interest on the construction of capital assets.

The monetary threshold for capitalization of assets is \$5,000. The District's capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the capital assets. Depreciation of all capital assets used by proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. No depreciation is recorded in the year of acquisition with the remaining depreciation being recorded in the year of disposition.

Estimated useful lives are:

Motor vehicles	5 to 15 years
Equipment, movable	3 to 20 years
Buildings and improvements	10 to 30 years

K) Deferred outflows of resources

For current refundings and advance refundings, resulting in defeasance of debt reported by governmental activities and component units, the difference between the reacquisition and the net carrying amount of the old debt is reported as a deferred outflow of resources or a deferred inflow of resources. The District refundings have resulted in deferred outflows of resources of \$4,305,879 and \$1,097,377 for component units. Deferred outflows of resources for pension and OPEB activity is included and referenced below (note 12 &13).

L) Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

The District's general obligation bonds are serviced from property taxes of the Bond Redemption Debt Service fund. Certificates of participation are serviced from school finance act, property taxes and other revenues of the General fund. Capital leases are funded from school finance act and other revenue of the component units. The long-term accumulated unpaid vacation, accrued sick and personal leave, and estimated liability for insurance claims (note 10) are serviced from property taxes and other revenues by the respective fund type from future appropriations.

M) Pension and OPEB

Pension. The District participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

OPEB. The District participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the fiduciary net position of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N) Constitutional amendment

In November 1992, Colorado voters approved Article X of the Colorado Constitution by adding Section 20, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR). TABOR contains revenue, spending, tax and debt limitations, which apply to the State of Colorado and local governments. It requires, with certain exceptions, advance voter approval for any new tax, tax rate increase, mill levy above that for the prior year, extension of an expiring tax, or tax policy change directly causing a net tax revenue gain to any entity.

On November 2, 1999, the District conducted a TABOR revenue and expenditure override election and the Jefferson County voters approved the measure exempting the District from the TABOR revenue and expenditure limits. Management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, the provisions are complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions may require judicial interpretation.

Except for refinancing bonded debt at a lower interest rate or adding new employees to existing pension plans, TABOR requires advance voter approval for the creation of any multiple-fiscal year debt or other financial obligation unless adequate present cash reserves are pledged irrevocably and held for payments in all future years. TABOR requires local governments to restrict emergency reserves to be used for declared emergencies only. Emergencies, as defined by TABOR, exclude economic conditions, revenue shortfalls, or salary or fringe benefit increases. These restricted fund balances are required to be three percent or more of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). As of June 30, 2020, for budgetary purposes the District restricted \$20,855,636 in the general fund, \$144,375 in the capital reserve capital projects fund, \$528,350 in other governmental funds, \$399,810 in the child care fund, \$64,758 in the property management fund, \$50,259 in internal service funds and \$2,267,633 was restricted in the component units charter schools for this purpose.

O) Property taxes

Under Colorado law, all property taxes are due and payable in the year following the year levied. The property tax calendar for Jefferson County was as follows:

December 22
January 1
January 1
March 2
June 15
April 30

P) Accumulated sick and personal leave and vacation

District policy allows unlimited accumulation of sick and personal leave, and annual carry-over of vacation to a maximum of 40 days. Up to 40 days accrued vacation is paid to employees upon termination of employment. Payment for unused sick and personal leave days is made upon meeting eligibility requirements at the rate of .0015 times annual rate of pay times accumulated days up to a maximum of 660 hours. Each fund liquidates the accrued vacation, personal and sick leave for its respective liabilities.

As of June 30, 2020, a summary of changes in accumulated vacation is as follows:

		Accumulated Vac			
Fund	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2020	Due within <u>one year</u>
General	\$ 4,467,618	\$ 1,652,570	\$ (694,023)	\$ 5,426,165	\$ 1,807,130
Grants Fund	156,185	126,920	(37,091)	246,014	81,923
Special Revenue	545,877	241,751	(81,360)	706,268	235,188
Capital Projects	210,967	96,923	(2,998)	304,892	101,529
Enterprise	167,143	85,793	(22,299)	230,637	76,879
Internal Service	1,440,690	375,897	(130,476)	1,686,111	562,037
	<u>\$ 6,988,480</u>	<u>\$ 2,579,854</u>	<u>\$ (968,247)</u>	<u>\$ 8,600,087</u>	<u>\$ 2,864,686</u>

Accumulated vacation pay is recorded as accrued salaries, benefits and compensated absences with the current portion reported as current liabilities in the government-wide financial statements. The short-term portion is included in the District's accrued salaries and benefits and the long-term portion is included in compensated absences in the government-wide financial statements.

Q) Fund balance

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

Fund balances are classified in one of five categories: 1) nonspendable, 2) restricted, 3) committed, 4) assigned and 5) unassigned. Nonspendable fund balance represents assets that will never be converted to cash. Restricted fund balances reflect resources that are subject to externally enforceable legal restrictions. Committed fund balance includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes that are limited by actions of the Board of Education, the highest level of decision-making authority at the District. The committed reserves are established during the budget appropriation process and cannot be used for other purposes without a formal board resolution. Assigned fund balance displays the District's intended use of these resources. The Board of Education executive limitations policy (EL-5), directs the Superintendent to submit the financial plan that includes any assignments for fund balance. The Superintendent or the Chief Financial Officer, as designee, is allowed by Board policy to make any necessary adjustments to this assignment. Unassigned fund balance for the general fund represents the net resources in excess of the prior classifications. The District does have a formal fund balance reserve policy for all funds to establish a level of reserves above the statutorily required TABOR amount to insure a continued strong financial position. This reserve does not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 requirements for a stabilization agreement and is included in unassigned. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the Board of Education has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions. Fund balance is adopted annually by the Board of Education during the budget process.

R) On-Behalf Payments

GAAP requires that direct on-behalf payments for fringe benefits and salaries made by one entity to a third party recipient for the employees of another, legally separate entity be recognized as revenue and expenditures by the employer government. The State of Colorado makes direct on-behalf payments for retirement benefits to Colorado PERA. Beginning on July 1, 2018, the State of Colorado is required to make a payment to PERA each year equal to \$225 million. PERA allocates the contribution to the trust funds of the State, School, Denver Public Schools, and Judicial Division Trust Funds of PERA, as proportionate to the annual payroll of each division. This annual payment is required on July 1st of each year thereafter until there are no unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities of any division of PERA that receives the direct distribution. The amount of on-behalf payments made for the District by the State of Colorado has been recorded in the fund financial statements.

S) New and Future Accounting Pronouncements

Future announcements that are being reviewed by management include GASB Statement No. 87 *Leases* that will be required to be included in financial statements starting with fiscal year December 31, 2020.

2. Budgetary information

The District follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- 1. Within the fourth quarter of the fiscal year, the Superintendent submits to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings and citizen reviews are conducted at special meetings and at regular Board of Education meetings to obtain taxpayer comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally adopted by the Board of Education.

- 4. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all funds.
- 5. The District issues a separate budget document after it is approved by the Board of Education.

Colorado Budget Law requires that all funds have legally adopted budgets and appropriations. The total expenditures for each fund may not exceed the amount appropriated. Appropriations for a fund may be increased if unanticipated revenues offset them. Where applicable, the Board of Education includes available fund balance in the amount appropriated in the annual Appropriations Resolution. GAAP serves as the basis for budgeting.

All appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year. Authorization to transfer budgeted amounts between programs and/or departments within any fund and the reallocation of budget line items within any program and/or department rests with the superintendent and may be delegated to an appropriate level of management. Revisions and/or supplemental appropriations that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Education. Budgetary amounts reported in the accompanying basic financial statements are as originally adopted and amended by the Superintendent and/or the Board of Education throughout the year.

Supplemental appropriations are approved by the Board of Education with final adopted budgets shown below. The budget and actuals for the proprietary funds and internal service funds at June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	Budget	Actuals	Variance
Child Care Fund	\$ 20,814,249	\$ 18,461,481	\$ 2,352,768
Property Management Fund	1,912,764	1,341,614	571,150
Central Services Fund	3,707,807	3,413,308	294,499
Employee Benefits Fund	7,952,162	6,449,696	1,502,466
Insurance Reserve Fund	11,529,587	10,438,065	1,091,522
Technology Fund	32,158,329	29,906,570	2,251,759

3. Deposits and investments

1			
Deposits:	Government-wide Net Posi		
	Primary Government	Component Units	Total
Cash	\$ 2,543,526	\$ 24,939	\$ 2,568,465
Restricted cash and cash held by third parties	14,791,771	14,867,042	29,658,813
Equity in pooled cash and investments	476,561,988	28,877,642	505,439,630
Investments	260,897,762		260,897,762
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 754,795,047</u>	<u>\$ 43,769,623</u>	<u>\$ 798,564,670</u>

The carrying value of the District's cash, restricted cash held by third parties and cash held in trust is \$139,598,257; cash held at the county treasurer is excluded.

The District investment policies are approved by the Board of Education and governed by Colorado statute. The discretely presented component units' investment policies are approved by their respective Boards and governed by Colorado statute. The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories; state regulators determine eligibility. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool is to be maintained by another

financial institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to the aggregate uninsured deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, \$131,937,499 of the District and the discretely presented component unit's bank balance were exposed to custodial credit risk. Deposits exposed to credit risk of \$131,687,499 are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution through PDPA. Deposits of \$250,000 are insured under FDIC. The District's investment policy calls for minimizing this risk by pre-qualifying financial institutions.

Cash held in trust:

As of June 30, 2020 the District had \$14,754,771 held in trust. Jefferson County collects the property taxes for the District and holds the funds in trust until sent to the District monthly.

Investments:

As of June 30, 2020, the District (including the primary government and component units) had the following investments:

			Weighted Average	Rati	ngs
Investment Type		Amount	Maturities (yrs)	<u>S&P</u>	Moody's
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$	97,980,163	Under 32 days	AAAm	Aaamf
CSafe		340,533,659	Under 60 days	AAAm	N/A
FFCB		50,978,250	1.13	AA+	Aaa
FNMA		3,309,524	1.97	AA+	Aaa
FHLMC		22,065,982	1.20	AA+	Aaa
FHLB		42,310,494	1.06	AA+	Aaa
US Treasury T-Notes		61,692,012	1.32		
Corporate Bonds		24,328,058	Average 1.03 years	17% AA+ 29% AA- 18% AA 7% A+ 29% AAA	13% Aa3 5% Aa2 30% Aa1 23% A1 29% Aaa
Municipal Bonds	\$	1,013,500 644,211,642	1.23	AAA	Aaa

<u>Local Governmental Pool</u> – The Colorado Surplus Asset Fund (CSafe) is an investment vehicle established under state statute for local governments to pool surplus assets. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all state statutes governing CSafe. CSafe is similar to a money market fund, with each share valued at \$1.00. As of June 30, 2020, CSafe had a balance of \$340,533,659.

<u>Interest rate risk</u> – In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of its overall investment portfolio to less than two years. The Colorado revised statutes generally limit investment maturities to five years. Revenue bonds of U.S. local governments, corporate and bank securities and guaranteed investment contracts not purchased with bond proceeds are limited to maturities of three years or less.

<u>Credit risk</u> - State law allows school districts to invest U.S. treasury securities and other securities guaranteed by the full credit of the U.S. Treasury without any credit quality limitations. Securities issued by the Government National Mortgage Association and by Federal Government Sponsored Enterprises require the highest rating by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies. Money market instruments including bankers acceptances and commercial paper must be rated A-1, P-1, or F-1, or the equivalent by at least two nationally recognized rating agencies. State law allows other securities, including money market funds that are registered under the Federal Investment Company Act

of 1940, if they have assets in excess of \$1 billion or have the highest credit rating from one or more of a nationally recognized rating agency.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The District does diversify its investments so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or from any one Individual issuer will be minimized. The District will minimize credit risk by limiting investments to the types of securities listed in District policy and pre-qualifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisers with which the District will do business in accordance with policy. The District has investments in Federal Farm Credit Bank and Federal Home Loan Bank of \$50,978,250 and \$42,310,494 making up 7.91% and 6.57% of the District's total investments.

Type of Security	Maximum Percentage of the Total Portfolio
U. S. Treasury Obligations	100%
Federal Instrumentality Securities	100%
Repurchase Agreements	100%
Local Government Investment Pools	100%
Money Market Mutual Funds	100%
Time Certificates of Deposit	15%
Commercial Paper and Corporate Debt	50%
Municipal Bonds	30%

Foreign Investment Risk – The District does not allow foreign investments in accordance with state statute restrictions.

<u>Fair Value</u> – The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are valued using a matrix pricing technique. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted process; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following fair value measurements as of June 30, 2020:

		Η	Fair Value Measureme	nts Using
Investment by fair value level:	6/30/2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Corporate Bonds	\$ 24,328,058	\$ -	\$ 24,328,058	\$ -
Government Agencies	118,664,250	-	118,664,250	-
Government Bonds	61,692,012	-	61,692,012	-
Municipal Bonds	1,013,500		1,013,500	
Total Investments by fair value level	205,697,820	<u>\$</u> -	<u>\$ 205,697,820</u>	\$ -
Investments at amortized costs	438,513,822			
	<u>\$ 644,211,642</u>			

4. Capital assets

A summary of changes in capital assets is as follows:

Governmental Activities

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Non-depreciable assets:					
Land	\$ 65,365,144	\$ -	\$ (1,544,780)	\$ -	\$ 63,820,364
Construction in progress	30,914,929	106,043,756	(390,705)	(57,083,352)	79,484,628
Total non-depreciable assets	<u>\$ 96,280,073</u>	<u>\$106,043,756</u>	<u>\$(1,935,485)</u>	<u>\$ (57,083,352)</u>	<u>\$ 143,304,992</u>
Depreciable assets:					
Buildings and site improvements	\$ 1,777,550,963	\$ 1,234,637	\$(14,431,615)	\$ 57,083,352	\$ 1,821,437,337
Equipment and vehicles – Internal service funds	34,091,896	2,599,733	(358,762)	-	36,332,867
Equipment and vehicles	75,963,009	7,189,665	(3,054,979)		80,097,695
Total depreciable assets	<u>\$ 1,887,605,868</u>	<u>\$ 11,024,035</u>	<u>\$(17,845,355)</u>	<u>\$ 57,083,352</u>	<u>\$ 1,937,867,900</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Building and site improvements	\$(1,065,905,773)	\$(59,515,412)	\$ 9,679,793	\$ -	\$(1,115,741,392)
Equipment and vehicles - Internal service funds	(28,153,506)	(1,671,762)	357,397	-	(29,467,871)
Equipment and vehicles	(51,620,876)	<u>(4,221,678)</u>	2,991,683		(52,850,871)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>\$(1,145,680,155)</u>	<u>\$(65,408,852)</u>	<u>\$ 13,028,873</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$(1,198,060,134)</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u>\$ 838,205,786</u>	<u>\$ 51,658,939</u>	<u>\$ (6,751,967)</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 883,112,758</u>

Note: In the reconciliation of governmental funds balance sheet to statement of net position on page 37, internal service funds will be a reconciling item with the capital assets added.

Business-type activities

A summary of changes in child care fund capital assets is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Equipment	\$ 456,681	\$ 89,602	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 546,283
Accumulated depreciation	(283,978	(17,737)			(301,715)
Total	<u>\$ 172,703</u>	<u>\$ 71,865</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 244,568</u>

A summary of changes in Property management fund capital assets is as follows:

	Balance				Balance
	June 30, 2019	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	June 30, 2020
Equipment	\$ 2,358,677	\$ 26,922	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,385,599
Accumulated depreciation	(1,315,010)	(145,310)			(1,460,320)
Total	<u>\$ 1,043,667</u>	<u>\$ (118,388)</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 925,279</u>
Total capital asso	ets being depreci	ated, business-t	ype activities		\$ 2,931,882
Accumulated de	0 1		~ 1		(1,762,035)

Accumulated depreciation

Business-type activities capital assets, net

\$ 1,169,847

Discretely presented component units

Balance Balance July 1, 2019 Additions Deletions Transfers June 30, 2020 Non-depreciable assets: Land 15,062,438 \$ 1,730,711 \$ \$ 16,793,149 \$ \$ _ -Construction in progress (1,980) (3,865,738) 13,847,415 15,703,163 25,682,860 Total Non-depreciable assets: \$ 28,909,853 17,433,874 (1,980) \$ (3,865,738) \$ 42,476,009 \$ \$ Depreciable assets: Buildings and equipment \$ 105,208,416 15,864,862 \$ (57,342) \$ 3,865,738 \$ 124,881,674 \$ Accumulated depreciation (27,893,036) (11,941,430) 49,849 (39,784,617) Total Depreciable assets: 77,315,380 \$ 3,923,432 (7,493) 3,865,738 85,097,057 \$ \$ \$ \$ Total \$ 106,225,233 21,357,306 (9,473) \$ 127,573,066 \$ \$ \$ -

A summary of changes in component unit charter schools capital assets is as follows:

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General Administration	\$ 148,082
School Administration	8,585,574
General Instruction	48,651,584
Special Ed Instruction	320,045
Instructional Support	369,699
Operations & Maintenance	2,394,997
Transportation	3,051,352
Food Services	215,757
Capital assets held by the District's internal service funds	1,671,762
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	<u>\$ 65,408,852</u>
Business-type activities:	
Child care	\$ 17,737
Property management	145,310
Total depreciation expense – business-type activities	<u>\$ 163,047</u>

Construction commitments

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2020. The projects include renovations, new schools and site improvements. At year end, commitments with contractors on all projects are too numerous to list. All accumulated resources for capital projects are reserved for construction commitments. A list of significant commitments as of June 30, 2020, are as follows:

	Spent-to-Date	Remaining Commitment
Alameda Jr-Sr Addition	\$ 2,410,100	\$26,857,858
Kendrick Lakes ES New School	6,352,065	14,271,400
District Wide Field Improvements	10,076,760	12,184,272
Green Mountain HS Addition	4,205,829	9,685,599
Conifer HS Addition & Upgrades	1,568,026	8,874,180
Arvada HS Addition & Upgrades	11,228,936	6,053,298
Wilmot ES Addition & Upgrades	4,899,254	3,228,744
Lincoln Academy Charter Upgrades	1,841,420	2,917,026

5. Transfers

The District transfers amounts between funds to meet their operational needs and legal requirements. At June 30, 2020, the detail for these transfers from the general fund and property management fund to other funds is as follows:

-	Transfers Out (Paying Fund)						
Transfers In (Receiving Fund)	General Fund		Property Management Fund			Total	
Campus activity fund	\$	596,441	\$	400,000	\$	996,441	
Child Care fund		4,161,820		-		4,161,820	
Transportation fund		18,319,843		-		18,319,843	
Food Service fund		3,900,000		-		3,900,000	
Capital reserve capital projects fund		23,634,494		250,000		23,884,494	
General Fund		-		200,000		200,000	
Net transfers within funds		50,612,598		850,000		51,462,598	
Internal service funds		15,884,723		-		15,884,723	
Net transfers into the proprietary funds		15,884,723		-		15,884,723	
Total Transfers out		66,497,321		850,000		67,347,321	
Net General Fund transfers	\$	66,497,321	\$	(200,000)	\$	66,297,321	

6. Reconciliation of government-wide and fund financial statements

The governmental funds balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balances – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. Additionally, the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation

between *net change in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities.

These reconciliations detail items that require adjustment to convert from the current resources measurement and modified accrual basis for governmental fund statements to the economic resources measurement and full accrual basis used for government-wide statements. However, certain items having no effect on measurement and basis were eliminated from the government fund statements during the consolidation of governmental activities. The transfer covers interfund borrowing for construction management administration costs.

Due to the capital reserve capital projects fund from building fund - fund statements	\$ 2,313,302
Elimination of governmental activity	(2,313,302)
Due to the primary government – governmental activities	<u>\$ -</u>

7. Capital leases and certificates of participation (COP's)

Certificates of participation terms are twenty years with interest ranging from 0.75 percent to 5 percent. Certificates of participation and capital lease obligations for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, are comprised of the following:

	Balance June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	Outstanding June 30, 2020	Current Portion
Governmental activities					
Supplemental Ret COP's 2015 Refunding	\$ 19,900,000	\$ -	\$ (2,435,000)	\$ 17,465,000	\$ 2,480,000
2016 Construction COP's	43,940,000	-	(1,560,000)	42,380,000	1,605,000
Free Horizon Montessori Acquisition	5,585,000	-	(5,585,000)	-	-
Less deferred amounts:					
Premiums	2,246,039		(218,077)	2,027,962	
Governmental activity long-term liabilities	<u>\$ 71,671,039</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (9,798,077)</u>	<u>\$ 61,872,962</u>	<u>\$ 4,085,000</u>

The 2015 COP's refunded the 2006 COP's that were issued and applied towards the Supplemental Retirement Plan unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The security for the 2015 COP's consists of four schools, the net book value as of June 30, 2020 was \$7,984,271. The 2016 COP's were issued for construction of one new elementary school and renovation of Sierra. The security consists of land and building of one high school with a net book value as of June 30, 2020 of \$3,490,553.

	Balance			Outstanding	
Component unit activities:	June 30, 2019	Additions	Retirements	June 30, 2020	Current Portion
Component units – Buildings/Capital leases Less deferred amounts:	\$ 69,865,543	\$ 31,285,000	\$ (19,560,291)	\$ 81,590,252	\$ 1,888,583
For discounts and premiums	(23,854)		(5,529)	(29,283)	
Total Component unit capital lease	<u>\$ 69,841,689</u>	<u>\$ 31,285,000</u>	<u>\$ (19,565,820)</u>	<u>\$ 81,560,869</u>	<u>\$ 1,888,583</u>
Component Units - Promissory notes	<u>\$ 688,505</u>	<u>\$ 174,000</u>	<u>\$ (688,205)</u>	<u>\$ 174,000</u>	<u>\$ 67,357</u>

For financial reporting purposes, the District follows the requirements of GAAP; for capital leases, the present value of future minimum lease payments is shown as a liability and related assets are capitalized in the basic financial statements. It is the expectation that the leases will be renewed annually until title to the related property is acquired pursuant to the leases.

Capital leases and COP's have the following minimum annual lease payments:

Capital Leases

apital Deases				
	Governmental Activities		Compo	nent Units
Fiscal Year	COP's		Charte	r Schools
Ending				
June 30	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 4,085,000	\$2,123,770	\$ 1,888,583	\$ 3,839,564
2022	4,205,000	2,012,090	2,362,534	3,676,909
2023	4,340,000	1,872,358	2,480,213	3,565,883
2024	4,515,000	1,703,836	2,548,232	3,449,020
2025	4,685,000	1,522,803	2,706,609	3,327,164
2026-2030	15,410,000	5,101,149	53,134,081	11,320,937
2031-2035	13,450,000	2,577,503	7,755,000	3,658,931
2036-2040	9,155,000	462,829	5,165,000	1,882,500
2041-2045	-	-	3,365,000	430,115
2046-2047	-	-	185,000	12,025
Total	\$59,845,000	\$17,376,338	\$81,590,252	\$35,163,048

Promissory note

Fiscal Year	Component Units		
Ending	Charter Schools		
<u>June 30</u>	Principal	Interest	
2022	\$ 67,357	\$ 1,576	
2022	106,643	534	
Total	\$ 174,000	\$ 2,110	

The District has appropriated amounts from 2021 revenues in the general fund to meet the lease payments for the COP principal and interest which is due in 2021.

8. General obligation bonds payable

The district issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds payable and payments on the bonds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following:

\$233,400,000 2010 Series Refunding Bonds due in semi-annual installments with annual payments of \$844,400 to \$35,335,375 through December 15, 2024. Interest rate: 2.00% to 5.25%.

\$69,540,000 2012 Series Refunding Bonds due in semi-annual installments with annual payments of \$854,250 to \$35,024,250 through December 15, 2026. Interest rate: 3.50% to 5.00%.

\$99,000,000 2012 Series Bonds due in semi-annual installments with annual payments of \$30,375 to \$1,245,375 through December 15, 2022. Interest rate: 2.00% to 5.00%. This bond was partially refunded in fiscal year 2018.	3,505,000
\$70,395,000 2017 Series Refunding Bonds due in semi-annual installments with annual payments of \$162,400 to \$10,822,400 through December 15, 2032. Interest rate: 2.00% to 3.90%.	70,395,000
\$326,490,000 2018 Series Bonds due in semi-annual installments with annual payments of \$930,375 to \$38,645,375 through December 15, 2038. Interest rate: 1.82% to 3.56%.	311,490,000
Total	<u>\$613,465,000</u>

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. General obligation bonds payable and payments on the bonds for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 are comprised of the following:

<u>General</u> obligation bonds:	Balance June 30, 2019	New and Refunding <u>Issues</u>	Payments & Amortization of Discount	Balance June 30, 2020	Current <u>Portion</u>
Refunding - 2010	\$186,275,000	\$ -	\$(27,740,000)	\$158,535,000	\$29,125,000
Refunding - 2012	69,540,000	-	-	69,540,000	-
Construction - 2012	4,585,000	-	(1,080,000)	3,505,000	1,120,000
Refunding – 2017	70,395,000	-	-	70,395,000	-
Series - 2018	326,490,000	-	(15,000,000)	311,490,000	15,000,000
Less deferred amounts: Discounts &					
Premiums	73,344,404	-	(7,858,369)	65,486,035	
	\$730,629,404		\$(51,678,369)	\$678,951,035	\$ 45,245,000

Future year's general obligation bonds repayment schedule:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest
2021	\$ 45,245,000	\$ 28,475,025
2022	31,750,000	26,588,900
2023	33,275,000	24,996,475
2024	34,805,000	23,319,350
2025	36,495,000	21,564,225
2026-2030	149,040,000	84,195,875
2031-2035	142,275,000	52,189,625
2036-2039	140,580,000	14,286,200
Total	\$ 613,465,000	\$ 275,615,675

The bonds are secured by the District's covenant to certify a rate of levy sufficient to meet the principal and interest payments with respect to the bonds. Payment of principal and interest for general obligation bonds is made from the bond redemption debt service fund. The legal debt limit and debt margin as of June 30, 2020, are \$2,142,426,206 and \$1,605,512,713, respectively. Management of the District believes it is in compliance with the legal debt limit.

9. Defeased debt

In December 2017, the District issued bonds of \$70,395,000 for the purpose of refunding the long term portion of the 2012 Series Bonds. The 2012 Series Bonds have short-term maturity bonds remaining through 2022 for \$4,585,000 remaining. The proceeds of these bonds were placed in an irrevocable trust to provide the future debt service payments on the defeased bonds that have a call date of 12/15/2022. The trust account assets and the liabilities for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's basic financial statements. At June 30, 2020 the defeased debt and outstanding principal was \$72,260,000 and assets in trust were \$80,281,255.

10. Risk management

The employee benefits fund and insurance reserve fund are provided to maintain and to account for insurance reserves on a self-insurance basis and other benefits provided to employees. The insurance reserve fund was established in 1981 by the Colorado Legislature to provide insurance reserves to fund certain liability, property and workers' compensation claims, including estimates for incurred but not reported claims, premiums and applicable administrative costs. The Insurance Reserve Fund allows the District to manage its exposure to risk, i.e., loss of assets by fire, weather, etc., loss through third party litigation, and work place injury obligations based on statutory requirements imposed by the Workers' Compensation Act. This is accomplished by self-insuring at the various risk retention levels and the purchase of appropriate excess insurance coverage above the risk retention levels.

For property insurance on wind and hail damage peril the District has a deductible of two percent of each building value. All other property perils have a \$100,000 deductible. The District retains the first \$500,000 of any liability loss, or school entity professional errors and omissions loss. The District also retains the first \$500,000 of any in state automobile liability loss and the first \$350,000 of any out of state automobile liability loss. For workers' compensation losses the District retains the first \$450,000. In order to minimize expenditures for self-insured losses and for excess premiums, the District adjusts its own workers' compensation claims and manages the handling of all other claims The District manages a loss control program and maintains a security department and system, which provides for around-the-clock computerized monitoring of District facilities for intrusion and fire.

The cost of insurance reserve fund claims and premiums are recorded when incurred. Estimates for unsettled and incurred but not reported claims in the amount of \$6,253,059 are included as an estimated liability in the insurance reserve fund as of June 30, 2020. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation and claim settlement trends that include such factors as pay-out amounts and economic and social indicators. The incurred but not reported amount was calculated by Aon Risk Solutions at the request of the District. It is contained in the Unpaid Loss and Allocated Loss Adjustment Expense Reserve Review as of June 30, 2020 for the District. The claim liability

is classified as current as the bulk of the claims are expected to be settled within the year. There were no claims exceeding the excess coverage in the past three years.

The change in the Insurance Reserve Fund estimates for unsettled and incurred but not reported claims are:

Balance July 1, 2019	\$ 6,157,883
Increase (Decrease) in estimated claims:	
Estimated property claims	(12,824)
Automobile claims	(95,280)
General liability claims	(11,433)
Workers' compensation claims	214,713
Balance June 30, 2020	<u>\$ 6,253,059</u>

The following is a reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims for the current fiscal year and the prior fiscal year:

	2019	2020
Amount of claims liabilities at July 1	\$ 4,829,396	\$ 6,157,883
Incurred claims and change in reserve	8,966,512	5,764,211
Payments on claims	(7,638,025)	(5,669,035)
Amount of claims liabilities at June 30	<u>\$ 6,157,883</u>	<u>\$ 6,253,059</u>

The employee benefits fund was established in 1984 to account for the District's previous self-insured medical plan and retired paid-up life insurance programs for eligible employees, retirees, dependents, and other approved individuals. The employee benefits fund is reimbursed by the other funds based on predetermined rates or allowances. Included in the current liability total in the Employee Benefits Fund is \$238,800 and \$39,200 to cover the estimated cost of claims incurred but not paid or reported as of June 30, 2020, related to the District's self-insured dental and vision plans respectively and \$156,341 for medical insurance and other benefit premiums. The claim liability is classified as current as the bulk of the claims are expected to be settled within the year.

	2019	2020
Amount of claims liabilities at July 1	\$ 302,413	\$ 297,000
Incurred claims and change in reserve	5,799,686	5,799,366
Payments on claims	<u>(5,805,099)</u>	(5,818,366)
Amount of claims liabilities at June 30	<u>\$ 297,000</u>	\$ 278,000

11. Commitments and contingencies

A number of claims are presently pending against the District, but management believes final settlement of these matters will not result in any material adverse effect on the financial operations of the District. The District receives revenues from various federal and state grant programs subject to final review and approval as to allow ability of expenditures by the respective grantor agencies. District management believes that disallowances, if any, will be immaterial to the basic financial statements. From time to time, the District enters into long-term construction contracts for which future commitments may exist.

12. Defined Benefit Pension plan

The Colorado General Assembly passed significant pension reform through Senate Bill (SB) 18-200: Concerning Modifications To the Public Employees' Retirement Association Hybrid Defined Benefit Plan Necessary to Eliminate with a High Probability the Unfunded Liability of the Plan Within the Next Thirty Years. The bill was signed into law

by Governor Hickenlooper on June 4, 2018. SB 18-200 makes changes to certain benefit provisions. Some, but not all, of these changes were in effect as of 6/30/2020.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with pensions through the School Division Trust Fund (SDTF)—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided as of December 31, 2019. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether 5 years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

As of December 31, 2019, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit are generally eligible to receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments in certain years, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Pursuant to SB 18-200, there are no annual increases (AI) for 2019 for all benefit recipients. Thereafter, benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment before January 1, 2007 and all benefit recipients of the benefit structure will receive an annual increase, unless PERA has a negative investment year, in which case the annual increase for the next three years is the lesser of 1.5 percent or the average of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers (CPA-W) for the prior calendar year. Benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began eligible employment after January 1, 2007 will receive the lessor of an annual increase of 1.5 percent of the average CPI-W for the prior calendar year, not to exceed 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The automatic adjustment provision may raise or lower the aforementioned AI for a given year by up to one-quarter of 1 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2020: Eligible employees of, the District and the state are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 8.75% of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2019 through June 30, 2020.

Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2018	July 1, 2019
	Through	Through
	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020
Employer contribution rate	10.15%	10.40%
Amount of employer contribution apportioned to the Health Care	(1.02)%	(1.02)%
Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)		
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF	9.13%	9.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED) as specified in	4.50%	4.50%
C.R.S. § 24-51-411		
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED)	5.50%	5.50%
as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411		
Total employer contribution rate to the SCHDTF	19.13%	19.38%

Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413, the State is required to contribute \$225 million each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. A portion of the direct distribution allocated to the SCHDTF is considered a nonemployer contribution for financial reporting purposes.

Subsequent to the SCHDTF's December 31, 2019, measurement date, HB 20-1379 *Suspend Direct Distribution to PERA Public Employees Retirement Association for 2020-21 Fiscal Year*, was passed into law during the 2020 legislative session and signed by Governor Polis on June 29, 2020. This bill suspends the July 1, 2020, \$225 million direct distribution allocated to the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Divisions, as required under Senate Bill 18-200.

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from the District were \$112,632,076 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total pension liability to December 31, 2019. The District proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$1,347,298,359 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,347,298,359
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the District	\$ 170,887,660
Total	\$1,518,186,019

At December 31, 2019, the District which includes component units proportionate share was 9.71 percent, which was an increase of .19 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018. The District's proportion which excludes component units is reflected in the RSI.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$(235,180,256) and revenue of \$5,822,686 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$73,428,648	\$ -
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	38,463,310	611,121,769
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	159,600,902
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	29,622,732	148,645,557
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	52,799,709	-
Total	\$194,314,399	\$919,368,228

\$52,799,709 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$(437,715,376)
2022	(294,461,801)
2023	8,602,278
2024	(54,278,639)
2025	-
Thereafter	-

Actuarial assumptions. The total pension liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 – 9.70 percent
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate7.25 percent	
Post-retirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to $1/1/07$;	
and DPS benefit	
structure (automatic) ¹	
1.25 percent compounded annually	
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06	
(ad hoc, substantively automatic) ¹	Financed by the
	Annual Increase Reserve

¹ For 2019, the annual increase was 0.0 percent.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members reflect the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the SCHDTF, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20%	4.30%
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42%	4.80%
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55%	5.20%
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83%	5.40%
Core Fixed Income	19.32%	1.20%
High Yield	1.38%	4.30%
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84%	0.60%
Emerging Market Debt	0.46%	3.90%
Core Real Estate	8.50%	4.90%
Opportunity Fund	6.00%	3.80%
Private Equity	8.50%	6.60%
Cash	1.00%	0.20%
Total	100.00%	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and the additional 0.50 percent, resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020. Employer contributions also include the current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point, the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the state provides an annual direct distribution of \$225 million, which commenced July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.

- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial fiduciary net position, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the fiduciary net position and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- The projected benefit payments reflect the lowered annual increase cap, from 1.50 percent to 1.25 percent resulting from the 2018 AAP assessment, statutorily recognized July 1, 2019, and effective July 1, 2020.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the District proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$1,786,806,093	\$1,347,298,359	\$978,293,320

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

13. Defined Benefit Other Post Employment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the District are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the C.R.S., as amended, sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report (CAFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools

Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from each division as it relates to the total member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 et seq. specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The basis for the maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premiumfree Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the District is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from the District were \$5,928,004 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$66,246,238 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2018. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the total OPEB liability to December 31, 2019. The District proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2019 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2019, the District proportion which includes component units was 6.35 percent, which was an Increase of 0.16 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2018. The District's proportion which excludes component units is reflected in the RSI.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(1,308,193). At June 30, 2020, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of	Deferred Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 219,840	\$ 11,131,804
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	549,600	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	1,105,736
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions recognized and proportionate share of contributions	1,617,218	907,260
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	2,809,331	-
Total	\$5,195,989	\$13,144,800

\$2,809,331 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended June 30:	
2021	\$(2,310,909)
2022	(2,310,791)
2023	(1,990,640)
2024	(2,195,580)
2025	(1,839,852)
Thereafter	(110,370)

Actuarial assumptions. The total OPEB liability in the December 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.40 percent
Real wage growth	1.10 percent
Wage inflation	3.50 percent
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.50 percent in aggregate
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25 percent
Discount rate 7.25 percent	-
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00 percent
PERACare Medicare plans	5.60 percent in 2019, gradually
•	decreasing to 4.50 percent in
	2029
Medicare Part A premiums	3.50 percent in 2019, gradually
•	increasing to 4.50 percent in
	2029
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A
•	

Calculations are based on the benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of each actuarial valuation and on the pattern of sharing of costs between employers of each fund to that point.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2018, valuation were based on the results of the 2016 experience analysis for the periods January 1, 2012, through December 31, 2015, as well as, the October 28, 2016, actuarial assumptions workshop and were adopted by the PERA Board during the November 18, 2016, Board meeting. In addition, certain actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trends are analyzed and reviewed by PERA's actuary, as discussed below.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following monthly costs/premiums are assumed for 2019 for the PERA Benefit Structure:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A	Premiums for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$601	\$240
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	\$605	\$237

The 2019 Medicare Part A premium is \$437 per month.

In determining the additional liability for PERACare enrollees in the PERA Benefit Structure who are age 65 or older and who are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A, the following chart details the initial expected value of Medicare Part A benefits, age adjusted to age 65 for the year following the valuation date:

Medicare Plan	Cost for Members Without Medicare Part A
Medicare Advantage/Self-Insured Prescription	\$562
Kaiser Permanente Medicare Advantage HMO	\$571

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums) provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2018, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

Year	PERACare Medicare Plans	Medicare Part A Premiums
2019	5.60 percent	3.50 percent
2020	8.60 percent	3.50 percent
2021	7.30 percent	3.50 percent
2022	6.00 percent	3.75 percent
2023	5.70 percent	3.75 percent
2024	5.50 percent	3.75 percent
2025	5.30 percent	4.00 percent
2026	5.10 percent	4.00 percent
2027	4.90 percent	4.25 percent
2028	4.70 percent	4.25 percent
2029+	4.50 percent	4.50 percent

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates that were used to measure the total OPEB liability are summarized in the table below:

Mortality assumptions for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below are applied, as applicable, in the determination of the total OPEB liability for the HCTF. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Healthy mortality assumptions for active members were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Employee Mortality Table, a table specifically developed for actively working people. To allow for an appropriate margin of improved mortality prospectively, the mortality rates incorporate a 70 percent factor applied to male rates and a 55 percent factor applied to female rates.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the State and Local Government Divisions were based on the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 73 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 108 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- **Females:** Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 78 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 109 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School and Judicial Divisions were based on the RP-2014 White Collar Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: Mortality improvement projected to 2018 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 93 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 113 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.
- Females: Mortality improvement projected to 2020 using the MP-2015 projection scale, a 68 percent factor applied to rates for ages less than 80, a 106 percent factor applied to rates for ages 80 and above, and further adjustments for credibility.

For disabled retirees, the mortality assumption was based on 90 percent of the RP-2014 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the measurement of the obligations for the HCTF:

- Initial per capita health care costs for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to attain age 65 and older ages and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits were updated to reflect the change in costs for the 2019 plan year.
- The morbidity assumptions were updated to reflect the assumed standard aging factors.
- The health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the then-current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four or five years for PERA. Recently, this assumption has been reviewed more frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in presentations to PERA's Board on October 28, 2016.

Several factors were considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption for the HCTF, including longterm historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which bestestimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation.

As of the most recent adoption of the long-term expected rate of return by the PERA Board, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	30 Year Expected Geometric Real
	Anocation	Rate of Return
U.S. Equity – Large Cap	21.20 percent	4.30 percent
U.S. Equity – Small Cap	7.42 percent	4.80 percent
Non U.S. Equity – Developed	18.55 percent	5.20 percent
Non U.S. Equity – Emerging	5.83 percent	5.40 percent
Core Fixed Income	19.32 percent	1.20 percent
High Yield	1.38 percent	4.30 percent
Non U.S. Fixed Income – Developed	1.84 percent	0.60 percent
Emerging Market Debt	0.46 percent	3.90 percent
Core Real Estate	8.50 percent	4.90 percent
Opportunity Fund	6.00 percent	3.80 percent
Private Equity	8.50 percent	6.60 percent
Cash	1.00 percent	0.20 percent
Total	100.00 percent	

In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected rate of return assumption of 7.25%.

Sensitivity of the the District proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	1% Decrease in Trend Rates	Current Trend Rates	1% Increase in Trend Rates
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate	4.60%	5.60%	6.60%
Ultimate PERACare Medicare Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Initial Medicare Part A Trend Rate	2.50%	3.50%	4.50%
Ultimate Medicare Part A Trend Rate	3.50%	4.50%	5.50%
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$64,670,299	\$66,246,238	\$68,062,299

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2019, measurement date.
- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.50 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the projection test indicates the HCTF's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the District proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	(6.25%)	Rate (7.25%)	(8.25%)
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$74,902,051	\$66,246,238	\$58,839,353

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's fiduciary net position is available in PERA's CAFR, which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

14. Tax Abatement

GASB issued Statement No. 77 *Tax Abatement Disclosures* went into effect in fiscal year 2017. Statement No. 77 captures all abatements between a government and an individual or entity in which the government promises to forego tax revenue and the entity promises to subsequently take a specific action that contributes to the economy. The District receives the majority of its tax revenue from Jefferson County and a small portion from Broomfield County. Responses from both Jefferson County and Broomfield County state that they do not currently have any tax abatement agreements with an individual or entity in which the government promises to forego tax revenue.

15. Budget/GAAP reporting differences

The accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance (deficit) for the general fund budget and actual has been prepared on a legally prescribed basis of accounting, which differs from GAAP. The following Revenue and Expenditure (excluding other financing uses) and Fund Balance schedules identify these differences for the general fund. Component units are reported on GAAP basis.

		Effect of:		
	GAAP Basis	On-behalf State		Budget Basis
	Reporting	Contributions to PERA		Reporting
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 448,216,589	\$ -	\$	448,216,589
Intergovernmental	344,555,425	(12,943,101)		331,612,324
Investment income	2,375,890	-		2,375,890
Other	19,919,874	-		19,919,874
Total revenues	815,067,778	(12,943,101)	_	802,124,677
Expenditures:	 		\square	
Current:				
General administration	30,631,551	(559,349)		30,072,202
School administration	64,122,116	(1,170,904)		62,951,212
General instruction	364,248,926	(6,651,382)		357,597,544
Special education instruction	67,968,411	(1,241,140)		66,727,271
Instructional support	103,609,052	(1,891,957)		101,717,095
Operations and maintenance	78,221,651	(1,428,369)		76,793,282
Principal retirements	2,435,000	-		2,435,000
Interest and fiscal charges	578,043	-		578,043
Total expenditures	711,814,750	(12,943,101)		698,871,649
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	103,253,028	-		103,253,028
Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
Transfers out	(66,497,321)	-		(66,497,321)
Transfers in	200,000	-		200,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	(66,297,321)	-	\square	(66,297,321)
Net change in fund balances	36,955,707	-		36,955,707
Fund balances - July 1, 2019	141,067,208			141,067,208
Fund balances - June 30, 2020	\$ 178,022,915	\$ -	\$	178,022,915

The on-behalf payment contribution from the State to PERA lowers the pension expense and liability to cover the unfunded portion of the pension trust fund.

Required Supplementary Information

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Last 10 Measurement Periods (began in 2013)

District's properties (normantage) of the		2019	2018	2017		
District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability		9.0181922946%	8.8525295467%	10.1435305492%		
District's proportionate share of the collective pension liability	\$	1,347,298,359 \$	1,567,522,188 \$	3,280,057,279		
State's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability		170,887,660	214,336,891	-		
-	\$	1,518,186,019 \$	1,781,859,079	\$ 3,280,057,279		
Covered payroll	\$	570,877,669 \$	511,406,769 \$	464,620,159		
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		236.00%	306.51%	705.97%		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		64.52%	57.01%	43.96%		

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Since years prior to 2013 were not reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, the information is not available. Primary government only, does not include component units.

<u>2016</u>	2015	2014	2013
10.4256037294%	10.4006569806%	10.7060040809%	11.1397491568%
\$ 3,107,987,859	\$ 1,590,707,061	\$ 1,451,023,165	\$ 1,420,871,997
-	-	-	-
\$ 3,107,987,859	\$ 1,590,707,061	\$ 1,451,023,165	\$ 1,420,871,997
\$ 466,519,811	\$ 444,493,990	\$ 448,446,768	\$ 449,164,037
666.21%	357.87%	323.57%	316.34%
43.10%	59.20%	62.80%	64.06%



JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Last 10 Measurement Periods (began in 2016)

District's proportion (percentage) of the	2019	2018	2017	<u>2016</u>	
District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net OPEB liability	5.8938040284%	5.7542079222%	5.7635097638%	5.9259699159%	
District's proportionate share of the collective OPEB liability	\$ 66,246,238 \$	78,288,417 \$	74,902,573 \$	76,832,214	
Covered payroll	\$ 570,877,669 \$	511,406,769 \$	464,620,159 \$	466,519,811	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	11.60%	15.31%	16.12%	16.47%	
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	24.49%	17.03%	17.53%	16.72%	

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of December 31.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. Since years prior to 2013 were not

reported in accordance with the current GASB standards, the information is not available.

Primary government only, does not include component units.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Schedule of Pension Contributions and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

As of June 30,	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 112,632,076	\$ 99,722,465	\$ 87,572,892	\$ 86,576,161
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 112,632,076	 99,722,465	 87,572,892	 86,576,161
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 	\$
Covered payroll	581,258,468	521,288,369	470,576,691	471,682,591
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	19.38%	19.13%	18.61%	18.35%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Primary government only, does not include component units.

<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
\$ 80,716,775	\$ 76,073,368	\$ 71,460,506	\$ 68,180,512	\$ 64,468,508	\$ 64,159,524
 80,716,775	 76,073,368	 71,460,506	 68,180,512	 64,468,508	 64,159,524
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
455,031,063	450,960,315	445,953,649	450,325,361	452,971,847	478,394,132
17.74%	16.87%	16.02%	15.14%	14.23%	13.41%

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Schedule of OPEB Contributions and Related Ratios Last 10 Fiscal Years

As of June 30,	2020	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	2017
Statutorily required contributions	\$ 5,928,004	\$ 5,317,146	\$ 4,799,882	\$ 4,811,163
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	 5,928,004	 5,317,146	 4,799,882	 4,811,163
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 0	\$
Covered payroll	581,258,468	521,288,369	470,576,691	471,682,591
Contribution as a percentage of covered payroll	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of June 30. Primary government only, does not include component units.

2016	2015	<u>2014</u>	2013		<u>2012</u>	2011
\$ 4,641,317	\$ 4,599,795	\$ 4,548,727	\$ 4,593,319	\$	4,620,313	\$ 4,879,620
 4,641,317	 4,599,795	 4,548,727	 4,593,319	_	4,620,313	 4,879,620
\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$ -
455,031,063	450,960,315	445,953,649	450,325,361		452,971,847	478,394,132
1.02%	1.02%	1.02%	1.02%		1.02%	1.02%



Supplementary Information

The Combining Financial Statements represent the second level of financial reporting for the District. These financial statements present more detailed information for the individual funds in a format that segregates information by fund type.



Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds account for revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

Campus Activity Fund – This fund is used to account for revenues collected on behalf of the participants who will benefit from the expenditures.

Transportation Fund – This fund is used to account for student transportation services.

Food and Nutrition Services Fund – This fund is used to account for all food services related to serving student meals.

Major Governmental Funds

Bond Redemption Debt Service

Bond Redemption Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term general obligation debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects

Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund – This fund is authorized by Colorado School Law and is used to fund ongoing capital needs such as site acquisition, building additions and equipment purchases.

Building Fund – Capital Projects – This fund is used to account for resources from the 2018 voter approved bond for a six year capital improvement program.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2020

		Sp	ecial	Revenue Fund	ls			Total
		Campus Activity Fund	Т	ransportation Fund	Nu	Food & trition Service Fund	s	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets								
Cash	\$	107,947	\$	500	\$	1,275	\$	109,722
Equity in pooled cash with investments		12,728,228		2,211,238		5,395,282		20,334,748
Accounts and interest receivable		56,413		143,664		13,202		213,279
Intergovernmental receivables:								
From the federal/state government		-		-		240,295		240,295
Inventories		300,010		608,601		1,634,191		2,542,802
Prepaid items		-		47,828		-		47,828
Total assets	\$	13,192,598	\$	3,011,831	\$	7,284,245	\$	23,488,674
Liabilities	¢	< 40.00 -	<i>•</i>		.		•	
Accounts payable	\$	649,807	\$	342,857	\$	21,512	\$	1,014,176
Accrued salaries and benefits		17,379		2,012,545		984,339		3,014,263
Unearned revenues		125,180		-		1,204,224		1,329,404
Total liabilities		792,366		2,355,402		2,210,075		5,357,843
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory		300,010		608,601		1,634,191		2,542,802
Prepaid items		-		47,828		-		47,828
Restricted for:								
TABOR		528,350		-		-		528,350
Food Service		-		-		3,439,979		3,439,979
Committed to:								
Special revenue funds		11,571,872		-		-		11,571,872
Total fund balance		12,400,232		656,429		5,074,170		18,130,831
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	13,192,598	\$	3,011,831	\$	7,284,245	\$	23,488,674

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds - Special Revenue Funds

Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	5	Speci	al Revenue Fu	nds			Total
	Campus Activity Fund		ransportation Fund		Food & Nutrition Services Fund	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental:							
Federal government	\$ -	\$	-	\$	9,197,663	\$	9,197,663
State of Colorado	-		5,330,093		350,613		5,680,706
Commodities	-		-		1,558,016		1,558,016
Other:							
Interest	4,937		-		86,992		91,929
Food Sales	-		-		9,455,231		9,455,231
Student activities	4,033,821		-		-		4,033,821
Fundraising	1,862,119		-		-		1,862,119
Fees and dues	7,030,093		-		-		7,030,093
Donations	3,739,513		-		-		3,739,513
Miscellaneous	4,596,439		-		-		4,596,439
Service contracts	-		3,530,342	_	206,215		3,736,557
Total revenues	 21,266,922		8,860,435		20,854,730		50,982,087
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General instruction	21,983,842		-		-		21,983,842
Food service operations	-		-		24,718,272		24,718,272
Transportation	-		27,182,363		-		27,182,363
Total expenditures	 21,983,842		27,182,363		24,718,272		73,884,477
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(716,920)		(18,321,928)		(3,863,542)		(22,902,390)
Other Financing Sources (uses):							
Transfers in	996,441		18,319,843		3,900,000		23,216,284
Total other financing sources (uses)	 996,441	_	18,319,843		3,900,000		23,216,284
Net change in fund balance	279,521		(2,085)		36,458		313,894
Fund balance - July 1, 2019	12,120,711		658,514		5,037,712		17,816,937
Fund balance - June 30, 2020	\$ 12,400,232	\$	656,429	\$	5,074,170	\$	18,130,831

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Bond Redemption Debt Service Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	 Bond Red	empti	on Debt Service	e Fu	ind
	udget Amounts iginal and Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Taxes:					
Property taxes Interest	\$ 69,317,963 200,000	\$	70,801,178 772,674	\$	1,483,215 572,674
Total taxes	 69,517,963		71,573,852		2,055,889
Expenditures: Debt Service Principal retirement Interest and fiscal charges Total expenditures	 43,820,000 30,697,963 74,517,963		43,820,000 30,689,713 74,509,713		8,250 8,250
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(5,000,000)		(2,935,861)		2,064,139
Net change in fund balance	\$ (5,000,000)		(2,935,861)	\$	2,064,139
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020		\$	79,487,368 76,551,507		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Caj	pital Reserve Ca	apital	Projects Fund	
	 Budge Original	t Am	ounts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:		÷				
Interest	\$ 32,000	\$	32,000	\$	840,023	\$ 808,023
Other	 1,964,919		4,164,919		3,972,479	 (192,440)
Total revenues	 1,996,919		4,196,919		4,812,502	 615,583
Expenditures: Capital outlay:						
Facility improvements	11,140,553		11,167,251		5,132,337	6,034,914
District utilization	45,634		45,634		477,122	(431,488)
New construction	1,371,934		1,371,934		1,914,368	(542,434)
Vehicles	684,850		684,850		1,332,809	(647,959)
Acquisition - Free Horizon Site	-		5,585,000		5,585,000	-
Principal Payment - COP	-		1,560,000		1,560,000	-
Interest payment - COP & Bank Debt	3,207,325		1,647,325		1,708,993	(61,668)
Total expenditures	 16,450,296		22,061,994		17,710,629	4,351,365
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(14,453,377)		(17,865,075)		(12,898,127)	4,966,948
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in	 23,857,796		23,884,494		23,884,494	 -
Total other financing sources	 23,857,796		23,884,494		23,884,494	 -
Net change in fund balance	\$ 9,404,419	\$	6,019,419		10,986,367	\$ 4,966,948
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020				\$	33,513,908 44,500,275	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Building Fund - Capital Projects Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Building I	Fund	- Capital Project	s Fu	nd
		Budget Amounts Driginal and Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢		٩		¢	
Interest	\$	6,800,000	\$	7,011,152	\$	211,152
Total revenues		6,800,000		7,011,152		211,152
Expenditures: Capital outlay:						
Facility improvements		95,863,787		68,351,842		27,511,945
District utilization		173,208		458,678		(285,470)
New construction		50,555,606		41,892,910		8,662,696
Administration		-		126,774		(126,774)
Total expenditures		146,592,601	_	110,830,204	_	35,762,397
Excess of revenues over						
(under) expenditures		(139,792,601)		(103,819,052)		35,973,549
Net change in fund balance	\$	(139,792,601)		(103,819,052)	\$	35,973,549
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020			\$	336,442,901 232,623,849		

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual (Budget Basis) Campus Activity Special Revenue Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

				Campus A	Acti	vity Fund		
		Budgeted Original	l Amo	ounts Final		Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:	¢	4.000	¢	4.000		1025	¢	
Interest	\$	4,893	\$	4,893	\$,	\$	44
Student activities		5,937,533		5,937,533		4,033,821		(1,903,712)
Fundraising		2,817,854		2,817,854		1,862,119		(955,735)
Fees and dues		8,747,572		8,747,572		7,030,093		(1,717,479)
Donations		4,134,558		4,134,558		3,739,513		(395,045)
Miscellaneous		4,664,184		4,664,184		4,596,439		(67,745)
Total revenues		26,306,594		26,306,594		21,266,922		(5,039,672)
Expenditures: Current: Athletics and activities Total expenditures Excess of revenues over		27,370,505 27,370,505		27,428,382 27,428,382		21,983,842 21,983,842		5,444,540 5,444,540
(under) expenditures		(1,063,911)		(1,121,788)		(716,920)		404,868
Other financing sources: Transfers in Total other financing sources (uses)		1,100,000 1,100,000		1,200,000 1,200,000		996,441 996,441		(203,559) (203,559)
Net change in fund balance	\$	36,089	\$	78,212	:	279,521	\$	201,309
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	12,120,711 12,400,232		

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Transportation Special Revenue Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

				Transportation	n Fun	ıd	
	Bu	Original dget Amounts	Bu	Final dget Amounts		Actual	Variance with inal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenues:							
Service contracts	\$	3,419,185	\$	3,419,185	\$	3,530,342	\$ 111,157
State of Colorado		5,054,487		5,054,487		5,330,093	 275,606
Total revenues		8,473,672		8,473,672		8,860,435	 386,763
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Transporation		27,433,371		27,572,284		27,182,363	389,921
Total expenditures		27,433,371		27,572,284		27,182,363	 389,921
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(18,959,699)		(19,098,612)		(18,321,928)	776,684
Other financing sources:							
Transfers in		18,959,699		19,098,612		18,319,843	 (778,769)
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,959,699		19,098,612		18,319,843	 (778,769)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$			(2,085)	\$ (2,085)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019 Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	658,514 656,429	

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Food & Nutrition Service Special Revenue Fund Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

			F	ood & Nutriti	on S	Service Fund		
		Budget A	Amo	ounts				Variance with Final Budget - Positive
		Original		Final		Actual		(Negative)
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental:								
Federal Government	\$	10,776,001	\$	10,776,001	\$	9,197,663	\$	(1,578,338)
State of Colorado		-		-		350,613	•	350,613
Commodities		1,531,416		1,531,416		1,558,016		26,600
Other:								
Food Sales		12,431,057		12,431,057		9,455,231		(2,975,826)
Service Contracts		56,000		56,000		206,215		150,215
Interest		10,000		10,000		86,992		76,992
Total revenues		24,804,474		24,804,474		20,854,730		(3,949,744)
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Purchased food		7,761,563		7,761,563		7,108,378		653,185
USDA commodities		1,531,416		1,531,416		1,498,917		32,499
Salaries and employee benefits		12,428,838		12,953,919		13,096,521		(142,602)
Administrative services		2,095,233		2,095,233		1,859,097		236,136
Supplies		1,079,000		1,579,000		1,091,453		487,547
Repairs and maintenance		70,000		70,000		13,708		56,292
Capital Outlay		75,000		75,000		50,198		24,802
Total expenditures	_	25,041,050		26,066,131	_	24,718,272		1,347,859
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(236,576)		(1,261,657)		(3,863,542)		(2,601,885)
Other financing sources:								
Transfers in		-		5,000,000		3,900,000		(1,100,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		5,000,000		3,900,000		(1,100,000)
Net change in fund balance	\$	(236,576)	\$	3,738,343		36,458	\$	(3,701,885)
Fund balance - July 1, 2019						5,037,712		
Fund balance - June 30, 2020					\$	5,074,170		



Internal Service Funds

Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods or services provided by one department to other departments and schools on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Central Services Fund – This fund accounts for costs of operations to various users. Costs of operations include all direct costs plus depreciation, space rental, utilities, interest, and maintenance costs. Programs include: Copier, Printing, and Equipment Repair.

Employee Benefits Fund – This fund accounts for the self-insurance programs for dental, vision and group life.

Insurance Reserve Fund – This fund is authorized by state law to allow the District to maintain an insurance reserve for self-insurance purposes and to fund liability, workers' compensation, and property insurance premiums.

Technology Fund – This fund is used to allocate the costs for the various technology-related activities to schools and departments.

Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds

June 30, 2020

Assets		Central Services Fund		Employee Benefits Fund		Insurance Reserve Fund
Current assets:						
Cash	\$	300	\$	-	\$	-
Restricted cash		-		37,000		-
Equity in pooled cash with investments		508,841		43,277,739		7,199,400
Accounts and other receivable		14,861		21,096		22,731
Inventories		197,244		-		-
Prepaid items		16,008		-		3,656,237
Total current assets		737,254		43,335,835		10,878,368
Capital assets:						
Vehicles and equipment		3,193,280		-		106,790
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,786,941)		-		(106,790)
Total capital assets net of accumulated depreciation		1,406,339		-		-
Total assets	\$	2,143,593	\$	43,335,835	\$	10,878,368
Liabilities and Net Position						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	\$	227,032	\$	156,341	\$	383,751
Accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated absences	Ŷ	71,185	Ψ	2,560,361	Ψ	40,241
Payroll withholding		-		28,810,783		
Other unearned revenues		-				-
Estimated liability for premiums and claims		-		278,000		6,253,059
Total current liabilities		298,217		31,805,485		6,677,051
Non-current liabilities:						
Compensated absences		62,512		641		28,372
Total non-current liabilities		62,512		641		28,372
Total liabilities		360,729		31,806,126		6,705,423
Net Position						
Investment in capital assets		1,406,339		-		-
Restricted for:						
TABOR		717		6,372		30,374
Unrestricted		375,808		11,523,337		4,142,571
Total net position		1,782,864		11,529,709		4,172,945
Total liabilities and net position	\$	2,143,593	\$	43,335,835	\$	10,878,368

			Total Governmental
			Activities -
	Technology		Internal
	Fund		Service Funds
\$	-	\$	300
Ψ	-	Ψ	37,000
	6,775,723		57,761,703
	80,633		139,321
	-		197,244
	2,430,301		6,102,546
_	9,286,657		64,238,114
	33,032,798		36,332,868
_	(27,574,140)		(29,467,871)
	5,458,658		6,864,997
\$	14,745,315	\$	71,103,111
_			
¢	000 000	¢	1 ((0.110
\$	900,988	\$	1,668,112
	1,257,476		3,929,263
	- 220,414		28,810,783 220,414
	220,414		6,531,059
	2,378,878		41,159,631
	2,370,070		41,159,051
	1,032,549		1,124,074
	1,032,549		1,124,074
	i		
	3,411,427		42,283,705
	5,458,658		6,864,997
			50,259
	12,796		50,257
	12,796 5,862,434		21,904,150
	,		· · · · ·
\$	5,862,434	\$	21,904,150

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Central Services Fund	Employ Benef Func	its	Insurance Reserve Fund
Revenues:				
Insurance premiums	\$ -	\$ 6,433	8,681 \$	1,114,802
Service contracts	2,679,890		-	-
Total revenues	2,679,890	6,433	8,681	1,114,802
Expenses:				
Salaries and employee benefits	1,126,698	75	5,650	725,108
Administration services	286,969	536	5,434	545,739
Utilities	1,688		-	-
Supplies	1,302,861		-	-
Repairs and maintenance	342,166		-	-
Depreciation	352,924		-	-
Other	-		-	-
Claim losses	-	5,799	-	5,764,211
Premiums paid	-		3,246	3,403,007
Total expenses	3,413,306	6,449	9,696	10,438,065
Income (loss) from operations	(733,416) (16	5,015)	(9,323,263)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):				
Interest revenues	16,820	321	,636	220,927
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(1,364)	-	-
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)	15,456	321	,636	220,927
Income (loss) before transfers	(717,960) 305	5,621	(9,102,336)
Transfers from the general fund	-		-	6,882,947
Change in net position	(717,960) 305	5,621	(2,219,389)
Net position - July 1, 2019	2,500,824	11,224	1,088	6,392,334
Net position - June 30, 2020	\$ 1,782,864	\$ 11,529		

 Technology Fund	Total Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
\$ 20,223,574	\$ 7,548,483 22,903,464
 20,223,574	30,451,947
 17,235,296 3,114,438 1,525,635 1,471,777 5,169,179 1,318,838 71,407 	19,162,752 4,483,580 1,527,323 2,774,638 5,511,345 1,671,762 71,407 11,563,577 3,441,253 50,207,637 (19,755,690)
 167,280	726,663 (1,364) 725,299
 (9,515,716)	(19,030,391)
 9,001,776 (513,940)	<u> </u>
\$ 11,847,828 11,333,888	31,965,074 \$ 28,819,406

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	 Central Services Fund	 Employee Benefits Fund		Insurance Reserve Fund
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash paid to employees Cash paid to vendors Net cash provided by (used for) in operating activities	\$ 2,681,165 (1,125,091) (1,819,226) (263,152)	\$ 6,431,635 (5,894,159) 1,063,801 1,601,277	\$	3,470,684 (701,888) (10,023,879) (7,255,083)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Transfers in and (out) Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities	 -	 -	_	6,882,947 6,882,947
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Purchase of capital assets Net cash (used for) capital and related financing activities	 (262,068)	 		
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received Net cash provided by investing activities	 16,820 16,820	 321,636 321,636	_	220,927 220,927
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(508,400)	1,922,913		(151,209)
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 2019 Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2020	\$ 1,017,541 509,141	\$ 41,391,826 43,314,739	\$	7,350,609 7,199,400
Reconciliation of cash flows from operating activities: Income (Loss) from operations	\$ (733,418)	\$ (16,015)	\$	(9,323,263)
Cash flows from operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease intergovernmental and other receivables (Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase) decrease in prepaid items Increase in other inventories Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated and compensated balances Increase in payroll withholding Increase in estimated liability for premiums and claims Net cash provided by (used for) in operating activities	\$ 352,924 1,275 1,180 17,821 95,460 1,606 	\$ (2,046) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	\$	2,355,882 (680,843) - - 23,218 - - 369,923 (7,255,083)
Noncash investing, capital, and financing activities: Disposal and write off of capital assets	\$ (1,364)	\$ -	\$	-

_	Technology Fund	Governmental Activities - Internal Service Funds
	\$ 20,179,483	\$ 32,762,967
	(16,942,144)	(24,663,282)
	(10,942,144) (11,887,158)	(22,666,462)
	(8,649,819)	(14,566,777)
	(0,0+7,017)	(14,300,777)
	9,001,776	15,884,723
	9,001,776	15,884,723
		· · ·
_	(2,337,665)	(2,599,733)
	(2,337,665)	(2,599,733)
-	(2,337,003)	(2,000,000)
_	167,280	726,663
	167,280	726,663
	(1,818,428)	(555,124)
_	8,594,151	58,354,127
5	\$ 6,775,723	\$ 57,799,003
ŝ	\$ (9,682,996)	\$ (19,755,692)
	1,318,838	1,671,762
	2,992	2,358,103
	(474,829)	(1,154,492)
	-	17,821
	(59,894)	35,566
	293,151	337,079
	-	1,642,042
	(47,081)	(47,081)
_	-	328,115
5	\$ (8,649,819)	\$ (14,566,777)
	-	\$ (1,364)



Component Units

The component units consist of sixteen charter school administrative units: Addenbrooke Classical Academy, Collegiate Academy of Colorado, Compass Montessori - Wheatridge, Compass Montessori - Golden, Doral Academy, Excel, Great Work Montessori School, Jefferson Academy, Lincoln Academy, Montessori Peaks, Mountain Phoenix, New America, Rocky Mountain Academy Evergreen, Rocky Mountain Deaf School, Two Roads High School and Woodrow Wilson Charter Schools. The schools have separate governing boards.

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Combining Statement of Net Position Component Units June 30, 2020

	Addenbro Classic Acaden	al	А	Collegiate cademy of Colorado		Compass Iontessori - Golden		Compass Montessori - Vheat Ridge	Dor	al Academy	Е	xcel Charter School		reat Work Iontessori
Assets														
Cash	\$	1,500	\$	1,000	\$	500	\$	400	\$	500	\$	500	\$	300
Restricted cash for debt service and														
deposits		8,609		733,163		-		-		-		636,329		-
Restricted cash for TABOR	22	1,843		112,282		117,884		85,477		52,576		144,603		57,501
Equity in pooled cash with investments	2.16	1 0 2 0		1 266 526		1,549,053		1 117 120		429,894		2 226 070		121 7(0
Accounts receivable	2,10	1,930 6		1,366,536		1,549,055		1,117,120		429,894 2,553		3,336,079 2,559		421,760
Capital assets		0		-		-		-		2,333		2,339		-
Land and construction in														
progress	7.44	6,291		1,931,168		1,016,509		1,611,958		-		506,927		-
Depreciable assets	14,19			7,667,517		5,207,748		2,553,202		271,978		5,488,169		-
Accumulated depreciation		0,268)		(4,002,669)		(2,552,908)		(1,081,636)		(271,978)		(2,758,545)		-
Total capital assets	20,57			5,596,016		3,671,349		3,083,524		-		3,236,551		-
Total assets	\$ 28,13	7,481	\$	7,808,997	\$	5,338,786	\$	4,286,521	\$	485,523	\$	7,356,621	\$	479,561
Deferred outflows of resources														
Loss on refunding		-		-		-		-		-		417,276		-
Pension														
Cont after measurement date		0,310		199,837		224,662		152,935		97,546		260,176		118,370
Change in assumptions		9,467		137,354		161,526		119,877		70,927		181,736		72,325
Change in proportionate share		4,247		105,126		123,626		91,749		54,285		139,094		55,355
Change in experience	49	95,337		262,216		308,363		228,852		135,403		346,944		138,073
OPEB														
Cont after measurement date		9,490		10,518		11,824		8,049		5,134		13,693		6,230
Change in experience		1,483		785		923		685		405		1,039		413
Change in proportionate share		0,910 3,707		5,775		6,784 2,308		5,038		2,984 1,013		7,643 2,597		3,040 1,033
Change in assumptions Total deferred outflows	-	4.951	e.	1,963	\$	2,308	¢	1,713 608,898	¢	367.697	e	1,370,198	¢	394,839
Total delerred outliows	\$ 1,17	4,931	3	125,514	3	840,010	\$	008,898	3	307,097	3	1,370,198	3	394,039
Liabilities														
Accounts payable	75	34.927		1,495		2,142		4,492		6.849		80,403		4,889
Accrued salaries and benefits		3,059		196,073		187,774		122,985		85,820		222,985		39,202
Unearned revenues	55.	-				21,886		30,135				-		
Accrued interest	6	5,100		9,813						131		14,525		-
Long term liabilities		-,		,,								,		
Due within 1 year		-		330,000		-		-		115,756		260,000		-
Due in more than 1 year	25,28	5,000		4,253,808		-		-		106,643		4,778,252		-
Net Pension liability	9,08	8,650		4,811,252		5,657,962		4,199,071		2,484,430		6,365,873		2,533,414
OPEB liability	44	6,886		236,568		278,200		206,467		122,159		313,008		124,567
Total liabilities	\$ 36,00	3,622	\$	9,839,009	\$	6,147,964	\$	4,563,150	\$	2,921,788	\$	12,035,046	\$	2,702,072
Deferred inflows of resources														
Pension														
Change in proportionate share		2,738		530,819		624,235		463,278		274,104		702,338		279,508
Change in investment earnings		6,641		569,941		670,242		497,422		294,305		754,101		300,108
Change in assumptions	4,12	2,526		2,182,338		2,566,398		1,904,659		1,126,914		2,887,500		1,149,133
OPEB		c 120		2.240		2 010		2 020		1 (72)		1.007		1 707
Change in proportionate share Change in investment earnings		6,120 7,459		3,240 3,949		3,810 4,644		2,828 3,446		1,673 2,039		4,287 5,225		1,706 2,079
Change in experience		7,439 5,093		3,949		4,044		34.694		2,039		52,597		2,079
Total deferred inflows		0,577	\$	3,330,039	\$	3,916,077	\$	2,906,327	\$	1,719,562	\$	4,406,048	\$	1,753,466
Total deletted liniows	\$ 0,29	0,377	ş	5,550,059	φ	5,910,077	\$	2,900,327	φ	1,/19,302	\$	4,400,048		1,755,400
Net Position														
Net investment in capital assets	30	0,432		1,587,584		3,671,348		3,083,523		(222,399)		(936,289)		-
Restricted for:	50	-,.52		1,007,004		5,571,540		2,000,020		(222,555)		(350,207)		
Debt service	89	2.532		723,350		-		-		(131)		621.804		-
TABOR		1,843		112,282		117,884		85,477		52,576		144,603		57,501
Unrestricted	(14,39			(7,059,693)		(7,674,471)		(5,743,058)		(3,618,176)		(7,544,393)		(3,638,639)
Total net position	\$ (12,98		\$	(4,636,477)	\$	(3,885,239)	\$	(2,574,058)		(3,788,130)	\$	(7,714,275)	\$	(3,581,138)
		<u> </u>			-		-		_		-		-	

5 1,200 5 1,139 5 500 5 500 24,939 242,872 244,875 244,875 244,875 25,27,83 12,29,483 12,29,483 12,29,493 5922,203 2,656,848 12,27,648 12,25,244 38,857 11,19,974 388,983 1,117,556 4,424,177 28,77,642 20,216,813 4,57,194 1,272,618 1,275,517 420,461 25,640,64 5,641,274 1,219,106 1,474,814,44 23,961,061 4,742,114 1,272,293 3,275,861 3,260,861 3,562,186 2,560,961 24,904,91 22,216,86 1,119,623 3,297,227 10,631,499 12,275,946 23,961,010 1,148,4534 4,143,491 4,143,492 4,292,99 3,235,488 3,119,76,721 3,564,668 11,196,623 3,297,227 10,631,499 12,279,946 34,454,20 1,148,4524 4,143,492 4,245,29 3,266,29 2,21,77 312,227 4,441,41 12,279,20 10,217,279 10,217,279 10,217,2	Jeffe	erson Academy	Lincoln Academy Charter School	Montessori Peaks	Mountain Phoenix	New America	Rocky Mountain Academy Evergreen	Rocky Mountain Deaf School	Two Roads High School	Woodrow Wilson Academy	Total Charter Schools
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	1,300	\$ 17,139	\$ 500	s -	\$ 300	s -	s -	\$ 500	\$ 500	24,939
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						-		-		-	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		40,707	204,450	120,110	105,726	т),/5/	00,557	00,217	152,415	175,400	2,207,055
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		5,922,303	2,636,848	1,273,698	1,226,304		1,119,974		1,157,566	4,424,177	
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		-	-	-		139,528		252,416	-		397,062
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						-					, ,
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$											
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$						<u> </u>					
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$										
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				·				- · ·			
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			121 452	538 521			20.128				1 007 377
$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$		-	121,432	556,521	-	-	20,128	-	-	-	1,077,377
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		1,130,657	514,176	331,619	416,375	139,046	198,553	234,374	344,083	444,279	5,668,350
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		42,941	21,009	12,086	16,739	4,754	8,229	8,748	13,250	17,522	220,216
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		3,385						702	1,030	1,330	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	¢										
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		738,571 164,932 675,184 24,441,669 20,745,756	349,659 12,830 97,709 170,000 6,421,732 9,434,303	190,112 - 50,161 225,000 5,275,000 6,084,687	38,505 116,726 120,000 6,383,507 7,639,822	78,032	165,338 - 18,795 40,000 1,608,318 3,643,133	159,560 - - 4,300,393	205,617 6,450 20,000 1,225,000 6,313,373	312,555 1,660 - - 8,151,814	3,387,342 105,016 544,342 1,955,940 79,778,929 104,005,196
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$	47,925,530	\$ 17,070,130	\$ 12,153,163	\$ 14,735,424	\$ 2,897,468	\$ 5,763,127	\$ 4,686,240	\$ 8,096,741	\$ 9,085,607	\$ 196,626,081
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		2 200 051	1.040.974	(71.215	842 801	201.477	401.042	474.450	(0)(54(900.279	11 474 750
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$											
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		12.050	(4.007		1.510	0.470	0.007		F (00	70.026
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $											
\$ 14,358,874 \$ 6,529,816 \$ 4,211,428 \$ 5,287,793 \$ 1,765,820 \$ 2,521,541 \$ 2,976,453 \$ 4,369,709 \$ 5,642,159 71,985,689 13,237,540 5,247,696 (260,907) 15,222 3,678,648 2,430,081 11,156,955 2,852,528 10,651,499 56,493,461 1,832,299 696,857 814,792 1,159,415 - 498,214 - 353,306 - 7,592,438 440,767 204,456 120,110 165,728 49,757 88,557 80,217 132,415 193,460 2,267,633 (29,208,961) (13,306,388) (9,175,636) (11,612,958) (3,729,928) (5,334,645) (6,468,500) (9,218,790) (9,083,085) (146,813,895)											
1,832,299 696,857 814,792 1,159,415 - 498,214 - 353,306 - 7,592,438 440,767 204,456 120,110 165,728 49,757 88,557 80,217 132,415 193,460 2,267,633 (29,208,961) (13,306,388) (9,175,636) (11,612,958) (3,729,928) (5,334,645) (6,468,500) (9,218,790) (9,083,085) (146,813,895)	\$										
440,767 204,456 120,110 165,728 49,757 88,557 80,217 132,415 193,460 2,267,633 (29,208,961) (13,306,388) (9,175,636) (11,612,958) (3,729,928) (5,334,645) (6,468,500) (9,218,790) (9,083,085) (146,813,895)		13,237,540	5,247,696	(260,907)	15,222	3,678,648	2,430,081	11,156,955	2,852,528	10,651,499	56,493,461
440,767 204,456 120,110 165,728 49,757 88,557 80,217 132,415 193,460 2,267,633 (29,208,961) (13,306,388) (9,175,636) (11,612,958) (3,729,928) (5,334,645) (6,468,500) (9,218,790) (9,083,085) (146,813,895)		1 022 200	COC 055	014 700	1 150 415		400 014		252.201		7 500 400
(29,208,961) (13,306,388) (9,175,636) (11,612,958) (3,729,928) (5,334,645) (6,468,500) (9,218,790) (9,083,085) (146,813,895)						- 49 757		80 217		- 193 460	
	\$					\$ (1,523)					



JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 Combining Statement of Activities Component Units Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

		Expenses		Charges For Services		Net Expenses		General Revenues		Change in net position		Net position beginning		Net position ending
Schools														
Addenbrooke Classical Academy	S	8,198,931	Ś	398,630	S	(7, 800, 301)	Ś	8,392,490	Ś	592,189	Ś	(13,573,956)	Ś	(12,981,767)
Collegiate Academy of Colorado		1,021,249		159,370		(861, 879)		4,348,582		3,486,703		(8, 123, 180)		(4,636,477)
Compass Montessori - Golden		4,391,606		563,630		(3,827,976)		4,036,993		209,017		(4,094,256)		(3,885,239)
Compass Montessori - Wheat Ridge		(648, 723)		809,607		1,458,330		2,434,628		3,892,958		(6,467,016)		(2,574,058)
Doral Academy		1,414,697		226,168		(1, 188, 529)		1,902,889		714,360		(4,502,490)		(3,788,130)
Excel Charter School		3,733,440		273,947		(3, 459, 493)		5,488,770		2,029,277		(9,743,552)		(7,714,275)
Great Work Montessori		1,818,855		579,868		(1,238,987)		1,631,325		392,338		(3,973,476)		(3,581,138)
Jefferson Academy		13,716,005		735,879		(12,980,126)		19, 142, 271		6,162,145		(19,860,500)		(13,698,355)
Lincoln Academy Charter School		3,499,875		274,529		(3, 225, 346)		7,881,079		4,655,733		(11, 813, 112)		(7, 157, 379)
Montessori Peaks		2,671,794		585,302		(2,086,492)		4,134,433		2,047,941		(10,549,582)		(8, 501, 641)
Mountain Phoenix		4,913,222		594, 151		(4, 319, 071)		5,970,308		1,651,237		(11,923,830)		(10, 272, 593)
New America		(1, 170, 354)		336,368		1,506,722		1,643,184		3, 149, 906		(3, 151, 429)		(1,523)
Rocky Mountain Academy Evergreen		2,935,975		208, 792		(2, 727, 183)		3,350,661		623,478		(2,941,271)		(2, 317, 793)
Rocky Mountain Deaf School		1,586,663		1,884,785		298,122		919,059		1,217,181		3,551,491		4,768,672
rwo Roads High School		3,806,631		275,539		(3, 531, 092)		5,004,296		1,473,204		(7, 353, 745)		(5,880,541)
Woodrow Wilson Academy		3,901,875		313,522		(3,588,353)		7,345,041		3,756,688		(1,994,814)		1,761,874
Total	6	55 791 741	¢.	8 220 087	¥	(47 571 654)	¥	83 676 009	¢.	36 054 355	¥	(116 514 718)	¥	(80 460 363)

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 All Component Units Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

	Addenbrooke Classical Academy	Collegiate Academy of Colorado	Compass Montessori - Golden	Compass Montessori - Wheat Ridge	Doral Academy	Excel Charter School	Great Work Montessori
Assets:							
Cash	\$ 1,500	\$ 1,000	\$ 500	\$ 400	\$ 500	\$ 500	\$ 300
Restricted Cash	5,400,452	845,445	117,884	85,477	52,576	780,932	57,501
Equity in pooled cash with investments	2,161,930	1,366,536	1,549,053	1,117,120	429,894	3,336,079	421,760
Accounts, notes, contracts, and interest receivable	6		-	- 1 202 007	2,553	2,559	- 470.5(1
Total Assets	\$ 7,563,888	\$ 2,212,981	\$ 1,667,437	\$ 1,202,997	\$ 485,523	\$ 4,120,070	\$ 479,561
Liabilities and fund balances (deficit)							
Liabilities:							
Accounts and retainages payable	784,927	1,495	2,142	4,492	6,849	80,403	4,889
Accrued salaries, benefits, and compensated absences Unearned revenues	333,059	196,073	187,774 21,886	122,985 30,135	85,820	222,985	39,202
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,117,986	\$ 197,568	\$ 211,802	\$ 157,612	\$ 92,669	\$ 303,388	\$ 44,091
Fund balances: Restricted for:							
TABOR	221,843	112,282	117,884	85,477	52,576	144,603	57,501
Debt service	957,632	733,163	-	-	-	636,329	-
Construction	4,220,977	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	1,045,450	1,169,968	1,337,751	959,908	340,278	3,035,750	377,969
Total fund balances (deficit)	6,445,902	2,015,413	1,455,635	1,045,385	392,854	3,816,682	435,470
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 7,563,888	\$ 2,212,981	\$ 1,667,437	\$ 1,202,997	\$ 485,523	\$ 4,120,070	\$ 479,561
Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of net position are different because: Component units total fund balance	\$ 6,445,902	\$ 2,015,413	\$ 1,455,635	\$ 1,045,385	\$ 392,854	\$ 3,816,682	\$ 435,470
Add: Capital assets	21,643,861	9,598,685	6,224,257	4,165,160	271,978	5,995,096	-
Deferred outflows - Loss on refunding	-	-	-	-	-	417,276	-
Pension							
Deferred outflows - Cont after measurement	370,310	199,837	224,662	152,935	97,546	260,176	118,370
Deferred outflows - change in assumptions	259,467	137,354	161,526	119,877	70,927	181,736	72,325
Deferred outflows - Change in proportion share	14,247	105,126	123,626	91,749	54,285	139,094	55,355
Deferred outflows - Change in experience OPEB	495,337	262,216	308,363	228,852	135,403	346,944	138,073
Deferred outflows - Contributions subsequent to me	a 19,490	10,518	11,824	8,049	5,134	13,693	6,230
Deferred outflows - Change in Experience	1,483	785	923	685	405	1,039	413
Deferred outflows - Change in proportion share	10,910	5,775	6,784	5,038	2,984	7,643	3,040
Deferred outflows - Change in Assumptions	3,707	1,963	2,308	1,713	1,013	2,597	1,033
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,070,268)	(4,002,669)	(2,552,908)	(1,081,636)	(271,978)	(2,758,545)	-
Long-term liabilities	(25,285,000)	(4,583,808)	-	-	(222,399)	(5,038,252)	-
Accrued interest Pension	(65,100)	(9,813)	-	-	(131)	(14,525)	-
Deferred inflows - Change in proportion share	(1,002,738)	(530,819)	(624,235)	(463,278)	(274,104)	(702,338)	(279,508)
Deferred inflows - Change in investment earnings	(1,076,641)	(569,941)	(670,242)	(497,422)	(294,305)	(754,101)	(300,108)
Deferred inflows - Change in assumptions	(4,122,526)	(2,182,338)	(2,566,398)	(1,904,659)	(1,126,914)	(2,887,500)	(1,149,133)
Pension liability	(9,088,650)	(4,811,252)	(5,657,962)	(4,199,071)	(2,484,430)	(6,365,873)	(2,533,414)
OPEB	, i	,	,	, ,	,	,	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Deferred inflows - Change in proportion share	(6,120)	(3,240)	(3,810)	(2,828)	(1,673)	(4,287)	(1,706)
Deferred inflows - Change in investment earnings	(7,459)	(3,949)	(4,644)	(3,446)	(2,039)	(5,225)	(2,079)
Deferred inflows - Change in experience	(75,093)	(39,752)	(46,748)	(34,694)	(20,527)	(52,597)	(20,932)
OPEB liability	(446,886)	(236,568)	(278,200)	(206,467)	(122,159)	(313,008)	(124,567)
Net position of component unit activities	\$ (12,981,767)	\$ (4,636,477)	\$ (3,885,239)	\$ (2,574,058)	\$ (3,788,130)	\$ (7,714,275)	\$ (3,581,138)

 Jefferson Academy	Lincoln Academy arter School	N	Aontessori Peaks]	Mountain Phoenix	Ne	ew America	cky Mountain Academy Evergreen	Rocky Mountain eaf School	wo Roads igh School	Woodrow Wilson Academy	Total Charter Schools
\$ 1,300 2,679,649 5,922,303 - 8,603,252	\$ 17,139 999,023 2,636,848 - 3,653,010	\$	500 985,063 1,273,698 - 2,259,261	\$	1,441,869 1,226,304 - 2,668,173	\$	300 49,757 426,317 139,528 615,902	\$ 605,566 1,119,974 - 1,725,540	\$ 80,217 308,083 252,416 640,716	\$ 500 492,171 1,157,566 - 1,650,237	\$ 500 193,460 4,424,177 - 4,618,137	24,939 14,867,042 28,877,642 397,062 44,166,685
\$ 139,356 738,571 - 877,927	\$ 120,015 349,659 12,830 482,504	\$	29,021 190,112 - 219,133	\$	61,216 - 38,505 99,721	\$	142,728 78,032 - 220,760	\$ 108,411 165,338 	\$ 14,838 159,560 - 174,398	\$ 15,874 205,617 - 221,491	\$ 218,756 312,555 1,660 532,971	1,735,412 3,387,342 105,016 5,227,770
 440,767 1,997,231 241,651 5,045,676 7,725,325	 204,456 794,566 - 2,171,484 3,170,506		120,110 864,953 - 1,055,065 2,040,128		165,728 1,276,141 - 1,126,583 2,568,452		49,757 - - 345,385 395,142	 88,557 517,010 - 846,224 1,451,791	 80,217 - - 386,101 466,318	 132,415 359,756 - 936,575 1,428,746	 193,460 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	2,267,633 8,136,781 4,462,628 24,071,873 38,938,915
\$ 8,603,252	\$ 3,653,010	\$	2,259,261	\$	2,668,173	\$	615,902	\$ 1,725,540	\$ 640,716	\$ 1,650,237	\$ 4,618,137	44,166,685
\$ 7,725,325	\$ 3,170,506 13,316,925	\$	2,040,128 7,103,658	\$	2,568,452 7,094,981	\$	395,142 3,935,803	\$ 1,451,791 7,187,244	\$ 466,318	\$ 1,428,746 5,952,874	4,085,166 15,408,736	38,938,915 167,357,683
815,880 592,260 453,294 1,130,657	121,452 399,168 269,335 206,139 514,176		538,521 229,630 173,709 132,950 331,619		318,040 218,105 166,930 416,375		90,317 72,835 55,745 139,046	20,128 156,356 104,006 79,602 198,553	166,220 122,770 93,963 234,374	251,747 180,237 137,947 344,083		1,097,377 4,184,121 2,969,191 2,088,169 5,668,350
42,941 3,385 24,907 8,463 (9,310,729) (25,116,853) (1(4,922)	21,009 1,539 11,327 3,848 (2,075,361) (6,591,732)		12,086 993 7,306 2,482 (2,929,265) (5,500,000)		16,739 1,247 9,170 3,116 (1,162,252) (6,503,507) (1)(6,726)		4,754 416 3,061 1,041 (257,155)	8,229 594 4,373 1,486 (3,519,236) (1,648,318) (1,648,318)	8,748 702 5,163 1,754 (2,079,731)	13,250 1,030 7,576 2,575 (1,955,647) (1,245,000)	17,522 1,330 9,782 3,325 (4,757,237)	220,216 16,969 124,839 42,424 (39,784,617) (81,734,869) (81,734,869)
(164,932) (2,288,851) (2,457,541) (9,410,078) (20,745,756)	(97,709) (1,040,874) (1,117,587) (4,279,310) (9,434,303)		(50,161) (671,315) (720,792) (2,759,956) (6,084,687)		(116,726) (842,891) (905,013) (3,465,351) (7,639,822)		- (281,477) (302,223) (1,157,229) (2,551,263)	(18,795) (401,942) (431,565) (1,652,490) (3,643,133)	- (474,456) (509,424) (1,950,617) (4,300,393)	(6,450) (696,546) (747,882) (2,863,686) (6,313,373)	(899,378) (965,663) (3,697,586) (8,151,814)	(544,342) (11,474,750) (12,320,450) (47,175,771) (104,005,196)
\$ (13,970) (17,026) (171,408) (1,020,062) (13,698,355)	\$ (6,353) (7,743) (77,949) (463,882) (7,157,379)	\$	(4,097) (4,994) (50,274) (299,182) (8,501,641)	\$ ((5,145) (6,270) (63,123) (375,648) (10,272,593)	\$	(1,718) (2,094) (21,079) (125,445) (1,523)	\$ (2,453) (2,990) (30,101) (179,132) (2,317,793)	\$ (2,896) (3,529) (35,531) (211,449) 4,768,672	\$ (4,251) (5,181) (52,163) (310,427) (5,880,541)	\$ (5,489) (6,690) (67,353) (400,822) 1,761,874	(70,036) (85,358) (859,324) (5,113,904) (80,460,363)

JEFFERSON COUNTY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NO. R-1 All Component Units Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance (Deficit) Fiscal year ended June 30, 2020

	Addenbroo Classical Academy		Collegiate Academy of Colorado	Compass Montessori - Golden	Μ	Compass Iontessori - /heat Ridge	Doral Academy	Excel Charter School	reat Work Iontessori
Revenues:									
Intergovernmental Other revenue*	\$ 8,392,4 398,0		4,348,582	\$ 4,036,993 563,630	\$	2,434,628 809,607	\$ 1,902,889 226,168	\$ 5,488,770 273,947	\$ 1,631,325 579,868
Total revenues	8,791,		4,507,952	4,600,623		3,244,235	2,129,057	5,762,717	 2,211,193
Expenditures: Current:									
Salaries and benefits*	5,151,	342	2,694,636	3,164,404		2,282,985	1,388,298	3,610,006	1,537,448
Purchased services	2,293,4		658,640	830,091		508,442	492,537	968,061	537,567
Materials and supplies	519,0		200,397	208,608		149,535	67,222	338,455	25,478
Capital outlay	3,632,		6,567	21,971		-	-	-	
Debt service	743,8		559,950			-	391,941	428,050	-
Total other instructional programs	12,340,0		4,120,190	4,225,074		2,940,962	2,339,998	5,344,572	 2,100,493
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(3,549,4	480)	387,762	375,549		303,273	(210,941)	418,145	110,700
Other Financing Sources (uses):									
Other financing use - Debt Repayment	(17,710,	000)	-	-		-	-	-	-
Other financing sources - New Debt	25,285,0	000	-	-		-	174,000		 -
Total other financing sources (uses)	7,575,0	000	-	-		-	174,000		-
Excess of Revenues and other Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures	4,025,5	520	387,762	375,549		303,273	(36,941)	418,145	110,700
	2 420	00	1 (27 (51	1 000 004		742 112	120 70(2 200 527	224 770
Fund balance (deficit) - July 1, 2019	2,420,3		1,627,651	1,080,084	¢	742,112	429,796 \$ 392.855	3,398,537	\$ 324,770
Fund balance (deficit) - June 30, 2020	\$ 6,445,9	902 \$	2,015,413	\$ 1,455,633	\$	1,045,385	\$ 392,855	\$ 3,816,682	\$ 435,470
Amounts reported for component unit activities in the statement of activities are different because:									
Excess of Revenues and other Financing Sources									
Over (Under) Expenditures	\$ 4,025,5	520 \$	387,762	\$ 375,549	\$	303,273	\$ (36,941)	\$ 418,145	\$ 110,700
Less: Depreciation expense	(407,9	920)	(939,455)	(195,545)		(1,025,742)	(94,392)	(319,145)	-
Loss on disposal of assets		-	-	-		-	-	-	-
Other sources - debt and amortization of									
premiums and discounts	(7,575,)00)	(1,927)	-		-	(174,000)	19,871	-
Deferred outflow loss on refunding		-	-	-		-	-	(30,909)	-
Change in accrued interest	1,1	313	602	-		-	79	625	-
Pension expense	294,4	145	884,312	33,047		1,075,235	634,752	1,238,305	283,874
OPEB expense	(27,	,	6,601	(26,005)		15,277	9,268	10,729	(2,236)
Add: Net capital outlay asset additions	4,280,9	996	2,838,808	21,971		3,524,915	-	441,656	-
Principal payment on long-term liabilities			310,000	-		-	375,594	250,000	 -
Change in net position of component unit activities	\$ 592,	189 \$	3,486,703	\$ 209,017	\$	3,892,958	\$ 714,360	\$ 2,029,277	\$ 392,338

*On-behalf state contributions to PERA are included in both Other Revenue and Salary/Benefits.

	Jefferson Academy		Lincoln Academy arter School	N	Aontessori Peaks		Mountain Phoenix	Ne	w America	Ro	ocky Mountain Academy Evergreen		Rocky Mountain eaf School		Two Roads High School		Woodrow Wilson Academy	Total C Scho	Charter ools
\$	19,142,271 735,879 19,878,150	\$	7,881,079 274,529 8,155,608	\$	4,134,433 585,302 4,719,735	\$	5,970,308 594,151 6,564,459	\$	1,643,184 336,368 1,979,552	\$	3,350,661 208,792 3,559,453	\$	919,059 <u>1,884,785</u> 2,803,844	\$	5,004,296 275,539 5,279,835	\$	7,345,041 313,522 7,658,563	8,	626,009 220,087 846,096
	19,878,130		8,133,008		4,/19,/55		0,304,439		1,979,552		5,559,455		2,805,844		3,279,835		7,038,303	91,	840,090
	11,059,785		5,402,422		3,216,859		4,220,591		1,334,474		2,191,159		2,390,103		3,454,986		4,587,777	57.	687,275
	3,583,180		1,186,531		987,655		1,050,210		817,697		709,606		392,509		1,019,949		1,157,159		193,251
	1,049,079		223,705		178,414		312,044		53,053		174,813		78,685		149,457		291,097		019,694
	5,356,685		201,834		6,272		108,900		513,138		145,262		-		45,787		922,634		961,419
	1,578,872		855,198		522,305		585,925		-		177,340		-		98,450		-		941,851
	22,627,601		7,869,690		4,911,505		6,277,670		2,718,362		3,398,180		2,861,297		4,768,629		6,958,667		803,490
			.,		.,,, ,0		0,211,010		_,,,		0,070,200		_,,_,,		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			,	
	(2,749,451)		285,918		(191,770)		286,789		(738,810)		161,273		(57,453)		511,206		699,896	(3,	957,394)
	- 6,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		710,000) 459,000
	6.000.000								<u> </u>							—			749,000
	0,000,000		-				-											15,	749,000
	3,250,549		285,918		(191,770)		286,789		(738,810)		161,273		(57,453)		511,206		699,896	9,	791,606
	4,474,773		2,884,588		2,231,898		2,281,663		1,133,952		1,290,518		523,771		917,538		3,385,270	29,	147,303
\$	7,725,322	\$	3,170,506	\$	2,040,128	\$	2,568,452	\$	395,142	\$	1,451,791	\$	466,318	\$	1,428,744	\$	4,085,166		938,909
\$	3,250,549	\$	285,918	\$	(191,770)	\$	286,789	\$	(738,810)	\$	161,273	\$	(57,453)	\$	511,206	\$	699,896	9,	791,606
	(3,629,417)		(378,398)		(579,702)		(212,340)		(3,548)		(1,095,946)		(420,200)		(1,552,101)		(1,087,579)	(11,	941,430)
	-		-		-		-		-		(9,473)		-		-		-		(9,473)
	(6,000,000)		(2,316)				(7,400)				(2,699)							(12	743,471)
	(0,000,000)		(5,280)		(33,658)		(7,400)		-		(1,342)		-		-		-		(71,189)
	(40,265)		4,213		(55,658)		2,013		-		(1,342) (16,982)		-		(457)		-		(46,969)
	(40,265) 3,657,868		4,213		1,890		2,013 915,632		236,694		(10,982) (291,340)		- 940,165		(437) 827,677		- 1,847,494		(46,969)
									· · · ·				,					10,	
	21,677 8,253,586		26,386 2,043,254		19,566		(5,674)		(4,530)		(26,648)		10,509		(2,684) 1,669,563		22,553	22	47,624
	8,253,586 648,147		2,043,254 545,055		1,146,551 210,000		557,217 115,000		3,660,100		1,841,635 65,000		744,160		20,000		2,274,324		298,736 538,796
\$	6,162,145	\$	4,655,733	¢	2,047,941	¢	1,651,237	¢	3,149,906	s	623,478	\$	1,217,181	¢	1,473,204	\$	3,756,688		054,355
ф	0,102,143	Φ	т,033,733	ф	2,047,741	φ	1,031,237	φ	5,147,700	¢	023,478	φ	1,417,101	φ	1,473,204	ф	5,750,000	30,	004,000



Statistical Section

This part of the District's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health.

Content	Page
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's Financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	120-129
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the District's property tax revenue.	130-135
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	136-139
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place.	140-141
Operating Information These schedules contain staffing, key operating statistics comparisons and capital asset data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs.	142-146
Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.	

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Financial Trend Schedule 1 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Net Assets/Net Position by Component, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015*
Governmental Activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 360,914,728 122,902,877	\$ 376,550,610 118,918,869	\$ 403,794,024 69,044,589	\$ 409,948,271 78,132,683	\$ 407,426,358 83,081,688
Unrestricted	91,113,699	73,925,741	105,448,605	104,852,827	(1,319,700,082)
Total governmental activities net assets/net position	\$ 574,931,304	\$ 569,395,220	\$ 578,287,218	\$ 592,933,781	\$ (829,192,036)
Business-type activities Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted Total business-type activities net assets/net position	\$ 3,706,030 720,617 9,883,367 \$ 14,310,014	\$ 3,434,251 691,773 12,068,165 \$ 16,194,189	\$ 3,555,684 708,022 12,987,974 \$ 17,251,680	\$ 3,388,248 729,971 13,548,826 \$ 17,667,045	\$ 3,297,928 5,622,279 10,131,353 \$ 19,051,560
Primary government Net investment in capital assets Restricted Unrestricted	\$ 364,620,758 123,623,494 100,997,066	\$ 379,984,861 119,610,642 85,993,906	\$ 407,349,708 69,752,611 118,436,579	\$ 413,336,519 78,862,654 118,401,653	\$ 410,724,287 88,703,967 (1,309,568,730)
Total primary government net assets/net position	\$ 589,241,318	\$ 585,589,409	\$ 595,538,898	\$ 610,600,826	\$ (810,140,476)

*Starting in 2015 GASB 68 required writing on future obligation for PERA Pension liability. **Starting in 2018 GASB 75 required writing on future obligation for PERA OPEB liability.

1	Fiscal Year					
	2016	2017	2018**	2019		2020
\$	364,870,945 91,018,886 (1,291,788,213)	\$ 393,437,822 87,661,174 (1,802,185,821)	\$ 410,495,440 94,757,855 (2,422,242,967)	\$ 398,121,140 112,896,901 (2,214,966,272)	\$	366,492,535 114,800,561 (1,897,684,109)
\$	(835,898,382)	\$ (1,321,086,825)	\$ (1,916,989,672)	\$ (1,703,948,231)	\$	(1,416,391,013)
\$	3,422,469 775,822 15,264,044 19,462,335	\$ 3,230,241 6,905,076 9,175,963 19,311,280	\$ 1,362,898 521,857 9,114,769 10,999,524	\$ 1,216,370 553,325 9,373,021 11,142,716	\$ \$	1,169,847 464,568 8,502,627 10,137,042
\$	368,293,414 91,794,708 (1,276,524,169) (816,426,047)	\$ 396,668,063 94,566,250 (1,793,009,858)	\$ 411,858,338 95,279,712 (2,413,128,198)	\$ 399,337,510 113,450,226 (2,205,593,251)	\$	367,662,382 115,265,129 (1,889,181,482)
\$	(816,436,047)	\$ (1,301,775,545)	\$ (1,905,990,148)	\$ (1,692,805,515)	\$	(1,406,253,971)

Financial Trend Schedule 2

Jefferson County School District, No.R-1

Changes in Net Assets/Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting)

		2011		<u>2012*</u>		2013		2014
Expenses *								
Governmental activities:								
School administration	\$	-	\$	57,409,152	\$	54,996,871	\$	56,613,420
General instruction		-		408,204,654		405,528,254		410,335,528
Special education instruction		-		65,020,783		69,392,712		71,357,688
Instructional support		-		67,648,351		64,686,916		68,774,854
Operations and maintenance		-		69,998,170		67,985,826		78,844,714
Food services **		-		-		-		-
Direct instruction		488,170,063		-		-		-
Indirect instruction		148,378,364		-		-		-
Transportation		20,850,913		23,703,443		24,115,123		23,177,884
Custodial services		26,864,799		-		-		-
Field services		21,763,434		-		-		-
Telecommunications, networking and utilities		21,974,077		-		-		-
Support services		25,168,348		-		-		-
General administration		3,909,716		27,898,413		27,617,388		25,908,579
District-wide		596,970		-		-		-
Interest expense, unallocated		28,681,991		25,666,711		25,135,731		24,692,063
Total governmental activities expenses		786,358,675		745,549,677		739,458,821		759,704,730
Business-type activities								
Food services **		24,402,366		22,995,136		24,588,376		24,059,390
Child care		14,277,646		13,664,939		14,253,323		15,669,253
Property management		1,288,442		1,276,209		1,298,134		1,653,841
Other enterprise		-		-				-
Total business-type activities expenses		39,968,454		37,936,284		40,139,833		41,382,484
Total primary government expenses	\$	826,327,129	\$	783,485,961	\$	779,598,654	\$	801,087,214
Total printal y government expenses	÷	020,021,125	φ	105,105,501	φ	119,090,001	Ψ	001,007,211
Program Revenues								
Governmental activities: Charges for services:								
General administration	\$		\$	1,152,290	\$	1,323,748	s	2,669,066
General instruction	3	-	э	25,645,123	э	26,903,962	э	
		-						27,047,349
Special education instruction		-		4,713,718		4,932,848		3,195,644
Operations and maintenance		-		3,842,879		4,929,770		6,116,159
Direct instruction		5,148,800		-		-		-
Indirect instruction		28,066,756		-		-		-
Food services **								
Transportation		354,195		1,386,407		1,974,372		2,133,779
Field services		3,747,188		-		-		-
District-wide		1,358,775		-		-		-
Operating grants and contributions:								
General administration		-		3,652,537		3,889,298		3,706,405
School administration		-		861,829		-		49,851
General instruction		-		14,548,969		16,103,053		16,423,080
Special education instruction		-		25,408,016		24,338,028		27,343,034
Instructional support		-		16,402,238		15,731,027		16,251,832
Operations and maintenance		-		797,353		165,699		7,920,034
Food services **		-		-		-		-
Direct instruction		69,228,523		-		-		-
Indirect instruction		13,358,689		-		-		-
Transportation		4,866,106		5,103,034		5,009,964		5,275,093
Total governmental activities program revenues		126,129,032		103,514,393		105,301,769		118,131,326
Business-type activities	-	., _,,2						.,
Charges for services:								
Food services **		11,634,444		11,514,984		11,049,462		9,830,452
Child care		10,281,161		9,867,724		10,630,601		11,111,356
Property management		1,763,175		1,595,449		1,796,862		1,920,377
Other enterprise		1,700,170		1,595,779		1,790,002		1,720,377
Operating grants and contributions:		-		-		-		-
		11 500 045		10 51 6 0 65		12 520 070		12 200 422
Food services **		11,709,247		12,716,967		13,520,079		13,389,433
Child Care		-		-		-		-
Capital grants and contributions:				o - =		10-0-0		
Food services		352,528		84,766		135,253		96,924
Property management		-		-		-		-
Other enterprise		-		-		-		-
Total business-type activities program revenues		35,740,555		35,779,890		37,132,257		36,348,542
	\$	161,869,587	\$	139,294,283	\$	142,434,026	\$	154,479,868
Total primary government program revenues								
Total primary government program revenues Net (Expense)/Revenue Governmental activities	\$	(660,229,643)	\$	(642,035,284)	\$	(634,157,052)	\$	(641,573,404)
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$	(660,229,643) (4,227,899)	\$	(642,035,284) (2,156,394)	\$	(634,157,052) (3,007,576)	\$	(641,573,404) (5,033,942)

*Recategorized expense types starting in fiscal year 2012. **Food Services became a special revenue fund in fiscal year 2018

			Fiscal Year							
	2015		<u>2016</u>		2017		2018		2019	<u>2020</u>
	61,622,289	\$	63,315,375	\$	100,562,166	\$	107,454,780	\$	57,184,224	\$ 55,093,987
	440,423,884		433,932,814		679,657,697		689,803,039		338,352,008	339,365,183
	76,419,427		74,429,360		121,065,638		125,986,386		60,078,428	58,668,097
	93,132,858		91,727,374		151,608,229		177,535,468		87,358,735	99,441,221
	87,346,892		82,019,992		129,182,158		125,858,843		90,139,921	64,845,718
	-		-		-		43,950,669		18,396,673	17,910,261
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	27,654,266		27,781,099		44,542,645		46,130,547		21,757,237	23,209,626
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	- 25,647,057		- 25,347,367		46,268,361		- 34,010,421		25,577,408	- 19,804,229
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	26,445,984		19,888,625		18,707,099		28,918,125		27,254,231	 32,874,959
	838,692,657		818,442,006		1,291,593,993		1,379,648,278		726,098,865	 711,213,281
	24,335,013		23,708,332		24,943,806		-		-	-
	16,365,381		13,553,606		13,509,401		14,329,881		15,770,645	18,461,481
	1,881,209		1,643,904		1,722,727		1,805,591		1,843,658	1,341,614
_	42,581,603	_	38,905,842	_	40,175,934	_	16,135,472	_	17,614,303	 19,803,095
_	881,274,260	\$	857,347,848	\$	1,331,769,927	\$	1,395,783,750	\$	743,713,168	\$ 731,016,376
	004 004	¢	021 122	<u>_</u>	077.070	¢	1 1 (2 075	¢	1 222 024	1 070 040
	906,896	\$	931,133	\$	977,969	\$	1,163,075	\$	1,232,924	\$ 1,273,248
	27,346,106		33,178,144		33,960,682		35,857,623		36,890,661	25,180,874
	5,435,234		6,048,054		6,393,941		7,122,128		6,852,969	7,575,343
	4,685,037		5,162,139		6,371,921		9,521,864		10,113,814	5,795,473
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		12 021 220		11 494 200	0.001.7/2
	1,979,155		2,066,642		2,052,196		12,021,320 3,330,780		11,484,300 2,026,676	9,981,762 2,399,835
							-			
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	4,002,024		3,447,090		2,609,255		2,084,224		2,974,340	3,537,191
	3,883		17,761		82,198		51,326		363,945	352,359
	17,807,677		15,976,711		16,748,158		16,358,570		15,958,015	15,266,901
	26,830,057		28,050,732		26,427,242		27,879,724		28,436,367	31,545,369
	18,028,401		16,368,008		12,777,100		13,002,528		15,392,691	37,756,734
	6,609,171		1,044,100		266,611		95,563		346,352	892,109
	-		-				12,641,266		11,931,665	11,106,292
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		- 5 102 470		-		- 	-
	5,383,718		5,653,141		5,103,470		3,863,626		5,263,064	 5,670,121
	119,017,359		117,943,655		113,770,743		144,993,617		149,267,783	 158,333,611
	10,612,859		10,641,334		10,978,683					_
	11,417,547		6,804,445		7,383,970		8,310,307		9,014,931	7,140,872
	2,276,591		2,256,716		2,415,137		2,887,289		2,902,390	2,053,448
	14,083,555		14,024,955		13,877,640		-		-	-
	5,526,102		5,748,802		5,952,792		6,066,190		6,245,151	6,031,148
	234,780		-		-		-		-	-
	-		-		-		-		-	-
	-		20 476 252		40,608,222		17 262 796		18 162 472	 15 225 4/2
	44,151,434	e	39,476,252	¢	.,,		17,263,786		18,162,472	 15,225,468
-	163,168,793	3	157,419,907	3	154,378,965	_	162,257,403		167,430,255	 173,559,079
_										
	(719,675,298)	\$	(694,998,351)	\$	(1,177,823,250)	\$	(1,234,654,661)	\$	(576,831,082)	\$ (552,879,670
	(719,675,298) 1,569,831	\$	(694,998,351) 570,410 (694,427,941)		(1,177,823,250) 432,288 (1,177,390,962)	\$	(1,234,654,661) 1,128,314	\$	(576,831,082) 548,169 (576,282,913)	\$ (552,879,670) (4,577,627) (557,457,297)

Financial Trend Schedule 2

Jefferson County School District, No.R-1

Changes in Net Assets/Net Position, Last Ten Fiscal Years, continued

(accrual basis of accounting)

		2011	2012	2013		2014	2015
General revenues and other changes in net assets/net p	ositic	n					
Taxes							
Local property taxes	\$	350,455,667	\$ 339,051,527	\$ 345,921,281	\$	349,115,550	\$ 355,606,853
Automotive ownership taxes		23,665,288	23,537,666	25,006,758		27,486,392	28,916,207
School finance act		278,313,571	279,036,998	276,148,509		284,144,134	296,285,316
Earnings on investments		841,952	1,159,227	37,569		873,530	504,048
Special Item		2,000,000	-	-		-	-
Transfers (a)		(4,084,448)	(4,040,569)	(4,065,067)		(5,399,639)	200,000
Total governmental activities		651,192,030	 638,744,849	643,049,050		656,219,967	 681,512,424
Business-type activities:					_		
Earnings on investments		18,170	-	-		49,668	14,684
Transfers		4,084,448	4,040,569	4,065,067		5,399,639	(200,000)
Total business-type activities		4,102,618	 4,040,569	 4,065,067		5,449,307	(185,316)
Total primary government	\$	655,294,648	\$ 642,785,418	\$ 647,114,117	\$	661,669,274	\$ 681,327,108
Change in net assets/net position							
Governmental activities	\$	(9,037,613)	\$ (3,290,435)	\$ 8,891,998	\$	14,646,563	\$ (38,162,874)
Business-type activities		(125,281)	1,884,175	1,057,491		415,365	1,384,515
Total primary government	\$	(9,162,894)	\$ (1,406,260)	\$ 9,949,489	\$	15,061,928	\$ (36,778,359)

 Fiscal Year				
<u>2016</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
\$ 364,385,070 30,799,478 292,098,015 809,442	\$ 365,608,757 33,300,878 291,894,387 1,180,785	\$ 390,410,501 38,543,552 272,182,129 2,503,137	\$ 446,393,000 39,646,824 302,623,503 10,205,724	\$ 483,567,567 39,500,224 308,862,586 11,818,331
 200,000 688,292,005	 - 650,000 692,634,807	 - 1,350,000 704,989,319	 700,680	 - (3,311,820) 840,436,888
\$ 40,367 (200,000) (159,633) 688,132,372	\$ 66,655 (650,000) (583,345) 692,051,462	\$ 131,422 (1,350,000) (1,218,578) 703,770,741	\$ 295,703 (700,680) (404,977) 799,164,754	\$ 260,133 3,311,820 3,571,953 844,008,841
\$ (6,706,346) 410,777	\$ (485,188,279) (151,057)	\$ (529,665,342) (90,264)	\$ 222,738,649 143,192	\$ 287,557,218 (1,005,674)
\$ (6,295,569)	\$ (485,339,336)	\$ (529,755,606)	\$ 222,881,841	\$ 286,551,544

Financial Trend Schedule 3 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

		<u>2011</u>		2012		<u>2013</u>		2014
General fund								
Nonspendable	\$	1,533,815	\$	1,159,891	\$	982,570	\$	942,951
Restricted		15,932,358		15,839,341		15,756,129		16,494,681
Committed		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000		2,000,000
Assigned		13,300,000		13,860,000		11,500,000		9,600,000
Unassigned		21,994,915		3,195,321		19,727,866		32,260,251
Reserved		-		-		-		-
Unreserved		-		-		-		-
Total general fund	\$	54,761,088	\$	36,054,553	\$	49,966,565	\$	61,297,883
All other governmental funds	¢	410 0/5	¢	005 0(0	¢	1 050 751	¢	000 214
Nonspendable	\$	410,265	\$	895,860	\$	1,058,751	\$	909,314
Restricted		108,862,085		106,895,470		169,532,657		147,439,129
Committed		-		-		20,833,322		16,731,273
Assigned		9,760,257		9,426,449		9,344,242		9,620,670
Reserved		-		-		-		-
Unreserved, reported in:								
Special revenue funds		-		-		-		-
Total all other governmental funds	\$	119,032,607	\$	117,217,779	\$	200,768,972	\$	174,700,386

 Fiscal	Year				
2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
\$ 1,023,267 17,041,991 220,000 10,000,000 43,475,863	\$ 964,265 17,756,207 220,000 30,322,072 76,419,654	\$ 1,059,474 17,457,866 283,080 22,500,000 76,545,047	\$ 1,003,870 18,633,897 283,080 24,000,000 73,093,329	\$ 1,053,960 20,727,895 301,868 31,146,763 87,836,722	\$ 1,131,194 20,855,636 48,127,421 107,908,664
\$ 71,761,121	\$ 125,682,198	\$ 117,845,467	\$ 117,014,176	\$ 141,067,208	\$ 178,022,915
\$ 1,000,168 98,783,448 36,503,429 9,458,866	\$ 953,103 81,337,848 66,893,007 10,400,102	\$ 972,780 70,760,836 44,869,122 10,612,889	\$ 2,591,430 75,080,753 42,003,525 10,105,412	\$ 2,217,828 429,423,609 33,426,270 11,004,435	\$ 2,590,630 325,206,403 44,355,900 11,571,872
\$ - 145,745,911	\$ 159,584,060	\$ 127,215,627	\$ 129,781,120	\$ 476,072,142	\$ 383,724,805

Financial Trend Schedule 4 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Changes in Fund Balances, Governmental Funds, Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting)

	Fiscal Year			
	<u>2011</u>	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>
Revenues				
Taxes	\$ 375,134,147	\$ 360,296,394	\$ 374,687,742	\$ 378,048,173
Intergovernmental	365,766,889	345,156,765	340,256,614	358,175,604
Interest	841,952	1,156,276	37,569	776,697
Other	41,292,003	42,070,227	44,315,203	48,291,123
Total revenues	783,034,991	748,679,662	759,297,128	785,291,597
Expenditures				
School administration	-	47,311,834	46,137,612	47,722,016
General instruction	-	354,467,295	356,803,464	360,680,650
Special education instruction	-	65,517,724	68,713,508	70,387,243
Instructional support	-	68,187,899	64,140,368	68,286,176
Operation and maintenance	-	66,662,982	64,358,499	73,348,304
Food service opertation *	-		-	-
Direct instruction	431,750,029	-	-	-
Indirect instruction	142,607,586	-	-	-
Transportation	20,483,317	20,812,436	21,786,813	22,286,274
Custodial services	26,426,741	-	-	-
Field services	16,980,978	-	-	-
Telecommunications, networking and utilities	21,461,102	-	-	-
Support services	19,468,562	-	-	-
General administration	3,828,233	28,525,989	28,427,746	29,420,652
Districtwide	785,525	-	-	-
Capital outlay	29,121,654	27,359,625	34,662,226	55,002,104
Debt service				
Principal	52,285,000	51,505,000	52,955,000	28,395,000
Interest	28,832,069	25,778,672	24,156,542	24,704,907
Total expenditures	794,030,796	756,129,456	762,141,778	780,233,326
Excess of revenues				
over (under)				
expenditures	(10,995,805)	(7,449,794)	(2,844,650)	5,058,271
expenditures	(10,995,805)	(7,449,794)	(2,844,030)	5,058,271
Other financing sources (uses)				
Certificates of participation proceeds	-	-	-	-
Certificate of Participation issuance	-	-	-	-
Payments to refunded certificates of participation escrow agent	-	-	-	-
Premium from COP issuance	-	-	-	-
Free Horizon Montessori site acquisition	-	-	-	-
General obligation Issuance	-	-	168,540,000	-
Payment to refunded escrow agent	-	-	(83,415,163)	-
Premium from GO Issuance	-	-	31,296,785	-
Transfers out	(37,165,333)	(46,468,984)	(51,448,042)	(55,823,437)
Transfers in	23,837,385	33,397,415	35,334,275	36,027,898
Total other financing sources (uses)	(13,327,948)	(13,071,569)	100,307,855	(19,795,539)
Special Item: Supplemental Retirement Contribution	2,000,000	-	-	-
Net change in fund balances	\$ (22,323,753)	\$ (20,521,363)	\$ 97,463,205	\$ (14,737,268)
Debt service as a				
percentage of noncapital				
expenditures	10.6%	10.6%	10.6%	7.3%
1		/0	/0	,,

*Food Services became a special revenue fund in fiscal year 2018

$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	\$ 380,599,789	\$ 404,560,724	\$ 398,504,536	\$ 427,326,631	\$ 486,207,355	\$ 519.017.767
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $						425,417,602
801,210,368 820,538,442 808,352,480 848,015,240 960,883,954 1,016,388,323 47,559,947 50,360,162 53,526,362 55,972,307 64,060,854 64,458,115 355,751,698 359,332,908 371,727,896 368,598,809 397,919,493 395,416,488 68,085,954 68,966,033 71,418,326 72,632,209 79,906,420 81,730,277 84,015,992 84,890,534 89,265,076 102,032,375 113,806,897 139,613,16 73,709,330 68,842,837 71,126,138 71,672,920 80,432,452 79,072,344 - - - - - 24,718,272 - - 24,282,575 24,914,870 26,885,845 26,025,233 26,932,111 27,506,608 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - <td></td> <td>733,117</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11,091,668</td>		733,117				11,091,668
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	47,781,409	54,214,629		82,144,791	72,482,620	60,861,286
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	801,210,368	820,538,442	808,352,480	848,015,240	960,883,954	1,016,388,323
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	47,559,947	50,360,162	53,526,362	55,972,307	64,060,854	64,458,119
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	355,751,698	359,332,908	371,727,896	368,598,809	397,919,493	395,416,480
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	68,085,954	68,966,033	71,418,326	72,632,209	79,906,420	81,730,277
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	84,015,992	84,890,534	89,265,076	102,032,375	113,808,597	139,613,166
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	73,709,330	68,842,837	71,126,138	71,672,920	80,432,452	79,072,349
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	25,643,286	24,130,817	24,718,272
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- 24 282 575	- 24 914 870	- 26 885 845	- 26 025 233	- 26 932 111	- 27 506 608
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	24,914,070	- 20,005,045	- 20,025,255		27,500,008
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	23,813,835	25,479,589	28,610,164	29,212,511	32,602,733	34,004,550
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	73,515,424	51,509,990	68,922,126	40,075,141	82,718,228	119,686,840
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	29,495,000	32,265,000	33,425,000	28,435,000	31,375,000	53,400,000
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	22,788,423	19,851,183	18,762,960	20,158,118	26,643,859	32,976,749
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	803,018,178	786,413,106	833,669,893	840,457,909	960,530,564	1,052,583,410
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(1,807,810)	34,125,336	(25,317,413)	7,557,331	353,390	(36,195,087)
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$						
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	29,180,000	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	45,450,000	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(30,485,732)	-	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	2,971,858	-	-	-	-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-	-	-	-		-
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		-	-		326,490,000	-
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	(40,937,195)	-	-		-	-
55,068,955 23,440,758 56,144,883 55,279,437 42,993,884 47,300,778 (16,683,427) 33,633,890 (14,887,751) (12,360,803) 368,347,941 (19,196,543) • • • • • • • \$ (18,491,237) \$ 67,759,226 \$ (40,205,163) \$ (4,803,472) \$ 368,701,331 \$ (55,391,630)	-	-	-			-
(16,683,427) 33,633,890 (14,887,751) (12,360,803) 368,347,941 (19,196,543) - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -						(66,497,321)
\$ (18,491,237) <u>\$ 67,759,226</u> <u>\$ (40,205,163)</u> <u>\$ (4,803,472)</u> <u>\$ 368,701,331</u> <u>\$ (55,391,630</u>						
<u>\$ (18,491,237)</u> <u>\$ 67,759,226</u> <u>\$ (40,205,163)</u> <u>\$ (4,803,472)</u> <u>\$ 368,701,331</u> <u>\$ (55,391,630)</u>	(16,683,427)	33,633,890	(14,887,751)	(12,360,803)	368,347,941	(19,196,543)
	-	-	-			
7.2% 7.1% 6.8% 6.1% 6.5% 9.3%	\$ (18,491,237)	\$ 67,759,226	\$ (40,205,163)	\$ (4,803,472)	\$ 368,701,331	\$ (55,391,630)
7.2% 7.1% 6.8% 6.1% 6.5% 9.3%						
	7.2%	7.1%	6.8%	6.1%	6.5%	9.3%

Revenue Capacity Schedule 5 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property, Last Ten Fiscal Years (in thousands of dollars)

Fiscal Year						
Ended	Residential	Commercial	Industrial	Agriculture	Natural	Public
June 30,	Property (1)	Property (1)	Property (1)	Property (1)	Resources (1)	Utilities (1)
2011	4,251,217	2,191,182	598,493	31,958	2,429	277,320
2012	4,088,469	2,025,114	554,366	32,869	3,328	293,460
2013	4,105,825	1,985,242	561,340	33,785	3,660	297,197
2014	4,123,082	2,024,122	554,163	33,948	4,281	316,639
2015	4,155,617	2,030,792	558,960	34,535	5,317	325,732
2016	5,053,143	2,158,609	585,936	36,956	6,062	337,378
2017	5,150,357	2,504,507	260,145	10,569	1,029	347,009
2018	5,963,504	2,886,558	294,407	15,216	5,893	367,208
2019	6,002,474	2,892,005	288,188	11,342	6,417	374,375
2020	6,644,629	3,444,260	407,217	12,684	6,310	384,166
Source:	(1) - Jefferson Coun	ty Assessor annual	Abstracts of Asse	essments		

(2) - Jefferson County Assessor Certification of Value to Jefferson County School District

Assessed value as per official notice from Jefferson County Assessor. (Colorado Note: Revised Statutes 39-1-104, 39-1-105).

Total Taxable Assessed Value (1)	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Taxable Value (2)	Assessed Value as a Percentage of Actual Value
7,352,599	48.21	63,080,682	11.66
6,997,606	48.72	60,998,376	11.47
6,987,049	50.62	60,780,934	11.50
7,056,234	50.37	61,043,655	11.56
7,110,953	50.17	61,468,510	11.57
8,178,084	47.49	73,501,703	11.13
8,273,616	45.94	75,452,772	10.97
9,532,785	42.88	92,622,321	10.29
9,574,801	49.42	93,592,739	10.23
10,899,266	47.08	107,606,622	10.13

Revenue Capacity Schedule 6 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates, Last Ten Fiscal Years (rate per \$1,000 of assessed value)

	School District Rates			Overlapping Rates		
		Debt				
Fiscal	General	Service		Jefferson	Broomfield	
Year	Fund	Fund	Total	County	County	
2011	36.96	11.25	48.21	24.35	27.23	
2012	37.47	11.25	48.72	24.35	26.72	
2013	43.13	7.49	50.62	24.35	26.72	
2014	42.88	7.49	50.37	25.85	26.72	
2015	42.68	7.49	50.17	25.85	26.72	
2016	40.74	6.75	47.49	24.21	26.72	
2017	40.19	5.75	45.94	24.71	26.72	
2018	38.33	4.55	42.88	22.42	26.72	
2019	42.03	7.38	49.41	23.74	26.72	
2020	40.33	6.74	47.07	23.33	26.72	

Source: Jefferson County and Broomfield Assessor annual Abstracts of Assessments

Note: The District's property tax rate may be increased only by a majority vote of the county's residents. Rates for debt service are set based on each year's requirements for bonds authorized by a majority vote of the county's residents.

The Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Project Funds have been included in the General Fund.

Revenue Capacity Schedule 7 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Principal Property Tax Payers Most Recent Full Calendar Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019			2010			
				Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total	
				District			District	
		Taxable		Taxable	Taxable		Taxable	
		Assessed		Assessed	Assessed		Assessed	
Taxpayer	_	Value	Rank	Value	 Value	Rank	Value	
Public Service Co of Colorado	\$	259,836,300	1	2.38 %	\$ 128,277,299	2	1.74 %	
MillerCoors USA LLC		219,543,276	2	2.01	138,442,580	1	1.88	
Lockheed Martin Corporation		56,275,922	3	0.52				
Martin Marietta Corporation		48,799,549	4	0.45	28,749,730	4	0.39	
Belmar Commercial Owner LP		44,860,926	5	0.41				
Colorado Mills Mall Limited Partnership		36,506,219	6	0.33	28,710,000	5	0.39	
Qwest Corp		35,893,950	7	0.33	67,802,200	3	0.92	
CoorsTek Inc		35,285,861	8	0.32				
Ball Metal Beverage Container Corp		33,297,046	9	0.31	22,694,656	8	0.31	
Wal Mart Real Estate Business Trust		33,016,948	10	0.30				
Plains End LLC					28,336,695	6	0.39	
SP4 Westmoor LP					28,332,913	7	0.39	
Denver West Office					22,260,561	9	0.30	
United Launch Alliance LLC					21,327,283	10	0.29	
Total	\$	803,315,997		7.36 %	\$ 514,933,917		7.00 %	

Source: Jefferson County



Revenue Capacity Schedule 8 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Periods

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy	Current Tax Collections	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collected	(1) Total Tax Collections	% of Total Tax Collected to Tax Levy
2011	352,393,439	332,186,581	94.3	18,746,027	350,932,608	99.6
2012	343,143,485	320,929,279	93.5	15,378,979	336,308,258	98.0
2013	351,754,785	333,000,851	94.7	16,290,293	349,291,144	99.3
2014	353,214,798	336,584,984	95.3	13,640,227	350,225,211	99.2
2015	354,248,674	334,475,473	94.4	16,862,479	351,337,952	99.2
2016	386,006,577	381,122,906	98.7	2,850,569	383,973,475	99.5
2017	377,095,980	373,599,439	99.1	2,395,487	375,994,926	99.7
2018	403,710,867	398,317,453	98.7	1,772,059	400,089,512	99.1
2019	466,776,335	459,062,691	98.3	1,216,768	460,279,459	98.6
2020	504,273,568	491,347,647	97.4	2,722,184	494,069,831	98.0

Notes: (1) Includes General and Debt Service Funds

Assessments : Jefferson County assesses and collects all District property taxes charging a collection fee of .5 percent of the gross taxes collected.

Taxes Due: General property taxes are due January 1 of each year. The first half is due on and becomes delinquent after the last day of February and the second half is due on June 15 and becomes delinquent after July 31. If the entire amount of the tax is paid at one time on or before April 30, no interest will be charged on the first half.

Delinquent Taxes and Tax Sales: Delinquent general property taxes are advertised and subject to distraint, seizure, and sale after delinquent dates. When real estate is sold for taxes, the tax, plus interest, advertising, and certificate fees, draw interest from the date of the sale.

Delinquent Taxes Outstanding: The District's delinquent tax payments are not received based upon tax year; therefore, delinquent taxes outstanding by tax year are not readily available. After the sale, real estate may be redeemed at any time within three years from the date of sale or at any time before a tax deed is issued.

Debt Capacity Schedule 9 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type, Last Ten Fiscal Periods

	Go	5		
Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Certificates of Participation	Capital Leases	Total Primary Government
2011	523,928,367	32,830,246	-	556,758,613
2012	471,878,553	31,420,714	-	503,299,267
2013	560,441,507	30,155,000	-	590,596,507
2014	526,628,634	28,580,000	-	555,208,634
2015	492,857,215	29,180,000	-	522,037,215
2016	457,333,067	75,366,858	-	532,699,925
2017	421,157,155	72,782,384	-	493,939,539
2018	387,711,708	70,205,212	-	457,916,920
2019	730,629,404	71,671,039	-	802,300,443
2020	678,951,035	61,872,962	-	740,823,997

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to statements. General obligation bonds and certificates of participation are both repaid from property tax revenue.

(a) See schedule 5 for taxable property value data.

Ratio of Net Debt to Assessed Value (a)	Net Debt Per Capita	Population	Percentage of Personal Income
7.57%	1,042	534,543	1.9
7.11%	936	537,487	2.2
8.45%	1,080	546,653	2.1
7.87%	1,010	549,643	2.1
7.34%	934	558,896	2.1
6.51%	943	565,106	1.7
5.97%	864	571,775	1.5
4.80%	791	578,627	1.4
8.38%	1,384	579,631	2.3
6.80%	1,270	583,105	2.1

Debt Capacity Schedule 10 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Ratios of Net General Bonded Debt Outstanding and Legal Debt Margin Last Ten Fiscal Periods

General bonded	2011	2012	<u>2013</u>	2014
debt outstanding General obligation debt	\$502,790,000	\$452,710,000	\$500,785,000	\$473,965,000
Percentage of estimated property value (a)	0.80%	0.74%	0.82%	0.78%
Per capita (b)	941	842	916	862
Less: Amounts set aside to repay general debt	(72,341,627)	(76,032,525)	(53,644,274)	(54,882,086)
Total net debt applicable to debt limit	430,448,373	376,677,475	447,140,726	419,082,914
Legal debt limit (c)	1,461,910,139	1,408,606,084	1,389,895,624	1,402,508,676
Legal debt margin (d)	\$1,031,461,766	\$1,031,928,609	\$942,754,898	\$984,412,410
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	70.56%	73.26%	67.83%	70.19%

Note: Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. The debt reflected is all direct and there is no overlapping debt to display.

(a) Property value data can be found in Schedule 5: Taxable Assessed and Estimated Full Value of Property.

(b) Population data can be found in Schedule 9: Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type.

(c) Colorado Revised Statute 22-42-104 limits the District's available borrowing to no more than 20% of the assessed value of property.

(d) The legal debt margin is the District's available borrowing authority calculated by subtracting the net debt applicable to the legal debt from the debt limit.

 Fiscal	Year				
<u>2015</u>	<u>2016</u>	2017	<u>2018</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2020</u>
\$447,370,000	\$457,333,066	\$421,157,155	387,711,708	730,629,404	678,951,035
0.73%	0.62%	0.56%	0.42%	0.78%	0.63%
800	809	737	670	1,261	1,164
 (59,372,593)	(62,973,258)	(61,217,378)	(60,776,013)	(78,455,899)	(76,229,428)
387,997,407	394,359,808	359,939,777	326,935,695	652,173,505	602,721,607
1,412,333,992	1,625,735,787	1,641,653,338	1,883,067,622	1,889,170,854	2,142,426,206
 1,023,660,242	1,272,250,462	1,317,311,485	1,586,056,654	1,311,373,222	1,605,512,713
72.48%	78.26%	80.24%	84.23%	69.42%	74.94%

Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 11 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

		Personal	Per			
Year	Population	Income (thousands of dollars)	Capita Personal Income	Median Age	School Enrollment	Unemployment Rate
2010	535,648	23,569,131	44,001	40	84,618	8.6
2011	539,721	24,391,425	45,193	40	84,329	8.1
2012	545,880	25,459,586	46,640	41	85,542	7.4
2013	551,411	26,077,248	47,292	41	86,009	6.3
2014	558,610	28,630,911	51,254	41	86,574	4.5
2015	564,619	30,975,333	54,861	41	86,731	3.5
2016	571,711	32,230,590	56,376	41	86,361	3.0
2017	578,627	33,536,735	57,959	41	86,130	2.6
2018	579,631	37,370,270	64,473	42	84,631	3.0
2019	583,105	39,025,390	66,927	42	84,061	2.5

Sources: Jefferson County

Demographic and Economic Information Schedule 12 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

		2019				2010		
			Percentage				Percentage	_
		D 1	of Total County		F 1	D 1	of Total County	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment		Employees	Rank	Employment	_
Lockheed Martin Space Systems	6,200	1	1.82	%	5,500	2	2.60	%
St. Anthony Hospital	2,400	2	0.70					
Terumo BCT	2,400	3	0.70		1,720	5	0.81	
Lutheran Medical Center	2,300	4	0.67		2,401	3	1.13	
MillerCoors Brewing Company	2,080	5	0.61		1,950	4	0.92	
National Renewable Energy Laboratory	1,750	6	0.51					
Ball Corporation	1,700	7	0.49		1,200	9	0.57	
FirstBank Holding Co. of Colorado	1,480	8	0.43					
CoorsTek	1,300	9	0.38		1,200	8	0.57	
HomeAdvisor	1,130	10	0.33					
Denver Federal Center					6,200	1	2.93	
King Soopers					1,600	6	0.76	
Safeway					1,150	10	0.54	
United Launch Alliance (ULA)					1,220	7	0.58	

Source: Jefferson County Economic Development Corporation

Note: Numbers reflect employees in Jefferson County only. State/local government agencies not included.

Operating Information Schedule 13 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Full-time Equivalent District Employees by Category with Hourly FTE's Last Nine Fiscal Years

Employee Category			As of Jun	e 30
	2011	<u>2012</u>	2013	2014
Administrative services				
Superintendent	1	1	1	0
Chief Academic Officer	1	1	1	0
Chief Operating Officer	1	1	1	0
Chief Information Officer	1	1	1	0
Chief Technology Officer	1	1	1	1
Chief Financial Officer Chief Officer	1	1	1	0
Executive Director	19	18	19	18
Principal	142	140	143	142
Director/Assistant Director	57	49	46	63
Assistant Principal	128	129	124	131
Community Superintendent	4	4	4	0
Manager/Supervisor	47	48	52	63
Technical Specialist	88	87	84	95
Resource Specialist	0	0	0	1
Coordinator - Administrative Administrator	11	14 9	12	10 11
Food Service Coordinator	7 7	9 7	15 8	8
Administrative Assistant	10	9	9	9
School Business Manager	0	0	0	0
Investigator	2	2	2	2
Total administrative services	528	522	524	559
Licensed services				
Dean	0	0	0	0
Teacher	4,442	4,360	4,401	4,372
Counselor	143	142	143	143
Teacher Librarian	135	119	118	116
Coordinator	27	23	22	17
Resource Teachers	113	87	70	72
Instructional Coach	140	129	130	129
Physical Therapists	12	11	12	12
Occupational Therapists	32	31	29	29
Nurse Bruch a la mint	40 70	40 70	41 67	48 60
Psychologist Social Worker	70 57	59	64	70
Audiologist	4	4	5	5
Speech Therapist	117	118	120	117
Certificated - Hourly	15	18	17	19
Total licensed services	5,347	5,211	5,239	5,209
Support services				
Director/Assistant Director - Preschool	45	47	44	49
Supervisor	0	0	0	1
Technical Specialist/Coordinator Classified	7	7	9	8
Accountant	2	2	2	2
Accounts Receivable	0	0	0	0
Specialist/Technicians - Classified	344	332	321	309
Buyer/Buyer Assistant	6 5	5 5	5 5	5
Transportation Trainer Group Leader	16	15	18	14
School Secretary	336	329	328	331
Secretary/Clerk	33	26	28	32
Paraprofessional/Para-Educator	1,053	1,087	1,125	1,098
Special Interpreter/Tutor	56	62	67	64
Clinic Aides	80	80	84	79
Trade Technician	174	167	166	163
Food Equipment Repair Assistant	2	2	2	2
Bus Driver	218	221	235	234
Printing Equipment Operator	2	2	2	2
Custodian Campus Supervisor	450	442	452	456
Security Officer/Alarm Monitors	63 18	64 18	66 19	66 17
Food Service/Satellite Manager	18	18	19	123
Food Service/Saterine Manager	121	165	167	123
Warehouse Worker	15	105	14	137
Classified/Certificated Hourly	202	182	172	181
Total Support Services	3,408	3,392	3,448	3,412
Grand total	9,284	9,125	9,211	9,180
Statu total	7,204	1,145	1,211	2,100

Source: Jefferson County Schools employee management analysis. Note: Staffing information prior to 2010 is not available at this level of detail.

2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
1	1	1	1	1	1
0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0	0 0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0
8	9	10	10	11	11
11	11	14	12	15	16
142	138	140	137	137	136
69	74	73	79	81	82
131	129 0	152 0	152	155	165
0 62	63	68	0 72	0 80	0 82
111	112	122	122	134	139
1	1	1	2	1	0
14	17	22	30	43	41
14	16	13	18	14	16
8	7	5	4	4	3
13	14	12	13	14	12
0 2	0	0 2	0 2	0	10 2
587	2 594	635	654	2 692	716
567	574	055	054	072	/10
2	12	13	17	35	33
4,341	4,316	4,329	4,308	4,338	4,335
154	154	187	187	215	259
114	111	113	114	111	104
18	14	15	13	14	18 94
87 130	125 126	107 126	92 131	91 140	94 132
130	120	120	131	140	132
26	29	29	30	30	31
49	48	45	52	58	70
48	52	51	52	51	51
75	80	88	93	98	95
5	5	5	5	4	5
115	119 22	118 27	117	120	126
18 5,194	5,225	5,265	43 5,266	18 5,335	5,379
	0,220	0,200	5,200	0,000	5,575
50	52	59	48	38	28
1	1	1	1	0	
8	10	6	6	8	9
1	1 0	1 2	1 0	1 0	1 0
312	329	338	334	325	327
4	529	5	4	525 4	527
5	5	5	5	5	5
15	15	14	12	14	15
329	329	339	343	346	335
30	36	31	32	36	36
1,127	1,136	1,127	1,132	1,101	1,151
62	72	77	77	79	73
83 167	82 174	114 168	112 167	112 171	124 161
2	2	2	2	3	3
219	225	230	225	214	202
219	2	230	2	2	202
453	446	456	445	440	461
67	70	66	71	72	75
20	19	25	27	29	34
119	117	117	124	125	122
150	146	144	142	152	147
15 164	14 192	15 202	15 199	14 188	12 207
3,406	3,480	3,544	3,526	3,479	3,535
	5,100	5,5	5,520	2,2	5,000
9,187	9,299	9,444	9,446	9,506	9,630

Operating Information Schedule 14 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

				Cost			Pupil	
	Fiscal			per	Percentage	Teaching	Teacher	Graduation
_	Year	Expenditures (1)	Enrollment (2)	Pupil	Change	Staff (3)	Ratio	Rate (2)
	2011	639,282,379	79,067	8,085	-3.77%	4,442	17.80	79.1
	2012	612,608,734	78,210	7,833	-3.12%	4,360	17.94	81.4
	2013	617,955,694	78,534	7,869	0.46%	4,401	17.84	81.5
	2014	633,048,988	78,417	8,073	2.60%	4,372	17.94	82.9
	2015	647,540,353	78,492	8,250	2.19%	4,341	18.08	82.9
	2016	630,595,087	77,699	8,116	-1.62%	4,316	18.00	82.8
	2017	693,979,445	76,897	9,025	11.20%	4,329	17.76	83.5
	2018	704,980,883	76,367	9,231	2.29%	4,308	17.73	85.3
	2019	758,562,376	75,579	10,037	8.72%	4,338	17.42	85.3
	2020	778,312,072	74,874	10,395	3.57%	4,335	17.27	*

(1) Expenses and transfers from Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance for General Fund.

(2) Enrollment data report does not include charter schools.

(3) From the Jefferson County Schools employee management analysis 4th quarter report. Full time equivalent teaching staff only.

*Not available

Operating Information Schedule 15 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 School Building Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Elementary/Pre-K campuses	101	101	99	99	99	100	99	99	98	98
Total square feet	4,616,761	4,592,792	4,582,688	4,583,299	4,579,989	4,746,203	4,714,483	4,824,248	4,775,087	4,768,127
Total program capacity	50,711	48,670	43,088	43,408	43,408	43,013	44,600	45,507	45,194	44,970
Enrollment	40,874	40,274	40,774	40,670	40,652	40,017	39,371	38,837	35,463	34,250
Middle school campuses	19	19	19	19	19	17	17	17	17	17
Total square feet	2,037,237	2,037,237	2,037,237	2,037,237	2,037,237	1,817,299	1,817,299	1,817,299	1,856,465	1,898,936
Total program capacity	16,410	15,943	15,786	15,786	15,786	15,786	14,199	14,199	15,039	15,907
Enrollment	10,755	10,686	10,720	10,757	10,745	10,060	10,052	9,986	12,224	12,707
High school campuses	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Total square feet	3,692,357	3,692,357	3,692,597	3,692,597	3,692,597	3,724,284	3,724,284	3,724,284	3,724,309	3,724,307
Total program capacity	30,063	30,019	29,764	29,764	29,764	29,835	29,835	29,835	29,835	29,835
Enrollment	23,384	23,219	22,958	22,959	22,935	23,589	23,388	23,496	23,062	23,075
Option schools/Innovation	15	15	15	15	15	17	17	17	18	17
Total square feet	900,062	923,062	928,709	930,932	907,020	956,482	956,481	952,978	1,006,690	980,287
Total program capacity	5,711	5,817	5,868	5,868	5,868	6,344	6,344	6,277	6,862	6,527
Enrollment	4,054	4,031	3,801	4,031	4,160	4,033	4,086	4,048	4,830	4,842
Charter schools	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	17	17
Enrollment	5,551	6,119	7,008	7,592	8,082	9,032	9,464	9,763	9,052	9,187
Support facilities										
Total square feet	534,434	491,806	485,210	493,488	493,488	493,488	525,595	527,123	559,068	656,871

Sources: Jefferson County Schools Enrollment Data Jefferson County Schools Facilities Conditions Assessment Report

Operating Information Schedule 16 Jefferson County School District, No.R-1 Certificated staff Data - Number of certificated staff by salary level with average salaries Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Non-Degree Vocational	Bachelor's Degree	Master's or Higher Level Degree	Salary Ranges	Average Salary
2011	17	2,263	3,289	33,616 to 94,562	60,100
2012	17	2,030	3,269	32,608 to 91,725	58,500
2013	16	1,986	3,318	32,934 to 92,642	58,100
2014	17	2,109	3,173	33,616 to 94,562	57,900
2015	16	1,417	3,877	38,000 to 91,787	57,800
2016	16	1,518	3,834	38,000 to 91,819	57,400
2017	16	1,291	4,058	38,000 to 91,819	58,000
2018	19	1,514	3,855	38,000 to 90,862	58,800
2019	20	1,384	4,058	40,989 to 93,271	60,800
2020	19	1,382	4,100	42,853 to 107,004	73,200

Source: Jefferson County Schools human resources and budget departments.

Note: Licensed staff includes teachers, library media specialists, counselors, psychologists, nurses, occupational therapists, physical therapists and other specialists. The data shown is by head count of employees within each level.

Colorado Department of Education Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures

The Auditor's Electronic Financial Data Integrity Check Figures is a fiscal year report of each fund according to the provisions of section 22-44-204(3), Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), concerning the use of the Financial Policies and Procedures Handbook adopted by the State Board of Education. C.R.S. 29-1-603





Colorado Department of Education

Auditors Integrity Report

District: 1420 - Jefferson County R-1 Fiscal Year 2019-20

Fiscal Year 2019-20 Colorado School District/BOCES

Revenues, Expenditures, & Fund Balance by Fund

Fund	Fund Type &Number	Beg Fund Balance & Prior Per Adj	1000 - 5999 Total Revenues & Other 0001-0999 Total Expenditures & Other	otal Expenditures & Other	6700-6799 & Prior Per Adj (6880*)
	Governmental	+	Sources Oses		Ending Fund balance
Ç	General Flind	+ 111 067 215	748 770 457	711 814 757	178 022 015
				101 ⁽ +10 ⁽)111	0,025,011
0	RISK INGITIL SUB-FULID OF GELIERAL FULID				
19	Colorado Preschool Program Fund	0		0	0
	Sub- Total	141,067,215	748,770,457	711,814,757	178,022,915
11	Charter School Fund	29,147,304	123,305,098	113,513,487	38,938,915
20,26	20,26-29 Special Revenue Fund	0	0	0	0
90	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main. Fund	0	0	0	0
07	Total Program Reserve Fund	0	0	0	0
21	Food Service Spec Revenue Fund	5,037,715	24,754,730	24,718,275	5,074,170
22	Govt Designated-Purpose Grants Fund	8,811,033	66,940,952	63,833,641	11,918,343
23	Pupil Activity Special Revenue Fund	12,120,709	22,263,362	21,983,839	12,400,232
24	Full Day Kindergarten Mill Levy Override	0		0	0
25	Transportation Fund	658,515		27,182,364	656,429
31	Bond Redemption Fund	79,487,367	71,573,852	74,509,713	76,551,507
39	Certificate of Participation (COP) Debt Service Fun	0		0	0
41	Building Fund	336,442,901	7,011,152	110,830,204	232,623,849
42	Special Building Fund	0		0	0
43	Capital Reserve Capital Projects Fund	33,513,909	28,696,996	17,710,629	44,500,275
46	Supplemental Cap Const, Tech, Main Fund	0	0	0	0
F	Totals	646,286,666	1,120,496,878	1,166,096,909	600,686,635
	Proprietary				
50	Other Enterprise Funds	11,142,718	18,797,419	19,803,095	10,137,042
64 (63)	33) Risk-Related Activity Fund	6,392,334	8,167,781	10,387,170	4,172,945
60,65	60,65-69 Other Internal Service Funds	25,572,741	10,254,332	11,180,611	24,646,461
F	Totals	43,107,793	37,219,531	41,370,877	38,956,448
	Fiduciary				
70	Other Trust and Agency Funds	0	0	0	0
72	Private Purpose Trust Fund	0		0	0
73	Agency Fund	0		0	0
74	Pupil Activity Agency Fund	0		0	0
79	GASB 34:Permanent Fund	0		0	0
85	Foundations	0	0	0	0
	Totals	0		0	0
			FINAL		

