

Comprehensive Needs Assessment 2023 - 2024 School Report



Walton County
Monroe Area High School

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.1 Identification of Team

The comprehensive needs assessment team consists of people who are responsible for working collaboratively throughout the needs assessment process. Ideal team members possess knowledge of programs, the capacity to plan and implement the needs assessment, and the ability to ensure stakeholder involvement. A required team member's name may be duplicated when multiple roles are performed by the same person. Documentation of team member involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the <u>Planning and Preparation webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Principal	Bryan Hicks
Team Member # 2	Assistant Principal	Jason Conner
Team Member # 3	Assistant Principal	Jamie Nichols
Team Member # 4	Assistant Principal	Kimberly Brown
Team Member # 5	Title I Instructional Coach	Jessica Beer
Team Member # 6	SSA Coordinator	Stephanie Dixon
Team Member # 7	Parent	Deborah Atha

Additional Leadership Team

	Position/Role	Name
Team Member # 1	Title I Teacher - Math	Jennifer Roth
Team Member # 2	Title I Teacher-English	William Myhand
Team Member # 3	CTAE Department Chair	Patricia Brown
Team Member # 4	Math Department Head	Leatham Forrester
Team Member # 5	Title I Graduation Coach	Frank Daniel
Team Member # 6	Title I Graduation Coach	Ron Coleman
Team Member # 7	Science Department Chair	Casey Paul
Team Member # 8	English Department Chair	Jessica Preston
Team Member # 9	CTAE Department	Margret Stephens
Team Member # 10	Athletic Director	Eli Connell

1. PLANNING AND PREPARATION

1.2 Identification of Stakeholders

Stakeholders are those individuals with valuable experiences and perspective who will provide the team with important input, feedback, and guidance. Required stakeholders must be engaged in the process to meet the requirements of participating federal programs. Documentation of stakeholder involvement must be maintained by the LEA. Watch the Planning and Preparation webinar for additional information and guidance.

Stakeholders

	Position/Role	Name
Stakeholder # 1	Parent	Sheila Ransom
Stakeholder # 2	Community Member	Lynn Hill
Stakeholder # 3	Community Member	Brian Krawczyk
Stakeholder # 4	Community Business Person	Dessa Morris
Stakeholder # 5	Community Member	JO JO Leach
Stakeholder # 6		
Stakeholder # 7		
Stakeholder # 8		

How will the team ensure that stakeholders, and in particular parents and/or guardians, were able to provide meaningful input into the needs assessment process?

Stakeholders will be provided the opportunity to provide feedback on the Needs Assessment by participating in the school's scheduled Title I Assessment review and/or visiting the school's Title I website to review and provide electronic feedback that is reviewed by administration.

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.1 Coherent Instructional System

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of instructional needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Coherent Instructional System webinar for additional information and guidance.

	Curriculum Standard 1 -Uses systematic, collaborative planning processes so that teachers share an understanding of	
expectations for standar	ds, curriculum, assessment, and instruction	
1. Exemplary	A systematic, collaborative process is used proactively for curriculum planning.	
	Nearly all teachers or groups of teachers, support staff, and leaders within the school	
	have common expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
2. Operational	A systematic, collaborative process is used regularly for curriculum planning.	
	Most teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
3. Emerging	A collaborative process is used occasionally for curriculum planning.	✓
	Some teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common expectations for	
	standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process is rarely, if ever, used for curriculum planning.	
	Few, if any, teachers or groups of teachers within the school have common	
	expectations for standards, curriculum, assessment, and instruction.	

Curriculum Standard 2 -Designs curriculum documents and aligns resources with the intended rigor of the required standards		
1. Exemplary	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope, and sequence documents, guides) that are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards are the products of a systematic, collaborative process. These curriculum documents and resources are used and continuously revised by teachers and support staff to ensure an alignment with the intended, taught, and tested standards.	
2. Operational	Curriculum documents (e.g., lesson plans, unit plans, performance tasks, curriculum maps, scope and sequence documents, guides) have been designed, and resources are aligned with the intended rigor of the required standards. These curriculum documents and resources guide the work of teachers and instructional support staff.	√
3. Emerging	Curriculum documents and resources exist, but they are not complete in all content areas or grade levels or lack the intended rigor of the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, curriculum documents and resources exist to support the implementation of the intended rigor of the required standards.	

Instruction Standard 1 -Provides a supportive and well -managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school. Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
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2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most	✓
	classrooms.	
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some	
	classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few,	
	if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2	Instruction Standard 2 -Creates an academically challenging learning environment	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 3 -Establishes and communicates clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to curri standards		culum
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work. Articulation of the learning targets is consistent and pervasive among like content areas and grade levels.	
2. Operational	Most teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards. Learning targets are evident throughout the lesson and in student work.	
3. Emerging	Some teachers establish and communicate clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	✓
4. Not Evident	Few, if any teachers establish clear learning targets and success criteria aligned to the required curriculum standards.	

Instruction Standard 4	-Uses research based instructional practices that positively impact student learning	
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers pervasively demonstrate a repertoire of highly effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	
2. Operational	Most teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning (e.g., providing feedback, cooperative learning, advance organizers, questioning techniques, similarities and differences, reinforcing effort, goal setting, summarizers, graphic representations, reciprocal teaching).	✓
3. Emerging	Some teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 5	Instruction Standard 5 -Differentiates instruction to meet specific learning needs of students		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Nearly all teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL). Remediation, enrichment, and acceleration are pervasive practices.		
2. Operational	Most teachers differentiate instruction (e.g., using flexible grouping, making adjustments, providing choices based upon readiness levels, interests, or needs) to meet the specific learning needs of students. Most teachers plan and implement multiple means of representation, engagement, action, and expression to meet the learning needs of students (UDL).	√	
3. Emerging	Some teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers differentiate instruction to meet the specific learning needs of students.		

Instruction Standard 6 -Uses appropriate, current technology to enhance learning		
1. Exemplary	The use by staff members and students of appropriate, current technology to enhance learning is an institutional practice (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	✓
2. Operational	Most staff members and students use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning (e.g., facilitate communication, collaboration, research, design, creativity, problem-solving).	
3. Emerging	Some staff members, students, or both use appropriate, current technology to enhance learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers demonstrate a repertoire of effective, research-based instructional practices that positively impact student learning.	

Instruction Standard 7	Instruction Standard 7 -Provides feedback to students on their performance on the standards or learning targets		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide		
	students with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.		
	Nearly all teachers systematically elicit diagnostic information from individual		
	students regarding their understanding of the standards or learning targets.		
2. Operational	Most teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students		
	with specific, timely, descriptive feedback on their performance.		
3. Emerging	Some teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide students with specific, descriptive feedback on their performance.	✓	
4.37 4.77 1.1	1 1		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers use the language of the standards or learning targets to provide		
	students with feedback on their performance, or the feedback that is provided is not		
	specific, timely, or understandable.		

Instruction Standard	Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progres		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress. Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.		
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their own progress.	✓	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.		

Instruction Standard 9 -Provides timely, systematic, data -driven interventions		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs. Interventions are designed to meet the needs of each student. The effectiveness of those interventions is consistently monitored and adjustments are made.	
2. Operational	Most students are provided timely, systematic, data-driven interventions to support their learning needs.	
3. Emerging	Some students are provided extra assistance or needed support in a timely manner.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students are provided extra assistance or effective support in a timely manner.	

Assessment Standard 1 -Aligns assessments with the required curriculum standards		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
	Assessments are reviewed during the school year to ensure alignment.	
2. Operational	Most assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	✓
3. Emerging	Some assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, assessments are aligned with the required curriculum standards.	

Assessment Standard 3 -Uses common assessments aligned with the required standards to monitor student progress, instruction, and improve teacher practices		
1. Exemplary	Teachers consistently use common assessments aligned with the required standards in nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both for diagnostic, summative, and formative purposes.	
	The data from the common assessments are analyzed down to the item level, and the results are used to inform instruction and improve teacher practices.	
2. Operational	Teachers use common assessments aligned with the required standards in most content areas to monitor student progress, inform instruction, and improve teacher practices.	
3. Emerging	Teachers use some common assessments aligned with the required standards in a few content areas with a limited amount of data analysis to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	V
4. Not Evident	Teachers use few, if any, common assessments to monitor student progress, inform instruction, or improve teacher practices.	

Assessment Standard 4 -Implements a process to collaboratively analyze assessment results to adjust instruction		
1. Exemplary	Teachers extensively use a systematic, collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is consistently adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results across	
2.0 4: 1	all content areas, grade levels, or both.	
2. Operational	Teachers regularly use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is routinely adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	
3. Emerging	Teachers occasionally use a collaborative process to analyze assessment results. Instruction is sometimes adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	✓
4. Not Evident	A collaborative process to analyze assessment results does not exist.	
	Instruction is rarely, if ever, adjusted based on the analysis of assessment results.	

Assessment Standard 5 -Implements grading practices that provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards		
1. Exemplary	The grading practices used by teachers across nearly all content areas, grade levels, or both, consistently provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
2. Operational	The grading practices used by teachers in most content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	✓
3. Emerging	The grading practices used by teachers in some content areas, grade levels, or both provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	
4. Not Evident	The grading practices used by teachers rarely, if ever, provide an accurate indication of student progress on the required standards.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.2 Effective Leadership

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of leadership needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Effective Leadership webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 1 -Builds and sustains relationships to foster the success of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	Administrators consistently build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff. The school staff is fully engaged in relationship building through collaboration, internal and external communication, and building trust with staff, students, families, and communication to the old are	
2. Operational	and community stakeholders. Administrators regularly build and sustain relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	√
3. Emerging	Administrators sometimes build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators seldom, if ever, build relationships to foster the success of students and staff.	

Leadership Standard 2 -Initiates and manages change to improve staff performance and student learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders initiate and	
	sustain change to improve staff performance and student learning.	
	Administrators, the school leadership team, and other teacher leaders create a sense of	
	urgency for change and effectively communicate a common vision.	
2. Operational	Administrators and the school leadership team initiate and sustain change to improve	✓
	staff performance and student learning.	
	The principal provides an appropriate balance of pressure and support to manage the	
	change process for desired results.	
3. Emerging	Administrators initiate change to improve staff performance and student learning but	
	do not sustain the change, remove barriers, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators initiate few, if any, changes that impact staff performance and student	
	learning.	

Leadership Standard 3 -Uses systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices		
1. Exemplary	The principal and other school leaders continually use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices. The principal and other school leaders have a comprehensive knowledge and understanding of the best practices for curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning.	
2. Operational	The principal and other school leaders often use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	√
3. Emerging	The principal and other school leaders occasionally use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	
4. Not Evident	The principal and other school leaders rarely, if ever, use systems to ensure effective implementation of curriculum, assessment, instruction, and professional learning practices.	

Leadership Standard 4 -Uses processes to systematically analyze data to improve student achievement		
1. Exemplary	Extensive, comprehensive processes, including root cause analysis, are used consistently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
2. Operational	Numerous processes are used frequently to analyze data (e.g., multiple sources of data: classroom, grade level, departmental, and subgroup, perception data) to improve student achievement.	
3. Emerging	Some processes are in place and used occasionally to analyze data to improve student achievement.	√
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, processes are in place to analyze data to improve student achievement.	

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities. Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
	,	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	√
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or problem-solving.	_

Leadership Standard 6 -Establishes and supports a data-driven school leadership team that is focused on student l		
1. Exemplary	A highly effective, proactive, and data-driven school leadership team is focused on student learning. The leadership team addresses nearly all areas of student and staff learning and school leadership, including the development, implementation, and regular monitoring of the school improvement plan.	
2. Operational	A data-driven school leadership team is established with stakeholder representation (e.g., core and non-core teachers, certified support staff) and is focused on student learning. The school leadership team meets regularly and uses norms and protocols to work effectively and efficiently.	
3. Emerging	The school leadership team is established and has some stakeholder representation but is focused chiefly on school operations rather than student learning.	√
4. Not Evident	A school leadership team does not exist or does not have adequate stakeholder representation.	

Leadership Standard 7	Monitors and evaluates the performance of teachers and other staff using multiple data s	sources
1. Exemplary	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff through observations, surveys, data, and documentation is consistent and comprehensive, resulting in highly accurate performance evaluations. A comprehensive system is in place to provide teachers and staff with ongoing, accurate, timely, detailed, descriptive feedback related to their performance. Administrators use the evaluation process to identify role models, teacher leaders, or	
2.0 (1.1	both.	
2. Operational	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff regularly occurs using data or documentation, generally resulting in accurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive accurate, timely, descriptive feedback related to their performance.	V
3. Emerging	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff is inconsistent, incomplete, or lacks data or documentation, sometimes resulting in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive some descriptive feedback related to their performance.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring the performance of teachers and other staff rarely occurs or often results in inaccurate performance evaluations. Teachers and staff receive little or no descriptive feedback related to their performance.	

Leadership Standard 8 -Provides ongoing support to teachers and other staff		
1. Exemplary	A comprehensive support system that is timely and targeted to individual needs is	
	provided to teachers and other staff.	
2. Operational	Most support provided to teachers and other staff is targeted to individual needs.	✓
3. Emerging	Some support provided to teachers and staff is targeted to individual needs.	
4. Not Evident	Support to teachers and staff does not exist or is not targeted to individual needs.	

	Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders. The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed. The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained	✓	
	commitment to continuous improvement.		
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous improvement process.		
3. Emerging	A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.		
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.		

Planning and Organization Standard 2 -Uses a data-driven and consensus-oriented process to develop and impless school improvement plan that is focused on student performance		lement a
1. Exemplary	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from nearly all stakeholders.	
	The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a strong focus on increasing student performance.	
	This process and plan consistently guide the work of the school staff.	
2. Operational	A school improvement plan has been developed using a data-driven and consensus-oriented process with input from most plan stakeholders. The plan includes appropriate goals and strategies with a focus on increasing student performance.	√
3. Emerging	A school improvement plan has been developed with input from some stakeholders. The school improvement plan is based on incomplete data analysis with limited focus on student performance.	
4. Not Evident	An up-to-date, data-driven school improvement plan focused on student performance is not in place.	

Planning and Organization Standard 3 -Monitors implementation of the school improvement plan and makes adjute as needed		adjustments
1. Exemplary	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are continually monitored by administrators, the school leadership team, and teacher leaders to evaluate the impact on student performance. Ongoing adjustments are made based on various performance, process, and perception data.	
2. Operational	he goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are regularly monitored by administrators and the school leadership team to evaluate the impact on student performance. Adjustments are made to the plan, as needed, based on the analysis of data.	√
3. Emerging	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are occasionally monitored by administrators.	
4. Not Evident	The goals and strategies of the school improvement plan are rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 4 -Monitors the use of available resources to support continuous improvement		
1. Exemplary	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is consistently monitored.	
	School schedules and processes are designed to make effective use of personnel, time, materials, and equipment.	
2. Operational	The use of available resources (e.g., personnel, time, facilities, equipment, materials) to support continuous improvement is frequently monitored.	√
3. Emerging	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is inconsistently monitored.	
4. Not Evident	The use of available resources to support continuous improvement is rarely, if ever, monitored.	

Planning and Organization Standard 5 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, policies, schedules, and procedur to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness		
1. Exemplary	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed with stakeholder input, effectively communicated, and consistently implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are consistently reviewed and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed, communicated, and implemented throughout the school to maximize student learning and staff effectiveness. These rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are periodically reviewed and systematically revised as needed.	√
3. Emerging	Rules, policies, schedules, and procedures are developed but are not effectively communicated or are implemented inconsistently across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, policies, or procedures are not developed, are poorly communicated, or are ineffectively implemented. In some cases, rules, policies, schedules, or procedures are out of date or have become barriers to student learning or staff effectiveness.	

Planning and Organization Standard 6 -Uses protocols to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment		g a safe,
1. Exemplary	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used extensively to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. A proactive maintenance process is in place, and repairs are completed in a satisfactory and timely manner, when needed.	√
2. Operational	Protocols (e.g., safety drills, tornado drills, inclement weather plans, current crisis plan, school-wide safety plan, maintenance protocols, facility-use protocols, functional custodial schedules) are used to maintain the school campus and equipment providing a safe, clean, and inviting learning environment. The school and campus are clean, well-maintained, inviting, and safe.	
3. Emerging	Protocols are sometimes used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are partially clean, maintained, and inviting, but some safety issues exist.	
4. Not Evident	Protocols do not exist or are rarely, if ever, used to maintain the school campus and equipment. The school and campus are not clean, maintained, or inviting, and safety issues exist.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.3 Professional Capacity

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of professional capacity needs. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Professional Capacity webinar for additional information and guidance.

Leadership Standard 5 -Builds leadership capacity through shared decision-making and problem-solving		
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
	Administrators collaborate consistently with staff members to gather input.	
2. Operational	Numerous structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making and	✓
	problem-solving and to build their leadership capacities.	
3. Emerging	Some structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making, problem-solving, or both.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures exist for staff to engage in shared decision-making or	
	problem-solving.	

Professional Learning Standard 1 -Aligns professional learning with needs identified through analysis of a variety of		
1. Exemplary	Professional learning needs are identified and differentiated through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families). Ongoing support is provided through differentiated professional learning.	
2. Operational	Professional learning needs are identified through a collaborative analysis process using a variety of data (e.g., student achievement data, examination of student work, process data, teacher and leader effectiveness data, action research data, perception data from students, staff, and families).	√
3. Emerging	Professional learning needs are identified using limited sources of data.	
4. Not Evident	Professional learning needs are identified using little or no data.	

Professional Learning Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of collaboration among administrators and staff to enhance individual and collective performance		nce
1. Exemplary	Administrators and staff, as a foundational practice, consistently collaborate to support leadership and personal accountability and to enhance individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback). Teachers conduct action research and assume ownership of professional learning processes.	
2. Operational	Administrators and staff routinely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance (e.g., construct knowledge, acquire skills, refine practice, provide feedback).	√
3. Emerging	Administrators and staff sometimes collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators and staff rarely collaborate to improve individual and collective performance.	

Professional Learning Standard 3 -Defines expectations for implementing professional learning		
1. Exemplary	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both consistently define expectations for the implementation of professional learning, including details regarding the stages of implementation and how monitoring will occur as implementation progresses.	
2. Operational	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both regularly define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	✓
3. Emerging	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both occasionally define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Administrators, teacher leaders, or both rarely, if ever, define expectations for the implementation of professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 4 -Uses multiple professional learning designs to support the various learning ne staff		needs of the
1. Exemplary	Staff members actively participate in job-embedded professional learning that engages collaborative teams in a variety of appropriate learning designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks). Professional learning includes extensive follow-up with descriptive feedback and coaching.	
2. Operational	Staff members actively participate in professional learning, most of which is job-embedded, which includes multiple designs (e.g., collaborative lesson study, analysis of student work, problem-solving sessions, curriculum development, coursework, action research, classroom observations, online networks) to support their various learning needs. Professional learning includes follow-up with feedback and coaching.	√
3. Emerging	Some staff members are engaged in professional learning that makes use of more than one learning design to address their identified needs.	
4. Not Evident	Staff members receive single, stand-alone professional learning events that are informational and mostly large-group presentation designs.	

Professional Learning Standard 5 -Allocates resources and establishes systems to support and sustain effective professional Learning		rofessional
1. Exemplary	Extensive resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are allocated to support and sustain effective professional learning. Opportunities to practice skills, receive follow-up, feedback, and coaching are provided to support the effectiveness of professional learning.	
2. Operational	Adequate resources (e.g., substitute teachers, materials, handouts, tools, stipends, facilitators, technology) and systems (e.g., conducive schedules, adequate collaborative time, model classrooms) are in place to support and sustain professional learning.	√
3. Emerging	Some resources and systems are allocated to support and sustain professional learning.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, resources and systems are provided to support and sustain professional learning.	

Professional Learning Standard 6 -Monitors and evaluates the impact of professional learning on staff practices and stude learning		
1. Exemplary	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and increases in student learning occurs extensively. Evaluation results are used to identify and implement processes to extend student learning.	√
2. Operational	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices and student learning occurs routinely.	
3. Emerging	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs sporadically.	
4. Not Evident	Monitoring and evaluating the impact of professional learning on staff practices occurs rarely, if ever.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.4 Family and Community Engagement

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to family and community engagement. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). See the Family Community Engagement webinar for additional information and guidance. Visit Georgia's Family Connection Partnership's KIDS COUNT for additional data.

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 1 -Creates an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects fa and community members to the school		nects family
1. Exemplary	The school has a well-established, inviting learning environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school. Numerous opportunities are given to family members to become actively engaged in school-related events and improvement efforts as participants, event managers, and workers.	
2. Operational	The school has created an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	√
3. Emerging	The school has made some progress toward creating an environment that welcomes, encourages, and connects family and community members to the school.	
4. Not Evident	The school has not created an environment that welcomes, encourages, or connects family and community members to the school.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 2 -Establishes structures that promote clear and open communic between the school and stakeholders		cation
1. Exemplary	Extensive structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented. Structures are continuously monitored for reliable and interactive communication.	
2. Operational	Most structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders have been effectively established and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Some structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, structures that promote clear and open communication between the school and stakeholders exist.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 3 -Establishes relationships and decision-making processes that build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students		
1. Exemplary	A wide variety of relationships and collaborative decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services, post-secondary partnerships) are pervasive in promoting student success and well being. Expectations for family and community engagement are embedded in the culture and result in stakeholders being actively involved in decision-making.	
2. Operational	Numerous relationships and decision-making processes (e.g., business partnerships, school councils, parent or family organizations, academic and extra-curricular booster clubs, civic organizations, tutoring services) effectively build capacity for family and community engagement in the success of students.	√
3. Emerging	Limited relationships and decision-making processes have been initiated by the school to build capacity for family and community engagement.	
4. Not Evident	Relationships and decision-making processes for families and the community are non-existent, or those that do exist contribute minimally to student success.	

Family and Commu	${f nnity~Engagement~Standard~4}$ -Communicates academic expectations and current student ac	chievement
1. Exemplary	The school staff provides families with ongoing, detailed academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols).	
	Extensive communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, student-led parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	
2. Operational	The school staff communicates academic expectations and/or graduation status (e.g., four-year graduation plans, syllabi, academic advisement protocols) throughout the year. Regular communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided (e.g., progress reports, parent conferences, report cards, reading level reports, state test reports, school-based assessment reports, online reporting system).	√
3. Emerging	The school staff communicates some academic expectations at the start of the year. Some communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to inform families of academic expectations. Little, if any, communication related to the current achievement level of individual students is provided.	

Family and Community Engagement Data

Family and Community Engagement Standard 5 -Develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at I will enhance academic achievement		nome that
1. Exemplary	The school continually develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
2. Operational	The school frequently develops the capacity (e.g., parent training, lunch and learn, make-it and take-it) of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	
3. Emerging	The school occasionally develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	√
4. Not Evident	The school seldom, if ever, develops the capacity of families to use support strategies at home that will enhance academic achievement.	

Family and Community Engagement Standard 6 -Connects families with agencies and resources in the community the needs of students		nity to meet
1. Exemplary	The school has a systematic process in place to connect families with an array of agencies and resources (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	✓
2. Operational	The school regularly connects families to agencies and resources in the community (e.g., Y-Clubs, after-school programs, health and counseling services, community service agencies, civic organizations, tutoring services) to meet the needs of students.	
3. Emerging	The school sometimes connects families to agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school does little to connect families with agencies and resources in the community to meet the needs of students.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.5 Supportive Learning Environment

Analyze the LEA's data (including sections 2.6) and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of needs related to a supportive learning environment. Complete a data-informed self-rating for each Georgia School Performance Standard (GSPS). Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students). See the Supportive Learning Environment webinar for additional information and guidance.

Instruction Standard 1 -Provides a supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning		
1. Exemplary	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident throughout the school.	
	Students consistently stay on-task and take responsibility for their own actions.	
2. Operational	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in most classrooms.	✓
3. Emerging	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in some classrooms.	
4. Not Evident	A supportive and well-managed environment conducive to learning is evident in few, if any, classrooms.	

Instruction Standard 2 - Creates an academically challenging learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration). Students consistently work independently and in teams to solve real-world problems that require advanced effort, decision-making, and critical and creative thinking.	
2. Operational	Most teachers create an academically challenging, learning environment (e.g., higher-order thinking skills and processes, active student engagement, relevance, collaboration).	√
3. Emerging	Some teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, teachers create an academically challenging learning environment.	

Instruction Standard 8 -Establishes a learning environment that empowers students to actively monitor their own progr		
1. Exemplary	Nearly all students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor	
	their own progress.	
	Nearly all students develop a sense of personal responsibility and accountability by	
	engaging in record keeping, self-monitoring, sharing, exhibiting, and self-reflection.	
2. Operational	Most students use tools (e.g., rubrics, checklists, exemplars) to actively monitor their	✓
	own progress.	
3. Emerging	Some students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	
4. Not Evident	Few, if any, students use tools to actively monitor their own progress.	

School Culture Standard 1 -Develops, communicates, and implements rules, practices, and procedures to maintain a safe, orderly learning environment		
1. Exemplary	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are proactively developed, communicated, and consistently implemented across the school. These rules, practices, and procedures are continually monitored and revised as needed.	
2. Operational	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly learning environment are developed, communicated, and implemented.	✓
3. Emerging	Rules, practices, and procedures are developed and communicated but are ineffective or inconsistently implemented across the school.	
4. Not Evident	Rules, practices, and procedures that maintain a safe, orderly, learning environment are not developed nor updated or are poorly communicated.	

School Culture Standard 2 -Establishes a culture of trust and respect that promotes positive interactions and a sense of community		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A pervasive commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., positive and respectful interactions, appreciation of diversity, tolerance, understanding) exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A sustained commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. A limited commitment to promoting positive interactions and a sense of community is evident.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that a culture of trust and respect has been established. Unresolved conflicts interfere with a sense of community.	

School Culture Standard 3 -Establishes a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students		
1. Exemplary	Extensive evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students. The school culture supports addressing individual achievement needs and strengths to prepare students for success.	
2. Operational	Evidence (e.g., advisement, career counseling, transition coaching, high expectations) exists that the beliefs and practices of the school support the college and career readiness of students.	√
3. Emerging	Some evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	
4. Not Evident	Little or no evidence exists that the school supports the college and career readiness of students.	_

School Culture Standard 4 -Supports the personal growth and development of students		
1. Exemplary	The school staff consistently provides a comprehensive system of support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to maximize the personal growth and development of nearly all students.	
2. Operational	The school staff regularly provides support (e.g., counseling, mentoring, advisement, coaching, goal setting, time management, problem solving) to enhance the personal growth and development of students.	√
3. Emerging	The school staff sporadically supports the personal growth and development of students.	
4. Not Evident	The school staff does little to support the personal growth and development of students.	

School Culture Standard 5 -Recognizes and celebrates achievements and accomplishments of students and staff		
1. Exemplary	The school community consistently recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff. The celebrations are publicized within the school and to the community and support the culture of the school.	
2. Operational	The school community regularly recognizes and celebrates the achievements and accomplishments of students and staff.	✓
3. Emerging	The school community periodically recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students and/or staff.	
4. Not Evident	The school community rarely, if ever, recognizes or celebrates the achievements or accomplishments of students or staff.	

Planning and Organization Standard 1 -Shares a common vision and mission that define the school culture and guide the continuous improvement process		
1. Exemplary	A common vision and mission have been collaboratively developed and communicated to nearly all stakeholders.	
	The culture of the school has been deeply defined over time by the vision and mission, which are updated as needed.	
	The daily work and practices of staff consistently demonstrate a sustained commitment to continuous improvement.	
2. Operational	A common vision and mission have been developed through a collaborative process and communicated to most stakeholders. The vision and mission define the culture of the school and guide the continuous	√
3. Emerging	improvement process. A common vision and mission have been developed by some staff members but have not been effectively communicated so that they guide the continuous improvement process.	
4. Not Evident	A common vision and mission have not been developed or updated or have been developed by a few staff members.	

2. DATA COLLECTION ANALYSIS

2.6 Data Analysis Questions

Analyze the LEA's data and answer the guiding questions to determine existing trends and patterns that support the identification of demographic and financial needs. Student subgroups with a count of less than 15 are denoted by "TFS" (too few students).

What perception data did you use? [examples: student perceptions about school climate issues (health survey, violence, prejudice, bullying, etc.); student/parent perceptions about the effectiveness of programs or interventions; student understanding of relationship of school to career or has an academic plan]

Georgia Student Health Survey, School (Self-Assessment Survey, School Quality Factor Surveys (Student, faculty, stakeholders) MAHS Professional Learning Survey 2022-2023, MAHS Title I Parent and Family Input Survey, WCSD Comprehensive Needs Assessment PARENT Title I Survey Spring 2022, 22-23 Walton County Perception Survey - MAHS, Georgia School Personnel Survey

What does the perception data tell you? (perception data can describe people's knowledge, attitudes, beliefs, perceptions, competencies; perception data can also answer the question "What do people think they know, believe, or can do?")

Get survey and plug in numbers

The Student Inventory Survey also showed that 90% of learners have the materials, supplies, and technology necessary to be successful in school. Learners generally believe their instructors push them to do their best. Over 60% of learners stated they would rise to meet high expectations because they worked harder and strived to their best when engaged in challenging activities. About 40% of learners feel their level of participation was dependent on the grade they wanted to achieve. Based upon the survey, around 63% of students actually participate in before and/or after-school activities. Based upon this data, it is evident that students have the needed supplies and supports to be successful, but part of their success stems from the motivation of what grade he or she would like to receive from the class. However, data does reveal that students would like to be more engaged with instruction that includes more real-life connections. In addition, students are open to constructive feedback concerning the results of their work (classwork/homework/assessments).

What process data did you use? (examples: student participation in school activities, sports, clubs, arts; student participation in special programs such as peer mediation, counseling, skills conferences; parent/student participation in events such as college information meetings and parent workshops)

Department Meetings/ Data Team/CFA's, PBIS Meetings, Leadership Team

What does the process data tell you? (process data describes the way programs are conducted; provides evidence of participant involvement in programs; answers the question "What did you do for whom?")

Department Meetings/Data Team/CFA's

During the FY22 school year, departments met twice a month with an administrator present at least one meeting. During these meetings, a focus was put on data, common formative assessments, instructional strategies, and general housekeeping items. While some departments did a good job, there was still a level of improvement needed for other departments. Moving forward, we will focus more utilizing our leadership team. In addition, there is evidence of need for a separate school-level data team and a separate collaborate planning period for EOC subjects.

PBIS Meetings

During the FY22 school year, the PBIS team met once a month with an administrator present at these meetings. During these meetings, a focus was put on the disaggregation of school-wide discipline data, school climate, staff buy-in, and PBIS Rewards program. Overall, these meetings were very productive and our plan will be to continue monthly meetings with the same focus.

What achievement data did you use?

Milestones, Graduation Rate, PBIS Data

What does your achievement data tell you?

Based upon the data review, it is evident that Monroe Area has seen growth in the academic areas of US History. However, there have some decreases in Algebra I., Biology, and American Literature

Data for Biology indicates the number of learners meeting the "proficient" category increased from 19.89% in 2015 to 33.21% in 2022. Current data for 2023 shows that our Biology Proficiency Rate Scores (32.00%) experienced a 1.21% decline in comparison to our 2022(33.21%) Biology Proficiency Rate scores

The "distinguished" category decreased from 5.68% in 2015 to 3.82% in 2022. The Distinguished Rate for the 2023 Biology testing cycle increased from 3.82% to 4.57% .Although we have experienced some gains in Biology, we are still below county, RESA, and state levels.

The percentage of US History students in the "proficient" level has increased from 17.18% in 2015 to 34.78% in 2022 For the 2023 EOC testing cycle, US History experienced a 6.84% gain in their US History Proficiency Rate. Although we have experienced some gains in US History, we are still below county, RESA, and state levels.

The percentage of American Literature students in the "proficient" level has increased from 7.07% in 2015 to 36.89% in 2022. The 2023 Proficiency Rate Score for American Literature has decreased by 5.29% in comparison to 2022. This data indicates a need for continued focus in English and Literacy. The percentage of Algebra I students in the "proficient" level has increased from 12.14% in 2015 to 30.70% in 2022. Our data from the 2023 testing cycle revealed a 2.01% decrease in our Proficiency Rate. This data indicates a need

for continued focus in math. Graduation Rate Achievement

The graduation rate increased from 76.1% in 2014 to 93.6% in 2023. In addition, we have seen a substantial increase from the 2011 graduate rate of 59.85% to 93.6% in 2023.

PBIS Data

We have seen a dramatic decrease in the amount ODR's from 2015 to 2023. Although ODR's did increase from the 20-21 to 21-22 school year, there were extenuating factors such as an increase of student population and the transition to in-person learning for all students. ODR's from 20-21 were 585 and 21-22 were 1015. For the 22-23 school year, MAHS ODR's were 1084. This is an increase in comparison to 21-22 SY. MAHS continues to experience an increase in student population which could be a contributing factor to the increase in ODR's.

Based on this data, MAHS should maintain a continued focus on PBIS.

What demographic data did you use?

Infinite Campus data, CCRPI

What does the demographic data tell you?

As of August 1, 2021, MAHS had a total student population of 1103. Demographics have been steady for the past few years. We have had a slight increase in the ESOL population, now making a subgroup.

Race/Ethnicity:

503 White/Non Hispanic

399: Blacks

27: Asians

23: Hispanics

54: Mixed

Gender

561: Females

542: Males

Support Services

32: LEP

31: ESOL

149: Gifted

35: 504

122: SPED

52.31: Free and Reduced (2022-2023)

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.1 Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Read the trends and patterns summaries from each section of the data analysis process. Use the information in these summaries to complete 3.2 and 3.3. Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.2. Watch the Identifying Need webinar for additional information and guidance.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Coherent Instructional:Summarize the coherent instructional system trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

Monroe Area has started to implement CFA's and CFA templates to analyze how students are performing on standard based units presented by teachers. Weaknesses/Challenges:

Even though Monroe Area has began to implement CFA's and CFA templates for teacher reflection, there continues to be a challenge for teachers and administration to provide usable, effective, and timely data<u>tos</u>tudents in order for them to monitor and take responsibility for their own academic progress.

Effective Leadership:Summarize the effective leadership trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

The administrative team has set goals and high expectations in all areas of the school. We have also included many positive ways in which to recognize those who have met the goals and continue to meet the expectations. The administrative team and department chairs have developed a culture where the creation and utilization of CFA's are a norm. EOC content teachers have been given the opportunity to utilize half-days to effectively create CFA;s, review standards, and plan collaboratively. In addition, teachers are encouraged and required to utilize reading lists, collaborate on lesson plans, and adhere to the district pacing guides. A continued focus will be made to make this a routine practice within the building. The PBIS leadership team continues to make a positive effect on teachers, students, and overall school climate.

Weaknesses/Challenges:

Administration is aware of the need to schedule common planning for EOC teachers in order to collaborate and review data. However this continues to be a challenge at the high school level. A continued challenge for Monroe Area regarding effective leadership involves improving the measures of accountability to ensure that teachers are using their CFA data to positively change and improve classroom instruction. In addition, there continues to be a strain regarding collecting data and effectively disseminating the results of the data analysis to teachers and students.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Professional Capacity:Summarize the professional capacity trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

Monroe Area has created themed professional development sessions for teachers that targets improving literacy across the curriculum. This is a Walton County School District and Monroe Area focus. In addition, Monroe Area has created subject- specific Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) and sessions that focus on enhancing teacher technology use within the classroom. The many sessions were differentiated based upon the needs identified by the our teachers. A curriculum training room was created to support and encourage professional development and collaboration.

Weaknesses/Challenges:

There is a continued challenge for more informal observations to be conducted by administrators, department heads, and other instructional support staff. The focus of these observations should be to identify on-going strengths, growths, and weaknesses in the classroom. These observations should also include specific follow up regarding the effect of Professional Learning on staff practices and student learning.

Family and Community

Engagement:Summarize the family and community engagement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

Monroe Area has increased its parents involvement with PTSO. The Hurricane Academy has been created to provide parents, guardians, and stakeholders an opportunity to learn more about high school culture, student needs, and community concerns. Monroe Area has improved and increased the ways in which we communicate to all stakeholders. In addition, the many school booster clubs and various organizations provide opportunities for our parents to be involved.

Weaknesses/Challenges:

Although Monroe Area has increased and improved the opportunities for parent involvement within the school, participation has only slightly increased. A decline in student attendance is a serious weakness which began during COVID and has continued as we move to a Post Covid educational environment. Student attendance involves all areas of our students lives. Parents, family members and the community at large must invest the energy to improve student attendance in order to improve student achievement. The challenge remains to gain more parent involvement and interest with student academics and non-athletic events.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

Supportive Learning

Environment:Summarize the supportive learning environment trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

Monroe Area is consistently monitoring, revising, and communicating school rules, procedures, and practices that maintain a safe and orderly learning environment.

Monroe Area has also established a culture that supports the college and career readiness of students by creating more advisement that provide informative information about jobs, careers, and college requirements. In collaboration with local industry and various governmental agencies, the school has created a Career Center that specifically helps students prepare for the workforce. These initiatives allow the students to connect what is learned in the classroom with current and future life experiences.

Weaknesses/Challenges:

A continued concern is the lack of vision and motivation to succeed by some students. This continues to hamper their academic success in the classroom. There continues to be a disconnect by some students with the correlation of school rules, policies and procedures, and the soft skills required in most work environments.

Demographic and Financial:Summarize the demographic and financial trends and

patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths

Based upon the 2018 CCRPI Financial Efficiency, Monroe Area received a financial star rating of 3 and had a PPE Percentile of 56,

The demographics show consistent trends in the number of students earning additional federal, state, and local funds (ie: Title, ESOL, SPED, etc). Monroe Area allocates these funds according to the needs of the individual student following specific guidelines of the funding source.

Much of the funding is focused on using human capital to improve student learning.

Weaknesses

Regulations set by various funding sources limit the scope in which the school allocates the funds. At times, this restricts funding of programs and initiatives that have been identified as being beneficial to certain groups and sub-groups of students.

Student Achievement:Summarize the student achievement trends and patterns observed by the team while completing this section of the report. What are the important trends and patterns that will support the identification of student, teacher, and leader needs?

Strengths:

MAHS is continuing to increase the number of students scoring at a proficient level as measured by the Georgia Milestones End Of Course test from 2015-2023. In addition, our Advanced Placement results have improved at times over the last 6 years, meeting or exceeding other schools within the county, RESA, and state.

Biology

The number of learners meeting the "proficient" category increased from 19.89% in 2015 to 32.00% in 2023.

The "distinguished" category decreased from 5.68% in 2015 to 3.82% in 2022.

Strengths and Challenges Based on Trends and Patterns

The 2023 distinguished rate for Biology increased by. 75%.

American Literature

The percentage of students in the "proficient" level has increased from 7.07% in 2015 to 36.89% in 2022, however there was a decrease in the 2023 American Literature Proficiency Rate (31.60%).

Overall:

American Literature, Biology, US History, Algebra I and have shown the most notable gains from 2015 according to End of Course test data results. However, there is a need to concentrate on improving American Literature, Biology, and Algebra I scores to continue to ensure student growth.

AP:

Monroe Area High School did not earn any AP awards.

Graduation Rate Achievement

The graduation rate increased from 76.1% in 2014 to 93.6% in 2023.

Weaknesses/Challenges:

In many academic areas Monroe Area has shown substantial growth. However, we are not meeting the state targets with most sub-groups in English, Biology, Algebra I, and US History.

In the 2022-2023 academic year, EOC percent levels for the following courses did reveal that MAHS did have some decline in subject areas:

American Lit-- 31.60% Algebra I--28.69% Biology---32.00%

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Strengths	All data collected from 2018 College and Career Ready Performance
	Index(CCRPI) GaDOE. (No data to report from 2022 CCRPI).
	Strengths: Special Education Subgroup Performance:
	Social Studies- subgroup made progress but did not meet target (30.21)
	Strengths: Economically Disadvantaged Subgroup Performance:
	Math-subgroup made progress but did not meet target (37.42). Scored 37.21
	Science-subgroup met 6% improvement target (49.09). Scored52.96
	Social Studies-subgroup met 6% improvement target (41.01). Scored 54.31
	ELL Sub-group:

IDEA - Special Education, Economically Disadvantaged Children, and English Learners.

Using the summaries in 3.1 and other local data, describe the strengths and challenges or answer the guiding questions for each program. Include strengths and challenges related to: a) general program implementation, and b) students and adults involved in or affected by the program. Focus on strengths and challenges that will assist in the identification of needs during 3.3. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Too few students in all areas
**However, MAHS is expecting this group to exceed the minimum N Value to
form a Sub Group.

Challanges	Westernessed Challenges, Special Education Subgroup Deufermen
Challenges	Weaknesses/Challenges: Special Education Subgroup Performance:
	ELA- did not meet performance target(27.25). Scored 15.75
	Math- did not meet performance target (18.84). Scored 15.52
	Science- did not meet performance target (31.61). Scored 25.72
	Social Studies-did not meet performance target (30.21). Scored 28.57
	Weaknesses/Challenges: Economically Disadvantaged Subgroup Performance:
	ELA- did not meet performance target(55.69). Scored 47.78
	ELL Sub-groups:
	Too few students in all areas
	**However, MAHS is expecting this group to exceed the minimum N Value to
	form a Sub Group.
	Other Challenges:
	Students lack of motivation due to low reading and comprehension skills
	(Lexile scores).
	Students lack of basic mathematics skills to complete on grade level
	mathematics requirements.
	Students lack of motivation and/or inability to complete tasks and assignments
	designed to help review and remediate student skill sets.
	Lack of parental involvement with student academic performance and success
	in the classroom.

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.2 Identification and Prioritization of Overarching Needs

Use the results of 3.1 to identify the overarching needs of the LEA. Determine the priority order of the identified needs based on data, team member and stakeholder knowledge, and answers to questions in the table below. Be sure to address the major program challenges identified in 3.1. Watch the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u> for additional information and guidance.

Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need	Improve student achievement in literacy
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	No Change
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	1

Additional Considerations	
Additional Considerations	

Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need	Improve overall student attendance.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or worse over time?	Better
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	3

Additional Considerations	

Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need	To ensure that all students, in all subgroups, have the opportunity to meet the State
	graduation requirements and to graduate on time Post-COVID.
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	

Overarching Need # 3

Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	4

Additional Considerations	

Overarching Need # 4

Overarching Need	Improve student achievement in mathematics
How severe is the need?	High
Is the need trending better or	Better
worse over time?	
Can Root Causes be Identified?	Yes
Priority Order	2

Additional Considerations	

3. NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

3.3 Root Cause Analysis

Select the top 2-4 overarching needs from 3.2. Conduct a separate root cause analysis (RCA) for each need. Any RCA tools and resources can be used, but suggestions are available as part of the <u>Identifying Need webinar</u>. After describing the RCA process, complete a table for each selected overarching need.

Overarching Need - Improve student achievement in literacy

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Students below level Lexile scores in reading
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program

Additional Responses	
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Overarching Need - Improve overall student attendance.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Student and Parent lack of understanding of good attendance and the correlation of academic success and post-secondary opportunities. Students and parents fail to recognize the importance of daily attendance and attending all classes. Parent lack of understanding the importance of parental participation in the academic lives of their students at the high school level Family Conflict Lack of transportation, child care, and time convenience (working hours vs school hours)
This is a root cause and not a contributing cause or symptom	Yes
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program

Root Cause # 1

Additional Responses	

Overarching Need - To ensure that all students, in all subgroups, have the opportunity to meet the State graduation requirements and to graduate on time Post-COVID.

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Falling Behind in Course Completion due to Covid Related Issue (Spring 2020, 20-21,
	21-22, 2022-23 School Years, Attendance, Student Engagement, Non-School Related
	Roadblocks to success (Home, Socio-Economic issues)
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes
Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	School and District Effectiveness
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Foster Care Program
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title I, Part C - Education of Migratory Children
	Title I, Part D - Programs for Neglected or Delinquent Children
	Title III - Language Instruction for English Learners and Immigrant Students
	Title IX, Part A - McKinney-Vento Education for Homeless Children and Youth Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	
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Overarching Need - Improve student achievement in mathematics

Root Cause # 1

Root Causes to be Addressed	Root Cause # 1 Students below level Lexile scores in reading
	Students below grade level math performance
This is a root cause and not a	Yes
contributing cause or symptom	
This is something we can affect	Yes

NEEDS IDENTIFICATION AND ROOT CAUSE ANALYSIS

Root Cause # 1

Impacted Programs	IDEA - Special Education
	Title I - Part A - Improving Academic Achievement of Disadvantaged
	Title I, Part A - Parent and Family Engagement Program
	Title IV, Part A - Student Support and Academic Enrichment

Additional Responses	



School Improvement Plan 2023 - 2024



Walton County
Monroe Area High School

SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT PLAN

1 General Improvement Plan Information

General Improvement Plan Information

District	Walton County
School Name	Monroe Area High School
Team Lead	Bryan Hicks, Principal
Federal Funding Options to Be	Traditional funding (all Federal funds budgeted separately)
Employed (SWP Schools) in this	
Plan (Select all that apply)	

Fact	Factors(s) Used by District to Identify Students in Poverty (Select all that apply)	
✓	/ Free/Reduced meal application	
	Community Eligibility Program (CEP) - Direct Certification ONLY	
	Other (if selected, please describe below)	

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.1 Overarching Need # 1

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Improve student achievement in literacy
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Students below level Lexile scores in reading
Goal	MAHS will increase the below level lexile scores using researched based teaching and
	assessment tools.

Action Step	Provide training for Language Arts and US History teachers in all frameworks, practices, and requirements of the GA Standards of Excellence for English and US History. Provide Professional Learning Opportunities for CTAE, Social Studies, and Science teachers who will then support Reading and Writing Skills in their Classroom.(Teacher-PD).
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Professional development agenda
Implementation	Professional development sign-in sheet
	Review of student CFA data for American Literature and US History
	Conference Sign-In Sheets
Method for Monitoring	Georgia Milestone End of Course Test
Effectiveness	CFA data
	No Red Ink (ELA only)
Position/Role Responsible	All teachers
	Instructional Coach
	Administration
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with	Title I Instructional Coach, Title I English Teacher
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	·
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Create Common Formative Assessments that align to the Georgia Standards of Excellence
	and disseminate data in a timely and informative manner.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Review of student CFA data for American Literature
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Georgia Milestone End of Course Test
Effectiveness	CFA data
	Map Score
Position/Role Responsible	Title I Instructional Coach
	All teachers
	Administration
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with	Title I Instructional Coach, Title I English Teacher
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Literacy standards, initiatives, and accomplishments from across many subject areas will be included and highlighted in the quarterly parent newsletter (electronic) and various other parent presentations. (Parent Involvement)
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Quarterly Parent Newsletter (electronic)
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Emailer Receipts
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers, Admin, Instructional Coach, SSA Coordinator.
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with	MAHS will partner with Title I contractor to create and distribute an informative
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	newsletter to include a segment on Literacy standards, initiatives, and accomplishments
Community based organizations,	from across many subject areas.
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

What partnerships, if any, with IHEs, business, Non-Profits, Community based organizations, or any private entity with a demonstrated record of success is the LEA implementing in carrying out this action step(s)?

MAHS will partner with Title I contractor to create and distribute an informative newsletter to include a segment on Literacy standards, initiatives, and accomplishments from across many subject areas.

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.2 Overarching Need # 2

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Improve overall student attendance.
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Student and Parent lack of understanding of good attendance and the correlation of
	academic success and post-secondary opportunities. Students and parents fail to recognize
	the importance of daily attendance and attending all classes. Parent lack of understanding
	the importance of parental participation in the academic lives of their students at the high
	school level
	Family Conflict
	Lack of transportation, child care, and time convenience (working hours vs school hours)
Goal	MAHS will improve overall attendance rates by 3% when compared to the 2022-23 school
	year. The Attendance Daily Average Report provided by the WCSD on a monthly basis
	will be used as a comparative tool.

Action Step	MAHS will implement a monthly and quarterly incentive program celebrating student
	academic success and attendance.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
Method for Monitoring	Monthly Attendance Report
Implementation	Awards Ceremony Parent Sign-In
	Student of the Quarter Roster
	PBIS Incentives and Rewards
	Attendance Committee Agenda and Sign In
Method for Monitoring	Student and Parent Sign-In Sheets
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Teachers
	Administration
	PBIS Coach
	Attendance Committee
	Title I
	Graduation Coaches

Timeline for implementation within	Timeline for Implementation	Monthly
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What partnerships, if any, with	21st Century Program, PTSO, Student Success Alliance
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	MAHS will conduct quarterly PTSO and Hurricane Academy segments for the 2023-24
	school year. Attendance Stats will be shared with all participants. The impact of school
	level initiatives on attendance will be reviewed, discussed and adjusted as needed.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
Method for Monitoring	Hurricane Academy Agenda and Sign In
Implementation	PTSO Agenda and Sign In
Method for Monitoring	Student and Parent Sign-In Sheets
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Administration
	PTSO Officers
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with	PTSO, 21st Century, Downtown Monroe, Student Success Alliance
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Utilize the Graduation Coach, SSA, and Family Engagement Specialist to help establish relationships with parents and students beyond the classroom. MAHS staff members will target students with increased absences and will make home visits, phone calls, meet with students on campus and communicate with parents to assist the resolving attendance issues.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged Foster Homeless English Learners Migrant Race / Ethnicity / Minority Student with Disabilities
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
Method for Monitoring Implementation	Infinite Campus Contact Log
Method for Monitoring Effectiveness	Graduation Rate Attendance Data EOC Data CFA Data
Position/Role Responsible	Graduation Coach Administration Title I para Family Engagement Specialist Student Success Alliance
Timeline for Implementation	Others: per semester

What partnerships, if any, with	Student Success Alliance
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Included in the quarterly parent electronic newsletter and/or video, will be a segment about attendance to include quarterly ADA data and upcoming events and activities within MAHS.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Family and Community Engagement
Method for Monitoring	Video Presentations
Implementation	Electronic Newsletter
Method for Monitoring	Graduation Rate
Effectiveness	Attendance Data
	CFA Data
	EOC Data
Position/Role Responsible	Administration
	Student Success Alliance Coordinator
Timeline for Implementation	Quarterly

What partnerships, if any, with	Student Success Alliance, Title 1 funded contractor
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

What partnerships, if any, with	Student Success Alliance, Title 1 funded contractor
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.3 Overarching Need # 3

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	To ensure that all students, in all subgroups, have the opportunity to meet the State
CNA Section 3.2	graduation requirements and to graduate on time Post-COVID.
Root Cause # 1	Falling Behind in Course Completion due to Covid Related Issue (Spring 2020, 20-21,
	21-22, 2022-23 School Years, Attendance, Student Engagement, Non-School Related
	Roadblocks to success (Home, Socio-Economic issues)
Goal	MAHS will maintain the Overall Graduation Rate of 90% and above. MAHS will improve
	the Graduation Rate in All Sub-Groups.

Action Step	Utilize Credit Recovery Program to allow students to catch up on courses failed or missed
	due to the volatile environment that adversely affect education.(COVID, Economy, etc.)
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Credit Recovery Data: Enrollment, Courses Successfully completed.
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Graduation Rate
Effectiveness	Credit Recovery Completion Rate
Position/Role Responsible	Graduation Coach, Credit Recovery Teacher, Counselors, Title I Para, Title I Teachers,
	Administrators.
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with	21st Century, SSA,
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Utilize Winter and Spring Intersession to allow students the opportunity to improve their
	overall class grade/average.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Student Sign-In Sheet
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Graduation Rate
Effectiveness	Winter/Spring Intersession Completion Reports
Position/Role Responsible	Administration
	Title I Teachers
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	Graduation Coach will meet with and monitor the academic progress for students at-risk
	for failing in grades 9-12. Involvement by parents and other stakeholders will be
	encouraged in order to achieve goals.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	Foster
	Homeless
	English Learners
	Migrant
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Family and Community Engagement
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Meeting agenda, sign-in, spreadsheet
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	Graduation Data
Effectiveness	Georgia Milestone End of Course Data
	CFA
Position/Role Responsible	Graduation Coaches
	Counselor
	Administration
Timeline for Implementation	Yearly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

2. SCHOOL IMPROVEMENT GOALS

2.4 Overarching Need # 4

Overarching Need

Overarching Need as identified in	Improve student achievement in mathematics
CNA Section 3.2	
Root Cause # 1	Root Cause # 1 Students below level Lexile scores in reading
	Students below grade level math performance
Goal	Improve student achievement in Math by providing high quality instruction and
	differentiation of the new Georgia Math standards.

Action Step	All math teachers will participate in various Professional Learning sessions focused on the
	understanding and implementation of the new Georgia Math Standards.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	N/A
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
Method for Monitoring	Teachers will be required to attend subject specific professional development and trainings
Implementation	required by the county office.
Method for Monitoring	Georgia Milestones End of Course Data
Effectiveness	CFA Data
Position/Role Responsible	Teacher
	Administrator
	Instructional Coach
	Title I Math Coach
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

Action Step	The MAHS instructional coach and Title I Math Teacher will provide non-evaluative,
	support and guidance for instruction, planning, assessment ideas, data collection, and
	implementation of teaching strategies based upon assessment data.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	English Learners
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Professional Learning Agenda
Implementation	Instructional Coach Session Agenda
	Lesson Plans
	CFA's
Method for Monitoring	Georgia Milestones End of Course Data
Effectiveness	CFA Data
Position/Role Responsible	Math Teachers
	Title I Math Teacher
	Instructional Coach
	Administration
	SEIS
Timeline for Implementation	Monthly

What partnerships, if any, with	NEGA RESA (Training), GADOE
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,	
Community based organizations,	
or any private entity with a	
demonstrated record of success is	
the LEA implementing in carrying	
out this action step(s)?	

Action Step	Work with students in small groups for individualized teaching.
Funding Sources	Title I, Part A
Subgroups	Economically Disadvantaged
	English Learners
	Race / Ethnicity / Minority
	Student with Disabilities
Systems	Coherent Instruction
	Effective Leadership
	Professional Capacity
	Supportive Learning Environment
Method for Monitoring	Lesson Plans, CFA data, Teacher Collaboration,
Implementation	
Method for Monitoring	-
Effectiveness	
Position/Role Responsible	Title I Math Teacher
	Instructional Coach
	SPED Teachers
	SEIS
Timeline for Implementation	Weekly

What partnerships, if any, with
IHEs, business, Non-Profits,
Community based organizations,
or any private entity with a
demonstrated record of success is
the LEA implementing in carrying
out this action step(s)?

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.1 Stakeholders, Coordination of Activities, Serving Children, and PQ

Required Questions

1. In developing this plan, briefly describe how the school sought advice from individuals (teachers, staff, other school leaders, paraprofessionals, specialized instructional support personnel, parents, community partners, and other stakeholders).

The Title I plan was developed with the involvement of members from all stakeholder groups at meetings, by email, and through sharing of documents through Google.

2. Describe how the school will ensure that low-income and minority children enrolled in the Title I school are not served at disproportionate rates by ineffective, out-of-field, or inexperienced teachers.

One hundredpercentof teachers at the school meet Professional Qualifications requirements established by the Walton County School District. Principals will closely monitor teaching assignments to ensure that teachers are only teaching subjects in their field. Each school year, schedules of at-risk students, particularly low-income (ED) and minority (Black, Hispanic, Asian) will be reviewed to ensure these students are not repeatedly scheduled into classes taught by the least effective or least experienced teachers in the school.

3. Provide a general description of the Title I instructional program being implemented at this Title I school. Specifically define the subject areas to be addressed and the instructional strategies/methodologies to be employed to address the identified needs of the most academically at-risk students in the school. Please include services to be provided for students living in local institutions for neglected or delinquent children (if applicable).

Title I funds are used to employ additional staff (teachers and/or paraprofessionals) who support struggling learners in the areas of Reading and/or Mathematics. These staff members may pull students for small group or one-on-one tutoring or may push into classrooms to provide support. Students may participate in Read 180 to address decoding or comprehension issues. At present, the school has no students living in institutions for neglected or delinquent children.

4. If applicable, provide a description of how teachers, in consultation with parents, administrators, and pupil services personnel, will identify eligible children most in need of services in Title I targeted assistance schools/programs. Please include a description of how the school will develop and implement multiple (a minimum of 2) objective, academic-based performance criteria to rank students for service. Also include a description of the measurable scale

N/A--- The district does not have any Targeted Assistance Programs.

(point system) that uses the objective criteria	
to rank all students.	

3. REQUIRED QUESTIONS

3.2 PQ, Federally Identified Schools, CTAE, Discipline

Required Questions

5. If applicable, describe how the school will support, coordinate, and integrate services with early childhood programs at the school level, including strategies for assisting preschool children in the transition from early childhood education programs to local elementary school programs.

Does not apply

6. If applicable, describe how the school will implement strategies to facilitate effective transitions for students from middle grades to high school and from high school to postsecondary education including:Coordination with institutions of higher education, employers, and local partners; andIncreased student access to early college, high school, or dual or concurrent enrollment opportunities or career counseling to identify student interest and skills.

MAHS coordinates with Carver Middle School to allow high school administration, teachers, and coaches to meet with rising 8th graders during 2nd semester to discuss the academic and behavior expectations for 9th graders. MAHS provides 8th graders the opportunity to tour Monroe Area High School at the end of the school year. During these tours, administration, counselors, coaches, and other faculty members address: academics, behavior, attendance, and club/sports participation at the high school level. Counselors and administrators host a Rising 9th Graders Parent Meeting that provides parents and students the opportunity to learn more about Monroe Area High School academic and behavioral expectations. Monroe Area High School also offer students a 9th Grade Transition class to help monitor student success during their first year.

As students prepare to transition to post-secondary careers, Monroe Area High School offers students both 11th and 12th grade the opportunity to attend a college fair and a Probe fair (work in industry) during the school year. Students are encouraged to participate in dual enrollment with cooperating college and universities as well as WBL with local employers. Counselors meet with students throughout the school year to discuss financial aid, GPA, PSAT, SAT, and post-secondary options. In addition to providing individual meetings, counselors host 2-3 parent nights throughout the year specific to each grade level. Administration and counselors also conduct grade level meetings at the start of each semester to provide Juniors and Seniors with a checklist and priority list regarding graduation, FAFSA deadlines, ACT/SAT, application submission, and etc...

7. Describe how the school will support efforts to reduce the overuse of discipline practices that remove students from the classroom, specifically addressing the effects on all subgroups of students.

Monroe Area High School provides students with the opportunity to earn PBIS points on a daily basis. Students and teachers have access to the PBIS Reward app. Teachers can reward students with points for choosing wisely, always being respectful, being responsible, entering ready, and being prepared. After students accumulate points, they are allowed to purchase items from the Monroe Market. Students are also rewarded monthly for attendance. We have implemented lunch detention, behavioral interventions by SEIS

supporting SPED students, and utilizing the county behavioral specialist.

ADDITIONAL RESPONSES

8. Use the space below to provide additional narrative regarding the school's improvement plan.

MAHS will use all assets in order to assist all students as they transition from several years that were affected by COVID. We will utilize opportunities for students to make up classes needed toward graduation. We will all so utilize in school and after school programs to make up failing courses taken on-line.