

Course: Geometry Unit 6 - Three-Dimensional Models	Year of Implementation: 2021-2022
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Stage One - Desired Results	
Link(s) to New Jersey Student Learning Standards for this course: https://www.state.nj.us/education/cccs/2020/	
Unit Standards: <i>G-GMD.B.4, G-GMD.A.1-3, G-MG.A.1</i> <i>9.4.12.Cl.1: Demonstrate the ability to reflect, analyze, and use creative skills and ideas</i> <i>9.4.12.Cl.2: Identify career pathways that highlight personal talents, skills, and abilities</i>	
Transfer Goal: Students will be able to independently use their learning to apply their understanding of two dimensional and three dimensional space to create models that most efficiently utilize resources.	
<u>Enduring Understandings</u> Students will understand that. . . <i>EU 1</i> three-dimensional figures may have the same volumes but different surface areas. <i>EU 2</i> good decision making requires logical reasoning based on known facts. <i>EU 3</i>	<u>Essential Questions</u> <i>EU 1,2</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● How can you determine the surface area and volume of three-dimensional figures? <i>EU 2</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● How can you find and compare the areas and volumes of similar solids? <i>EU 2,3,4</i> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Describe real world objects in geometric terms.

you can analyze a three dimensional figure by using the relationships among its vertices, edges, and faces.

EU 4
there are different ways to measure different dimensional figures

- How can using geometry enhance design of real life structures?
- How does what we measure influence how we measure?

Knowledge
Students will know . . .

EU 1

- formulas for surface area and volume of various shapes. (G-GMD.A.3)

EU 2,4

- units of measure differ when calculating linear measure, area, and volume. (G-GMD.A.1)

EU 3

- surface area formulas are based upon the shape's components. (G-GMD.A)

Skills
Students will be able to . . .

EU 1

- compare and calculate the areas and volumes of similar solids. (G-GMD.A.3)
- apply concepts of density based on area and volume in modeling situations. (G-GMD.B.4)

EU 2

- solve problems using volume formulas for cylinders, pyramids, cones, and spheres. (G-GMD.A.3)

EU 3

- identify the shapes of two-dimensional cross-sections of three-dimensional objects, and identify three-dimensional objects generated by rotations of two-dimensional objects. (G-GMD.A.4)

Stage Two - Assessment

Other Evidence:

- Assessed elements from the Performance Task
- Other teacher–graded evaluations
- Warm-Ups/Exit Tickets
- Desmos: Volume or Surface Area?
<https://teacher.desmos.com/activitybuilder/custom/588942a0ba3d1ee10662d349>

Stage Three - Instruction

***Learning Plan:* Suggested Learning Activities to Include Differentiated Instruction and Interdisciplinary Connections: Each learning activity listed must be accompanied by a learning goal of A= Acquiring basic knowledge and skills, M= Making meaning and/or a T= Transfer.**

For example:

- 3 Act Task: How long to fill the air mattress? (M, T, EU 2)
<https://whenmathhappens.com/2015/01/28/air-mattress/>
- 3 Act Task: Girl Scout Cookies (M, T, EU 1, 2)
<https://www.101qs.com/3675>
- 3 Act Task: Water Tank - octagonal prism (M, T, EU 2, 3, 4)
<https://mrmeyer.com/threeacts/watertank/>
- 3 Act Task: Box 'Em Up (M, T, EU)
<https://www.savvasrealize.com/community/program/3162d61e-4b73-3fad-87e7-0a9e0f539531/43/tier/b77e5053-d74e-3554-9b75-f0ef65282d6b/45/lesson/468a840c-b91a-34de-ac45-7f8269971551/40>
- Desmos: Volume of a Cylinder (M, T, EU 4)
<https://teacher.desmos.com/activitybuilder/custom/5e6931dfc628310c3b172700>

- Cheetos: Which is cheesier? (M, T, EU 2, 3, 4)
<https://www.mathalicious.com/lessons/the-cheese-that-goes-crunch>

Approximate Timeline: 10 days

- Area of regular polygons
- Three-dimensional figures and cross sections
- Lateral Area, Surface Area & Volume of prisms
- Lateral Area, Surface Area and Volume of pyramids
- Lateral Area, Surface Area and Volume of cylinders
- Lateral Area, Surface Area and Volume of cones
- Lateral Area, Surface Area and Volume of spheres