

HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of the School Board Hanover School District Hanover, New Hampshire

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanover School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and aggregate remaining fund information of the Hanover School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hanover School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The Hanover School District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hanover School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

Hanover School District Independent Auditor's Report

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hanover School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hanover School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 2-C to the financial statements, in the fiscal year 2022, the School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, *Leases*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Required Supplementary Information – Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the following be presented to supplement the basic financial statements:

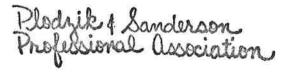
- Management's Discussion and Analysis,
- Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability,
- Schedule of School District Contributions Pensions,
- Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability,
- Schedule of School District Contributions Other Postemployment Benefits,
- Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios, and
- Notes to the Required Supplementary Information

Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information — Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hanover School District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual fund schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

June 28, 2023 Concord, New Hampshire



Management's Discussion And Analysis (MD&A) of the Annual Financial Report for The Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Superintendent of Schools and Business Administrator of School Administrative Unit (SAU) #70, as management of the Hanover School District (the District), offer readers of the District's annual financial statements this narrative discussion and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year which ended June 30, 2022. This discussion and analysis is prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34). We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information found within the body of the annual financial report.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The District's total net position for the year ending June 30, 2022, was (\$6,983,920). Net position changed by \$245,065, or 3.4%, between July 1, 2021 and June 30, 2022. The District's total net position consisted of (\$422,534) in capital assets net of debt, \$1,738,234 in restricted net position, and (\$8,299,620) in unrestricted net position. The District's long-term obligations of \$14,090,331 included \$4,040,000 in general obligation bonds, \$264,550 of unamortized bond premium, \$2,248,325 in postemployment benefits, and \$24,607 in compensated absences. The "Net Pension Liability", of \$7,512,849, represents the district's pro-rated share of the unfunded liability arising out of the New Hampshire Retirement System and is required by GASB 68 to be included on our financials. These liabilities are all reflected as a reduction in net position.

During the year, the District's governmental activities expenses of \$15,144,524 were \$245,065 less than the revenues of \$15,389,589. Expenditures include \$445,638 in unallocated depreciation. Revenues consist of: charges for services; operating grants and contributions; and general revenues (which consist of local and state property tax assessments, state and federal grants, and contributions not restricted to purpose).

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's annual financial report, which consists of basic financial statements, notes and related financial and compliance information. The District's annual financial report consists of four elements: 1) government-wide financial statements; 2) fund financial statements; 3) notes to the financial statements; and 4) required supplementary information. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District based upon measurement focus and basis of accounting. The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status. The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the District, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The governmental funds statements tell how the District's services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending. Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others, to whom the resources belong.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements show functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues as Governmental Activities. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, student transportation and operation of non-instructional services. Taxes and intergovernmental revenues also support fixed assets and related debt.

Fund Financial Statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Fund definitions are part of a state mandated uniform accounting system and chart of accounts for all New Hampshire School Districts. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. A detailed statement of financial activity is reported annually to the State of New Hampshire through the annual Department of Education DOE-25 report.

All of the funds of the District are governmental funds. There are four major governmental funds: the General Fund, Bridgman Trust, Federal Projects and Food Service; and, there are two special revenue funds consolidated as non-major. The non-major funds are the Special Gifts Fund and Student Activity Fund. General Fund expenditures are compared to budget in Exhibit D and Schedules 1 & 2.

Notes To The Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The government-wide financial statements—the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A) and Statement of Activities (Exhibit B) provide a comprehensive summary of governmental activities. The Statement of Net Position may serve, over time, as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2022, as a result of the recognition of the district's share of the unfunded liability of the New Hampshire Retirement System, unrestricted net position of the District totaled (\$8,299,620). The District uses its capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. A portion of the net position is either net investment in capital assets or restricted as to the purposes they can be used for.

Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net results of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. Summaries of the capital assets, depreciation and long-term debt obligations can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements. Depreciation is included by accounting convention thus the depreciated value of a District asset, as reflected in these reports, does not reflect an asset's useful, market or replacement value. A statement of Comparative Net Position for the periods ending June 30, 2021, and June 30, 2022 is shown below.

The School District's negative net position is due in part to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, which requires the School District to report their proportionate share of the New Hampshire Retirement System's net pension liability based upon their plan contributions for the year. The New Hampshire Retirement System has a statutory funding schedule whose goal is to reach 100% plan funding by June 30, 2039.

Comparative Statement of Changes in Net Position

	2022	2021	Incr/(Decr)
Current assets Non-current assets	\$ 3,996,797 3,882,016	\$ 4,032,698 4,289,129	\$ (35,901) (407,113)
Total assets	7,878,813	8,321,827	(443,014)
Deferred outflows of resources	2,475,204	3,695,295	(1,220,091)
Current liabilities	413,154	403,545	9,609
Non-current liabilities	14,090,331	18,510,037	(4,419,706)
Total liabilities	14,503,485	18,913,582	(4,410,097)
Deferred inflows of resources	2,834,452	332,525	2,501,927
Net Investment in Capital Assets	(422,534)	(306,856)	(115,678)
Restricted Net Position	1,738,234	2,039,802	(301,568)
Unrestricted Net Position	(8,299,620)	(8,961,931)	662,311
Total Net Position	\$ (6,983,920)	\$ (7,228,985)	\$ 245,065

Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities provides an important record of overall expenses and revenues for the fiscal year. The District's total expenses were \$15,144,524, total revenues were \$15,389,589, resulting in an increase in net position of \$245,065. The District's expenditures were largely for instruction in the amount of \$11,177,871 or 73.8%. The balance of expenditures are made up of Support Services: Student & Instructional Staff support in the amount of \$568,549 [3.75%]; administration, operation & maintenance of plant and student transportation in the amount of \$2,642,842 [17.45%]; and the balance of unallocated depreciation, interest on debt and non-instructional services totaling another \$755,262 [4.99%]. The largest share of revenue, \$9,871,994 [64.1% of total revenues], was from district tax assessments.

	FY2022	FY2021	\$ Chg	% Chg
Instruction	\$ 11,177,871	\$ 12,664,585	\$ (1,486,714)	-11.74%
Support Services				
Student	344,569	390,314	(45,745)	-11.72%
Instructional Staff	223,980	264,421	(40,441)	-15.29%
General Administration	69,430	134,711	(65,281)	-48.46%
Executive Administration	496,785	451,093	45,692	10.13%
School Administration	549,372	538,004	11,368	2.11%
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	807,937	752,064	55,873	7.43%
Student Transportation	719,318	543,604	175,714	32.32%
Non-Instructional Services	168,685	141,724	26,961	19.02%
Interest on Long-Term Debt	140,939	152,067	(11,128)	-7.32%
Depreciation - Unallocated	445,638	530,581	(84,943)	-16.01%
Total Governmental Activities	15,144,524	16,563,168	(1,418,644)	-8.57%

	FY2022	FY2021	\$ Chg	% Chg
Program Revenues				:
Charges for Services	150,687	167,822	(17,135)	-10.21%
Operating Grants & Contributions	834,090	833,510	580	0.07%
General Revenue				
School District Assessment	9,871,994	11,942,120	(2,070,126)	-17.33%
Grants and contributions not restricted	4,550,693	2,281,281	2,269,412	99.48%
Miscellaneous	234,025	684,527	(450,502)	-65.81%
Decline in fair market value of investmen	(251,900)		(251,900)	-100.00%
Total Revenues	15,389,589	15,909,260	(519,671)	-3.27%
Change in Net Position	245,065	(653,908)	898,973	137.48%
Net Positon, beginning	(7,228,985)	(6,575,077)	(653,908)	-9.95%
Net Position, ending	\$(6,983,920)	\$(7,228,985)	\$ 245,065	3.39%

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

General Fund

The General Fund is what most people think of as "the budget" since it is the focal point of the annual District Meeting and largely supported by locally raised taxes. Schedules 1, 2, and 3 detail General Fund activity for FY2022. Schedule 1 shows that total budgeted revenues (including fund balance budgeted to offset expenses) totaled \$15,901,987. Budgeted new revenues were projected at \$15,601,320 and we received \$15,434,030, an unfavorable variance of (\$167,290) due to decreases in investment earnings, Medicaid reimbursements and a decision to not borrow money on an approved bond (\$245,334). Revenue from the State of NH special education cost recovery funds were unexpected in the amount of \$10,000 and instead of borrowing the District withdrew \$150,000 from the Maintenance Reserve Fund. At \$9,871,994, the district tax assessment is the largest single source of funds for the operation of the District.

Schedule 2 shows that against budgeted expenditures of \$15,901,987 and prior year encumbrances of \$57,904, the District expended \$15,031,298 and encumbered \$104,620, under budget by a total of \$823,973. Direct instruction of \$11,290,368 makes up 74.6% of all general fund expenditures and current year encumbrances while support services totaling \$3,126,059 makes up 20.6%. The balance of \$719,491 [4.8%] is spent in debt servicing, facilities upgrades and other governmental transfers. (This schedule does not include unallocated depreciation.)

Schedule 3 shows an unassigned general fund balance in the amount of \$796,244.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

On June 30, 2022, the District reported capital assets of \$3,882,016 (net of accumulated depreciation), on a range of capital assets, including land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, and equipment. The District annually invests in new furnishings, computers and peripherals, printed media, music, and athletic equipment.

	June	30, 2022	June 30, 2021		% Change
Not Being Depreciated:					
Land	\$	35,000	\$	35,000	0.00%
Construction in Progress	-	60,021		20,073	199.01%
Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated		95,021		55,073	199.01%

	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	% Change
Being Depreciated:			
Land Improvements	374,547	374,547	0.00%
Building and Building Improvements	10,796,733	10,796,733	0.00%
Machinery, Equipment, and Other	313,010	313,010	0.00%
Infrastructure	13,261_	13,261	0.00%
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated	11,497,551	11,497,551	0.00%
Total All Capital Assets	11,592,572	11,552,624	0.35%
Less Accumulated Depreciation:			
Land Improvements	(265,604)	(253,683)	4.70%
Building and Building Improvements	(7,202,587)	(6,832,732)	5.41%
Machinery, Equipment, and Other	(233,164)	(168,542)	38.34%
Infrastructure	(9,201)	(8,538)	7.77%
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,710,556)	(7,263,495)	6.15%
Net Book Value, capital assets being depreciated	3,786,995	4,234,056	-10.56%
Net Book Value, all capital assets	\$ 3,882,016	\$ 4,289,129	-9.49%
			OR BERT WOMEN IN MARKET WAS THE PROPERTY PROPERTY OF THE PROPE

Long-Term Debt

As of June 30, 2022 the district had one general obligation bond issue outstanding. This twenty-year bond was issued for a school construction and renovation project undertaken in 2015. The last payment on this bond will come due in February of 2035.

Long Term Liabilities

	6/30/2022		6/30/2021		,\$	Change
General Obligation Bond	\$	4,040,000	\$	4,270,000	\$	(230,000)
Unamortized Bond Premium		264,550		284,900		(20,350)
Capital Lease Payable		0(90)		41,085		(41,085)
Compensated Absences		24,607		27,258		(2,651)
Net Other Postemployment Benefits		2,248,325		2,522,130		(273,805)
Net Pension Liability		7,512,849	_	11,364,664		(3,851,815)
Total Long-Term Debt Outstanding	\$	14,090,331	\$	18,510,037	_\$	(4,419,706)

FUTURE BUDGETARY IMPLICATIONS

The residents of Hanover have a long history of support for the education of their children and for providing sufficient resources for quality education. There is no indication of any change in this support. Nonetheless, funding for education is a matter of concern in view of constantly changing economic conditions. The lack of state legislation for education long-term funding creates an atmosphere of uncertainty and concern over tax rate growth. School policymakers constantly struggle with the challenges of operating the district's labor-intensive programs. With a state financing system that struggles to equitably fund education on a long-term basis, taxpayers worry over the prospect of rising tax rates. Increases in the costs of NH retirement system rates, health insurance costs, special education funding, tuition rates and building upgrades will present significant budgetary challenges. School administrators are constantly mindful of the financial impact of school budgets on the taxpayer. The school board and administration are committed to continually looking for ways to contain cost increases and to keep budgets as low as possible, while at the same time not compromising services to students. Taxpayers have shown patience in that they have not let taxation issues detract from their financial support of their schools.

It is important that we remember the following event. On March 11, 2020, the World Health Organization declared the outbreak of a coronavirus (COVID-19), a global pandemic. In response to the pandemic, the State of New Hampshire's Governor issued an order declaring a state of emergency on March 13, 2020. The impact of this pandemic is still wreaking havoc on supply chains around the world and as a result inflation is beginning to ramp up. The financial impact of these pressures cannot be fully known, but the administration of the SAU and Dresden School District are ready and able to make necessary changes. The District has experienced difficulty in hiring support staff personnel and as a result of that issue has sufficient retainage available to offset any potential inflationary pressures.

Contacting School District's Financial Management

Questions regarding this report should be directed to Jay Badams, PhD, Superintendent of Schools or to Jamie Teague, Business Administrator, at (603-643-6050) or by mail at:

Hanover School District c/o School Administrative Unit #70 41 Lebanon Street, Suite 2 Hanover, New Hampshire 03755

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

EXHIBIT A HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 94,809
Investments	1,452,523
Accounts receivables	3,858
Intergovernmental receivable	2,433,271
Prepaid items	12,336
Capital assets, not being depreciated	95,021
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	3,786,995
Total assets	7,878,813
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Amounts related to pensions	2,266,196
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	209,008
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,475,204
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	281,536
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	15,478
Intergovernmental payable	13,222
Accrued interest payable	57,406
Noncurrent obligations:	
Due within one year	260,350
Due in more than one year	13,829,981
Total liabilities	14,503,485
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Amounts related to pensions	2,521,159
Amounts related to other postemployment benefits	313,293
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,834,452
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	(422,534)
Restricted	1,738,234
Unrestricted	(8,299,620)
Total net position	\$ (6,983,920)

EXHIBIT B HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Program	Net (Expense)				
		Charges	Operating	Revenue and			
		for	Grants and	Change in			
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Net Position			
Governmental activities:							
Instruction	\$11,177,871	\$ 11,339	\$ 760,437	\$(10,406,095)			
Support services:							
Student	344,569	5.20	i n	(344,569)			
Instructional staff	223,980	:-:	運	(223,980)			
General administration	69,430	·	=	(69,430)			
Executive administration	496,785	-	14	(496,785)			
School administration	549,372	-	22	(549,372)			
Operation and maintenance of plant	807,937	:		(807,937)			
Student transportation	719,318			(719,318)			
Noninstructional services	168,685	139,348	5	(29,337)			
Interest on long-term debt	140,939	:=:	73,653	(67,286)			
Depreciation - unallocated	445,638	Œ.		(445,638)			
Total governmental activities	\$15,144,524	\$ 150,687	\$ 834,090	(14,159,747)			
General revenues:							
School district as	sessment			9,871,994			
Grants and contri	ibutions not restri	cted to specifi	c programs	4,550,693			
M iscellaneous				234,025			
Decline in fair ma	(251,900)						
Total general re	14,404,812						
Change in net posit	Change in net position						
Net position, begin				(7,228,985)			
Net position, endir				\$ (6,983,920)			

EXHIBIT C-1 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	General	Bridgman Trust	Federal Projects	Food Service	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
ASSETS			32		0.160	Φ 04.000	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 45,347	\$ 49,462	\$ 94,809	
Investments	1,452,523	:5:	± ₹ 8	9	-	1,452,523	
Accounts receivable	3,858	? ₹%	·	-	5	3,858	
Intergovernmental receivable	641,160	1,725,921	66,190		#-	2,433,271	
Interfund receivables	96,190	3#3	3 9 6	÷C.	Ħ	96,190	
Prepaid items	12,336	325	200			12,336	
Total assets	\$2,206,067	\$1,725,921	\$ 66,190	\$ 45,347	\$ 49,462	\$ 4,092,987	
LIABILITIES							
Cash overdraft	\$ 45,512	\$			\$ -	\$ 45,512	
Accounts payable	236,189	*	=	45,347	-	281,536	
Accrued salaries and benefits payable	15,478		•	-	≘	15,478	
Intergovernmental pay able	13,222	:5:		9	<u>=</u>	13,222	
Interfund payable		30,000	66,190		<u></u>	96,190	
Total liabilities	310,401	30,000	66,190	45,347		451,938	
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	12,336	300	3 ,4 3	:⊕(-	17	12,336	
Restricted	<u>~</u>	1,695,921	-	-	42,313	1,738,234	
Committed	634,864	-	72	-		634,864	
Assigned	452,222		•	-	7,149	459,371	
Unassigned	796,244				<u> </u>	796,244	
Total fund balances	1,895,666	1,695,921		(*)	49,462	3,641,049	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$2,206,067	\$1,725,921	\$ 66,190	\$ 45,347	\$ 49,462	\$ 4,092,987	

EXHIBIT C-2 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2022

Total fund balances of governmental funds (Exhibit C-1)		\$ 3,641,049
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not current financial resources, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Cost	\$11,592,572	
Less accumulated depreciation	(7,710,556)	
		3,882,016
Pension and other postemployment benefits (OPEB) related deferred outflows of		
resources and deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current year,		
and therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds as follows:		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	\$ 2,266,196	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	(2,521,159)	
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	209,008 (313,293)	
Deterred inflows of resources related to OFEB	(313,293)	(359,248)
Interfund receivables and payables between governmental funds are		(0.15,2.15)
eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.		
Receivables	\$ (96,190)	
Payables	96,190	
Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds.		-
Accrued interest payable		(57,406)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period,		
therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.		
Bond	\$ 4,040,000	
Unamortized bond premium	264,550	
Compensated absences	24,607	
Net pension liability	7,512,849 2,248,325	
Other postemployment benefits	2,240,323	(14,090,331)
N		
Net position of governmental activities (Exhibit A)		\$(6,983,920)

EXHIBIT C-3 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	General		gman rust	Gra	nts	Food Service		Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	A 0 051 004	Ф		dr.		¢.	ď		¢ 0.071.004
School district assessment	\$ 9,871,994	\$		\$	Ē	\$ -	\$	4.520	\$ 9,871,994
Other local	213,546	-	27,279		7.	139,348		4,539	384,712
State	5,148,848			105		-		-	5,148,848
Federal	50,846		(#)	185,	089	-		<i>₹</i>	235,935
Decline in fair market value of investments	: = 0		51,900)		*	- 100 0 10		4.520	(251,900)
Total revenues	15,285,234	(22	24,621)	185,	089	139,348		4,539	15,389,589
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Instruction	11,290,368		9,171	185,	089	(·		72,528	11,557,156
Support services:									
Student	361,111		-		9	(2)		-	361,111
Instructional staff	272,686				-			-	272,686
General administration	69,430		3.00		=			3	69,430
Executive administration	496,785		9 5 8		=	3.75		-	496,785
School administration	565,866		(#)		*	(#)			565,866
Operation and maintenance of plant	637,748		:*:		*	(*			637,748
Student transportation	719,318		:960		*			:= %	719,318
Noninstructional services	326		-		*	168,685		5 8 3	168,685
Debt service:									
Principal	230,000		120		<u>_</u>	82			230,000
Interest	165,664				2	9 2 3		120	165,664
Facilities acquisition and construction	192,985				-	-		:5	192,985
Total expenditures	15,001,961		9,171	185,	089	168,685		72,528	15,437,434
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over (under) expenditures	283,273	(2:	33,792)			(29,337)		(67,989)	(47,845)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	3€		(₩)		-	29,337		30,000	59,337
Transfers out	(29,337)	(30,000)		-	-			(59,337)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(29,337)	(30,000)			29,337		30,000	
Net change in fund balances	253,936	(2	63,792)		-	-		(37,989)	(47,845)
Fund balances, beginning	1,641,730	1,9	59,713					87,451	3,688,894
Fund balances, ending	\$ 1,895,666	\$ 1,6	95,921	\$		\$ -	\$	49,462	\$ 3,641,049

EXHIBIT C-4 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Net change in fund balances of total governmental funds (Exhibit C-3)		\$ (47,845)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures, while governmental activities report depreciation expense to allocate those expenditures over the life of the assets. Depreciation expense exceeded capital outlay expenditures		
in the current year, as follows:		
Capitalized capital outlay	\$ 39,948	
Depreciation expense	(447,061)	
0		(407,113)
Transfers in and out between governmental funds are eliminated on		
the Statement of Activities.		
Transfers in	\$ (59,337)	
Transfers out	59,337	
Proceeds from issuing long-term liabilities provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Principal repayment of bond Amortization of bond premium Principal repayment of capital lease	\$230,000 20,350 41,085	291,435
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use		
of current financial resources, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in		
governmental funds.		
Decrease in accrued interest expense	\$ 4,375	
Decrease in compensated absences payable	2,651	
Net change in net pension liability and deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions	320,666	
Net change in net other postemployment benefits liability and deferred		
outflows and inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits	80,896	
		408,588
Change in net position of governmental activities (Exhibit B)		\$ 245,065
r		

EXHIBIT D HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)

General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Orignal and Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)
REVENUES			
School district assessment	\$ 9,871,994	\$ 9,871,994	\$ =
Other local	229,563	212,342	(17,221)
State	5,111,381	5,148,848	37,467
Federal	103,048	50,846	(52,202)
Total revenues	15,315,986	15,284,030	(31,956)
EXPENDITURES			
Current:			
Instruction	11,901,899	11,289,249	612,650
Support services:			
Student	362,235	353,875	8,360
Instructional staff	307,217	272,686	34,531
General administration	54,946	69,430	(14,484)
Executive administration	496,785	496,785	
School administration	607,076	565,670	41,406
Operation and maintenance of plant	729,416	632,752	96,664
Student transportation	640,815	716,530	(75,715)
Debt service:			
Principal	230,000	230,000	-
Interest	165,664	165,664	-
Facilities acquisition and construction	395,934	256,036	139,898
Total expenditures	15,891,987	15,048,677	843,310
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	(576,001)	235,353	811,354
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)			
Transfers in	40,000	150,000	110,000
Transfers out	(10,000)	(29,337)	(19,337)
Bond Proceeds	245,334		(245,334)
Total other financing sources (uses)	275,334	120,663	(154,671)
Net change in fund balance	\$ (300,667)	356,016	\$656,683
Increase in nonspendable fund balance		(12,336)	.,,
Increase in committed fund balance		(23,295)	
Increase in assigned fund balance (non-encumbrance)		(47,602)	
Unassigned fund balance, beginning		523,461	
Unassigned fund balance, ending		\$ 796,244	

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

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NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Hanover School District, in Hanover, New Hampshire (the School District), have been prepared in conformity with U.S. Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) for governmental units as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and other authoritative sources.

1-A Reporting Entity

The Hanover School District is a municipal corporation governed by an elected 7-member School Board. In evaluating how to define the School District for financial reporting purposes, management has considered all potential component units. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity is made by applying the criteria set forth by the GASB. The School District has no component units to include in its reporting entity.

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

1-B Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements – The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from these statements. Governmental activities normally are supported through assessments and intergovernmental revenues.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the School District at year-end. This Statement includes all of the School District's non-fiduciary assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function. Assessments and other items not meeting the definition of program revenues are reported instead as general revenues. Resources that are dedicated internally are reported as general revenue rather than program revenue.

Fund Financial Statements – Separate financial statements are provided for governmental. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds and are presented in the other governmental column of the fund financial statements.

In the governmental fund financial statements, expenditures are reported by character: instruction, support services, noninstructional, debt services or facilities acquisition and construction or noninstructional. Current expenditures are subclassified by function and are for items such as salaries, grants, supplies, and services. Debt service includes both principal and interest outlays related to bonds. Capital outlay includes expenditures for equipment, real property, or infrastructure.

Other Financing Sources (Uses) – These additions to and reductions from resources in governmental fund financial statements normally result from transfers from/to other funds. Transfers are reported when incurred as "transfers in" by the receiving fund and as "transfers out" by the disbursing fund.

1-C Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting – The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the *modified accrual basis* of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the School District generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period, with the exception of reimbursement-based grants, which use a period of one year. District assessments,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

intergovernmental revenue, and other local sources associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Financial Statement Presentation – A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to report financial position and the results of operations, to demonstrate legal compliance, and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund — is the School District's primary operating fund. The general fund accounts for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The primary revenue sources include district assessments, state and federal grants, and other local sources. The primary expenditures are for instruction, support services, debt service, and facilities acquisition and construction. Under GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, guidance the expendable trust funds are consolidated in the general fund.

Bridgman Trust Fund – accounts for the activity related to the Bridgman endowment.

Grants Fund – accounts for the resources received from various federal agencies. The resources are restricted to accomplishing the various objectives of the grantor agencies.

Food Service Fund – accounts for the operation of the School District's food service program.

Nonmajor Funds - The School District also reports two nonmajor governmental funds.

1-D Cash and Cash Equivalents

The School District considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. Deposits with financial institutions consist primarily of demand deposits. A cash pool is maintained that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is reflected on the combined financial statements under the caption "cash and cash equivalents."

New Hampshire statutes require that the School District treasurer have custody of all money belonging to the School District and pay out the same only upon orders of the School Board. The treasurer shall deposit all such monies in participation units in the public deposit investment pool established pursuant to NH RSA 383:22 or in solvent banks in the State. Funds may be deposited in banks outside the State if such banks pledge and deliver to a third-party custodial bank or the Federal Reserve Bank, collateral security for such deposits, United States government or government agency obligations or obligations of the State of New Hampshire in value at least equal to the amount of the deposit in each case.

1-E Investments

State statutes place certain limitations on the nature of deposits and investments available as follows:

New Hampshire law authorizes the School District to invest in the following type of obligations:

- Obligations of the United States government;
- The public deposit investment pool established pursuant to RSA 383:22;
- Savings bank deposits; and
- Certificates of deposit and repurchase agreements of banks incorporated under the laws of the State of New Hampshire or in banks recognized by the State treasurer.

Any person who directly or indirectly receives any such funds or monies for deposit or for investment in securities of any kind shall, prior to acceptance of such funds, make available at the time of such deposit or investment an option to have such funds secured by collateral having a value at least equal to the amount of such funds. Such collateral shall be segregated for the exclusive benefit of the School District. Only securities defined by the bank commissioner as provided by rules adopted pursuant to RSA 386:57 shall be eligible to be pledged as collateral.

Fair Value Measurement of Investments – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, except for investments measured using the net asset value (NAV) as a practical expedient to estimate fair value, the School District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments within the fair value hierarchy established by US GAAP. The fair value hierarchy categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used for fair value measurement into three levels as follows:

- Level 1 Inputs that reflect quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets and liabilities that the School District has the ability to access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly, including inputs in markets that are not considered to be active. Because they most often are priced on the basis of transactions involving similar but not identical securities or do not trade with sufficient frequency.
- Level 3 Unobservable inputs based on the best information available, using assumptions in determining the fair value of investments and derivative financial instruments.

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. In certain instances where the determination of the fair value measurement is based on inputs from different levels of the fair value hierarchy, the level of the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Investments are reported at fair value. If an investment is held directly by the School District and an active market with quoted prices exists, such as for domestic equity securities, the market price of an identical security is used to report fair value and is classified as Level 1. Corporate fixed income securities and certain government securities utilize pricing that may involve estimation using similar securities or trade dates and are classified in Level 2. Fair value for shares in registered mutual funds and exchange traded funds are based on published share prices and classified in Level 1.

Investments in Certain External Investment Pools – In accordance with GASB Statement No. 79, Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants, the School District held investments with the New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool (NHPDIP). The NHPDIP measures all of its investments at amortized cost. There are no redemption restrictions and shares may be redeemed by the School District in accordance with the NHPDIP's information statement.

1-F Receivables

Receivables in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements represent amounts due to the School District at June 30, recorded as revenue, which will be collected in the future and consist primarily of accounts and intergovernmental receivables.

1-G Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items and expensed as the items are used. This amount is also equal to the nonspendable fund balance at year-end.

1-H Capital Assets

Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Purchased or constructed assets are recorded at actual cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair value at the date of donation, if received on or before June 15, 2015. Donated capital assets received after June 15, 2015 are recorded at acquisition value. The School District has established a threshold of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year for capitalization of depreciable assets.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to capital assets associated with a fund are determined by the fund's measurement focus. General capital assets are assets of the School District as a whole. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in a governmental fund and capitalized as assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

In the government-wide financial statements, the cost of property sold or retired, together with the related accumulated depreciation, is removed and any resulting gain or loss is included in income.

Capital assets of the School District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Class:	Years
Land improvements	20 - 30
Buildings and building improvements	5 - 50
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	5 - 40
Infrastructure	20

1-I Interfund Activities

Interfund activities are reported as follows:

Interfund Receivables and Payables – Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position.

Interfund Transfers – Interfund transfers represent flows of assets without equivalent flows of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment. In governmental funds, transfers are reported as other financing uses in the funds making the transfers and other financing sources in the funds receiving the transfers. In the government-wide financial statements, all interfund transfers between individual governmental funds have been eliminated.

1-J Accounts Payable

Accounts payable represent the gross amount of expenditures or expenses incurred as a result of normal operations, but for which no actual payment has yet been issued to vendors/providers as of June 30, 2022.

1-K Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and thus will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred outflows related to pensions and deferred outflows related to OPEB are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years.

Deferred inflows of resources, a separate financial statement element, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) which will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Although certain revenues are measurable, they are not available. Available means collected within the current year or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current year. The District has two types of items which qualify for reporting in this category. Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB are reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position for various estimate differences that will be amortized and recognized over future years. In addition, unavailable revenue from grants arises when the related eligible expenditures will not be made until the subsequent period.

1-L Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the bond premium.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements, the School District utilizes the following classifications to categorize the financial transaction:

Direct Placements – financial transactions for the sale of bonds where the School District engages with a single buyer or limited number of buyers without a public offering.

1-M Compensated Absences

General leave for the School District includes vacation and sick pay. General leave is based on an employee's length of employment and is earned ratably during the span of employment. Upon retirement or termination, employees are paid full value for any accrued general leave earned as set forth by the School District's personnel policy.

Vested or accumulated general leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated general leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable financial resources are maintained separately and represent a reconciling item between the governmental fund and government-wide presentations.

1-N Defined Benefit Pension Plan

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date requires participating employers to recognize their proportionate share of collective net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, and schedules have been prepared to provide employers with their calculated proportionate share of these amounts. The collective amounts have been allocated based on employer contributions during the respective fiscal years. Contributions from employers are recognized when legally due, based on statutory requirements.

The schedules prepared by New Hampshire Retirement System, and audited by the plan's independent auditors, require management to make a number of estimates and assumptions related to the reported amounts. Due to the inherent nature and uncertainty of these estimates, actual results could differ, and the differences may be material.

1-O Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

The School District maintains two separate other postemployment benefit plans, as follows:

New Hampshire Retirement System Plan – For the purposes of measuring the total other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the New Hampshire Retirement System OPEB Plan (the plan) and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position has been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the New Hampshire Retirement System. For this purpose, the plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except money market investments and participating interest earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Single Employer Plan – The School District maintains a single employer plan but has not obtained an actuarial report calculating the other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting For Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

1-P Net Position/Fund Balances

Government-wide statements - Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – Consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted Net Position – Results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed by a third party (statutory, bond covenant, or granting agency) or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The School District typically uses restricted assets first, as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively defer the use until a future period.

Unrestricted Net Position – Consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

Fund Balance Classifications – GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make sure the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balances more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form; or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – Amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed – Amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the legislative body (School District Meeting). These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the legislative body removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

Assigned – Amounts that are constrained by the School District's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the School Board or through the Board delegating this responsibility to the Superintendent or Business Administrator through the budgetary process.

Unassigned - The portion of fund balance that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned for a specific purpose.

When multiple net position/fund balance classifications are available for use, it is the School District's policy to utilize the most restricted balances first, then the next most restricted balance as needed. When components of unrestricted fund balance are used, committed fund balance is depleted first followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

In accordance with RSA 198:4-bII, *Contingency Fund*, the School District voted to retain general fund unassigned fund balance of \$347,602 which is 2.5% of the net district assessment, to be used for emergency expenditures, or to use as a revenue source to reduce the tax rate.

1-O Use of Estimates

The financial statements and related disclosures are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Management is required to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and revenues and expenses/expenditures during the period reported. These estimates include assessing the useful lives of capital assets, net pension liability, other postemployment benefit liability, and deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to both pension and other postemployment benefits, among others. Estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically, and the effects of revisions are reflected in the financial statements in the period they are determined to be necessary. Actual results could differ from estimates.

NOTE 2 – STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

2-A Budgetary Information

General governmental revenues and expenditures accounted for in budgetary funds are controlled by a formal integrated budgetary accounting system in accordance with various legal requirements which govern the School District's operations. At its annual meeting, the School District adopts a budget for the current year for the general fund. Except as reconciled below, the budget was adopted on a basis consistent with United States generally accepted accounting principles.

Management may transfer appropriations between operating categories as deemed necessary, but expenditures may not legally exceed budgeted appropriations in total. All annual appropriations lapse at year-end unless encumbered.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and continuing appropriations (certain projects and specific items not fully expended at year-end) are recognized, is employed in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are not the equivalent of expenditures, and are therefore, reported as part of the assigned fund balance at year-end, and are carried forward to supplement appropriations of the subsequent year.

State statutes require balanced budgets but provide for the use of beginning unassigned fund balance to achieve that end. In the fiscal year 2022, \$300,667 of the beginning general fund unassigned fund balance was applied for this purpose.

2-B Budgetary Reconciliation to GAAP Basis

While the School District reports financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual is presented for each major governmental fund which had a budget. There are no differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the major Bridgman Trust, grants fund and food service fund. Differences between the budgetary basis and GAAP basis of accounting for the general fund are as follows:

Revenues:	
Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis)	\$15,434,030
Adjustments:	
Basis difference:	
Interest earnings of the blended expendable trust funds	1,204
To remove transfer between the general fund to the blended expendable trust fund	(150,000)
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP Basis)	\$15,285,234
Expenditures and other financing uses: Per Exhibit D (budgetary basis) Adjustments:	\$15,078,014
Basis difference:	
Encumbrances, beginning	57,904
Encumbrances, ending	(104,620)
Per Exhibit C-3 (GAAP basis)	\$15,031,298

2-C Accounting Change

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was implemented during fiscal year 2022. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The School District has assessed all potential agreements that may be applicable for reporting under GASB Statement No. 87 and have determined that none of the agreements have met the requirements for the pronouncement.

DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

NOTE 3 – CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

The School District's deposits and certificates of deposit are entirely covered by Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or by collateral held by the School District's agent in the School District's name. The FDIC currently insures the first \$250,000 of the School District's deposits at each financial institution, per case custodian. Deposit balances over \$250,000 are insured by collateral. As of year-end, the carrying amount of the School District's deposits was \$49,297 and the bank balances totaled \$334,412.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – INVESTMENTS

Note 1-E describes statutory requirements covering the investment of the School District funds. The School District holds investments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. Because investing is not a core part of the School District's mission, the School District determines that the disclosures related to these investments only need to be disaggregated by major type. The School District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The School District has the following recurring amortized cost measurements as of June 30, 2022:

Investments carried at amortized cost:

NH Public Deposit Investment Pool \$1,452,523

Interest Rate Risk — This is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The School District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk - The School District has no formal policy on managing credit risk; however, state law limits investments as explained in Note 1-E.

Evennt

			Exempt
			From
	Investment Type	Total	Disclosure
,	New Hampshire Public Deposit Investment Pool	\$1,452,523	\$1,452,523

Custodial Credit Risk – This is the risk that in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker/dealer) to honor a transaction, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District does not have custodial credit risk policies for investments.

Concentration Credit Risk – The School District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. No more than 5% of the School District's investment balance is invested in any one issuer.

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2022, consisted of accounts and intergovernmental amounts arising from grants and expendable trust funds held by the Town of Hanover Trustees of Trust Funds for the School District. Receivables are recorded on the School District's financial statements to the extent that the amounts are determined to be material and substantiated not only by supporting documentation, but also by a reasonable, systematic method of determining their existence, completeness, valuation, and collectability.

NOTE 6 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Balance, eginning	Add	itions	Retire	ments		alance, ending
At cost:							-	
Not being depreciated:								
Land	\$	35,000	\$:=:	\$	-	\$	35,000
Construction in progress		20,073	3	9,948		:=1		60,021
Total capital assets not being depreciated	-	55,073	3	9,948		320.		95,021
Being depreciated:								
Land improvements		374,547				-		374,547
Buildings and building improvements	10	,796,733				(*)	10	,796,733
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles		313,010				•		313,010
Infrastructure		13,261				-		13,261
Total capital assets being depreciated	11	,497,551					11	,497,551
Total capital assets	11	,552,624	3	9,948		# 50	11	,592,572
1			-				(Co	ontinued)

Capital assets continued:

	Balance,			Balance,
	beginning	Additions	Retirements	ending
Less accumulated depreciation:			;	
Land improvements	(253,683)	(11,921)	E.	(265,604)
Buildings and building improvements	(6,832,732)	(369,855)	2	(7,202,587)
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles	(168,542)	(64,622)	9	(233,164)
Infrastructure	(8,538)	(663)	<u> </u>	(9,201)
Total accumulated depreciation	(7,263,495)	(447,061)		(7,710,556)
Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	4,234,056	(447,061)		3,786,995
Net book value, all capital assets	\$4,289,129	\$(407,113)	S -	\$3,882,016
Machinery, equipment, and vehicles Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation Net book value, capital assets being depreciated	(168,542) (8,538) (7,263,495) 4,234,056	(64,622) (663) (447,061) (447,061)	- - - - - - -	(233,164) (9,201) (7,710,556) 3,786,995

Depreciation expense was charged to functions of the School District based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function are as follows:

Instruction	\$ 1,408
Unallocated	445,653
Total depreciation expense	\$ 447,061

NOTE 7 – INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

Interfund receivable and payable balances consisting of overdrafts in pooled cash and budgetary transfers at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Pay able Fund	Amount
General	Bridgman Trust	\$30,000
	Grants	66,190
		\$96,190

Interfund transfers during the year ended June 30, 2022 are as follows:

		Tra	nsfers In:	
	Food Service	N	onmajor	
	Fund		Funds	Total
Transfers out:	-			
General fund	\$ 29,337	\$	-	\$29,337
Bridgman Trust fund	≟		30,000	30,000
Total	\$ 29,337	\$	30,000	\$59,337

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that is required to collect them to the fund that is required or allowed to expend them; and (2) use unrestricted revenue collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 8 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

Deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2022 consist of amounts related to pensions totaling \$2,266,196 and amounts related to OPEB totaling \$209,008. For further discussion on these amounts, see Notes 10 and 12, respectively.

Deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

	Governmental
	Activities
Amounts related to pensions, see Note 10	\$ 2,521,159
Amounts related to OPEB, see Note 12	313,293
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$ 2,834,452

NOTE 9 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Changes in the School District's long-term liabilities consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2022:

Balance July 1, 2021	Addi	tions_	Reductions	Balance June 30, 2022	_			ue In More an One Year
			A (000 000)	* 4.040.000	Ф	240,000	¢	2 000 000
\$ 4,270,000	\$	*	\$ (230,000)	\$ 4,040,000	2	240,000	•	3,800,000
284,900			(20,350)	264,550		20,350		244,200
4,554,900		7.	(250,350)	4,304,550		260,350	-	4,044,200
41,085		*	(41,085)	ā				*
27,258		÷	(2,651)	24,607		্ৰ		24,607
11,364,664		¥	(3,851,815)	7,512,849		(- -		7,512,849
2,522,130		2	(273,805)	2,248,325		0.0		2,248,325
\$18,510,037	\$	-	\$(4,419,706)	\$ 14,090,331	\$	260,350	\$	13,829,981
	July 1, 2021 \$ 4,270,000 284,900 4,554,900 41,085 27,258 11,364,664 5 2,522,130	July 1, 2021 Addi \$ 4,270,000 \$ 284,900 4,554,900 41,085 27,258 11,364,664 2,522,130	July 1, 2021 Additions \$ 4,270,000 \$ - 284,900 - 4,554,900 - 41,085 - 27,258 - 11,364,664 - 2,522,130 -	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions \$ 4,270,000 \$ - \$ (230,000) 284,900 - (20,350) 4,554,900 - (250,350) 41,085 - (41,085) 27,258 - (2,651) 11,364,664 - (3,851,815) 2,522,130 - (273,805)	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 \$ 4,270,000 \$ - \$(230,000) \$ 4,040,000 284,900 - (20,350) 264,550 4,554,900 - (250,350) 4,304,550 41,085 - (41,085) - 27,258 - (2,651) 24,607 11,364,664 - (3,851,815) 7,512,849 3 2,522,130 - (273,805) 2,248,325	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 C \$ 4,270,000 \$ - \$ (230,000) \$ 4,040,000 \$ 284,900 - (20,350) 264,550 4,554,900 - (250,350) 4,304,550 41,085 - (41,085) - 27,258 - (2,651) 24,607 11,364,664 - (3,851,815) 7,512,849 2,522,130 - (273,805) 2,248,325	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 One Year \$ 4,270,000 \$ - \$ (230,000) \$ 4,040,000 \$ 240,000 284,900 - (20,350) 264,550 20,350 4,554,900 - (250,350) 4,304,550 260,350 41,085 - (41,085) - - 27,258 - (2,651) 24,607 - 11,364,664 - (3,851,815) 7,512,849 - 2,522,130 - (273,805) 2,248,325 -	July 1, 2021 Additions Reductions June 30, 2022 One Year That The

Long-term bonds are comprised of the following:

	Original		M aturity	Interest	Outstanding at
	Amount	Issue Date	Date	Rate	June 30, 2022
Direct placement bond payable: School renovation/addition	\$ 5,391,000	2014	2035	3.04%	\$ 4,040,000

The annual requirements to amortize the general obligation bond outstanding as of June 30, 2022, including interest payments, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	Direct Borrowing				
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total		
2023	\$ 240,000	\$ 153,934	\$ 393,934		
2024	250,000	141,694	391,694		
2025	265,000	128,944	393,944		
2026	275,000	115,428	390,428		
2027	290,000	101,404	391,404		
2028-2032	1,625,000	335,420	1,960,420		
2033-2037	1,095,000	73,592	1,168,592		
Totals	\$4,040,000	\$1,050,416	\$5,090,416		

All debt is general obligation debt of the School District, which is backed by its full faith and credit, and will be repaid from general governmental revenues.

Bond Authorized and Unissued - Bonds and notes authorized and unissued as of June 30, 2022 were as follows:

Per		
District Meeting		Unissued
Vote of	Purpose	Amount
February 25, 2021	BRES Technology infrastructure upgrades	\$ 245,334

NOTE 10 – DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) is a public employee retirement system that administers one cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan (Pension Plan), a component unit of the State of New Hampshire, as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 25. The Pension Plan was established in 1967 by RSA 100-A:2 and is qualified as a tax-exempt organization under Sections 401(a) and 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Pension Plan is a contributory, defined benefit plan providing service, disability, death and vested retirement benefits to members and their beneficiaries. Substantially all full-time state employees, public school teachers and administrators, permanent firefighters and permanent police officers within the State are eligible and required to participate in the Pension Plan. The System issues a publicly available financial report that may be obtained by writing the New Hampshire Retirement System, 54 Regional Drive, Concord, NH 03301.

Benefits Provided – Benefit formulas and eligibility requirements for the Pension Plan are set by state law (RSA 100-A). The Pension Plan is divided into two membership groups. State and local employees and teachers belong to Group I. Police and firefighters belong to Group II.

Group I benefits are provided based on creditable service and average final salary for the highest of either three or five years, depending on when service commenced.

Group II benefits are provided based on age, years of creditable service and benefit multiplier depending on vesting status as of 1/1/12. The maximum retirement allowance for Group II members vested by 1/1/12 (45 years of age with 20 years of service or age 60 regardless of years of creditable service) is the average final compensation multiplied by 2.5% multiplied by creditable service. For Group II members not vested by 1/1/12 the benefit is calculated the same way, but the multiplier used in the calculation will change depending on age and years of creditable service as follows:

Years of Creditable Service as of 1/1/12	Minimum Age	Minimum Service	Benefit Multiplier
At least 8 but less than 10 years	46	21	2.4%
At least 6 but less than 8 years	47	22	2.3%
At least 4 but less than 6 years	48	23	2.2%
Less than 4 years	49	24	2.1%

Members of both groups may qualify for vested deferred allowances, disability allowances and death benefit allowances, subject to meeting various eligibility requirements. Benefits are based on AFC or earnable compensation and/or service.

Contributions – The System is financed by contributions from both the employees and the School District. Member contribution rates are established and may be amended by the State legislature while employer contribution rates are set by the System trustees based on an actuarial valuation. All employees are required to contribute 7% of earnable compensation. For fiscal year 2022, the School District contributed 19.48% for teachers and 13.75% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$967,859, which was paid in full.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions – At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$7,512,849 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.17% which was a decrease of 0.1% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized pension expense of \$654,682. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred		Deferred	
	Outflows of		Inflows of	
	R	esources	Resources	
Changes in proportion	\$	303,291	\$	341,333
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on pension plan investments		9.5		2,101,172
Changes in assumptions		784,675		-
Differences between expected and actual experience		210,371		78,654
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		967,859		<u>=</u>
Total	\$2	2,266,196	\$	2,521,159

The \$967,859 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions results from the School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
June 30,		
2022	\$	(83,248)
2023		(148,975)
2024		(231,060)
2025		(759,539)
Thereafter		
Totals	\$ (1,222,822)

Actuarial Assumptions - The collective total pension liability was determined by an actuarial performed as of June 30, 2020, rolled forward to June 30, 2021, using the following assumptions:

Inflation:

2.0% per year

Wage inflation:

2.75% per year (2.25% for Teachers)

Salary increases:

5.6% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 6.75% net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2016 - June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return - The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2021:

	Target	Weighted average long-term expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>2021</u>
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	6.46%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	1.14%
Total domestic equities	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	14.00%	5.53%
Emerging Int'l Equities	6.00%	2.37%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core US Fixed Income	25.00%	3.60%
Private equity	10.00%	8.85%
Private debt	5.00%	7.25%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	6.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate — The discount rate used to measure the collective total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. For purposes of the projection, member contributions and employer service cost contributions are projected based on the expected payroll of current members only. Employer contributions are determined based on the Pension Plan's actuarial funding policy as required by RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the Pension Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Pension Plan investment was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial		Current Single	
Valuation	1% Decrease	Rate Assumption	1% Increase
Date	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
June 30, 2021	\$10,744,234	\$ 7,512,849	\$4,817,347

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plan financial report.

NOTE 11 – SUPPLEMENTAL RETIREMENT PLAN

All employees employed by the School District participate in a defined contribution pension plan administered by OMNI Group, Inc. Participation begins upon enrollment following employment. No probationary period is used for access to plan enrollment. The School District has no requirement or obligation under state statute to contribute to this plan, however the School District has adopted the Supplemental Retirement Plan 403 (b), for its employees. The School Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions and contribution requirement of the plan. The School District contributes 2-4% of each employee's salary depending on applicable step/grade rates and all amounts contributed are vested immediately. Also, employees make voluntary contributions to the plan. Contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022, were \$389,560, which consisted of \$286,233 from the School District and \$103,327 from employees.

NOTE 12 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

12-A New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS)

Plan Description – The New Hampshire Retirement System (NHRS or the System) administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan medical subsidy healthcare plan (OPEB Plan). For additional system information, please refer to the 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report, which can be found on the system's website at www.nhrs.org.

Benefits Provided – Benefit amounts and eligibility requirements for the OPEB Plan are set by State law (RSA 100-A:52, RSA 100-A:52-a and RSA 100-A:52-b), and members are designated in statute by type. The four membership types are Group II, Police Officers and Firefighters; Group I, Teachers; Group I, Political Subdivision Employees; and Group I, State Employees. The OPEB Plan provides a medical insurance subsidy to qualified retired members. The medical insurance subsidy is a payment made by NHRS to the former employer or its insurance administrator toward the cost of health insurance for a qualified retiree, his/her qualified spouse, and his/her certified dependent children with a disability who are living in the household and being cared for by the retiree. If the health insurance premium amount is less than the medical subsidy amount, then only the health insurance premium amount will be paid. If the health insurance premium amount exceeds the medical subsidy amount, then the retiree or other qualified person is responsible for paying any portion that the employer does not pay.

Group I benefits are based on creditable service, age, and retirement date. Group II benefits are based on hire date, age, and creditable service. The OPEB plan is closed to new entrants.

Maximum medical subsidy rates paid during fiscal year 2021 were as follows:

For qualified retirees not eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$375.56 for a single-person plan and \$751.12 for a two-person plan.

For those qualified retirees eligible for Medicare, the amounts were \$236.84 for a single-person plan and \$473.68 for a two-person plan.

Contributions – The OPEB Plan is funded by allocating to the 401(h) subtrust the lessor of: 25% of all employer contributions made in accordance with RSA 100-A:16 or the percentage of employer contributions determined by the actuary to be the minimum rate necessary to maintain the benefits provided under RSA 100-A:53-b, RSA 100-A:53-c, and RSA 100-A:53-d. For fiscal year 2021, the minimum rates determined by the actuary to maintain benefits were the lesser of the two options and were used to determine the employer contributions due to the 401(h) subtrust. The State Legislature has the authority to establish, amend and discontinue the contribution requirements of the OPEB Plan. Administrative costs are allocated to the OPEB Plan based on fund balances. For fiscal year 2022, the School District contributed 1.54% for teachers and 0.31% for other employees. The contribution requirement for the fiscal year 2022 was \$73,869, which was paid in full.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB – At June 30, 2022, the School District reported a liability of \$690,179 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the School District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating towns and school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the School District's proportion was 0.17% which was a decrease of 0.01% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$14,263. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		De	eferred
			Inf	lows of
	Reso	urces	Re	sources
Changes in proportion	\$	-	\$	251
Net difference between projected and actual investment				
earnings on OPEB plan investments		· •		8,622
Differences between expected and actual experience		•		144
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date	73	3,869		
Total	\$ 73	3,869	\$	9,017

The \$73,869 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB results from the School District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2022	\$ (2,367)
2023	(1,811)
2024	(2,030)
2025	(2,809)
Thereafter	<u></u>
Totals	\$ (9,017)

Actuarial Assumptions – The total OPEB liability in this report is based on an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2020 and a measurement date of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability was determined using the following actuarial assumptions applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Price inflation: 2.0% per year

Wage inflation: 2.75% per year (2.25% for Teachers) Salary increases: 5.6% average, including inflation

Investment rate of return: 6.75% net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation

Health care trend rate: Not applicable, given that the benefits are fixed stipends

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree Mortality Tables with credibility adjustments for each group (Police and Fire combined) and projected fully generational mortality improvements using Scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of the most recent actuarial experience study, which was for the period July 1, 2016 – June 30, 2019.

Long-term Rates of Return – The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investment was selected from a best estimate range determined using the building block approach. Under this method, an expected future real return range is calculated separately for each asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rate of return net of investment expenses by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Following is a table presenting target allocations and long-term rates of return for 2021:

	Target	Weighted average long-term expected real rate of return
Asset Class	Allocation	<u>2021</u>
Large Cap Equities	22.50%	6.46%
Small/Mid Cap Equities	7.50%	1.14%
Total domestic equities	30.00%	
Int'l Equities (unhedged)	14.00%	5.53%
Emerging Int'l Equities	6.00%	2.37%
Total international equity	20.00%	
Core US Fixed Income	25.00%	3.60%
Private equity	10.00%	8.85%
Private debt	5.00%	7.25%
Total alternative investments	15.00%	
Real estate	10.00%	6.60%
Total	100.00%	

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2021 was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made under the current statute RSA 100-A:16 and that plan member contributions will be made under RSA 100-A:16. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the collective total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following table presents the School District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.75% as well as what the School District's proportionate share of the OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.75%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

Actuarial	Current Single		
Valuation	1% Decrease Rate Assumption		1% Increase
Date	5.75%	6.75%	7.75%
June 30, 2021	\$ 750,279	\$ 690,179	\$ 637,888

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate – GASB No. 75 requires the sensitivity of the Net OPEB liability to the healthcare cost trend assumption. Since the medical subsidy benefits are a fixed stipend, there is no sensitivity to the change in the healthcare cost trend assumption.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued New Hampshire Retirement System Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit OPEB Plan financial report.

12-B Retiree Health Benefit Program

Plan Description – GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, requires governments to account for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) on an accrual basis, rather than on a payas-you-go basis. The effect is the recognition of an actuarially determined expense on the Statement of Activities when a future retiree earns their postemployment benefits, rather than when they use their postemployment benefit. The postemployment benefit liability is recognized on the Statement of Net Position over time. The School District OPEB plan is not administered through a trust that meets the criteria of paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

The total OPEB liability is based on the School District offering retirees postemployment healthcare insurance governed by RSA 100-A:50. The retirees pay 100% of the premium cost to participate and are included in the same pool as the active members. The inclusion of the retirees in the same pool effects the insurance rates of the active employees as the rates for the retirees are assumed to be higher due to the age consideration, thereby creating an implicit rate subsidy.

Funding Policy – The School District's funding policy for the implicit rate subsidy is a pay-as-you-go basis.

Benefits Provided – The School District provides postemployment healthcare benefits for certain eligible retirees. The School District provides medical benefits to its eligible retirees. The benefits are provided through the New Hampshire Healthtrust.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - At June 30, 2022, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	11
Active employees	329
Total participants covered by OPEB plan	340

^{*}The SAU-wide total is represented above, as an allocation by district for the School Administrative Unit was not explicitly disclosed by the actuaries.

Total OPEB Liability – The School District's total OPEB liability of \$1,558,146 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. The School District contracts with an outside actuary to complete the actuarial valuation and schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability. Detailed information can be found in the separately issued report through request of the School District business office.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability of \$1,558,146 in the July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Discount Rate:	4.09%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates:	
Current Year Trend	7.50%
Second Year Trend	7.00%
Decrement	0.50%
Ultimate Trend	4.50%
Year Ultimate Trend is Reached	2029
Salary Increases:	2.75%

The discount rate was based on the index provided by *Bond Buyer 20-Bond General Obligation Index* based on the 20-year AA municipal bond rate as of June 30, 2022.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Mortality tables and the most recent generational projection scale MP-2021 released by the Society of Actuaries (SOA) for future mortality improvements.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	June 30,	
	2021	2022
Total OPEB liability beginning of year	\$1,593,151	\$ 1,737,761
Changes for the year:		
Service cost	97,611	99,518
Interest	44,312	38,053
Assumption changes and difference between		
actual and expected experience	31,420	(266,705)
Benefit payments	(28,733)	(50,481)
Total OPEB liability end of year	\$1,737,761	\$ 1,558,146

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Sensitivity of the School District's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was prepared using a discount rate of 4.09%. If the discount rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$1,452,039 or by 6.81%. If the discount rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$1,670,619 or by 7.22%.

	Discount Rate					
	1% Decrease	Baseline 4.09%	1% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$1,670,619	\$ 1,558,146	\$1,452,039			

Sensitivity of the School District's OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The July 1, 2020 actuarial valuation was prepared using an initial trend rate of 7.5%. If the trend rate were 1% higher than what was used the OPEB liability would increase to \$1,685,665 or by 8.18%. If the trend rate were 1% lower than what was used the OPEB liability would decrease to \$1,444,545 or by 7.29%.

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates					
	1% Decrease	Baseline 7.50%	1% Increase			
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 1,444,545	\$ 1,558,146	\$ 1,685,665			

OPEB Expense, *Deferred Outflows of Resources*, *and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB* – For the year ended June 30, 2022, the School District recognized OPEB expense of \$83,688. At June 30, 2022, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred	Deferred
	Outflows of	Inflows of
	Resources	Resources
Changes in assumptions	\$ 133,991	\$ 171,164
Differences between expected and actual experience	1,148_	133,112
Total	\$ 135,139	\$ 304,276

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	
June 30,	
2023	\$ (32,484)
2024	(32,484)
2025	(32,485)
2026	(11,939)
2027	(16,753)
Thereafter	(42,992)
Totals	\$(169,137)

NOTE 13 - ENCUMBRANCES

Encumbrances outstanding in the general fund at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Current:

Support services:

Operation and maintenance of plant \$ 3,115
Facilities acquisition and construction Total encumbrances \$ 101,505

HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 14 – GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES NET POSITION

Net position reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position at June 30, 2022 include the following:

	Governmental
	Activities
Net investment in capital assets:	
Net book value of all capital assets	\$ 3,882,016
Less:	
Direct placement bond payable	(4,040,000)
Unamortized bond premium	(264,550)
Total net investment in capital assets	(422,534)
Restricted net position:	
Bridgman Trust	1,695,921
Special gifts	42,313
Total restricted net position	1,738,234
Unrestricted	(8,299,620)
Total net position	\$ (6,983,920)

NOTE 15 – GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCES

Governmental fund balances at June 30, 2022 consist of the following:

		Bridgman	Nonmajor	Total	
	General	Trust	Governmental	Governmental	
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds	
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 12,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 12,336	
Restricted:	-		,		
Bridgman Trust	2	1,695,921	<u>=</u>	1,695,921	
Special gifts	3	<u>=</u>	42,313	42,313	
Total restricted fund balance		1,695,921	42,313	1,738,234	
Committed:					
Expendable trust	611,569	Ħ		611,569	
Technology project	23,295	#		23,295	
Total committed fund balance	634,864			634,864	
Assigned:		(
Encumbrances	104,620	¥	2	104,620	
Retained (RSA 198:4-bII)	347,602	€	2	347,602	
Student Activity funds			7,149	7,149	
Total assigned fund balance	452,222		7,149	459,371	
Unassigned	796,244			796,244	
Total governmental fund balances	\$1,895,666	\$ 1,695,921	\$ 49,462	\$ 3,641,049	

NOTE 16 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees; or natural disasters. During fiscal year 2022, the School District was a member of the New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs.

The New Hampshire Public Risk Management Exchange (Primex³) Workers' Compensation and Property/Liability Programs are pooled risk management programs under RSAs 5-B and 281-A. Coverage was provided from July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2022 by Primex³, which retained \$2,000,000 of each workers' compensation loss, \$500,000 of each liability loss, and for each property loss it is based upon the District's property schedule on file with Primex³. The Board has decided to self-insure the aggregate exposure and has allocated funds based on actuarial analysis for that purpose. The workers' compensation section of the self-insurance membership agreement permits Primex³ to make additional assessments to members should there be a deficiency in

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

contributions for any member year, not to exceed the member's annual contribution. GASB Statement No. 10 requires members of a pool with a sharing risk to disclose if such an assessment is probable, and a reasonable estimate of the amount, if any. In fiscal year 2021-22 the School District paid \$13,081 and \$27,333, respectively, to Primex for workers' compensation and property/liability. At this time, Primex³ foresees no likelihood of any additional assessment for this or any prior year.

The School District continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTE 17- CAFETERIA BENEFIT PLAN

Effective July 2011, the School District implemented a cafeteria benefit plan pursuant to Section 125 of the IRS code. Under this plan, eligible employees may direct a contribution, made by the School District, into any combination of the following benefit categories:

- 1. Medical Insurance Premium Account;
- 2. Out of Pocket Medical Spending Account; or
- 3. Dependent Care Spending Account.

In addition to directing the School District's contribution to the above categories, eligible employees may elect to contribute pretax dollars to these categories. Under no circumstances may an employee direct more than \$5,000 annually into the Dependent Care Spending Account, and \$2,750 into the Medical Spending Account. This cap applies to both School District contributions and employee pre-tax contributions.

All regular full-time and part-time employees employed on a regular and continuous basis, including certain contractual employees, are eligible to participate in this plan. Temporary and casual employees are not eligible. The plan year adopted by the School District begins on July 1 and ends on June 30. To obtain reimbursement of expenses incurred within a plan year within the spending accounts (items 2 and 3 above), employees must submit claims within ninety days of the end of the plan year or separation of service from the School District, whichever occurs first. Funds unclaimed after ninety days of the close of the plan year are then remitted to the School District.

NOTE 18 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The School District has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies or their designee. These audits could result in a request for reimbursement from the grantor agency for costs disallowed under terms of the grant. Based on prior experience, the School District believes such disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

NOTE 19- COVID-19

As a result of the spread of COVID-19, Coronavirus, economic uncertainties continue. The duration of these uncertainties and the ultimate financial effects cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.

On March 27, 2020, the United States Federal Government established the Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES Act) in response to the economic downfall caused by the COVID-19 pandemic. This Act provided funding through the Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF), the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). On December 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act, 2021 (CRRSAA) was signed into law, which provided additional funding for the ESF programs.

The ESF provided funds to the School District through the Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER). The objective of ESSER is to provide local education agencies with emergency relief funds to address the impact that COVID-19 has had, and continues to have, on elementary and secondary schools across the nation. This funding was awarded to the School District under the ESSER I, II, and III grants, with the School District expending \$34,773 of this funding in the fiscal year 2022 and must be used for activities to prevent, prepare, and respond to the coronavirus.

The full extent of the financial impact cannot be determined as of the date of the financial statements.

HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF AND FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 20 – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Subsequent events are events or transactions that occur after the balance sheet date, but before the financial statements are issued. Recognized subsequent events are events or transactions that provided additional evidence about conditions that existed at the balance sheet date, including the estimates inherent in the process of preparing the financial statements. Nonrecognized subsequent events are events that provide evidence about conditions that did not exist at the balance sheet date but arose after the date. Management has evaluated subsequent events through June 28, 2023, the date the June 30, 2022 financial statements were available to be issued, and noted no events occurred that require recognition or disclosure.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

EXHIBIT E HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

				nauanea					
Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
School District's: Proportion of the net pension liability	0.14%	0.15%	0.15%	0.16%	0.16%	0.17%	0.17%	0.18%	0.17%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$6,019,103	\$5,514,569	\$6,071,158	\$ 8,425,933	\$ 7,638,902	\$8,105,707	\$8,343,808	\$11,364,664	\$ 7,512,849
Covered payroll (as of measurement date)	\$3,857,666	\$4,018,417	\$4,186,032	\$ 4,463,654	\$4,690,115	\$4,547,479	\$4,917,112	\$ 5,086,103	\$ 5,004,843
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered pay roll	156.03%	137.23%	145.03%	188.77%	162.87%	178.25%	169.69%	223.45%	150.11%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	66.32%	59.81%	65.47%	58.30%	62.66%	64.73%	65.59%	58.72%	72.22%

EXHIBIT F HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of School District Contributions - Pensions

$New\ Hampshire\ Retirement\ System\ Cost\ Sharing\ Multiple\ Employer\ Defined\ Benefit\ Plan$

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2013	June 30, 2014	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30,	June 30,
Contractually required contribution	\$ 347,757	\$ 476,625	\$ 514,146	\$ 567,390	\$ 569,025	\$ 711,484	\$ 754,641	\$ 771,317	\$ 967,859
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contributions	(347,757)	(476,625)	(514,146)	(567,390)	(569,025)	(711,484)	(754,641)	(771,317)	(967,859)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ '	\$ -
School District's covered payroll (as of fiscal year-end)	\$4,018,417	\$4,186,032	\$4,463,654	\$4,690,115	\$4,547,479	\$4,917,112	\$5,086,103	\$ 5,004,843	\$5,068,629
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.65%	11.39%	11.52%	12.10%	12.51%	14.47%	14.84%	15.41%	19.10%

NOTE TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – PENSION LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of School District Contributions – Pensions

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions – There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates — A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 68, and as amended by GASB Statement No. 71, Exhibits E and F represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the School District's pension plan at June 30, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT G HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Chumun				
Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021
School District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.20%	0.20%	0.16%	0.16%	0.18%	0.17%
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 981,697	\$ 917,051	\$ 714,069	\$ 697,985	\$ 784,369	\$ 690,179
School District's covered payroll (as of measurement date)	\$ 4,463,654	\$ 4,690,115	\$ 4,547,479	\$4,917,112	\$5,086,103	\$ 5,004,843
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	21.99%	19.55%	15.70%	14.20%	15.42%	13.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	5.21%	7.91%	7.53%	7.75%	7.74%	11.06%

EXHIBIT H HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of School District Contributions - Other Postemployment Benefits New Hampshire Retirement System Cost Sharing Multiple Employer Defined Benefit Plan For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

Fiscal year-end	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30,	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2020	June 30,
Contractually required contribution	\$ 117,831	\$ 118,875	\$ 68,987	\$ 72,656	\$ 81,974	\$ 73,869
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(117,831)	(118,875)	(68,987)	(72,656)	(81,974)	(73,869)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ =	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$
School District's covered payroll (as of fiscal year-end)	\$4,690,115	\$4,547,479	\$4,917,112	\$5,086,103	\$5,004,843	\$ 5,068,629
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	2.51%	2.61%	1.40%	1.43%	1.64%	1.46%

EXHIBIT I HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Schedule of Changes in the School District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	0.11444444					
	June 30,					
	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	
OPEB liability, beginning of year	\$2,065,449	\$1,964,957	\$ 1,855,456	\$1,593,151	\$1,737,761	
Changes for the year:						
Service cost	116,480	104,474	85,730	97,611	99,518	
Interest	76,812	76,805	54,936	44,312	38,053	
Changes to benefit terms		(232,746)	(21,975)	945	: ⇒):	
Assumption changes and difference between actual						
and expected experience	(220,430)	(11,944)	(334,019)	31,420	(266,705)	
Benefit payments	(73,354)	(46,090)	(46,977)	(28,733)	(50,481)	
OPEB liability, end of year	\$1,964,957	\$1,855,456	\$1,593,151	\$1,737,761	\$1,558,146	
Covered payroll	\$6,611,477	\$6,611,081	\$ 5,185,655	\$5,564,200	\$5,199,503	
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	29.72%	28.07%	30.72%	31.23%	29.97%	

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION – OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS LIABILITY

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of Net Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Schedule of School District Contributions – Other Postemployment Benefits

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

Methods and Assumptions Used to Determine Contribution Rates – A full list of the methods and assumptions used to determine the contribution rates can be found in the most recent actuarial valuation report. This report can be located at www.nhrs.org.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibits G and H represent the actuarial determined costs associated with the School District's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2022. These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

Schedule of Changes in School District's Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms for the current period.

Changes in Assumptions - There were no changes in assumptions for the current period.

As required by GASB Statement No. 75, Exhibit I represents the actuarial determined costs associated with the School District's other postemployment benefits at June 30, 2022. The schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, information is presented for those years for which information is available.

COMBINING AND INDIVIDUAL FUND SCHEDULES

SCHEDULE 1 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Major General Fund

Schedule of Estimated and Actual Revenues (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Variance Positive
	Estimated	Actual	(Negative)
School district assessment: Current appropriation	\$ 9,871,994	\$ 9,871,994	\$ -
Other local sources:			
Tuition	6,000	6,800	800
Investment earnings	20,000	4,900	(15,100)
Miscellaneous	203,563	200,642	(2,921)
Total from other local sources	229,563	212,342	(17,221)
State sources:			
Adequacy aid (tax)	4,291,403	4,291,403	360
School building aid	73,653	73,653	3 7
Catastrophic aid	500,000	514,502	14,502
Special education cost recovery		10,000	10,000
Other state aid	246,325	259,290	12,965
Total from state sources	5,111,381	5,148,848	37,467
Federal sources:			
M edicaid	100,000	47,382	(52,618)
Federal forest reserve	3,048	3,464	416
Total from federal sources	103,048	50,846	(52,202)
Other financing sources:			
Transfers in	40,000	150,000	110,000
Bond proceeds	245,334		(245,334)
Total other financing sources	285,334	150,000	(135,334)
Total revenues and other financing sources	15,601,320	\$15,434,030	\$(167,290)
Use of fund balance to reduce school district assessment	300,667		
Total revenues, other financing sources, and use of fund balance	\$15,901,987		

SCHEDULE 2 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Major General Fund

Schedule of Appropriations, Expenditures, and Encumbrances (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis)
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Encumbered from Prior Year		Appropriations		Expenditures		Encumbered to Subsequent Year		Variance Positive (Negative)
Current:									
Instruction:									Tan Variations
Regular programs	\$	1,119	\$	7,693,221	\$ 7,59	,	\$	*	\$ 99,599
Special programs		-		4,208,678		5,627			513,051
Total instruction		1,119	_	11,901,899	11,29	0,368			612,650
Support services:									
Student		7,236		362,235	36	1,111		5.	8,360
Instructional staff		-		307,217	27	2,686		-	34,531
General administration		-		54,946	ϵ	9,430			(14,484)
Executive administration				496,785	49	6,785		2	¥
School administration		196		607,076	56	5,866		编	41,406
Operation and maintenance of plant		8,111		729,416	63	7,748		3,115	96,664
Student transportation		2,788		640,815	71	9,318			(75,715)
Total support services		18,331		3,198,490	3,12	2,944		3,115	90,762
Debt service:	-								
Principal of long-term debt		-		230,000	23	0,000		12	14
Interest on long-term debt				165,664	16	5,664		ם	94
Total debt service		200		395,664	39	5,664			-
Facilities acquisition and construction		38,454		395,934	19	2,985		101,505	139,898
Other financing uses:									(10.005)
Transfers out				10,000	2	9,337	-		(19,337)
Total appropriations, expenditures, other financing uses, and encumbrances	\$	57,904	\$	15,901,987	\$ 15,03	1,298	\$	104,620	\$823,973

SCHEDULE 3 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Major General Fund

Schedule of Changes in Unassigned Fund Balance (Non-GAAP Budgetary Basis) For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	\$ 523,461
	(200 667)
	(300,667)
\$ (167,290)	
823,973	
:	656,683
	(12,336)
	(23,295)
	(47,602)
	\$ 796,244
	, , ,

SCHEDULE 4 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Nonmajor Governmental Funds Combining Balance Sheet June 30, 2022

	Special Rev			
		School		
	Special	Student		
	Gifts	Activity	Total	
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$42,313	\$ 7,149	\$ 49,462	
FUND BALANCES				
Restricted	\$42,313	\$ -	\$ 42,313	
Assigned	5.50	7,149	7,149	
Total and fund balances	\$42,313	\$ 7,149	\$ 49,462	

SCHEDULE 5 HANOVER SCHOOL DISTRICT

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2022

	Special Reve			
		Ray School Student Activity		
	Special			
	Grants_			Total
REVENUES				
Other local	\$ 3,915	\$	624	\$ 4,539
EXPENDITURES Current:				
Instruction	71,691		837	72,528
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	(67,776)		(213)	(67,989)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	30,000			30,000
Net change in fund balances	(37,776)		(213)	(37,989)
Fund balances, beginning	80,089		7,362	87,451
Fund balances, ending	\$42,313	\$	7,149	\$49,462