# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Basic Financial Statements, Supplementary Information and Independent Auditors' Report June 30, 2023

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

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6390 Main Street, Suite 200 Williamsville, NY 14221

P 716.634.0700

TF 800.546.7556

**F** 716.634.0764

**w** EFPRgroup.com

**INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT** 

The Board of Education
East Ramapo Central School District:

# Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Ramapo Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

## **Emphasis of Matter**

As described in note 22 to the financial statements, a restatement of the prior period was made during the year ended June 30, 2023. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the additional information on pages 61 through 65 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or

historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated November 15, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards in considering District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.</u>

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

Williamsville, New York November 15, 2023

The following is a discussion and analysis of the East Ramapo Central School District's (the District) financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, or conditions. It is also based on both the District-wide and fund based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

# 1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2023 are as follows:

- On the District-wide financial statements, the District's total net deficit decreased by \$40,351,366, or 11.62% to a deficit of \$306,948,410. This was due to an excess of revenues over expenses based on the accrual basis of accounting.
- On the District-wide financial statements, revenues increased by \$28,590,094, or 7.83%. The increase was attributed to increases in operating grants and contributions, State sources, use of money and property and other revenues offset by a decrease in capital grants and charges for services.
- On the District-wide financial statements, expenses increased by \$43,070,087, or 13.88%, primarily due to increases in general support, instruction and pupil transportation expenses.
- On the governmental funds financial statements, the general fund total fund balance increased by \$37,753,244. Unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2023 was \$18,020,846. The amount is in excess of the 4% limit allowed by Section 1318 Real Property Tax Law.
- As of June 30, 2023, the District has expended \$105,611,896 of its allocation under the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA), \$66,722,803 for the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Program (ESSER), and its allocation under the American Rescue Plan (ARP) in the amount of \$150,158,322 for ESSER. The District expects to expend the remaining amounts in the 2023-2024 school year.
- On June 20, 2023 the proposed 2023-2024 budget in the amount of \$295,605,762 was authorized by the District's residents. This is an increase of \$39,184,262 or 15.28% from the previous year's budget, and includes no tax levy increase from that of the prior year. The budget passed by 72.19% of those who voted.
- The District made a correction of an error to a June 30, 2023 balance for workers' compensation claims payable of \$3,939,480. This resulted in a decrease in opening government-wide net position.

### 2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts: management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information and other supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *District-wide financial statements* that provide both *short-term* and *long-term* information about the District's *overall* financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the District, reporting the operations in *more detail* than the District-wide statements.
  - The *governmental fund financial statements* tell how basic services such as regular and special education were financed in the *short-term* as well as what remains for future spending.
  - The Fiduciary funds statements provide information about the financial relationships in which
    the District acts solely as a trustee or custodian for the benefit of others, including the employees
    of the District.

The financial statements also include notes that provide additional information about the financial statements and the balances reported. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the District's budget for the year. Table A-1 shows how the various parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another.

Table A-1: Organization of the District's Annual Financial Report

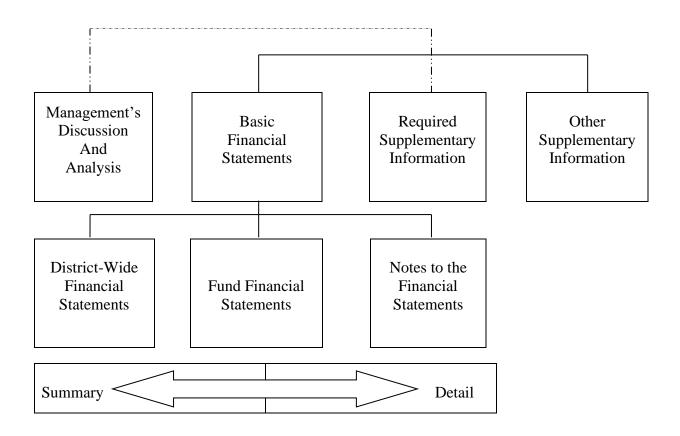


Table A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District's activities that they cover and the types of information that they contain. The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Table A-2: Major Features of the District-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	District-wide Financial Statements	Fund Financial Statements				
		Governmental	Fiduciary			
Scope	Entire entity (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as instruction, special education and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of others			
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of Net Position</li> <li>Statement of Activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance Sheet</li> <li>Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of         Fiduciary Net         Position</li> <li>Statement of         Changes in Fiduciary         Net Position</li> </ul>			
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual and current financial resources measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus			
Type of asset/deferred outflows of resources/ liability/deferred inflows of resources information	All assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets and deferred outflows of resources expected to be used up and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that come due or available during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets, deferred outflows of resources (if any), liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources (if any) both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can			
Type of inflow and outflow information	All revenues and expenses during the year; regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during the year or soon thereafter; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid			

#### A. District-Wide Financial Statements:

The District-wide financial statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two District-wide financial statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position, the difference between the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases and decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether the financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- For assessment of the overall health of the District, additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of buildings and other facilities should be considered.

In the District-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as *Governmental Activities*. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation and administration. Property taxes and state aid finance most of these activities.

Net position of the governmental activities differ from the governmental fund balances because governmental fund level statements only report transactions using or providing current financial resources. Also, capital assets are reported as expenditures when financial resources (money) are expended to purchase or build said assets. Likewise, the financial resources that may have been borrowed are considered revenue when they are received. The principal and interest payments are both considered expenditures when paid. Depreciation is not calculated if it does not provide or reduce current financial resources. Finally, capital assets and long-term debt are both accounted for in account groups and do not affect the fund balances.

District-wide financial statements are reported utilizing an economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting that involves the following steps to format the Statement of Net Position:

- Capitalize current outlays for capital assets;
- Report long-term debt as a liability;
- Depreciate capital assets and allocate the depreciation to the proper program/activities;
- Calculate revenue and expense using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; and
- Allocate net position balances as follows:
  - Net investment in capital assets;
  - Restricted net position are those with constraints placed on the use by external sources (creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of governments) or approved by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
  - Unrestricted net position (deficit) includes net amounts that do not meet any of the above restrictions.

#### **B.** Fund Financial Statements:

The Fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific revenue sources and spending on particular programs. The funds have been established by the laws of the State of New York.

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds: Most of the basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the programs of the District. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the District-wide financial statements, additional information in separate schedules explains the relationship (or differences) between them. In summary, the governmental fund statements focus primarily on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources and often has a budgetary orientation. Included are the general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, the special revenue fund, capital projects fund and the debt service fund. Required statements are the Balance Sheet and the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.
- Fiduciary funds: The District is the trustee or fiduciary for assets that belong to others. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used only for their intended purposes and by those to whom the assets belong. The District excludes these activities from the District-Wide financial statements because it cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Fiduciary fund reporting focuses on net position and changes in net position. This fund reports real property taxes collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments.

# 3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

#### A. Net Position

The District's total net deficit decreased by \$40,351,366 between fiscal year 2023 and 2022, as detailed in Table A-3.

Table A-3: Condensed Statement of Net Position-Governmental Activities

		Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022*	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Current and other assets Capital assets, net of accumulated	\$	95,531,777	\$ 86,656,061	\$ 8,875,716	10.24%
depreciation		91,070,010	78,555,107	12,514,903	15.93%
Net pension asset - proportionate share			108,392,591	(108,392,591)	(100.00%)
Total Assets		186,601,787	273,603,759	(87,001,972)	(31.80%)
Deferred outflows of resources	_	94,661,367	78,879,826	15,781,541	20.01%
Total Assets and Deferred					
Outflows of Resources	\$	281,263,154	\$352,483,585	\$(71,220,431)	(20.21%)
Current liabilities	\$	43,157,359	\$ 69,713,559	\$(26,556,200)	(38.09%)
Long-term liabilities		54,845,019	58,297,294	(3,452,275)	(5.92%)
Net pension liabilities - proportionate share		20,263,620	-	20,263,620	100.00%
Total other post-employment benefits obligation		424,042,975	385,884,941	38,158,034	9.89%
Total Liabilities		542,308,973	513,895,794	28,413,179	5.53%
Deferred inflows of resources	_	45,902,591	185,887,567	(139,984,976)	(75.31%)
Total Liabilities and Deferred					
Inflows of Resources		588,211,564	699,783,361	(111,571,797)	(15.94%)
Net investment in capital assets		46,195,034	31,705,832	14,489,202	45.70%
Restricted		22,554,519	1,341,553	21,212,966	1581.22%
Unrestricted (deficit)		(375,697,963)	(380,347,161)	4,649,198	1.22%
Total Net Position (deficit)		(306,948,410)	(347,299,776)	40,351,366	11.62%
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of					
Resources and Net Position (deficit)	\$	281,263,154	\$ 352,483,585	\$(71,220,431)	(20.21%)

<sup>\*</sup>Restated for correction of error.

Current and other assets increased by \$8,875,716, as compared to the prior year. This was primarily due to increases in unrestricted and restricted cash, offset by decreases in State and federal aid receivable and due from other governments.

Capital assets, net increased by \$12,514,903, as compared to the prior year. This increase is the result of current year asset acquisitions in excess of depreciation expense. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 10 "Capital Assets" for additional information.

Net pension asset - proportionate share for New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) resulted in a net pension liabilities in the current year as a result of the actuarial valuation provided by the State.

Deferred outflows of resources increased by \$15,781,541. Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension and total other post-employment benefit (OPEB) plans that will be amortized in future years. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Pension Plans" and Note 16 "Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) Other than Pensions" for additional information.

Current liabilities decreased by \$26,556,200, as compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in accrued liabilities and bond anticipation note payable, offset by increases in accounts payable, due to other governments, and due to teachers' retirement system.

Long-term liabilities decreased by \$3,452,275, as compared to the prior year. This decrease was primarily due to decreases in bonds payable, net, NYSERS stabilization program liability, and compensated absences.

Net pension liabilities - proportionate share increased by \$20,263,620. This increase is due to fluctuations in the actuarially determined net pension liability of the NYSERS and NYSTRS. This was the result of several factors including differences between expected and actual experience, changes in the assumptions related to the pension plans, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and, any change in the District's proportionate share to the plans as a whole. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Pension Plans" for additional information.

The District's OPEB obligation increased over the prior year by \$38,158,034. This was the result from several factors including service cost, interest, and changes in assumptions or other inputs offset by the District's benefit payments. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 16 "Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) Other than Pensions" for additional information.

Deferred inflows of resources decreased by \$139,984,976 due to decreases related to actuarial adjustments at the pension plan level and in total other post-employment benefits liability, that will be amortized in future years. See accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Pension Plans" and Note 16 "Other Post-employment Benefits (OPEB) Other than Pensions" for additional information.

The net investment in capital assets relates to the investment in capital assets at cost such as land, construction in progress, buildings and building improvements, and furniture and equipment, net of depreciation and related debt. This number increased from the prior year by \$14,489,202 due to capital asset additions and principal payments on related debt in excess of depreciation.

The restricted amount of \$22,554,519 relates to the District's restricted reserves. This balance increased over the prior year by \$21,212,966. During the current year, the Board of Education approved transfers to the workers' compensation reserve of \$3,000,000, retirement contributions reserve – NYSERS of \$12,000,000, the retirement contribution reserve – NYSTRS of \$2,174,136, the Employee Benefit Accrued Liability reserve of \$3,000,000 and the unemployment insurance reserve of \$1,000,000. See section 4 of this management's discussion and analysis, financial analysis of the District's funds for further details.

The unrestricted net position (deficit) in the amount of \$(375,697,963) relates to the balance of the District's net position (deficit). The unrestricted net position (deficit) decreased from the prior year by \$4,649,198. Net position overall increased by \$40,351,366.

### **B.** Changes in Net Position

The results of operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. A summary of this statement for the years ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 are as follows:

Table A-4: Change in Net Position from Operating Results Governmental Activities

	Fiscal Year Fiscal Year 2023 2022		Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 362,979	\$ 1,564,028	\$ (1,201,049)	(76.79%)
Operating grants and congtributions	125,882,075	113,410,777	12,471,298	11.00%
Capital grants and contributions	473,429	1,361,005	(887,576)	(65.21%)
General Revenues				
Property taxes and other tax items	155,043,915	154,380,188	663,727	0.43%
State sources	103,006,158	91,621,353	11,384,805	12.43%
Use of money and property	3,587,150	124,244	3,462,906	2787.18%
Other	5,461,777	2,765,794	2,695,983	97.48%
Total Revenues	393,817,483	365,227,389	28,590,094	7.83%
Expenses				
General support	23,486,051	18,275,942	5,210,109	28.51%
Instructino	262,889,870	235,129,241	27,760,629	11.81%
Pupil transportation	55,620,415	46,214,722	9,405,693	20.35%
Community services	137,769	108,507	29,262	26.97%
Food service program	7,926,942	7,878,588	48,354	0.61%
Debt service - interest	3,405,070	2,789,030	616,040	22.09%
Total Expenses	353,466,117	310,396,030	43,070,087	13.88%
Total Change in Net Position	\$ 40,351,366	\$ 54,831,359	<u>\$(14,479,993)</u>	(26.41%)

The District's total fiscal year 2023 revenues were \$393,817,483 (See Table A-4). Property taxes and other tax items, and State sources accounted for 39.37% and 26.16% of the total revenues, respectively (See Table A-5). The remainder came from fees charged for services, operating grants and contributions, capital grants, use of money and property and other miscellaneous sources.

The District's revenues increased by \$28,590,094, or 7.83%, which is primarily attributable to an increase in operating grants and contributions, State sources, use of money and property, and other miscellaneous sources offset by decreases charges for services and capital grants. Operating grants and contribution increased by \$12,471,298 as a result of CRSSA and ARP grants. State sources increased by \$11,384,805 primarily as a result of increases in general aid, lottery aid, and computer hardware/software aid offset by a decrease in other State aid.

The total cost of all programs and services totals \$353,466,117 for fiscal year 2023. These expenses are predominantly related to instruction expenses and caring for (pupil services) and transporting students, which account for 90.12% of District expenses (See Table A-6). The District's general support activities accounted for 6.64% of total costs.

The District's expenses for the year increased by \$43,070,087, or 13.88%, which is primarily attributable to increases in general support of \$5,210,109 or 28.51%, instruction of \$27,760,629, or 11.81%, and pupil transportation of \$9,405,693, or 20.35%.

Table A-5: Revenues for Fiscal Year 2023 (see Table A-4):

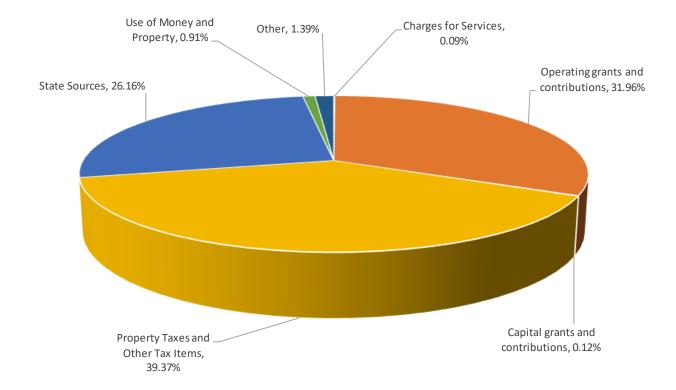
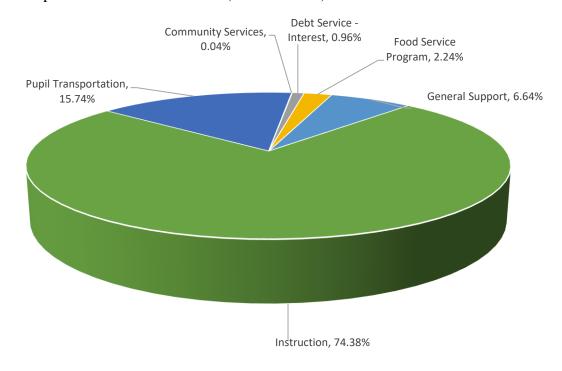


Table A-6: Expenses for Fiscal Year 2023 (see Table A-4):



#### C. Governmental Activities

Table A-7 presents the cost of major District activities: general support, instruction, pupil transportation, community services, food service program and debt service-interest. The table also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Table A-7: Net Cost of Governmental Activities

		al Cost ervices	Net Cost of Services			
Category	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022		
General support	\$ 23,486,051	\$ 18,275,942	\$ 23,486,051	\$ 18,275,942		
Instruction	262,889,870	235,129,241	145,980,066	127,674,430		
Pupil transportation	55,620,415	46,214,722	54,257,130	46,214,722		
Community services	137,769	108,507	137,769	108,507		
Food service program	7,926,942	7,878,588	(518,452)	(1,002,411)		
Debt service - interest	3,405,070	2,789,030	3,405,070	2,789,030		
Total	\$353,466,117	\$310,396,030	\$ 226,747,634	\$194,060,220		

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$353,466,117. (Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Expenses column)
- The users of the District's programs financed \$362,979 of the cost. (Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Charges For Services column)
- The State and federal governments subsidized certain programs with operating grants of \$125,882,075 (Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Operating Grants and Contribution column)
- The State and federal governments subsidized certain programs with capital grants of \$473,429 (Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position Capital Grants and Contributions column)
- Most of the District's net costs of \$226,747,634 were financed by District taxpayers and State aid. (Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Position Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position column)

# 4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Variances between years for the Governmental Fund Financial Statements are not the same as variances between years for the District-wide Financial Statements. The District's governmental funds are presented on the <u>current financial resources measurement focus</u> and the <u>modified accrual basis of accounting</u>. Based on this presentation, governmental funds do not include long-term debt liabilities for the funds' projects and capital assets purchased by the funds. Governmental funds will include the proceeds received from the issuance of debt, the current payments for capital assets, and the current payments for debt.

At June 30, 2023, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$48,307,969, which is an increase of \$35,280,747 over the prior year. This increase is due to increases in fund balance in the general fund, school food service fund, and special revenue fund, offset by decreases in capital projects fund and debt service fund. A summary of the change in fund balance by fund is as follows:

	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Fund				
Nonspendable for advances	\$ -	\$ 95,782	\$ (95,782)	(100.00%)
Restricted for workers' compensation	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	100.00%
Restricted for retirement contribution-NYSERS	12,000,000	-	12,000,000	100.00%
Restricted for retirement contribution-NYSTRS	2,174,136	-	2,174,136	100.00%
Restricted for employee benefit				
accrued liability	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	100.00%
Restricted for unemployment insurance	1,000,000	-	1,000,000	100.00%
Restricted for insurance	109,802	103,471	6,331	6.12%
Assigned - unappropriated for:				
general support	73,886	-	73,886	100.00%
Unassigned fund balance	18,020,846	4,426,173	13,594,673	307.14%
Total Fund Balance - General Fund	39,378,670	4,625,426	34,753,244	751.35%
School Food Service Fund				
Nonspendable - inventory	68,405	90,517	(22,112)	(24.43%)
Assigned	1,583,226	960,334	622,892	64.86%
Total Fund Balance - School Food Service	1,651,631	1,050,851	600,780	57.17%
Special Revenue Fund				
Restricted for Scholarships	276,849	247,755	29,094	11.74%
Restricted for Extraclassroom	ŕ	,	•	
and other Student Activities	269,791	216,506	53,285	24.61%
Total Fund Balance Special Revenue Fund	546,640	464,261	82,379	17.74%
Capital Projects Fund				
Restricted	4,240,127	5,314,144	(1,074,017)	(20.21%)
Assigned - Unappropriated	1,766,960	798,719	968,241	121.22%
Total Fund Balance - Capital Projects Fund	6,007,087	6,112,863	(105,776)	(1.73%)
Debt Service Fund - restricted	723,941	773,821	(49,880)	6.45%
Total Fund Balance-all funds	\$ 48,307,969	\$ 13,027,222	\$ 35,280,747	270.82%

The District can attribute changes to fund balances and reserves primarily due to Board approved transfers in, transfers out to pay expenses, and allocation of interest and earnings.

#### A. General Fund

The general fund – fund balance increased by \$34,753,244 during the year as compared to an increase of \$26,594,894 in the prior year. Actual operating revenues increased by \$15,710,175, mainly due to increases in use of money and property of \$3,450,010, miscellaneous revenues of \$4,113,148, State sources of \$11,384,805, and operating transfer in of \$992,228 offset by decreases in charges for services of \$810,782 and federal sources of \$3,483,974. The special aid fund transferred \$922,228 to the general for reimbursement of pandemic related expenditures.

Actual operating expenditures increased by \$8,521,893, mainly due to increases in general support of \$502,412, pupil transportation of \$7,927,149, employee benefits of \$1,200,710, debt service-principal of \$95,000 and debt service-interest of \$595,405 offset by decreases in community services of \$873 and instruction of \$1,797,910. The general fund transferred \$549,414 to the special aid fund.

#### **B.** School Food Service Fund

The net change in the school food service fund – fund balance is an increase of \$600,780 during the year as compared to an operating surplus of \$1,093,727 in the prior year. This increase was primarily due to operating revenue in excess of expenditures.

#### C. Special Revenue Fund

The net change fund balance in the special revenue fund is due to scholarships and extraclassroom, other student activities revenues exceeding expenditures.

### D. Capital Projects Fund

The net change in the capital projects fund – fund balance is a decrease of 105,776, which is the result of capital outlay for the year in excess of revenues.

#### E. Debt Service Fund

The net change in the debt service – fund balance is a decrease of \$49,880, which is the result of interest earned for the year and a transfer to the general fund of \$53,055 for debt service payments in accordance with the contingent 2022-2023 budget.

# 5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

#### A. 2022-2023 Adopted Budget

The District's general fund original budget for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$256,421,500. This amount was increased by budget revisions of \$5,759,646, which resulted in a final budget of \$262,181,146. The majority of the funding for the final budget was estimated to come from property taxes and STAR revenues of \$154,259,553 and state aid of \$96,193,053.

#### B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is a component to total fund balance that is the residual of prior years' excess revenues over expenditures, net of transfers to reserves and designations to fund subsequent years' budgets. It is this balance that is commonly referred to as "Fund Balance". The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget are as follows:

Opening, unassigned fund balance,	\$ 4,426,173
Revenues over budget	13,644,670
Expenditures and encumbrances under budget	21,034,688
Decrease in nonspendable	95,782
Transfers to reserves	(21,174,136)
Allocation of interest to reserves	(6,331)
Closing, unassigned fund balance	\$ 18,020,846

#### Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$4,426,173 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2022 fund balance that was retained as unassigned. The unassigned fund balance equaled 1.73% of the ensuing year's budget, which is within the statutory maximum of 4.00% according to New York State Real Property Tax Law.

### Revenues Over Budget

The revenues over budget of \$13,644,670 were primarily attributable to use of money and property, miscellaneous revenues, State sources, federal sources, and operating transfers in, offset by charges for services, and Medicaid reimbursement. (See Supplemental Schedule 1 for details).

# Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The expenditures and encumbrances under budget of \$21,034,688 were primarily in finance, staff, central services, special items, instruction, administration and improvement, programs for children with disabilities, teaching-special schools, pupil services, pupil transportation, and employee benefits, offset by teaching-regular school and transfers to other funds. (See Supplemental Schedule 1 for details).

#### Decrease in Nonspendable

During the current year, the nonspendable-advances to other funds was decreased by \$95,782 for interfund receivables due from the capital projects fund, resulting in an increase in unassigned fund balance of \$95,782.

#### Transfers to Reserves

Monies transferred from budget lines within the general fund operating budget into required reserves do not affect the combined fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned portion of the fund balance by the amount of the transfers. During the current year, the District transfers to the workers' compensation reserve of \$3,000,000, retirement contributions reserve – NYSERS of \$12,000,000, the retirement contribution reserve – NYSTRS of \$2,174,136, the Employee Benefit Accrued Liability reserve of \$3,000,000 and the unemployment insurance reserve of \$1,000,000.

#### Interest Allocated to Reserves

Revenues such as interest earned in a general fund reserve increase the reserve and, therefore, decrease the unassigned portion of the general fund-fund balance. During the year, the District allocated \$6,331 of interest to the insurance reserve.

# Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summarized changes shown in the previous table, the District will begin the 2023-2024 fiscal year with an unassigned fund balance of \$18,020,846. This is an increase of \$13,594,673 in unassigned fund balance from the prior year. This amount is 6.10% of the 2023-2024 adopted budget and is over the statutory maximum established by New York State Real Property Tax Law. Management has reviewed and developed a plan to utilized any amounts over the 4% in the 2023-2024 fiscal year to meet other needs of the District.

# 6. CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### A. Capital Assets

The District paid for equipment and various building additions and renovations during the fiscal year 2023. A summary of the District's capital assets net of depreciation are as follows:

Table A-8: Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation)

Category	Fiscal Year 2023	Fiscal Year 2022	Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Land	\$ 7,764,601	\$ 7,764,601	\$ -	0.00%
Construction in progress	36,288,367	20,266,552	16,021,815	79.06%
Buildings and building improvements	127,630,909	127,630,909	-	0.00%
Furniture and equipment	10,216,904	8,880,260	1,336,644	15.05%
Subtotal	181,900,781	164,542,322	17,358,459	10.55%
Less: accumulated depreciation	90,830,771	85,987,215	4,843,556	5.63%
Total Net Capital Assets	\$ 91,070,010	\$ 78,555,107	\$ 12,514,903	15.93%

The District spent \$16,495,243 from the capital projects fund on building improvements and equipment, \$434,592 in the special aid fund, and \$428,624 from the general fund on furniture and equipment purchases during the year.

#### **B.** Debt Administration

At June 30, 2023, the District had total bonds payable, net of \$49,115,103. which represents a decrease of \$3,048,316 from the prior year. The decrease is due to the principal payments made during the current fiscal year and amortization of the premium. See Note 13 for more detailed information about the District's long-term debt.

A summary of the outstanding debt at June 30, 2023 and 2022 is as follows:

			Increase/
	2023	2022	(Decrease)
Bonds payable, net	\$ 49,115,103	\$ 52,163,419	\$ (3,048,316)

## 7. FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

- **A.** The general fund budget for the 2023-2024 school year in the amount of \$295,605,762 was approved by 72.19% of those who voted. This is an increase of \$39,184,262 or 15.28% over the previous year's budget, and includes no tax levy increase from that of the prior year.
- **B.** Future budgets may be negatively affected by certain trends impacting school districts. These factors include rising health care premiums, increased costs associated with meeting the requirements for instructional services, uncertainty with state aid and the enactment of the Real Property Tax Levy Limit ("Tax Cap") Law by New York State which will continue to impact the District's ability to fund its current cost of services (see below).
- C. The federal government has passed several laws in the past year to address the economic and health consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic, including the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA) Act and the American Rescue Plan (ARP) Act. The District expects to receive non-recurring revenues to be used to fund expenditures that meet the requirements set forth by the U.S. Department of Education.
- **D.** The District is in the process of a capital asset appraisal. These reports were not available to be included at the time of issuance in these financial statements.

# 8. <u>CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT</u>

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the finances of the District and to demonstrate our accountability with the money we receive. If you have any questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact:

East Ramapo Central School District Natalie Espinal, CPA Assistant Superintendent for Business 105 South Madison Avenue Spring Valley, New York 10977 (845) 577-6000

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2023

ASSETS Current assets Cash		
Unrestricted	\$	34,322,063
Restricted	Ψ	21,159,628
Receivables		,,.
Taxes receivable		501,409
State and federal aid		37,839,183
Due from other governments		1,556,675
Accounts receivable		84,414
Inventories		68,405
Non-current assets		
Capital assets		44.052.069
Capital assets not being depreciated		44,052,968
Capital assets being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation		47,017,042
TOTAL ASSETS		186,601,787
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Deferred outflows of resources - NYSERS		7,443,344
Deferred outflows of resources - NYSTRS		60,476,867
Total other post-employment benefit obligation		26,741,156
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		94,661,367
${\bf TOTAL\ ASSETS\ AND\ DEFERRED\ OUTFLOWS\ OF\ RESOURCES}$	\$	281,263,154
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Payables		
Accounts payable	\$	19,606,115
Accrued liabilities		2,923,475
Accrued interest payable		457,581
Due to fiduciary funds		17,523
Due to other governments		5,834,447
Due to teachers' retirement system  Due to employees' retirement system		12,545,993 767,101
Compensated absences payable		345,696
Unearned credits		545,676
Collections in advance		659,428
Long-term liabilities		
Due and payable within one year		
Bonds payable, net		2,743,316
Claims payable		21,209
ERS stabilization program liability		293,094
Due and payable after one year		
Bonds payable, net		46,371,787
ERS stabilization program liability  Compensated absences payable		976,987 499,146
Workers' compensation claims payable		3,939,480
Net pension liability - proportionate share NYSERS		8,980,343
Net pension liability - proportionate share NYSTRS		11,283,277
Total other post-employment benefits obligation		424,042,975
TOTAL LIABILITIES		542,308,973
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		342,300,773
Deferred inflows of resources - NYSERS		699,026
Deferred inflows of resources - NYSTRS		6,069,555
Total other post-employment benefits obligation		39,134,010
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		45,902,591
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted		46,195,034
Workers' compensation		3,000,000
Retirement contribution - NYS employees' retirement system		12,000,000
Retirement contribution - NYS teachers' retirement system		2,174,136
Employee benefit accrued liability		3,000,000
Unemployment insurance		1,000,000
Insurance		109,802
Debt service Scholarships		723,941 276,849
Scholarships Extraclassroom and other student activities		276,849 269,791
Ladaciassicom and other student activities		
Unrestricted (deficit)	-	22,554,519 (375,697,963)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT)		(306,948,410)
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
AND NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	\$	281,263,154

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		<b>Program Revenues</b>					N	let (Expense)	
	Expenses		arges for Services	•	erating Grants Contributions	G	Capital rant and atributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS / PROGRAMS			,						
General support	\$ (23,486,051)	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(23,486,051)
Instruction	(262,889,870)		327,429		116,108,946		473,429		(145,980,066)
Pupil transportation	(55,620,415)		-		1,363,285		-		(54,257,130)
Community services	(137,769)		-		-		-		(137,769)
Food service program	(7,926,942)		35,550		8,409,844		-		518,452
Debt service - interest	(3,405,070)		-						(3,405,070)
TOTAL FUNCTIONS AND PROGRAMS	\$ (353,466,117)	\$	362,979	\$	125,882,075	\$	473,429		(226,747,634)
GENERAL REVENUES  Real property taxes Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss Miscellaneous State sources Medicaid reimbursement									147,071,898 7,972,017 3,587,150 95,308 4,978,628 103,006,158 387,841
TOTAL GENERAL REVENUES									267,099,000
CHANGE IN NET POSITION									40,351,366
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING	G OF YEAR, AS PR	EVIC	OUSLY STA	ATED					(343,360,296)
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT (NOTE 22)									(3,939,480)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING	G OF YEAR, AS RE	STA	ГED						(347,299,776)
TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) - END OF YE	AR							\$	(306,948,410)

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS							
Cash							
Unrestricted	\$ 33,407,574	\$ 872,761	\$ 41,728	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 34,322,063
Restricted	20,383,938	-	-	546,640	1,555	227,495	21,159,628
Receivables							
Taxes receivable	501,409	-	-	-	-	-	501,409
State and federal aid	3,862,090	30,861,895	647,639	-	2,467,559	-	37,839,183
Due from other governments	1,556,675	-	-	-	-	-	1,556,675
Accounts receivable	84,414	-	-	-	-	-	84,414
Due from governmental funds	26,208,548	-	2,459,725	-	7,766,304	496,446	36,931,023
Inventories		_	68,405				68,405
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 86,004,648	\$ 31,734,656	\$ 3,217,497	\$ 546,640	\$ 10,235,418	\$ 723,941	\$ 132,462,800
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCE							
Payables							
Accounts payable	\$ 11,561,260	\$ 4,967,078	\$ 1,317,005	\$ -	\$ 1,760,772	\$ -	\$ 19,606,115
Accrued liabilities	2,775,051	148,424	· · · · · · · -	-	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	2,923,475
Due to other governments	5,834,408	-	39	-	-	-	5,834,447
Due to governmental funds	10,722,475	26,208,548	-	-	_	-	36,931,023
Due to fiduciary fund	17,523		-	-	_	-	17,523
Due to teachers' retirement system	12,545,993	-	-	-	_	-	12,545,993
Due to employees' retirement system	767,101	-	-	-	-	-	767,101
Compensated absences	345,696	-	-	-	_	-	345,696
Unearned credits							
Collections in advance	-	410,606	248,822	-	_	-	659,428
TOTAL LIABILITIES	44,569,507	31,734,656	1,565,866		1,760,772		79,630,801
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue	2,056,471		-		2,467,559		4,524,030
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	2,056,471		-	· <del></del>	2,467,559	-	4,524,030
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	-	-	68,405	-	-	-	68,405
Restricted							
Workers' compensation	3,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,000,000
Retirement contribution - NYS employees' retirement system	12,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	12,000,000
Retirement contribution - NYS teachers' retirement system	2,174,136	-	-	-	-	-	2,174,136
Employee benefit accrued liability	3,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	3,000,000
Unemployment insurance	1,000,000	-	-	-	-	-	1,000,000
Insurance	109,802	-	-	-	-	-	109,802
Debt service	-	-	-	-	-	723,941	723,941
Unspent debt proceeds	-	-	-	-	4,240,127	-	4,240,127
Scholarships	-	-	-	276,849	-	-	276,849
Extraclassroom and other student activities	-	-	-	269,791	-	-	269,791
Assigned							
Unappropriated fund balance	73,886	-	1,583,226	-	1,766,960	-	3,424,072
Unassigned							
Unassigned fund balance	18,020,846					-	18,020,846
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	39,378,670	-	1,651,631	546,640	6,007,087	723,941	48,307,969
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF							

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$	48,307,969
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
The costs of the building and acquiring capital assets (land, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the balance sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.			
Original cost of capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 181,900,781 (90,830,771)		91,070,010
Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognized revenues received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenues under the modified accrual method.			4,524,030
Proportionate share of long-term asset/liability, and deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the State retirement systems are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds:			
Proportionate share of net pension liability - NYSERS	(8,980,343)		
Proportionate share of net pension liability - NYSTRS	(11,283,277)		
Deferred outflows of resources - NYSERS and NYSTRS pension related	67,920,211		
Deferred inflows of resources - NYSERS and NYSTRS pension related	(6,768,581)		40,888,010
Long-term liability and related deferred outflows and inflows associated with total other post-employment benefit obligation are not current financial resources or obligations and are not reported in the funds:			
Deferred outflows of resources - OPEB related	26,741,156		
Total other post-employment benefits obligation	(424,042,975)		
Deferred inflows of resources - OPEB related	(39,134,010)	(	(436,435,829)
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:			
Bonds payable, net	(49,115,103)		
Claims payable	(21,209)		
ERS stabilization program liability	(1,270,081)		
Compensated absences payable	(499,146)		
Workers' compensation claims payable	(3,939,480)		(54,845,019)
Interest payable applicable to the District's activities are due and payable in the current period and			
accordingly are not reported in the fund financial statements. However, these liabilities are included	in		
the Statement of Net Position.			(457,581)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		\$(	(306,948,410)

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Special Revenue	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES		_	_	_	_	_	
Real property taxes	\$ 146,570,489	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 146,570,489
Other tax items - including STAR reimbursement	7,972,017	-	-	-	-	-	7,972,017
Charges for services	84,162	-	1.502	384,704	-	2.177	468,866
Use of money and property	3,573,378	-	1,502	9,095	-	3,175	3,587,150
Sale of property and compensation for loss	95,308	-	-	- 22.750	-	-	95,308
Miscellaneous	5,226,278	-	-	22,750	-	-	5,249,028
Interfund revenues	72,705	12 025 014	154160	-	-	-	72,705
State sources Medicaid reimbursement	103,006,158 387,841	12,835,814	154,160	-	440,556	-	116,436,688 387,841
	, -	-	7 004 502	-	-	-	, -
Federal sources	7,845,252	96,791,165	7,804,593	-	-	-	112,441,010
Surplus food	-	-	451,091	-	-	-	451,091
Sales			35,550				35,550
TOTAL REVENUES	274,833,588	109,626,979	8,446,896	416,549	440,556	3,175	393,767,743
EXPENDITURES							
General support	18,074,258	807,917	_	_	_	_	18,882,175
Instruction	117,008,740	91,117,107	_	334,170	_	_	208,460,017
Pupil transportation	54,021,774	1,363,285	_	-	_	_	55,385,059
Community services	87,038	-	_	_	_	_	87,038
Employee benefits	44,849,238	_	253,706	_	_	_	45,102,944
Debt service - principal	2,935,000	_	,	_	_	_	2,935,000
Debt service - interest	3,547,110	_	_	_	_	_	3,547,110
Cost of sales	-	_	7,592,410	_	_	_	7,592,410
Capital outlay					16,495,243		16,495,243
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	240,523,158	93,288,309	7,846,116	334,170	16,495,243		358,486,996
EV CESS (DEFICIENCY)							
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	34,310,430	16,338,670	600,780	82,379	(16,054,687)	3,175	35,280,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES							
Operating transfers in	992,228	549,414	-	-	15,948,911	-	17,490,553
Operating transfers (out)	(549,414)	(16,888,084)				(53,055)	(17,490,553)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	442,814	(16,338,670)			15,948,911	(53,055)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	34,753,244	-	600,780	82,379	(105,776)	(49,880)	35,280,747
FUND BALANCES - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,625,426		1,050,851	464,261	6,112,863	773,821	13,027,222
FUND BALANCES - END OF YEAR	\$ 39,378,670	\$ -	\$ 1,651,631	\$ 546,640	\$ 6,007,087	\$ 723,941	\$ 48,307,969

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net Change in Fund Balance			\$ 35,280,747
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences			
Deferred inflows of resources - The Statement of Net Position recognized revenue received under the full accrual method. Governmental funds recognize revenue under the modified accrual method.			122,445
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned or incurred during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used. Compensated absences payable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by:			99,500
Claims payable in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Claims payable for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by:			21,209
Total other post-employment benefits obligation in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because the expense is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due. In the Statement of Activities, the payable is recognized as it accrues regardless of when it is due. Total other post-employment benefits obligation for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by:			(38,158,034)
Deferred inflows related to total other post-employment benefits in the Statement of Activities require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Deferred inflows related to total other post-employment benefits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by:			15,969,246
Deferred outflows related to total other post-employment benefits in the Statement of Activities require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Deferred inflows related to total other post-employment benefits for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by:			15,885,371
Capital Related Differences			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the period:			
Capital outlays Depreciation expense	\$	17,358,459 (4,843,556)	12,514,903
Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences			
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.			
Bonds payable ERS stabilization program liability		2,935,000 283,250	3,218,250
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when long-term debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. The amount of amortization on the bond premium is:			113,316
Interest on short and long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amounts reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires use of current financial resources. In the Statements of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due. Accrued interest for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 changed by	:		28,724
Pension Differences			
Increases/decreases in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability and related deferred inflows and outflow reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds.	s		
New York State Employees' retirement system New York State Teachers' retirement system		(1,907,271) (2,837,040)	(4,744,311)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 40,351,366

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund		
ASSETS			
Taxes - receivable	\$	39,499	
Due from governmental funds		17,523	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	57,022	
LIABILITIES - due to other governments	\$	57,022	

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS - Real property taxes collected for Public Library	\$ 8,356,168
<b>DEDUCTIONS</b> - Real property taxes disbursed to Public Library	8,356,168
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	-
NET POSITION - BEGINNING OF YEAR	
NET POSITION - END OF YEAR	\$ -

#### NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF CERTAIN SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The financial statements of East Ramapo Central School District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

Significant accounting principles and policies utilized by the District are described as follows:

# A) Reporting entity:

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of nine (9) members. The Board of Education serves as the legislative body and has the authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters. In addition, the Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement No. 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, *Determining Whether Certain Organizations are Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus-An Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's reporting entity.

### B) <u>Joint venture:</u>

The District is a component district that participates in the Rockland County Board of Cooperative Educational Services (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs, which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under Section §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of Section-§1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under Section §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative, program, and capital costs is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, Section §1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

### C) Basis of presentation:

### i) <u>District-Wide Financial Statements:</u>

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants and contributions include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants and contributions, while capital grants and contributions include capital specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

#### ii) Fund Financial Statements:

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column.

The District financial statements reflect the following major funds:

<u>General Fund</u>: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

**Special Aid Fund:** This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

<u>School Food Service Fund</u>: This fund is used to account for the activities of the District's school lunch operations, which are supported by federal and state grants and charges to participants for its services.

**Special Revenue Fund:** This fund is used to account for assets held by the District in accordance with grantor or contributor stipulations. Other activities included in this fund are scholarships and extraclassroom and other student activities.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u>: These funds are used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation, or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets, such as equipment.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u>: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term general obligation debt of governmental activities. When a capital asset is sold and all or a portion of the bonds used to finance the capital asset are outstanding, this fund must be used to account for the proceeds from the sale of capital assets up to the balance of related bonds outstanding.

The District reports the following fiduciary fund:

**Fiduciary Funds:** This fund is used to account for fiduciary activities. Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-Wide Financial Statements because their resources do not belong to the District and are not available to be used. The District's fiduciary fund includes the custodial fund, where assets and liabilities are held by the District as a custodian. This fund reports real property taxes collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments, and utilizes the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

### D) Measurement focus and basis of accounting:

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly, receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, compensated absences, pension costs, other post-employment benefits which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

# E) Real property taxes:

#### Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board and become a lien on July 1st. The District's tax levy is collected by the Towns of Ramapo, Clarkstown, and Haverstraw, and are remitted to the District September 1st through October 31st, after which collection responsibility is transferred to the County as discussed below.

# **Enforcement**

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the Rockland County, New York (the County). The County pays an amount representing uncollected real property taxes to the District no later than the following April 1st.

#### F) Restricted resources:

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes.

### **G)** <u>Interfund transactions:</u>

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditure and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-Wide Financial Statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary fund). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note 11 for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures and revenues activity.

# H) <u>Estimates:</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, claims payable, net pension liabilities – proportionate share, potential contingent liabilities, other postemployment benefits, and useful lives of capital assets.

# I) Cash and cash equivalents:

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition.

# J) Restricted cash:

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves and debt agreements.

# K) Receivables:

Receivables are shown net of allowance for uncollectible amounts, when applicable. An allowance for uncollectible accounts represents the portion of receivables that is not expected to be collected.

# L) <u>Inventories and prepaid items:</u>

Inventories of food in the school food service fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis, or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Federal Government's assigned value, which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

An amount for these non-liquid assets (inventories) has been recognized in the school food service fund as non-spendable fund balance under GASB Statement No. 54 to signify that a portion of fund balance is not available for other subsequent expenditures.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year-end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or Balance Sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed. The District has no prepaid items as of June 30, 2023.

### M) <u>Capital assets:</u>

Capital assets are reflected in the District-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the time received.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds (the individual dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts), depreciation methods, and estimated useful lives of capital assets reported in the District-Wide Statements are as follows:

	Capitalization Threshold		Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life	
Building and building improvements	\$	5,000	Straight-line	20-50 years	
Furniture and equipment	\$	5,000	Straight-line	5-20 years	

### N) Collections in advance:

Collections in advance arise when the District receives resources before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incidence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both recognition criteria are met, or when the District has legal claim to the resources, the liability for collections in advance is removed and revenues are recorded. Collections in advance as of June 30, 2023 consisted of unearned grant monies in the special aid fund, and prepaid balances for meals and grant advances in the school lunch fund. See Note 9 for further detail.

# O) <u>Deferred outflows and inflows of resources:</u>

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These amounts are related to pensions and the other post-employment benefits reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 14 and 16.

The Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. These amounts are related to pensions and other post-employment benefits reported in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, and are detailed further in Notes 14 and 16.

The deferred inflows of resources on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet will sometimes report deferred inflow of resources when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. These amounts are recorded as deferred inflows of resources. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, deferred revenues are reclassified as revenues. The District wide financial statements, however, report these deferred inflows as revenues in accordance with the accrual basis of accounting and economic resources measurement focus.

### P) Vested employee benefits:

### Compensated absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated annual vacation time.

Vacation and sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in negotiated labor contracts, and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

The District employees are granted vacation in varying amounts, based primarily on length of service and service position. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods.

Consistent with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*, the liability has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the District-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available financial resources. These amounts are expensed on a payas-you go basis. The liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30<sup>th</sup>.

#### Q) Other benefits:

District employees participate in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System or the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health insurance coverage and survivor benefits for retired employees and their survivors in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payments). In the District-Wide Financials Statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

#### R) Short-term debt:

The District may issue Revenue Anticipation Notes (RAN) and Tax Anticipation Notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue budget notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of the annual budget during any fiscal year for expenditures for which there is an insufficient or no provision made

in the annual budget. The budget note must be repaid no later than the close of the second fiscal year succeeding the year in which the note was issued.

The District may issue Bond Anticipation Notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within five years after the original issue date.

The District may issue deficiency notes up to an amount not to exceed 5% of the amount of that same year's annual budget in any fund or funds arising from revenues being less than the amount estimated in the budget for that fiscal year. The deficiency notes may mature no later than the close of the fiscal year following the fiscal year in which they were issued. However, they may mature no later than the close of the second fiscal year after the fiscal year in which they were issued, if the notes were authorized and issued after the adoption of the budget for the fiscal year following the year in which they were issued.

Refer to Note 12 for a detailed disclosure short-term debt activity.

#### S) <u>Accrued liabilities and long-term obligations:</u>

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. claims and judgments, compensated absences, net pension liabilities-proportionate share, and other post-employment benefits that will be paid from governmental funds, are reported as a liability in the funds financial statements only to the extent they have matured. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due within one year or due in more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

#### T) Equity classifications:

#### i) District-Wide Financial Statements

In the District-wide financial statements there are three classes of net position:

<u>Net investment in capital assets</u> – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets (net of unspent proceeds).

<u>Restricted net position</u> – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted net position</u> – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the District.

#### ii) Fund Financial Statements

There are five classifications of fund balance as detailed below; however, in the District's fund financial statements there are four classifications of fund balance presented:

- 1) Nonspendable fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes the inventory recorded in the school food service fund of \$68,405.
- 2) <u>Restricted fund balance</u> includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Currently, New York State laws still use the terminology "reserves" and districts are allowed to use reserves authorized by law. The District has classified the following as restricted:

#### Workers' Compensation Reserve

Workers' Compensation Reserve (GML §6-j) must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement contribution reserve (GML§6-r) must be used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may be legally appropriated. The Board has adopted a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but must comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) must be used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund under restricted fund balance.

#### <u>Unemployment Insurance Reserve</u>

Unemployment insurance reserve (GML§6-m), must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other restricted fund balance. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund as restricted fund balance.

#### Insurance Reserve

Insurance reserve (GML §6-n), must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the insurance reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund as restricted fund balance.

#### Restricted for Debt Service

Unexpended balances of proceeds of borrowings for capital projects; interest and earning from investing proceeds of obligations, and premium and accrued interest are recorded in the debt service fund and held until appropriated for debt payments. These restricted amounts are accounted for in the debt service fund.

#### **Unspent Debt Proceeds**

Unspent long-term bond proceeds are recorded as restricted fund balance because they are subject to external constraints contained in the debt agreement. These restricted funds are accounted for in the capital projects fund.

#### Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships and donations are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, net of earnings and awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the special revenue fund and amounted to \$276,849 at June 30, 2023.

#### Restricted for Extraclassroom and Other Student Activities

Amounts restricted for extraclassroom and other student activities are used to account for funds contributed and deposited by students. These restricted funds are accounted for in the special revenue fund under restricted fund balance and amounted to \$269,791 at June 30, 2023.

- 3) <u>Committed fund balance</u> includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority (i.e., Board of Education). The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2023.
- 4) Assigned fund balance Includes amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget. Assigned fund balance also includes encumbrances not classified as restricted or committed at the end of the fiscal year.
- 5) <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> Includes the residual fund balance for the general fund and includes residual fund balance deficits of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting of assigned fund balance amounts. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the general fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the general fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances included in the assigned fund balance are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

The District's general unassigned fund balance exceeded the 4% limitation at June 30, 2023.

#### Order of Use of Fund Balance:

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the general fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the general fund, committed fund balance is determined next and then assigned. The remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

#### **U)** Change in accounting standard:

GASB Statement No. 96, "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITAs") for government end users. This Statement defines a SBITA and establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset (intangible asset) and a corresponding liability for future subscription payments. The Statement also provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA, as well as detailing the requirements for note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The District has completed its evaluation of the financial impact of GASB Statement No. 96 and determined that the implementation of this standard was not required, as it did not have a material impact on its financial statements.

#### V) Future changes in accounting standards:

GASB has issued the following pronouncements which will be implemented in the years required. The effects of the implementation of these pronouncements are not known at this time.

GASB Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* — an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. Effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023.

Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

These are the statement that the District feels may have an impact on these financial statements and is not an all-inclusive list of GASB statements issued. The District will evaluate the impact other pronouncements may have on its financial statements and will implement them as applicable and when material.

## NOTE 2 – EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS AND THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS:

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the governmental fund statements and the District-wide statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The basic financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items. The differences result primarily from the economic resource measurement focus of the District-wide statements, compared with the current financial resource measurement focus of the governmental funds.

#### (A) Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities:

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from "net position" of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. The difference primarily results from the additional long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the solely current financial resources focus of the governmental fund Balance Sheets.

#### (B) Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance vs. Statement of Activities:

Differences between the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance and the Statement of Activities fall into one of the four broad categories. The amounts shown below represent:

#### i) Long-term revenue and expense differences:

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis, whereas the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences, pension costs and other post-employment benefits.

#### ii) <u>Capital related differences:</u>

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds for the sale of capital assets reported on governmental fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation and amortization expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

#### iii) Long-term debt transaction differences:

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because both interest and principal payments are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements, whereas interest payments are recorded in the Statement of Activities as incurred, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### iv) Pension differences:

Pension differences occur as a result of changes in the District's proportion of the collective net pension asset/liability and difference between the District's contributions and its proportionate share of the total contributions to the pension system.

#### NOTE 3 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

#### A) **Budgets:**

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the following governmental funds for which legal (appropriated) budgets are adopted. The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund. Appropriations are adopted at the program line item level.

Appropriations established by the adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. Supplemental appropriations that occurred during the fiscal year are shown on Supplemental Information – Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital project funds expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

#### **B)** Encumbrances:

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as assignments or restrictions of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

#### C) Expenditures in Excess of Budget

Certain individual budgetary expenditures exceeded their budgetary authorizations in the General Fund.

## NOTE 4 – CASH (AND CASH EQUIVALENTS) - CUSTODIAL CREDIT, CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT, INTEREST RATE AND FOREIGN CURRENCY RISKS:

#### A) Cash and Cash Equivalents:

New York State law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the state and its municipalities and districts.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A) Uncollateralized;
- B) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution in the District's name; or
- C) Collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent, but not in the District's name.

None of the District's aggregate bank balances, not covered by FDIC insurance, were exposed to custodial credit risk as described above at year end.

#### Restricted cash:

Restricted cash represents cash and equivalents where use is limited by the legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash at June 30, 2023 included \$21,159,628 within the governmental funds for general reserve purposes in the general fund, scholarships, extraclassroom and other student activities in the special revenue fund, unspent debt proceeds in capital projects fund, and debt service reserve in the debt service fund.

#### B) <u>Investments:</u>

The District does not typically purchase investments for long enough duration to cause it to believe that it is exposed to any material interest rate risk. The District also does not typically purchase investments denominated in a foreign currency, and is not exposed to foreign currency risk.

#### C) <u>Investment pool:</u>

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents. At June 30, 2023, the District held \$44,375,531 in the governmental funds, in investments consisting of various investment in securities issued by the United States and its agencies.

	Bank Balance	Carrying Amount
General fund	\$ 44,122,063	\$ 44,122,063
Special revenue fund	252,651	252,651
Capital projects fund	5	5
Debt service fund	812	812
Total	\$ 44,375,531	\$ 44,375,531

Total investments of the cooperative at June 30, 2023 are \$7,403,046,276, which consisted of \$2,530,081,947 in repurchase agreements and \$4,872,964,329 in U.S. Treasury Securities at various interest rates with various due dates. Total collateralized bank deposits of the cooperative at June 30, 2023 are \$1,068,621,853.

The above chart represent the cost of the investment pool shares, and are considered to approximate market value. The investment pool is categorially exempt from the New York State collateral requirements. NYCLASS is rate AAAm by S&P Global ratings. Additional Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS), which may be obtained from their website, www.newyorkclass.org, or by contacting their registered investment advisor, Public Trust Advisors, LLC at 717 17<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 1850, Denver CO, 80202.

#### **NOTE 5 – PARTICIPATION IN BOCES:**

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District was billed \$20,633,691 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,337,872. Financial statements for the Rockland BOCES are available from the Rockland BOCES administrative office at 65 Parrott Road, West Nyack, New York 10994.

#### NOTE 6 – STATE AND FEDERAL AID RECEIVABLE:

State and federal aid receivable at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

General fund	
New York State Aid	
Excess cost aid	\$ 1,809,048
BOCES aid	1,851,210
Medicaid	201,832
Total general fund	3,862,090
Special aid fund	
Federal aid	24,785,982
State aid	6,075,913
Total special aid fund	30,861,895
School food service fund	
State food service program reimbursement	37,767
Federal food service program reimbursement	609,872
Total school food service fund	647,639
Capital projects fund	
State aid - SmartBonds	2,326,704
State grants	140,855
Total capital projects fund	2,467,559
Total	\$ 37,839,183

District management has deemed these amounts to be fully collectible, however the amounts reported in the capital projects fund are also recorded as a deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenue. See Note 1 for more information.

#### NOTE 7 – DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS:

Due from other governments at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

#### General fund

Other district - tuition	\$ 478,474
Other districts - health services	1,076,588
BOCES	1,613
Total	\$1,556,675

District management has deemed the net receivables to be fully collectible, however \$1,555,062 of the due from other governments are also recorded as a deferred inflows of resources for unavailable revenue. See Note 1 for more information.

#### **NOTE 8 – DUE TO OTHER GOVERNMENTS:**

Due to other governments at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

General fund	
BOCES	\$ 5,381,080
State aid overpayment	154,348
Other Districts - Tuition and health services	54,443
Other	 244,537

Total general fund 5,834,408

School food service

Sales tax payable

Total \$ 5,834,447

#### **NOTE 9 – COLLECTIONS IN ADVANCE:**

Collections in advance at June 30, 2023 consisted of the following:

Special aid fund

Grant funds received in advance	\$ 410,606
School food service	
Student prepaid meals	4,821
Grant funds received in advance	244,001
Total school food service	248,822

\$ 659,428 Total

#### **NOTE 10 - CAPITAL ASSETS:**

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2023 were as follows:

	Beginning Balance Additions		Retirements/ Reclassifications	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:	<del></del>			
Capital assets that are not depreciated:				
Land	\$ 7,764,601	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,764,601
Construction in progress	20,266,552	16,495,243	(473,428)	36,288,367
Total capital assets not depreciated	28,031,153	16,495,243	(473,428)	44,052,968
Capital assets that are depreciated:				
Building and building improvements	127,630,909	-	-	127,630,909
Furniture and equipment	8,880,260	863,216	473,428	10,216,904
Total depreciable historical cost	136,511,169	863,216	473,428	137,847,813
Less accumulated depreciation:				
Building and building improvements	81,061,876	4,163,881	-	85,225,757
Furniture and equipment	4,925,339	679,675		5,605,014
Total accumulated depreciation	85,987,215	4,843,556		90,830,771
Total capital assets, net	\$ 78,555,107	\$12,514,903	\$ -	\$ 91,070,010

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

	\$ 4,843,556
Food service program	 80,826
Pupil transportation	21,230
Instruction	4,630,871
General support	\$ 110,629

#### **NOTE 11 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS:**

	Interfund		Into	erfund	
	Receivable	Payable	Revenues	Expenditures	
General fund	\$ 26,208,548	\$ 10,739,998	\$ 992,228	\$ 549,414	
Special aid fund	-	26,208,548	549,414	16,888,084	
School food service	2,459,725	-	-	-	
Capital projects fund	7,766,304	-	15,948,911	-	
Debt service fund	496,446			53,055	
Total government activities	36,931,023	36,948,546	17,490,553	17,490,553	
Fiduciary custodial fund	17,523				
Total	\$ 36,948,546	\$ 36,948,546	\$ 17,490,553	\$ 17,490,553	

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund to fund the District's 20% share of the summer school program for students with disabilities and the basic contribution required for Section 4201 state-supported school expenditures required by State Law.

The transfer from the special aid fund to the general fund and capital projects fund represents grant money received from the ARP Act that was used to reimburse the general fund and capital fund for pandemic related operating and capital expenditures.

The District made a \$53,055 transfer from the debt service fund to the general fund in accordance with the contingent 2022-2023 school budget to return accumulated funds in the debt service fund to offset debt service expenditures.

The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues.

All interfund payables are expected to be repaid within one year.

#### **NOTE 12 - SHORT-TERM DEBT:**

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District issued and redeemed tan anticipation notes in the amount of \$12,700,000. Additionally, the District redeemed \$32,000,000 of revenue anticipation notes. The debt was issued for interim financing of general fund operations. Transactions in short-term debt for the year are summarized below:

		Interest	Beginning			En	nding
	Maturity	Rate	Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ba	lance
RAN	5/31/2023	3.00%	\$ 32,000,000	\$ -	\$ 32,000,000	\$	
TAN	5/31/2023	3.50%	 	12,700,000	12,700,000		_
	Total		\$ 32,000,000	\$ 12,700,000	\$ 44,700,000	\$	

Interest on short-term debt for the year was composed of:

	 Total
Interest paid Less interest accrued in the prior year	\$ 1,277,872 (39,884)
Total expense	\$ 1,237,988

#### **NOTE 13 – LONG-TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS:**

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Beginning Balance	Issued	Redeemed	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
Construction bonds	\$ 50,865,000	\$ -	\$ 2,935,000	\$ 47,930,000	\$2,630,000
Unamortized premium on bonds	1,298,419		113,316	1,185,103	113,316
Total bonds payable, net	52,163,419	-	3,048,316	49,115,103	2,743,316
Other long-term liabilities:					
Claims payable	42,418	_	21,209	21,209	21,209
NYSERS stabilization program liability	1,553,331	_	283,250	1,270,081	293,094
Compensated absences payable	598,646	445,195	544,695	499,146	-
Workers' compensation claims payable	3,939,480	-	-	3,939,480	-
Net pension liability-					
proportionate share-NYSERS	-	12,640,422	3,660,079	8,980,343	-
Net pension liability-					
proportionate share-NYSTRS	-	25,198,171	13,914,894	11,283,277	-
Total other post-employment					
benefits obligation	385,884,941	53,344,628	15,186,594	424,042,975	
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 444,182,235	\$91,628,416	\$36,659,037	\$499,151,614	\$3,057,619

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate long-term liabilities such as bonds payable, judgements, claims and settlements payable, NYSERS stabilization program liability, compensated absences payable, workers' compensation claims payable, other post-employment benefits liability and net pension liabilities.

#### A) Bonds payable

Existing serial and statutory bond obligations are comprised of the following:

	Issue	Final	Interest	Outstanding
Description	Date	Maturity	Rate	at Year End
Various Capital Improvements	2012	June 2025	2.75-3%	\$ 420,000
Various Capital Improvements	2019	December 2033	2.5-5%	18,130,000
Various Capital Improvements	2020	March 2047	5.00%	29,380,000
				\$ 47,930,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total	
2024	\$ 2,630,000	\$ 2,134,962	\$ 4,764,962	
2025	2,485,000	2,008,237	4,493,237	
2026	2,475,000	1,884,113	4,359,113	
2020 2027 2028	2,560,000 2,655,000	1,758,612 1,636,763	4,318,612 4,291,763	
2029-2033	14,410,000	6,511,931	20,921,931	
2034-2038	8,020,000	4,126,675	12,146,675	
2039-2043	6,735,000	2,514,500	9,249,500	
2044-2047	5,960,000	753,250	6,713,250	
_*,, _*,	\$ 47,930,000	\$ 23,329,043	\$ 71,259,043	

#### B) <u>Unamortized Premiums on Bonds</u>

The District received \$1,661,975 of bond premium from the issuance of the April 17, 2019 bonds. The premium will be amortized as a reduction of bond interest expense over the life of the bonds in the District-Wide financial statements as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Amortization of Premium	
2024	\$ 113,316	
2025		113,316
2026		113,316
2027		113,316
2028		113,316
2029-2033		566,580
2034		51,943
	\$	1,185,103

#### C) **Long-Term Interest**

Interest on long-term debt for the year was comprised of:

	 Total
Interest paid	\$ 2,269,238
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(446,421)
Less amortization of bond premium	(113,316)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 457,581
Total expense	\$ 2,167,082

#### **NOTE 14 – PENSION PLANS:**

#### General information

The District participates in the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (NYSERS) and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (NYSTRS) (collectively referred to as the Systems).

#### Plan descriptions and benefits provided

#### Employees' Retirement System

The New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. NYSERS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of NYSERS. NYSERS benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in NYSERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("NYSGLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. NYSERS is included within New York State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at <a href="https://www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php">www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php</a> or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

#### Teachers' Retirement System

The New York State Teachers' Retirement System is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer retirement system. NYSTRS provides retirement benefits, as well as death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. NYSTRS is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. NYSTRS benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in NYSTRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the System, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report which can be found on the System's website at <a href="https://www.nystrs.org">www.nystrs.org</a>.

The Systems are noncontributory for the employee who joined prior to July 27, 1976 (tiers I and II). For employees who joined the Systems after July 27, 1976, and prior to January 1, 2010, employees contribute 3% of their salary (tiers III and IV). For NYSERS, employees who joined the system between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary (tier V). For NYSTRS, employees who joined the system between January 1, 2010 and April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3.5% of their salary (tier V). In addition, employee contribution rates (3% to 6%) under NYSERS and NYSTRS tier VI (those who joined after April 1, 2012) vary based on a sliding salary scale. With the exception of NYSERS and

NYSTRS tier V and VI employees, employees in the system more than ten years are no longer required to contribute. For NYSERS, the Comptroller certifies the rates expressed as proportions of members' payroll annually, which are used in computing the contributions required to be made by employers to the pension accumulation fund. Pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law, the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board establishes rates annually for NYSTRS.

Contributions for the current year and two preceding years were equal to 100% of the contributions required, and were as follows:

Year	NYSERS	NYSTRS
2023	\$ 2,245,499	\$ 11,083,859
2022	\$ 3,237,779	\$ 10,209,479
2021	\$ 2,993,678	\$ 9,764,610

<u>Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions:</u>

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for each of the Systems. The net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2023 for NYSERS and June 30, 2022 for NYSTRS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the NYSERS and NYSTRS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2022	June 30, 2022
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 8,980,343	\$ 11,283,277
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability	0.0418780%	0.588010%
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date	-0.0010536%	0.017235%

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,660,079 and \$13,914,894 for NYSERS and NYSTRS, respectively. At June 30, 2023 the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>			Deferred Inflows of Resources				
	N	VYSERS	NYSTRS		NYSERS		NYSTRS	
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	956,477	\$	11,823,446	\$	252,202	\$	226,097
Changes of assumptions	4	4,361,434		21,887,648		48,202		4,545,223
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments		-		14,579,064		52,759		-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		1,358,332		1,102,850		345,863		1,298,235
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date		767,101		11,083,859		-		
Total	\$	7,443,344	\$	60,476,867	\$	699,026	\$	6,069,555

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Plan Year Ending	NYSERS	NYSTRS
2024	\$ 1,581,543	\$ 8,119,805
2025	(169,900)	4,202,743
2026	2,027,643	(1,782,992)
2027	2,537,931	28,703,721
2028	-	3,811,379
Thereafter		268,797
Total	\$ 5,977,217	\$ 43,323,453

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	NYSERS	NYSTRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2023	June 30, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2022	June 30, 2021
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	4.40%	1.95% - 5.18%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020 System's Experience	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.40%
Cost of living adjustments	1.50%	1.30%

For NYSERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For NYSTRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience.

For NYSERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2022 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020. For NYSTRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2021 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020.

For NYSERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

For NYSTRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation, as of the actuarial valuation date, are summarized in the following table:

	NYS	SERS	NYSTRS		
	Target	Long-term Expected Rate	Target	Long-term Expected Rate	
	Allocation	of Return *	Allocation	of Return *	
Measurement date	March 31, 2023		June 30, 2022		
Asset Type:					
Domestic equity	32.0%	4.3%	33.0%	6.5%	
International equity	15.0%	6.9%	16.0%	7.2%	
Private equity	10.0%	7.5%	8.0%	9.9%	
Real estate equity	9.0%	4.6%	11.0%	6.2%	
Opportunistic/					
Absolute return strategy	3.0%	5.4%			
Real assets	3.0%	5.8%			
Fixed income	23.0%	1.5%			
Cash	1.0%		1.0%	-0.3%	
Credit	4.0%	5.4%			
Domestic fixed income securities			16.0%	1.1%	
Global bonds			2.0%	0.6%	
High-yield fixed income securities			1.0%	3.3%	
Real estate debt			6.0%	2.4%	
Global equities			4.0%	6.9%	
Private debt			2.0%	5.3%	
	100.0%		100.0%		

<sup>\*</sup> Real rates of return are net of a long-term assumption of 2.90% for NYSERS and 2.50% for NYSTRS.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for NYSERS and 6.95% for NYSTRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (4.90% for NYSERS and 5.95% for NYSTRS) or 1-percentage point higher (6.90% for NYSERS and 7.95% for NYSTRS) than the current rate:

NYSERS	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (21,701,636)	\$ (8,980,343)	\$ 1,649,778
of the het pension asset (matrix)	Ψ (21,701,030)	ψ (0,700,343)	ψ 1,0 <del>4</del> 2,776
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
NYSTRS	(5.95%)	Assumption (6.95%)	(7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share			
of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (104,037,103)	\$ (11,283,277)	\$ 66,722,082

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension liability of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

		NYSERS	NYSTRS	
	(Dollars in Thousands)			
Measurement date		March 31, 2023	J	Tune 30, 2022
Employers' total pension liability	\$	(232,627,259)	\$	(133,883,473)
Plan Net Position		211,183,223		131,964,582
Employers' net pension liability	\$	(21,444,036)	\$	(1,918,891)
Ratio of plan net position to the Employers' total pension liability		90.78%		98.60%

#### Payables to the Pension Plan

For NYSERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31<sup>st</sup>. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2023 through June 30, 2023 based on paid NYSERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 amounted to \$767,101.

For NYSTRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2023 through a state aid deduction and remittance to NYSTRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2023 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 based on paid NYSTRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the NYSTRS System. Accrued employee retirement and employer contributions amounted to \$1,462,134 and \$11,083,859, respectively, as of June 30, 2023. Total accrued NYSTRS contributions as of June 30, 2023 amount to \$12,545,993.

#### Pension Plans - Other

#### Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. Contributions made by employees for the year ended June 30, 2023, totaled \$3,937,888.

#### **Deferred Compensation Plan**

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2023 totaled \$42,629.

#### NOTE 15 – OTHER PENSION OBLIGATIONS – NYSERS STABILIZATION PROGRAM:

Legislation enacted as part of the 2013-14 New York State adopted budget as Chapter 57 of the Laws of 2013 established an alternative to the original Contribution Stabilization Program enacted in 2010. This Alternate Contribution Stabilization Program ("ACSP") authorized local governments and school districts, at their option, to defer payment on a portion of their annual NYSERS contribution beginning in the 2013-14 fiscal year. The maximum amortization amount in each year going forward under this alternate plan will be determined by the difference between each employer's normal effective contribution rate as compared to the System's ACSP graded rate. The graded rate will always move from the previous graded rate towards the new actuarial rate by no more than 0.5% per year. Any amounts amortized under this program are to be paid in equal annual installments over a twelve-year period, although amounts may be prepaid at any time. The interest rate on an amount amortized in a given year will be the interest rate for that year and will be fixed for the duration of that payment period. The interest rate will be comparable to a twelve-year U.S. Treasury bond plus 1%. If the System's average actuarial rates are lower than the employer's graded rate, the employer would still be required to pay the graded rate. Any additional contributions made as a result will first be used to pay off existing amortizations with any excess being deposited into a reserve account to be used to offset future increases in contribution rates. The District elected to amortize the maximum allowable ERS contributions for the years noted in the table below. The following table summarizes transactions during the year related to amounts amortized under this program and included as a long-term liability in the District-Wide Statement of Net Position, as NYSERS stabilization program liability:

	Original		Current Year	End of	Principal
	Amount	Beginning of	Additions/	Year	Due Within
Fiscal Year	Amortized	Year Balance	(Payments)	Balance	One Year
2014	\$ 1,193,538	\$ 457,810	\$ (108,196)	\$ 349,614	\$ 112,264
2015	759,759	354,986	(66,199)	288,787	68,515
2016	956,005	525,249	(80,470)	444,779	83,174
2017	346,546	215,286	(28,385)	186,901	29,141
	\$ 3,255,848	\$ 1,553,331	\$ (283,250)	\$ 1,270,081	\$ 293,094

#### NOTE 16 – OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) OTHER THAN PENSIONS:

#### Plan Description:

The District's OPEB Plan (the OPEB Plan), defined as a single employer defined benefit plan, primarily provides post-employment health insurance coverage to retired employees and their eligible dependents in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. Benefits are provided through the New York State Health Insurance Program (NYSHIP), and are administered by Empire BlueCross BlueShield, United Healthcare, GHI/Value Options, and Caremark. Article 37 of the Statutes of the State assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the District. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

#### Benefits Provided:

The OPEB Plan provides medical and Medicare Part B benefits for retired employees and their eligible dependents. Benefit terms provide for the District to contribute 50% for individual or family coverage, 74% of individual, and 59% of family coverage for other bargaining units, and 0% of the premiums for surviving spouses. The District recognizes the cost of the OPEB Plan annually as expenditures in the fund financial statements as payments are accrued. For measurement period ending June 30, 2023, the District contributed an estimated \$15,186,594 to the Plan, including \$15,186,594 for current premiums and \$0 to prefund benefits. Currently, there is no provision in the law to permit the District to fund the OPEB Plan by any other means than the "pay as you go" method.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms:**

At July 1, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Actives	1,270
Retirees	1,180
Beneficiaries	70
Spouses of Retirees	495
Total Members	3,015

#### **Total OPEB Liability:**

The District's total OPEB liability of \$424,042,975 was measured as of June 30, 2023 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

#### **Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs:**

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.40%

Salary increases 2.40%, including inflation

Discount rate 3.65%

Healthcare cost trend rates 6.40% decreasing to 3.80% over 50 years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 15.00% of projected health insurance premiums for

retirees and family, 100% for surviving spouse

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index. Trend rates are based on industry surveys.

Mortality rates were based on the PubT-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality Table for Teaching Positions and PubG-2010 Headcount-Weighted Mortality for Non-Teaching positions, both generationally projected using the MP-2021 Ultimate Scale, with employee rates before commencement and healthy annuitant rates after benefit commencement. This assumption includes a margin for future improvements in longevity.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on standard tables modified for certain plan features such as eligibility for full and early retirement where applicable. The Plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial experience study is not applicable.

#### Changes in total OPEB liability:

Total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2022	\$ 385,884,941
Service cost	15,381,339
Interest	13,938,361
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	24,024,928
Benefit payments	(15,186,594)
Total net changes	38,158,034
Total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023	\$ 424,042,975

Changes in assumptions or other inputs include the following:

- The inflation rate was changed from 2.6% to 2.4%
- Salary scale rate was changed from 2.6% to 2.4%.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.54% to 3.65%.
- Health care cost trends was changed from 5.1% decreasing to 4.1% over 54 years to 6.4% decreasing to 3.8% over 50 years.

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using the discount rate of 3.65%, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65%) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65%) than the current discount rate:

	1	% Decrease		Discount	1	1% Increase
		(2.65%)	R	Rate (3.65%)		(4.65%)
Total OPEB liability	\$	489,725,367	\$	424,042,975	\$	370,726,661

#### Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, calculated using current healthcare cost trend rates as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using trend rates that

are 1 percentage point lower (4.80%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.80%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare Cost	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rates	1% Increase
	(5.40%	(6.40%	(7.40%
	Decreasing	Decreasing	Decreasing
	to 2.80%)	to 3.80%)	to 4.80%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 358,031,938	\$ 424,042,975	\$ 508,555,664

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB:

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$21,490,011. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	De	eferred	Deferred
	Out	flows of	Inflows of
	Res	sources	Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	2,171	\$ 16,230,093
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	26	5,738,985	22,903,917
Total	\$ 26	5,741,156	\$ 39,134,010

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2024	\$ (3,351,952)
2025	(2,552,080)
2026	(4,245,988)
2027	(4,426,917)
2028	 2,184,083
	\$ (12,392,854)

#### NOTE 17 – JUDGEMENTS, CLAIMS AND SETTLEMENTS PAYABLE:

Judgements, claims and settlements payable of \$21,209 is recorded on the District Wide Statement of Net Position, as a long-term liability. This includes \$21,209 for court ordered tax certiorari refunds which are payable at \$21,209 a year.

#### **NOTE 18 – RISK MANAGEMENT:**

#### A) General:

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage, injuries, errors and omissions, natural disasters, and other risks. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

#### B) Pool, Risk Sharing:

The District participates in a risk-sharing pool, the Rockland County Schools Cooperative Workers' Compensation Self-Insurance Plan (the Plan), to insure workers' compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5 of the Workers' Compensation Law, to finance liability and risks related to Workers' Compensation Claims.

The District pays an annual premium to the pool for its workers' compensation claims coverage. The Plan has obtained an excess compensation insurance policy to buffer the effect that a single large claim may have on the Plan. Although excess compensation insurance permits recovery of a portion of such losses from the insurance carrier, it does not discharge the Plan's responsibility for payment of the claim.

The Plan established a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments or losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claim costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the period in which they are made.

The Plan's total liability for unbilled and opened claims at June 30, 2023 is \$16,813,426. Of this total undiscounted liability, \$3,939,480 is associated with the District. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District's contribution to the Plan was \$1,061,794. As of June 30, 2023, the District has workers' compensation reserve balance of \$3,000,000.

The Plan has issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2023. Copies of these statements can be obtained from the District's administrative office. For its health insurance coverage, the District is a participant in the New York State Employees Health Insurance Plan, a public entity risk pool operated for New York State, local government and school district employers and employees. The Plan is considered a self-sustaining risk pool and the District has essentially transferred all risk to the pool.

#### **NOTE 19 - TAX ABATEMENTS:**

The Towns of Rampo and Clarkstown, under the authority of Section 577 of Private Housing Finance Law, entered into property tax abatement programs with various housing developmental companies for the purpose of economic development, and general prosperity and economic welfare of the Towns. The amount of property tax revenue that was reduced as a result of these programs is not material. The District received payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) payments totaling \$276,599.

#### **NOTE 20 – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES:**

#### A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2023 the District had \$73,886 in encumbrances.

#### B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

#### C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. Some of these lawsuits seek damages which may be in <u>excess</u> of the District's insurance coverage. However, it is not possible to determine the District's potential exposure, if any, at this time.

#### D. Debt Default

Upon default of the payment of principal or interest on the bonds and/or bond anticipation notes of the District, the bond holders have the right to litigate and the New York State Comptroller is required, under the conditions and to the extent prescribed by Section 99-b of the New York State Finance Law, to withhold state aid and assistance of the District and apply the amount so withheld to the payment of the defaulted principal or interest with respect to the bonds and/or bond anticipation notes.

#### **NOTE 21 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:**

Events that occur after the Statement of Net Position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the Statement of Net Position date are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the Statement of Net Position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the District through the date of this report and concluded that there no subsequent events which require disclosure in the notes to financial statements.

#### **NOTE 22 – CORRECTION OF ERROR:**

The District made a correction of an error to a June 30, 2023 balance for workers' compensation claims payable of \$3,939,480. This resulted in a decrease in opening government-wide net position.

## EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Final Budget Variance with Actual
REVENUES				
Local Sources				
Real property taxes	\$ 154,259,553	\$ 146,570,489	\$ 146,570,489	\$ -
Other real property tax items	483,277	8,172,340	7,972,017	(200,323)
Charges for services	2,153,313	2,153,313	84,162	(2,069,151)
Use of money and property	236,081	236,081	3,573,378	3,337,297
Sale of property and compensation for loss	93,318	93,318	95,308	1,990
Miscellaneous	1,960,850	1,984,034	5,226,278	3,242,244
Interfund revenues			72,705	72,705
Total Local Sources	159,186,392	159,209,575	163,594,337	4,384,762
State Sources				
Basic formula	94,651,213	94,651,213	73,037,846	(21,613,367)
Excess cost aid	-	-	9,312,015	9,312,015
Lottery aid	-	-	11,987,820	11,987,820
BOCES aid	-	-	3,337,872	3,337,872
Tuition aid	1,541,840	1,541,840	1,409,638	(132,202)
Textbook aid	-	-	2,341,243	2,341,243
Computer hardware/software aid	-	-	916,069	916,069
Library material aid	-	-	208,004	208,004
Other state aid			455,651	455,651
Total State Sources	96,193,053	96,193,053	103,006,158	6,813,105
Medicaid reimbursement	989,000	989,000	387,841	(601,159)
Federal Sources		5,736,463	7,845,252	2,108,789
Total Medicaid reimbursement and federal sources	989,000	6,725,463	8,233,093	1,507,630
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Operating transfers in	53,055	53,055	992,228	939,173
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 256,421,500	\$ 262,181,146	\$ 275,825,816	\$ 13,644,670

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED)

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual (Budgetary Basis)	Year-End Encumbrances	Final Budget Variance with Actual and Encumbrances
EXPENDITURES					
General support					
Board of education	\$ 342,799	\$ 387,799	\$ 341,004	\$ -	\$ 46,795
Central administration	452,511	472,811	459,614	-	13,197
Finance	2,138,520	2,138,520	1,086,409	61,100	991,011
Staff	3,034,859	3,204,156	2,801,116	-	403,040
Central services	12,966,464	13,300,138	10,635,898	12,786	2,651,454
Special items	2,834,916	3,262,009	2,750,217		511,792
Total General support	21,770,069	22,765,433	18,074,258	73,886	4,617,289
Instruction					
Instruction, administration & improvement	5,587,246	5,840,696	5,475,166	-	365,530
Teaching - regular school	48,301,791	54,827,378	57,771,086	-	(2,943,708)
Programs for children with					, , , , ,
disabilities	39,837,246	38,156,216	34,675,004	_	3,481,212
Occupational education	793,339	1,559,520	1,519,933	_	39,587
Teaching - special schools	5,657,384	5,657,384	3,833,650	_	1,823,734
Instructional media	5,624,091	4,407,338	4,233,124	_	174,214
Pupil services	10,428,689	10,536,439	9,500,777	_	1,035,662
1 upil scivices	10,420,007	10,550,457	7,500,777		1,033,002
Total Instruction	116,229,786	120,984,971	117,008,740		3,976,231
Pupil transportation	62,669,708	61,715,190	54,021,774		7,693,416
Community services	252,353	252,353	87,038		165,315
Employee benefits	49,938,422	49,938,422	44,849,238		5,089,184
Debt service					
Principal	3,327,677	2,935,000	2,935,000	-	-
Interest	2,233,485	3,589,777	3,547,110		42,667
Total Debt service	5,561,162	6,524,777	6,482,110		42,667
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers to other funds		<u>-</u>	549,414		(549,414)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES	\$ 256,421,500	\$ 262,181,146	241,072,572	\$ 73,886	\$ 21,034,688
Net change in fund balance			34,753,244		
Fund balance - beginning			4,625,426		
Fund balance - ending			\$ 39,378,670		

#### **Budget Basis of Accounting**

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE DISTRICT'S TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,\*

Total OPEB Liability	 2023		2022	2021	 2020	 2019	 2018
Service cost	\$ 15,381,339	\$	17,409,877	\$ 17,996,653	\$ 14,410,134	\$ 14,324,306	\$ 13,907,093
Interest	13,938,361		9,431,705	9,309,827	13,798,640	12,308,197	11,919,040
Differences between expected and actual experience	-		(20,094,604)	-	(9,130,787)	-	28,241
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	24,024,928		(32,675,912)	3,196,404	18,350,899	(29,119,405)	-
Benefit payments	 (15,186,594)		(14,779,560)	 (14,265,855)	 (13,700,566)	(13,567,606)	 (13,035,691)
Net change in total OPEB liability	38,158,034		(40,708,494)	16,237,029	23,728,320	(16,054,508)	12,818,683
Total OPEB liability - beginning	 385,884,941		426,593,435	 410,356,406	 386,628,086	402,682,594	 389,863,911
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 424,042,975	\$	385,884,941	\$ 426,593,435	\$ 410,356,406	\$ 386,628,086	\$ 402,682,594
District's covered payroll	\$ 110,549,306	\$	110,549,306	\$ 108,770,475	\$ 108,770,475	\$ 105,464,656	\$ 105,464,656
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	383.58%		349.06%	392.20%	377.27%	366.59%	381.82%
Discount rate	3.65%		3.54%	2.16%	2.21%	3.50%	3.00%

#### **Notes to Schedule:**

Trust Assets:

There are no assets accumulated that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

Changes of Assumptions:

Changes of assumptions or other inputs reflect the effects of changes in the discount rate each period.

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the plan.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District should present information for those years for which information is available.

### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

### SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION ASSET/(LIABILITY) FOR THE FISCAL YEARS ENDED JUNE 30,\*

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### NYSERS Pension Plan

	2023	2022 2021		2020	2020 2019		2017	2016	2015
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.04188%	0.04293%	0.04599%	0.04758%	0.05195%	0.05471%	0.05316%	0.05524%	0.05354%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (8,980)	\$ 3,509	\$ (46)	\$ (12,598)	\$ (3,681)	\$ (1,766)	(4,995)	(8,867)	(1,809)
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,868	\$ 16,739	\$ 17,206	\$ 18,297	\$ 18,252	\$ 18,675	18,293	17,602	17,353
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	56.59%	20.96%	0.27%	68.85%	20.17%	9.46%	27.30%	50.37%	10.42%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.70%	97.90%
		NYSTRS Per	nsion Plan						
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.58801%	0.60525%	0.60116%	0.58429%	0.59013%	0.56964%	0.56611%	0.55004%	0.52398%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ (11,283)	\$ 104,883	\$ (16,612)	\$ 15,180	\$ 10,671	\$ 4,330	\$ (6,063)	\$ 57,131	\$ 58,368
District's covered payroll	\$ 108,707	\$ 103,679	\$ 102,060	\$ 97,537	\$ 96,125	\$ 90,340	\$ 87,640	\$ 83,140	\$ 77,825
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	10.38%	101.16%	16.28%	15.56%	11.10%	4.79%	6.92%	68.72%	75.00%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	98.60%	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the plans.

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District should present information for those years for which information is available.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Notes to Required Supplementary Information

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar amounts in thousands)

#### **NYSERS Pension Plan**

	 <b>2023</b> \$ 2,246 \$		2022		2021		2020		2019	2018		2017		2016		 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 2,246	\$	3,238	\$	2,994	\$	2,914	\$	3,037	\$	3,148	\$	2,529	\$	2,375	\$ 2,140
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 2,246		3,238		2,994		2,914		3,037		3,148		2,529		2,375	 2,140
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 
District's covered payroll	\$ 15,868	\$	16,683	\$	17,458	\$	17,938	\$	18,126	\$	18,782	\$	17,755	\$	18,050	\$ 17,578
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	14.15%		19.41%		17.15%		16.24%		16.76%		16.76%		14.25%		13.16%	12.17%

#### **NYTRS Pension Plan**

			- 1														
	 2023		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018	2017		2016			2015
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,084	\$	10,209	\$	9,765	\$	9,029	\$	10,358	\$	9,420	\$	10,588	\$	11,621	\$	14,574
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 11,084		10,209		9,765		9,029		10,358		9,420		10,588		11,621	_	14,574
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$ 108,707	\$	105,529	\$	103,680	\$	102,060	\$	97,537	\$	96,126	\$	90,340	\$	87,640	\$	83,140
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.20%		9.67%		9.42%		8.85%		10.62%		9.80%		11.72%		13.26%		17.53%

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District should present information for those years for which information is available.

# EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET AND THE REAL PROPERTY TAX LIMIT - GENERAL FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

#### CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget	\$ 256,421,500
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	-
Original Budget	256,421,500
Budget Revision - Insurance recoveries	5,759,646
Final Budget	\$ 262,181,146
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION	
2023-24 voter-approved expenditure budget	\$ 295,605,762
Maximum allowed (4% of 2023-24 budget)	\$ 11,824,230
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:	
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance Total unrestricted fund balance	\$ 73,886 18,020,846 18,094,732
Less - Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	73,886
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law	\$ 18,020,846
Actual percentage of 2023-24 budget	6.10%

<sup>\*</sup> Per Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", Updated April 2011 (Originally Issued November 2010), the portion of [General Fund] fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unassigned fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

See Paragraph on Required Supplementary Information Included in Auditor's Report

## EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF PROJECT EXPENDITURES. CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

				Expenditures		Methods of Financing			Fund			
		Project	Prior	Current		Unexpended	Proceeds of	State	Federal	Local		Balance
Project Title	Project #	S 14.347.900	Years \$ 14,346,556	Year	Total \$ 14.346.556	S 1.344	Obligations \$ 7.180,000	Sources \$ 5.823.419	Sources -	Sources \$ 1.253.103	Total \$ 14.256,522	June 30, 2023 \$ (90,034) *
Various District Improvements Kakiat Elementary School Steps, Curbs	Multiple	\$ 14,347,900	\$ 14,346,556	s -	\$ 14,346,556	\$ 1,344	\$ 7,180,000	\$ 5,823,419	\$ -	\$ 1,253,103	\$ 14,256,522	\$ (90,034) *
and Sidewalk Repairs	1318	128.000	125,440	_	125,440	2,560	_	_	_	128,000	128,000	2,560
Kakiat Elementary Construction (ARPA)	1325	3,688,056	-	3,352,374	3,352,374	335,682		-	3,352,374	-	3,352,374	-,
Ramapo HS Roof Project	2219	1,138,566	1,133,416	-	1,133,416	5,150	-	1,000,000	-	130,000	1,130,000	(3,416) *
Spring Valley HS Plumbing Upgrades	0319	28,495	28,495	-	28,495	-	-	-	-	-	-	(28,495) **
Spring Valley HS Asbestos Abatement	0325	4,192,208	3,942,538	93,822	4,036,360	155,848	-	-	4,036,360	-	4,036,360	-
CRMS Windows	3418	3,333	2,333	-	2,333	1,000	-	2,333	-	-	2,333	
CRMS Pipe Break	3419 3420	89,544	84,315 3,354	-	84,315	5,229	-	-	-	89,544	89,544	5,229 (3,354) **
CRMS Corridor/Ceiling (SAM) CRMS Asbestos Abatement	3424	3,354 2,010,755	2,095,807	-	3,354 2,095,807	(85,052)	-	-	-	2,195,145	2,195,145	99,338
Eldorado Masonry (SAM)	3715	102,414	94,362	_	94.362	8.052	_	71.819	_	2,193,143	71.819	(22,543) **
Fleetwood Courtyard/Playground (SAM)	1416	104,478	101,437		101,437	3,041		73,882			73,882	(27,555) **
Fleetwood Asbestos Abatement	1417	80,651	80,651	-	80,651	-	-	-	-	80,651	80,651	· · ·
Margetts Windows/Doors/Playground (SAM)	2012	91,263	73,201	-	73,201	18,062	-	71,818	-	-	71,818	(1,383) **
Margetts Construction (ARPA)	2016	1,632,640		1,584,525	1,584,525	48,115	-		1,584,525	-	1,584,525	
Elmwood Doors/Playground (SAM) Elmwood Construction (ARPA)	3014 3018	100,866 1,984,985	97,825	1,938,059	97,825 1,938,059	3,041 46,926	-	70,270	1,938,059	-	70,270 1,938,059	(27,555) **
Elmwood Construction (ARPA) Elmwood Emergency Entrance	9004	535,334	11,397	48,603	60,000	475,334	-		1,938,039	535,334	535,334	475,334
Lime Kiln Emergency Electric Project	2718	106,800	123,895	40,003	123,895	(17,095)				106,800	106,800	(17,095) *
ARPA Phase 1	2017	1,336,674	2,077,101		2,077,101	(740,427)			2,077,101		2,077,101	-
ARPA Phase 3	Multiple	9,735,303		500,898	500,898	9,234,405	-	-	500,898	-	500,898	-
Pomona Construction (ARPA)	8022	3,255,631	-	3,255,631	3,255,631	-	-	-	3,255,631	-	3,255,631	-
Kitchen (ARPA)	9005	13,243,613		5,223,603	5,223,603	8,020,010	-		5,223,603	-	5,223,603	-
SVHS Auditorium Upgrade (SAM)	3019 319A	4,695	4,644 129.028	-	4,644	51	-	4,644 99,058	-	-	4,644	(20.070) **
SVHS Heating/Ventilation (SAM) SSBA - School Connectivity	7902	132,343 1,949,672	2,280,319	-	129,028 2,280,319	3,315 (330,647)	-	99,058 985,120	-	-	99,058 985,120	(29,970) ** (1,295,199) **
SSBA - School Connectivity SSBA - Nonpublic Loan	7902	700.000	2,280,319 529,358	473,428	1.002.786	(302,786)		985,120		-	985,120	(1,002,786) **
SSBA Class Tech	79B2	459,000	441,390		441.390	17,610	_	412,672	_	_	412,672	(28,718) **
Subtotal Other Projects		61,186,573	27,806,862	16,470,943	44,277,805	16,908,768	7,180,000	8,615,035	21,968,551	4,518,577	42,282,163	(1,995,642)
		·										
2016 Bond Projects												
Spring Valley HS Roof and Field Bond	0321	8,695,065	6,433,360	-	6,433,360	2,261,705	7,049,570	383,091	-	1,262,404	8,695,065	2,261,705
Spring Valley HS Windows	0322	1,537,464	1,355,418	-	1,355,418	182,046	1,537,464	-	-	-	1,537,464	182,046
Spring Valley HS Paving Bond	0324	222,567	220,055	-	220,055	2,512	222,567	-	-	-	222,567	2,512
Admin Building Bdrm Upgrade	0512	774	774	-	774		774	-	-	-	774	-
Admin Roof Bond Admin Boiler and Flooring Bond	0513 0514	197,519 2,349,654	191,876 2,060,792	-	191,876 2,060,792	5,643 288 862	178,546 2,349,654	-	-	18,973	197,519 2,349,654	5,643 288.862
Hempstead Boilers	0616	1,010,678	2,060,792 854,514		2,060,792 854,514	288,802 156,164	1,010,678			-	1,010,678	156,164
Hempstead Roof	0617	881.804	837.262	_	837.262	44.542	881 804		_	_	881.804	44.542
Hempstead Paving Bond	0618	207,927	205,135		205,135	2,792	207,927				207,927	2,792
PMS Roof Bond	0819	2,611,114	2,556,027	-	2,556,027	55,087	2,349,403	-	-	261,711	2,611,114	55,087
PMS Boiler Bond	0820	996,406	958,257	-	958,257	38,149	996,406	-	-	-	996,406	38,149
PMS Paving Bond	0821	161,319	158,435	-	158,435	2,884	161,319	-	-	-	161,319	2,884
Kakiat Window Replacement	1320	75,000	53,497	-	53,497	21,503	75,000	-	-	-	75,000	21,503
Kakiat Air Handling Kakiat 1st Floor Renovation	1321 1322	902,406 497,693	851,857 474,899	-	851,857 474,899	50,549 22,794	902,406 59,181	-	-	438,512	902,406 497.693	50,549 22,794
Kakiat Ist Floor Renovation Kakiat Roof/Boilder/Fan/Win	1323	6,834,586	6,178,057	-	6,178,057	656,529	6,834,586	-	-	430,312	6,834,586	656,529
Kakiat Interior Reno	1324	2,085,740	2.072.025	-	2,072,025	13,715	2,085,740	_	_	_	2,085,740	13,715
Fleetwood Roof Bond	1419	357,385	355,855		355,855	1,530	323,501			33,884	357,385	1,530
Fleetwood Window Replacement	1420	9,375	7,072	-	7,072	2,303	9,375	-	-		9,375	2,303
Fleetwood Boilers	1421	1,378,629	1,154,380	-	1,154,380	224,249	1,378,629	-	-	-	1,378,629	224,249
Fleetwood Windows Bond	1422	1,296,624	1,249,267	24,300	1,273,567	23,057	1,296,624	-	-	-	1,296,624	23,057
Summit Park Roof Summit Park Window Bond	1516 1517	1,484,066 1,428,933	1,478,535	-	1,478,535 1,087,362	5,531 341,571	1,414,762 1,428,933	69,304	-	-	1,484,066 1,428,933	5,531 341,571
Summit Park Window Bond Summit Park Boiler Bond	1517	1,428,933	1,087,362 982,378	-	982.378	341,571	1,428,933	-	-	-	1,428,933	341,571
Summit Park Paving Bond	1519	90,007	87,403	-	87,403	2,604	90,007	-		-	90,007	2,604
Grandview Boilers	1614	671,058	569,265	-	569,265	101,793	671,058	-	-	-	671,058	101,793
Grandview Roof	1615	812,013	762,314	-	762,314	49,699	812,013	-	-	-	812,013	49,699
Margetts Roof	2013	846,660	792,603	-	792,603	54,057	846,660	-	-	-	846,660	54,057
RHS Field & Boiler	2220	8,550,213	6,170,550	-	6,170,550	2,379,663	7,633,948	-	-	916,265	8,550,213	2,379,663
RHS Windows Bond	2221	187,500 284,527	131,250 273,553	-	131,250 273,553	56,250	187,500 284,527	-	-	-	187,500 284,527	56,250
RHS Paving Bond Lime Kiln Air Handling	2715	284,527	273,553	-	273,553	10,974	284,527 22,710	-	-	-	284,527 22,710	10,974
Lime Kiln Roof	2716	828.397	794.639		794 639	33.758	828 397				828.397	33.758
Lime Kiln Paving Bond	2717	129,627	126,975	-	126,975	2,652	129,627	_	_	_	129,627	2,652
Elmwood Boiler Replacement	3015	781,628	778,445		778,445	3,183	708,746			72,882	781,628	3,183
Elmwood Roof Bond	3016	585,313	555,765	-	555,765	29,548	585,313	-	-	-	585,313	29,548
CRMS Roof, Boiler, AHU, Fan	3421	6,788,102	6,752,307	-	6,752,307	35,795	6,788,102	-	-	-	6,788,102	35,795
CRMS Interior Renovations	3422	1,148,103	844,093	-	844,093	304,010	957,103	150,000	=	41,000	1,148,103	304,010
CRMS Paving Bond	3423 3716	126,327 295,259	123,681 281,464	-	123,681 281,464	2,646 13.795	126,327 295,259	-	-	-	126,327 295,259	2,646 13.795
Eldorado Window Replacement Eldorado Roof Windows	3716	295,259 565,960	281,464 536,221	-	281,464 536,221	13,795 29,739	295,259 565,960	-	-	-	295,259 565,960	29,739
Eldorado Paving Bond	3717	168.307	165,563	-	165,563	2,744	168.307	-	-	-	168,307	2,744
SVHS Press Box	5601/56A1	144,469	128,112	-	128,112	16,357	29,893	114,576	-	-	144,469	16,357
RHS Press Box	5701/57A1	140,086	129,714	-	129,714	10,372	140,086	-	-	-	140,086	10,372
SVHS Concession Stands	5801	412,590	387,472	-	387,472	25,118	412,590	-	-	-	412,590	25,118
RHS Concession Stands	5901	358,609	332,607	-	332,607	26,002	358,609	-	-	-	358,609	26,002
Unallocated 2016 bond costs		CO 188 207	124,126	24 300	124,126 52,672,221	(124,126)	497,667 56,912,348	814.081		3.045.631	497,667	373,541
Subtotal 2016 Bond Projects		60,177,283	52,647,921	24,500	52,672,221	7,505,062	56,912,348	716,971		3,045,631	60,674,950	8,002,729
Total		\$ 121,363,856	\$ 80,454,783	\$ 16,495,243	\$ 96,950,026	\$ 24,413,830	\$ 64,092,348	\$ 9,332,006	\$ 21,968,551	\$ 7,564,208	\$ 102,957,113	\$ 6,007,087

<sup>\* -</sup> Deficit fund balance will be eliminated once funding from local sources is received.

<sup>\*\* -</sup> Deficit fund balance will be eliminated once funding from New York State is received.

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION NET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Capital assets, net	\$ 91,070,010
Add - Unspent debt proceeds	4,240,127
Deduct: Short-term portion of bonds payable, including premiums Long-term portion of bonds payable, including premiums (46,371,7)	<i>'</i>
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 46,195,034



6390 Main Street, Suite 200 Williamsville, NY 14221

- P 716.634.0700
- TF 800,546,7556
- **F** 716.634.0764
- w EFPRgroup.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education
East Ramapo Central School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the East Ramapo Central School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 15, 2023.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-001 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-002 to be a significant deficiency.

#### Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2023-003.

#### The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's responses to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. The District's responses were not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

EFPR Group, CPAS, PLLC

Williamsville, New York November 15, 2023

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses June 30, 2023

Finding 2023-001 Accounts Payable - Material Weakness

<u>Criteria</u> - Internal control over financial reporting should be in place to ensure financial information is fairly presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

<u>Condition</u> - During our audit, we noted the District did not correctly record or classify transactions for accounts payable at year-end.

<u>Cause</u> - The District did not have adequate procedures in place to evaluate the proper period for the recording of accounts payable.

<u>Repeat Finding</u> - This is a repeat finding of item 2022-002 as reported for the year ended June 30, 2022.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend the District improve upon their procedures to evaluate the proper period and classification of accounts payable at year-end to ensure these year-end balances are complete, accurate, and properly recorded.

Management's Response - The District's response is included in their corrective action plan.

Finding 2023-002 Personnel Files - Significant Weakness

<u>Criteria</u> - Personnel files maintained by the District should contain all important documents including information on health insurance.

<u>Condition</u> - During our audit, we requested health insurance forms that indicated whether employees were opting in or declining health insurance provided through the District.

Cause - Personnel files were missing health insurance forms for 2 of 14 requested individuals.

<u>Effect</u> - The District does not have adequate historical employee information on hand.

<u>Recommendation</u> - The District should have a standard list of required documents in each employees' personnel file. A checklist of information to collect should be completed for each new employee.

<u>Management's Response</u> - The District will adopt a standards list of required documents to be included in each employees' personnel file.

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### Schedule of Findings and Responses

Finding 2023-003 NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 - Noncompliance

<u>Criteria</u> - New York State (NYS) Real Property Tax Law §1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a District can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget of the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts assigned for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

<u>Condition</u> - The District's unrestricted fund balance at June 30, 2023 after excluding amounts assigned for the subsequent year end and encumbrances, was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit. For the year ended June 30, 2023, this portion of the District's unrestricted fund balance was \$18,634,730, which is 6.30% of the 2023-2024 voter approved General Fund budget.

Cause - Expenditures were less than budgeted for several years.

Effect - The District is not in compliance with NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318.

<u>Recommendation</u> - We recommend that the District develop a plan to rationally appropriate unassigned fund balance so as to be in compliance with NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318.

Management's Response - The District will evaluate its budget and reserve fund balances.

#### EAST RAMAPO CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

Status of Prior Audit Findings Year ended June 30, 2023

#### (2022-001) Budgeting

<u>Condition</u> - The District did not have adequate controls or procedures in place to establish or monitor the annual voter approved operating budget.

<u>Status</u> - As of June 30, 2023 the District monitored its budget and did not overspend the annual voter approved operating budget. This finding is considered resolved.