Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Ocean View School District

Ocean View School District
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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Ocean View School District
Huntington Beach, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean View School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Ocean View School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States *(Government Auditing Standards)*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. The implementation of this standard did not have an effect on the beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Eide Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 13, 2023

"Equity and Excellence"

Ocean View School District

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This section of Ocean View School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, notes and other supplemental information, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Ocean View School District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

Governmental Activities are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for the following:

- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Primary unit of the government is the Ocean View School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's *financial health*, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities – The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade eight students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - The District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's financial status remains positive. The ending balance of the General Fund increased $17,131,019 between July 1, 2022 and June 30, 2023. The General Fund has consistently maintained a reserve for emergencies above the State mandated three (3) percent reserve.

In November 2016, the Ocean View School District community approved the General Obligation Bond Measure R. The voter ballot's language stated "Ocean View School Student Success Measure. To repair/modernize aging classrooms/school facilities including improving student safety/campus security, disabled access, deteriorating roofs, plumbing, ventilation/electrical systems, and acquire, renovate, construct, and equip classrooms, sites, facilities, labs/instructional technology to support student achievement in reading, math, arts, science, and technology." The taxpayers of the Ocean View School District approved a total of $169,000,000 to improve school facilities.

Series A, B, and C were issued for a principal amount of $142,000,000. The remaining unsold series D has a principal amount of $27,000,000, which will be sold in 2023-24. The construction of Star View Elementary School is nearly complete, while construction is beginning for Mesa View Middle School. The bond expenditures for 2022-2023 were $36,311,039 and had ending balance of $7,643,199.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was $29,931,719 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Of this amount, $(79,938,098) was unrestricted deficit. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Assets		
Current and other assets	$ 85,725,631	$ 98,767,272
Lease receivables	43,788,605	45,137,508
Capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets	217,071,181	184,912,254
Total assets	346,585,417	328,817,034
Deferred outflows of resources	28,358,845	17,880,223
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	18,491,441	15,343,759
Long-term liabilities	260,298,556	232,753,291
Total liabilities	278,789,997	248,097,050
Deferred inflows of resources	66,222,546	96,498,773
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	75,212,168	73,475,490
Restricted	34,657,649	19,967,426
Unrestricted (deficit)	(79,938,098)	(91,341,482)
Total net position (deficit)	$ 29,931,719	$ 2,101,434

The $(79,938,098) in unrestricted deficit net position represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Unrestricted deficit – the part of the net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements decreased by 12.5% or $11,403,384.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services and sales	$ 441,147	$ 469,718
Operating grants and contributions	30,922,922	27,452,944
Capital grants and contributions	427,366	(21,659)
General revenues		
Federal and State aid not restricted	30,001,141	26,016,404
Property taxes	60,683,932	56,061,438
Other general revenues	20,806,668	6,435,032
Total revenues	143,283,176	116,413,877
Expenses		
Instruction-related	73,152,976	69,999,624
Pupil services	9,855,466	8,080,212
Administration	8,571,883	6,963,752
Plant services	14,285,445	13,242,724
All other services	9,587,121	6,766,925
Total expenses	115,452,891	105,053,237
Change in net position	$ 27,830,285	$ 11,360,640

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 15, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was $115,452,891. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only $60,683,932 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs ($441,147) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions ($31,350,288). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with $30,001,141 Federal and State funds, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements of $20,806,668.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction-related including special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2023	2022	2023	2022
Instruction-related	$ 73,152,976	$ 69,999,624	$ (55,624,377)	$ (49,274,702)
Pupil services	9,855,466	8,080,212	(3,154,511)	(2,560,194)
Administration	8,571,883	6,963,752	(7,660,518)	(6,314,570)
Plant services	14,285,445	13,242,724	(13,683,834)	(13,051,517)
All other services	9,587,121	6,766,925	(3,538,216)	(5,951,251)
Total	$ 115,452,891	$ 105,053,237	$ (83,661,456)	$ (77,152,234)

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of $69,013,424, which is a decrease of $16,254,344, or 19.1% from last year (Table 4).

Table 4

	Balances and Activity			
Governmental Fund	July 1, 2022	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2023
General	$ 25,944,002	$ 126,037,255	$ 109,040,840	$ 42,940,417
Building	42,524,293	1,429,944	36,311,038	7,643,199
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	1,505,460	2,796,857	2,242,019	2,060,298
Student Activity	305,415	90,765	121,131	275,049
Child Development	474,897	3,103,054	1,954,953	1,622,998
Cafeteria	1,888,370	4,756,461	3,654,516	2,990,315
Capital Facilities	3,295,127	1,164,154	5,468	4,453,813
County School Facilities	1,604,090	427,365	1,638,912	392,543
Bond Interest and Redemption	7,726,114	5,819,310	6,910,632	6,634,792
Total	$ 85,267,768	$ 145,625,165	$ 161,879,509	$ 69,013,424

The primary reasons for these changes are the following:

Our General Fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased from $25,944,002 million to $42,940,417 million. This increase is due to:

- Record Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) for the Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF);
- Increase in State revenue for one-time programs like Arts, Music, and Instructional Materials Discretionary Block Grant and the Learning Recovery Emergency Block Grant. Due to the uncertainty of the funding level and the Governor's proposal of withdrawing portions of these allocations, the District was limited in utilizing these funds so they were held in the ending fund balance;
- Increase in State revenue in ongoing funding for Expanded Learning Opportunities Program;
- Carry over for categorical programs such as Title I and the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program.

Our Building Fund is our General Obligation Bond. This decrease is due to expending series B and series C, with the timing of the next sale of series D planned in the following fiscal year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on March 14, 2023. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report. The primary changes in the General Fund were as follows:

- The District continued to receive additional COVID-19 funding for multiyear planning.
- The District participated the in State funded Classified School Employee Summer Assistance Program.
- Significant contribution reductions due to one-time funding for Special Education.
- Budgeted expenditures were understated due to the timing of increased State one-time revenues.
- Budget adoption does not include PTA/PTO and community business related revenue and expenses which are included in subsequent budget reports.

CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION IT ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had $217,071,181 in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), including land and construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and right-to-use subscription IT assets. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, and depreciation) of $32,158,927, or 17.4% from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Land and construction in progress	$ 98,600,569	$ 81,830,708
Buildings and improvements	114,124,438	99,986,853
Furniture and Equipment	3,436,305	3,094,693
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	909,869	-
Total	$ 217,071,181	$ 184,912,254

This year's addition of $16,769,861 included the continued Marine View Middle School Modernization, Park View Demolition, Vista View Modernization, and other modernization projects. No debt was issued for these additions.

This year's addition of equipment included SEHI ViewSonic video boards, site and central office HVAC equipment replacement, printer/copiers, and other items.

We present more detailed information about our capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities Other Than Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and Pensions

At the end of this year, the District had $150,618,502 in long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pension versus $155,588,247 last year, a decrease of $4,969,745, or 3.2%. Those long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022
Long-Term Liabilities		
General obligation bonds	$ 126,975,000	$ 129,630,000
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	7,733,332	7,988,277
Certificates of participation	14,555,000	16,310,000
Premium on issuance of certificates of participation	51,781	60,411
Discount on issuance of certificates of participation	(24,178)	(27,631)
Supplemental early retirement plan (SERP)	-	647,300
Subscription-based IT arrangements	211,277	-
Compensated absences	1,116,290	979,890
Total	$ 150,618,502	$ 155,588,247

We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in Note 10 of the financial statements.

At year end, the District had OPEB liability of $24,476,806, versus $19,718,042 last year, an increase of $4,758,764, or 24.1%.

We present more detailed information regarding our OPEB liability in Note 11 of the financial statements.

At year-end, the District has an aggregate net pension liability of $85,203,248 versus $57,447,002 last year, an increase of $27,756,246, or 48.3%.

We present more detailed information regarding our pension liability in Note 14 of the financial statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS OF FISCAL YEAR 2022-2023 ARE NOTED BELOW:

- Returned students to Vista View Middle School for a grand reopening of their modernized site.
- Completed a Federal Program Monitoring (FPM) review with the California Department of Education, citing no audit findings.
- Vista View Middle School was named as one of the "Schools to Watch" by the California League of Educators.
- The District provided staff with a 10% increase in salary and increased benefit caps with a transition to CalPERS for medical insurance.
- The District formed a committee to evaluate options to address declining enrollment and low school's enrollment.
- The District participated the in State funded Classified School Employee Summer Assistance Program.
- Continued a summer school enrichment program for all students.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2023-2024 year, the governing board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumptions in our revenue forecast are provided from the Governor's Budget Workshops, School Services of California's dartboard assumptions, and reviewed by the Orange County Department of Education. The financials use the State provided SACS software and LCFF calculator. One-time funding is removed from subsequent year budgets when building the multi-year projections.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services, at Ocean View School District, 17200 Pinehurst Lane, Huntington Beach, California 92647.

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	$ 74,605,713
Receivables	10,810,921
Stores inventories	164,746
Other current assets	144,251
Lease receivables	43,788,605
Capital assets not depreciated	98,600,569
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	117,560,743
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of accumulated amortization	909,869
Total assets	346,585,417
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	5,511,065
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	22,847,780
Total deferred outflows of resources	28,358,845
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	14,439,881
Interest payable	1,779,234
Unearned revenue	2,272,326
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	5,014,591
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	145,603,911
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	24,476,806
Aggregate net pension liability	85,203,248
Total liabilities	278,789,997
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	6,966,142
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	15,467,799
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	43,788,605
Total deferred inflows of resources	66,222,546
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	75,212,168
Restricted for	
Debt service	4,855,558
Capital projects	5,400,385
Educational programs	20,595,113
Other activities	3,806,593
Unrestricted (deficit)	(79,938,098)
Total net position	$ 29,931,719

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services and Sales	Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Program Revenues: Capital Grants and Contributions	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	$ 63,674,746	$ 3,708	$ 15,117,239	$ 427,366	(48,126,433)
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	2,895,841	2,455	1,590,061	-	(1,303,325)
Instructional library, media, and technology	815,160	-	40,679	-	(774,481)
School site administration	5,767,229	814	346,277	-	(5,420,138)
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	2,880,014	-	647,886	-	(2,232,128)
Food services	3,826,525	261,817	4,710,620	-	1,145,912
All other pupil services	3,148,927	5,722	1,074,910	-	(2,068,295)
Administration					
Data processing	1,377,383	-	(1,034)	-	(1,378,417)
All other administration	7,194,500	8,650	903,749	-	(6,282,101)
Plant services	14,285,445	-	601,611	-	(13,683,834)
Ancillary services	3,673,468	-	5,034,748	-	1,361,280
Community services	1,315,411	-	106,822	-	(1,208,589)
Interest on long-term liabilities	4,416,514	-	-	-	(4,416,514)
Other outgo	181,728	157,981	749,354	-	725,607
Total governmental activities	$ 115,452,891	$ 441,147	$ 30,922,922	$ 427,366	(83,661,456)
General Revenues and Subventions					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					54,126,869
Property taxes, levied for debt service					5,639,865
Taxes levied for other specific purposes					917,198
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes					30,001,141
Interest and investment earnings					2,535,947
Miscellaneous					18,270,721
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions					111,491,741
Change in Net Position					27,830,285
Net Deficit - Beginning					2,101,434
Net Position - Ending					$ 29,931,719

Ocean View School District
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits and investments	$ 44,861,569	$ 11,175,010	$ 2,061,566	$ 16,507,568	$ 74,605,713
Receivables	9,293,528	57,403	39,834	1,420,156	10,810,921
Due from other funds	382,782	-	-	540,193	922,975
Stores inventories	112,842	-	-	51,904	164,746
Other current assets	144,251	-	-	-	144,251
Lease receivables	-	-	43,788,605	-	43,788,605
Total assets	$ 54,794,972	$ 11,232,413	$ 45,890,005	$ 18,519,821	$ 130,437,211
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	$ 10,176,126	$ 3,589,214	$ -	$ 674,541	$ 14,439,881
Due to other funds	540,193	-	-	382,782	922,975
Unearned revenue	1,138,236	-	41,102	1,092,988	2,272,326
Total liabilities	11,854,555	3,589,214	41,102	2,150,311	17,635,182
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	-	-	43,788,605	-	43,788,605
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	165,842	-	-	52,904	218,746
Restricted	20,595,113	7,643,199	554,029	15,287,741	44,080,082
Assigned	6,183,860	-	1,506,269	1,028,865	8,718,994
Unassigned	15,995,602	-	-	-	15,995,602
Total fund balances	42,940,417	7,643,199	2,060,298	16,369,510	69,013,424
Total liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and fund balances	$ 54,794,972	$ 11,232,413	$ 45,890,005	$ 18,519,821	$ 130,437,211

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		$ 69,013,424
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	$ 308,120,507	
Accumulated depreciation is	(91,959,195)	
Net capital assets		216,161,312
Right-to-use subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use subscription IT assets is	1,459,299	
Accumulated amortization is	(549,430)	
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		909,869
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(1,779,234)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	5,511,065	
Aggregate net pension liability	22,847,780	
Total deferred outflows of resources		28,358,845
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(6,966,142)	
Aggregate net pension liability	(15,467,799)	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(22,433,941)

Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		$ (85,203,248)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(24,476,806)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds	$ (126,975,000)	
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	(7,733,332)	
Certificates of participation	(14,555,000)	
Premium on issuance of certificates of participation	(51,781)	
Discount on issuance of certificates of participation	24,178	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	(211,277)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	(1,116,290)	
Total long-term liabilities		(150,618,502)
Total net position - governmental activities		$ 29,931,719

Ocean View School District

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local Control Funding Formula	$ 82,187,335	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 82,187,335
Federal sources	6,820,930	-	-	3,041,139	9,862,069
Other State sources	27,893,687	-	-	3,090,629	30,984,316
Other local sources	8,810,921	1,429,944	2,796,857	9,229,341	22,267,063
Total revenues	125,712,873	1,429,944	2,796,857	15,361,109	145,300,783
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	67,485,015	-	-	728,054	68,213,069
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	3,140,515	-	-	35,439	3,175,954
Instructional library, media, and technology	857,968	-	-	-	857,968
School site administration	6,262,082	-	-	55,338	6,317,420
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	2,924,263	-	-	-	2,924,263
Food services	252,185	-	-	3,549,827	3,802,012
All other pupil services	3,322,100	-	-	-	3,322,100
Administration					
Data processing	1,443,060	-	-	-	1,443,060
All other administration	7,399,882	-	-	230,461	7,630,343
Plant services	10,706,288	1,557,289	994	129,769	12,394,340
Ancillary services	3,574,329	-	-	121,131	3,695,460
Community services	495,850	-	-	886,788	1,382,638
Other outgo	181,728	-	-	-	181,728
Facility acquisition and construction	882,470	34,753,749	-	1,638,173	37,274,392
Debt service					
Principal	113,105	-	1,755,000	2,655,000	4,523,105
Interest and other	-	-	486,025	4,255,632	4,741,657
Total expenditures	109,040,840	36,311,038	2,242,019	14,285,612	161,879,509
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	16,672,033	(34,881,094)	554,838	1,075,497	(16,578,726)
Other Financing Sources					
Other sources - subscription-based IT arrangements	324,382	-	-	-	324,382
Net Change in Fund Balances	16,996,415	(34,881,094)	554,838	1,075,497	(16,254,344)
Fund Balance - Beginning	25,944,002	42,524,293	1,505,460	15,294,013	85,267,768
Fund Balance - Ending	$ 42,940,417	$ 7,643,199	$ 2,060,298	$ 16,369,510	$ 69,013,424

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		$ (16,254,344)
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because		
Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities.		
This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization expense in the period.		
Capital outlay	$ 39,204,497	
Depreciation and amortization expense	(7,045,570)	
Net expense adjustment		32,158,927
Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with subscription-based IT arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		(324,382)
In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) and special termination benefits (early retirement) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This year, special termination benefits paid were more than the amount earned by $647,300. Vacation earned was more than the amount used by $136,400.		510,900
In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and aggregate net pension liability during the year.		7,720,931
In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year.		(829,995)
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities		
General obligation bonds		2,655,000
Certificates of participation		1,755,000
Subscription-based IT arrangements		113,105

Under the modified basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. This adjustment combines the net changes of the following balances		
Amortization of debt premium	$	263,575
Amortization of debt discount		(3,453)
Interest on long-term liabilities in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.		65,021
Change in net position of governmental activities	$	27,830,285

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Ocean View School District (the District) was organized in 1874 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades kindergarten through eighth as mandated by the State and Federal agencies. The District operates ten elementary schools and four middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Ocean View School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into a single a category: governmental funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California School Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of $72,286.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.

- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.

- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

- **County School Facilities Fund** The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a local educational agency (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect of the District and for each governmental function. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of $5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: land improvement, 20 to 50 years; buildings and improvements, 20 to 50 years; and equipment, 5 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities' columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid. The compensated absence liability will be paid by the following funds: General Fund, Child Development Fund, and Child Nutrition Fund.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources related to leases, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Leases

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Subscriptions

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset. The amortization period varies from 2 to 6 years.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external

restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report $34,657,649 of net position restricted by enabling legislation.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Orange bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 96

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*. The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes 5 and 10. The implementation of this standard did not have an effect on the beginning net position.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental activities	$ 74,605,713

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	$ 861,588
Cash in revolving	54,000
Investments	73,690,125
Total deposits and investments	$ 74,605,713

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code and the District's investment policy to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized costs basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool and by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of $73,690,125 with the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 225 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool has been rated Aaa by Moody's Investor Service.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. The District's policy requires that all monies deposited in a bank account outside of County Treasury be fully insured or collateralized. The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District has bank balances exposed to custodial credit risk totaling $336,779.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurement

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.

- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.

- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments of $73,690,125 in the Orange County Treasury Investment Pool are uncategorized.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Activities
Federal Government					
Categorical aid	$ 3,546,002	$ -	$ -	$ 697,002	$ 4,243,004
State Government					
LCFF apportionment	799,036	-	-	-	799,036
Categorical aid	2,344,643	-	-	350,519	2,695,162
Lottery	421,175	-	-	-	421,175
Special education	1,571,543	-	-	-	1,571,543
Local Government					
Interest	290,267	57,403	6,009	25,037	378,716
Other local sources	320,862	-	33,825	347,598	702,285
Total	$ 9,293,528	$ 57,403	$ 39,834	$ 1,420,156	$ 10,810,921

Note 5 - Capital Assets and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

Capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	$ 10,554,104	$ -	$ -	$ 10,554,104
Construction in progress	71,276,604	36,632,593	(19,862,732)	88,046,465
Total capital assets not being depreciated	81,830,708	36,632,593	(19,862,732)	98,600,569
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	7,190,155	77,075	-	7,267,230
Buildings and improvements	162,962,337	19,969,003	-	182,931,340
Furniture and equipment	18,398,536	929,259	(6,427)	19,321,368
Total capital assets being depreciated	188,551,028	20,975,337	(6,427)	209,519,938
Total capital assets	270,381,736	57,607,930	(19,869,159)	308,120,507
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(6,886,015)	(62,108)	-	(6,948,123)
Buildings and improvements	(63,279,624)	(5,846,385)	-	(69,126,009)
Furniture and equipment	(15,303,843)	(587,647)	6,427	(15,885,063)
Total accumulated depreciation	(85,469,482)	(6,496,140)	6,427	(91,959,195)
Net-depreicable capital assets	103,081,546	14,479,197	-	117,560,743
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized				
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	-	1,459,299	-	1,459,299
Accumulated amortization	-	(549,430)	-	(549,430)
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets	-	909,869	-	909,869
Governmental activities capital assets and right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	$ 184,912,254	$ 52,021,659	$ (19,862,732)	$ 217,071,181

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	$ 3,663,972
Home-to-school transportation	48,721
Food services	107,186
All other pupil services	143,565
Data processing	5,266
All other administration	405,648
Plant services	2,671,212
Total depreciation and amortization expense governmental activities	$ 7,045,570

Note 6 - Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recorded by the District at the present value of future lease payments expected to be received from the lessee during the lease term, reduced by any provisions of estimated uncollectible amounts. Lease receivables are subsequently reduced over the life of the lease as cash is received in the applicable reporting period. The present value of future lease payments to be received are discounted based on the interest rate the District charges the lessee. The District has accrued a receivable for leasing facilities to various lessees. These leases are non-cancelable for periods more than one year. During the fiscal year, the District recognized $1,348,903 in lease revenue and $1,069,434 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2023, the District recorded $43,788,605 in lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources for these agreements. The interest rate on these leases is 2.45%.

Note 7 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

	Due From		
Due To	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
General Fund	$ -	$ 382,782	$ 382,782
Non-Major Governmental Funds	540,193	-	540,193
Total	$ 540,193	$ 382,782	$ 922,975

A balance of $120,304 is due from the Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.

A balance of $103,855 is due from the Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for payroll, benefits and other operating expenditures.

A balance of $6,521 is due from the Child Development Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for inventory.

A balance of $104,689 is due from the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for indirect costs.

A balance of $46,983 is due from the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for payroll, benefits and other operating expenditures.

A balance of $430 is due from the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund to the General Fund for inventory.

A balance of $508,580 is due from the General Fund to the Child Development Fund Non-Major Governmental Fund for payroll, benefits, and paraprofessional expenditures.

A balance of $31,613 is due from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund Non-Major Governmental Fund for payroll, benefits, and other operating expenditures.

Note 8 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Salaries and benefits	$ 4,262,494	$ -	$ 459,390	$ 4,721,884
Other vendor payables	4,563,141	3,589,214	215,151	8,367,506
State categorical aid	1,350,491	-	-	1,350,491
Total	$ 10,176,126	$ 3,589,214	$ 674,541	$ 14,439,881

Note 9 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	$ 1,138,236	$ -	$ -	$ 1,138,236
State categorical aid	-	-	1,030,917	1,030,917
Other local	-	41,102	62,071	103,173
Total	$ 1,138,236	$ 41,102	$ 1,092,988	$ 2,272,326

Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2022	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	$ 129,630,000	$ -	$ (2,655,000)	$ 126,975,000	$ 3,080,000
Premium on issuance of general obligation bonds	7,988,277	-	(254,945)	7,733,332	-
Certificates of participation	16,310,000	-	(1,755,000)	14,555,000	1,830,000
Premium on issuance of certificates of participation	60,411	-	(8,630)	51,781	-
Discount on issuance of certificates of participation	(27,631)	-	3,453	(24,178)	-
Subscription-based IT arrangements	-	324,382	(113,105)	211,277	104,591
Supplemental early retirement plan (SERP)	647,300	-	(647,300)	-	-
Compensated absences	979,890	136,400	-	1,116,290	-
Total	$ 155,588,247	$ 460,782	$ (5,430,527)	$ 150,618,502	$ 5,014,591

Payments for the General Obligation Bonds will be made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments for the Certificates of Participation are made by the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. Subscription-based IT arrangements are paid by the General Fund. Supplemental early retirement plan is paid by the General Fund. Compensated absences will be paid by the General Fund, Child Development Fund, and Cafeteria Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2022	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2023
5/17/2017	8/1/2046	2.00-5.00%	$ 45,000,000	$ 34,380,000	$ (1,255,000)	$ 33,125,000
2/13/2020	8/1/2049	2.00-6.00%	42,000,000	40,250,000	(1,400,000)	38,850,000
10/20/2021	8/1/2050	2.25-5.00%	55,000,000	55,000,000	-	55,000,000
				$ 129,630,000	$ (2,655,000)	$ 126,975,000

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A

On May 17, 2017, the District issued the $45,000,000 Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A. The Series A bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity of August 1, 2046, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to finance the repair, upgrading, acquisition, construction, equipping of District sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series A was $33,125,000.

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B

On February 13, 2020, the District issued the $42,000,000 Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B. The Series B bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity of August 1, 2049, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 6.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to finance the repair, upgrading, acquisition, construction, equipping of District sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series B was $38,850,000.

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series C

On October 20, 2021, the District issued the $55,000,000 Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series C. The Series C bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity of August 1, 2050, with interest rates ranging from 2.25 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used to finance the repair, upgrading, acquisition, construction, equipping of certain District sites and facilities, and to pay the costs of issuing the bonds. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding of the 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series C was $55,000,000.

The Bonds mature through 2051 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2024	$ 3,080,000	$ 4,096,481	$ 7,176,481
2025	2,675,000	3,933,556	6,608,556
2026	960,000	3,836,806	4,796,806
2027	1,140,000	3,776,556	4,916,556
2028	930,000	3,719,006	4,649,006
2029-2033	8,560,000	17,524,281	26,084,281
2034-2038	16,825,000	14,812,700	31,637,700
2039-2043	27,355,000	11,023,481	38,378,481
2044-2048	39,380,000	6,038,544	45,418,544
2049-2051	26,070,000	922,628	26,992,628
Total	$ 126,975,000	$ 69,684,039	$ 196,659,039

Certificates of Participation

The outstanding certificates of participation debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2022	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2023
6/19/2014	6/1/2029	3.00-3.38%	$10,720,000	$ 6,810,000	$ (935,000)	$ 5,875,000
8/26/2015	6/1/2030	3.00-4.00%	11,870,000	9,500,000	(820,000)	8,680,000
				$ 16,310,000	$ (1,755,000)	$ 14,555,000

2014 Certificates of Participation

On June 19, 2014, the District issued the 2014 Certificates of Participation in the amount of $10,720,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 3.38%. The 2014 Certificates of Participation have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2029. Proceeds from the sale of the certificates were used to finance the modernization of certain District schools and pay certain costs of issuance of the Certificates. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance on the 2014 Certificates of Participation was $5,875,000.

2015 Certificates of Participation

On August 26, 2015, the District issued the 2015 Certificates of Participation in the amount of $11,870,000 with interest rates ranging from 3.00 to 4.00%. The 2015 Certificates of Participation have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2030. Proceeds from the sale of the certificates will be used to finance the modernization of certain District schools and pay certain costs of issuance of the Certificates. As of June 30, 2023, the outstanding balance on the 2015 Certificates of Participation was $8,680,000.

The certificates of participation mature through 2030, as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	$ 1,830,000	$ 439,526	$ 2,269,526
2025	1,890,000	391,038	2,281,038
2026	1,980,000	334,338	2,314,338
2027	2,070,000	274,938	2,344,938
2028	2,165,000	212,838	2,377,838
2029-2030	4,620,000	219,163	4,839,163
Total	$ 14,555,000	$ 1,871,841	$ 16,426,841

Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District entered into a SBITA for the use of various educational and operational software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset of $909,869 and a SBITA liability of $211,277 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded $549,430 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments through June 2028. The subscription has an interest rate of 4.03%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	$ 104,591	$ 8,514	$ 113,105
2025	65,152	4,298	69,450
2026	13,301	1,674	14,975
2027	13,838	1,138	14,976
2028	14,395	580	14,975
Total	$ 211,277	$ 16,204	$ 227,481

Supplemental Early Retirement Plan (SERP)

In 2017-2018 fiscal year, the District adopted the supplemental early retirement plan whereby certain eligible certificated and classified employees were provided an annuity to supplement the retirement benefits they are entitled to through the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The criteria for qualification are as follows: have 50% full-time employment with the District with five years of service with the District, certificated employees have to be at least 55 years of age by the date of retirement with five years of CalSTRS service or be at least 50 years of age by the date of retirement with 30 years of CalSTRS service, and classified employees have to be at least 50 years of age by the date of retirement with five years of CalPERS service. As of June 30, 2023, the SERP was paid in full.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to $1,116,290.

Note 11 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	$ 24,117,478	$ 5,511,065	$ 6,966,142	$ 1,344,876
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	359,328	-	-	(104,373)
Total	$ 24,476,806	$ 5,511,065	$ 6,966,142	$ 1,240,503

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	23
Active employees	509
Total	532

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The benefit payment requirement of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Ocean View Teachers Association (OVTA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, OVTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For fiscal year 2022-2023, the District paid $410,508 in benefits.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of $24,117,478 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Salary increases	2.75%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	4.13% for 2023
Healthcare cost trend rates	7.00%

The discount rate was based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20 Year High Grade Rate Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study for the period July 1, 2022, to June 30, 2023.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	$ 19,254,341
Service cost	881,502
Interest	815,245
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	(1,808,932)
Changes of assumptions	5,385,830
Benefit payments	(410,508)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,863,137
Balance, June 30, 2023	$ 24,117,478

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 4.09% in 2022 to 4.13% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.13%)	$ 25,796,041
Current discount rate (4.13%)	24,117,478
1% increase (5.13%)	22,500,491

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (6.00%)	$ 21,774,019
Current healthcare cost trend rate (7.00%)	24,117,478
1% increase (8.00%)	26,793,669

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of $1,344,876. At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following OPEB related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	$ -	$ 2,959,855
Changes of assumptions	5,511,065	4,006,287
Total	$ 5,511,065	$ 6,966,142

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	$ (351,871)
2025	(351,871)
2026	(356,846)
2027	(397,752)
2028	(241,162)
Thereafter	244,425
Total	$ (1,455,077)

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB)Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of $359,328 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.1091%, and 0.1163%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0072%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of $(104,373).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.54%)	$ 391,736
Current discount rate (3.54%)	359,328
1% increase (4.54%)	331,266

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	$ 329,697
Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	359,328
1% increase (5.50% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	392,916

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	$ 53,000	$ -	$ -	$ 1,000	$ 54,000
Stores inventories	112,842	-	-	51,904	164,746
Total nonspendable	165,842	-	-	52,904	218,746
Restricted					
Legally restricted programs	20,595,113	-	-	3,806,593	24,401,706
Capital projects	-	7,643,199	554,029	4,846,356	13,043,584
Debt service	-	-	-	6,634,792	6,634,792
Total restricted	20,595,113	7,643,199	554,029	15,287,741	44,080,082
Assigned					
Deferred maintenance projects	1	-	-	-	1
Unrestricted lottery	2,111,574	-	-	-	2,111,574
Textbook adoption	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Technology infrastructure	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Technology device replacement	500,000	-	-	-	500,000
Facilities, information technology, and food service vehicle replacement	250,000	-	-	-	250,000
Heating, ventilation, and air conditioning repair	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Asphalt repair	1,000,000	-	-	-	1,000,000
Capital projects	72,285	-	1,506,269	-	1,578,554
Child development	-	-	-	1,028,865	1,028,865
Total assigned	6,183,860	-	1,506,269	1,028,865	8,718,994
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic uncertainties	15,995,602	-	-	-	15,995,602
Total	$ 42,940,417	$ 7,643,199	$ 2,060,298	$ 16,369,510	$ 69,013,424

Note 13 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District contracted with Alliance of Schools Cooperative Insurance Program Joint Powers Authority for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2023, the District participated in the Western Orange County Self-Funded Workers' Compensation Insurance Agency (the Agency), a joint powers authority. The intent of the Agency is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the Agency. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the Agency. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Participation in the Agency is limited to districts that can meet the Agency's selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with California Schools VEBA (CSVEBA) and California Public Employees Retirement Systems (CalPERS) to provide employee health and welfare benefits. The District has also contracted with Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Premiums (ASCIP), a joint powers authority, to provide employee dental benefits. CalPERS, CSVEBA, and ASCIP are shared risk pools comprised of several local education agencies. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	$ 50,504,285	$ 11,559,755	$ 11,362,170	$ 2,749,370
CalPERS	34,698,963	11,288,025	4,105,629	2,586,320
Total	$ 85,203,248	$ 22,847,780	$ 15,467,799	$ 5,335,690

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were $8,589,250.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability, Including State Share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	$ 50,504,285
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	25,292,349
Total	$ 75,796,634

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively was 0.0727% and 0.0773%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0046%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of $2,746,370. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of $2,039,811 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	$ 8,589,250	$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	424,431	5,105,645
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,469,757
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	41,429	3,786,768
Changes of assumptions	2,504,645	-
Total	$ 11,559,755	$ 11,362,170

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	$ (1,814,220)
2025	(1,965,400)
2026	(2,952,431)
2027	4,262,294
Total	$ (2,469,757)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	$ 197,993
2025	(1,615,525)
2026	(1,360,995)
2027	(1,220,163)
2028	(1,109,357)
Thereafter	(813,861)
Total	$ (5,921,908)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4)%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	$ 85,775,008
Current discount rate (7.10%)	50,504,285
1% increase (8.10%)	21,218,981

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation reports, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
Hire date	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	25.37%	25.37%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were $4,467,371.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling $34,698,963. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively was 0.1008% and 0.1094%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0086%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of $2,586,320. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	$ 4,467,371	$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	-	3,242,274
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,097,003	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	156,819	863,355
Changes of assumptions	2,566,832	-
Total	$ 11,288,025	$ 4,105,629

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	$ 683,250
2025	605,995
2026	309,551
2027	2,498,207
Total	$ 4,097,003

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	$ (752,756)
2025	(424,393)
2026	(117,379)
2027	(87,450)
Total	$ (1,381,978)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	$ 50,124,409
Current discount rate (6.90%)	34,698,963
1% increase (7.90%)	21,950,399

Tax Deferred Annuity/Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of $4,057,418 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Mesa Modernization	$ 23,497,000	September 2024
Star Modernization	8,149,887	September 2023
Vista Modernization	125,149	September 2023
Spring Asphalt	353,942	December 2023
Spring Conduit/Fiber upgrade project	360,610	December 2023
HVAC-Circle and Mesa	1,773,010	September 2024
Total	$ 34,259,598	

Note 16 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools, Joint Powers Authorities and Other Related Party Transactions

The District is a member of the Western Orange County Self-Funded Workers' Compensation Agency, California Schools VEBA, California Public Employees Retirement Systems (CalPERS), and the Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Joint Powers Authority public entity risk pools. The District pays an annual premium to each entity for its workers' compensation, and property and liability, and health and welfare benefits coverage. The relationships between the District and the pools are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payments of $969,470, $2,059,017, $3,543,591, and $1,643,902 to the West Orange County Self-Funded Workers' Compensation Agency, California Schools VEBA, CalPERS, and Alliance of Schools for Cooperative Insurance Programs Joint Powers Authority, respectively, for annual premium payments.

Note 17 - Subsequent Events

2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series D

On August 10, 2023, the District issued the $27,000,000 Election of 2016 General Obligation Bonds, Series D. The Series D bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity of August 1, 2050, with interest rates ranging from 4.00 to 6.00%.

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Ocean View School District

	Budgeted Amounts			Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual	Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	$ 82,073,587	$ 82,125,641	$ 82,187,335	$ 61,694
Federal sources	10,870,049	7,089,833	6,820,930	(268,903)
Other State sources	28,581,322	26,272,514	27,893,687	1,621,173
Other local sources	9,855,599	9,853,658	8,810,921	(1,042,737)
Total revenues [1]	131,380,557	125,341,646	125,712,873	371,227
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	44,624,612	44,840,622	45,301,742	(461,120)
Classified salaries	17,667,103	18,226,433	17,960,137	266,296
Employee benefits	29,018,762	28,825,939	26,441,472	2,384,467
Books and supplies	6,089,039	6,027,787	5,327,442	700,345
Services and operating expenditures	14,337,168	14,007,435	12,695,113	1,312,322
Other outgo	3,912,279	2,006,582	(43,265)	2,049,847
Capital outlay	206,150	213,439	1,245,094	(1,031,655)
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	-	-	113,105	(113,105)
Debt service - interest and other	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures [1]	115,855,113	114,148,237	109,040,840	5,107,397
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	15,525,444	11,193,409	16,672,033	5,478,624
Other Financing Sources				
Other sources - subscription-based IT arrangements	-	-	324,382	324,382
Net Change in Fund Balances	15,214,444	10,882,409	16,996,415	6,114,006
Fund Balance - Beginning	25,944,002	25,944,002	25,944,002	-
Fund Balance - Ending	$ 41,158,446	$ 36,826,411	$ 42,940,417	$ 6,114,006

[1] Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Ocean View School District

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	$ 881,502	$ 1,283,991	$ 1,200,431
Interest	815,245	519,345	579,745
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	(1,808,932)	(1,142,537)	-
Changes of assumptions	5,385,830	(3,636,174)	762,527
Benefit payments	(410,508)	(615,602)	(579,969)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,863,137	(3,590,977)	1,962,734
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	$ 19,254,341	$ 22,845,318	$ 20,882,584
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	$ 24,117,478	$ 19,254,341	$ 22,845,318
Covered Payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	$ 1,009,057	$ 1,003,367	$ 1,058,553
Interest	663,170	669,604	661,107
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	(903,983)	-	1,847,041
Changes of assumptions	(2,272,032)	354,883	274,835
Benefit payments	(743,090)	(724,615)	(459,130)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(2,246,878)	1,303,239	3,382,406
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	$ 23,129,462	$ 21,826,223	$ 18,443,817
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	$ 20,882,584	$ 23,129,462	$ 21,826,223
Covered Payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

[1] The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1091%	0.1163%	0.1320%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 359,328	$ 463,701	$ 559,190
Covered payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020

Year ended June 30,	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1349%	0.1358%	0.1409%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	$ 502,294	$ 519,821	$ 592,737
Covered payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A[1]	N/A[1]	N/A[1]
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

[1] As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Ocean View School District

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS

Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0727%	0.0773%	0.0757%	0.0762%	0.0757%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 50,504,285	$ 35,196,167	$ 73,386,486	$ 68,862,904	$ 69,538,654
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	25,292,349	17,709,346	37,830,742	37,569,311	39,814,132
Total	$ 75,796,634	$ 52,905,513	$ 111,217,228	$ 106,432,215	$ 109,352,786
Covered payroll	$ 43,064,610	$ 42,721,907	$ 41,098,047	$ 40,215,018	$ 40,347,263
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	117.28%	82.38%	178.56%	171.24%	172.35%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	87%	72%	73%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0778%	0.0806%	0.0837%	0.0836%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 71,969,514	$ 65,203,930	$ 56,334,655	$ 48,824,373
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	42,576,556	37,119,434	29,794,822	29,482,264
	$ 114,546,070	$ 102,323,364	$ 86,129,477	$ 78,306,637
Covered payroll	$ 40,833,188	$ 39,393,075	$ 37,924,471	$ 37,497,499
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	176.25%	165.52%	148.54%	130.21%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	69%	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

CalPERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1008%	0.1094%	0.1152%	0.1193%	0.1258%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 34,698,963	$ 22,250,835	$ 35,338,116	$ 34,770,329	$ 33,531,043
Covered payroll	$ 14,934,448	$ 16,072,942	$ 16,605,694	$ 16,458,615	$ 16,807,939
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	232.34%	138.44%	212.81%	211.26%	199.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1266%	0.1299%	0.1364%	0.1370%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 30,221,356	$ 25,660,835	$ 20,112,330	$ 15,558,329
Covered payroll	$ 15,428,298	$ 15,574,399	$ 15,147,003	$ 15,147,003
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	195.88%	164.76%	132.78%	102.72%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	$ 8,589,250	$ 7,286,532	$ 6,899,588	$ 7,027,766	$ 6,547,005
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,589,250	7,286,532	6,899,588	7,027,766	6,547,005
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 44,969,895	$ 43,064,610	$ 42,721,907	$ 41,098,047	$ 40,215,018
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%	17.10%	16.28%

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	$ 5,822,110	$ 5,136,815	$ 4,226,877	$ 3,367,693
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	5,822,110	5,136,815	4,226,877	3,367,693
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 40,347,263	$ 40,833,188	$ 39,393,075	$ 37,924,471
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%	8.88%

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

CalPERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	$ 4,467,371	$ 3,421,482	$ 3,327,099	$ 3,274,809	$ 2,972,755
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	4,467,371	3,421,482	3,327,099	3,274,809	2,972,755
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 17,608,873	$ 14,934,448	$ 16,072,942	$ 16,605,694	$ 16,458,615
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%	19.721%	18.062%

	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	$ 2,610,441	$ 2,142,682	$ 1,845,099	$ 1,783,241
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	2,610,441	2,142,682	1,845,099	1,783,241
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered payroll	$ 16,807,939	$ 15,428,298	$ 15,574,399	$ 15,147,003
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%	11.771%

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan's fiduciary net position, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The discount rate changed from 4.09% in 2022 to 4.13% in 2023.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 2.16% to 3.54% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Ocean View School District

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	$ 1,294,758
School Improvement Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	151,800
Subtotal			1,446,558
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D	15536	4,346
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	376
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	2,290,868
COVID-19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D	15618	347,461
COVID-19 -Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: GEER II	84.425C	15619	177,372
COVID-19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425U	15620	268,718
COVID-19 -Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve Learning Loss	84.425U	15621	99,444
COVID-19 -American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HCY II)	84.425W	15566	1,773
Subtotal			3,190,358
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	209,470
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	210,707
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	110,650
Passed Through West Orange County Consortium for Special Education			
Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			
Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,547,711
Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	31,078
Subtotal			1,578,789
Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.173	13430	73,792
Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173A	13431	607
Subtotal			74,399
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,653,188
Total U.S. Department of Education			6,820,931

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed Through CDE			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Programs (NSL Sec 11)	10.555	13524	$ 1,120,138
School Programs (NSL Sec 4)	10.555	13523	439,779
Commodities	10.555	13524	264,688
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	15655	172,134
Subtotal			1,996,739
School Programs (School Breakfast Needy)	10.553	13526	491,949
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			2,488,688
Passed Through California Department of Social Services			
Child Care Food Program (CCFP) Claims-Centers and Family Centers and Family Day Care Homes	10.558	13393	153,337
Cash in Lieu of Commodities	10.558	13534	11,415
Subtotal			164,752
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,653,440
Total Federal Financial Assistance			$ 9,474,371

ORGANIZATION

The Ocean View School District was established in 1874, serving grades kindergarten through eighth. Th District operates ten elementary schools and four middles schools. The District occupies the northern regions of Huntington Beach and small segments of Westminster, Midway City, and Fountain Valley. There are no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
Ms. Patricia Singer	President	2026
Ms. Gina Clayton-Tarvin	Vice President	2024
Mr. Jack C. Sounders	Clerk	2026
Mr. Morgan Westmoreland	Member	2026
Mr. Norm Westwell	Member	2024

ADMINISTRATION	
Dr. Michael Conroy	Superintendent
Dr. Keith Farrow	Assistant Superintendent, Administrative Services
Ms. Reagan Headrick	Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources
Ms. Julianne Hoefer	Assistant Superintendent, Educational Services

	Final Report	
	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	D49A9FC4	F74DEF27
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	2,714.98	2,734.01
Fourth through sixth	2,127.14	2,128.53
Seventh and eighth	1,536.97	1,533.06
Total Regular ADA	6,379.09	6,395.60
Extended Year Special Education		
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.49	0.49
Fourth through sixth	0.18	0.18
Seventh and eighth	0.23	0.23
Total Extended Year Special Education	0.90	0.90
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.61	1.00
Fourth through sixth	2.31	2.68
Seventh and eighth	2.20	2.71
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	5.12	6.39
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Transitional kindergarten through third	0.13	0.13
Fourth through sixth	0.21	0.21
Seventh and eighth	0.33	0.33
Total Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	0.67	0.67
Total ADA	6,385.78	6,403.56

Ocean View School District
Schedule of Instructional Time
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2022-2023 Actual Minutes	Number of Minutes Credited From J-13A	Total Minutes Offered	Traditional Calendar: Number of Actual Days	Traditional Calendar: Number of Minutes Credited From J-13A	Traditional Calendar: Total Days Offered	Multitrack Calendar: Number of Actual Days	Multitrack Calendar: Number of Minutes Credited From J-13A	Multitrack Calendar: Total Days Offered	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	50,460	-	50,460	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3											
Grade 1	50,400	50,460	-	50,460	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,460	-	50,460	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	50,460	-	50,460	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 8											
Grade 4	54,000	58,380	-	58,380	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	58,380	-	58,380	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	58,544	-	58,544	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	58,544	-	58,544	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	58,544	-	58,544	180	-	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied

See Notes to Supplementary Information

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

	(Budget) 2024 [1]	2023	2022 [1]	2021 [1]
General Fund [3]				
Revenues	$ 111,657,580	$ 125,707,317	$ 105,559,331	$ 100,992,286
Other sources	-	1,427,940	-	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources	111,657,580	127,135,257	105,559,331	100,992,286
Expenditures	107,172,452	109,683,422	99,145,732	95,958,406
Other uses	500,000	320,816	251,818	1,650,000
Total expenditures and other uses	107,672,452	110,004,238	99,397,550	97,608,406
Increase in Fund Balance	3,985,128	17,131,019	6,161,781	3,383,880
Ending Fund Balance	$ 46,853,259	$ 42,868,131	$ 25,737,112	$ 19,575,331
Available Reserves [2]	$ 3,236,250	$ 15,995,602	$ 13,126,682	$ 14,825,838
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	3.01%	14.54%	13.21%	15.19%
Long-Term Liabilities	N/A	$ 260,298,556	$ 232,753,291	$ 233,148,150
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	6,198	6,386	6,456	7,464

The General Fund balance has increased by $23,292,800 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects an increase of $3,985,128 (9.3%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least three percent of total General Fund expenditures, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years and the District anticipates incurring an operating surplus during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by $27,150,406 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 1,078 over the past two years. Additional decrease of 188 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

[1] Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

[2] Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

[3] General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

	Student Activity Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund
Assets				
Deposits and investments	$ 275,049	$ 2,308,316	$ 2,532,449	$ 4,392,706
Receivables	-	244,472	1,075,329	62,585
Due from other funds	-	508,580	31,613	-
Stores inventories	-	-	51,904	-
Total assets	$ 275,049	$ 3,061,368	$ 3,691,295	$ 4,455,291
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	$ -	$ 233,322	$ 430,258	$ 1,478
Due to other funds	-	230,680	152,102	-
Unearned revenue	-	974,368	118,620	-
Total liabilities	-	1,438,370	700,980	1,478
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	-	-	52,904	-
Restricted	275,049	594,133	2,937,411	4,453,813
Assigned	-	1,028,865	-	-
Total fund balances	275,049	1,622,998	2,990,315	4,453,813
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 275,049	$ 3,061,368	$ 3,691,295	$ 4,455,291

	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets			
Deposits and investments	$ 400,250	$ 6,598,798	$ 16,507,568
Receivables	1,776	35,994	1,420,156
Due from other funds	-	-	540,193
Stores inventories	-	-	51,904
Total assets	$ 402,026	$ 6,634,792	$ 18,519,821
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	$ 9,483	$ -	$ 674,541
Due to other funds	-	-	382,782
Unearned revenue	-	-	1,092,988
Total liabilities	9,483	-	2,150,311
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	-	-	52,904
Restricted	392,543	6,634,792	15,287,741
Assigned	-	-	1,028,865
Total fund balances	392,543	6,634,792	16,369,510
Total liabilities and fund balances	$ 402,026	$ 6,634,792	$ 18,519,821

	Student Activity Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund
Revenues				
Federal sources	$ -	$ 336,148	$ 2,704,991	$ -
Other State sources	-	1,087,353	1,607,939	-
Other local sources	90,765	1,679,553	443,531	1,164,154
Total revenues	90,765	3,103,054	4,756,461	1,164,154
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	-	728,054	-	-
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	-	35,439	-	-
School site administration	-	55,338	-	-
Pupil services				
Food services	-	-	3,549,827	-
Administration				
All other administration	-	120,304	104,689	5,468
Plant services	-	129,030	-	-
Ancillary services	121,131	-	-	-
Community services	-	886,788	-	-
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-
Debt service				
Principal	-	-	-	-
Interest and other	-	-	-	-
Total expenditures	121,131	1,954,953	3,654,516	5,468
Net Change in Fund Balances	(30,366)	1,148,101	1,101,945	1,158,686
Fund Balance - Beginning	305,415	474,897	1,888,370	3,295,127
Fund Balance - Ending	$ 275,049	$ 1,622,998	$ 2,990,315	$ 4,453,813

	County School Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Federal sources	$ -	$ -	$ 3,041,139
Other State sources	369,299	26,038	3,090,629
Other local sources	58,066	5,793,272	9,229,341
Total revenues	427,365	5,819,310	15,361,109
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	-	-	728,054
Instruction-related activities			
Supervision of instruction	-	-	35,439
School site administration	-	-	55,338
Pupil services			
Food services	-	-	3,549,827
Administration			
All other administration	-	-	230,461
Plant services	739	-	129,769
Ancillary services	-	-	121,131
Community services	-	-	886,788
Facility acquisition and construction	1,638,173	-	1,638,173
Debt service			
Principal	-	2,655,000	2,655,000
Interest and other	-	4,255,632	4,255,632
Total expenditures	1,638,912	6,910,632	14,285,612
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,211,547)	(1,091,322)	1,075,497
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,604,090	7,726,114	15,294,013
Fund Balance - Ending	$ 392,543	$ 6,634,792	$ 16,369,510

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Ocean View School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements*, *Cost Principles*, and *Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position and fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District did not report any commodities in inventory.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist primarily of the COVID-19 - ARP California State Preschool Program Rate Supplements and Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds that have been recorded in the current period as revenues that have not been expended as of June 30, 2023. These unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the Child Development Fund and the Cafeteria Fund.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues From the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances:		$ 9,862,069
COVID-19 - ARP California State Preschool Program Rate Supplements	93.575	(336,148)
Supply Chain Assistance (SCA) Funds	10.555	(51,550)
Total federal financial assistance		$ 9,474,371

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2023

Ocean View School District

EideBailly

CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Governing Board
Ocean View School District
Huntington Beach, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Ocean View School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2023.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. The implementation of this standard did not have an effect on the beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eide Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 13, 2023

EideBailly

CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Ocean View School District
Huntington Beach, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Ocean View School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200*, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance which are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001. Our opinion on each major federal program is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control over compliance that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2023-001 to be a significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eide Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 13, 2023

EideBailly

CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board
Ocean View School District
Huntington Beach, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Ocean View School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2022-2023 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting,* but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No, see below
Continuation Education	No, see below
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program:	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	No, see below
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	No, see below
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District did not offer an independent study program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Independent Study.

The District does not have any Continuation Education Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Continuation Education.

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

The District does not have any Juvenile Court Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Juvenile Court Schools.

The District does not have any Middle or Early College High Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Middle or Early College High Schools.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

The District was not listed on the immunization assessment reports; therefore, we did not perform the remaining procedures.

We did not perform Career Technical Education Incentive Grant procedures because the District did not receive funding for this grant.

The District does not operate any Charter Schools; therefore, we did not perform procedures for Charter School Programs.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.
A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Eide Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
December 13, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

Ocean View School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	Yes

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425D
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U
COVID-19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER II State Reserve	84.425D
COVID-19 -Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: GEER II	84.425C
COVID-19 - Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve, Emergency Needs	84.425U
COVID-19 -Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve Learning Loss	84.425U
COVID-19 -American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HCY II)	84.425W
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.555, 10.553

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs	
Material Weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

None reported.

The following finding represents a significant deficiency and an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported by the Uniform Guidance. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
50000	Federal Compliance

2023-001 50000 – Reporting (Significant Deficiency in Internal Controls, Noncompliance)

Federal Program Affected

Federal Agency: U.S. Department of Education
Pass-Through Entity: California Department of Education (CDE)
Program Names: COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Funds
Assistance Listing Number: 84.425
Compliance Requirement – Reporting

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Per Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, Subpart D, Section 200.334, financial records and supporting documents pertinent to a Federal award must be retained for a period of three years from the date of submission of expenditure reports to the awarding agency or pass-through entity.

Condition

The District misreported Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) positions, for one date range, on the ESSER Annual Data Collection: General ESSER Information Report that was submitted to the California Department of Education.

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the identified condition.

Context

The condition was identified through inquiry with District personnel and through the review of documentation used to prepare the reports.

Effect

The District has not complied with the requirement identified in Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, Subpart D, Section 200.334.

Cause

The identified condition appears to have materialized due to insufficient procedures related to the review process.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

The District should ensure that all Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) positions are reported on the District's ESSER Annual Data Collection: General ESSER Information Report based on actual FTE positions.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The Fiscal Department has implemented a structure for Full-Time Equivalent (FTE) reporting and has added reminders to the department timeline to run the reports at set intervals.

None reported.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

State Compliance Findings

2022-001 10000 and 40000 (Attendance and Independent Study)

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Pursuant to California *Education Code* Section 51745.6, the ratio of average daily attendance for independent study pupils 18 years of age or less to school district full-time equivalent certificated employees responsible for independent study, calculated as specified by the department, shall not exceed the equivalent ratio of average daily attendance to full-time equivalent (FTE) certificated employees providing instruction in other educational programs operated by the school district. In addition, Pursuant to California *Education Code* Section 42238.02, the Second Period (P2) and Annual (PA) reports of attendance submitted to the California Department of Education must reconcile back to supporting documents that the Local Educational Agency (LEA) has prepared in connection with the calculation of its Average Daily Attendance (ADA) reported on each of the reporting line items.

Condition

Upon review of the District's Long-Term Independent Study Ratio it was noted that the District exceeded the comparative ratio of 17.9 ADA to 1 FTE, which resulted in excess ADA of 41.6. As a result, the District overstated the ADA on their P2 and PA reports of attendance.

Prior to adjustment:

Regular ADA	Second Period	Annual
TK-3	2,639.54	2,645.24
4-6	2,230.49	2,228.66
7-8	1,579.92	1,575.56
Total Regular ADA	6,449.95	6,449.46

Post adjustment

Regular ADA	Second Period	Annual
TK-3	2,623.40	2,629.62
4-6	2,218.62	2,216.85
7-8	1,566.32	1,561.39
Total Regular ADA	6,408.34	6,407.86

Questioned Costs

The estimated penalty is $404,119. The estimated penalty was calculated using the CDE's LCFF Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span. However, it should be noted that for fiscal year 2021-2022 the District was funded based on prior year ADA.

Grade Span	Excess ADA	Derived Value of ADA	Total
Tk-3	16.14	$ 10,123.67	$ 163,396.03
4-6	11.86	9,307.88	110,391.46
7-8	13.60	9,583.21	130,331.66
Total	41.60		$ 404,119.15

Context

The condition was identified during our review of the District's Long-Term Independent Study Ratio, P2, and PA attendance reports and the supporting documents.

Effect

The District overreported Total Regular ADA (Line A-1) on their P2 and PA.

Cause

The District did not monitor its internal staffing requirements to maintain the required ADA to FTE ratio.

Recommendation

The District should periodically monitor its independent study ratio throughout the year to ensure compliance with the comparative ratio of ADA to FTE.

Current Status

Implemented.

2022-002 40000 (Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Per California *Education Code* section 43522(e), the District is required to submit the Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G) plan to the County within 5 days of adoption.

Condition

The District did not submit the ELO-G Plan to the County Office of Education within the required timeframe.

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition identified.

Context

The condition identified was determined through analysis and testing of the ELO-G plan and communications with the District. The plan was not submitted to the County.

Effect

The District has not complied with the requirements of California *Education Code* Section 43522(e).

Cause

The District was unaware the plan needed to be submitted to the County within the required timeframe.

Recommendation

It is recommended that the District implement procedures to ensure that the District personnel review requirements and submit plans within the timeframe as noted in *Education Code* section 43522(e).

Current Status

Implemented.