Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022



College Station Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022
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## Certificate of the Board

College Station Independent School District	Brazos	021-901
Name of School District	County	CoDist Number
We, the undersigned, certify that the attachedistrict were reviewed and approach approach approach and approach a	oved $\underline{\mathcal{O}}$ disapproved for	r the fiscal year ended
2023.		the Re
Signature of Board Secretary	Signatu	re of Board President
If the Board of Trustees disapproved the audito list as necessary):	or's report, the reason(s) for disap	oproving it is/are (attach

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**Financial Section** 

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### **Independent Auditor's Report**

To the Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District College Station, Texas

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of College Station Independent School District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of College Station Independent School District, as of August 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

As discussed in Note 1 to the basic financial statements, during the year ended August 31, 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. Beginning balances for right-to-use lease assets and lease liabilities have been restated as a result of the implementation of this statement. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this manner.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Weaver and Tidwell, L.L.P. 1601 South MoPac Expressway, Suite D250 | Austin, Texas 78746

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District

### <u>Supplementary Information</u>

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise College Station Independent School District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information and Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance), are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information and the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information Included in the Annual Report

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2023 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.S.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas January 10, 2023 This Page Intentionally Left Blank

#### Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited)

As management of the College Station Independent School District (the District), we offer readers of the accompanying report this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022. In reviewing this report, readers should be mindful that it is often necessary for management to make and use estimates in the preparation of financial statements. Examples of the use of such estimates may be found in amounts reported for depreciation and amortization, net taxes receivable, claims payable of the District's self-insured workers' compensation program, and the net pension and OPEB liability.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at year-end by \$48,214,712 (net position). Of this amount, \$46,747,271 (unrestricted net position) was in a deficit due to recognition of net pension liability and net OPEB liability as required by GASB 68 and GASB 75, respectively.
- The District's total net position increased by \$3,177,846 due to current operations.
- As of the close of the year, the District's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$116,627,857, an increase of \$68,425,117 from the preceding year.
- At the end of the year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$28,005,339, or 22 percent of the year's total general fund expenditures.
- The District's total bonded debt increased by \$58,479,023 (19 percent) during the year due to issuance of Series 2022 building bonds.

#### Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements.

**Government-wide Financial Statements.** The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector enterprise.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as an indicator of how the financial position of the District is changing.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. Changes in net position are reported upon occurrence of the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some transactions that will not result in cash flows until future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and incurred but unpaid workers' compensation benefits).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Social Work Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Facilities Repair and Maintenance, Contracted Instructional Services Between Public Schools, Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements, Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Education Programs, and Other Intergovernmental Charges. The business-type activities of the District include the Enterprise Funds for Community Education, Kids Klub, and Community Sports Camps.

The government-wide financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, as do other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of cash resources, as well as on balances of cash resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds financial statements is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term effect of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintained twenty-six individual governmental funds during the year. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, elementary and secondary school emergency relief fund II (CRRSA), debt service fund, and capital projects funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other twenty-two governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled total nonmajor funds.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue funds. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund, debt service fund, and National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue funds to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Proprietary Fund.** The District maintains two different types of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type* activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District uses enterprise funds to account for its Community Education program, Kids Klub, and Community Sports Camps. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various funds and functions. The District uses the internal service fund to account for its self-funded workers' compensation program. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental operations, their financial activities have been included within *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide essentially the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements are provided with the basic financial statements and provide information for the Community Education program, Kids Klub, Community Sports Camps, and the self-funded workers' compensation program.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Fiduciary Funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students and student organizations. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs and activities. The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found as noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements are noted in the table of contents of this report.

**Other Information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report presents required supplementary information and supplementary information, including schedules required by the Texas Education Agency. Such information is noted in the table of contents of this report.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As mentioned earlier, net position may, over time, serve as an indicator of a District's changing financial position. At the close of the District's most recent fiscal year, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$48,214,712.

#### College Station Independent School District's Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Totals		
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021	
	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	
Current and other assets	\$ 132,915,314	\$ 66,843,132	\$ 430,584	\$ 361,835	\$ 133,345,898	\$ 67,204,967	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	378,745,998	385,472,775			378,745,998	385,472,775	
Total assets	511,661,312	452,315,907	430,584	361,835	512,091,896	452,677,742	
Total deferred outflows of resources	31,638,528	29,045,760	-	-	31,638,528	29,045,760	
Long-term liabilities outstanding	427,984,948	383,332,809	-	-	427,984,948	383,332,809	
Other liabilities	15,138,475	15,189,947	66,277	122,427	15,204,752	15,312,374	
Total liabilities	443,123,423	398,522,756	66,277	122,427	443,189,700	398,645,183	
Total deferred inflows of resources	52,326,012	38,041,453	-	-	52,326,012	38,041,453	
Net position:							
Net investment in capital assets	84,101,605	83,152,945	-	-	84,101,605	83,152,945	
Restricted for grants	2,556,547	784,386	-	-	2,556,547	784,386	
Restricted for debt service	8,303,831	9,988,553	-	-	8,303,831	9,988,553	
Unrestricted	(47,111,578)	(49,128,426)	364,307	239,408	(46,747,271)	(48,889,018)	
Total net position	\$ 47,850,405	\$ 44,797,458	\$ 364,307	\$ 239,408	\$ 48,214,712	\$ 45,036,866	

The largest portion of the District's net position (\$84,101,605) is investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, right to use lease assets and construction in progress), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Net position that is restricted for debt service and grants totaled \$10,860,378.

Unrestricted net position of (\$46,747,271) is reported as a deficit resulting from the recognition net pension and net OPEB liabilities, as well as related deferred outflows and deferred inflows, as required by GASB Statement No. 68, Pension, and GASB Statement No. 75, OPEB.

**Governmental Activities.** Governmental Activities increased the District's net position by \$3,052,947 from current operations and Business-type Activities increased the District's net position by \$124,899. Key elements of this change are as follows:

#### College Station Independent School District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Business-typ	e Activities	Totals	
	2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount	Amount
Revenue:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 2,401,915	\$ 1,972,443	\$ 2,175,170	\$ 1,658,563	\$ 4,577,085	\$ 3,631,006
Operating grants and contributions	23,849,717	31,209,038	-	-	23,849,717	31,209,038
General revenues:						
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	107,194,222	104,882,911	-	-	107,194,222	104,882,911
Property taxes, levied for debt service	29,600,386	28,543,538	-	-	29,600,386	28,543,538
Grants and contributions not restricted	12,557,300	13,134,451	-	-	12,557,300	13,134,451
Investment earnings	946,287	125,554	-	-	946,287	125,554
Miscellaneous	226,799	204,752			226,799	204,752
Total revenues	176,776,626	180,072,687	2,175,170	1,658,563	178,951,796	181,731,250
Expenses:						
Instruction	90,018,484	95,285,422	_	_	90,018,484	95,285,422
Instructional resources and media services	1,477,291	1.559.782	_	- -	1,477,291	1,559,782
Curriculum and instructional staff development	2,671,778	1,644,498	_	- -	2,671,778	1,644,498
Instructional leadership	2,025,173	2,608,924	-	=	2,025,173	2,608,924
·			-			
School leadership Guidance, counseling, and evaluation	7,334,066	8,235,831	-	-	7,334,066	8,235,831
services	5,643,146	5,910,648	_	_	5,643,146	5,910,648
Social work services	12,760	9,711	_	_	12,760	9,711
Health services	1,878,694	2,108,907	_	_	1,878,694	2,108,907
Student transportation	4,706,275	4,629,111	_	_	4,706,275	4,629,111
Food services	8,075,839	7,552,976	_	_	8,075,839	7,552,976
Extracurricular activities	8,092,804	5,285,217	_	_	8,092,804	5,285,217
General administration	3,979,327	4,016,851	_		3,979,327	4,016,851
Plant maintenance and operations	16,648,483	15,546,621			16,648,483	15,546,621
Security and monitoring services	1,167,965	1,191,746	_	- -	1,167,965	1,191,746
Data processing services	3,804,295	3,425,790	_		3,804,295	3,425,790
Community services	640,565	1,257,365	_	_	640,565	1,257,365
Interest on long-term debt	12,456,355	10,729,348	_		12,456,355	10,729,348
Issuance costs and fees	525,073	165,947	_		525,073	165,947
Facilities repair and maintenance	80,905	2,895,262	_	_	80,905	2,895,262
Contracted instructional services	00,703	2,075,202	_	_	00,703	2,070,202
between schools	1,097,292	3,760,394	_	_	1.097.292	3,760,394
Payments related to shared services	1,077,272	3,700,374	_	_	1,077,272	3,700,374
arrangements	139,480	137,976	_	_	139,480	137,976
Payments to juvenile justice alternative	107,400	107,770			107,400	107,770
education programs	7,821	8,933			7,821	8,933
Other intergovernmental charges	1,239,808	972,887	_	-	1,239,808	972,887
Community education	1,237,000	772,007	608,258	494,943	608,258	494,943
Kids Klub	-	-	1,188,079	1,411,370	1,188,079	1,411,370
Community sports camps	_	_	253,934	317,320	253,934	317,320
Total expenses	173,723,679	178,940,147	2,050,271	2,223,633	175,773,950	181,163,780
·	-					
Change in net position	3,052,947	1,132,540	124,899	(565,070)	3,177,846	567,470
Net position - beginning	44,797,458	43,664,918	239,408	804,478	45,036,866	44,469,396
Net position - ending	\$47,850,405	\$44,797,458	\$ 364,307	\$ 239,408	\$48,214,712	\$45,036,866

Revenues, aggregating \$176,776,626, were generated primarily from two sources. Property taxes of \$136,794,608 represent 77 percent of total revenues, while grants and contributions (program and general) totaling \$36,407,017 represent 21 percent of total revenues. The remaining two percent is generated from investment earnings, charges for services, and miscellaneous revenues.

The primary functional expense of the District is Instruction (\$90,018,484), which represents 52 percent of total expenses. The remaining expense categories are individually less than 10 percent of total expenses. There were no significant changes in expenses by function.

**Business-type Activities**. Business-type activities increased the District's net position by \$124,899, primarily due to increased enrollment in the community programs during the year.

#### Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As mentioned earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

**Governmental Funds.** At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds had combined ending fund balances of \$116,627,857, an increase of \$68,425,117 from the preceding year. Comments as to each individual fund's change in fund balance follow.

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At year-end, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$28,005,339, while total fund balance was \$34,080,323. To evaluate the general fund's liquidity, it may be helpful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 22 percent of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 26 percent of that same total. The fund balance of the general fund decreased \$574,795 during the year, primarily as a result of the payments for winter and hail storm damage repairs.

The debt service fund ended the year with a total fund balance of \$10,211,811, all of which is restricted for the payment of principal and interest on debt. The debt service fund balance increased \$48,246 during the year, primarily due to an increase in property tax collections from higher tax values.

The capital projects fund has a total fund balance of \$67,907,387, all of which is restricted for capital expenditures. The net increase in fund balance during the current year in the capital projects fund was \$67,130,076, due to proceeds from issuance of \$73,470,000 of Series 2022 bonds for new facilities and renovations, as well as for technology improvements and repairs to the natatorium.

The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II (CRRSA) has a total fund balance of \$0 at the end of the year. This fund is used to record the activity of these federal revenues and expenditures, and was presented as a major fund this year due to the balances in the due from and due to accounts at the end of the year, similar to the ARPA fund in prior year.

Governmental funds financial statements may be found by referring to the table of contents.

**Proprietary Funds.** The District's proprietary fund financial statements, reflecting enterprise and internal service funds created for its Community Education program, Kids Klub, Community Sports Camps, and self-funded workers' compensation program, provides information as to profitability of those programs. The net change in assets of the internal service fund is eliminated and allocated to the governmental expenses in the government-wide financial statements. The enterprise funds have been addressed in the discussion of the District's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year. The variations between the original budget and the final amended budget of the general fund included an increase in state program revenues of \$4.6 million and an increase in contracted instructional services between public schools of \$1.8 million due to refined estimates related to the state foundation program.

There were no significant variations between the final budget and the actual results at year end.

### Capital Assets and Long-term Liabilities

**Capital Assets.** The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of August 31, 2022 was \$378,745,998 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land and improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, right to use lease assets and construction in progress.

Major capital asset addition activity during the year included the following:

- Furniture and equipment totaling \$1,698,386.
- Construction in progress totaling \$8,654,694 and comprised of multiple renovation projects.

#### College Station Independent School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation and amortization)

	Governmental Activities		Business-type Activities			ities	Totals					
	2022	2021	2022		2022 20		2021		2021		2022	2021
	Amount	Amount	Am	Amount ,		ount	Amount	Amount				
Land and improvements	\$ 21,666,620	\$ 21,647,487	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 21,666,620	\$ 21,647,487				
Buildings and improvements	344,359,236	357,429,598		-		-	344,359,236	357,429,598				
Furniture and equipment	4,834,593	4,686,689		-		-	4,834,593	4,686,689				
Right to use lease assets	49,150	-		-		-	49,150	-				
Construction in progress	7,836,399	1,709,001		-		-	7,836,399	1,709,001				
Totals	\$ 378,745,998	\$ 385,472,775	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 378,745,998	\$ 385,472,775				

**Commitments.** At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's commitments with construction contractors totaled \$1,085,065.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements per the table of contents.

Long-term Liabilities. At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

#### College Station Independent School District's Long-Term Liabilities Outstanding

	Governmental Activities									
-	2022		2021		Increase (Decrease)					
	Amount %		Amount	%	Amount	%				
General obligation bonds (net)	\$ 367,566,135	87	\$ 309,087,112	81	\$ 58,479,023	19				
Leases payable	50,380	-	-	-	50,380	100				
Workers' compensation	624,241	-	718,493	-	(94,252)	(13)				
Compensated absences	901,387	-	998,286	-	(96,899)	(10)				
Net pension liability	19,185,806	4	33,376,266	9	(14,190,460)	(43)				
Net OPEB liability	39,656,999	9	39,152,652	10	504,347	1				
Totals	\$ 427,984,948	100	\$ 383,332,809	100	\$ 44,652,139					

The District's total debt increased by \$44,652,139 primarily due to issuance of \$73,470,000 in Series 2022 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds during the year. Net pension liability decreased by \$14,190,460 during the year due to favorable market conditions as of the most recent measurement date of the pension plan.

The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Bond Guarantee Program or by a municipal bond insurance policy. State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount of local tax support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval by the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds.

Additional information on the District's long-term liabilities can be found in the notes to the financial statements per the table of contents.

#### Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

- School year (2022-23) student enrollment is 14,689, a 3.5 percent increase from the preceding year.
- District staff totals 2,105 employees in 2022-23, excluding substitutes and other part-time employees, of which 1,066 are teachers and 308 are teacher aides and secretaries.
- The District maintains 19 regular education campuses.
- Property values of the District are projected to increase by 12 percent for the 2022-23 year.
- A maintenance and operations tax rate of \$0.9151 and a debt service tax rate of \$0.2630, a total rate of \$1.1781, were adopted for 2022-23. Preceding year rates were \$0.9522, \$0.2630, and \$1.2152, respectively.

All of these factors and others were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is intended to provide a general overview of the District's finances for those with an interest in this information. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, College Station Independent School District, 1812 Welsh, College Station, Texas 77840.

**Basic Financial Statements** 

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August 31, 2022

1 2 3

Data		Primary Government				
Control		Governmental	Business-ty	pe		
Codes		Activities	Activities	s Total		
1110	ASSETS	<b>A</b> 00 515 (54	<b>*</b> 100 i	fo		
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 20,515,654	\$ 430,4	·		
1120	Current investments	105,008,370	-	105,008,370		
1220	Property taxes receivable	1,284,996	-	1,284,996		
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes	(12,850)	-	(12,850)		
1240	Due from other governments	3,865,843	-	-,,-		
1290 1300	Other receivables Inventories	1,030,987 725,734	ı	31 1,031,118 725,734		
1410	Prepaid items	496,580	-	496,580		
1410	Capital assets, not being depreciated and amortized:	470,300	-	470,300		
1510	Land and improvements	21,666,620		21,666,620		
1580	Construction in progress	7,836,399		7,836,399		
1300	Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization:	7,000,077		7,000,077		
1520	Buildings and improvements	344,359,236	_	344,359,236		
1530	Furniture and equipment	4,834,593		4,834,593		
1550	Right to use lease assets	49,150		49,150		
1550	rigiti 10 ose lease assets	47,130		47,130		
1000	Total assets	511,661,312	430,5	512,091,896		
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
1705	Deferred outflows - pension	15,860,911	-	15,860,911		
1706	Deferred outflows - OPEB	10,699,921	-	10,699,921		
1710	Deferred charge on refunding	5,077,696		5,077,696		
1700	Total deferred outflows of resources	31,638,528	-	31,638,528		
	LIABILITIES					
2110	Accounts payable	4,703,767	14,4	4,718,230		
2140	Interest payable	2,927,743	-	2,927,743		
2160	Accrued wages payable	6,787,373	50,8	6,838,197		
2180	Due to other governments	150,150	-	150,150		
2300	Unearned revenue	569,442	9	90 570,432		
	Noncurrent liabilities:					
2501	Due within one year	16,446,332	-	16,446,332		
2502	Due in more than one year	352,695,811	-	352,695,811		
2540	Net pension liability	19,185,806	-	19,185,806		
2545	Net OPEB liability	39,656,999		39,656,999		
2000	Total liabilities	443,123,423	66,2	443,189,700		
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2605	Deferred inflows - pension	23,262,951	-	23,262,951		
2606	Deferred inflows - OPEB	29,050,100	-	29,050,100		
2610	Deferred gain on refunding	12,961		12,961		
2600	Total deferred inflows of resources	52,326,012	-	52,326,012		
	NET POSITION					
3200	Net investment in capital assets	84,101,605	-	84,101,605		
3820	Restricted for grants	2,556,547	-	2,556,547		
3850	Restricted for debt service	8,303,831	-	8,303,831		
3900	Unrestricted	(47,111,578)	364,3			
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 47,850,405	\$ 364,3	\$ 48,214,712		

# **College Station Independent School District** Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Data Control Codes         Functions/Programs         Expenses         Services           PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities:         Services         \$ 90,018,484         \$ 408,441           0011 Instruction         \$ 90,018,484         \$ 408,441           0012 Instructional resources and media services         1,477,291         40,404	Operating Grants and Contributions  \$ 6,975,064 103,122
Control CodesFunctions/ProgramsExpensesCharges for ServicesPRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities:0011Instruction\$ 90,018,484\$ 408,441	Grants and Contributions  \$ 6,975,064
CodesFunctions/ProgramsExpensesServicesPRIMARY GOVERNMENTGovernmental activities:0011Instruction\$ 90,018,484\$ 408,441	<b>Contributions</b> \$ 6,975,064
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT Governmental activities:  0011 Instruction \$ 90,018,484 \$ 408,441	\$ 6,975,064
Governmental activities:  0011 Instruction \$ 90,018,484 \$ 408,441	•
0011 Instruction \$ 90,018,484 \$ 408,441	•
	•
0012 Instructional resources and media services 1,477,291 40,404	103.122
	.00,.22
O013 Curriculum and instructional staff development 2,671,778 9,000	2,190,104
0021 Instructional leadership 2,025,173 -	349,993
0023 School leadership 7,334,066 25,206	108,885
O031 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services 5,643,146 72,167	986,047
0032 Social work services 12,760 -	12,753
0033 Health services 1,878,694 162	205,941
0034 Student transportation 4,706,275 490	175,738
0035 Food services 8,075,839 994,728	8,714,208
0036 Extracurricular activities 8,092,804 726,466	788,613
0041 General administration 3,979,327 152	1,220,945
0051 Plant maintenance and operations 16,648,483 124,157	1,189,656
0052 Security and monitoring services 1,167,965 -	3,329
0053 Data processing services 3,804,295 -	6,009
0061 Community services 640,565 542	566,002
0072 Interest on long-term debt 12,456,355 -	253,308
0073 Issuance costs and fees 525,073 -	-
0081 Facilities repair and maintenance 80,905 -	-
0091 Contracted instructional services between schools 1,097,292 -	-
0093 Payments related to shared services arrangement 139,480 -	_
0095 Payments to juv enile justice alternative education programs 7,821 -	_
0099 Other intergovernmental charges 1,239,808 -	-
TG Total governmental activities 173,723,679 2,401,915	23,849,717
Business-type activities:	
01 Community education 608,258 649,226	_
02 Kids Klub 1,188,079 1,259,518	_
03 Community sports camps 253,934 266,426	_
TB Total business-type activities 2,050,271 2,175,170	-
TP TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT \$ 175,773,950 \$ 4,577,085	\$ 23,849,717
General revenues:	
MT Property taxes, levied for general purposes	
DT Property taxes, levied for debt service	
GC Grants and contributions not restricted to spec	cific programs
IE Investment earnings	
MI Miscellaneous	
TR Total general revenues	
CN Change in net position	
NB Net position - beginning	
NE NET POSITION - ENDING	

6 7 8

## Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	<u>Total</u>		
\$ (82,634,979)	\$ -	\$ (82,634,979)		
(1,333,765)	-	(1,333,765)		
(472,674)	_	(472,674)		
(1,675,180)	-	(1,675,180)		
(7,199,975)	-	(7,199,975)		
(4,584,932)	-	(4,584,932)		
(7)	-	(7)		
(1,672,591)	-	(1,672,591)		
(4,530,047)	-	(4,530,047)		
1,633,097	-	1,633,097		
(6,577,725)	-	(6,577,725)		
(2,758,230)	-	(2,758,230)		
(15,334,670)	-	(15,334,670)		
(1,164,636)	-	(1,164,636)		
(3,798,286)	-	(3,798,286)		
(74,021)	-	(74,021)		
(12,203,047)	-	(12,203,047)		
(525,073)	-	(525,073)		
(80,905)	-	(80,905)		
(1,097,292)	-	(1,097,292)		
(139,480)	-	(139,480)		
(7,821)	-	(7,821)		
(1,239,808)		(1,239,808)		
(147,472,047)	-	(147,472,047)		
-	40,968	40,968		
-	71,439	71,439		
	12,492	12,492		
	124,899	124,899		
(147,472,047)	124,899	(147,347,148)		
107 104 000		107 104 222		
107,194,222 29,600,386	-	107,194,222 29,600,386		
12,557,300	-	12,557,300		
946,287	-	946,287		
226,799	_	226,799		
150,524,994		150,524,994		
3,052,947	124,899	3,177,846		
44,797,458	239,408	45,036,866		
\$ 47,850,405	\$ 364,307	\$ 48,214,712		

# **College Station Independent School District**Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

August 31, 2022

			199		281
				Se	nentary and econdary School
Data					nergency
Control		_			ief Fund II
Codes	ASSETS	_ Ge	neral Fund	(	CRRSA)
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	8,737,401	\$	_
1110	Current investments	Ψ	30,783,126	Ψ	_
1220	Property taxes receivable		1,001,691		_
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes		(10,017)		_
1240	Due from other governments		551,840		1,735,461
1260	Due from other funds		3,512,028		1,700,401
1290	Other receivables		202,477		_
1300	Inventories		302,909		_
1410	Prepaid items		-		7,142
1000	Total assets		45,081,455		1,742,603
1000a	TOTAL ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	45,081,455	\$	1,742,603
	LIABILITIES				
2110	Accounts payable	\$	3,102,253	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable		6,787,373		-
2170	Due to other funds		3,634		1,742,603
2180	Due to other governments		116,198		-
2300	Unearned revenue				
2000	Total liabilities		10,009,458		1,742,603
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
2620	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		991,674		-
2630	Unavailable revenue - other		-		
	Total deferred inflows of resources		991,674		-
	FUND BALANCES				
3410	Nonspendable - inventories		302,909		-
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		-
3470	Restricted - capital acquisitions and contractual obligations		-		-
3480	Restricted - debt service		-		-
3510	Committed - construction		3,000,000		-
3545	Committed - other		2,000,000		-
3590	Assigned - purchases on order		772,075		-
3600	Unassigned	-	28,005,339		-
3000	Total fund balances		34,080,323		
4000	TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
	OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$	45,081,455	\$	1,742,603

599 699 98

De	Debt Service Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Total Ionmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
\$	103,481	\$	7,711,101	\$	3,444,935	\$	19,996,918
	10,075,200	•	61,399,299	•	1,208,352	•	103,465,977
	283,305		-		-		1,284,996
	(2,833)		-		-		(12,850)
	14,275		-		1,564,267		3,865,843
	-		-		3,634		3,515,662
	759,275		55,541		9,535		1,026,828
	_		-		422,825		725,734
					489,438		496,580
	11,232,703		69,165,941		7,142,986		134,365,688
\$	11,232,703	\$	69,165,941	\$	7,142,986	\$	134,365,688
\$	-	\$	1,235,742	\$	365,772	\$	4,703,767
	-		-		-		6,787,373
	-		22,812		1,746,613		3,515,662
	1,129		-		32,823		150,150
	-		-		569,442		569,442
	1,129		1,258,554		2,714,650		15,726,394
	280,472		_		-		1,272,146
	739,291		-		-		739,291
	1,019,763		-		-		2,011,437
							200,000
	-		-		- 0		302,909
	-		-		2,556,547		2,556,547
	-		67,907,387		-		67,907,387
	10,211,811		-		-		10,211,811
	-		-		-		3,000,000
	-		-		1,871,789		3,871,789
	-		-		-		772,075
	-						28,005,339
	10,211,811		67,907,387		4,428,336		116,627,857
				,			
\$	11,232,703	\$	69,165,941	\$	7,142,986	\$_	134,365,688

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Exhibit C-1R

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position August 31, 2022

#### TOTAL FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-1)

\$ 116,627,857

1,441,047

10,699,921

(29,050,100)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

Governmental capital assets costs \$ 600,153,859

Accumulated depreciation and amortization of governmental capital assets \$ (221,407,861) 378,745,998

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,272,146

Insurance recovery receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough after yearend and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

739,291

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, leases payable, compensated absences, and net pension and OPEB liability, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Liabilities at year-end related to such items, consist of:

 Bonds payable, at original par
 \$ (343,110,000)

 Premium on bonds payable
 (24,456,135)

 Accrued interest on the bonds
 (2,927,743)

 Leases payable
 (50,380)

 Compensated absences
 (901,387)

 Net pension liability
 (19,185,806)

 Net OPEB liability
 (39,656,999)

Net OPEB liability (39,656,999) (430,288,450)

An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of workers' compensation benefits

to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities.

Deferred charge on refunding is reported as deferred outflow in the statement of net position and is not reported in the governmental funds as it is not a current financial resource available to pay for current expenditures.

5,077,696

Deferred gain on refunding represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. (12,961)

Deferred outflows of resources for pension represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

15,860,911

Deferred inflows of resources for pension represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. (23,262,951)

Deferred outflows of resources for OPEB represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then.

Deferred inflows of resources for OPEB represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

TOTAL NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT A-1)

\$ 47,850,405

**College Station Independent School District** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

		•••	
Data Control Codes		<u>General Fund</u>	Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II (CRRSA)
5700	REVENUES	¢ 100 000 700	•
5700 5800	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 109,200,728 16,885,145	\$ -
5900	State program revenues Federal program revenues	3,884,614	1,484,808
5020	Total revenues	129,970,487	1,484,808
3020		127,770,407	1,404,000
	EXPENDITURES Current:		
0011	Instruction	75,645,533	1,012,198
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,148,700	13,958
0012	Curriculum and instructional staff development	517,716	13,193
0013	Instructional leadership	1,828,673	12,182
0021	School leadership	6,862,566	46,471
0023	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	4,777,147	52,798
0032	Social work services		32,770
0032	Health services	1,726,058	22,849
0034	Student transportation	4,374,636	50,553
0035	Food services	3,292	48,234
0036	Extracurricular activities	5,733.840	10,192
0041	General administration	3,956,395	14,979
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	15,472,654	159,926
0052	Security and monitoring services	955,057	2,035
0052	Data processing services	3,098,696	16,099
0061	Community services	142,631	9,141
0061	Debt service:	142,031	7,141
0071	Principal on long-term debt	146,220	
0071	Interest on long-term debt	6,496	_
0072	Issuance costs and fees	0,470	-
0075	Capital outlay:	_	_
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	_	_
0001	Intergovernmental:		
0091	Contracted instructional services between public schools	1,097,292	_
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	139,480	_
0075	Payments to juvenile justice alternative education programs	7,821	
0079	Other intergovernmental charges	1,239,808	_
			1 40 4 000
6030	Total expenditures	128,880,711	1,484,808
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
	over (under) expenditures	1,089,776	-
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		
7911	Issuance of bonds	_	_
7916	Premium or discount on issuance of bonds	<u>-</u>	_
8949	Refunds to taxpayers	(439,732)	
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)	(439,732)	-
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS		
7919	Extraordinary gain	2,235,039	_
8913	Extraordinary loss	(3,459,878)	
0/10	,	<del></del>	
1000	Total extraordinary items	(1,224,839)	
1200	Net change in fund balances	(574,795)	-
0100	Fund balances - beginning	34,655,118	
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$ 34,080,323	\$ -

199

281

599 699 98

Debt Service Fund		Cal	oital Projects Fund	 Total Nonmajor Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
\$	29,913,917 253,308 -	\$	386,132 - -	\$ 3,148,446 1,135,957 19,531,467	\$	142,649,223 18,274,410 24,900,889
	30,167,225		386,132	23,815,870		185,824,522
	<u>-</u>		5,054,589 -	6,969,886 132,163		88,682,206 1,294,821
	-		-	2,246,970		2,777,879
	-		-	363,462		2,204,317
	-		-	146,818		7,055,855
	-		-	1,080,788		5,910,733
	-		-	12,760		12,760
	-		-	199,251		1,948,158
	-		56,000	157,161		4,638,350
	-		- 377,298	8,041,431 951,543		8,092,957 7,072,873
	_		5/7,2/0	11,985		3,983,359
	_		_	1,077,627		16,710,207
	-		-	3,092		960,184
	-		829,064	3,239		3,947,098
	-		-	596,104		747,876
	18,220,000		-	-		18,366,220
	11,041,326		-	-		11,047,822
	3,918		521,155	-		525,073
	-		5,072,273	-		5,072,273
	-		-	-		1,097,292
	-		-	-		139,480
	-		-	-		7,821
				 		1,239,808
	29,265,244		11,910,379	21,994,280		193,535,422
	901,981		(11,524,247)	1,821,590		(7,710,900)
	_		73,470,000	_		73,470,000
	-		5,184,323	-		5,184,323
	(114,444)		-	-		(554,176)
	(114,444)		78,654,323	 -		78,100,147
	-		-	-		2,235,039
	(739,291)		-	-		(4,199,169)
	(739,291)		-	-		(1,964,130)
	48,246		67,130,076	1,821,590		68,425,117
	10,163,565		777,311	 2,606,746		48,202,740
\$	10,211,811	\$	67,907,387	\$ 4,428,336	\$	116,627,857

Exhibit C-3

1,175,238 (504,347)

1,622,690

\$ 3,052,947

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

TOTAL NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (EXHIBIT C-2)		\$ 68,425,117
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:		
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.		
Capital assets increased Depreciation expense	\$ 10,431,878 (17,355,255)	(6,923,377)
Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.		(130,839)
Revenues in the statement of activites that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenue in the funds.		117,378
Issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.		
Issuance of bonds, at par value Issuance of bonds, (premium) discount	\$ (73,470,000) (5,184,323)	(78,654,323)
Repayment of principal on long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the statement of net position.  Repayment of bonds payable principal  Repayment of leases payable principal	\$ 18,220,000 146,220	18,366,220
Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental furbecause interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of curre financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest acciregardless of when it is due. The changes reported in the statement of activities consists of the following:	nt	
Accrued interest on current interest bonds payable (increased) decreased  Amortization of bond premium  Amortization of deferred charge on refundings  Amortization of deferred gain on refundings	\$ (2,438,597) 1,955,300 (931,728) 6,492	(1,408,533)
An internal service fund is used by the District to charge the costs of workers' compensation benefits to the individuals. The net activity of the internal service fund was reported in the government-wide statements.	ridual	244,847
The (increase) decrease in compensated absences is reported in the statement of activities but does not require use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.	e the	96,899
The net change in net pension liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of a but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:	ctivities	
Deferred outflows increased (decreased) Deferred inflows (increased) decreased Net pension liability (increased) decreased	\$ 2,572,697 (15,466,289) 14,190,460	1,296,868
The net change in net OPEB liability, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows is reported in the statement of active but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. The net change consists of the following:		
Deferred outflows increased (decreased)	\$ 951,799	

Deferred inflows (increased) decreased

Net OPEB liability (increased) decreased

CHANGE IN NET POSITION - GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES (EXHIBIT B-1)

Exhibit D-1

Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds August 31, 2022

		Duci	h	Governmental Activities Internal Service	
		Business-type Activities		Internal Service Fund	
					773
Data Control			onmajor		
Codes		Enterprise Fund			Workers' mpensation
Codes	ASSETS		Tolia		препзаноп
	Current assets:				
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	430,453	\$	518,736
1120	Current investments		-		1,542,393
1290	Other receivables		131		4,159
	Total current assets		430,584		2,065,288
	Noncurrent assets:				
	Capital assets:				
1530	Furniture and equipment		47,572		-
1570	Accumulated depreciation and amortization		(47,572)		-
	Total noncurrent assets				
1000	Total assets		430,584		2,065,288
	LIABILITIES				
	Current liabilities:				
2110	Accounts payable		14,463		-
2160	Accrued wages payable		50,824		-
2300	Unearned revenue		990		-
2123	Claims payable - due within one year				624,241
2000	Total liabilities		66,277		624,241
	NET POSITION				
3900	Unrestricted		364,307		1,441,047
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	364,307	\$	1,441,047

Exhibit D-2

Governmental

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

		Business-type Activities		Activities Internal Service Fund	
					773
Data			lonmajor		
Control		E	interprise -	Workers'	
Codes	OPERATING REVENUES		Fund	Cor	mpensation
5739	Tuition	\$	2,175,170	\$	_
5754	Interfund service provided	<u> </u>	-	Ψ 	478,455
5020	Total revenues		2,175,170		478,455
	OPERATING EXPENSES:				
6100	Payroll costs		1,588,939		-
6200	Professional and contracted services		35,543		-
6300	Supplies and materials		56,745		-
6400	Other operating costs		369,044		247,255
6030	Total expenses		2,050,271		247,255
	Operating income (loss)		124,899		231,200
	NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)				
7955	Earnings from temp. deposits and investments		-		13,647
8030	Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)				13,647
1300	Change in net position		124,899		244,847
0100	Net position - beginning		239,408		1,196,200
3300	NET POSITION - ENDING	\$	364,307	\$	1,441,047

Exhibit D-3

Governmental

Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

			A	Activities	
	Business-type Activities			Internal Service Fund	
		Nonmajor		773	
	Enterprise		Workers'		
		Fund	Con	npensation	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	•	0.177.000	•	170 155	
Cash received from user charges	\$	2,176,029	\$	478,455	
Cash payments for employees services and benefits		(1,603,822)		-	
Cash payments for claims		-		(255,296)	
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(503,589)		(90,370)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		68,618		132,789	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES					
Interest received		-		13,647	
Purchase of investments				(1,541,417)	
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities				(1,527,770)	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		68,618		(1,394,981)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		361,835		1,913,717	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$	430,453	\$	518,736	
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES					
Operating income (loss)	\$	124,899	\$	231,200	
Effect of increases and decreases in current assets and liabilities:					
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(131)		(4,159)	
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(42,257)		(4,107)	
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable		(14,883)		_	
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue		990		_	
Increase (decrease) in claims payable		-		(94,252)	
NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	68,618	\$	132,789	

# **College Station Independent School District** Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

Exhibit E-1

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund August 31, 2022

	Custodial <u>Fund</u>
ASSETS  Cash and cash equivalents  Other receivables	\$ 464,741 572
Total assets	465,313
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Total liabilities	<u>4,807</u>
NET POSITION Restricted for: Student activity	460,506
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 460,506

**Exhibit E-2** 

**College Station Independent School District** Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Custodial Fund	
ADDITIONS		
Contributions and gifts	\$	131,641
Fundraising activity		144,543
Student club fees		25,064
Investment earnings		998
Total additions		302,246
DEDUCTIONS		
Student activities		290,249
Community Activities		9,071
Total deductions		299,320
Net change in fiduciary net position		2,926
Net position - beginning of year		457,580
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	460,506

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Notes to the Financial Statements

## Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

## A. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support.

## **B.** Reporting Entity

The College Station Independent School District (the District) is governed by a seven-member board of trustees (the Board), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public, have authority to make decisions, appoint management and significantly influence operations, and have primary accountability for fiscal matters; the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity.

## C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds, while business-type activities incorporate data from the District's enterprise funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

#### D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.

The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

The capital projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the District's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II (CRRSA) fund accounts for grants awarded through the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations act (CRRSA) to support the District's ability to prevent, prepare for, and respond to the coronavirus pandemic.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund types:

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The enterprise funds account for the District's operation of a before and after school care program (Kids Klub) and summer programs (Community Education and Sports Camps). These funds are supported principally by revenues generated through program fees.

The *internal service fund* accounts for risk management services claims for workers' compensation claims and administrative expenses provided to other departments or agencies of the District.

The custodial fund accounts for assets held by the District for student organizations or for scholarships. The fund is fiduciary in nature and is not used for the benefit of the District.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (i.e., the enterprise funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in business-type activities column.

## E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is all considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 120 days of year end). All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The proprietary and custodial funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

#### F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

## 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and bank demand or time deposits with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

#### 2. Investments

Investments for the District, except for certain investment pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or fair value.

#### 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the average cost method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

## 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and right to use lease assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

Notes to the Financial Statements

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets. As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Land and improvements and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and furniture and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives		
Buildings and improvements	5 - 47		
Furniture and equipment	5 - 7		

#### 5. Leases

#### <u>Lessee</u>

The District is a lessee for noncancellable leases of property and equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset (lease asset), reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- The lease term includes the noncancellable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments, variable payments fixed in substance or that depend on an index or a rate, purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to exercise, lease incentives receivable from the lessor, and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its leases and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## 6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes and other deferred inflows from insurance are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

#### 7. Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit full-time employees in positions normally requiring 12 months of service to accumulate earned vacation. Vacation leave shall not accumulate beyond the end of the contract or fiscal year following the year it was earned. On the first day of a contract or fiscal year, the maximum number of days that may be carried over is two times the number of days earned in the preceding year. Upon separation from the District, employees shall be paid for all unused vacation days at their daily rate provided they have given their administrator or supervisor at least two weeks' written notice of their intent to resign or retire. All vacation is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employees' separation from the District.

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District.

#### 8. Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Pension Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's Pension Plan fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

## 9. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 10. Net Position Policies

Net position of governmental activities is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District classifies net position as follows:

Net investment in capital assets – the component of net position that reports capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, and net of related debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these capital assets.

Restricted – the component of net position that is constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This classification includes retirement of long-term debt, and other federal and state grants.

Unrestricted – the component of net position that includes the residual difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources that is not classified in the categories mentioned above.

## 11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied.

It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

#### 12. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

Non-spendable – includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form, or, for legal or contractual reasons, must be kept intact. This classification includes inventories.

Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts restricted due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. This classification includes retirement of long-term debt, construction programs and other federal and state grants.

Committed - includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees (the Board) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the board action or resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Assigned - includes fund balance amounts that are self-imposed by the District to be used for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as non-spendable, restricted or committed. The Board has, by policy, authorized the superintendent or his/her designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Unassigned - includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. The general fund should be the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance may also include deficit balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed, or assigned for those specific purposes.

## 13. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

#### G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

#### 1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

## 2. Property Taxes

Property values are determined by the County Appraisal District as of January 1 of each year. Prior to September 1 of each year, the District must adopt its annual budget and as soon thereafter as practicable, shall adopt a tax rate thus creating the tax levy. Property taxes for the current calendar year are levied on approximately October 1 of each year and are payable by January 31 of the following year. Property tax receivables are recorded as of the date levied. Unpaid taxes become delinquent on February 1 and a tax lien on real property is created as of January 1 of each year. Additionally, the District offers taxpayers the option of paying taxes in two installments. If this option is elected, the first half must be paid by November 30 and the final payment is due by June 30. Under this option, taxes are not delinquent until July 1.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## 3. Proprietary Funds Operating and Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise and internal service funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation and amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

#### H. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### I. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

## J. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB Statement No. 87, Leases (GASB 87), establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under GASB 87, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement were originally effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019; however, issuance of GASB Statement No. 95, Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance (GASB 95), extended the effective date of GASB 87 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 87 was implemented in the District's 2022 financial statements, resulting in recognition of \$196,600 in lease liabilities and lease assets as of September 1, 2021 to conform to the new standard, with no impact to beginning net position in the government-wide financial statements.

#### **K.** Recent Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (GASB 96), provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users. This statement 1) defines a SBITA; 2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset – an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; 3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments; and 4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022, with earlier application encouraged. GASB 96 will be implemented in the District's fiscal year 2023 financial statements and the impact has not yet been determined.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## Note 2. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

## A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund, National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund, and debt service fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between campus/departments require the approval of the District's management. Transfers of appropriations between functions require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund.

#### **B.** Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year-end are reported as restricted, committed, or assigned fund balances as appropriate. The encumbrances do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

Encumbrances included in governmental fund balances are as follows:

	Encumbrances Included in:							
	F	Restricted	Со	mmitted	А	ssigned		
	Fund Balance		Func	d Balance	Fun	d Balance		
General fund Nonmajor governmental funds Capital projects fund	\$	- 162,411 10,259,203	\$	- 23,981 -	\$	772,075 - -		
Total encumbrances	\$	10,421,614	\$	23,981	\$	772,075		

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Note 3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

## A. Deposits and Investments

## **Cash Deposits**

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository banks' agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

#### **Investments**

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in:

- 1) Obligations of, or guaranteed by governmental entities as permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act;
- 2) Certificates of deposit and share certificates;
- 3) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements;
- 4) Securities lending program as permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act;
- 5) Bankers acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of issuance;
- 6) Commercial paper, if it has a stated maturity of 365 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least
  - two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or
  - one nationally recognized credit rating agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state;
- 7) No-load mutual funds, except for bond proceeds, and no-load money market mutual funds, as permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act;
- 8) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act;
- 9) Public funds investment pools as permitted by the Public Funds Investment Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The District's investments are in investment pools, are measured at amortized cost or Net Asset Value (NAV), and are not required to be categorized in the fair value hierarchy as presented in the table below. The District's investment balances, weighted average maturity, and rating of such investments are as follows:

	Au	ugust 31, 2022	Percent of Total Investments	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)	Rating
Investments measured at amortized cost: Investment pools:					
TexPool	\$	3,768,778	4%	23	AAAm*
Lone Star - government overnight fund		1,072,235	1%	6	AAAm*
Lone Star - corporate overnight fund		18,449,065	18%	12	AAAm*
Investments measured at Net Asset Value (NAV): Investment pools:					
Texas CLASS	\$	60,559,061	58%	34	AAAm*
Texas CLASS Government		21,159,231	20%	25	AAAm*
Total value	\$	105,008,370	100%		
Portfolio weighted average maturity				28	

<sup>\*</sup> Standard & Poor's Rating

TexPool is duly chartered and overseen by the State Comptroller's Office, administered and managed by Federated Investors, Inc. State Street Bank serves as the custodial bank. The portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; and AAA rated money market mutual funds.

Lone Star is duly chartered by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act, is administered by First Public, LLC, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards, and managed by Standish Mellon Asset Management and American Beacon Advisors. State Street Bank and Trust Company is the custodial bank.

The TexPool and Lone Star investment pools are external investment pools measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pools transact at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, have a weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with one issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool and Lone Star have a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transaction amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

Texas CLASS was created in accordance with the requirements contained in section 2256.016 of the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Texas CLASS Trust Agreement is an agreement of indefinite term regarding the investment, reinvestment, and withdrawal of local government funds. The parties to the Trust Agreement are Texas local government entities that choose to participate in the Trust (the Participants), Public Trust Advisors, LLC (Public Trust) as Program Administrator, and Wells Fargo Bank Texas, N.A. as Custodian.

Texas CLASS is an external investment pool measured at fair value, i.e. net asset value. The investment pool's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short term marketable securities. There are no unfunded commitments related to the investment pools. Texas CLASS has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity. The Texas CLASS portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; AAA rated money market mutual funds; and commercial paper. The Texas CLASS Government portfolio consists of U.S. Government securities; collateralized repurchase and reverse repurchase agreements; and AAA rated money market mutual funds.

#### **Credit Risk**

All credit ratings met acceptable levels required by legal guidelines prescribed in both the Public Funds Investment Act and the District's investment policy. At year-end, the District's investments were rated as noted in the previous page.

#### **Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis. In accordance with its investment policy, the District shall have a maximum dollar weighted maturity of 180 days. The maximum allowable stated maturity of any other individual investment owned by the District is not to exceed one year from the time of purchase.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

The District's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer. The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from over-concentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits**

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2022, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk because it was insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

## **Custodial Credit Risk – Investments**

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investments are held by the District's agent in the District's name for the benefit of the District.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## B. Receivables

Tax revenues of the general and debt service fund are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts. Total change in uncollectible amounts related to revenues of the current period increased (decreased) revenues as follows:

Change in uncollectibles related to general fund property taxes	\$ 982
Change in uncollectibles related to debt service property taxes	 340
Total change in uncollectibles in the current fiscal year	\$ 1,322

Approximately 60% of the outstanding balance of property taxes receivable is not anticipated to be collected within the next year.

## C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

## 1. Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2022, is as follows:

Funds	nterfund eceivables	-	Interfund Payables		
General fund	\$ 3,512,028	\$	3,634		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund II (CRRSA)	-		1,742,603		
Capital Projects Fund	-		22,812		
Nonmajor governmental funds	3,634		1,746,613		
Totals	\$ 3,515,662	\$	3,515,662		

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that generally result from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are primarily paid by the general fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

#### 2. Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment." Transfers are the use of funds collected in one fund and are transferred to finance various programs accounted for in other funds. The District reported no transfers for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022.

# **College Station Independent School District**Notes to the Financial Statements

## D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022 was as follows:

	_	inning ance	,	Additions	Trai	etirements, nsfers, and djustments		Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated and amortized:								
Land and improvements		,647,487	\$	19,133	\$	-	\$	21,666,620
Construction in progress	1	,709,001		8,654,694		(2,527,296)		7,836,399
Total capital assets, not being								
depreciated and amortized	23	,356,488		8,673,827		(2,527,296)		29,503,019
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized:								
Buildings and improvements		,121,403		59,665		2,527,296		32,708,364
Furniture and equipment	36	,047,490		1,698,386		-		37,745,876
Furniture and equipment, right-to-use assets		196,600	-					196,600
Total capital assets, being depreciated								
and amortized	566	,365,493		1,758,051		2,527,296	5	70,650,840
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Buildings and improvements	(172	,691,805)		(15,657,323)		-	(1	88,349,128)
Furniture and equipment	(31	,360,801)		(1,550,482)		-	(	32,911,283)
Furniture and equipment, right-to-use assets				(147,450)				(147,450)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization								
and amortization	(204	,052,606)		(17,355,255)		<u> </u>	(2	21,407,861)
Total capital assets, being depreciated								
and amortized, net	362	,312,887		(15,597,204)		2,527,296	3	49,242,979
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 385	,669,375	\$	(6,923,377)	\$	-	\$3	78,745,998
Business-type activities:								
Capital assets, being depreciated and amortized:								
Furniture and equipment	\$	47,572	\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,572
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization for:								
Furniture and equipment		(47,572)				-		(47,572)
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	-	\$		\$	-	\$	-

Notes to the Financial Statements

Depreciation and amortization expense of the governmental activities was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Gov	ernmental activities:		
11	Instruction	\$	11,257,164
12	Instructional resources and media services		276,059
13	Curriculum and instructional staff development		59,159
21	Instructional leadership		8,880
23	School leadership		948,419
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		295,097
33	Health services		84,797
34	Student transportation		380,106
35	Food services		325,864
36	Extracurricular activities		1,620,260
41	General administration		333,598
51	Plant maintenance and operations		917,402
52	Security and monitoring services		220,993
53	Data processing services		622,299
61	Community services		5,158
	depreciation expense-governmental activities	_	
Total	\$	17,355,255	

#### **Construction Commitments**

The District has active construction projects as of August 31, 2022. The projects include the construction and equipment of school facilities. At year end, the District's commitments with contractors are as follows:

	Remaining				
Project	Co	mmitment			
Hail Damage Repairs Southwood Valley ES - Phase 1 A&M Consolidated HS - Restroom Renovation	\$	574,930 300,433 209,702			
Total	\$	1,085,065			

The commitment for construction and equipment of school facilities is being financed by general obligation bonds secured by ad valorem tax revenues. The hail damage repairs are being financed primarily through insurance proceeds.

## E. Long-term Liabilities

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, self-insured workers' compensation, compensated absences, and net pension and OPEB liability. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. The current requirements for the self-funded workers' compensation claims are accounted for in the internal service fund. Other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Changes in Long-term Liabilities**

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, was as follows:

		Additions and			
	Beginning	(Provision		Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Adjustment)	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental activities:					
Bonds payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 287,860,000	\$ 73,470,000	\$ (18,220,000)	\$ 343,110,000	\$ 15,695,000
Issuance premiums	21,227,112	5,184,323	(1,955,300)	24,456,135	
Total bonds payable, net	309,087,112	78,654,323	(20,175,300)	367,566,135	15,695,000
Leases payable	196,600	_	(146,220)	50.380	50,380
Workers' compensation	718,493	133,741	(227,993)	624,241	624,241
Compensated absences	998,286	4,946	(101,845)	901,387	76,711
Net pension liability	33,376,266	6,940,101	(21,130,561)	19,185,806	-
Net OPEB liability	39,152,652	5,057,002	(4,552,655)	39,656,999	-
Governmental activities					
long-term liabilities	\$ 383,529,409	\$ 90,790,113	\$ (46,334,574)	\$ 427,984,948	\$ 16,446,332

Internal service funds predominantly serve the governmental funds. Accordingly, long-term liabilities for them are included as part of the above totals for governmental activities.

## **General Obligation Bonds**

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school facilities (SCH) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF). General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District.

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

Series	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance
2010 SCH	2.00-4.00%	65,000,000	2032	\$ 5,875,000	\$ -	\$ (3,170,000)	\$ 2,705,000
2014 SCH	3.00-5.00%	78,790,000	2039	58,930,000	-	(2,270,000)	56,660,000
2015 REF	2.00-5.00%	46,455,000	2027	24,485,000	-	(3,730,000)	20,755,000
2016 SCH	2.00-5.00%	64,100,000	2041	50,645,000	-	(1,750,000)	48,895,000
2016 REF	1.75-5.00%	37,345,000	2034	33,550,000	-	(1,100,000)	32,450,000
2017 SCH	3.00-5.00%	65,450,000	2042	60,075,000	-	(1,845,000)	58,230,000
2017 REF	3.00-5.00%	46,125,000	2036	45,510,000	-	-	45,510,000
2020 REF	5.00%	10,930,000	2024	8,790,000		(4,355,000)	4,435,000
2022 SCH	2.25 - 5.00%	73,470,000	2047	-	73,470,000		73,470,000
Totals				\$ 287,860,000	\$ 73,470,000	\$ (18,220,000)	\$ 343,110,000

The District issued \$73,470,000 of Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds, Series 2022, on February 24, 2022. Net of premiums and issuance costs, this resulted in proceeds of \$78,125,000 in the capital projects fund, which was authorized under a November 2, 2021 bond election for school buildings (proposition A), technology improvements (proposition B) and natatorium repairs (proposition C).

Notes to the Financial Statements

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Year Ending						Total
August 31,		Principal		Interest		equirements
2023	\$	15,695,000	\$	14,047,964	\$	29,742,964
2024		17,470,000		12,140,381		29,610,381
2025		18,325,000		11,284,256		29,609,256
2026		19,220,000		10,391,756		29,611,756
2027		19,840,000		9,570,556		29,410,556
2028		16,060,000		8,728,556		24,788,556
2029		16,765,000		8,043,707		24,808,707
2030		17,505,000		7,305,507		24,810,507
2031		17,900,000		6,631,668		24,531,668
2032		18,910,000		5,894,525		24,804,525
2033		19,885,000		5,194,713		25,079,713
2034		20,540,000		4,568,606		25,108,606
2035		19,220,000		3,906,497		23,126,497
2036		15,735,000		3,281,950		19,016,950
2037		13,615,000		2,765,803		16,380,803
2038		14,055,000		2,324,194		16,379,194
2039		14,520,000		1,859,834		16,379,834
2040		10,335,000		1,377,700		11,712,700
2041		10,660,000		1,054,651		11,714,651
2042		7,495,000		719,525		8,214,525
2043		3,655,000		496,638		4,151,638
2044		3,755,000		394,625		4,149,625
2045		3,870,000		280,250		4,150,250
2046		3,985,000		167,406		4,152,406
2047		4,095,000		56,306		4,151,306
	ф	242 110 000	Φ.	100 407 574	œ.	A/F F07 F74
Totals	\$	343,110,000	\$	122,487,574	\$	465,597,574

As of August 31, 2022, the District did not have any authorized but unissued bonds.

The District defeased certain bonds through the issuance of new bonds and placed the proceeds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments of the old bonds. Securities being utilized to repay the refinanced debt as it becomes due consist solely of U.S. government obligations. Accordingly, the trust account securities and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's basic financial statements. As of August 31, 2022, there were no outstanding defeased bonds.

The District cash defeased \$3,170,000 of the Series 2010 bonds during the year, which was called on July 12, 2022 and did not remain outstanding as of August 31, 2022.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Leases Payable

The District has entered into a lease agreement as lessee. The lease allows the right-to-use copiers over the term of the lease. The District is required to make monthly payments at its incremental borrowing rate or the interest rate stated or implied within the leases. The lease rate, term and ending lease liability are as follows:

	,		Lease Term in Years	nding alance
Governmental activities Copiers	4.99%	196,600	1.3	\$ 50,380
Total governmental activities				\$ 50,380

The future principal and interest lease payments as of fiscal year end are as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Pr	Total Principal Interest Requirem			Total uirements	
2023	\$	50,380	\$	525	\$	50,905
Totals	\$	50,380	\$	525	\$	50,905

The value of the right-to-use assets as of the end of the current fiscal year was \$196,600 and had accumulated amortization of \$147,450.

## F. Fund Balance

Other committed fund balance includes the following commitments of funds:

Governmental funds: General fund - future land purchases	\$ 2,000,000
Campus activity	1,871,789
Total other committed fund balance	\$ 3,871,789

#### G. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources of the governmental funds consisted of the following:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Property taxes	\$ 107,731,131	\$ 29,748,492	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 137,479,623
Investment income	366,969	165,425	386,132	14,114	932,640
Charges for services	778,893	-	-	1,623,022	2,401,915
Gifts and bequests	119,833	-	-	901,172	1,021,005
Other	203,902	-	-	610,138	814,040
Totals	\$ 109,200,728	\$ 29,913,917	\$ 386,132	\$ 3,148,446	\$ 142,649,223

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### Note 4. Other Information

## A. Risk Management

#### General

Like all public school districts, the District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2021, the District purchased commercial insurance for claims related to all risks.

## **Health Care Coverage**

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, employees of the District were covered by TRS-Active Care (the Plan) a statewide health coverage program for Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid a minimum of \$401 in premiums per month, per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

## Workers' Compensation

During the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations by participating as a self-funded member of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB) Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

As a self-funded member of the Fund, the District is solely responsible for all claim costs, both reported and unreported. The Fund provides administrative services to its self-funded members including claims administration and customer service.

The District is protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2021, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The liability estimation requires the estimate of loss development over an extended period of time. During the self-insurance period of time, numerous internal and external factors will affect the ultimate settlement value of claims. Due to the inherent uncertainty with regard to the impact of these factors, there can be no guarantee that actual losses will not vary, perhaps significantly, from the estimates. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year or settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The following is a summary of the changes in the balances of claims liabilities for workers' compensation for the past two years:

	Year Ended 8/31/2022		Year Ended 8/31/2021	
Unpaid claims, beginning of fiscal year Incurred claims (including IBNRs and changes in provisions) Claim payments	\$	718,493 133,741 (227,993)	\$	716,435 173,375 (171,317)
Unpaid claims, end of fiscal year	\$	624,241	\$	718,493

## **B.** Litigation and Contingencies

The District is generally involved in legal claims or assessments arising principally in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of the District's management, the District does not expect a loss and such matters will not have a material effect on the District's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2022, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

#### C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

#### **Plan Description**

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401 (a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

## **Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_archive\_cafr.aspx">http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about\_archive\_cafr.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Notes to the Financial Statements

#### **Benefits Provided**

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity, except for members who are grandfathered where the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as previously noted in the Plan Description above.

#### **Contributions**

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article XVI, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates			
	2022	2021		
Member	8.00%	7.70%		
Non-employer contributing entity (State)	7.75%	7.50%		
Employers (District)	7.75%	7.50%		

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 3,225,572
Member contributions	7,489,475
NECE on-behalf contributions (State)	5,461,982

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

Notes to the Financial Statements

As the non-employer contributing entity, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during the fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, local or non-educational and general funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall
  contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for
  certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all
  other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment-after-retirement surcharge.
- Public education employer contribution all public schools, charter schools and regional education service centers must contribute 1.6% of the member's salary beginning in September 1, 2020, gradually increasing to 2.0% on September 1, 2024.

## Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pension

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$19,185,806 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19	,185,806
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	30	,232,659
Total	\$ 49	,418,465

Notes to the Financial Statements

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.07534%, which was an increase of 0.01302% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$2,049,570 and revenue of \$120,866 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		١r	Deferred of the sources of the source of the sourc
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	32,107	\$	1,350,696
Changes of assumptions		6,781,808		2,956,287
Difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		-		16,087,050
Changes in proportion and differences between District's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		5,821,424		2,868,918
District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date		3,225,572		-
Totals	\$	15,860,911	\$	23,262,951

\$3,225,572 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended August 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31,	
2023	\$ (1,816,628)
2024	(1,935,382)
2025	(3,294,785)
2026	(4,485,452)
2027	644,272
Thereafter	260,363
Total	\$ (10,627,612)

Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation of the total pension liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total pension liability to August 31, 2021 and was determined using the following actuarial methods and assumptions:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal

Asset valuation method Market value

Single discount rate 7.25%

Long-term expected rate of return 7.25%

Municipal bond rate as of August 2021 1.95%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market

Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year

Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in projection period (100 years) 2120

Inflation 2.30%

Salary increases 3.05% to 9.05% including inflation

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

Active mortality rates

Based on 90% of the RP 2014 Employing Mortality Tables

for males and females with full generational mortality. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently

published projection scale U-MP.

The actuarial methods and assumptions are primarily based on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July 2018.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## Discount Rate and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the statutorily required rates. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2021 are summarized below:

		Long-term	Expected
		Expected	Contribution
	Target	Geometric Real	to Long-Term
Asset Class*	Allocation**	Rate of Return***	Portfolio Returns
Global equity:			
U.S.	18.00%	3.60%	0.94%
Non-U.S. developed	13.00%	4.40%	0.83%
Emerging markets	9.00%	4.60%	0.74%
Private equity	14.00%	6.30%	1.36%
Stable value:			
Gov ernment bonds	16.00%	-0.20%	0.01%
Absolute return	-	1.10%	-
Stable value hedge funds	5.00%	2.20%	0.12%
Real return:			
Real estate	15.00%	4.50%	1.00%
Energy, natural resources and infrastructure	6.00%	4.70%	0.35%
Commodities	-	1.70%	-
Risk parity:			
Risk parity	8.00%	2.80%	0.28%
Asset allocation leverage:			
Cash	2.00%	-0.70%	-0.01%
Asset allocation leverage	-6.00%	-0.50%	0.03%
Inflation expectation			2.20%
Volatility drag****		-	-0.95%
Total	100.00%	_	6.90%

<sup>\*</sup> Absolute return includes credit sensitive investments.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Target allocations are based on the FY 2021 policy model.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup> Capital market assumptionss come from Aon Hewitt (as of 8/31/2021).

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup> The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis**

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25%, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it was calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rate:

	Current					
	1%	% Decrease (6.25%)	Discount Rate (7.25%)		1% Increase (8.25%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	41,924,032	\$	19,185,806	\$	738,203

#### Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of assumptions since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

#### Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement date that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

## D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

## **Plan Description**

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

#### **OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position**

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at <a href="http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about archive cafr.aspx">http://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about archive cafr.aspx</a>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

## **Benefits Provided**

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees of TRS is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table:

#### TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Ме	dicare	Non-medicare		
Retiree or surviving spouse	\$	135	\$	200	
Retiree and spouse		529		689	
Retiree or surviving spouse and children		468		408	
Retiree and family		1,020		999	

#### Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act.

Rates for such plan fiscal years are as follows:

	Contribution Rates				
	2022 2021				
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%			
Non-employer contribution entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%			
Employers (District)	0.75%	0.75%			
Federal/private funding*	1.25%	1.25%			

<sup>\*</sup>Contributions paid from federal funds and private grants are remitted by the employer (District) and paid at the State rate.

The contribution amounts for the District's fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

District contributions	\$ 832,091
Member contributions	608,524
NECE on-behalf contributions (State)	1,074,452

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

The State of Texas also contributed \$387,902, \$408,935 and \$424,545 in 2022, 2021, and 2020, respectively, for on-behalf payments for Medicare Part D.

Notes to the Financial Statements

TRS-Care received a supplemental appropriation from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$5.5 million in fiscal year 2021 for consumer protections against medical health care billing by certain out-of-network providers.

## OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At August 31, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$39,656,999 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District are as follows:

District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 39,656,999
State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	53,131,541
Total	\$ 92,788,540

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2021 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as August 31, 2020 rolled forward to August 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2020 through August 31, 2021.

At the measurement date of August 31, 2021, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.1028063%, which was a decrease of 0.0001877% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2020.

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022, the District recognized net OPEB revenue of \$(2,751,559) due to recognition of deferred inflows in excess of deferred outflows and current year expense. OPEB revenue of \$(1,960,960) was recognized for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

		Deferred		Deferred
	0	utflows of	I	nflows of
	R	esources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	1,707,422	\$	19,196,762
Changes of assumptions		4,392,478		8,386,721
Difference between projected and actual earnings on				
OPEB plan investments		43,054		-
Changes in proportion and difference between District's				
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		3,724,876		1,466,617
District contributions paid subsequent to the measurement date		832,091		
Totals	\$	10,699,921	\$	29,050,100

Notes to the Financial Statements

\$832,091 reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended August 31, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	
August 31,	
2023	\$ (3,669,833)
2024	(3,670,804)
2025	(3,670,538)
2026	(2,626,663)
2027	(1,213,432)
Thereafter	(4,331,000)
Total	\$ (19,182,270)

## **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

The actuarial valuation of the total OPEB liability was performed as of August 31, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2021.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The following assumptions used for the valuation of the TRS-Care OPEB liability are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2021 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Demographic Assumptions	Economic Assumptions					
Rates of mortality	General inflation					
Rates of retirement	Wage inflation					
Rates of termination	Salary increases					
Rates of disability						

See Note 4.C. for detail on these assumptions. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The initial medical trend rates were 8.50% for Medicare retirees and 7.10% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 8.50% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The following methods and additional assumptions were used in the TRS-Care OPEB valuation:

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal Single discount rate 1.95% Aging factors Based on plan specific experience Election rates Normal retirement: 65% participation prior to age 65 and 40% after age 65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65. **Expenses** Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the ageadjusted claims costs. Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

#### **Discount Rate**

A single discount rate of 1.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability at August 31, 2021. This was a decrease of 0.38% in the discount rate since the August 31, 2020 measurement date. The plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, and based on the assumption that contributions are made at the statutorily required rates, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments to current members and therefore, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data / Yield Curve / Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2021.

#### **Sensitivity Analysis of Rates**

#### <u>Discount Rate</u>

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the TRS-Care net OPEB liability, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (1.95%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

				Current		
	1%	% Decrease (0.095%)	Di	scount Rate (1.95%)	19	% Increase (2.95%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	47,835,479	\$	39,656,999	\$	33,220,269

Notes to the Financial Statements

## Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following table presents the District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the assumed health-care cost trend rate:

				Current			
			Hed	althcare Cost			
	1% Decrease Trend Rate				1% Increase		
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$	32,120,855	\$	39,656,999	\$	49,768,632	

#### Change of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

• The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

## Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

## E. Joint Venture-Shared Services Arrangement

The District participates in the following shared services arrangement:

## Brazos Valley Regional Day School Program for the Deaf

The District participates in a shared services arrangement, Brazos Valley Regional Day School Program for the Deaf, with numerous districts for the education of students with a hearing impairment. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in fixed assets purchased by the fiscal agent, Bryan Independent School District, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent is responsible for the financial activities of the shared services arrangement. The District's portion of expenditures for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2022 totaled \$139,480.

#### F. Nonmonetary Transactions

During 2022, the District received goods purchased by the State of Texas for the benefit of the District through the Technology and Instructional Materials Allotment program. The instructional materials have been recorded in the amount of \$66,238 in a special revenue fund as both state revenues and expenditures, which represents the amount of consideration given by the State of Texas.

During 2022, the District received goods purchased by the Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA) through the Food Distribution Program (commodities). These commodities have been recorded in the amount of \$573,013 in a special revenue fund as federal revenues, which represents the amount of consideration given by TDA.

# **College Station Independent School District**Notes to the Financial Statements

## **Extraordinary Items**

During 2022, the District reported certain transactions as extraordinary items that are unusual in nature and infrequent in occurrence:

	General Fund	Debt Service Fund		
Insurance recovery for winter and hail storm damage Payments for winter and hail storm damage Loss from misdirected payment on bond redemption	\$ 2,235,039 (3,459,878) -	\$ - - (739,291)		
Totals	\$ (1,224,839)	\$ (739,291)		

**Required Supplementary Information** 

Exhibit G-1

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget	
Control		Budgeted	l Amounts		Positive	
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)	
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 108,450,700	\$ 109,115,183	\$ 109,200,728	\$ 85,545	
5800	State program revenues	12,394,572	16,991,504	16,885,145	(106,359)	
5900	Federal program revenues	3,890,000	3,890,000	3,884,614	(5,386)	
5020	Total revenues	124,735,272	129,996,687	129,970,487	(26,200)	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Current:					
0011	Instruction	75,962,493	76,297,800	75,645,533	652,267	
0012	Instructional resources and media services	1,263,503	1,192,605	1,148,700	43,905	
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	775,977	734,699	517,716	216,983	
0021	Instructional leadership	2,233,064	1,921,711	1,828,673	93,038	
0023	School leadership	6,944,889	6,973,369	6,862,566	110,803	
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	4,283,720	4,765,268	4,777,147	(11,879)	
0033	Health services	1,895,495	1,818,952	1,726,058	92,894	
0034	Student transportation	4,310,265	4,530,618	4,374,636	155,982	
0035	Food services	-	5,500	3,292	2,208	
0036	Extracurricular activities	5,460,640	5,877,175	5,733,840	143,335	
0041	General administration	3,831,501	4,098,500	3,956,395	142,105	
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	15,034,016	15,433,317	15,472,654	(39,337)	
0052	Security and monitoring services	1,022,941	1,054,128	955,057	99,071	
0053	Data processing services	3,047,075	3,133,374	3,098,696	34,678	
0061	Community services	153,724	169,223	142,631	26,592	
0001	Debt service:	155,724	107,220	142,001	20,572	
0071	Principal on long-term debt		146,220	146,220	_	
0071	Interest on long-term debt	_	28,780	6,496	22,284	
0072	Intergovernmental charges:	_	20,700	0,470	22,204	
0091		25,000	1 705 000	1,097,292	/07 700	
	Contracted instructional services between public schools	25,000	1,785,000		687,708	
0093	Payments related to shared services arrangements	170,000	139,480	139,480	- 2.170	
0095	Payments to juvenile justice alternative education programs	21,000	11,000	7,821	3,179	
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	1,209,000	1,241,000	1,239,808	1,192	
6030	Total expenditures	127,644,303	131,357,719	128,880,711	2,477,008	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures	(2,909,031)	(1,361,032)	1,089,776	2,450,808	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
8949	Refunds to taxpayers	-	(390,000)	(439,732)	(49,732)	
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		(390,000)	(439,732)	(49,732)	
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS					
7919	Insurance recovery for winter and hail storm damage	-	3,279,855	2,235,039	(1,044,816)	
8913	Payments for winter and hail storm damage		(4,089,652)	(3,459,878)	629,774	
7080	Total extraordinary items		(809,797)	(1,224,839)	(415,042)	
1200	Net change in fund balance	(2,909,031)	(2,560,829)	(574,795)	1,986,034	
0100	Fund balance - beginning	34,655,118	34,655,118	34,655,118		
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 31,746,087	\$ 32,094,289	\$ 34,080,323	\$ 1,986,034	

Exhibit G-2

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Pension Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

Year	District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	S	District's oportionate hare of the let Pension Liability	S	State's opportionate hare of the let Pension Liability associated with the District	Total	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
2022	0.0753375%	\$	19,185,806	\$	30,232,659	\$ 49,418,465	\$ 91,641,814	20.94%	88.79%
2021	0.0623180%	\$	33,376,266	\$	71,709,152	\$ 105,085,418	\$ 88,475,028	37.72%	75.54%
2020	0.0716106%	\$	37,225,409	\$	61,296,657	\$ 98,522,066	\$ 82,679,455	45.02%	75.24%
2019	0.0704920%	\$	38,800,522	\$	65,098,630	\$ 103,899,152	\$ 78,588,520	49.37%	73.74%
2018	0.0674064%	\$	21,552,941	\$	37,406,346	\$ 58,959,287	\$ 74,083,764	29.09%	82.17%
2017	0.0685418%	\$	25,900,909	\$	43,719,778	\$ 69,620,687	\$ 70,905,322	36.53%	78.00%
2016	0.0700071%	\$	24,746,578	\$	39,780,931	\$ 64,527,509	\$ 65,947,738	37.52%	78.43%
2015	0.0486579%	\$	12,997,198	\$	33,701,919	\$ 46,699,117	\$ 63,148,855	20.58%	83.25%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Ten years of data is not available.

Exhibit G-3

**College Station Independent School District** Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas Pension Plan For the Last Eight Fiscal Years\*

			ntributions in lation to the					Contributions as a
Vanu	ı	ntractually Required ontributions	ontractually Required	Defi	ribution ciency		District's Covered	Percentage of Covered
Year		nifibutions	 ontributions	(EX	cess)	_	Payroll	<u>Payroll</u>
2022	\$	3,225,572	\$ (3,225,572)	\$	-	\$	93,618,435	3.45%
2021	\$	3,068,014	\$ (3,068,014)	\$	-	\$	91,641,814	3.35%
2020	\$	2,378,062	\$ (2,378,062)	\$	-	\$	88,475,028	2.69%
2019	\$	2,509,106	\$ (2,509,106)	\$	-	\$	82,679,455	3.03%
2018	\$	2,385,146	\$ (2,385,146)	\$	-	\$	78,588,520	3.03%
2017	\$	2,209,189	\$ (2,209,189)	\$	-	\$	74,083,764	2.98%
2016	\$	2,177,745	\$ (2,177,745)	\$	-	\$	70,905,322	3.07%
2015	\$	2,072,942	\$ (2,072,942)	\$	-	\$	65,947,738	3.14%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end. Ten years of data is not available.

Exhibit G-4

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability of a Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer OPEB Plan Teacher Retirement System of Texas For the Last Five Fiscal Years\*

<u>Y</u> ear	District's Proportion of Net OPEB Liability	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	State's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Associated with the District	Total	District's Covered Payroll	District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability
2022	0.1028063%	\$ 39,656,999	\$ 53,131,541	\$ 92,788,540	\$ 91,641,814	43.27%	6.18%
2021	0.1029940%	\$ 39,152,652	\$ 52,611,780	\$ 91,764,432	\$ 88,475,028	44.25%	4.99%
2020	0.1577550%	\$ 50,022,511	\$ 66,468,730	\$ 116,491,241	\$ 82,679,455	60.50%	2.66%
2019	0.1041698%	\$ 52,012,954	\$ 65,727,916	\$ 117,740,870	\$ 78,588,520	66.18%	1.57%
2018	0.0952722%	\$ 41,430,286	\$ 57,119,812	\$ 98,550,098	\$ 74,083,764	55.92%	0.91%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the Plan's fiscal year end, August 31 of the prior year. Ten years of data is not available.

## **College Station Independent School District** Schedule of the District's Contributions to the

Exhibit G-5

Schedule of the District's Contributions to the Teacher Retirement System of Texas OPEB Plan For the Last Five Fiscal Years\*

				tributions in ation to the				Contributions as a
Year	R	ntractually equired ntributions	R	ntractually equired ntributions	Defi	ribution ciency (cess)	 District's Covered Payroll	Percentage of Covered Payroll
2022	\$	832,091	\$	(832,091)	\$	-	\$ 93,618,435	0.89%
2021	\$	828,178	\$	(828,178)	\$	-	\$ 91,641,814	0.90%
2020	\$	779,715	\$	(779,715)	\$	-	\$ 88,475,028	0.88%
2019	\$	751,461	\$	(751,461)	\$	-	\$ 82,679,455	0.91%
2018	\$	717,875	\$	(717,875)	\$	-	\$ 78,588,520	0.91%

<sup>\*</sup> The amounts presented for the fiscal years were determined as of the District's fiscal year end. Ten years of data is not available.

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

### Note 1. Budget

### A. Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources and uses require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

### B. Budget to Actual Expenditures

The districts actual expenditures exceeded its final budget by \$11,879 and \$39,337 in functions 31 and 51, respectively. This was due to refinement of actual expenditures as a result of closing the financial statements subsequent to the final budget amendment.

### Note 2. Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

The following factors significantly affect trends in the amounts reported for the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and net OPEB liability:

### Changes in actuarial assumptions and inputs

	Net Pens	ion Liability	Net OPEB Liability
Measurement Date August 31,	Discount Rate	Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Discount Rate
Medsorement Date August 31,	Kule	Kelolli	Kale
2021	7.250%	7.250%	1.950%
2020	7.250%	7.250%	2.330%
2019	7.250%	7.250%	2.630%
2018	6.907%	7.250%	3.690%
2017	8.000%	8.000%	3.420%
2016	8.000%	8.000%	
2015	8.000%	8.000%	
2014	8.000%	8.000%	

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

### Changes in demographic and economic assumptions

For Measurement Date August 31, 2018 – Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability:

- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement and economic assumptions, including rates of salary increase for individual participants were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

### Changes in benefit terms

For Measurement Date August 31, 2018 – Net OPEB Liability:

- Changes of benefit terms were made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

### Other changes

For Measurement Date August 31, 2020 – Net OPEB Liability:

- The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 50% to 40%.
- The ultimate health care trend rate assumption decreased to reflect the repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans.

For Measurement Date August 31, 2019 – Net Pension Liability:

- With the enactment of SB3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, as assumption was made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

For Measurement Date August 31, 2019 – Net OPEB Liability:

- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65.
- The trend rates were reset to better reflect the plan's anticipated experience.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%.

For Measurement Date August 31, 2018 – Net OPEB Liability:

- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018.
- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020.

**Supplementary Information** 

**College Station Independent School District** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds August 31, 2022

Data Control				l Im	SA, Title I, Part A - aproving Basic		A - Part B,		- Part B,
Codes	ASSETS	не	ad Start	Pr	ograms		<u>ormula</u>	Pres	chool
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	194,022	\$		\$		\$	
1110	Current investments	Φ	174,022	φ	_	φ	_	φ	-
1240	Due from other governments		125,196		401,943		127,621		- 876
1240	Due from other funds		123,176		401,743		127,021		0/0
1260	Other receivables		-		-		-		-
			-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories		-		-		-		-
1410	Prepaid items		-		-		23,499		
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	319,218	\$	401,943	\$	151,120	\$	876
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	12,950	\$	31,984	\$	142	\$	_
2170	Due to other funds	•	306,268		369,959	'	150,978	,	876
2180	Due to other governments		-		-		-		_
2300	Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-
2000	Total liabilities		319,218		401,943		151,120		876
	FUND BALANCES								
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		-		-		_
3545	Committed - other		-						
3000	Total fund balances								
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
4000	FUND BALANCES	\$	319,218	\$	401,943	\$	151,120	\$	876

	240		244		255		263		266		279		282
Bre	National School eakfast and Lunch Program	Tec	eer and hnical - ic Grant	P Tead Pri Traii	A, Title II, art A,: cher and incipal ning and cruiting	E Lai Ac	III, Part A, inglish nguage quisition and incement	Se S Em Rel	ementary and condary School ergency ief Fund - ARES Act	Texas COVID Learning Acceleration Supports ARPA		Se S Em Reli	ementary and condary School ergency ef Fund III (ARPA)
\$	1,281,655	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	1,208,352 281,754		- 13,570		- 54,879		- 19,653		- 102,577		33,365		- 273,068
	3,634		-		-		-		-		-		-
	8,835		-		-		-		-		-		-
	422,825 -		-		-		-		-		-		- 419,228
\$	3,207,055	\$	13,570	\$	54,879	\$	19,653	\$	102,577	\$	33,365	\$	692,296
\$	189,510 5,961 - 564,329	\$	- 13,570 - -	\$	96 54,783 - -	\$	- 19,653 - -	\$	- 102,577 - -	\$	139 33,226 -	\$	80,664 611,632 -
	759,800		13,570		54,879		19,653		102,577		33,365		692,296
	2,447,255 -		- -		-		- -		- -		- -		- -
	2,447,255								<u>-</u>				
		_											
\$	3,207,055	\$	13,570	\$	54,879	\$	19,653	\$	102,577	\$	33,365	\$	692,296

**College Station Independent School District** Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds – Continued August 31, 2022

			284	2	288		289	3	885
Data Control Codes		Pre	A - Part B school - ARPA	Com Devel Block Fa Empov	VID-19 munity opment c Grant: mily werment gram	Fu Sp	derally unded pecial nue Funds	Vis	emental ually aired
1110	ASSETS	<b>*</b>		<b>.</b>	40.5	<b>.</b>	5 110	<b>.</b>	
1110 1120	Cash and cash equivalents  Current investments	\$	-	\$	495	\$	5,113	\$	-
1120			-		-		-		-
1240	Due from other governments  Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
1290	Other receivables		-		-		-		-
1300	Inventories		_		_				_
1410	Prepaid items		46,711		_		_		_
1110	riopaid nomb		10,7 11						
1000	TOTAL ASSETS	\$	46,711	\$	495	\$	5,113	\$	-
	LIABILITIES								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	2,437	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
2170	Due to other funds		11,946		-		-		-
2180	Due to other governments		32,328		495		-		-
2300	Unearned revenue						5,113	-	
2000	Total liabilities		46,711		495		5,113		-
	FUND BALANCES								
3450	Restricted - grant funds		-		-		-		-
3545	Committed - other								
3000	Total fund balances		-						
	TOTAL LIABILITIES AND								
4000	FUND BALANCES	\$	46,711	\$	495	\$	5,113	\$	-

	397		410		427		428		429	461		481		
Plac	vanced cement entives	Te	State extbook Fund	Inve Disl	rkforce estment Act located ers Grant	Le Acc Su G	as COVID carning eleration pports - eneral evenue	Sp	-Funded pecial nue Funds	Campus tivity Funds	Fou	ucation undation Grant	Fu	Total Ionmajor unds (See khibit C-1)
\$	7,938	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,145	\$ 1,897,958	\$	54,609	\$	3,444,935
	-		- 87,944		- 6,398		- 35,423		-	-		-		1,208,352 1,564,267
	-		0/,744		0,370		33,423		_	-		_		3,634
	_		_		_		_		_	700		_		9,535
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		422,825
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		489,438
\$	7,938	\$	87,944	\$	6,398	\$	35,423	\$	3,145	\$ 1,898,658	\$	54,609	\$	7,142,986
\$	-	\$	17,158 23,363	\$	- 6,398	\$	- 35,423	\$	- -	\$ 26,869	\$	3,823	\$	365,772 1,746,613
	-		-		-		-		_	-		_		32,823
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-		569,442
	-		40,521		6,398		35,423		-	26,869		3,823		2,714,650
	7,938 -		47,423 -		-		-		3,145	- 1,871,789		50,786 -		2,556,547 1,871,789
	7,938		47,423		-		-		3,145	1,871,789		50,786		4,428,336
\$	7,938	\$	87,944	\$	6,398	\$	35,423	\$	3,145	\$ 1,898,658	\$	54,609	\$	7,142,986

**College Station Independent School District**Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

> 205 211 225 224

Data Control Codes		_ He	ad Start	F Im	A, Title I, Part A - proving Basic ograms		- Part B, mula	a - Part B, eschool
	REVENUES							
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$	1,254	\$	707	\$	297	\$ 4
5800	State program revenues		-		-		-	-
5900	Federal program revenues		2,388,973		1,903,767	1	,940,403	 23,221
5020	Total revenues		2,390,227		1,904,474	1	,940,700	23,225
	EXPENDITURES							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction		1,229,365		1,539,924	1	,411,915	23,225
0012	Instructional resources and media services		-		20,342		-	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development		216,499		308,756		375	-
0021	Instructional leadership		196,222		-		44,790	-
0023	School leadership		-		2,053		-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		51		-		480,620	-
0032	Social work services		12,760		-		-	-
0033	Health services		152,655		-		3,000	-
0034	Student transportation		-		33,399		-	-
0035	Food services		-		-		-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities		-		-		-	-
0041	General administration		11,564		-		-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		24,315		-		-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services		-		-		-	-
0053	Data processing services		-		-		-	-
0061	Community services		546,796		-		-	 -
6030	Total expenditures		2,390,227		1,904,474	1	,940,700	 23,225
1200	Net change in fund balances		-		-		-	-
0100	Fund balances - beginning		-					 -
3000	FUND BALANCES - ENDING	\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$ 

	240	244	255		263			266	2	79		282
Bre	National School eakfast and Lunch Program	Career and Technical - Basic Grant	ESSA, Titl Part A Teacher Princip Training Recruit	,; and al and	Title III, Po Englis Langua Acquisi and Enhance	h ige iion	Sec Se Eme Relie	mentary and condary chool ergency ef Fund -	Lea Accel Supp	COVID rning eration ports -	Se S Em Reli	mentary and condary ichool ergency ef Fund III ARPA)
\$	1,025,653	\$ 80	\$	20	\$ 3	3,487	\$	-	\$	-	\$	174
	34,972 8,874,261	126,639	301	- ,515,	128	- 3,565		- 166,228		- 180,207		- 2,842,222
	9,934,886	126,719	301	,535	132	2,052		166,228		180,207		2,842,396
	-	122,388	111	,589	116	5,365		58,365		123,306		674,749
	-	-	141	- ,613	15	- 5,687		-		- 56,901		- 1,018,953
	-	-		_		-		_		-		122,450
	-	-	44	1,166		-		-		-		24,085
	-	4,331	4	1,167		-		-		-		344,147
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		39,448		-		-
	-	-		-		-		68,415		-		55,347
	8,041,431	-		-		-		-		-		-
	-	-		-		-		-		-		189,526
	-	-		-		-		-		-		-
	114,277	-		-		-		-		-		409,900
	_	-		_		_		_		_		3,239
	_					-		-		-		-
	8,155,708	126,719	301	,535	132	2,052		166,228		180,207		2,842,396
	1,779,178	-		-		-		-		-		-
	668,077			_						-		
\$	2,447,255	\$ -	\$		\$	_	\$		\$	-	\$	-

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

COVID-19 Community Development **Block Grant: Federally** Data IDEA - Part B **Supplemental** Family Funded Control Preschool -**Empowerment** Special Visually Codes **ARPA** Program **Revenue Funds Impaired REVENUES** 5700 \$ 22 Local and intermediate sources \$ \$ \$ 5800 State program revenues 5,360 5900 Federal program revenues 51,493 591,893 5020 5,360 Total revenues 51,493 591,915 **EXPENDITURES** Current: 0011 Instruction 35,848 33,369 5,360 0012 Instructional resources and media services 0013 Curriculum and instructional staff development 25,156 0021 Instructional leadership 0023 6,755 School leadership 0031 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services 11,945 0032 Social work services 0033 Health services 3,700 0034 Student transportation 0035 Food services 0036 Extracurricular activities 0041 General administration 0051 Plant maintenance and operations 526,635 0052 Security and monitoring services 0053 Data processing services 0061 Community services 6030 591,915 5,360 Total expenditures 51,493 1200 Net change in fund balances 0100 Fund balances - beginning 3000 \$ **FUND BALANCES - ENDING** \$ \$

284

288

289

385

;	397		410		427		428		429	461		481		
Plac	anced ement entives	Te	State xtbook Fund	Inv	rkforce estment Act located ers Grant	Le Acc Su G	as COVID earning eleration pports - eneral evenue	Sp	-Funded pecial nue Funds	Campus livity Funds	Fou	ucation undation Grant	Total Nonmajor Funds (See Exhibit C-2)	•
\$	- 1,263 -	\$	14,177 581,532 -	\$	- 35,728 12,080	\$	- 438,121 -	\$	- 38,981 -	\$ 1,749,160 - -	\$	353,411 - -	\$ 3,148,44 1,135,95 19,531,46	57
	1,263		595,709		47,808		438,121		38,981	1,749,160		353,411	23,815,87	<b>′</b> 0
	-		646,181		-		-		-	529,129		308,808	6,969,88	36
	-		-		-		-		-	111,821		-	132,16	53
	-		-		-		438,121		-	24,909		-	2,246,97	0'
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	363,46	52
	-		-		-		-		-	69,759		-	146,81	8
	-		-		-		-		35,800	199,727		-	1,080,78	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	12,76	
	-		-		-		-		-	448		-	199,25	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	157,16	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		-	8,041,43	
	-		-		-		-		-	762,017		-	951,54	
	-		-		-		-		-	421		-	11,98	
	-		-		-		-		-	-		2,500	1,077,62	
	-		-		-		-		3,092	-		-	3,09	
	-		-		- 47,808		-		-	1,500		-	3,23 596,10	
-					47,000					 1,300			376,10	/4
	-		646,181		47,808		438,121		38,892	 1,699,731		311,308	21,994,28	30
	1,263		(50,472)		-		-		89	49,429		42,103	1,821,59	0
	6,675		97,895						3,056	1,822,360		8,683	2,606,74	16
\$	7,938	\$	47,423	\$	-	\$		\$	3,145	\$ 1,871,789	\$	50,786	\$ 4,428,33	36

## Exhibit I-1

College Station Independent School District Combining Statement of Net Position Nonmajor Enterprise Fund August 31, 2022

			- 1	Business-ty <sub>l</sub>	pe Act	ivities		
		713		714		715		
Data Control Codes		nmunity ucation	Ki	ds Klub		mmunity ts Camps	No	Total onmajor terprise Fund
	ASSETS	 oculion .		as Riob	оро.	is cumps		Tona
	Current assets:							
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 12,391	\$	395,572	\$	22,490	\$	430,453
1290	Other receivables	 73		58				131
	Total current assets	12,464		395,630		22,490		430,584
	Noncurrent assets:							
	Capital assets:							
1530	Furniture and equipment	7,902		39,670		-		47,572
1570	Accumulated depreciation and amortization	 (7,902)		(39,670)				(47,572)
	Total noncurrent assets	-						
1000	Total assets	12,464		395,630		22,490		430,584
	LIABILITIES							
	Current liabilities:							
2110	Accounts payable	10,194		4,248		21		14,463
2160	Accrued wages payable	-		50,824		-		50,824
2300	Unearned revenue			990				990
2000	Total liabilities	10,194		56,062		21		66,277
	NET POSITION							
3900	Unrestricted	 2,270		339,568		22,469		364,307
3000	TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 2,270	\$	339,568	\$	22,469	\$	364,307

### **Exhibit I-2**

## College Station Independent School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

		Business-type Activities						
		713	714	715				
Data Control Codes		Community Education	Kids Klub	Community Sports Camps	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Fund			
5739	OPERATING REVENUES Tuition	\$ 649,226	\$ 1,259,518	\$ 266,426	\$ 2,175,170			
5020	Total revenues	649,226	1,259,518	266,426	2,175,170			
	OPERATING EXPENSES:							
6100	Payroll costs	393,312	969,988	225,639	1,588,939			
6200	Professional and contracted services	16,345	19,198	-	35,543			
6300	Supplies and materials	13,882	23,165	19,698	56,745			
6400	Other operating costs	184,719	175,728	8,597	369,044			
6030	Total expenses	608,258	1,188,079	253,934	2,050,271			
1300	Change in net position	40,968	71,439	12,492	124,899			
0100	Net position - beginning	(38,698)	268,129	9,977	239,408			
3300	NET POSITION - ENDING	\$ 2,270	\$ 339,568	\$ 22,469	\$ 364,307			

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### Exhibit I-3

## **College Station Independent School District** Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Combining Statement of Cash Flows Nonmajor Enterprise Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

	Business-type Activities							
	Community		714	715  Community Sports Camps				
			Kids Klub				Total Ionmajor Interprise Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES								
Cash received from user charges	\$	649,153	\$	1,260,450	\$	266,426	\$	2,176,029
Cash payments for employee services and benefits		(393,312)		(984,871)		(225,639)		(1,603,822)
Cash payments for other operating expenses		(243,650)		(231,665)		(28,274)		(503,589)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities		12,191		43,914		12,513		68,618
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		12,191		43,914		12,513		68,618
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		200		351,658		9,977		361,835
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	\$	12,391	\$	395,572	\$	22,490	\$	430,453
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO  NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED FOR) OPERATING ACTIVITIES  Operating income (loss)  Effect of increases and decreases in current assets  and liabilities:	\$	40,968	\$	71,439	\$	12,492	\$	124,899
(Increase) decrease in other receivables		(73)		(58)		_		(131)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		(28,704)		(13,574)		21		(42,257)
Increase (decrease) in accrued wages payable		-		(14,883)		-		(14,883)
Increase (decrease) in unearned revenue				990		-		990
NET CASH PROVIDED (USED) BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES	\$	12,191	\$	43,914	\$	12,513	\$	68,618

Schedule of Delinquent Taxes Receivable For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

1 2 3 Assessed/ **Appraised Year Ended Tax Rates Value For School** August 31, Maintenance **Debt Service Tax Purposes** 2013 and prior years \$ Various \$ Various \$ Various 2014 1.04000 0.280000 6,717,124,848 2015 1.04000 0.340000 7,186,517,899 2016 1.04000 0.322900 7,674,576,858 2017 1.04000 0.356000 8,452,966,691 2018 0.358000 1.04000 9,430,263,448 2019 1.04000 0.332000 10,102,930,612 2020 0.97000 0.269000 10,675,771,751 2021 0.96600 0.263000 10,868,677,136 2022 0.95220 0.263000 11,279,167,380

### 1000 TOTALS

9000 - Portion of row 1000 for taxes paid into tax increment zone under chapter 311, tax code

## Exhibit J-1

	10	2	20		31		32		40		50
Вс	ginning alance 1/2021	Ye	Current Year's Total Levy		Maintenance Collections		Debt Service Collections		Entire Year's Adjustments		Ending salance /31/2022
\$	215,285	\$	-	\$	10,284	\$	2,917	\$	2	\$	202,086
	52,744		-		1,636		440		1		50,669
	58,823		-		2,338		764		(392)		55,329
	67,776		-		2,556		794		(387)		64,039
	77,172		-		4,331		1,482		(737)		70,622
	95,013		-		8,298		2,856		(3,716)		80,143
	131,198		-		53,655		17,128		8,154		68,569
	231,971		-		659		183		(134,103)		97,026
	487,175		-		25,785		7,020		(290,859)		163,511
		137	,064,442	1(	06,770,025	29	,490,146		(371,269)		433,002
\$ 1	,417,157	\$ 137	,064,442	\$ 10	06,879,567	\$ 29	7,523,730	\$	(793,306)	\$	1,284,996
				\$	_	\$	_				

Exhibit J-2

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual National School Breakfast and Lunch Program For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

		1	2	3	Variance with
Data					Final Budget
Control		Budgeted	Amounts		Positive
Codes		Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
	REVENUES				
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 1,346,845	\$ 1,096,845	\$ 1,025,653	\$ (71,192)
5800	State program revenues	30,000	30,000	34,972	4,972
5900	Federal program revenues	5,869,700	8,669,700	8,874,261	204,561
5020	Total revenues	7,246,545	9,796,545	9,934,886	138,341
	EXPENDITURES  Current:				
0025		704/545	0.070.520	0.041.421	021 100
0035	Food services	7,246,545	8,272,539	8,041,431	231,108
0051	Plant maintenance and operations		174,007	114,277	59,730
6030	Total expenditures	7,246,545	8,446,546	8,155,708	290,838
1200	Net change in fund balance	-	1,349,999	1,779,178	429,179
0100	Fund balance - beginning	668,077	668,077	668,077	
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 668,077	\$ 2,018,076	\$ 2,447,255	\$ 429,179

Exhibit J-3

**College Station Independent School District** Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Darlas		1	1 2		Variance with Final Budget	
Data Control		Budgeted	Amounts		Positive (Negative)	
Codes		Original	Final	Actual		
	REVENUES					
5700	Local and intermediate sources	\$ 29,307,390	\$ 29,422,390	\$ 29,913,917	\$ 491,527	
5800	State program revenues	217,610	217,610	253,308	35,698	
5020	Total revenues	29,525,000	29,640,000	30,167,225	527,225	
	EXPENDITURES					
	Debt service:					
0071	Principal on long-term debt	18,220,000	18,220,000	18,220,000	-	
0072	Interest on long-term debt	11,280,000	11,280,000	11,041,326	238,674	
0073	Issuance costs and fees	25,000	25,000	3,918	21,082	
6030	Total expenditures	29,525,000	29,525,000	29,265,244	259,756	
1100	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
	over (under) expenditures	-	115,000	901,981	786,981	
	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
8949	Refunds to taxpayers		(115,000)	(114,444)	556	
7080	Total other financing sources (uses)		(115,000)	(114,444)	556	
	EXTRAORDINARY ITEMS					
8913	Extraordinary loss			(739,291)	(739,291)	
	Total extraordinary items			(739,291)	(739,291)	
1200	Net change in fund balance	-	-	48,246	48,246	
0100	Fund balance - beginning	10,163,565	10,163,565	10,163,565		
3000	FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 10,163,565	\$ 10,163,565	\$ 10,211,811	\$ 48,246	

Exhibit J-4

College Station Independent School District
Use of Funds Report – Select State Allotment Programs
For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Data Codes	_	R	esponses
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the District's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compsentory education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$	8,166,038
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30, 34)	\$	4,052,197
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	944,407
AP8	List the actual direct progrm expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 25, 35)	\$	1,300,383

# Overall Compliance, Internal Control Section and Federal Awards

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# Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District College Station, Texas

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of College Station Independent School District (the District) as of and for the year ended August 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2023.

### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

The Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Weaver and Sidwell, L.S.P.

Austin, Texas January 10, 2023



## Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control over Compliance In Accordance with the Uniform Guidance

To the Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District College Station, Texas

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited College Station Independent School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to the audit in the OMB Compliance Supplement that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2022.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (Government Auditing Standards); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

The Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District

### <u>Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of Compliance</u>

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit
  in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and
  report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not
  for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

The Board of Trustees of College Station Independent School District

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Weaver and Tiduell, L.I.P.

WEAVER AND TIDWELL, L.L.P.

Austin, Texas January 10, 2023

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

### Section 1. Summary of Auditor's Results

### **Financial Statements**

Type of auditor's report issued
 Unmodified

2. Internal control over financial reporting:

a. Material weakness(es) identified?

**b.** Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

3. Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

### **Federal Awards**

4. Internal control over major programs:

**a.** Material weakness(es) identified?

None reported

**b.** Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?

**5.** Type of auditor's report issued on compliance with major programs

Unmodified

**6.** Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance under 2 CFR 200.516(a)?

No

No

7. Identification of major programs

84.027A, 84.173A – IDEA, Part B 84.425D, 84.425U – ESSER I, ESSER II, and ESSER III 10.553, 10.555 – Child Nutrition Cluster

**8.** Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal programs

\$750,000

9. Auditee qualified as a low-risk auditee?

No

### Section 2. Financial Statement Findings

None reported

### Section 3. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported

College Station Independent School District Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

## **Prior Year Findings**

None reported

**College Station Independent School District** Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
Passed Through State Department of Education: COVID-19 - National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402101	\$ 172,203
COVID-19 - National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	1,249,791
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402201	52,336
Total National School Breakfast Program			1,474,330
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302101	795,979
COVID-19 - National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302201	5,741,378
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302201	222,880
Total National School Lunch Program			6,760,237
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
COVID-19 - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	806780706	60,143
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture - Non-Cash Assistance:			
National School Lunch Program	10.555	806780706	573,013
Total 10.555			7,393,393
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			8,867,723
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
State Administrative Expenses	10.560	806780706	588
COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT) Local Level Administrative Cost Grant	10.649	806780706	5,950
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			8,874,261
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR WIOA Cluster:			
Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission:			
WIA Dislocated Workers	17.278	1622ATP002-1	10,644
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF LABOR			10,644
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	20610101021901	61,611
Title I, Part A. Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	21610101021901 22610101021901	1,360
Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	64.010A	22810101021701	1,917,597
Total 84.010A			1,980,568
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):	0.4.007.4	005050010010015050	51, 400
COVID-19 - IDEA - Part B, Formula ARP IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A 84.027A	225350010219015350 206600010219016600	51,493 7,480
IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	216600010219016600	8,820
IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	226600010219016600	1,924,103
Total 84.027A			1,991,896
IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	226610010219016610	23,221
Total Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			2,015,117
Career and Technology - Basic Grant	84.048A	22420006021901	126,639
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365A	20671001021901	13,272
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365A	21671001021701	76
Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancement	84.365A	22671001021901	115,217
Total 84.365A			128,565
			,

Exhibit K-1

**College Station Independent School District** Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards – Continued For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A 84.367A 84.367A	20694501021901 21694501021901 22694501021901	22,981 20,148 258,386
Total 84.367A			301,515
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69552002	2,687
Title IV - Part A Subpart I	84.424A	22680101021901	62,571
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER I) COVID-19 - Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations - CRRSA (ESSER II)	84.425D 84.425D	20521001021901 21521001021901	200,390 1,864,808
Total 84.425D			2,065,198
COVID-19 - Coronavirus Learning Acceleration Supports (TCLAS)- ESSER COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - ARP (ESSER III)	84.425U 84.425U	21528042021901 21528001021901	197,207 3,563,450
Total 84.425U			3,760,657
Total Education Stabilization Fund			5,825,855
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			10,443,517
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES Direct:			
COVID-19 - Head Start - Reg Grant COVID-19 - Head Start - ARP	93.600 93.600	06HE000866-01-00 06HE000866-01-01	15,109 3.733
Head Start - Reg Grant	93.600	06CH010943-03	2,160,617
Head Start - Reg Grant	93.600	06CH010943-04	209,514
Total 93.600			2,388,973
Passed Through State Department of Education: COVID-19 - School Health Support Grant	93.323	39352201	526,635
477 Cluster: Passed Through Texas Workforce Commission:			
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	1622ATP002-2	1,436
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES			2,917,044
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 22,245,466

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Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

### Note 1. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of College Station Independent School District (the District) and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

National School Breakfast and Lunch Program non-cash commodities are recorded at their estimated market value at the time of donation.

### Note 2. Indirect Cost Rate

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

### Note 3. Reconciliation to the Basic Financial Statements

Presented below is a reconciliation of federal revenues:

Total federal revenues per Exhibit C-2	\$ 24,900,889
School Health and Related Services	 2,655,423
General fund - federal revenue:	
Total expenditures of federal awards per Exhibit K-1	\$ 22,245,466

Schedule of Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators (Unaudited) For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2022

statements at fiscal year-end

Data		
Codes	_	Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.)	Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial	\$ -