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1 JA **Goals and Objectives JA** 2 (See BDA, CM, GAA and JCDA) 3 4 These student policies are designed to prevent misunderstanding by students and parents/ 5 guardians about their rights and responsibilities. The ideas and recommendations of students 6 shall be considered when adopting policies, rules, and regulations governing the conduct of 7 students and their rights and responsibilities. 8 9 All student handbooks shall be consistent with board policy, approved by the board, and 10 adopted, by reference, as a part of these policies and regulations. 11 12 June 12, 2001 Approved: 13 Revised: June 14, 2011 14 Revised: November 8, 2016 15 Revised: October 11, 2022

1	JB Atten	dance Records (See JBC, JBD and JBE)	JB	
2				
3	Daily	attendance records shall be maintained for each student in ea	ach school. The	
4	primary responsibility for recording attendance shall be assigned to teachers using forms			
5	prescribed by the superintendent. A cumulative attendance record for each student shall also be			
6	maintained.			
7				
8	The s	uperintendent shall include attendance data in an annual repo	ort to the board.	
9	Attendance problems shall be reported to the board as necessary.			
10				
11	Approved:	September 4, 1991		
12	Revised:	June 12, 2001		
13	Reviewed:	June 14, 2011		
14	Revised:	November 8, 2016		

JBC Enrollment

JBC

(See IIBGB, JBCA, JBDB, JBCC and JQKA)

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Resident Students

A "resident student" is any child who has attained the age of eligibility for school attendance and lives with a parent or a person acting as a parent who is a resident of the district. Children who are "homeless" as defined by Kansas law and who are located in the district will be admitted as resident students. For purposes of this policy, "parent" means the natural parents, adoptive parents, step-parents, and foster parents. For purposes of this policy, "person acting as a parent" means a guardian or conservator, a person liable by law to care for or support the child, a person who has actual care and control of the child and provides a major portion of support, or a person who has actual care and control of the child with written consent of a person who has legal custody of the child.

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Non-Resident Students

Details concerning the enrollment and continued enrollment process for nonresident students may be found in board policy JBCC.

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Enrollment Restriction

No student, regardless of residency, who has been suspended or expelled from another school district will be admitted to the district until the period of such suspension or expulsion has expired.

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Enrollment Procedures

The superintendent shall establish orderly procedures for enrolling all students, including pre-enrollment, changes in enrollment, normal enrollment times, and communication to parents and to the public.

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Part-Time Students

The board allows any child to enroll part-time in the school district to allow the student to attend any courses, programs, or services offered by the school district if the child:

• is also enrolled in a non-accredited private elementary or secondary school or in any other private, denominational, or parochial school as required by law;

• requests to enroll part-time in the school district; and

• meets the age of eligibility requirements for school attendance.

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District administrators shall make a good faith attempt to accommodate scheduling requests of students enrolling in the school district in these situations but shall not be required to make adjustments to accommodate every such request.

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Part-time students, other than those specified previously in this policy, may enroll with the administration's permission if they complete all paperwork in a timely fashion and are in attendance no later than the first day of school. Such part-time students may be admitted only to the extent that staff, facilities, equipment, and supplies are available, and the students follow the district's student conduct policies and rules.

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Identification of Students

All students enrolling in the district for the first time shall provide required proof of

JBC Enrollment JBC-2

(See IIBGB, JBCA, JBDB, JBCC and JQKA)

identity. Students enrolling in kindergarten or first grade shall provide a certified copy of their birth certificate; a certified copy of the court order placing the child in the custody of the Secretary of the Department for Children and Families, or other documentation which the board determines to be satisfactory. Students enrolling in grades 2-12 shall provide a certified transcript, similar pupil records or data, and other documentary evidence the board deems satisfactory.

 The above requirements are not to serve as barriers to immediate enrollment of students designated as homeless or foster children as required by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) and the McKinney-Vento Act as amended by ESSA. The district shall work with the Department for Children and Families, the school last attended, or other relevant agencies to obtain necessary enrollment documentation.

If proper proof of identity is not provided within 30 days of enrolling, the superintendent shall notify local law enforcement officials as required by law and shall not notify any person claiming custody of the child.

Enrollment Information

The enrollment documentation shall include a student's permanent record card with a student's legal name as it appears on the birth certificate or as changed by a court order and the name, address, and telephone number of the lawful custodian. The records shall also provide proper proof of identity.

Assignment to a School Building, Grade Level, or Classes

Unless otherwise provided herein, the superintendent shall assign students to the appropriate building. Any student desiring to attend a school outside the attendance area in which the student resides may do so only with the prior written permission of the superintendent.

If required by law, students placed in foster care or students who are homeless may be educated in their "school of origin" instead of the building corresponding to the assigned attendance area. (For definition of "school of origin," see regulations for JBCA and JBCB.)

Assignments to a particular grade level or particular classes shall be determined by the building principal based on the educational abilities of the student. If the parents disagree, the principal's decision may be appealed to the superintendent. If the parents are still dissatisfied with the assignment, they may appeal in writing to the board.

<u>Transferring Credit</u>

In middle school and high school, full faith and credit shall be given to units earned in other accredited schools at the time the student enrolls in the district, unless the principal determines there is a valid reason for not doing so. For online credit approval procedures after enrollment, see IIBGB.

97 **JBC** Enrollment 98 (See IIBGB, JBCA, JBDB, JBCC and JQKA)

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Transfers from Non-Accredited Schools

Students transferring from non-accredited schools will be placed by the principal. Initial placement will be made by the principal after consultation with the parents or guardians and guidance personnel. Final placement shall be made by the principal based on the student's documented past educational experiences and performance on tests administered to determine grade level placement.

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107	Approved:	January 20, 1982
108	Revised:	July 16, 1986
109	Revised:	August 1, 1990
110	Revised:	September 4, 1991
111	Revised:	December 1, 1993
112	Revised:	April 6, 1994
113	Revised:	May 28, 1996
114	Revised:	November 12, 1996
115	Revised:	February 4, 1997
116	Revised:	May 12, 1998
117	Revised:	June 8, 1999
118	Revised:	June 12, 2001
119	Revised:	December 9, 2003
120	Revised:	October 12, 2004

JBCA Homeless Students

JBCA

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The district, in accordance with state and federal law and the Kansas state plan, will ensure that homeless children in the school district have access to a free and appropriate public education. Homeless students are individuals who lack a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime residence. For the purposes of this policy, a student awaiting foster care placement shall not be considered homeless.

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Coordinator

The board shall designate a homeless coordinator for the district.

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12 Approved: December 9, 2003 13 Reviewed: June 14, 2011 14 Revised: June 13, 2017

JBCB Foster Care Students

JBCB

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ensure students placed in foster care within the school district have access to a public education in a stable educational environment. For the purposes of this policy and its applicable regulations, "foster care" means 24-hour substitute care for children placed away from their parents and for whom a child welfare agency has placement and care duties.

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Revised: 28

Approved:

Revised:

The executive director of educational programs shall serve as a point of contact for child welfare agencies on behalf of the district.

Point of Contact

Mobile Crisis Helpline

Crisis support for Kansas families and children to resolve an emotional, psychiatric, or behavioral health crisis is available through the Department of Children and Families Mobile Crisis Helpline, 1-833-441-2240, including:

The district, in accordance with state and federal law and the Kansas state plan, will

- problem-solving to resolve behavioral health crisis;
- referral to community resources or recommendation to engage in stabilization
- in-person support via mobile crisis response; and
- contacting mobile crisis response unit to assist in emergency situations.

Services are available to all Kansans 20 years of age or younger including anyone in foster care or formerly in foster care.

> June 13, 2017 October 13, 2020 April 12, 2022

1 **JBCC Enrollment of Nonresident Students JBCC** 2 (See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA) 3 4 Kansas law requires the board to allow nonresident students to enroll in and attend the 5 schools of the district if the board's capacity determination finds there are open seats for such 6 students. In order to determine the district's capacity to accept nonresident students at each grade 7 level in each district school, the board has adopted this policy. 8 9 Details concerning the nonresident enrollment and continued enrollment processes for 10 nonresident students may be found in this policy, while general processes on enrollment documentation, assignment to buildings and classes, etc., may be found in board policy JBC. 11 12 13 This policy does not apply to any virtual school, as defined by Kansas law, or to any school 14 located on a military installation. 15 16 Any child who is experiencing homelessness shall be permitted to enroll in and attend the 17 school district of origin or the school district of residence without application and acceptance 18 through this policy. 19 20 **Definitions** 21 For the purposes of this policy, the following definitions apply. 22 "Homeless Child" means a child who lacks a fixed, regular and adequate nighttime 23 residence and whose primary nighttime residence is: 24 A. a supervised publicly or privately operated shelter designed to provide temporary 25 living and accommodations, including welfare hotels, congregate shelters and 26 transitional housing for the mentally ill; 27 B. an institution that provides a temporary residence for individuals intended to be 28 institutionalized: or 29 C. a public or private place not designed for, or ordinarily used as, a regular sleeping 30 accommodation for humans. 31 32 "Nonresident Student" means a child of school age, pursuant to Kansas law, who resides in 33 Kansas and is enrolled and in attendance at or seeking to enroll and attend a school located in a 34 district where such student is not a resident. 35 36 "Parent" means and includes natural parents, adoptive parents, stepparents and foster 37 parents. 38 39 "Person Acting as Parent" means: 40 A. a guardian or conservator; or B. a person, other than a parent, who: 41 42 is liable by law to maintain, care for or support the child; i.

of the cost of support of the child;

who has legal custody of the child; or

has actual care and control of the child and is contributing the major portion

has actual care and control of the child with the written consent of a person

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JBCC-2

(See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA)

iv. has been granted custody of the child by a court of competent jurisdiction.

"Receiving School District" means a school district of nonresidence of a student who attends school in such school district.

"Sibling" means a brother or sister of the whole or half blood, adoptive brother or sister, a stepbrother or stepsister or a foster brother or foster sister.

Determining Capacity for Nonresident Enrollment

The superintendent has the responsibility for studying capacity in each school of the school district and at each grade level within each school and for making recommendations to the board regarding the district's capacity to accept nonresident students. To make recommendations to the board to assist with determining capacity, the superintendent shall do the following.

The superintendent shall develop recommendations on capacity and classroom student-to-teacher ratios in each grade level in each school serving kindergarten students and students in grades one through eight. Such recommendations may be based on, but not limited to, the following factors:

present classroom student-teacher ratios in each grade level in each school;

 projected enrollment shifts based on the resident student population, which may include a percentage adjustment for anticipated growth or decline based on documented enrollment trends; and

 maximum capacity of the classroom and associated learning, activity and common area spaces.

The superintendent shall develop recommendations on capacity and student-to-teacher ratios for each school building or program serving students in grades nine through twelve. Such recommendations may be based on, but not limited to, the following factors:

 • present building or program student-teacher ratios:

 • projected enrollment shifts based on the resident student population, which may include a percentage adjustment for anticipated growth or decline based on documented enrollment trends;

 maximum capacity of the classroom and associated learning, activity and common area spaces.

On or before May 1 of each year, the superintendent shall present the recommendations concerning capacity and student-to-teacher ratios to the board for adoption or modification, and the board shall determine, for each grade level in each school building of the school district for the next succeeding school year, the following:

• capacity based on the study conducted by the superintendent;

• anticipated demand for particular courses or programming; and

the number of students expected to attend school in the school district; and
the number of open seats available to nonresidents at each grade, building or program

level.

JBCC-3

(See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA)

On or before June 1 of each year, the district shall publish the number of open seats available to nonresident students in each grade level for each school building of the district for the next succeeding school year on the school district's website.

From January 1 through June 15, district administration shall accept applications from nonresident students seeking to enroll in and attend the district in the next school year.

If the number of applications for a grade level in a school building is less than the number of available seats for that grade level in the school building, the nonresident students shall be accepted for enrollment and attendance at the school district, unless the nonresident student is deemed not in good standing.

If the number of applications for a grade level in a school building is greater than the number of available seats for the grade level in the school building, district administration shall randomly select nonresident students deemed in good standing using a confidential lottery process. This process shall be completed on or before July 15 of each year.

The district shall provide to the parent or person acting as a parent of a nonresident student who was not accepted for or denied enrollment at such school district the reason for the nonacceptance or denial and an explanation of the nonresident student selection process on or before July 30 of each year.

Priority in Filling Open Seats

 Regardless of capacity determinations, the following categories of students shall be allowed to enroll as if resident students if they are deemed to be in good standing by district administration:

• any child who is in the custody of the Department for Children and Families and who is

 living in the home of a nonresident student who transfers to the district; or
any nonresident student who has a parent or person acting as a parent employed by the district, while the parent or person acting as a parent remains employed by the district.

Subject to having capacity to enroll nonresident students, the district shall give priority in enrollment to the following nonresident students deemed in good standing to enroll. These students shall receive open seats without necessity of being selected through any open-seat lottery:

any sibling of a nonresident student who is enrolled in and attending school in the
district or who is accepted to enroll in and attend school in the district, with priority
given when the nonresident student is first accepted and, if necessary, at any other time
the district considers transfer applications; and

 any nonresident student who is a military student as defined in K.S.A. 72-5139, with priority given when the student is first accepted and, if necessary, at any other time the district considers transfer applications.

If one of these exceptions no longer applies to the student, the student's enrollment status would be subject to review based upon the consideration for determining good standing in this policy.

JBCC-4

(See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA)

Prohibitions Regarding Open Enrollment Provisions of this Policy

The district shall not:

change tuition or fees to any nonresident student who transfers to the district pursuant to
this policy, except fees that are otherwise charged to every student enrolled in and
attending school in the district; or

 accept or deny a nonresident student transfer based on ethnicity; national origin; gender; income level; disabling condition; proficiency in the English language; or measure of achievement, aptitude or athletic ability.

Except for a child in the custody of the Department for Children and Families or a child who is experiencing homelessness, a nonresident student shall not transfer more than once per school year to one or more receiving school districts pursuant to the provisions of this policy or authorizing Kansas law.

Transportation of Students

Neither a resident school district nor a receiving school district shall be required to provide transportation to nonresident students unless otherwise required by applicable law. If space is available on district transportation vehicles, the district may assign nonresident students an indistrict bus stop to and from which transportation may be provided by the district for nonresident students. The district shall ensure that transportation for nonresident homeless students is provided comparably to that of housed students.

KSHSAA Eligibility

 Nothing in this policy or state law shall exempt a nonresident student who transfers into the district from the requirements of the Kansas State High School Activities Association (KSHSAA) regarding eligibility to participate in KSHSAA activities.

Information Share with the Kansas State Department of Education

The superintendent shall annually submit or have submitted to the Kansas State Department of Education this policy, the number of nonresident student transfers approved and denied in each grade level and whether the denials were based on capacity or in accordance with the policy's terms.

Nonresident Student Continued Enrollment

A nonresident student who has been accepted for enrollment and attendance at a district school shall be permitted to continue enrollment and attendance in the district until such student graduates from high school, reaches the age of 21 (if the student is a student with an exceptionality, not solely eligible for gifted services under an individualized education program), or receives a GED, unless such student is no longer deemed by district administration to be in good standing.

Except as otherwise specified herein, nonresident students who were enrolled in and attending the district during school year 2023-2024, who were attending the district as a resident student in 2023-2024 but have since moved out of the district, or who have been accepted for enrollment by the school district on or after June 1, 2024, will be allowed to continue enrollment in

JBCC-5

(See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA)

the district as specified above. The district will not require parents of such students or adult or emancipated students to submit a new application each school year.

Determining Good Standing

Regardless of capacity to accept nonresident students at a nonresident student's grade level or in the student's designated school or program, an individual student may be denied enrollment or continued enrollment for not being in good standing. Nonresident student applicants for enrollment and nonresident students already enrolled in and attending school in the district shall be evaluated by district administration to determine standing for enrollment or continued enrollment.

Students may be denied enrollment or continued enrollment for the next school year based on the results of these evaluations. However, if the student has a disability, the student's ability to meet these expectations shall be considered prior to denying continued enrollment in the district. Similarly, administration shall consider the adverse impact of homelessness on a student's attendance and any resulting suspensions or expulsions before making a determination on the enrollment or continued enrollment of a student who is homeless. As part of this reflection, administration shall consider the obstacles a homeless student faces to arrive at school on time or each day due to housing instability, lack of transportation, or lack of other basic resources that can hinder consistent attendance.

A student meeting one or more of the following criteria shall automatically be deemed not in good standing and may be denied enrollment or continued enrollment based solely thereon:

• the nonresident student failed to maintain a 90% attendance rate in the last school year;

• the nonresident student or the student's parent or person acting as a parent provided false or fraudulent information in the application process;

• the nonresident student is not a Kansas resident;

enrollment of a nonresident student.

 • the student is currently under a period of suspension or expulsion from any Kansas school district, and such suspension or expulsion will not expire until after the next school year has begun;

the student has had three or more out-of-school suspensions in the current school year, excluding suspensions determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability or a failure on the part of school staff to implement an individualized education program, Section 504 plan, or behavior intervention plan; or
 the student has been given a long-term suspension or expulsion by the district in the

current school year.

Parents shall be informed of any administrative decision not to enroll or to discontinue

If district administration denies the enrollment application of a nonresident student due to the school district deeming the nonresident student as not in good standing, the parent or person acting as a parent of such student may appeal the decision of the board. A current nonresident student who is determined not to be in good standing shall not be entitled to the appeal process

U.S.D. #305

JBCC-6

(See JBC, JBCA, JBCB, and JQKA)

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outlined herein.

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Any student who has been denied enrollment or continued enrollment due to being deemed not in good standing may reapply for nonresident enrollment in subsequent school years.

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Appeal Process

administrative decision to the board.

If a nonresident student's application for enrollment is denied because the student is determined not to be in good standing, the parent or person acting as a parent may appeal the

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If a parent or person acting as a parent wishes to appeal this decision, a written request for an appeal must be submitted to the clerk of the board within 10 days of receiving notice the student's application has been denied for lack of good standing. Such request shall include the individual's reasons for disagreeing with the administration's decision.

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The board shall consider any appeal of these decisions and any supplemental documentation provided herewith at the next regularly scheduled board meeting following receipt of the request for appeal, and the board's designee shall notify the requestor of the result of the appeal in writing within 10 days of the board's decision thereon.

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Enrollment of Out-of-State Students

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If capacity for nonresident student enrollment remains after the aforementioned application, enrollment, and the disenrollment process has concluded, district administration may consider applications for enrollment submitted by students who are not Kansas residents. However, priority in enrollment shall be given to Kansas residents.

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If a student who is an out-of-state resident is in good standing and has a parent or person acting as a parent who is employed by the district, district administration may allow the student to enroll in and attend school in the district as if they were a resident of the district.

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265 Approved: October 10, 2023 Revised: June 11, 2024

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U.S.D. #305

JBCD

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 A student shall enroll in his/her assigned attendance center except where a special assignment is granted or made. A lawful custodian or school administrator may request a pupil be assigned to a school other than the school indicated by the student's legal residence. Requests must be approved by the executive director of educational programs.

The student's legal residence will be construed to mean the abode or home where the legal guardian(s) resides except when the student is 18 years of age or older and is no longer dependent upon his/her family.

Reasons for considering a special assignment are the following:

1) Health of Student

- a) A statement prepared by a licensed physician must accompany the request for assignment. The statement must state explicitly the nature of the disability and why the desired school will be more beneficial to the student's health.
- b) Length of Assignment: Determined by the executive director of educational programs.

2) Administrative Recommendation

- a) A building administrator or the executive director of educational programs may recommend the initiate a special assignment when there are substantial educational reasons to indicate that a change in schools may be in the best interest of the pupil. This includes matters of personal safety and/or emotional well-being.
- b) Length of Assignment: For the current school year.

3) Change of Residence

- a) When a change of residence within USD 305 occurs, students shall normally make an immediate transfer to the school serving the area of the new residence. However, the student may complete the semester and/or school year in the school he/she was attending at the time of residence change through the completion of the Application of Special Assignment.
- b) Length of Assignment: Determined by the executive director of educational programs.

Additional conditions for special assignments include the following:

- a) Transportation is the responsibility of the legal guardian(s) or the student.
- b) The special assignment can be accommodated within the receiving building's capacity and established class and grade size.
- c) The special assignment does not place the district in violation of any rules, regulations and guidelines of state and federal agencies.
- d) USD 305 and the Kansas State High School Activities Association rules and regulations for interscholastic competition and activities are preserved.

47	JBCD Assig	gnment of Students to Attendance Centers (See JBC) JBCD-2
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49	The b	poard reserves the right to cancel a special assignment at any time. Reasons include but
50	are not limite	ed to
51		a) disruption of the school environment or violation of school rules,
52		b) falsification of place of residence, or
53		c) overcrowding of classrooms at the receiving school.
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55	Approved:	January 20, 1982
56	Revised:	August 1, 1990
57	Revised:	September 4, 1991
58	Revised:	October 20, 1999
59	Revised:	March 14, 2000
60	Revised:	June 12, 2001
61	Revised:	June 14, 2011
62	Revised:	October 13, 2020

JBD Absences and Excuses (See IHEA, JDD and JBE) JBD

When a student is absent from school, an attempt shall be made to contact the parent or guardian to determine the reason for the absence. The principal has been designated to determine the acceptability and validity of excuses presented by the parent(s) or the student.

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7 Approved: June 12, 2001 8 Revised: June 14, 2011 9 Reviewed: November 10, 2015

10 Reviewed:

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JBD-R Absences and Excuses

June 6, 2023

JBD-R

Procedures for notifying parents on the day of a student's absence shall be published in the student handbook.

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Excused Absences

Excused absences are defined as personal illness, family illness, death in family or of friends, doctor or dental appointments, court proceedings, religious observances, school activities and other necessary absences as approved by the principal.

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<u>Unexcused Absences</u>

Absences for any portion of the school day are marked as unexcused when a parent/guardian does not communicate with the school in regards to their child being absent from school, or the reason is deemed inexcusable by the building principal.

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Make-Up Work

It is the teacher's responsibility to provide and the student's responsibility to obtain make-up assignments following an excused or unexcused absence. For secondary students, all work for unexcused absences will be graded and reduced 20%.

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32 Approved: June 12, 2001 33 Revised: June 14, 2011 34 Reviewed: November 10, 2015

35 Revised: June 6, 2023

JBE <u>Truancy</u> JBE

(See AEB, IDCE, JBD and JQ)

Unless reporting would violate the terms of any memorandum of understanding between the district and the authority to which reports would be made, the superintendent shall report students who are inexcusably absent from school to the appropriate authority.

 Truancy is defined as any three consecutive unexcused absences, any five unexcused absences in a semester, or seven unexcused absences in a school year, whichever comes first. Truancy shall not apply to students who have attained a high school diploma, a general educational development credential, or a high school equivalency credential. Exceptions also exist for students attending the Kansas academy of mathematics and science and for students who are part of a recognized church or religious denomination objecting to a regular public high school education under circumstances specified in state law.

For truancy purposes, being enrolled and continuously attending a public school; a private, denominational, or parochial school taught by a competent instructor for a period of time which is substantially equivalent to the period of time public school is maintained in the school district in which the private, denominational, or parochial school is located; or a combination of attendance in both a public school and a private, denominational, or parochial school may satisfy compulsory attendance requirements. School year means the period from July 1 to June 30. Students who are absent without a valid excuse for a significant part of any school day shall be given an unexcused absence for truancy accounting purposes considered truant.

Prior to reporting to either the Department for Children and Families (if the student is under 13) or the county or district attorney (if the student is 13 or more years of age but less than 18 years of age), a letter shall be sent to the student's parent(s) or guardian notifying them that the student's failure to attend school without a valid excuse shall result in the student being reported truant.

Waiver of Compulsory Attendance Requirements

 Students 16 or 17 years of age may be exempt from compulsory attendance regulations if:

• the student is regularly enrolled in and attending a program recognized by the board

as an approved alternative educational program;
the parent(s) or person acting as parent provides written consent to allow the student to be exempt from the compulsory attendance requirement and the student and the student's parent or person acting as parent attend the counseling session required by law and signs the appropriate consent and waiver form;

• the student is not subject to truancy law in accordance with law or this policy;

 • the child is regularly enrolled and continuously attending school as required by law and is concurrently enrolled in a postsecondary educational institution; or

 • the student is exempt from compulsory attendance requirements pursuant to a court order.

Involvement of Law Enforcement

Law enforcement officers may return truant children to the school where the child is

47 **JBE** JBE-2 **Truancy** 48 (See AEB, IDCE, JBD and JQ) 49 50 enrolled, to the child's parent or guardian, or to another location designated by the board to 51 address truancy issues. 52 53 Reporting to Parents 54 If a truant child is returned to school by a law enforcement official, the principal shall 55 notify the parent/guardian. 56 57 **Dual Enrollment Students** 58 Eligible students who are enrolled in a board-approved dual enrollment program shall not 59 be considered truant for the hours during the school day they attend classes at a regent's 60 university, community college, technical college, vocational educational school, or Washburn 61 University. 62 63 Approved: June 12, 2001 64 Revised: May 27, 2003 Revised: January 25, 2005 65 66 Revised: October 24, 2006 June 14, 2011 67 Revised: November 13, 2012 68 Revised: 69 Revised: November 8, 2016 70 July 12, 2022 Revised:

71

Revised:

February 14, 2023

1	JBH Rel	ease of a Student During the School Day	JBH
2		(See EBB and EBBD)	
3			
4	Bui	lding principals shall only release a student during the school	day upon receiving a
5	written or v	rerbal request from the student's lawful parent or person acting	as a parent.
6			-
7	Bef	ore releasing a student during the school day, the building prin	cipal shall be
8	responsible	for verifying the identity of the person seeking release of the	student.
9	-		
10	If tl	ne principal is not satisfied with the identification provided by	the person seeking
11	release of a	student or if the safety of student(s), staff member(s) or other	s would be endangered
12	by orchestr	ating the student's release from school, the student's release m	ay be refused.
13			
14	Stu	dents shall not be allowed to run personal errands for school en	nployees off school
15	premises d	aring the school day.	
16			
17	Approved:	March 15, 1989	
18	Reviewed:	September 4, 1991	
19	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
20	Reviewed:	June 14, 2011	
21	Reviewed:	June 6, 2023	
22	Revised:	March 5, 2024	

JCAB Searches of Property

JCAB

Principals are authorized to search property if there is reasonable suspicion that district policies, rules or directives are being violated. In addition all lockers shall be subject to random searches without prior notice or reasonable suspicion. All searches by the principal shall be carried out in the presence of another adult witness.

Approved: September 4, 1991
Revised: January 9, 1996
Revised: June 12, 2001
Revised: June 14, 2011
Revised: November 10, 2015

JCAB-R Searches of Property

JCAB-R

Search of Lockers

Lockers in the district schools shall be under supervision of the principal. Students shall have no expectation of privacy in any school locker.

The combinations and/or keys to all locker locks shall be in the possession of the principal and stored in a place designed to guard against unauthorized access or use. The principal may search any locker at any time without notice. Students shall not place locks other than those approved by the school on any locker.

Searches of Property

Any person other than the principal who wishes to search a student's locker or property shall report to the principal before proceeding. In no event shall any person be permitted to search a student's locker or property without the principal's consent unless the person has a valid search warrant.

If a law enforcement officer desiring to search a student's locker or property has a search warrant, the principal shall permit the search which shall be made in the presence of the principal.

Prohibited items found during the search shall remain in the custody of either the building principal or the law enforcement officer. If any items are turned over to law enforcement officials the principal shall receive a receipt for the items.

Use of Trained Dogs to Search

At the request of the administration, law enforcement officers or licensed private agencies may use trained dogs on school premises to identify student property which may contain illegal or illicit materials and to determine whether materials are present which may threaten the general health, welfare, or safety of students and/or district employees. Trained dogs may be used to check lockers, hallways, classrooms, bathrooms, vehicles on school property, and other suspected locations. All searches will be made in the presence of two district employees including one

administrator. The use of trained dogs to search individuals is not permitted.

47	JCAB-R Sea	arches of Property	JCAB-R-2
48			
49	Approved:	September 4, 1991	
50	Revised:	January 9, 1996	
51	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
52	Revised:	June 14, 2011	
53	Revised:	November 10, 2015	

JCABB Searches of Students

JCABB

Principals are authorized to search students if there is reasonable suspicion that district policies, rules or directives are being violated. Strip searches shall not be conducted by school authorities. All searches by the principal shall be carried out in the presence of another adult witness. At least one of the adults in the room must be the same sex as the student being searched.

Approved: June 12, 2001 Revised: June 14, 2011 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

JCABB-R Searches of Students

JCABB-R

The student shall be told why a search is being conducted. The student shall be requested to empty items such as, but not limited to, pockets, purses, shoulder bags, book bags and briefcases. The principal shall attempt to call the student's parent/s and may call law enforcement. Items which the principal believes may be connected with illegal activity shall remain in the custody of the principal unless the items are turned over to law enforcement officials. If the student refuses to cooperate, the principal may take disciplinary action and/or seek assistance from law enforcement. (See JDD and JCAC)

If law enforcement assistance is present, further search of the student shall be with cooperation and assistance of law enforcement officials. The principal shall remain with the student and be present during any search of the student made by law enforcement officials on school property.

If the principal believes a student is in possession of an object which can jeopardize the health, welfare or safety of the student or others, the student shall be removed to a safe location. This determination may be based on any information received by the principal or any member of the faculty or staff.

Written documentation of each search shall be maintained by the principal.

35 Approved: June 12, 2001
 36 Revised: June 14, 2011
 37 Revised: November 8, 2016

JCAC Interrogation and Investigations

JCAC

(See EBC, GAAD, JCABB, JCEC and JHCAA)

Building administrators, school security officers, and/or others designated by the superintendent may conduct investigations and question students about violation of school rules, the student conduct code, and/or law. Unless otherwise provided herein, such investigators shall not be required to contact the student's parent, guardian, or representative prior to questioning and may request law enforcement, school resource officer(s), and/or school security officer(s) for assistance in conducting the investigations.

If there is a reason to believe a violation of a criminal law has been committed, the building administrator and/or the superintendent shall notify the appropriate law enforcement agency of criminal conduct as required by law and may request further investigation of the alleged violation.

 When a school resource officer or campus police officer initiates an investigation of a potential violation of criminal law by a student on the officer's own initiative and not at the behest of a building administrator or superintendent, such officer will notify the building administrator and will make a reasonable attempt to contact the student's parent, guardian, or representative prior to initiating questioning.

Coordination with Law Enforcement

School administrators and/or school security officers shall meet at least annually with local law enforcement officials to discuss the district's policy and rules regarding law enforcement contacts with the district and reporting of potential criminal acts at school or school activities.

Notification of Investigations Conducted by Law Enforcement Officers

When law enforcement officers initiate an investigation involving questioning of a student on a topic unrelated to a report of child abuse or neglect or to the identity of the student during school hours, the building administrator shall make a reasonable attempt to contact a parent, guardian, or representative of the student(s) prior to such questioning. Notification or attempted notification of a parent, guardian, or representative shall be documented by the administrator involved. If a student's parent, guardian, or representative is not present during such questioning of a student, the principal may be present unless otherwise specified in law or

board policy.

Child Abuse and Identity Investigations Conducted by Law Enforcement Officers

The administration shall cooperate with law enforcement officers who are conducting investigations of suspected child abuse or neglect or concerning the student's identity. For any investigation concerning known or suspected child abuse or neglect, school staff shall follow the procedures outlined in board policy GAAD instead of the requirements in this policy.

Law Enforcement Initiated Investigations at School

In cases not involving the investigation of known or suspected child abuse or neglect or involving the student's identity, law enforcement officers shall not be permitted to initiate and

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conduct investigations involving the questioning of students during school hours unless the student's parent or guardian has given the school permission to allow the questioning, a valid warrant has been presented to the building administrator for such purpose, or in demonstrated emergency situations. If a demonstrated emergency is found, the building administrator shall require identification of law enforcement officials and reasons for the interrogation or investigation of a student. If the building administrator is not satisfied with either the identification or the reason, the request shall not be granted. The building administrator shall attempt to notify the superintendent and the officer's superiors of the reasons for the refusal.

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Taking Students Into Custody

Students shall not be voluntarily released by school officials to law enforcement authorities unless the student has been placed under arrest or taken into custody by law enforcement, school resource officers, campus police officers, or Department for Children and Families (DCF) authorities pursuant to a child abuse investigation. Except as otherwise specified in this policy, a reasonable effort shall be made to notify the student's parent, guardian, or representative when students are removed from school for any reason. Parents shall not be notified by school officials when their child is taken into custody by DCF, school resource officers, campus police officers, and/or law enforcement as a result of allegations of abuse or neglect and there is reason to believe sharing the information may lead to harm of the child or others. Except as provide above and/or specified in a court order or arrest warrant, if a student is taken into custody by a law enforcement officer, school resource officer, or campus police officer, building administrators shall make a good-faith effort to contact the student's parent or guardian. Notification efforts shall be documented.

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When a student has been taken into custody or arrested on school premises without prior notification to the building administrator, the school staff present shall ask the law enforcement officer to notify the building administrator of the circumstances as quickly as possible and shall themselves contact the building administrator with any information they have regarding the child being taken into custody. School resource officers and campus police officers are expected to contact the building administrator as soon as practicable after taking a student into custody.

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Disturbance of School Environment

Law enforcement officers may be requested to assist in controlling disturbances at school and, if necessary, to take students or other persons into custody.

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Definition

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For the purposes of this policy, "campus police officer" is a school security officer employed by and designated by the board to aid and supplement law enforcement agencies of the state, city, and/or county in which the school district is located.

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For the purposes of this policy, students will not be deemed to be "taken into custody" when they are being questioned by a school resource officer, school security officer, and/or campus police officer about a violation of state law, county resolutions, city ordinances, board policy or regulation, and/or school rules on property owned, occupied, or operated by the school

93	JCAC Interrogation and Investigations		JCAC-3
94			
95	district or at the site of a function sponsored by the school district.		
96			
97	Approved:	October 16, 1991	
98	Revised:	December 9, 1997	
99	Revised:	April 27, 1999	
100	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
101	Revised:	January 25, 2005	
102	Reviewed:	November 13, 2007	
103	Revised:	June 14, 2011	
104	Revised:	October 9, 2018	
105	Revised:	February 26, 2019	
106	Revised:	October 11, 2022	

JCDA Behavior Code JCDA

The principal of each school shall develop such rules and regulations consistent with policies, rules and regulations of the board which may be necessary to govern the conduct of the students under his/her supervision. Such rules shall be reviewed by the board and adopted by reference. Provisions of this policy apply in any attendance center, at school-sponsored events, or on the school grounds.

Violation of any provision of this behavior code may result in suspension and/or expulsion. Students who are suspended or expelled under the terms of this policy will be afforded the due process rights contained in board policies and Kansas statutes, K.S.A. 72-6114, et. seq.

12 13 Approved: November 6, 1991 14 Revised: April 21, 1993 Revised: March 16, 1994 15 16 December 14, 1994 Revised: Revised: 17 May 9, 1995 18 October 24, 1995 Revised: 19 February 4, 1997 Revised: 20 Revised: October 28, 1997 21 Revised: May 12, 1998 22 February 23, 1999 Revised: 23 Revised: June 12, 2001

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JCDA-R Behavior Code

Reviewed:

Revised:

JCDA-R

Disruption of School

June 14, 2011

June 6, 2023

A student shall not use any conduct intentionally to cause the substantial and material disruption or obstruction of any lawful function of the school. Neither shall he/she urge other students to engage in such conduct for the purpose of causing a disruption or obstruction of any lawful function of the school.

While this list is not intended to be all-inclusive, the following acts--when done for the purpose of causing a disruption or obstruction of any lawful mission, process or function of the school--illustrate the kinds of offenses encompassed here: (1) occupying any school building, school grounds or part thereof with intent to deprive others of its use; (2) blocking the entrance or exit of any school building or corridor or room therein with intent to deprive others of lawful access to or from, or use of, the building or corridor or room; (3) setting fire to or damaging any school building or property; (4) firing, displaying or threatening use of firearms, explosives or other weapons on the school premises for any unlawful purpose; (5) preventing of or attempting to prevent by physical act the convening or continued functioning of any school, class or activity or of any lawful meeting or assembly on the school campus; (6) preventing students from attending a class or school activity; (7) except under the direct instruction of the principal, blocking normal pedestrian or vehicular traffic on a school campus; (8) continuously and intentionally making noise

U.S.D. #305

JCDA-R Behavior Code

JCDA-R-2

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or acting in any manner so as to interfere with the teacher's ability to conduct his/her classes; (9) appearing in the nude on the school grounds, in any attendance center or at any school-sponsored activity in the presence of members of the opposite sex; and (10) exhibiting and/or participating in gang-related activities.

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Theft, Damage to, or Destruction of School/Private Property

A student shall not intentionally cause or attempt to cause damage to school/private property or steal or attempt to steal school/private property. A student who intentionally causes damage to or steals a U.S.D. #305 employee's private property on or off school grounds or who intentionally causes damage to or steals U.S.D. #305 property may be subject to disciplinary action. Repeated damage or theft involving school/private property also shall be a basis for long-term suspension or expulsion from school.

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Acts of Behavior not Tolerated

Acts of behavior which interfere with the maintenance of good learning environment or which are antagonistic to the welfare of other students will not be tolerated. The specific acts of

which are antagonistic to the welfare of other students will not be tolerated. The specific acts of behavior applicable to students in respect to school activities or on school property which are

deemed to be grounds for suspension or expulsion include, but are not limited to, the following:

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Breaking of school rules repeatedly;

Bullying (See JDDC);

Assault (verbal or physical);

72 Extortion;

Failure to comply with reasonable request of all authorized personnel (willful disobedience);

Fighting.

Harassment (including, but not limited to sexual harassment); (See JGEC)

Intimidation;

77 Obscenity;

Open defiance;

Possession, use or peddling of alcoholic beverages;

80 Possession or use of weapons;

Possession, use or peddling of narcotics or drugs;

82 Profanity;

Smoking or use of tobacco (See JCDAA);

84 Stealing:

Threats (by word or deed);

Unruly conduct that disrupts school; and

Vandalism. (See EBCA)

87 88

89 Approved: November 6, 1991
 90 Revised: April 21, 1993
 91 Revised: March 16, 1994
 92 Revised: December 14, 1994
 93 Revised: May 9, 1995

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95	JCDA-R	Behavior Code	JCDA-R-3
96			
97	Revised:	October 24, 1995	
98	Revised:	February 4, 1997	
99	Revised:	October 28, 1997	
100	Revised:	May 12, 1998	
101	Revised:	February 23, 1999	
102	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
103	Revised:	January 22, 2008	
104	Revised:	June 14, 2011	
105	Reviewed	: June 6, 2023	

JCDAA

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(See GAOC & KMA)

4 5 The use, possession, or promotion of any tobacco products by any students is prohibited at all times in any district facility; in school vehicles; at school-sponsored activities, programs, or events; and on school owned or operated property.

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The following definitions apply to this policy.

"Tobacco-product" means any product that is made from or derived from tobacco or that contains nicotine which is intended for human consumption or is likely to be consumed whether smoked, heated, chewed, absorbed, dissolved, inhaled, or ingested by any other means, including, but limited to, electronic nicotine-delivery system (hereafter "ENDS"), cigarettes, cigars, pipe tobacco, chewing tobacco, snuff, or snus.

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17 18 "Tobacco product" also means any component or accessory used in the consumption of a tobacco product such as filters, rolling papers, pipes, charging devices, cartridges, and any substances used in ENDS, whether or not they contain nicotine. This definition does not include FDA-approved nicotine replacement therapies including transdermal nicotine patches, nicotine gum, and nicotine lozenges prescribed to the employee by a medical practitioner or obtained over the counter and used in accordance with label requirements.

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• "Electronic nicotine-delivery system" or "ENDS" means any device that delivers a vaporized solution (including nicotine, THC, or any other substance) by means of cartridges or other chemical-delivery systems. Such definition shall include, but may not be limited to, any electronic cigarette, vape pen, hookah pen, cigar, cigarillo, pipe, or personal vaporizer. ENDS are not FDA-approved nicotine replacement therapy devices.

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• "Promotion" includes, but is not limited to, product advertising via branded gear, bags, clothing, any personal articles, signs, structures, vehicles, flyers, or any other materials.

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29 Approved: November 6, 1991
 30 Revised: December 14, 1994
 31 Revised: June 8, 1999
 32 Revised: November 9, 1999

33 Revised: June 12, 2001 34 Reviewed: June 14, 2011

35 Revised: October 8, 2013
 36 Revised: November 8, 2016
 37 Revised: November 12, 2019

38 Revised: October 13, 2020

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JCDAA-R Tobacco-Free School Grounds for Students

JCDAA-R

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Student violations will result in disciplinary actions as outlined by board policy and/or student handbooks. Disciplinary actions may include parent/guardian notification, participation in a tobacco and ENDS education program, referral to a cessation program, and/or community service. Student violations may be reported to law enforcement if use or possession is deemed to be illegal.

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At the beginning of each school year, all middle school and high school students will be informed of policy JCDAA and rules for its enforcement. Parents will also be informed through

49 JCDAA-R Tobacco-Free School Grounds for Students JCDAA-R-2 50 51 announcements prior to the beginning of school and newsletters. The district will make tobacco use 52 cessation clinics available periodically during the school year. 53 54 Middle school and high school students who violate the policy will be subject to the 55 following: 56 57 First Offense: Three days in-school suspension will include successful completion 58 of a smoking cessation information packet. Failure to complete the 59 packet will be considered willful disobedience. Parents will be noti-60 fied in writing and parental assistance requested. 61 62 Second Offense: Three days out-of-school suspension, a conference with parents. 63 64 Third Offense: Five days out-of-school suspension and a hearing for a long-term 65 suspension. 66 67 Students who receive long-term suspension and return during the same school year will be 68 placed on probation. 69 70 November 6, 1991 Approved: 71 Revised: December 14, 1994 72 Revised: June 8, 1999 73 November 9, 1999 Revised: 74 Revised: June 12, 2001 June 14, 2011 75 Revised: October 8, 2013 76 Revised: 77 Revised: November 8, 2016 November 12, 2019 78 Reviewed: 79 Revised: October 13, 2020

JCDAB Portable Breath Screening Device

JCDAB

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Students shall not possess, sell, distribute, be under the influence, or consume alcoholic beverages (including cereal malt beverages), on school grounds, at any attendance center or at school-sponsored events as prohibited by the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act and USD 305 Board of Education Policy JCDA. Because of the potential harm that can result from the use of such beverages, trained school personnel are authorized to use certified breath analyzers in identifying usage.

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10 Approved: October 28, 1997 11 Revised: June 12, 2001 12 Revised: June 14, 2011 13 Revised: June 6, 2023

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JCDAB-R Portable Breath Screening Device

JCDAB-R

USD 305 student attending any school-sponsored activity, regardless of location, may be subject to an alcohol breath screening as follows:

All students may be given a screening prior to entering the activity.

Students may be selected randomly for a screening prior to entering the activity using random sampling techniques.

Students may be given a screening at any time if the school administration has a reasonable suspicion of alcohol consumption.

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USD 305 students also may be subject to an alcohol breath screening at any attendance center during regular school hours, or on school grounds at any time if the school administration has a reasonable suspicion of alcohol consumption.

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Consequences

Students who test positive

will be denied entrance to, or removed from, the activity, attendance center or school grounds,

will receive consequences according to USD 305 Policy, and

parents/guardian or designee will be contacted, informed of the positive test and required to remove the student.

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Students who refuse to take the test

will not be forced to take the test.

will be denied entrance to or removed from the activity, attendance center or school grounds,

may receive consequences according to USD 305 policy, and

parents/guardian or designee will be contacted and informed of the refusal.

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If necessary, i.e., reasonable suspicion of alcohol consumption exists, the parent/guardian or designee will be contacted and required to remove the student. If the school is unable to make

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47	JCDAB-R	Portable Breath Screening Device	JCDAB-R-2
48			
49	such contact,	or if after contact such person does not remove	e the student, or if the student is 18 or
50	older and has	not made such a designation, the school may	contact law enforcement.
51			
52	Approved:	October 28, 1997	
53	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
54	Revised:	June 14, 2011	
55	Reviewed:	June 6, 2023	

1 JCDB <u>Dress Code</u> **JCDB** 2 3 Neatness, decency, and good taste are guidelines of the district dress code. Students must 4 dress in a manner that is not obscene; offensive; or substantially or materially disruptive to the 5 learning environment. Apparel that is sexually suggestive; promotes violence, illegal activities, 6 drugs, alcohol, and/or tobacco; or is determined to be gang related is prohibited. 7 8 Student apparel and grooming must also meet requirements of any courses which are part 9 of the approved curriculum in which they are enrolled. 10 11 Traditional tribal regalia or objects of cultural significance shall not be prohibited at a

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Dress codes shall be published in the appropriate student handbooks.

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16 Approved: December 4, 1991
17 Revised: June 12, 2001
18 Revised: June 14, 2011
19 Revised: November 8, 2016
20 Revised: April 12, 2022

public event.

 Without prior administrator approval, a student shall not knowingly possess, handle or transmit any object that can reasonably be considered a weapon at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event. This shall include any weapon, any item being used as a weapon or destructive device, or any facsimile of a weapon.

Weapons and Destructive Devices

As used in this policy, the term "weapon" and/or destructive device shall include, but shall not be limited to

projectile by the action of an explosive;

any weapon which will or is designed to or may readily be converted to expel a

• the frame or receiver of any weapon described in the preceding example;

• any firearm muffler or firearm silencer;

• any explosive, incendiary or poison gas, bomb, grenade, rocket having a propellant charge of more than four ounces, missile having an explosive or incendiary charge of more than 1/4 ounce, mine or similar device;

any weapon which will, or which may be readily converted to, expel a projectile by
the action of an explosive or other propellant and which has any barrel with a bore of
more than 1/2 inch in diameter; any combination of parts either designed or intended
for use in converting any device into a destructive device described in the two
immediately preceding examples, and from which a destructive device may be readily
assembled;

• any bludgeon, sand club, metal knuckles or throwing star;

any knife, commonly referred to as a switchblade, which has a blade that opens
automatically by hand pressure applied to a button, spring or other device in the
handle of the knife, or any knife having a blade that opens or falls or is ejected into
position by the force of gravity or by an outward, downward or centrifugal thrust or
movement;

• any electronic device designed to discharge immobilizing levels of electricity, commonly known as a stun gun.

Penalties for Weapons Violations

Possession of a weapon or destructive device defined above shall result in expulsion from school for a period of one calendar year, except that the superintendent may recommend this expulsion be modified on a case-by-case basis (see JDC). Possession of a weapon of a type not defined above, an item being used as a weapon or destructive device, or a facsimile of a weapon may result in suspension or expulsion. Expulsion hearings for weapons violations shall be conducted by the superintendent.

JCDBB Weapons (See JDD, EBC and KGD) JCDBB-2

Any student who uses an article that is not commonly used or designed to inflict bodily harm for the purpose of inflicting bodily harm or to cause a person to be placed in fear of bodily harm shall be subject to immediate suspension and possible expulsion.

Any student violating this policy shall be reported to the appropriate law enforcement agency(ies) and, if a juvenile, to the Secretary for the Department of Children and Families (DCF) or the Secretary of the Kansas Department of Corrections (KDOC).

Possession of an air gun at school, on school property, or at a school-supervised activity will not be prohibited for students participating in an air gun-related activity sponsored by an organization held at school or when in transit to or from such activities held off district property.

62	Approved:	June 12, 2001
63	Revised:	December 9, 2003
64	Revised:	January 25, 2005
65	Revised:	June 14, 2011
66	Revised:	November 10, 2015
67	Revised:	November 8, 2016

JCDC Gangs (See JHCAA)

JCDC

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District schools have a responsibility to maintain a school environment free of violence, intimidation, or other activities which threaten the safety and well-being of students and staff and interfere with the educational process. Therefore, anti-social and/or gang activities will not be tolerated, and the district bars all gangs, gang affiliations and gang-related activities (dress, symbols, or other attributes or implying gang membership) from school buildings, school buses, school activities, and school property.

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A "gang" is defined as any identifiable group or club which exists without the sponsorship or authorization of the school and which engages in anti-social or criminal activity which is disruptive of the school environment.

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School district employees have a responsibility to report to their immediate supervisor suspected gang members or gang-related activities. If an administrator verifies a student's involvement in gang activity, law enforcement agencies will be informed and the parent/guardian will be notified.

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Students violating this policy may be subject to appropriate disciplinary action including suspension and/or expulsion.

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22 May 12, 1998 Approved: Revised: 23 June 12, 2001 June 14, 2011 24 Revised: 25 June 6, 2023 Reviewed:

JCE Complaints of Discrimination

JCE

(See JDDC, JGEC, JGECA, KN and KNA)

Complaints About Discrimination

The district is committed to maintaining a working and learning environment free from discrimination, insult, intimidation, and harassment due to race, color, religion, sex, age, national origin, or disability.

Discrimination against any student on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, disability, or religion in the admission or access to, or treatment in the district's programs and activities is prohibited. The executive director of human resources/legal services, 1511 Gypsum, P.O. Box 797, Salina KS 67402-0797, compliance.coordinator@usd305.com, 785-309-4726 has been designated to coordinate compliance with nondiscrimination requirements contained in Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, and the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990.

 Any incident of discrimination, including acts of harassment, shall promptly be reported for investigation and corrective action by the building principal or district compliance coordinator. Any student or employee who engages in discriminatory conduct shall be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including termination from employment or expulsion from school.

Any perceived incident of discrimination in any form shall be promptly reported to the building principal, another administrator, the counselor, another certified staff member, or the district compliance coordinator for investigation and corrective action by the building or district compliance officer. Any school employee who receives a complaint of discrimination or harassment from a student shall inform the student of the employee's obligation to report the complaint and any proposed resolution of the complaint to the building principal. If the building principal is the alleged harasser, the report shall be made to the district compliance coordinator. Complaints alleging discriminatory and/or harassing conduct on the part of the superintendent shall be addressed to the board of education. Any general student complaint, not alleging an act of discrimination, shall be resolved under the district's general complaint procedures in policy KN.

Except as otherwise provided in this policy or board policies GAAC, JGEC, or KNA regarding complaints of discrimination on the basis of sex or regarding child nutrition programs, complaints about discrimination, including complaints of harassment, will be resolved through the following complaint procedures.

Informal Procedures

The building principal shall attempt to resolve complaints of discrimination or harassment in an informal manner at the building level. Any school employee who receives a complaint of such discrimination or harassment from a student, another employee, or any other individual shall inform the individual of the employee's obligation to report the complaint and any proposed resolution of the complaint to the building principal. The building principal shall discuss the complaint with the individual to determine if it can be resolved. If the matter is resolved to the satisfaction of the individual, the building principal shall document the nature of the complaint and the proposed resolution of the complaint and forward this record to the district compliance coordinator. Within 20 days after the complaint is resolved in this manner, the principal shall contact the complainant to determine if the resolution of the matter remains acceptable.

(See JDDC, JGEC, JGECA, KN and KNA)

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If the matter is not resolved to the satisfaction of the individual in the meeting with the principal, or if the individual does not believe the resolution remains acceptable, the individual may initiate a formal complaint.

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Formal Complaint Procedures

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- A formal complaint shall be filed in writing and contain the name and address of the person filing the complaint. The complaint shall briefly describe the alleged violation. If an individual does not wish to file a written complaint, and the matter has not been adequately resolved through the informal procedures described herein, the building principal may initiate the complaint. Forms for filing written complaints are available in each school building office and the central office.
- A complaint should be filed as soon as possible after the conduct occurs but not later than 180 days after the complainant becomes aware of the alleged violation, unless the conduct forming the basis for the complaint is ongoing.
- If appropriate, an investigation shall follow the filing of the complaint. If the complaint is against the superintendent, the board may appoint an investigating officer. In other instances, the investigation shall be conducted by the building principal, the compliance coordinator, or another individual appointed by the board or the superintendent. The investigation shall be informal but thorough. The complainant and the respondent will be afforded an opportunity to submit written or oral evidence relevant to the complaint and to provide names of potential witnesses who may have useful information.
- A written determination of the complaint's validity and a description of the resolution shall be issued by the investigator, and a copy forwarded to the complainant and the respondent within 30 days after the filing of the complaint. If the investigator anticipates a determination will not be issued within 30 days after the filing of the complaint, the investigator shall provide written notification to the parties including an anticipated deadline for completion. In no event, shall the issuance of the written determination be delayed longer than 10 days from the conclusion of the investigation.
 - o If the investigation results in a recommendation that a student be suspended or expelled, procedures outlined in board policy and state law governing student suspension and expulsion will be followed.
 - o If the investigation results in a recommendation that an employee be suspended without pay or terminated, procedures outlined in board policy, the negotiated agreement (as applicable), and state law will be followed.
- Records relating to complaints filed and their resolution shall be forwarded to and maintained in a confidential manner by the district compliance coordinator.

Formal Complaint Appeal

- The complainant or respondent may appeal the determination of the complaint.
- Appeals shall be heard by the district compliance coordinator, a hearing officer appointed by the board or the superintendent, or by the board itself.
- The request to appeal the resolution shall be made within 20 days after the date of the written determination of the complaint at the lower level.
- The appeal officer shall review the evidence gathered by the investigator at the lower level and the investigator's report and shall afford the complainant and the respondent an

97 **JCE Complaints of Discrimination** JCE-3 98 (See JDDC, JGEC, JGECA, KN, and KNA) 99 100 opportunity to submit further evidence, orally or in writing, within 10 days after the appeal is 101 filed. 102 • The appeal officer will issue a written determination of the complaint's validity on appeal 103 and a description of its resolution within 30 days after the appeal is filed. 104 105 The district prohibits retaliation or discrimination against any person for opposing 106 discrimination, including harassment; for participating in the complaint process; or making a complaint, 107 testifying, assisting, or participating in any investigation proceedings, or hearing. 108 109 Use of this complaint procedure is not a prerequisite to the pursuit of any other remedies 110 including the right to file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of 111 Education or the Kansas Human Rights Commission. 112 113 June 12, 2001 Approved: 114 Revised: June 14, 2011 115 Reviewed: March 13, 2012 116 Reviewed: November 10, 2015

117

Revised:

February 14, 2023

JCEC Demonstrations and Strikes

JCEC

Student demonstrations on school property shall be conducted in an orderly and non-disruptive manner. Demonstrations may be terminated at any time by the principal or the superintendent. (See JCAC)

Strikes by students are prohibited. A strike shall mean the concerted effort by two or more students in any of the following activities: refusal to go to class, refusal to leave a class; refusal to obey an order of a teacher, principal or other person having authority to give the order which is being refused; and refusal to leave a school building, area, or grounds.

12 Approved: December 4. 1991
13 Revised: June 12, 2001
14 Revised: June 14, 2011
15 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

1	JDA Corpo	oral Punishment	JDA
2 3	Corpo	ral punishment shall not be permitted.	
4	o orp	p	
5	Approved:	July 2, 1986	
6	Revised:	December 4, 1991	
7	Revised:	June 12, 2001	
8	Reviewed:	June 14, 2011	
9	Reviewed:	June 6, 2023	

JDB Detention

Detention periods may be established by building principals and administered according to rules approved by the board.

Approved: December 4, 1991
Revised: June 12, 2001

8 Reviewed: June 14, 2011 9 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

JDC Probation (See JCDBB and JDD)

JDC

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Punishment, suspension or expulsion may be deferred by the appropriate administrator. The student involved may be placed on probation for a set period of time. The punishment, suspension or expulsion shall remain deferred so long as the student meets the conditions of the probation. If a student is placed on probation, written notification shall be sent to the student's parent or guardian. Decisions concerning students found to be in violation of their probation shall be handled by the building administrator.

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11 12 A student is placed on probation shall be given a written list of the terms and conditions of the probation. The student shall sign a statement that the terms and conditions have been explained, the student understands the conditions, the student agrees to abide by the conditions and failure to abide by the conditions may be reasons to reinstate the original punishment.

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15 Approved: December 4, 1991 16 Revised: December 14, 1994 17 Revised: June 12, 2001 18 Revised: June 14, 2011 19 Reviewed: November 10, 2015

JDD Suspension and Expulsion Procedures

JDD

(See AEB, EBC, IHEA, JBD, JCDBB, JDC, JDCA, JDBB, JDDC and JHCAA)

Except as limited by Section 504 or the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act ("IDEA"), a student may be suspended or expelled, for reasons set forth in Kansas law. Any student who is suspended for a period of more than 10 days or expelled shall receive a copy of the current suspension and expulsion law and this policy. Suspension/expulsion hearings shall be conducted by the superintendent or other certificated employee, or committee of certificated employees of the school in which the pupil is enrolled, or by any other hearing officer appointed by the board.

Reasons for Suspension or Expulsion

Students may be suspended or expelled for one or more of the following reasons:

- willful violation of any published, adopted student conduct regulation;
- conduct which substantially disrupts, impedes, or interferes with school operation;
- conduct which endangers the safety or substantially impinges on or invades the rights of others;
- conduct which constitutes the commission of a felony;
- conduct at school, on school property, or at a school supervised activity which constitutes the commission of a misdemeanor;
- disobedience of an order of a school authority if the disobedience results in disorder, disruption, or interference with school operation; and
- possession of a weapon at school, on school property, or at a school-sponsored event.

Short-Term Suspension

Except in an emergency, a short-term suspension (not exceeding 10 school days) must be preceded by oral or written notice of the charges to the student and an informal hearing. If a hearing is not held prior to the suspension, an informal hearing shall be provided no later than 72 hours after imposition of a short-term suspension.

Written notice of any short-term suspension shall be delivered to the student's parent or guardian within 24 hours after the suspension has been imposed. Short-term suspension hearings may be conducted by any person designated in policy as having the authority to suspend.

At the informal suspension hearing, the student shall have the right to be present and to be notified of the charges and the basis for the accusation. The student shall have the right to make statements in his/her defense after receiving notice of the charges.

Long-Term Suspension or Expulsion

Before a student is subject to long-term suspension (not to exceed 90 school days) or expulsion (not to exceed 186 school days or one calendar year for certain weapon and/or destructive device violations), a hearing shall be conducted by a hearing officer who has been authorized by the board. Formal hearings shall be conducted according to procedures outlined in current Kansas law, and:

- the student and parents/guardians shall be given written notice of the time, date, and place of the hearing;
- the notice shall include copies of the suspension/expulsion law and appropriate board policies, regulations, and handbooks;
- the hearing may be conducted by a certificated employee or committee of certified employees authorized by the board, the chief administrative officer, or other certified

If the suspension or expulsion is not related to a weapons violation, the principal may

If the expulsion is related to a weapons violation, the superintendent may establish

appropriate requirements relating to the student's future behavior at school and may

place the student on probation if the student is allowed to return. (See EBC, JCDBB,

During the time a student is suspended or expelled from school, the student may not be

on school property or in any school building without the permission of the principal or

A student over the age of 18 or the parents or guardians of a student who is suspended for more

When a suspension is imposed during the school day, the student shall not be removed from

The days a student is suspended or expelled are not subject to the compulsory

attend any school activity as a spectator, participant, or observer.

than 10 days or expelled from school may appeal to the board within 10 calendar days of receiving

school until a parent or guardian has been notified. If a parent or guardian cannot be notified during

establish appropriate requirements relating to the student's future behavior at school and

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Student Rights During a Long-Term Suspension/Expulsion Hearing The student shall have the right

regular school hours, the student shall remain at school until the regular dismissal time.

may place the student on probation. (See JDC)

• to counsel of his/her own choice.

can return to school.

and JDC)

written notice of the hearing results.

attendance law.

to have a parent or guardian present,

U.S.D. #305

98 JDD **Suspension and Expulsion Procedures** JDD-3 99 (See AEB, EBC, IHEA, JBD, JCDBB, JDC, JDCA, JDBB, JDDC and JHCAA) 100 101 to hear or ready a full report of testimony of witnesses, 102 to confront and cross-examine witnesses who appear in person at the hearing, 103 to present his or her own witnesses, 104 to testify in his or her own behalf and to give reasons for his or her conduct, 105 to have an orderly hearing, and 106 to receive a fair and impartial decision based on substantial evidence. 107 108 Appeal to the Board 109 The following conditions shall apply if a student who is age 18 or older or the student's parent 110 or guardian files a written appeal of a suspension or expulsion: 111 written notice of the appeal shall be filed with the clerk within 10 calendar days of receiving the results of the hearing; 112 113 the board or hearing officer appointed by the board shall hear the appeal within 20 calendar days after the notice of appeal is filed; 114 115 • the student and the student's parent or guardian shall be notified in writing of the time and 116 place of the appeal at least five calendar days before the hearing; • the hearing shall be conducted as a formal hearing using rules similar to those noted earlier 117 118 for expulsion hearings; 119 • the board shall record the hearing; and the board shall render a final decision no later than the next regularly scheduled board 120 121 meeting after the conclusion of the appeal hearing. 122 123 Approved: December 4, 1991 Revised: April 11, 1995 124 125 Revised: June 12, 2001 126 Revised: October 24, 2006 127 Revised: June 14, 2011 128 October 14, 2014 Revised: 129 November 10, 2015 Reviewed: 130 Revised: November 8, 2016 131 August 10, 2021 Revised:

132

Revised:

February 14, 2023

JDDA Drug Free Schools

JDDA

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45 Approved: June 12, 2001 46 Revised: May 27, 2003

Maintaining drug free schools is important in establishing an appropriate learning environment for the district's students. The manufacture, possession, use, sale or distribution of illicit drugs, alcohol, controlled substances, or facsimiles thereof by students on or in district property or as a part of any district activity is prohibited. The use or possession of any substance that has a mind-altering effect is prohibited, excluding a prescription only medication prescribed by a physician or over the counter medications which are being taken according to label directions for legitimate ailment.

Narcotics, Alcohol Beverages including Cereal Malt Beverages, and Intoxicant Drugs, Penalties Thereon

A student shall not possess, sell, use, distribute, or be under the influence of any narcotic drug, hallucinogenic drug, amphetamine, barbiturate, marijuana, any controlled substance, inhalants, alcoholic beverage or intoxicant of any kind, or any other prohibited product not designed for ingestion that causes a mind-altering effect. (See JCDAA for Use of Tobacco Products). Use of a drug authorized by a medical prescription from a registered physician, when used as prescribed, shall not be considered a violation of this rule. This provision of this policy is required by the 1989 amendments to the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act, P.L. 102-226, 103 St. 1928.

A student who is found to be in possession of or selling any prohibited substance will be detained immediately with the evidence. A school administrator will contact the police department and the student's parents or guardian. A short term suspension (5 school days) will be imposed and a formal hearing will be scheduled. The student may be subject to expulsion. In the event a long-term suspension is imposed, the student may be referred to an alternative setting provided by U.S.D. #305. Prior to re-admission to the school, the student will be referred for a substance abuse evaluation to an agency licensed for same by the State of Kansas and located in the City of Salina.

A student found to have consumed any prohibited substance will be detained. A school administrator will contact the police department and the student's parents or guardian. A short term suspension (5 school days) will be imposed and a formal hearing will be scheduled and the student may be subject to expulsion. The student will be referred for a substance abuse evaluation to an agency licensed for same by the State of Kansas and located in the City of Salina, and this evaluation will be a part of the student's re-admission to school.

Failure to complete the substance abuse evaluation as scheduled will result in a hearing for an expulsion.

A list of available programs along with names and addresses of contact persons for the program is on file with the board clerk. Parents or student should contact the directors of the program to determine the cost and length of the program. A copy of this provision of this policy will be provided to all students, and the parents of all students. Parents of all students will be notified that compliance with this policy is mandatory.

JDDA <u>Drug Free Schools</u>

JDDA-2

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49 Revised: March 29, 2011 50 Revised: November 13, 2012 51 Reviewed: October 9, 2018

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JDDA-R Drug Free Schools

JDDA-R

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Student Conduct

As a condition of continued enrollment in the district, students shall abide by the terms of this policy.

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61 62 Students shall not manufacture, distribute, dispense, possess or use illicit drugs, controlled substances, inhalants or alcoholic beverages or facsimiles thereof on, while in or using school district property, or at any district activity. Any student violating the terms of this policy will be reported to the appropriate law enforcement officials, and will be subject to punishment up to and including expulsion.

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Students who are suspended or expelled under the terms of this policy will be afforded the due process rights contained in board policies and Kansas statutes, K.S.A. 72-6114, et seq. Nothing in this policy is intended to diminish the ability of the district to take other disciplinary action against the student in accordance with other policies governing student discipline. Drug and alcohol counseling and rehabilitation programs are available for district students. If a student agrees to enter and complete a drug education or rehabilitation program, the cost of such program will be borne by the student and his or her parents.

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A list of available programs along with names and addresses of contact persons for the program is on file with the board clerk. Parents or students should contact the directors of the programs to determine the cost and length of the program.

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A copy of this policy will be provided to all students and the parents of all students. Parents of all students will be notified that compliance with this policy is mandatory.

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80 Approved: June 12, 2001 81 Revised: May 27, 2003 82 Revised: March 29, 2011 83 Revised: November 13, 2012 84 Revised: October 9, 2018

1	JDDAA Student Misuse of Medication	JDDAA
2	(See JDDA, JGFGB, JGFGBA and LDD)	
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4	Unless otherwise provided herein, students found to be self-administering	g their own
5	medication at a dosage or rate exceeding product label instructions; distributing	over-the-counter
6	or prescription medications to other students; or using or possessing another pers	son's over-the-
7	counter or prescription medication will be subject to disciplinary action, up to an	d including
8	suspension and expulsion from school.	
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10	Notwithstanding the misuses of medication outlined in this policy, based	on Kansas law
11	and board policy the administration of an opioid antagonist to a person believed	to be
12	experiencing an opioid overdose is not a violation of this policy.	
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14	Approved: March 5, 2024	

U.S.D. #305

JDDB Reporting Crimes to Law Enforcement (See JDD and EBC) JDDB

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Unless reporting would violate the terms of any memorandum of understanding between the district and local law enforcement, whenever a student engages in conduct which constitutes the commission of any misdemeanor or felony at school, on school property, or at a school-supervised activity and/or has been found

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in possession of a weapon,

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• in possession of a controlled substance or illegal drug, or

9 10 • to have engaged in behavior at school which has resulted in or was substantially likely to have resulted in serious bodily injury to others,

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the principal shall report such act to the appropriate law enforcement agency.

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- 14 Approved: June 12, 2001
- 15 Reviewed: December 9, 2003
- 16 Revised: November 13, 2007
- 17 Revised: June 14, 2011
- 18 Revised: November 8, 2016

JDDC Bullying JDDC

(See GAAB, JCE, JGEC, JGECA, JDD and EBC)

The board prohibits acts of bullying in any form, including cyberbullying, on or with district property, in district vehicles or at district-sponsored activities or events. The board believes that a safe, healthy and supportive environment during all school-related functions is necessary for students to learn and achieve high academic standards. Bullying, like other disruptive or violent behaviors, is conduct that interferes with both a student's ability to learn and the district's ability to educate students. All Salina USD 305 staff members, students, parents and volunteers are expected to treat others with dignity, civility and respect and to refuse to tolerate bullying in order to provide positive examples for acceptable student behavior.

Bullying is defined as any intentional gesture or any intentional written, verbal or physical act or threat by any student, staff member or parent towards a student or towards a staff member which is sufficiently severe, persistent or pervasive to create an intimidating, threatening or abusive educational environment that a reasonable person, under the circumstances, knows or should know will have the effect of

- harming a student or staff member, whether physically or mentally,
- damaging a student's or staff member's property,
- placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of harm to the student or staff member, or
- placing a student or staff member in reasonable fear of damage to the student's or staff member's property.

"Cyberbullying" is defined as bullying by use of any electronic communication device through means, including, but not limited to, email, instant messaging, text messages, blogs, mobile phones, pagers, online games and websites.

"District vehicle" means any school bus, school van, other school vehicle and private vehicle used to transport students or staff members to and from school or any school-sponsored activity or event.

The board expects students to conduct themselves in a manner in keeping with their levels of development, maturity, and demonstrated capabilities with a proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, school staff and volunteers.

The board believes the standards for appropriate student behavior must be established cooperatively with input from students, parents/guardians, staff and the community. These standards must encourage the development of student self-discipline in an atmosphere of respect for self and others and respect for district and community property.

The board believes that the best discipline is acceptance of personal responsibility and is self-imposed. It is the responsibility of staff to use disciplinary situations as opportunities for helping students learn to assume responsibility and to learn from the consequences of their behavior. Staff members who interact with students shall apply best practices designed to *prevent*

JDDC Bullying JDDC-2

discipline problems and encourage students' abilities to develop self-discipline.

The district prohibits both active and passive bystander support for acts of bullying. The staff should encourage students to support students who walk away from these acts when this would defuse the situation, constructively attempt to stop them, or report them to the designated authority.

The board requires school administrators to develop and implement procedures ensuring that individualized attention be given to both perpetrators and victims of bullying, when incidents occur. It is important not to target either bully or victim for criticism, but rather to make sure that all the factors contributing to the bullying are recognized and understood.

Complaint Procedures

It is the responsibility of all students, staff members and volunteers to report acts of bullying. All reports of bullying will be taken seriously. Staff members receiving the reports will

record the details as reported. The school staff or administrator will support students, coworkers and volunteers making such reports and protect against any potential retaliation. An investigation to determine the facts will take place immediately or as soon as practicable in order to verify the

validity and seriousness of the report.

Filing a report in good faith will not reflect upon the individual's status, nor will it affect his or her grades, employment or volunteer status with the district. The district shall keep the complaint confidential for both the accused and the accuser, until such time as the misconduct is confirmed and sanctions are imposed.

The board specifically prohibits any person from falsely accusing another as a means of bullying. The consequences and appropriate remedial action for a *student* found to have falsely accused another as a means of bullying may range from positive behavioral interventions up to and including suspension or expulsion. A *school employee* found to have falsely accused another as a means of bullying shall be disciplined in accordance with district policies, procedures, and agreements.

The board prohibits reprisal or retaliation against any person who reports an act of bullying. The consequences and appropriate remedial action for a person who engages in reprisal or retaliation shall be determined by the administrator after consideration of the nature, severity, and circumstances of the act.

Approved: January 22, 2008 Revised: October 28, 2008 Revised: June 14, 2011 Revised: October 8, 2013 Revised: November 8, 2016 Revised: July 12, 2022

JDE Assignments During Suspensions

JDE

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Students shall be responsible for their reading and written class assignments during out-of-school short-term suspension. All work to be turned in for credit must be given to the teacher no later than the first class period following the completion of the suspension. Arrangements for tests or examinations missed during out-of-school suspension will be made. If possible, credit will be allowed for make-up work on the same basis as for regular in-class performance. In the case that an assignment could only be satisfied by being present in the classroom, an alternative assignment will be provided.

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11 Approved: December 4, 1991 12 Revised: June 12, 2001 13 Revised: April 13, 2010 14 Revised: June 14, 2011 15 Revised: June 6, 2023

JF Reporting Academic Achievement JF

Periodic reports on the academic progress of the student shall be issued to the parents of all students. Teachers will give the parents a mid-quarter report concerning students making poor academic progress. Teachers are also encouraged to give parents positive progress reports.

Report cards and/or evaluation reports for each subject taken shall be issued to each student at the end of each specific grading period. Reasons for deficiencies and/or failures shall be given.

10 11 Approved: February 5, 1992 12 Revised: October 24, 1995 13 Revised: June 12, 2001 14 Revised: June 14, 2011 15 June 6, 2023 Reviewed:

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JF-R Reporting Academic Achievement

Report cards will normally be issued within five school days following the end of each nine weeks grading period or during parent-teacher conferences. The superintendent shall develop standard reporting forms for each grade level.

23 Approved: February 5, 1992
 24 Revised: October 24, 1995
 25 Revised: June 12, 2001
 26 Reviewed: June 14, 2011
 27 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

JF-R

JFB Acceleration, Promotion and Retention

JFB

Students will be expected to progress in a continuous growth pattern of academic achievement in harmony with normal intellectual, social and emotional development. The best interest of the student will be the guiding philosophy for determining acceleration, promotion, or retention.

The district recognizes that promotion, retention, and acceleration of students can be used as opportunities to provide for the best educational interests of students. These terms shall be defined as follows:

Definitions

- 1. Acceleration: Advancing a student more than one grade level.
- 2. Promotion: Advancing a student annually from one grade level to another.
- 3. Retention: Having a student remain at grade level for a second year.

Acceleration and retention shall be used advisedly when special circumstances warrant.

Acceleration, retention, or promotion may be recommended by certified staff and/or parents. When a recommendation for acceleration or retention is made, the principal shall convene a study committee made up of the student's parents(s)/guardian(s), teacher(s), and other appropriate persons to advise the principal on the merit of the recommendation. The principal shall approve or disapprove the recommendation following a review of the student's achievement in relation to the district's content standards, and the mental, social, physical, and emotional development of the child. When acceleration or retention of a student is being considered, school personnel must confer with the student's parent(s)/guardian(s) according to guidelines established by the executive director of school improvement.

The final decision in any case pertaining to promotion, retention, or assignment will rest with the appropriate principal.

32	Approved:	February 5, 1992
33	Revised:	April 9, 1996
34	Revised:	January 13, 1998
35	Revised:	June 12, 2001
36	Revised:	November 25, 2003
37	Revised:	June 8, 2004
38	Revised:	June 14, 2011
39	Revised:	November 8, 2016

JFC Graduation Exercises

JFC

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Graduation exercises are under the control and direction of the building principal. Student participation in graduation ceremonies is at the discretion of the building principal. All students who have completed the requirements for graduation may be allowed to participate unless the building principal, in his or her discretion, determines that participation should be denied.

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8 Approved: February 5, 1992 9 Revised: June 12, 2001 10 Reviewed: June 14, 2011 11 Revised: June 6, 2023

JFCA Early Graduation

JFCA

Early Graduation Guidelines

Students who complete all state and local graduation requirements may request permission to graduate early. Procedures to be completed by high school students to give notice about the intent to graduate early shall be publicized in the enrollment guide. Students who graduate early shall no longer be considered USD 305 students. However, students shall be invited to participate in the graduation exercises conducted at the end of the school year in which they receive their diploma.

Early Graduation Procedures

Students must submit an application by December 1 of their junior year and must have attended USD 305 the two semesters prior to the semester of application, unless a waiver is granted by the principal. The student and parent/guardian shall consult with the student's guidance counselor to develop a graduation plan, a copy of which they shall forward to the principal along with the student's written statement of reasons for the request and a letter of support from the parents/guardians. The principal shall approve or deny each request based on the circumstances of the individual student. The decision of the principal shall be final unless appealed to the board of education.

- 21 Approved: June 3, 1992
- 22 Reviewed: December 12, 1995
- 23 Revised: June 12, 2001
- 24 Revised: June 14, 2011
- 25 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

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The district will provide a safe and suitable environment conducive to the general health, safety and welfare of each student in school attendance and in school-sponsored activities.

The superintendent shall develop and enforce the necessary rules and regulations relating to student safety and welfare.

All rules and regulations relating to student safety and welfare are to be presented to the board for its action.

It shall be the responsibility of each principal to instruct the faculty to stress the importance of safety to the students periodically during the school year.

Local building safety rules and regulations will be explained to students and communicated to parents at the beginning of each school year and periodically thereafter by the principal or classroom teacher.

Those teachers who instruct in hazardous curriculum areas such as physical education, industrial technology or science laboratories will teach safety rules inherent in the particular subject matter. No student will be permitted to participate in the class until satisfactory knowledge of the safety rules and safety equipment are demonstrated to the teacher.

Inspection of Buildings and Grounds

The principal, together with his/her staff, will make periodic inspections of areas of the building and grounds which may be potential safety hazards. If any such hazards are found, the principal will order the hazard removed, corrected or marked in some appropriate way as a "dangerous area." (See JG) Appropriate safety signs, slogans or other safety items are to be posted on or in the near vicinity of potentially dangerous devices or machinery.

Students will be notified of such "dangerous areas." All hazards of "dangerous areas" will be reported in writing to the superintendent if the costs of repair exceed the building maintenance budget, and the principal will immediately submit a requisition to the superintendent asking for the appropriate funds to correct the situation. (See JG)

All equipment acquired by the district shall be inspected and/or tested for any defects immediately at the time of assembly and periodically thereafter by the appropriate administrator. Such defects, if found, shall be brought to the attention of the vendor for repair or replacement.

Every principal shall have the authority to correct any condition that imposes a threat to student health, safety or welfare without consulting with the superintendent if no costs are involved.

If the principal determines that the cost of correcting a potentially hazardous condition to student health, safety or welfare exceeds his/her allocated funds for building maintenance, the principal shall requisition from the superintendent the necessary funds or personnel to correct the

47	JG Stude	ent Safety and Welfare	JG-2
48 49	situation.		
50 51	Approved:	March 18, 1992	
52 53 54	Revised: Revised: Revised:	June 12, 2001 June 14, 2011 June 6, 2023	

JGA Student Insurance Program JGA

Parents or guardians shall be notified annually in writing that student insurance is not provided by the district. Medical expenses are the responsibility of the parents.

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6 Approved: March 18, 1992
7 Revised: June 12, 2001
8 Reviewed: June 14, 2011
9 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

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JGC Health Assessments and Physicals (See JGCB)

JGC

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Unless otherwise provided herein, all students up to the age of nine shall submit evidence they have undergone a health assessment prior to entering kindergarten or before enrolling in the district for the first time and upon entry to the 6^{th} and 9^{th} grades.

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The above requirement is not to serve as a barrier to immediate enrollment of students designated as homeless or foster children as required by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) and the McKinney-Vento Act as amended by ESSA. The district shall work with the Department for Children and Families, the school last attended, or other relevant agencies to obtain necessary enrollment documentation.

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All students engaged in activities covered by appropriate KSHSAA rules shall provide the building principal with proof of a physical examination that has been done after May 1st for the upcoming school year. (KSHSAA requires physicals done after May 1st for the upcoming school year.)

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18 March 18, 1992 Approved: 19 Revised: January 6, 1993 20 Revised: June 12, 2001 June 14, 2011 21 Revised: 22 November 8, 2016 Reviewed: 23 Revised: June 13, 2017

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JGC-R <u>Health Assessments and Physicals</u>

JGC-R

Principals shall work cooperatively with local, county and state health agencies to disseminate materials related to the availability of health assessments.

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30 March 18, 1992 Approved: Revised: 31 January 6, 1993 June 12, 2001 32 Revised: June 14, 2011 33 Reviewed: 34 Reviewed: November 8, 2016 35 June 13, 2017 Revised:

JGCA Local Health and Wellness

JGCA

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The board is committed to providing a school environment that promotes student health and wellness as part of the total learning experience for its students. To this end, the board shall promote and monitor a local health and wellness plan that includes methods to promote student health and wellness, prevent and reduce childhood obesity, and provide assurance that school meals and other food and beverages sold and otherwise made available on the school campus during the school day are consistent with applicable minimum federal standards.

The plan shall:

- include goals for providing proper student nutrition promotion and education, physical activity, and other school-based activities designed to promote student wellness which are based on evidence-based strategies and techniques;
- meet federal nutrition standards and guidelines for all foods and beverages provided to students in each school during the school day;
- ensure standards and nutrition guidelines for all foods and beverages sold to students during the school day at each district school are consistent with the requirements of the School Breakfast Program, the National School Lunch Program, and the competitive food standards established pursuant to the National School Lunch Program;
- provide students with opportunities to improve personal health and disease prevention;
- develop essential health skills necessary to maintain and enhance personal and community health behaviors;
- include goals for addressing student social and mental health needs;
- develop skills to prevent injury; and
- understand the effects and consequences of nicotine, alcohol, and drug use.

The superintendent shall be responsible for the implementation and oversight of this policy and plan to ensure each of the district's schools, programs, and curriculum is compliant with this policy, the plan, and existing law and regulations.

Each building principal shall annually report to the superintendent regarding compliance in his/her school. Staff members responsible for programs related to school health and wellness shall also report to the superintendent regarding the status of such programs. The superintendent shall then annually report to the board on the district's compliance with law, policy, and the district's plan related to school wellness.

Health and Wellness Committee

The board shall establish a health and wellness committee comprised of, but not necessarily limited to, at least one of each of the following: school board member, district administrator, district food service representative, student, parent/guardian, school health professional, physical education teacher, and member of the public.

The health and wellness committee shall serve as an advisory committee regarding student health issues and shall be responsible for developing, implementing, and periodically

JGCA Local Health and Wellness

JGCA-2

reviewing and updating a school health and wellness policy and plan that complies with law to recommend to the board for adoption.

The health and wellness committee shall review and consider evidence-based strategies and techniques in establishing goals for nutrition education and promotion, physical activity, and other school-based activities that promote student health and wellness as part of the policy and plan development and revision process.

The superintendent and the health and wellness committee shall conduct an assessment at least once every three years on the contents and implementation of this policy and plan as part of a continuous improvement process to strengthen them and ensure proper implementation. This triennial assessment shall be made available to the public in an accessible and easily understood manner and include

• the extent to which district schools are in compliance with law, policy, and its plan related to school health and wellness;

 • the extent to which this policy and plan compare to model local health and wellness policies; and

 • a description of the progress made by the district in attaining the goals of this policy.

At least once every three years, the district shall update or modify this policy and health and wellness plan based on the results of the most recent triennial assessment and/or as district and community needs and priorities change; health and wellness goals are met; new health science, information, and technologies emerge; or new federal or state guidance or standards are issued.

The district shall annually inform and update the public, including parents/guardians, students, and others in the community, about the contents, updates, and implementation of this policy and plan via the district website, student handbooks, newsletters, or other efficient communication methods. This annual notification shall include information on how to access the school health and wellness policy and plan; information about the most recent triennial assessment; information on how to participate in the development, implementation, and periodic review and update of the school health and wellness policy and plan; and a means of contacting health and wellness committee leadership.

Recordkeeping

The district shall retain records documenting compliance with the requirements of the school health and wellness policy, which shall include

 • the written school health and wellness policy and plan;

 documentation demonstrating that the district has informed the public, on an annual basis, about the contents of the school health and wellness policy and plan and any updates to these documents;

 • documentation of efforts to review and update the school health and wellness policy and plan, including who was involved in the review and methods used by the district to inform the public of their ability to participate in the review; and

93 **JGCA** Local Health and Wellness JGCA-3 94 95 • documentation demonstrating the most recent assessment on the implementation of the school health and wellness policy and plan and notification of the assessment 96 97 results to the public. 98 99 Approved: June 27, 2006 100 Reviewed: June 14, 2011 October 14, 2014 Reviewed: 101 102 Reviewed: November 8, 2016 103 Revised: December 12, 2017

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Revised:

May 11, 2021

JGCB <u>Inoculations</u> JGCB

Unless provided otherwise herein, all students enrolling in any district school shall provide the building principal with proof of immunization of certain diseases or furnish documents to satisfy statutory requirements. Booster shots mandated by the Secretary of the Department of Health and Environment are also required.

 Notice of this policy and the applicable state law shall be distributed to parents or guardians of current and prospective district students on or before May 15th of each school year. The superintendent shall issue a news release each August explaining the required inoculations and booster shots and listing sources for additional information and related standards issued by the National Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Parents may delegate in writing their authority to consent to immunizations.

Students who fail to provide the documentation required by law may be excluded from school by the superintendent until statutory requirements are satisfied. Notice of exclusion shall be given to the parents/guardians as prescribed by law. Students who are not immunized against a particular disease(s) may be excluded from school during any outbreak.

The above requirements are not to serve as barriers to immediate enrollment of students designated as homeless or foster children as required by the Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) and the McKinney-Vento Act as amended by ESSA. The district shall work with the Department for Children and Families, the school last attended, or other relevant agencies to obtain necessary enrollment documentation.

Each principal shall forward evidence of compliance with the inoculation law to other schools or school districts when requested by the school or by the student's parents/guardians and shall work cooperatively with local, county, and state health agencies to disseminate materials related to the availability of inoculations.

March 18, 1992 Approved: Revised: October 24, 1995 Revised: June 12, 2001 Revised: October 28, 2008 June 14, 2011 Reviewed: Revised: November 8, 2016 Revised: June 13, 2017

1 **JGCBA** Automated External Defibrillators **JGCBA** 2 3 The board approves the use of automated external defibrillators (AEDs) in district 4 schools and other facilities subject to the following: 5 6 a) AEDs will be located so that they can be retrieved and used as quickly as possible. 7 b) Signs will be placed where AEDs are located. 8 c) The Salina Fire/EMS Department will be notified in writing of the location of all 9 district AEDs. 10 d) Appropriate training will be given to USD 305 employees on the use of AEDs. e) The use of AEDs will not be restricted to district personnel, but may be used by any 11 12 qualified person as defined by statute. 13 f) AEDs will comply with current American Heart Association standards. 14 g) AEDs shall be properly maintained as required by law and used in accordance with recommended instructions. 15 16 17 Approved: January 26, 2010 Reviewed: June 14, 2011 18 19 Revised: November 8, 2016

JGCBB Administration of Emergency Opioid Antagonists

JGCBB

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Kansas law creates standards governing the use and administration of emergency opioid antagonists approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) to inhibit the effects of opioids and for the treatment of an opioid overdose. Any first responder or school nurse is authorized to possess, store, distribute, and administer emergency opioid antagonists as clinically indicated, provided that all personnel with access to emergency opioid antagonists are trained in proper protocol.

Similarly, Kansas law allows a patient or bystander (meaning a family member, friend, caregiver, or other person in a position to assist a person who the bystander believes to be experiencing an opioid overdose) to acquire and utilize emergency opioid antagonists.

Therefore, to prioritize student health and safety in schools, programs, and activities, the board authorizes the district to obtain, store, and administer naloxone, Narcan, and/or other opioid antagonists for emergency use in its schools. The school nurse or other properly trained staff member may administer such medication in emergency situations. Opioid antagonists may be available during the regularly scheduled school day. They may be available at other times at the discretion of the superintendent.

The board establishes the following rules governing the utilization and administration of emergency opioid antagonists, such as, but not necessarily limited to, naloxone and Narcan, by members of district staff.

Training

If obtaining the emergency opioid antagonist through a pharmacy, the providing pharmacy of the emergency opioid antagonist (hereafter "the product") shall provide written education and training materials to the individual to whom the product is dispensed. First Aid for Opioid Overdose must be obtained by each school nurse and other staff members designated by the superintendent to respond to potential opioid overdose situations. In addition, all district staff members with access to emergency opioid antagonists shall be trained, at a minimum, on the following:

- techniques to recognize signs of an opioid overdose;
- standards and procedures to store, distribute, and administer an emergency opioid antagonist;
- emergency follow-up procedures, including the requirement to summon emergency ambulance services either immediately before or immediately after administering an emergency opioid antagonist to a patient; and
- inventory requirements and reporting any administration of an emergency opioid antagonist to the school nurse or another healthcare provider.

District staff members personally acquiring such products for use as a patient or bystander shall inform the school nurse or the superintendent's designee so that they may be trained in proper protocol and included in the school or district's crisis response plan regarding potential opioid overdose.

JGCBB Administration of Emergency Opioid Antagonists

JGCBB-2

Procurement of the Product

The school nurse or other staff member(s) designated by the superintendent will be responsible for the procurement of the product.

Storage

The following storage protocols shall be followed:

- the product will be clearly marked and stored in an accessible place at the direction of the school nurse or the superintendent's designee;
- the product will be stored in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions to avoid extreme cold, heat, and direct sunlight;
- inspection of the product shall be conducted at least quarterly; and
- the individual responsible for the product's safekeeping shall check, document, and track the expiration date found on the box and replace the product once it has expired.

Use of the Product

In case of a suspected opioid overdose, the school nurse, designee, or other individual shall follow the protocols outlined in the training or product instructions.

Follow-Up

- After administration of the product, the school nurse, or other designated staff, will report appropriate information to emergency services, parents/guardians, and central office personnel, and, if determined necessary, the patient will be transported to a hospital.
- The school nurse or other designated staff will complete the designated incident report and file the report with the school nurse or district office, whichever is applicable.

Protection from Liability

Any patient, bystander, school nurse, a first responder, or technician operating under a first responder agency, who, in good faith and with reasonable care, receives and administers an emergency opioid antagonist pursuant to this policy to a person experiencing a suspected opioid overdose shall not, by an act or omission, be subject to civil liability or criminal prosecution, unless personal injury results from the gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct in the administration of the emergency opioid antagonist.

84 Approved: October 11, 2022
 85 Revised: August 8, 2023
 86 Revised: August 13, 2024

JGCC Communicable Diseases

Any student noted by a physician, the school nurse, or local health officer as having a

The board reserves the right to require a written statement from the student's physician or

If a student is absent from regular classes for more than three consecutive days or the

Decisions regarding the type of education and the setting for provision of educational

principal has been notified that a student has or is suspected of having a communicable disease,

the principal shall determine whether a release shall be obtained from the student's physician or

condition, the child's educational needs, and the expected type of interaction with others in the

educational setting. Final decisions will be made by school administration after receiving input

from the student's physician, public health personnel, the student's parent or guardian, and

services for a student with a communicable disease shall be based on the child's medical

communicable disease may be excluded from school for the duration of the illness. The student

student's physician, the local health officer, or after the expiration of any period of isolation or

will be readmitted to regular classes upon termination of the illness, as authorized by the

local health officer indicating that the student is free from all symptoms of the disease.

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quarantine.

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Revised:

March 18, 1992 June 12, 2001 June 28, 2011

local health department before the student reenters school.

personnel associated with the proposed care or educational setting.

November 8, 2016

May 11, 2021

JGCD Health Screening

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Vision, hearing, and dental screenings will be conducted in the district as part of the overall health services program. Such screenings will be administered in accordance with state law. When appropriate, other screenings deemed beneficial to students may be performed in the school health program.

When these screenings cannot be performed by district staff, the board authorizes the superintendent to identify healthcare service providers to provide them. Such healthcare service providers shall be required to enter into a contract with the district prior to providing any screenings or other services to students in the school setting.

Vision Screenings

Basic vision screenings shall be provided to students without charge according to the following schedule:

- annually for every child participating in IDEA Part B programs;
- at least once each school year for students in kindergarten and grades one, two, three, five, seven, and ten;
- within the first year of enrollment in the district; or
- upon request by the parent or guardian of a student enrolled in an accredited nonpublic school who resides in the school district.

These basic vision screenings shall be performed by a vision screener designated by the board, who shall follow current state vision screening guidelines for performing the screenings. The results of the screening and, if necessary, referral for an examination by an ophthalmologist or optometrist shall be reported to the parents or guardians of the student. Any referral shall not show a preference in favor of any particular ophthalmologist or optometrist to provide an additional examination.

While not part of the board-provided vision screening program, each student needing assistance in achieving mastery of basic reading, writing, and mathematics skills shall be encouraged to obtain an eye examination by an optometrist or ophthalmologist to determine if the student suffers from conditions impairing the ability to read. Expense for such an examination, if not reimbursed through Medicaid, private insurance, or any other governmental or private program, shall be the responsibility of the student's parent or guardian.

Hearing Screenings

Each year hearing screening procedures will be conducted for students in their first year of school attendance in the district. Such procedures will be provided for other students at a frequency of not less than once every three years unless otherwise specified by state law. Students known to have hearing difficulties and students referred by teachers, parents, and/or physicians will be screened regardless of grade level.

Under certain conditions, hearing screening services are provided for students residing within district boundaries who are enrolled in accredited non-public schools. These services are coordinated between the administration of the accredited nonpublic school and district

JGCD <u>Health Screenings</u>

JGCD-2

administration and require a request from the student's parent or guardian. Implementation of the program for nonpublic school students followed the same guidelines as for district students.

The results of the test and, if necessary, the desirability of examination by a qualified physician shall be reported to the parents or guardians of students screened.

Dental Screenings

 Free dental inspections will be provided to students annually, planned for by designated school staff, and conducted by appropriate dental care providers. Students presenting a certificate from a legally qualified dentist providing that a dental examination was completed in the three months prior to the school dental inspection need not be provided with an inspection.

A certificate of the result of a school dental inspection, together with suggestions of requirements for the curing of any defects found, shall be made by the dental care provider making such inspection. One copy of this certificate is to be furnished to the child examined, and another will be filed with the clerk of the board. No dental work other than the inspection and provision of the certificate shall be performed by the examining dental care provider without the consent of the parents or guardian of the child.

Selected Screenings

Other screening procedures may be deemed appropriate and beneficial to students. Designated staff will assist in the planning and implementation of other screening programs following standard procedures.

Screening results and referrals, when necessary, will be communicated to parents.

In accordance with state law, the parent or guardian of any child entering school for the first time shall be informed of the availability of sickle cell screening and the location of the nearest facility providing blood tests for sickle cell trait and sickle cell anemia.

Approved: July 12, 2022

JGD Student Psychological Services

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Various psychological services are available to students through the district, cooperative special education programs, the county and the state. Results of any such psychological service, testing program or consultation services will be kept in strict confidence by school authorities and shall be governed by JR through JRD.

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8 Approved: March 18, 1992 9 Revised: June 12, 2001 10 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 11 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

JGEC

(See GAAC, GAAD, GAF, JDDC, KN)

The board of education is committed to providing a positive and productive learning and working environment, free from discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual harassment. The district does not discriminate on the basis of sex in admissions, employment, or the educational programs or activities it operates and is prohibited by Title IX from engaging in such discrimination. Discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual harassment, will not be tolerated in the school district. Discrimination on the basis of sex of employees or students of the district in any district education program or activity is strictly prohibited.

Sexual harassment is unlawful discrimination on the basis of sex under Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. All forms of sexual harassment are prohibited at school, on school property, and at all school-sponsored activities, programs or events within the United States.

It shall be a violation for any employee to discourage a student from filing a complaint, or to fail to investigate or refer for investigation, any complaint lodged under the provisions of this policy.

Sexual harassment shall include conduct on the basis of sex involving one or more of the following: (1) a district employee conditioning the provision of an aid, benefit, or service of the district on an individual's participation in unwelcomed sexual conduct; (2) unwelcomed conduct determined by a reasonable person to be so severe, pervasive, and objectively offensive that it effectively denies a person equal access to the district's educational program or activity; or (3) sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence, or stalking.

Sexual harassment may result from verbal or physical conduct or written or graphic material. Sexual harassment may include, but is not limited to: verbal harassment or abuse of a sexual nature; pressure for sexual activity; repeated remarks to a person with sexual or demeaning implication; unwelcome touching; or suggesting or demanding sexual involvement accompanied by implied or explicit threats concerning a student's grades, participation in extracurricular activities, etc.

The district encourages all victims of sexual harassment and persons with knowledge of such harassment to report the harassment immediately. Complaints of sexual harassment will be promptly investigated and resolved. Any person may make a verbal or written report of sex discrimination by any means and at any time.

The executive director of human resources has been designated to coordinate compliance with nondiscrimination requirements contained in Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 regarding discrimination on the basis of sex, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. Information concerning the provisions of these Acts, and the rights provided thereunder, or about the application of Title IX to the district is available from the Title IX Coordinator:

JGEC Sexual Harassment

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51 52 Title IX Coordinator 1511 Gypsum P.O. Box 797 Salina, KS 67402-0797 compliance.coordinator@usd305.com 785-309-4726

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Inquires about the application of Title IX to the district may also be referred to the Assistant Secretary for Civil Rights at the U.S. Department of Education, Office of Civil Rights, 400 Maryland Avenue, SW, Washington D.C. 20202-1100, 800-421-3481, or at OCR@ed.gov, or both.

Response to Harassment Complaints

The district takes all reports of sexual harassment seriously and will respond meaningfully to every report of discrimination based on sex, including sexual harassment, of which the district has actual knowledge. Any students who believe that he or she has been subjected to sexual harassment should report the alleged harassment to the building principal, another administrator, the guidance counselor, the Title IX Coordinator, or another licensed staff member. All school employees receiving reports of sexual harassment from a student shall notify the Title IX Coordinator.

Definitions

The following definitions apply to the district in responding to complaints of sexual discrimination including sexual harassment as defined by Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination.

The "complainant" means an individual who is alleged to be a victim of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Dating violence" means violence committed by a person who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the length of the relationship, the type of relationship, and the frequency of interaction between the persons involved.

The "decision-maker" reviews all the evidence and prepares an impartial written responsibility determination as to whether the alleged conduct occurred and provides an opportunity for the parties and their representatives to prepare written questions to be answered by the other party. The decision-maker shall not be the Title IX Coordinator or the investigator.

"Domestic violence" includes crimes of violence committed by a person who is a current or former spouse, partner, person with whom the victim shares a child, or who is or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse or partner, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under Kansas or applicable federal law, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim having protection from such person's acts by Kansas or applicable federal law.

JGEC Sexual Harassment

JGEC-3

A "formal complaint" means a document filed by a complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment against a respondent and requesting that the district investigate the allegation of sexual harassment.

The "investigator" is the person who carries out the investigation after the formal complaint is filed and conducts interviews of the witnesses, collects and documents evidence, and drafts an investigative report.

A "respondent" is an individual who has been reported to be the perpetrator of conduct that could constitute sexual harassment.

"Sexual assault" means an offense classified as a forcible or non-forcible sex offense under the uniform crime reporting system of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

"Stalking" means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear for his or her safety or the safety of others or to suffer substantial emotional distress.

The "Title IX Coordinator" is the individual designated at the district level who has responsibility to coordinate compliance with Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, Title VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 regarding discrimination on the basis of sex, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. The Title IX Coordinator's responsibilities include, but are not limited to, developing materials and ensuring professional development occurs for staff involved in Title IX compliance, creating systems to centralize records, gathering relevant data, contacting the complainant (and/or parents or guardians, if applicable) once the district has actual knowledge of alleged sexual harassment, coordinating the implementation of supportive measures, signing a formal complaint to initiate a grievance process, and ensuring any remedies are implemented.

The Title IX Coordinator, any investigator, decision-maker, or any person who facilitates an informal resolution process shall not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against the complainant or respondent. These individuals shall receive training on the definition of sexual harassment; the scope of the education program and activities; how to conduct an investigation, including appeals and informal resolution processes; and how to serve impartially, including avoiding prejudgment of the facts, conflicts of interest, and bias. Decision-makers shall receive training on issues of relevance of questions and evidence, including when questions and evidence about the complainant's sexual predisposition or prior sexual behaviors are not relevant. Investigators shall receive training on issues of relevance of questions and evidence in order for them to create investigative reports that fairly summarize relevant evidence.

Any employee who witnesses an act of sexual harassment or receives a complaint of harassment from another employee or a student shall report the complaint to their immediate supervisor, building administrator, or Title IX Coordinator. Employees who fail to report complaints or incidents of sexual harassment to appropriate school officials may face disciplinary action. District officials who fail to investigate and take appropriate corrective action in response to complaints of sexual harassment may also face disciplinary action.

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Complaints received will be investigated to determine whether, under the totality of the circumstances, the alleged behavior constitutes sexual harassment under the definition outlined above. Unacceptable student conduct may or may not constitute sexual harassment, depending on the nature of the conduct and its severity, pervasiveness and persistence. Behaviors which are unacceptable but do not constitute harassment may provide grounds for discipline under the code of student conduct.

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If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to stop it and prevent its reoccurrence.

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The Title IX Coordinator shall promptly respond in a meaningful way to any reports of sexual discrimination including sexual harassment of which the district has actual knowledge as follow:

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- contact the complainant within 10 business days and discuss the availability of supportive measures, with or without the filing of a formal complaint, and consider the complainant's wishes as to supportive measures; and
- inform the complainant of the right to a formal complaint investigation consistent with Title IX and the informal resolution process.

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Supportive Measures

The district will treat the complainant and respondent equitably by offering supportive measures. These non-disciplinary and non-punitive measures will be offered as appropriate, as reasonably available, and without cost to the complainant or the respondent. Supportive measures are designed to restore or preserve equal access to the education program or activity without unreasonably burdening the other party. "Support Measures" shall include, but not be limited to, measures designed to protect the safety of all parties, to protect the district's educational environment, or to deter sexual harassment. These measures may include counseling, extensions of deadlines or course-related adjustments, modifications of work or class schedules, escort services, mutual restrictions on contact between the parties, changes in work locations, leaves of absence, increased security and monitoring, and other similar measures. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for coordinating the effective implementation of supportive measures.

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Formal Complaint

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No investigation of alleged sexual harassment may occur until after a formal complaint has been filed.

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A formal complaint is a document filed by the complainant or signed by the Title IX Coordinator alleging sexual harassment and requesting an investigation. The procedures for filing a formal complaint are as follows.

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At the time of filing a formal complaint, a complainant must be participating in or attempting to participate in the education program or activity of the district concerning which the formal complaint is filed.

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• A formal complaint should be filed in writing and contain the name and address of the person filing the complaint. The complaint should briefly describe the alleged violation. Filing of the complaint with the Title IX Coordinator may be done in person, by mail, or by email. If an individual does not wish to file a written

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complaint, and the matter has not been adequately resolved, the Title IX Coordinator may initiate the complaint. Forms for filing written complaints are available in each school building office and the central office.

- A complaint should be filed as soon as possible after the conduct occurs, but not later than 180 calendar days after the complainant becomes aware of the alleged violation, unless the conduct forming the basis for the complaint is ongoing.
- An investigation shall follow the filing of the complaint. If the complaint is against the superintendent, the board shall appoint an investigating officer. In other instances, the investigation shall be conducted by a qualified individual designated by the Title IX Coordinator or another individual appointed by the board. The investigation shall be thorough. All interested persons, including the complainant and the respondent, will be afforded an opportunity to submit written or oral evidence relevant to the complaint.

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Formal Complaint Notice Requirements

Upon filing of a formal complaint, the district shall provide written notice to the known parties including:

- notice of the allegations of sexual harassment including sufficient details to prepare a response before any initial interview including:
 - o the identities of the parties involved, if known;
 - o the conduct allegedly constituting sexual harassment; and
 - o the date and location of the alleged incident, if known.
- an explanation of the district's investigation procedures, including any informal resolution process;
- a statement that the respondent is presumed not responsible for the alleged conduct and that a determination regarding responsibility will be made by the decision-maker at the conclusion of the investigation;
- notice to the parties they may have an advisor of their choice and may inspect and review any evidence; and
- notice to the parties of any provision to the district's code of conduct or policy that prohibits knowingly making false statements or knowingly submitting false information.

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If, in the course of an investigation, the investigator decides to investigate allegations about the complainant or respondent that are not included in the notice initially provided, notice of the additional allegations shall be provided to known parties.

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Formal Complaint Investigation Procedures

To ensure a complete and thorough investigation and to protect the parties, the investigator shall:

- ensure that the preponderance of the evidence burden of proof and the burden of gathering evidence is sufficient to reach a determination regarding responsibility rests on the district and not the parties;
- provide an equal opportunity for the parties to present witnesses and evidence;
- not restrict either party's ability to discuss the allegations under investigation or to

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gather and present relevant evidence;

- allow the parties to be accompanied with an advisor of the party's choice;
- provide written notice of the date, time, location, participants, and purpose of any interview or meeting at which a party is expected to participate;
- provide the parties equal access to review all the evidence collected which is directly related to the allegations raised in a formal complaint, including the investigation report, and the opportunity to respond to that evidence before a determination is made;
- be impartial and objectively evaluate all relevant evidence without relying on sex stereotypes;
- not have conflicts of interest or bias for or against complainants or respondent; and
- not make credibility determinations based on the individual's status as complainant, respondent, or witness.

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Formal Complaint Investigation Report

The investigator shall prepare an investigative report that fairly summarizes relevant evidence and share the report with the parties and their advisors for review and response.

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Before completing the investigative report, the investigator must send each party and their advisors the investigative report for review and allow the parties 10 days to submit a written response for the investigator's consideration.

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Decision-Maker's Determination

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Upon receiving the investigator's report, the decision-maker must make a determination regarding responsibility and afford each party the opportunity to submit written, relevant questions that the parties want asked of any party or witness, provide each party with the answers, and allow for additional, limited follow-up questions.

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The decision-maker must issue a written determination regarding responsibility based on a preponderance of the evidence. The decision-maker's written determination shall:

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identify the allegations potentially constituting sexual harassment;
describe the procedural steps taken, including any notifications to the parties, site

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visits, methods used to gather evidence, and interviews;
• include the findings of fact supporting the determination;

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address any district policies and/or conduct rules which apply to the facts;
a statement of, and rationale for, the result as to each allegation, including a

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determination regarding responsibility; and
the procedures and permissible bases for the complainant and/or respondent to appeal the determination.

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The written determination may, but is not required to, recommend disciplinary sanctions and any remedies designed to preserve access to the educational program or activity that may be provided by the district to the complainant.

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A copy of the written determination shall be provided to both parties simultaneously.

JGEC Sexual Harassment

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The range of disciplinary sanctions and remedies may include, but may not be limited to, supportive measures, short-term suspension, long-term suspension, expulsion for students, and/or termination for employees. Complainants and respondents shall be treated equitably by providing remedies to a complainant where a determination of responsibility for sexual harassment has been made. The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for the effective implementation of any remedies. If the investigation results in a recommendation that a student be suspended or expelled, procedures outlined in board policy and state law governing student suspension and expulsion will be followed.

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If the investigation results in a recommendation that an employee be suspended with or without pay or terminated, procedures outlined in board policy, the negotiated agreement (as applicable) and/or state law will be followed.

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Records relating to complaints filed and their resolution shall be maintained by the Title IX Coordinator for seven years.

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The decision becomes final on the date the parties receive the results of an appeal, if any appeal is filed, or on the date the opportunity for an appeal expires.

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Appeals

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The complainant or respondent may appeal the decision-maker's determination regarding responsibility or a dismissal of a formal complaint, on the following bases:

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• procedural irregularity that affected the outcomes;

bias against either party that affected the outcome.

311 312 • new evidence that was not reasonably available at the time that could affect the outcome; and/or the Title IX Coordinator, investigator, or decision-maker had a conflict of interest or

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The request to appeal shall be made in writing to the Title IX Coordinator within 20 days after the date of the written determination. Appeals shall be a review of the record by an attorney, an independent hearing officer appointed by the board, or the board. The appeal decision-maker may not be the Title IX Coordinator, the investigator, or the decision-maker from the original determination.

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The appeal decision-maker will issue a written decision within 30 days after the appeal is filed. The appeal decision-maker will describe the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result.

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The appeal decision-maker shall:

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• review the evidence gathered by the investigator, the investigator's report, and the original decision-maker's determination;

328 329 • notify both parties in writing of the filing of the appeal and give an opportunity to submit further evidence in writing;

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- not have a conflict of interest or bias for or against complainant or respondent and receive the required training;
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- issue a written decision and the rationale for the decision within 30 days after the

appeal is filed;

- describe the result of the appeal and the rationale for the result in the decision; and
- provide the written decision simultaneously to both parties and to the Title IX Coordinator.

Informal Resolution Process

At any time during the formal complaint process and prior to reaching a determination regarding responsibility, the district may facilitate an informal resolution process, such as mediation, that does not involve a full investigation and determination of responsibility.

The informal resolution process may be facilitated by a trained educational professional, consultant, or other individual selected by the Title IX Coordinator under the following conditions:

- the parties are provided a written notice disclosing the allegations, the requirements of the informal resolution process, and information on when it may preclude the parties from resuming a formal complaint arising from the same allegations;
- at any time prior to agreeing to a resolution, any party has the right to withdraw from the informal resolution process and resume the investigation of the formal complaint, and be informed of any consequences resulting from participating in the informal resolution process;
- the parties voluntarily and in writing consent to the informal resolution process; and
- the informal resolution process cannot be used to resolve allegations that an employee sexually harassed a student.

If the matter is resolved to the satisfaction of the parties, the facilitator shall document the nature of the complaint and the proposed resolution, have both parties sign the documentation and receive a copy, and forward it to the Title IX Coordinator. Within 20 days after the complaint is resolved in this manner, the Title IX Coordinator shall contact the complainant to determine if the resolution of the matter remains acceptable. If the matter is not resolved, or if the individual does not believe the resolution remains acceptable within 20 days after the informal resolution document is executed, the individual or the Title IX Coordinator may proceed with the formal complaint process.

If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to prevent its reoccurrence. The district prohibits retaliation or discrimination against any person for opposing discrimination, including harassment, for participating in the complaint process, or making a complaint, testifying, assisting, or participating in any investigation, proceeding, or appeal.

Use of this complaint procedure is not a prerequisite to the pursuit of any remedies, including the right to file a complaint with the Office for Civil Rights of the U.S. Department of Education, the Equal Employment Opportunity Commission, or the Kansas Human Rights Commission.

The filing of a complaint or otherwise reporting sex discrimination including sexual harassment shall not reflect upon the individual's status or grades. Any act of retaliation or

JGEC Sexual Harassment

JGEC-9

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discrimination against any person who has filed a complaint or testified, assisted, or participated in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing involving sex discrimination including sexual harassment is prohibited. Any person who retaliates is subject to immediate disciplinary action, up to and including expulsion for a student or termination of employment for an employee.

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False or malicious complaints of sexual harassment may result in corrective or disciplinary action against the complainant.

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A summary of this policy and the complaint procedures including how to report or file a formal complaint of sex discrimination or sexual harassment shall be posted in each district facility, shall be published in student, parent and employee handbooks, on the district website, and as otherwise directed by the Title IX Coordinator. Notification of the policy may include posting informational notices, publishing in local newspapers, publishing in newspapers and magazines operated by the school, or distributing memoranda or other written communications to students and employees. In addition, the district is required to include a statement of nondiscriminatory policy in any bulletins, announcements, publications, catalogs, application forms, or other recruitment materials that are made available to participants, students, applicants, or employees.

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402 April 6, 1994 Approved: 403 Revised: June 12, 2001 404 Reviewed: December 9, 2003 405 June 28, 2011 Reviewed: 406 Revised: October 8, 2013 407 Revised: November 10, 2015 408 February 26, 2019 Revised: 409 Revised: October 13, 2020

410 Revised:

August 10, 2021

(See GAACA, GAAB, GAF, JDDC, KN)

The board of education is committed to providing a positive and productive learning and working environment, free from discrimination, including harassment, on the basis of race, color, national origin, or disability. Discrimination or harassment on the basis of race, color, or national origin ("racial harassment") or on the basis of disability ("disability harassment") shall not be tolerated in the school district. Racial or disability harassment of employees or students of the district in any district education program or activity is strictly prohibited.

Racial harassment is unlawful discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin under Titles VI and VII of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and the Kansas Act Against Discrimination. Disability harassment is unlawful discrimination on the basis of disability under Section 504 in the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and the Americans with Disabilities Act. All forms of racial or disability harassment are prohibited at school, on school property, and at all school-sponsored activities, programs or events.

It shall be a violation for any employee to discourage a student from filing a complaint, or to fail to investigate or refer for investigation any complaint lodged under the provisions of this policy.

Prohibited conduct under this policy includes racially or disability-motivated conduct which:

- affords a student different treatment, solely on the basis of race, color, national origin, or disability in a manner which interferes with or limits the ability of the student to participate in or benefit from the services, activities or programs of the school;
- is sufficiently severe, pervasive or persistent so as to have the purpose or effect of creating a hostile academic environment; or
- is sufficiently severe, pervasive or persistent so as to have the purpose or effect of interfering with a student's academic performance or ability to participate in or benefit from the services, activities or programs of the school.

Racial or disability harassment may result from verbal or physical conduct or written graphic material.

The district encourages all victims of racial or disability harassment and persons with knowledge of such harassment to report the harassment immediately. The district will promptly investigate all complaints of racial or disability harassment and take prompt corrective action to end the harassment.

Any student who believes he or she has been subject to racial or disability harassment or has witnessed an act of alleged racial or disability harassment, should discuss the alleged harassment with the building principal, another administrator, the guidance counselor, or another certified staff member. Any school employee who receives a complaint of racial or disability harassment from a student shall inform the student of the employee's obligation to report the complaint and any proposed resolution of the complaint to the building principal. If the building principal is the alleged harasser, the complaint shall be reported to the district compliance coordinator. The building principal shall discuss the complaint with the student to determine if it can be resolved. If the matter is not resolved to the satisfaction of the student in this meeting, the student may initiate a formal complaint under the district's discrimination complaint procedure (see KN).

JGECA Racial and Disability Harassment: Students

JGECA-2

Complaints received will be investigated to determine whether, under the totality of the circumstances, the alleged behavior constitutes racial or disability harassment under the definitions outlined above. Unacceptable student conduct may or may not constitute racial or disability harassment, depending on the nature of the conduct and its severity, pervasiveness and persistence. Behaviors which are unacceptable but do not constitute harassment may provide grounds for discipline under the code of student conduct. The discipline of a student for violation of any provision of the code of student conduct may be enhanced if the conduct is racially or disability motivated.

If discrimination or harassment has occurred, the district will take prompt, remedial action to prevent its occurrence.

An employee who witnesses an act of racial or disability harassment shall report the incident to the building principal. Employees who fail to report complaints or incidents of racial or disability harassment to appropriate school officials may face disciplinary action. School administrators who fail to investigate and take appropriate corrective action in response to complaints of racial or disability harassment may also face disciplinary action.

When a complaint contains evidence of criminal activity or child abuse, the compliance coordinator shall report such conduct to the appropriate law enforcement or DCF authorities.

To the extent possible confidentiality will be maintained throughout the investigation of a complaint. The desire for confidentiality must be balanced with the district's obligation to conduct a thorough investigation, to take appropriate corrective action or to provide due process to the accused.

The filing of a complaint or otherwise reporting racial or disability harassment shall not reflect upon the student's status or grades. Any act of retaliation or discrimination against any person who has filed a complaint or testified, assisted, or participated in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing involving a racial or disability harassment complaint is prohibited. Any person who retaliates is subject to immediate disciplinary action, up to and including expulsion for a student or termination from employment for an employee.

False or malicious complaints of racial or disability harassment may result in corrective or disciplinary action against the complainant.

A summary of this policy shall be posted in each district facility and shall be published in student handbooks, on the district's website, and as otherwise directed by the district compliance coordinator. Notification of the policy may be included in the school newsletter or published in the local newspaper annually, if applicable.

Approved: June 12, 2001 Reviewed: December 9, 2003 June 28, 2011 Reviewed: Revised: October 14, 2014 Revised: November 10, 2015 February 26, 2019 Revised: Revised: August 10, 2021

JGFB Supervision of Students

JGFB

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Students shall be supervised by school district personnel when they are under the jurisdiction of the school.

Each building principal shall coordinate and assign certified and classified staff to supervise students engaged in school-sponsored activities. All school-sponsored activities shall be supervised by an adult approved by the administration.

Each building principal shall ensure appropriate staff members are available for supervising students at specific times and in designated areas. (See GAO)

Approved: May 6, 1992
Revised: June 12, 2001
Revised: June 28, 2011
Revised: November 8, 2016

JGFB-R Supervision of Students

JGFB-R

Every principal will make a duty roster comprised of certified and classified staff to supervise students before school, during the lunch hour, after school or as the need arises.

Every school-sponsored activity held will have at least one staff member or administratively-approved designee in attendance who shall have general supervisory responsibilities over the student group.

The school does not have general authority to supervise students in normal coming to school and going home. Teachers who observe students in a potentially dangerous situation should attempt, as they are reasonably able, either to halt or prevent injury to students or property.

No K-12 student will be allowed to run personal errands off school premises for any staff member, but may run school-related errands off school premises and for school activities with parental permission.

36 Approved: May 6, 1992
 37 Revised: June 12, 2001
 38 Reviewed: June 28, 2011
 39 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

JGFF Student Transportation (See JGG)

JGFF

Use of Vehicles and Bicycles

The superintendent may develop procedures relating to the driving, parking, and use of vehicles and the use and parking of bicycles or other similar equipment during the school day. Failure to observe district rules and/or procedures may result in disciplinary action.

Rules and procedures concerning use of vehicles and bicycles on school property may be included in the student and/or other district handbooks.

Walkers

Students who walk to and from school are urged to become familiar with traffic safety laws governing such activities, to be alert to their surroundings, and to exercise caution while crossing streets in high traffic areas.

Notice

At the beginning of each school year, the district staff will provide students with appropriate notice of the rules and procedures relevant to their use of transportation to school and school-related activities.

21 Approved: June 12, 2001
 22 Reviewed: June 28, 2011
 23 Revised: October 8, 2013
 24 Revised: October 11, 2022

JGFG Student Accidents

JGFG

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Non-Emergency Accidents

When a staff member becomes aware that a student has been involved in an accident at school, on school property or at a school-sponsored event, the staff member shall follow the rules for the care of an injured student and report the accident to the building principal.

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Emergency Accidents and Care

If a student has an accident that appears to require emergency medical treatment, an employee shall call 911 and report the accident to the building principal.

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If at the scene of an emergency or accident when medical help is not readily available to assist in the care of an injured student, an employee qualified to administer first-aid may render emergency care or assistance, including, but not limited to, first-aid, as deemed reasonably necessary until medical help arrives. Kansas law provides protection from civil liability for any person who, in good faith and without compensation, renders emergency care or assistance to any person, including a minor, without first obtaining the consent of the parent/guardian of such minor, at the scene of an emergency or accident. However, this protection does not extend to individuals whose acts or omissions in rendering emergency care in these circumstances were grossly or wantonly negligent.

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Parent Notification

The student's parent/guardian shall be notified of any injury as soon as possible.

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Records

Appropriate records documenting student accidents shall be maintained.

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28 Approved: March 18, 1992 29 Revised: June 12, 2001 30 Revised: June 28, 2011 31 Revised: November 8, 2016 32 Revised: February 26, 2019

1 JGFGA Do Not Resuscitate Requests **JGFGA** 2 3 4 Do Not Resuscitate (DNR) orders shall not be accepted or implemented by district staff and all DNR requests shall be denied. 5 6 USD 305 will treat all life-threatening emergencies by calling 911 and performing life-7 saving procedures until emergency services personnel arrive. 8 9 June 28, 2011 Approved: Reviewed: 10 June 6, 2023

JGFGB

The supervision of oral medications shall be in strict compliance with the rules and regulations of the board as carried out by district personnel. Diagnosis and treatment of illness and the prescribing of medicines are not the responsibility of the public schools and are not to be practiced by any school personnel.

When medication is necessary in order that the student remain in school, the school may cooperate with parents in the supervision of medication that the student will use. However, the licensed healthcare provider authorized to prescribe medication or the parent, if it is a non-prescription medication, must send a written order to the building administrator who may supervise the administration of the medication or treatment. The parents must submit a written request to the building administrator requesting the school's cooperation in such supervision and releasing the school district and personnel from liability. In the event the student requiring medication has reached age 18, the student shall sign the written request and release. (See JGFGBA)

School personnel shall not be required to be custodians of any medication except as required by a written order of a licensed healthcare provider or, in the case of nonprescription medication, when requested in writing by parents.

Prescription medication is to be brought to school in the original container appropriately labeled by the pharmacy or physician, stating the name of the medication, the dosage and time to be administered. Any changes in type of medication, dosage and/or time of administration shall be accompanied by a new physician order and parent signature and a newly labeled pharmacy container. Over-the-counter medication must be in the original container. Such medication shall be dispensed only according to label directions and must be accompanied by the USD 305 Medication Consent Form. Any variance from label directions must have a physician's order.

In the administration of medication, the school employee shall not be deemed to have assumed any legal responsibility other than acting as a duly authorized employee of the school district.

The first dose of a new medication or dosage change of medication must be administered at least once by parent/guardian prior to administration at school.

After medication is administered, students should be observed for any possible reactions. This observation may occur at the site of administration or in the classroom as a part of the normal routine.

An individual record shall be kept of each medication administered. The record shall include student identification, date prescribed, name of medication, time and date(s) administered, signature of person administering and section for comments. Controlled substances must be counted and documented when received by any school personnel. Expired medication and/or medication no longer used should be returned to the parent or destroyed.

All medication maintained in the school setting shall be kept in a locked area, including medication requiring refrigeration.

49 JGFGB Supervision of Medications (See JGFGBA) **JGFGB-2** 50 The building administrator may choose to discontinue the administration of medication 51 provided that the parents or medical persons are notified in advance of the date and the reasons 52 for the discontinuance. 53 54 This policy shall be shared with any health care provider or dentist upon request. 55 56 57 Approved: January 25, 2005 June 28, 2011 58 Revised: October 14, 2014 59 Revised: 60 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

JGFGBA Student Self-Administration of Medications

JGFGBA

(See JDDA, JDDAA and JGFGB)

The self-administration of medication is allowed for eligible students in grades K-12. As used in this policy, medication includes, but is not limited to, a medicine for the treatment of anaphylaxis or asthma listed in current federal regulation as an inhaled bronchodilator or auto-injectable epinephrine.

As used in this policy, "health care provider" means a physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery; an advanced registered nurse practitioner or a licensed physician assistant who has authority to prescribe drugs under the supervision of a responsible physician.

Student Eligibility

An eligible student shall meet all of the following requirements:

 • have a written statement from the student's health care provider stating the name and purpose of any prescription medication(s);

• know the prescribed or recommended dosage;

 know the time the medication is to be regularly administered;
be able to articulate any additional special circumstances under which the medication is to be administered; and

• know the length of time for which the medication is prescribed.

The student shall also demonstrate to the health care provider or the provider's designee, as applicable, and the school nurse or the nurse's designee the skill level necessary to use the medication and any device that is necessary to administer the medication. In the absence of a school nurse, the school shall designate a person who is trained to witness the demonstration.

Authorization Required

With regard to prescription medications which are not administered on a regular schedule, the student's health care provider shall prepare a written treatment plan for managing the student's condition, such as asthma attacks or anaphylaxis episodes, and for medication use by the student during school hours. The student's parent/guardian shall annually complete and submit to the school any written documentation required by the school, including the treatment plan prepared by the student's health care provider. Permission forms shall be updated during enrollment and/or when treatment plans are updated.

Employee Immunity

All teachers responsible for the student's supervision shall be notified that permission to carry medications and self-administer has been granted. The school district shall provide written notification to the parent/guardian of a student that the school district and its officers, employees and agents are not liable for damage, injury or death resulting directly or indirectly from the self-administration of medication.

Waiver of Liability

The student's parent/guardian shall sign a statement acknowledging that the school district and its officers, employees or agents incur no liability for damage, injury or death

JGFGBA Student Self-Administration of Medications

JGFGBA-2

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resulting directly or indirectly from the self-administration of medication and agreeing to release, indemnify and hold the district and its officers, employees and agents harmless from and against any claims relating to the self-administration of such medication allowed by this policy.

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Additional Requirements for Students Prone to Specified Emergencies

54 55 The school district shall require that any back-up medication provided by the student's parent/guardian be kept at the student's school in a location to which the student has immediate access if there is an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency;

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The school district shall require that all necessary and pertinent information be kept on file at the student's school in a location easily accessible if there is an asthma or anaphylaxis emergency;

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• Eligible students shall be allowed to possess and use approved medications at any place where the student is subject to the jurisdiction or supervision or the school district, its officers, employees or agents; or

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The board may adopt policy or handbook language which imposes additional requirements relating to the self-administration of medication allowed for in this policy and may establish a procedure for, and the conditions under which, the authorization for student self-administration of medication may be revoked.

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68 January 25, 2005 Approved: June 28, 2011 Revised: 69 Revised: October 14, 2014 70 71 Revised: November 12, 2019 Revised:

72

March 5, 2024

JGFGBB Accommodating Students with Diabetes

JGFGBB

As used in this policy, diabetes management and treatment plan means a plan prepared and implemented for a student with diabetes which is prescribed by a physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery; a certified, advanced registered nurse practitioner who has authority to prescribe drugs; or a licensed physician assistant who has authority to prescribe drugs pursuant to a written protocol with a responsible physician.

Student Eligibility

Self-care of diabetes may be allowed for students in grades K-12, the Salina Adult Education Center and the Diploma Completion Program. To be eligible, a K-12 student shall meet all requirements of this policy.

If the student is under the age of 18, parents or guardians shall submit a written diabetes management and treatment plan from the student's health care provider.

 The student shall provide written authorization from the student's health care provider and parent or guardian if the student is under age 18, stating the student has been instructed on managing and caring for his/her diabetes and is authorized to do so in school. An annual written renewal of the appropriate authorization for the self-care of diabetes shall be required.

While at school, each student capable of managing and caring for his/her diabetes will be

23 allowed to

- perform blood glucose level check;
- administer insulin through the delivery system the student uses;
- treat hypoglycemia and hyperglycemia;
- possess the supplies or equipment necessary to monitor and care for his/her diabetes; and
- otherwise attend to the management and care of his/her diabetes in the classroom, in any area of the school, or school grounds, or at any school-related activity.

Notwithstanding the above, the district reserves the right to establish reasonable place and manner procedural safeguards for the safe and non-disruptive exercise of such rights by all students with diabetes.

Employee Immunity

The board and its employees and agents who authorize the self-administration of medication and treatment for diabetes in compliance with the provision of this policy shall not be liable for any action for any injury resulting from the self-administration of medication. The district shall provide written notification to the student or the student's parent or guardian if under the age of 18 for whom this policy is applicable or to the student (if the student has reached age 18) that the board and its employees and agents are not liable for any injury resulting from self-administration of medication. The parent or guardian or student (if appropriate) shall sign such notice and acknowledge that the district incurs no liability for any injury resulting from self-administration and agrees to indemnify and hold the board and its employees and agents harmless against any claims relating to the self-administration of medication pursuant to this policy.

Approved: October 14, 2014 Revised: June 6, 2023

JGG <u>Transportation</u> (See ED and EDDA) JGG

School-provided transportation shall be available to and from school for those students who qualify. Transportation may be provided by the district for all school activities. Transportation may be denied to students who are detained after school for disciplinary reasons.

Students who use school-provided transportation shall be under the jurisdiction of the vehicle driver while in the vehicle. Students shall be subject to the district's student behavior code and other regulations developed by the superintendent and approved by the board.

Drivers shall report violations of the rules to the building principal who may discipline students. The principal may suspend or revoke the transportation privilege of a student who violates any rule or regulation.

When the district provides transportation to an activity, participating students are prohibited from driving personal automobiles to and from district-sponsored activities held during or after the school day unless authorized in writing by the student's parent or guardian.

All rules shall be published in the student handbook.

Revised:

21	Approved:	November 19, 1986
22	Revised:	February 3, 1988
23	Revised:	May 20, 1982
24	Revised:	May 25, 1999
25	Revised:	June 12, 2001
26	Revised:	October 28, 2008
27	Revised:	June 28, 2011
28	Revised:	November 8, 2016

July 12, 2022

1	JGGA <u>Use</u>	of Electronic Surveillance	(See JR and JRB)	JGGA
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3	The d	listrict may use electronic su	rveillance to monitor student activ	vity.
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5	Electi	ronic surveillance may be us	ed to monitor students riding in d	istrict vehicles and to
6	monitor stud	ent behavior in or around an	y district facility.	
7				
8	Electr	ronic surveillance of persona	ally identifiable students recording	their involvement in
9	an altercation	n or other violation of law or	district policy shall be considered	d a student record.
10	Electronic su	rveillance, which is a record	of student behavior, shall be secu	ired in a secure
11		2	sm or tape on which it is maintain	
12	erased. Such	records shall be subject to c	urrent law for the release of stude	nt record information
13				
14	Approved:	June 12, 2001		
15	Revised:	June 28, 2011		
16	Revised:	June 6, 2023		

JGH School Food Service Programs

JGH

The district shall provide a school food service program. Building principals shall develop individual building rules.

Free or Reduced Price Meals

Free or reduced price meals shall be provided for students who qualify under state and federal rules and regulations.

The eligibility forms, rules and regulations governing this program shall be provided by the administration to students or their parents.

Contracts With Nonpublic Schools or Child-Care Institutions

The board may enter into contracts with the governing authority of any nonpublic school or any child-care institution to provide meals for children who attend these institutions. Any contract shall provide for payment of the costs incurred by the district to provide the service. Income received by the district under any contract to provide this service shall be deposited in the district food service fund and may be expended whether budgeted or not.

20 Approved: May 20, 1982
 21 Revised: June 12, 2001
 22 Reviewed: December 9, 2003
 23 Reviewed: June 28, 2011
 24 Revised: June 6, 2023

1	JGHB Vend	ling Machines	JGHB
2		(See JGCA)	
3	Na	. di	1 . 641
4		nding machine may be placed in any building without prior appro	ovai oi the
5	superintenden	l.	
6 7	Vandi		11
8		ng machine foods and beverages available for sale to students wilderal nutrition standards and guidance on snacks in school.	ii compiy with
9	established led	detai muutuon standards and guidance on shacks in school.	
10	Approved:	June 12, 2001	
11	Reviewed:	June 28, 2011	
12	Revised:	December 12, 2017	
13	Revised.	December 12, 2017	
14	JGHB-R Vei	nding Machines	JGHB-R
15	7011D IT <u>701</u>	The state of the s	
16	The bu	ailding principal shall manage the machine(s). The service vendo	r will provide the
17		xpenditures for each machine. Proceeds from machines shall be d	*
18	*	tivity account.	1
19	11 1	,	
20	Approved:	June 12, 2001	
21	Revised:	June 28, 2011	
22	Reviewed:	December 12, 2017	

JH

(See DK, JGFB, JM and KG)

The principal shall be responsible for the organization and approving all student activities. All school-sponsored activities shall be supervised by an adult approved by the administration.

Eligibility for Activities

Unless otherwise provided herein, students who participate in any school activity shall meet the following requirements:

• all applicable KSHSAA regulations,

 academic eligibility requirements noted in handbooks, and

• other requirements requested by administration and approved by the board.

Participation in Kansas State High School Activities Association Activities

Any student enrolled and attending a virtual school as defined in K.S.A. 72-3712 or a nonpublic elementary or secondary school shall be permitted to participate in any district activities that are regulated, supervised, promoted, and developed by the Kansas State High School Activities Association (KSHSAA) provided the student meets the following requirements:

being a resident of the school district;

 • complying with the health certification and inoculation requirements of K.S.A. 72-6262, as amended, prior to participation in any such activity;

meeting applicable age and eligibility requirements required by KSHSAA;

 paying any fees required by the district for participation in such activity, if such fees are generally imposed upon all other students who participate in the activity; and
 seeking participation at the appropriate school of the district that corresponds to where the

 seeking participation at the appropriate school of the district that corresponds to where the student resides within the school district's respective school attendance boundaries established by the board.

Except as otherwise provided in this policy, any student attending a virtual school, who seeks to participate in an activity in the student's resident school district shall not be required to enroll in or attend a minimum number of courses at such school district.

Any student attending a home school, who is a resident of the district and seeks to participate in a KSHSAA activity sponsored by the district, shall be deemed to meet any academic eligibility requirements established by KSHSAA for participation in such activity if:

• the student is maintaining satisfactory progress towards achievement or promotion to the next grade level; and

 • the parent, teacher, or organization that provides instruction to the student submits an affidavit or transcript to KSHSAA indicating the student meets these academic eligibility requirements.

Upon submission of an affidavit, the student attending a home school shall be deemed to meet any academic eligibility requirements established by KSHSAA and shall retain such academic eligibility during the activity season for which the affidavit was submitted.

The board may require a student who participates in an activity pursuant to this policy, including, but not limited to, virtual school students, to enroll in or complete a particular course as a condition of participation, if such requirement is imposed upon all other students who participate in a particular KSHSAA activity.

JH Student Activities

JH-2

(See DK, JGFB, JM and KG)

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Except as provided in this policy regarding modified academic eligibility requirements for homeschool students, any student who seeks to participate in an activity pursuant to this policy, shall be subject to any tryout or other participation requirements that are otherwise applicable to all other students for participation in the activity.

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Adding or Eliminating Activities

58 59 Administrative recommendations to add or eliminate specific activities shall be considered by the board. Individual patrons or groups of patrons may request the addition or elimination of activities using rules approved by the board and filed with the clerk.

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Activity Fund Management

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The building principals shall maintain an accurate record of all student activity funds in the respective attendance centers. A monthly report to the board on the revenue and expenditures of the activity fund shall be made. No funds shall be expended from these accounts except in the support of the student activity program.

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Receipts shall be issued for all revenue taken into the activity fund of each attendance center. All payments from the activity fund shall be by checks provided for that purpose.

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71 Approved: May 20, 1992 72 Revised: June 12, 2001

73 Revised: February 27, 2007

74 Revised: June 28, 2011

75 Reviewed: November 8, 2016 76 Revised: August 8, 2023 77 Revised: August 13, 2024

JHA Fundraising Activities

JHA

Approved:

Revised:

Revised:

Revised:

 Fund drives must be conducted under the supervision of a faculty sponsor and will require prior administrative approval. Teachers and sponsors will submit a written application to the principal in accordance with the time limits listed in each section below. The application will include the following information: purpose of the project, amount of money to be raised, ways and means (plan) for raising funds, dates of the project, and a statement of why the money is needed.

Fundraising Activities On-Campus

The principal will be authorized to approve all fundraising projects which are planned to take place on the school campus. Teachers and sponsors will submit a written application to the principal at least two weeks prior to the beginning date of the project for approval or disapproval.

Fundraising Activities Off-Campus

All fund drives involving sales, solicitations or collections of money off the school campus will require prior approval by the principal and executive director of educational programs. Sponsors will be required to submit written applications at least two weeks prior to the starting date for the project.

Ticket sales for school activities, journalism advertising solicitations and requests to use props and furniture for school plays are exempt from the provisions of these policies.

Major Fund Drives

Fundraising requests for any school group or organization that exceed \$5,000 in one school year will require prior administrative and board approval. Requests for major fundraising projects must be submitted to the principal on or before September 30 of the school year in which the fundraising activity is planned. Sponsors are required to submit a written application to the principal for approval or disapproval. If approved, the project will be forwarded to the executive director of educational programs for review and approval or disapproval. Final acceptance of the fundraising project requires formal board approval.

In the event that the purpose of the fundraising project is to take an extended field trip (out-of-state), then the provisions of the field trip policy shall apply and the applications will be submitted in accord with that policy. (See IFCB)

The provisions of this policy shall not apply to fundraising projects by parent groups, booster clubs, PTA/PTO units, but the policy on gifts and bequests to schools shall be applicable when a school gift is the purpose of the fundraising activity.

May 20, 1982 April 27, 1999 June 12, 2001

47	JHA <u>Fu</u>	ndraising Activities	JHA-2
48			
49	Revised:	June 6, 2023	

U.S.D. #305

JHC Student Organizations

JHC

Students may form clubs and other groups organized to promote or pursue specialized activities outside the regular classroom. Membership in student organizations, whether school-sponsored or non-school-sponsored, must be open to all interested and eligible students. The building principal and the board shall approved school-sponsored student organizations, and a staff member shall attend the meetings or activities to supervise use of the facilities by all student organizations as an advisor or supervisor.

Student Clubs

The building principal shall establish regulations for the operation of school-sponsored clubs, and for the use of school facilities by non-school-sponsored clubs.

School-sponsored clubs shall be under the direct control of school personnel. Every school-sponsored club shall have a constitution, which has been approved by the building principal and filed in the school office. If non-curriculum related school-sponsored clubs are allowed to meet on school property during non-instructional time, then non-school-sponsored student clubs may also meet on school property at such times.

Non-School-Sponsored Student Clubs

Non-school-sponsored clubs shall submit a request for use of school facilities and have such request granted prior to using the facilities. The non-school-sponsored club shall specify in its facility use request the adult who will provide supervision of the activity.

Student Government

Student councils under the direct control of the building principal or designated faculty representative may be established. Student councils may exercise only the authority expressly delegated to them by the building principal.

30	Approved:	November 21,	1990
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- 31 Revised: June 3, 1992 32 Revised: May 9, 1995 33 Revised: June 12, 2001 34 Revised: June 28, 2011
- 35 Reviewed: November 8, 2016 36 Revised: October 11, 2022

JHCA Student Publications

JHCA

Student publications, whether school-sponsored or non-school-sponsored, which are not libelous, slanderous, disruptive, obscene, or unlawful may be distributed on school property during school hours in areas and at times and places designated by the building principal. Distribution which substantially interferes with the normal flow of traffic within the school corridors and entrance ways, which is coercive of any other person's right to accept or reject any publication, or which causes substantial and material interference with "normal school activities" shall not be permitted. Distribution in violation of this policy may result in suspension, expulsion or other discipline of the students involved.

Should the principal render a decision to disapprove the distribution of a student publication and approval is not granted, the principal shall state his/her reasons to the student.

If the student is dissatisfied with the decision of the principal, the student may appeal this decision to the superintendent.

If the student is dissatisfied with the decision of the superintendent, the student may appeal this decision to the board by notifying the clerk of the board.

A hearing date must be established within ten days after receipt of the notice of appeal has been filed with the clerk of the board, and the board shall render its decision in writing within three school days of the hearing.

At every level of the appeal process as outlined above, the student or his/her representative or both shall have the right to appear and present his/her case supported by relevant witnesses and materials as to why distribution of the student publication is appropriate.

In order for a student publication to be considered disruptive, there must exist specific articulable facts upon which it would be reasonable to forecast that a clear an present likelihood of an immediate, substantial and material disruption to normal school activity or school discipline would occur if the material were distributed. Mere undifferentiated fear or apprehension of disturbance is not enough; school personnel must be able to affirmatively show substantial facts which reasonably support a forecast of likely disruption. Such disruption would include, for example, student rioting, unlawful seizures of property, destruction of property, threats or acts of violence, widespread shouting or boisterous conduct, or substantial participation in a school boycott, sit-in, stand-in, walk-out or other related forms of activity. On the other hand, material that stimulates heated discussion or debate does not constitute the type of disruption prohibited herein.

Ads

Ads concerning drug paraphernalia, tobacco, alcohol, any controlled substances, or any illegal activity are prohibited in all school-sponsored publications and in all non-school-sponsored publications for which distribution is desired on school property.

JHCA-2

Definitions of Terms Used in Discussing Student Publications

"Building staff member" means any employee of the district who works in the building where a club is based.

"Distribution" means circulation or dissemination of the student publication to students at the time and place of normal school activity or immediately prior or subsequent thereto by means of handing out free copies, selling or offering copies for sale, accepting donations for copies of the publication or displaying the material in areas of the school building or school property which are generally frequented by students. In dealing with material which is "obscene" or "libelous" the term "distribution" refers to dissemination of one or more copies, whereas in dealing with all other types of material, the term "distribution" refers to a substantial circulation or dissemination of the student publication so as to make the student publication generally available to the students of the school.

"Libel" is the false and unprivileged (unprotected by immunity) publication in writing or the printing of pictures, effigies or other fixed representations to the eye which expose a person to public hatred, contempt, ridicule or obloquy which causes thee person to be shunned or avoided or which has a tendency to injure the person in his/her occupation. When the publication concerns "public officials," i.e. those who hold government office or "public figures" i.e., those who, by reason by the notoriety of their achievements or employment or by reason by the vigor and success with which they seek the public's attention, the defamatory falsehood must be made with actual malice in order to be libelous, i.e., knowledge that it was false or reckless disregard of whether or not it was false. "Public figures" also includes administrators, teachers and coaches.

"Minor" means any person under the age of 18 years.

"Non-school-sponsored publication" means any student publication as defined herein which is composed, published or distributed by students without school sponsorship. "Normal school activity" means organized educational activity of students under the direct supervision of a member of the school staff which includes classroom work, library activities, physical education classes, official assemblies and other similar gatherings, school athletic contests, band concerts, school plays, and scheduled in-school lunch periods.

"Obscene" means that an average person, applying contemporary community standards would find that the publication, taken as a whole, appeals to the prurient interest and has no redeeming social value; that the publication depicts or describes, in a patently offensive way, sexual conduct specified in applicable law; and that the work taken as a whole lacks serious literacy, artistic, educational, political or scientific value.

"School day" means any day during the regular school year or summer session on which regularly scheduled classroom instruction takes place and excludes Saturdays, Sundays and official school holidays.

JHCA Student Publications

JHCA-3

"School-sponsored publication" means any student publication, as defined herein, which is composed, compiled, published or distributed under the supervision and control of a building staff member acting as the official sponsor advisor.

"Slander" means the oral communication to a person false information tending to expose another living person to public hatred, contempt or ridicule, or to deprive another person of the benefits of public confidence and social acceptance, or tending to degrade and vilify the memory of one who is dead and to scandalize or provoke his/her surviving relatives and friends.

"Student Publication" means any oral communication, book, magazine, pamphlet, newspaper, yearbook, picture, photograph, drawing or any other written or printed material or visual representation, however produced, both school-sponsored and non-school-sponsored.

107 Approved: June 28, 2011 108 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

1 JHCAA Gang Intimidation **JHCAA** 2 (See JCAC, JCDA, JCDBB and JDD) 3 4 Gang intimidation is the communication of any threat of personal injury to another, actual 5 personal injury to another, or any threat of or actual damage to another's property. Gang intimi-6 dation on school owned or operated property, at school-sponsored activities, programs, or events, 7 or which disrupt the school environment is prohibited. 8 9 Disciplinary action may be taken against any student for participating in gang intimida-10 tion or causing and/or participating in gang-related activities on school owned or operated 11 property or at school-sponsored activities, programs, or events. 12 13 District staff may be provided in-service training regarding gang behavior and character-14 istics to facilitate identification of students involved in gang activities. 15 16 Approved: June 12, 2001 June 28, 2011 17 Revised: 18 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

19

Revised:

May 11, 2021

JI Student Volunteers

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Students are encouraged to volunteer their time and services to school-sponsored activities and to community activities so long as their studies are not adversely affected.

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The district encourages students to become involved in civic activities. The district, however, prohibits students from working for such organizations in a volunteer capacity during school time unless prior approval is granted by the principal or those activities are undertaken as part of a course's approved curriculum.

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11 Approved: July 1, 1992 12 Revised: June 12, 2001 13 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 14 Revised: November 8, 2016

JJ Employment of Students

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While formal education with its related services is a primary function of the district, the board recognizes that employment during school hours will be desirable for some students and necessary for others. Student employment, then, must strike a balance between "education for living" on the one hand and "education for making a living" on the other. The district's first objective is that students satisfactorily complete their educational experiences commensurate with their abilities and the educational requirements of state law, the State Board of Education and the board

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11 Approved: July 1, 1992 12 Revised: June 12, 2001 13 Revised: June 28, 2011 14 Reviewed: November 8, 2016

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JJ-R Employment of Students

JJ-R

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In-School Employment

Students may be employed by the district. The district shall not employ students in hazardous jobs.

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Outside Employment

A student who needs to work on a regular basis during the school day shall file a written request with the principal. If the request is approved, the student shall file a work schedule and flex schedule agreement with the principal. Changes in the work schedule shall be reported by the student to the principal. The student shall not begin the new schedule unless the change is approved by the principal. Any approved flex schedule agreement must be made in accordance with the full-time enrollment requirement in board policy JBC.

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Vocational or Other Work Experience

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A student who works in a board-approved vocational or other work-experience program shall have a schedule developed cooperatively by the employer and the supervising teacher and approved by the principal prior to beginning the work activity.

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All board policies remain applicable to students participating in vocational or other work experience programs.

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38 Approved: July 1, 1992 39 Revised: June 12, 2001 40 Revised: June 28, 2011 41 Revised: November 8, 2016

JK Solicitations JK

The board believes that students should not be subjected to social pressure through solicitation, and it further believes that instructional time should be conserved as much as possible for the classroom. Therefore, solicitation of students or by students within the schools for any cause is prohibited except as they relate to school-sponsored activities and/or approved by the building principal.

9 Approved: July 1, 1992 10 Revised: June 12, 2001 11 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 12 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

JK-R Solicitations JK-R

The students and staff of the district shall not promote commercial or private financial interest either through direct sales or through promotion of goods and services.

No person shall be permitted to distribute solicitation emails, circulars, bills, cards or advertisements of any kind or make announcements of any nature without proper authorization in writing from the executive director of educational programs.

Advertising in student publications shall be regulated by rules developed by the superintendent. Ads concerning drug paraphernalia and any controlled substance or promoting any illegal activity are prohibited in any school-sponsored publication.

27 Approved: July 1, 1992
 28 Revised: June 12, 2001
 29 Revised: June 28, 2011
 30 Revised: June 6, 2023

1	JM	Contes	sts for Students	JM	
2 3		Studen	to may enter contacts as a representative of a school only with appre	oval of the	
	Students may enter contests as a representative of a school only with approval of the				
4	principal.				
5					
6	Approv	red:	July 1, 1992		
7	Revised	d:	June 12, 2001		
8	Review	red:	June 28, 2011		
9	Revised	d:	June 6, 2023		

JN <u>Awards</u> JN

Student awards for having represented a school in the district shall be limited to those approved by the administration and the board. The monetary value of awards for interscholastic activities shall be limited to those approved by the KSHSAA.

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7 Approved: July 1, 1992
8 Revised: June 12, 2001
9 Revised: June 28, 2011
10 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

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JQ **Exceptional Students** 1 JQ 2 3 4 (See IDAC, IDCE, JBE & JQL) All programs for exceptional students shall be managed in accordance with the local 5 plans for exceptional students, the policy and rules of the local board, and the rules and 6 regulations of the state board of education. 7 8 July 1, 1992 Approved: Revised: 9 June 12, 2001 10 October 24, 2006 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 11 Revised: 12 Revised: June 6, 2023

1 **JQA** Temporarily Disabled Students (See IDACB and JGFGBA) **JQA** 2 3 Students who are temporarily disabled by illness, operation or accident as authenticated 4 by a healthcare provider's order, may be eligible for alternative educational services or 5 accommodations in their regular program which allow for meaningful participation in the 6 program. 7 8 Approved: July 1, 1992 9 Revised: June 12, 2001 10 Revised: June 28, 2011 11 Revised: November 8, 2016 12 13 **JQA-R** Temporarily Disabled Students JQA-R 14 15 Students with injuries which prohibit participation in physical education or other classes 16 shall present to the building principal a healthcare provider's statement prohibiting such activity. 17 18 Teachers shall follow medical instructions relating to limitations on the student's 19 participation and shall either provide alternative methods for the student to earn a credit/grade in 20 the class during the period of the disability or contact the district 504 coordinator for 21 consideration of an evaluation under Section 504. 22 23 For the purpose of this policy, healthcare provider shall have the meaning subscribed to it 24 in board policy JGFGBA. 25 26 Approved: July 1, 1992 Revised: June 12, 2001 27

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Revised:

Revised:

June 28, 2011

November 8, 2016

Married students, pregnant students and students who are parents shall have access to the same educational opportunities, services and extracurricular activities provided to other students. A pregnant student may be required to provide a healthcare provider's release to be

A pregnant student may be required to provide a healthcare provider's release to be allowed to participate in school activities which could pose a health or safety risk.

If there is a delay in obtaining a healthcare provider's release, in the student's best interest, the administration may deny activity participation until the release is made available.

11 12 Approved: June 12, 2001 13 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 14 Revised: November 8, 2016

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JQH The board believes that students should continue their education until completion of their high school program. The principal will follow state expectations for students seeking a waiver from the compulsory attendance law and will provide information about alternate options to complete a high school diploma.

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8 Approved: July 15, 1992 9 Revised: June 12, 2001 10 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 11 Revised: June 6, 2023

JQKA Foreign Exchange Students

JQKA

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The board believes that participation in a well-planned and executed program of foreign student exchange can be a worthwhile cultural experience both for the students involved, as well as for the community at large. The board, therefore, will consider the admission of exchange students at the high school level provided the provisions of this policy have been met.

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8 September 2, 1992 Approved: 9 Revised: March 17, 1993 10 Revised: March 25, 1997 June 12, 2001 11 Revised: June 28, 2011 12 Revised: 13 November 8, 2016 Reviewed: 14 October 13, 2020 Reviewed: 15 Reviewed: April 12, 2022

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JQKA-R Foreign Exchange Students

JQKA-R

Foreign exchange students from approved organizations may be allowed to attend the Salina Public Schools on a tuition-free basis to the extent staff, facilities, equipment, and supplies are available, if they have met the following conditions:

- they come through a sponsoring organization that is on the list approved by the Council on Standards for International Educational Travel;
- they come with the ability to speak and write in English and have been successful academically in school in their native country;
- they are sponsored locally by a school district resident or civic or community organization which is able to demonstrate that arrangements have been made for appropriate housing, supervision, financial support, and medical coverage;
- they are registered with the local school no later than August 1 prior to the school year in which they plan to attend; and
- they present a transcript of previous schoolwork upon enrollment in the local school.

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Exchange students will not be eligible to receive a diploma from the Salina Public Schools but will receive a certificate of attendance as well as an updated transcript reflecting the grades and credits earned while in attendance.

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No more than two foreign exchange students from any approved program, with a total of not more than eight students per school year, will be accepted at each high school.

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40 Approved: September 2, 1992 41 Revised: March 17, 1993 42 Revised: March 25, 1997 43 Revised: June 12, 2001 44 June 28, 2011 Revised: 45 Revised: November 8, 2016 46 Revised: October 13, 2020 Reviewed: April 12, 2022 47

JQL Hearing Procedures for Exceptional Students

JQL

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A hearing procedure shall be available to parents or guardians of exceptional students according to state board of education regulations, the state special education plan, locally adopted procedures and applicable laws.

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7 Approved: June 12, 2001
8 Reviewed: June 28, 2011
9 Revised: November 8, 2016

JR Student Records

JR

Records are maintained for the invaluable assistance they provide the professional staff in dealing with students as individuals. It is the policy of the board to assure that the welfare of each individual student is the only criterion used in releasing information from student personnel files

All student records are to be treated as confidential and primarily for local school use unless otherwise stipulated. Access to student records, excluding student data submitted to or maintained in a statewide longitudinal data system in accordance with board policy, shall be permitted as set forth in board policies JR and JRB. When records include information on more than one student, the parents of any student shall have access to copies of that part of the record that pertains to their child. Each school shall establish appropriate procedures for the granting of a request by parents for access to their child's school records within a reasonable period of time, but in no case more than 45 days after the request has been made.

In situations where the parents of a student are divorced or separated, each parent, custodial and/or non-custodial, has equal rights to his/her student's records unless a court order specifies otherwise. Private agreements between the student's parents shall not be recognized by the district's personnel.

Parents shall have an opportunity for a hearing to challenge the content of their child's school records to ensure that the records are not inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the students; to provide an opportunity for the correction or deletion of any such inaccurate, misleading or otherwise inappropriate data contained therein; and to insert into such records the parent's written explanation of the content of such records.

Approved: July 15, 1992
Revised: June 12, 2001
Revised: June 28, 2011
Revised: October 14, 2014
Reviewed: June 6, 2023

JR-R Student Records

JR-R

Any eligible parent or student may inspect the personal records of the student. The district reserves the right to interpret selected records to students and/or parents at the time of the inspection.

When a student attains 18 years of age and is declared independent, the permission or consent required of and the rights accorded to the parents of the student shall thereafter be required of and accorded only to the student.

The parents of students, or the students if they are declared independent, will be informed annually by the superintendent of the rights accorded them in this section. In addition, the public

46 JR-R Student Records JR-R-2 47 must be informed annually by the superintendent of the categories of information the institution 48 has determined to be directory information. This information will be provided by public notice 49 in the district's official newspaper. 50 51 52 Approved: July 15, 1992 June 12, 2001 53 Revised: 54 Revised: June 28, 2011 55 October 14, 2014 Reviewed: June 6, 2023 56 Reviewed:

JRA Types of Records

JRA

<u>Permanent Student Records</u>: Each school shall permanently retain records relating to each student's academic performance, attendance and activities. Information about students collected and stored by any school personnel shall be separated into one of the following classifications:

Administrative records are official administrative records that constitute the minimum personal information necessary for operating the educational system. They shall include birth date, sex, race, names, telephone numbers, addresses and places of employment of parents, academic work completed, grades, attendance records, withdrawal and reentry records, honors and activities, date of graduation and follow-up records of a student.

Supplementary records include verified information important in operating the educational system but of a more sensitive nature and of less historical importance. They include test data, such as scores on standardized achievement, aptitude and intelligence tests; observational data such as systematically gathered teacher or counselor evaluations and observations of social and personal assets; clinical findings and verified reports of serious or recurrent deviant behavior patterns; general data such as health data and legal documents.

21 Approved: July 15, 1992
22 Revised: June 12, 2001
23 Revised: June 28, 2011
24 Revised: June 6, 2023

Release of Student Records (See ECA)

JRB

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regard to student records. The general public shall not be allowed to inspect a student's personal record files. Except as provided in board policy IDAF with regard to student records which are student data submitted to or maintained in a statewide longitudinal data system, the custodian of student records shall disclose the student's educational records only as provided for in this policy.

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Release of Records with Consent

Except as specifically listed below, no personally identifiable information contained in a student's personal school records shall be furnished to any person without the consent of the student's parents or guardian or the consent of the eligible student who has reached the age of eighteen.

Annual notice shall be given to parents and eligible students concerning their rights with

Permission for access will be granted to a third party if requested in writing to the official custodian of the student's records by the eligible student, parent, or guardian, stating what records, the reasons for the release and the person(s) to whom the release is made. A copy of the records to be released shall be made available to the student, parents, or guardian upon request.

Release of Records without Consent

Directory Information

The custodian of the educational records shall give annual public notice of the class of records the institution has designated as directory information. The appropriate forms for said notices shall be on file in the office of the custodian of the educational records.

The custodian of records may make directory information available without parental or eligible student's consent if public notice of the categories of information designated as directory information has been given and the parents or eligible students have had a reasonable period of time to opt-out of the release of the information without their consent.

The custodian of records shall make student recruiting information (including student name, address, and telephone listing) available to military recruiters and postsecondary institutions unless parents or eligible students provide a written request to the district providing that the specified information not be released without prior written consent. Notice of the option to opt-out of the release of recruitment information shall be provided to parents and eligible students in the district's annual notice of rights under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act.

Personally Identifiable Information

The custodian may disclose students' education records to the following persons without the prior consent of the parents/guardian or eligible student:

> other school officials, including teachers within the district, who have legitimate educational interests;

- officials of other schools or school systems in which the student intends to enroll. The school district will forward student records to such institutions without further notice to the parents or eligible student;
- authorized persons to whom a student has applied for or from whom a student has received financial aid;
- state and local officials or authorities to whom such information is specifically required to be reported or disclosed pursuant to state statutes;
- organizations conducting studies for educational agencies for the purpose of developing, validating or administering student tests or programs;
- accrediting organizations;
- parents of a student at least 18 years of age who is considered a dependent student under the Internal Revenue Code;
- appropriate persons necessary to protect the health or safety of the student or other persons in an emergency;
- an agency caseworker or representative of a state or local child welfare agency or tribal organization who has the right to access a student's case plan when such agency or organization is legally responsible for the care and protection of the student and when any further disclosure of such information thereby will be limited in accordance with law; and
- in compliance with a lawfully issued subpoena or judicial order. When information is requested in compliance with a judicial order or pursuant to any lawfully issued subpoena, the eligible student or the parent(s)/guardian and the non-eligible student shall be notified of the orders or subpoenas in advance of compliance with the order or subpoena unless (1) the order or subpoena specifically forbids such disclosure; or (2) the order is issued in the context of a court proceeding where a parent is a party and the proceeding involves child abuse and neglect or dependency matters.

For the purpose of this policy, school official means teacher, administrator, other certified employee, board of education member, or a member of the support staff. A school official also may include a volunteer or contractor outside of the school who performs an institutional service or function for which the school would otherwise use its own employees and who is under the direct control of the school with respect to the use and maintenance of personally identifiable information from education records; a parent or student or other volunteer serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee; or a parent, student, or other volunteer assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks. Legitimate educational interest means the school official must participate in discussions involving an identifiable student leading to education intervention, disciplinary action, discussions of eligibility for athletics or other activities, or honors or awards involving a student.

Nothing contained in this policy shall preclude authorized representatives of the Comptroller General of the United States, the United States Secretary of Education and an administrative head of an educational agency or state authorities from having access to student or other records which may be necessary in connection with the audit and evaluation of federally

JRB Release of Student Records (See ECA)

JRB-3

supported education programs or the enforcement of the federal legal requirements which relate to these programs, provided that, except as the collection of personally identifiable data is specifically authorized by federal law, the data collection by such official with respect to individual students shall not include information (including social security numbers) which would permit the personal identification of students or their parents or guardian on the data collected and provided.

With respect to the above, all persons, agencies or organizations desiring access to the records of a student shall be required to sign a form which shall be kept permanently with the student's file, but only for inspection by the parents/guardian, student or a school official responsible for record maintenance, indicating specifically the legitimate educational or other interest each person, agency or organization has in seeking this information. Such forms shall be available to parents and to the school official responsible for record maintenance as a means of auditing the system's operation.

Personal information shall be transferred to a third party only on the condition that such party shall not permit any other party to have access to such information without the written consent of the student's parents or the student if age 18 or older. The board and staff shall protect the rights of privacy of students and their families in connection with any surveys or datagathering activities conducted, assisted or authorized by the board or administration. Regulations established under this policy shall include provisions controlling the use, dissemination and protection of such data.

Forwarding Pupil Records

Administrators shall forward a student's school records upon request by the parent, guardian, or eligible student and may not withhold them for any reason.

122	Approved:	July 15, 1992
123	Revised:	June 12, 2001
124	Reviewed:	December 9, 2003
125	Revised	June 28, 2011
126	Revised:	October 8, 2013
127	Revised:	October 14, 2014
128	Revised:	June 13, 2017

1 **Disposition of Records** (See JRA and JRB) **JRC** 2 3 All student records will be maintained and screened periodically. 4 5 Approved: July 15, 1992 6 Revised: June 12, 2001 7 Reviewed: June 28, 2011 8 Reviewed: June 6, 2023 9 10 JRC-R Disposition of Records JRC-R 11 12 Administrative records shall be permanent records and maintained by the school for an 13 indefinite period of time. When the student graduates, supplementary records shall be destroyed 14 or shall be transferred to the administrative records if they have permanent usefulness. 15 16 The official custodian shall review a student's records when the student moves from 17 elementary to a middle school, from a middle school to high school and upon high school 18 graduation. During each review obsolete or unnecessary information shall be removed and 19 destroyed. 20 21 Following a reasonable amount of time after a student has graduated or ceases to attend 22 school in the district, the records of the student that are determined to be appropriate for retention 23 may be stored electronically. 24 25 July 15, 1992 Approved: 26 Revised: June 12, 2001 27 Revised: October 24, 2006

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Revised:

Reviewed:

June 28, 2011

June 6, 2023

JRD Hearing Request

JRD

When a hearing has been requested by a parent, guardian or an eligible student to challenge the content of the student's education record, the procedure to be followed in the hearing shall be:

The hearing shall be conducted and the decision rendered by a person who does not have a direct interest in the hearing outcome.

The parent, guardian or eligible student shall be given notice of the date, place and time of the hearing within a reasonable time in advance of the hearing.

The parent, guardian or the eligible student may be assisted or represented by individuals of their choice at their own expense, including an attorney. Parents, guardian or the eligible student shall be afforded a full and fair opportunity to present relevant evidence.

A written decision shall be rendered within a reasonable time after the hearing concludes. The decision of the hearing official shall be based solely upon the evidence presented at the hearing and include a summary of the evidence and the reasons for the decision.

21 Approved: July 15, 1992
22 Revised: June 12, 2001
23 Reviewed: June 28, 2011
24 Reviewed: June 6, 2023

JS Student Fees and Charges

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restitution for any school property lost, damaged or destroyed by a student.

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28 Revised: 29 Revised:

29 Revised: 30 Revised:

Approved:

Revised:

The superintendent shall distribute to all building principals a schedule of enrollment fees and other class fees approved in advance by the board. The fee schedule shall include

- a list of all items for which a charge is to be collected,
- the amount of each charge,
- the date due,
- classifications of students exempt from the fee or charge,
- a system for accounting for and disposing of fees, and
- an appeal procedure to be used by students or parents to claim exemption from paying the fees or charges.

Building principals shall be authorized to collect fees approved by the board or to seek

Building principals shall attempt to collect unpaid fees and the justifiable value owed by a student of school property lost, damaged or destroyed by a student. If, after the attempt to collect, the amount remains unpaid, the principal shall report the matter to the superintendent who may consult with the school board's attorney and recommend a course of action to the board.

Forwarding Pupil Records

Student records will not be withheld because of non-payment of fees.

July 15, 1992 June 12, 2001 December 9, 2003 June 28, 2011 November 8, 2016

JT Least Restrictive Environment

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Students with disabilities are to receive their education pursuant to state and federal rules and regulations, as well as the Kansas State Board of Education's policy on least restrictive environment. The determination of appropriate special education programs and services and the extent to which the student participates in the general education programs shall be determined by the participants of the individualized educational planning meeting and be based on the student's individual needs.

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10 Approved: December 14, 1994

11 Revised: June 12, 2001 12 Revised: June 28, 2011 13 Reviewed: June 6, 2023